

Tower One and Exchange Plaza, Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue, Makati City 1226 Telephone Number: (632) 7750-6974

OFFER SUPPLEMENT Up to ₱6.0 Billion Fixed-rate Bonds with an Oversubscription Option of up to ₱4.0 Billion Due 2022 Fourth Tranche under its ₱50.0 Billion Securities Program

Issue Price: 100% of Face Value Interest Rate: 3.0000% p.a.

Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners







Co-Lead Managers



The date of this Offer Supplement is June 10, 2020.

A REGISTRATION STATEMENT RELATING TO THESE SECURITIES WAS FILED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION ("SEC") AND WAS RENDERED EFFECTIVE COVERING ₱50.0 BILLION OF SECURITIES. OF SUCH AMOUNT, ₱8.0 BILLION OF SECURITIES WERE ISSUED ON MAY 06, 2019, ₱3.0 BILLION OF SECURITIES WERE ISSUED ON SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 AND ₱10.0 BILLION OF SECURITIES WERE ISSUED ON NOVEMBER 06, 2019.

THE SEC HAS NOT APPROVED THESE SECURITIES OR DETERMINED IF THIS OFFER SUPPLEMENT IS ACCURATE OR COMPLETE. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE AND SHOULD BE REPORTED IMMEDIATELY TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION. Ayala Land, Inc. ("ALI," "Ayala Land," the "Issuer" or the "Company") prepared the prospectus dated April 16, 2019 and the prospectus dated September 12, 2019 (the "Prospectus") relating to the offering of debt and other securities as provided by applicable Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") rules and regulations effective at the time of issuance (the "Securities") of up to ₱50,000,000,000 to be issued in one or more tranches (each a "Tranche") as authorized by a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company dated February 27, 2019 ("Securities Program"). A registration statement filed by the Company covering the Securities Program was rendered effective by the SEC by its order dated April 22, 2019 (the "Shelf Registration"). For the first Tranche of the Securities Program with a principal amount of ₱8,000,000,000, a certificate of permit to offer securities for sale ("SEC Permit") of such bonds was issued on April 22, 2019. The SEC Permit covering the second Tranche of the Securities Program with a principal amount of ₱3,000,000,000 was issued on September 13, 2019. The SEC Permit covering the third Tranche of the Securities Program with a principal amount of ₱10,000,000 was issued on October 18, 2019.

This Offer Supplement (and as the context requires, the term includes the Prospectus) relates to the fourth Tranche of the Securities which is in the form of fixed-rate bonds with a principal amount of up to ₱6,000,000,000 with an oversubscription option of up to ₱4,000,000,000 (the "Oversubscription Option"), and which shall be issued on June 26, 2020 (the "Issue Date"), or such other date as may be agreed upon by the Issuer, and the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners (the "Offer" or the "Fixed-rate Bonds"). This Offer Supplement contains the final terms of the Fixed-rate Bonds and must be read in conjunction with the Prospectus. Full information on the Company and this Offer are only available on the basis of the combination of this Offer Supplement, the Prospectus, and all other Bond Agreements. All information contained in the Prospectus are deemed incorporated by reference in this Offer Supplement.

The Fixed-rate Bonds shall have a term ending two (2) years from the Issue Date with a fixed interest rate of 3.0000% per annum. Interest on the Fixed-rate Bonds shall be calculated on a European 30/360-day count basis and shall be paid quarterly in arrear. Other securities shall be issued as provided by applicable SEC rules and regulations effective at the time of issuance

Subject to the consequences of default as contained in the Trust Indenture, and unless otherwise redeemed prior to the Maturity Date, the Fixed-rate Bonds will be redeemed at par (or 100% of face value) on its Maturity Date.

The Fixed-rate Bonds shall constitute the direct, unconditional, and unsecured obligations of Ayala Land and shall at all times rank *pari passu* and ratably without any preference or priority amongst themselves and at least *pari passu* with all other present and future unsecured obligations of Ayala Land, other than obligations preferred by law. The Fixed-rate Bonds shall effectively be subordinated in right of payment to, among others, all of Ayala Land's secured debts to the extent of the value of the assets securing such debt and all of its debt that is evidenced by a public instrument under Article 2244(14) of the Civil Code of the Philippines without a waiver of preference or priority.

The Fixed-rate Bonds has been rated Aaa with a Stable Outlook by Philippine Rating Services Corporation ("PhilRatings"). Obligations rated PRS Aaa are of the highest quality with minimal credit risk. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is extremely strong. PRS Aaa is the highest rating assigned by PhilRatings. The rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell, or hold the Securities, and may be subject to revision, suspension, or withdrawal at any time by PhilRatings.

The Fixed-rate Bonds shall be offered to the public at face value through the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners, with the Philippine Depository & Trust Corp. ("PDTC") as the Registrar of the Fixed-rate Bonds. It is intended that upon issuance, the Fixed-rate Bonds shall be issued in scripless form, with PDTC maintaining the scripless Register of Bondholders, and listed in the Philippine Dealing & Exchange Corp. ("PDEx"). The Fixed-rate Bonds shall be issued in denominations of ₱50,000.00 each, as a minimum, and in multiples of ₱10,000.00 thereafter, and traded in denominations of ₱10,000.00 in the secondary market.

Currently, Ayala Land has issued three (3) Tranches in the form of fixed-rate bonds totaling to ₱21,000,000,000 out of its ₱50,000,000,000 Securities Program. For the fourth Tranche of Securities, which will be in the form of the Fixed-rate Bonds, the net proceeds are estimated to amount to

approximately ₱5,920,834,970, after deducting fees, commissions, and expenses relating to the issuance. Assuming the full exercise of the Oversubscription Option, the net proceeds are estimated to amount to approximately ₱9,874,256,875, after deducting fees, commissions, and expenses relating to the issuance. Proceeds of the Offer are intended to be used to partially finance the Company's general corporate requirements and/or capital expenditure requirements, particularly for its leasing business (*see "Use of Proceeds"*). The Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners shall receive a fee of up to 0.375% on the final aggregate nominal principal amount of the Fixed-rate Bonds.

Within three (3) years following the effectivity date of the Shelf Registration, the Company may, at its sole discretion, offer any or all of the remaining balance of the aggregate principal amount of Securities covered by such registration statement, in one or more subsequent Tranches under Rule 8.1.2 of the Implementing Rules and Regulations of the Securities Regulation Code. The Shelf Registration provides the Company with the ability to take advantage of opportunities in a volatile debt capital market, as these occur. However, there can be no assurance in respect of: (i) whether Ayala Land would issue such Fixed-rate Bonds at all; (ii) the size or timing of any individual issuance or the total issuance of such Fixed-rate Bonds; or (iii) the specific terms and conditions of any such issuance. Any decision by Ayala Land to offer the Fixed-rate Bonds will depend on a number of factors at the relevant time, many of which are not within Ayala Land's control, including but not limited to: prevailing interest rates, the financing requirements of Ayala Land's business and prospects, market liquidity and the state of the domestic capital market, and the Philippine, regional and global economies in general.

The Offer is being conducted exclusively in the Philippines and pursuant to requirements under Philippine laws, rules and regulations that may be different from those of other countries and jurisdictions. No action has been or will be taken by the Issuer or any person on behalf of the Issuer to permit an offering of the Fixed-rate Bonds in any jurisdiction other than the Philippines, where action for that purpose is required. Accordingly, the Fixed-rate Bonds may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, nor may any offering material relating to the Fixed-rate Bonds be distributed or published in or from any country or jurisdiction, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with any applicable laws, rules and regulations of any such country or jurisdiction.

Ayala Land confirms that the Prospectus and this Offer Supplement contain all information relating to the Company, its subsidiaries and affiliates which are, in the context of the issue and offering of the Fixed-rate Bonds, material (including all information required by the applicable laws of the Republic of the Philippines). There are no other facts that the omission of which would make any statement in the Prospectus and this Offer Supplement misleading in any material respect. Ayala Land confirms that it has made all reasonable inquiries in respect of the information, data and analysis provided to it by its advisors and consultants or which is otherwise publicly available for inclusion into the Prospectus and this Offer Supplement. Ayala Land, however, has not independently "verified" any such publicly available information, data or analysis.

Neither the delivery of the Prospectus and the Offer Supplement nor any sale made pursuant to the Offer shall, under any circumstance, create any implication that the information contained or referred to in the Prospectus and this Offer Supplement are accurate as of any time subsequent to the date hereof. The Underwriters do not make any representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in the Prospectus and the Offer Supplement.

The contents of the Prospectus and the Offer Supplement are not to be considered as legal, business or tax advice. Each prospective purchaser of the Fixed-rate Bonds receiving a copy of this Offer Supplement acknowledges that he has not relied on the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners in his investigation of the accuracy of such information or in his investment decision. Prospective purchasers should consult their own counsels, accountants or other advisors as to legal, tax, business, financial and related aspects of the purchase of the Fixed-rate Bonds. Investing in the Fixed-rate Bonds involves certain risks. For a discussion of certain factors to be considered in respect of an investment in the Fixed-rate Bonds, see the section on *"Risk Factors and Other Considerations."*

No dealer, salesman or other person has been authorized by Ayala Land and the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners to give any information or to make any representation concerning the Fixed-rate Bonds other than as contained herein and, if given or made, any such other information or representation should not be relied upon as having been authorized by Ayala Land or the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners.

Ayala Land is organized under the laws of the Republic of the Philippines. Its principal office is at the 31st Floor Tower One and Exchange Plaza, Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue, Makati City 1226, with telephone number (632) 7750-6974.

ALL REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS HAVE BEEN MET AND ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN ARE TRUE AND CORRECT.

AYALA LAND, INC.

By:

BERNARD VINCENT O. DY

President and Chief Executive Officer

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES) CITY OF MAKATI) S.S.

Before me, a notary public in and for the city named above, personally appeared Bernard Vincent O. Dy known to me and to me known as the same person who presented the foregoing instrument and signed the instrument in my presence, and who took an oath before me as to such instrument. With Passport No. EC8377126 valid until July 22, 2021.

Witness my hand and seal this <u>June 09, 2020</u> at Makati City.

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This Offer Supplement contains certain "forward-looking statements." These forward-looking generally can be identified by use of statements that include words or phrases such as "believes," "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "foresees" or other words or phrases of similar import. Similarly, statements that describe Ayala Land's objectives, plans or goals are also forward-looking statements. All such forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that the forward-looking events and circumstances discussed in this Offer Supplement might not occur. Actual results could differ materially from those contemplated by the relevant forward-looking statement. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the expectations of Ayala Land include, among others:

- General economic and business conditions in the Philippines;
- Holding company structure;
- Intensive capital requirements of subsidiaries and affiliates of Ayala in the course of business;
- Increasing competition in the industries in which Ayala's subsidiaries and affiliates operate;
- Industry risk in the areas in which Ayala's subsidiaries and affiliates operate;

• Changes in laws and regulations that apply to the segments or industries in which Ayala, its subsidiaries and affiliates operate;

- · Changes in political conditions in the Philippines;
- Changes in foreign exchange control regulations in the Philippines; and
- Changes in the value of the Philippine Peso.

For a further discussion of such risks, uncertainties and assumptions, see the *"Risk Factors and Other Considerations"* section of this Offer Supplement. Prospective purchasers of the Fixed-rate Bonds are urged to consider these factors carefully in evaluating the forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements included herein are made only as of the date of this Offer Supplement and Ayala Land undertakes no obligation to update such forward-looking statements publicly to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

Amounts presented throughout this Offer Supplement have been subject to rounding adjustments to facilitate their presentation. Accordingly, numbers shown for the same item of information may vary and may not precisely reflect the absolute figures or the arithmetic aggregate of their components due to rounding adjustments.

DEFINITION OF TERMS

As used in this Offer Supplement, the following terms shall have the meanings ascribed to them:

"Affiliate" shall mean, with respect to Ayala Land, Inc., any corporation directly or indirectly controlled by it, whether by way of ownership of at least twenty percent (20%) of the total issued and outstanding capital stock of such corporation, or the right to elect at least twenty percent (20%) of the number of directors in such corporation, or the right to control the operation and management of such corporation by reason of management, contract or authority granted by said corporation to Ayala Land, Inc.

"**Application to Purchase**" shall mean the document to be executed by any Person or entity qualified to become a Bondholder for the Fixed-rate Bonds.

"Ayala Group" refers to Ayala Corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliates.

"Ayala Land" or "ALI" or the "Company" or the "Issuer" refers to Ayala Land, Inc.

"Ayala Land Group" or "ALI Group" refers to Ayala Land, Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates.

"AyalaLand Logistics Holdings Corp. or "ALLHC" refers to the company formerly known as Prime Orion Philippines, Inc. or "POPI"

"Beneficial Owner" shall mean any person (and "Beneficial Ownership" shall mean ownership by any person) who, directly or indirectly, through any contract, arrangement, understanding, relationship or otherwise, has or shares voting power, which includes the power to vote or to direct the voting of such security; and/or investment returns or power in respect of any security, which includes the power to dispose of, or to direct the disposition of, such security; provided, however, that, a person shall be deemed to have an indirect beneficial ownership interest in any security which is:

- i. held by members of his immediate family sharing the same household;
- ii. held by a partnership in which he is a general partner;
- iii. held by a corporation of which he is a controlling shareholder; or
- iv. subject to any contract, arrangement or understanding which gives him voting power or investment power with respect to such securities; provided, however, that, the following persons or institutions shall not be deemed to be beneficial owners of securities held by them for the benefit of third parties or in customer or fiduciary accounts in the ordinary course of business, so long as such securities were acquired by such persons or institutions without the purpose or effect of changing or influencing control of the issuer:
 - a. A broker dealer;
 - b. An investment house registered under the Investment Houses Law;
 - c. A bank authorized to operate as such by the BSP;
 - d. An insurance company subject to the supervision of the Office of the Insurance Commission;
 - e. An investment company registered under the Investment Company Act;
 - f. A pension plan subject to regulation and supervision by the BIR and/or the Office of the Insurance Commission or relevant authority; and
 - g. A group in which all of the members are persons specified above.

"**BDO Capital**" shall refer to BDO Capital & Investment Corporation, a corporation duly licensed and authorized to operate in the Philippines, with address at the 20th Floor, South Tower, BDO Corporate Center, 7899 Makati Avenue, Makati City.

"BIR" shall mean Bureau of Internal Revenue.

"Bondholders" shall mean the holders of the Fixed-rate Bonds.

"**Bond Agreements**" shall mean, collectively, the Trust Indenture, the Terms and Conditions, the Master Certificate of Indebtedness, the Registry and Paying Agency Agreement, the Underwriting Agreement, and any other document, certificate or writing contemplated thereby.

"**BPI Capital**" shall refer to BPI Capital Corporation, a corporation duly licensed and authorized to operate in the Philippines, with address at the 11th Floor, Ayala North Exchange (Tower 1), 6796 Ayala Avenue cor. Salcedo St., Makati City.

"BPO" refers to Business Process Outsourcing.

"BSP" refers to Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas.

"Business Day" shall refer to a day, except Saturday and Sunday, on which commercial banks are not required or authorized to close in Makati City, Metro Manila and to complete the clearing and settlement of transactions within the Philippine banking system on such day.

"China Bank Capital" shall refer to China Bank Capital Corporation, a corporation duly licensed and authorized to operate in the Philippines, with address at the 28th floor BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City.

"Co-Lead Managers" shall refer to PNB Capital and Investment Corporation and SB Capital Investment Corporation.

"EBIT Margin" refers to Earnings Before Interest, Taxes Margin and is computed as EBIT / Revenues (EBIT is computed as Net income before income tax + Interest expense & other financing charges and Other expenses - Interest and investment income, while Revenue is computed as real estate sales + interest income from real estate sales + equity in net earnings + interest and investment income + other income)

"EBITDA" refers to Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization and is computed as Income before income tax + Interest and other financing charges and Other expenses - Interest and investment income and Interest on Real Estate Sales + Depreciation and amortization

"Fixed-rate Bonds" shall refer to the fixed-rate bonds in the aggregate principal amount of ₱6,000,000,000, with an oversubscription option of up to ₱4,000,000,000 which is part of the Securities Program to be issued by Ayala Land on the Issue Date.

"GLA" refers to Gross Leasable Area.

"Globe Telecom" refers to Globe Telecom, Inc.

"Interest Payment Date" shall mean September 26, 2020 for the first Interest Payment Date and March 26, June 26, September 26 and December 26 of each year for each subsequent Interest Payment Date at which the Fixed-rate Bonds are outstanding; and in the event that any of such Interest Payment Date are not Business Days, such Interest Payment Dates shall be deemed to be the immediately succeeding Business Day without any adjustment to the amount due. The last Interest Payment Date shall fall on the Maturity Date, or the immediately succeeding Business Day if such date is not a Business Day, without any adjustment to the amount due.

"Issue Date" shall mean June 26, 2020 or the immediately succeeding Business Day if such Issue Date is not a Business Day, or such other date as may be agreed upon between the Issuer and the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners with advice to PDTC and PDEx. In the event that the original Issue Date is moved to the succeeding Business Day, the interest accruing for the first Interest Period shall accrue from (and including) such adjusted Issue Date, without adjustment to the Interest Payment Date.

"Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners" shall refer to BDO Capital, BPI Capital, and China Bank Capital being the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners appointed by the Issuer under the Underwriting Agreement.

"Lien" shall mean any mortgage, pledge, lien or encumbrance constituted on any of the Issuer's properties for the purpose of securing its or its Affiliate's obligations.

"Majority Bondholders" shall mean Bondholders representing more than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding principal amount of the Fixed-rate Bonds.

"Master Certificate of Indebtedness" means the certificate to be issued by Ayala Land to the Trustee evidencing and covering such amount corresponding to the Fixed-rate Bonds.

"Maturity Date" means two (2) years after Issue Date; provided that, in the event that the Maturity Date falls on a day that is not a Business Day, such Maturity Date shall be the immediately succeeding Business Day, without adjustment to the amount of interest and principal to be paid.

"Offer" shall mean the offering of Fixed-rate Bonds by the Issuer under the Terms and Conditions.

"Offer Period" shall refer to the period commencing at 9:00 a.m. on June 11, 2020 and ending at 5:00 p.m. on June 19, 2020 or on such other dates as the Issuer and the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners may agree upon.

"Oversubscription Option" shall mean the option exercisable by the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners, in consultation with the Issuer, to increase the Issue Amount by up to Four Billion Pesos (₱4,000,000,000).

"PAS" shall mean Philippine Accounting Standards.

"PDEx" shall refer to the Philippine Dealing & Exchange Corp.

"PDTC" shall refer to the Philippine Depository & Trust Corp.

"**Person**" means an individual, firm, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, association, trust, corporation, government, committee, department, authority, or any body, incorporated or unincorporated, whether having a distinct legal personality or not.

"Pesos," "₱" and "Philippine currency" shall mean the legal currency of the Republic of the Philippines.

"PFRS" shall mean Philippine Financial Reporting Standards.

"Philippines" shall mean the Republic of the Philippines.

"**Prospectus**" shall mean the prospectus of the Issuer dated September 12, 2019 and any amendments, supplements and addenda thereto for the offer and sale to the public of the Securities (inclusive of the Fixed-rate Bonds) within the shelf period of the Securities Program.

"PSE" shall refer to The Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc.

"Record Date" shall refer to the cut-off date in determining Bondholders entitled to receive interest or principal amount due.

"**Register of Bondholders**" shall mean the electronic records of the Registrar bearing the official information on the names and addresses of the Bondholders and the number of Fixed-rate Bonds they respectively hold, including all transfers of the Fixed-rate Bonds and the names of subsequent transferee Bondholders, maintained pursuant to and under the Registry and Paying Agency Agreement.

"Registry and Paying Agency Agreement" means the Registry and Paying Agency Agreement dated June 10, 2020 between Ayala Land, the Registrar and Paying Agent.

"Registrar and the Paying Agent" shall mean the Philippine Depository & Trust Corp.

"**Real Estate Investment Trust**" or "**REIT**" means a stock corporation established in accordance with the Republic Act No. 11232, otherwise known as the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines, and the rules and regulations promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission principally for the purpose of owning income-generating real estate assets pursuant to the REIT Law, as they may be amended from time to time.

"**REIT Act**" or "**REIT Law**" shall mean Republic Act No. 9856, or the Real Estate Investment Trust Act of 2009 and its implementing rules and regulations, as they may be amended from time to time.

"SEC" means the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission or its successor agency/ies.

"SEC Permit" shall mean the certificate of permit to offer securities for sale issued by the SEC in connection with the Offer.

"Securities" shall mean the debt and other securities as provided by applicable SEC rules and regulations effective at the time of issuance up to an aggregate principal amount of ₱50,000,000,000, to be issued in one or more Tranches.

"Securities Program" shall refer to the Securities up to an aggregate amount of ₱50,000,000,000 to be issued under the shelf registration statement filed by Ayala Land with and rendered effective by the SEC on April 22, 2019.

"sqm" refers to square meters.

"SRC" shall mean the Securities Regulation Code of the Philippines (Republic Act No. 8799) and its implementing rules and regulations, as they may be amended from time to time.

"Tax Code" shall mean the National Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and its implementing rules and regulations.

"**Taxes**" shall mean any present or future taxes including, but not limited to, documentary stamp tax, levies, imposts, filing and other fees or charges imposed by the Republic of the Philippines or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof including surcharges, penalties and interests on said taxes, but excluding final withholding tax, gross receipts tax, and taxes on the overall income of the Underwriter or of the Bondholders.

"Terms and Conditions" shall mean the terms and conditions of the Fixed-rate Bonds as herein contained.

"Tranche" shall mean a tranche of Securities issued under the Securities Program.

"Trust Indenture" means the Trust Indenture dated June 10, 2020 between Ayala Land and the Trustee.

"Trustee" shall refer to China Banking Corporation – Trust and Asset Management Group appointed by the Issuer under the Trust Indenture for the Fixed-rate Bonds.

"Underwriters" shall refer to the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners.

Titles of sections, subsections and clauses in this Offer Supplement are used for convenience of reference only and do not limit or affect the interpretation of the sections, subsections and clauses hereof. In case of conflict between the provisions of this Offer Supplement and the Bond Agreements, the provisions of the Bond Agreements shall prevail.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The following summary is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information and financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Offer Supplement. Because it is a summary, it does not contain all of the information that a prospective purchaser should consider before investing. Prospective investors should read the entire Offer Supplement carefully, including the section entitled "Risk Factors and Other Considerations" and the consolidated financial statements and the related notes to those statements included in this Offer Supplement.

COMPANY OVERVIEW

Ayala Land, Inc. ("Ayala Land", "ALI" or the "Company") was formerly the real estate division of Ayala Corporation and was incorporated on June 30, 1988 to focus on the development of its existing real estate assets. In July 1991, the Company became publicly-listed through an initial public offering ("IPO") of its primary and secondary shares on the Makati and Manila Stock Exchanges (predecessors of the PSE). Ayala Corporation's effective ownership in Ayala Land amounted to 88% as a result of the IPO.

Over the years, several developments further reduced Ayala Corporation's effective interest in Ayala Land through, among others, the exercise of stock options by respective employees of Ayala Corporation and Ayala Land, the disposal of Ayala Land shares by Ayala Corporation and Ayala Land's issuance of new shares in relation to its acquisition of interest in companies owning properties in Canlubang, Laguna in 1993, the conversion of a ₱3.0 billion convertible long term commercial paper to Ayala Land Common B Shares publicly issued in December 1994, exchanges under bonds due in 2001, and equity top-up placements conducted through an overnight bookbuilt offering in July 2012, March 2013 and January 2015.

As of March 31, 2020, Ayala Corporation's effective ownership in Ayala Land is 44.48% while 54.62% is owned by the public. As of March 31, 2020, Ayala Land has 14,745,334,847 outstanding common shares and 13,066,494,759 outstanding voting preferred shares. 14,553,556,858 common shares are listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange. Foreign equity ownership in Ayala Land is 22.96% composed of 5,773,781,905 common shares and 607,264,635 voting preferred shares as of March 31, 2020. Equity attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land amounted to ₱211.05 billion as of December 31, 2019.

As of March 31, 2020, Ayala Land has a total market capitalization of ₱444.4 billion based on the closing price of ₱30.2 per common share on March 31, 2020, the last trading day of the said month.

Ayala Land is the leading and most diversified real estate conglomerate in the Philippines engaged in the planning and development of large scale, integrated estates having a mix of use for the sale of residential lots and buildings, office buildings and commercial and industrial lots, leasing of commercial and office spaces and the development, operation and management of hotels and resorts. The Company also develops commercial and industrial parks and is also engaged in property management, construction and other businesses like retail and healthcare. Ayala Land is exploring potential areas in Central Luzon to develop into an industrial park for light manufacturing activities, a portion of which will be offered to Chinese companies.

To carry on its business in an organized and efficient manner, Ayala Land structured its operations into key strategic business lines such as Property Development, Commercial Leasing, Hotels and Resorts and Services.

Property Development

Property Development includes Strategic Land Bank Management, Visayas-Mindanao Group and the Residential Business Group and MCT Bhd, Ayala Land's listed subsidiary in Malaysia.

Strategic Land Bank Management handles the acquisition, development and sale of large-scale, mixeduse, master-planned communities, the sale of Ayala Land's share in properties made available to subsidiaries for development and the lease of gas station sites and carparks outside Ayala Center in Makati City. Visayas-Mindanao Group handles the development, sale and lease of the Company's and its subsidiaries' product offerings in key cities in the Visayas and Mindanao regions.

The Residential Business Group handles the sale of high-end residential lots and units (including leisure community developments), office spaces, commercial and industrial lots, middle-income residential lots and units, affordable lot units and house and lot packages, economic housing units and house and lot packages, and socialized housing packages, and the lease of residential units and marketing of residential developments. The products developed and sold are further classified into the following brands: AyalaLand Premier ("ALP") for high-end village lots, condominium units and office units, Alveo Land Corp. ("Alveo") for upscale village lots, condominium and office units, Avida Land Corp. ("Avida") for middle-income village lots, house and lot packages and condominium and office units, Amaia Land Corp. ("Amaia") for economic house and lot packages, and BellaVita Land Corp. ("BellaVita") for the socialized house and lot packages.

MCT Bhd. ("MCT") is Ayala Land's listed subsidiary in Malaysia which specializes in the affordable housing segment. MCT has a land bank of 417 acres spread across the areas of Subang Jaya, Cyberjaya and Petaling Jaya.

Commercial Leasing

Commercial Leasing includes the development and lease of Shopping Center and Office spaces and Hotels and Resorts operations.

Shopping Centers include the development of shopping centers and lease to third parties of retail space and land, the operation of movie theaters, food courts, entertainment facilities and carparks in these shopping centers and the management and operations of malls which are co-owned with partners.

Office Leasing includes the development and lease of office buildings.

Hotels and Resorts include the development, operation and management of branded and owneroperated hotels, operation and management of eco-resorts.

Services

Services include Construction, Property Management and Air Transport. Construction of Ayala Land and third-party projects and land development is done through Makati Development Corporation ("MDC").

Property Management which involves facilities management of Ayala Land and third-party projects, operation of water and sewage treatment facilities in some Ayala Land projects, distribution of district cooling systems and the bulk purchase and supply of electricity for energy solutions are done through Ayala Property Management Corporation ("APMC").

Airline service to Ayala Land's tourism estates in Lio, Palawan and Sicogon Island resort is provided by "AirSWIFT" through its fleet of four (4) modern turbo-prop aircrafts.

Distribution Methods of Products

The Company's residential products are distributed to a wide range of clients through various sales groups.

Ayala Land has its own in-house sales team for ALP projects. In addition, it has a wholly-owned subsidiary, Ayala Land Sales, Inc. ("ALSI"), which employs commission-based sales people. Ayala Land uses a sales

force of about 15,000 brokers and sales agents guided by a strict Code of Ethics. Separate sales groups have also been formed for Alveo, Avida, Amaia and BellaVita. Ayala Land and its subsidiaries also tap external brokers to complement these sales groups.

Marketing to the Overseas Filipino Workers ("OFW") market is handled by Ayala Land International Sales, Inc. ("ALISI"). Created in March 2005, ALISI leads the marketing, sales and channel development activities and marketing initiatives of the brands abroad through project websites, permanent sales offices or broker networks, and regular roadshows with strong follow-through marketing support in key cities abroad. ALISI has marketing offices in North America (Milpitas and San Francisco), Hong Kong, Singapore, Dubai and Rome, and London. ALISI likewise assumed operations of AyalaLand International Marketing Inc. in Italy and London, in 2014.

In addition, the Ayala Group also developed "One Ayala," a program which bundles the products and services of Ayala Land, BPI, and Globe Telecom and gives access to potential Ayala Land clients overseas through BPI's 17 overseas offices and 81 tie-ups. An Ayala Land-BPI Dream Deals program was also created to generate additional sales from the local market.

Since 2008, all residential sales support transactions are undertaken by the shared services company Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc. ("APSI") while all transactional accounting processes across the Ayala Land Group are handled by Aprisa Business Solutions, Inc. ("APRISA") since 2010.

End-December 2019 Results of Operations

In 2019, net income after tax (attributable to equity holders) of Ayala Land, Inc. grew by 13.5% to ₱33.19 billion from ₱29.24 billion in 2018. Total consolidated revenues (which include real estate revenue, interest and investment income, equity in net earnings and other income) increased by 2% to ₱168.79 billion from ₱166.25 billion in 2018, mainly driven by real estate revenues which grew by 1% to ₱157.85 billion from ₱155.95 billion in 2018. Revenues were also supported by office and commercial and industrial lot sales and higher contribution of new leasing assets.

The Company introduced three (3) new estates and successfully launched ₱158.96-billion worth of projects, surpassing its initial estimate of ₱130 billion. Its leasing portfolio continued to expand to 2.1 million and 1.2 million sqm of gross leasing area for malls and offices, respectively, and to 3,705 rooms for hotels and resorts.

As in previous years, the Company's balance sheet is solidly positioned to support its growth plans. Cash and cash equivalents, including short-term investments and financial assets classified at Fair Value through Profit or Loss ("FVPL"), stood at ₱21.52 billion resulting in a current ratio of 1.30:1. Total borrowings registered at ₱211.10 billion, translating to a debt-to-equity ratio of 0.87:1 and a net debt-to-equity ratio of 0.78:1. Return on equity was at 16.66% as of December 31, 2019.

Capital expenditures reached ₱108.72 billion to support the buildup of residential and leasing projects. Of the total capital expenditures, 40% was spent on the completion of residential projects, 25% on the completion of commercial leasing projects, 16% on land acquisition, 14% on real estate development and 5% on other investments.

Recent Developments

2020

The eruption of the Taal volcano affected thousands of families and caused millions-worth of damage just days after its initial eruption on January 12, 2020. Ayala Land's operating properties did not sustain any major physical damage; however, its Tagaytay properties incurred about two (2) weeks of disruption to its operations due to necessary major clean up of the said properties, as well as the resulting restrictions imposed by the relevant local government units ("LGU") and Philippine Institute of Volcanology and

Seismology in view of the then continued activity of the Taal volcano. This disruption, however, was limited to about three (3) to five (5) days only for properties that are farther away from Laguna and other developments and estates (i.e. malls, offices). For the other farther locations (i.e. Metro Manila), such properties incurred minor disruption in operations mainly due to the necessary ash fall clean up and disposal activities.

On January 21, 2020, Ayala Land clarified news reports regarding the U.P.-Ayala Land Technohub development lease arrangement with the University of the Philippines ("UP"), wherein UP receives a total value of ₱171 per sqm, per month. This was derived from the ₱4.23 billion in total lease payments that UP has and is expected to earn, and ₱6 billion in total investments for the 16 commercial buildings, which totals to around ₱10.23 billion, over the life of the 25-year contract. After 2033, UP as owner, will receive 100% of the buildings' rent. UP also continues to own the land which has appreciated in value since the start of the partnership with Ayala Land.

On February 7, 2020, Ayala Land's Subsidiary, AREIT, Inc., filed its application for a REIT offering with the SEC, following the release of the Revised Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 9856, or the Real Estate Investment Trust Act of 2009 ("REIT Act") on January 20, 2020.

On February 21, 2020, the Board of Directors of ALI, at its regular meeting approved the following items:

1. The declaration of cash dividends of ₱0.268 per outstanding common share. This reflects a 3% increase from the cash dividends declared in the first half of 2019 amounting to ₱0.26 per share. The cash dividends will be payable on March 20, 2020, to stockholders of common shares as of record date March 6, 2020.

2. The raising of up to ₱10 billion through the issuance of retail bonds to partially finance general corporate requirements and to refinance maturing loans. This is under the Company's current shelf registration program and will be listed on PDEx.

3. The increase of an additional ₱25 billion to the Company's current share buyback program bringing the available balance to ₱26.1 billion. The program will be implemented through open market purchases and executed via the trading facilities of the PSE.

On March 16, 2020, in compliance with the notice of the SEC dated March 12, 2020, ALI disclosed to the public the measures it has undertaken to manage the risk of COVD-19. It shared that it has an existing crisis management plan and primary operating measures established in the areas of: (1) Employee Health and Safety, (2) Public Health and Safety, and (3) Business Continuity

Future Plans and Prospects

Ayala Land believes that the Philippines continues to be fundamentally strong, having remained resilient amid the challenges in the global economy. As the Philippines is experiencing the COVID-19 global pandemic, Ayala Land has acknowledged this as a prominent risk which will affect its business in 2020 with possible spillover effects to 2021. Learnings from this pandemic will be used to improve business continuity plans moving forward. The Company believes that it has a healthy and strong financial position to withstand the crisis. The Company remains watchful of relevant macroeconomic indicators and geopolitical risks that may potentially impact the business environment. It will maintain a healthy balance sheet which will enable it to weather the risks and capture opportunities once the environment improves.

Ayala Land's Principal Strengths

Ayala Land's principal strengths are its proven track-record, strong brand reputation and its ability to develop quality real estate products that cater to the different segments in the market.

Proven Track Record

With over eight (8) decades of experience, together with Ayala Corporation, Ayala Land is the largest and most experienced real estate developer in the Philippines. Ayala Land's proven track record includes the development of Makati Central Business District, Ayala Alabang, Cebu Business Park, Bonifacio Global City and Nuvali.

Strong Brand Reputation

The Ayala Land name is synonymous with quality and prestige and is the most widely trusted brand in Philippine real estate. Ayala Land maintains leadership in most of its product lines – residential subdivisions and high-rise, shopping centers, office buildings – and across a broad spectrum of price-points and geographies.

Because of its strong brand reputation, Ayala Land is also the partner of choice for strategic partners and landowners who want to make significant new investments in the country and help prime the Company's strategic growth centers. Added to this, many of the best names in local and international retailing prefer to be located in its shopping centers while top multinationals either set up base in its headquarter-type offices or locate in its BPO facilities.

Anchored on shared values and a long-term orientation, Ayala Land builds strong relationships with its business partners, landowners, tenants, employees, customers, the local government, non-government organizations ("NGO") and communities. This allows the Company to enhance its position as the leading property developer in the Philippines.

Substantial and Strategically Located Land Bank

With 12,192 hectares of land bank across strategic locations in the Philippines as of December 31, 2019, Ayala Land is well positioned to take advantage of the growth prospects in the real estate sector in the Philippines. It is currently present across 57 identified growth centers in the country.

Well-Managed, Highly Capable and Professional Organization

Combining leading-edge product innovation with prudent and effective risk management practices, the Company has the ability to manage across a complex portfolio of projects and developments and is able to thrive and prosper through the cyclical nature of the industry. The Company employs a proven and highly-credible management, architectural and engineering talent pool across all levels of the organization, most with experience across multiple business lines. Ayala Land also consistently ranks among the top Philippine companies in terms of corporate governance standards and best practices.

Ayala Land also draws on the competitive advantage provided by its wholly-owned subsidiaries, MDC and APMC, which are the country's largest and most experienced construction and property management companies, respectively.

Sustainable Practices

Over the years, Ayala Land has been intensifying the integration of sustainability principles in every step of its business processes. ALI's entire business process, from acquisition, assessment, planning, design, construction, delivery and property management focus on long-term benefits and shared value for stakeholders while foreseeing and managing risks and protecting all investments. Ayala Land has sustainability and risk management policies in place to protect projects from flooding and other geohazards. Technical due diligence is an integral part of site assessment, while flood and erosion control measures are built into masterplans, through site designs that include retention and detention basins, biodiversity (native vegetation) conservation where applicable. Projects are also designed to

serve the needs of the commuting and walking public. Ayala Land also has set greenhouse gas emission intensity reduction targets and monitors energy, water and waste metrics in the properties it continues to manage.

Solid Balance Sheet and Strong Shareholder Base

The Company has a strong balance sheet, supportive strategic shareholders, a variety of available funding sources that strengthens its capability to undertake both pocket-sized and large-scale projects or investments that balance the need for sustained earnings growth and long-term net asset value accretion.

Growth Drivers of the Philippine Economy

The Philippine real estate industry offers rich opportunities across all its sub-sectors. Its bright prospects are anchored on stable fundamentals: a robust economy, rising foreign inflows, particularly from OFWs, increased affordability and the availability of attractive financing from banks, resilient consumption spending in retail, and encouraging long-term prospects for office space in the BPO sector.

For the three-year period ended December 31, 2019, Ayala Land has delivered a 3-year average Total Shareholder Return of 47.1%, higher than the 3-year average Total Shareholder Return of the Property Index of 40.3%. Total Shareholder Return is based on share price appreciation plus dividends paid for the relevant period.

Ayala Land's Business Strategy

Ayala Land will continue to develop large-scale, mixed-use integrated communities while diversifying its revenue base across its wide portfolio of businesses. To achieve this, Ayala Land will embark on an aggressive strategy anchored on five (5) main pillars that will lay the ground work for the Company's long-term sustainable growth:

- Growth. The Company will actively strengthen and slowly establish its presence in several identified growth centers across the country to effectively expand its footprint into new geographies. It will also introduce new formats within its existing business models to diversify its portfolio of highly differentiated product offerings and tap into previously unserved markets and consumer segments to broaden its reach.
- *Margin Improvement.* Ayala Land will continue to implement various spend management and cost control measures and pursue operational efficiencies further across the organization, without sacrificing quality and with strict adherence to the principles of sustainability, to bring overall costs down and drive profitability.
- *Capital Efficiency.* The Company will also make more efficient use of resources and capital to improve asset turnover and returns on capital. To this end, Ayala Land will pursue an asset-light approach to development and optimize land use by maximizing synergies within the organization, moving with scale to maximize utilization and value-capture.
- Organizational Development. Ayala Land will continue to strengthen its risk management program to effectively contain strategic, operational, financial and supply-chain risks associated with the much increased business activity levels, enhance its internal talent pool and support systems and ensure that these are supportive of the Company's growth objectives.
- *Brand-Building.* The Company will continue to leverage on product differentiation and its distinct value proposition. Moreover, it shall ensure the safety, security, and timely delivery of all projects

accompanied by efficient and effective customer service.

Ayala Land's Principal Shareholder

As of March 31, 2020, Ayala Corporation's effective ownership in Ayala Land is 44.48% with the remaining interest owned by the public. Ayala Corporation is one of the Philippines' oldest conglomerates, with businesses in real estate, telecommunications, financial services, telecommunications, water, power, industrial technologies, infrastructure, healthcare and education.

Ayala Land's Principal Executive Offices

Ayala Land's executive offices are located at the 31st Floor, Tower One and Exchange Plaza, Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue, Makati City 1226. The telephone number at this address is (632) 7908-3100 and the fax number is (632) 7750-7946.

Risk Factors

Prospective investors should consider carefully all of the information set forth in this Offer Supplement and, in particular, prospective purchasers should evaluate the specific factors set forth under the section *"Risk Factors and Other Considerations"* of this Offer Supplement for risks involved in the purchase of the Fixed-rate Bonds. These factors may be summarized into those that pertain to the business and operations of Ayala Land, in particular, and those that pertain to the overall political, economic, and business environment in the Philippines, in general.

As a real estate developer, Ayala Land competes with other developers and developments to attract purchasers of land and condominiums, retail and office tenants, and clientele for the retail outlets, restaurants and hotels in its commercial centers in terms of reputation, reliability, price, and the quality and location of the community in which the relevant project is located. Ayala Land's successful financial and operating performance as a real estate company will impact on its ability to refinance or repay its debt, including the Fixed-rate Bonds. Moreover, the offering of the Fixed-rate Bonds should be evaluated in terms of its impact on the consolidated indebtedness of Ayala Land and the operating risks inherent in a further increase in its debt.

Ayala Land is further subject to certain debt covenants for the Fixed-rate Bonds issuance and its other existing debt. Ayala Land's failure to comply with these covenants could cause a default, which if not waived, could result in the debt becoming immediately due and payable. If any amount outstanding were to be accelerated, it could potentially trigger a cross-default under substantially all of Ayala Land's debt, in which case Ayala Land may not be able to perform its payment obligations under the Fixed-rate Bonds. In such case, the Fixed-rate Bonds, being unsecured debt, will be effectively subordinated in right of payment to all secured debt of Ayala Land to the extent of the value of the assets securing such debt and all debt that is evidenced by a public instrument under Article 2244(14) of the Civil Code of the Philippines without a waiver of preference or priority.

External factors affecting Ayala Land's businesses include the impact of current and future Philippine laws and regulations on certain aspects of real estate development, such as environment, health and safety, the effect of natural catastrophes, and political or economic instability in the country, including foreign exchange rate fluctuations which could impact the acquisition cost of certain dollar-denominated construction materials and equipment necessary for Ayala Land's business.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following table sets forth financial and operating information on Ayala Land. Prospective purchasers of the Fixed-rate Bonds should read the summary financial data below together with the audited consolidated

financial statements, including the notes thereto, presented as an Annexes and the *"Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations"* section of this Offer Supplement. The summary financial data in the following tables were derived from Ayala Land's audited consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2016 and for each of the years in the period ended December 31, 2019, including the notes thereto, which are included in this Offer Supplement and from Ayala Land's 2019 annual report. Ayala Land's consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2019, 2018, consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2019, and 2016 and for each of the years in the period ended December 31, 2019, and 2016 and for each of the years in the period ended December 31, 2019, were prepared in compliance with PFRS and audited by SGV & Co. in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing ("PSA").

For the years ended December 31					
(in million Pesos, except	2019	2018	2017	2016	
Earnings Per Share (EPS))	Audited ¹	Audited ²	Audited	Audited	
Income Statement Data					
Revenue					
Real estate Sales	₱157,849	₱155,955	₱133,098	₱117,700	
Interest income from real estate sales	7,891	7,042	5,410	5,011	
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures	966	750	866	554	
	₱166,706	₱163,747	₱139,373	₱123,266	
Interest and investment income	930	958	675	703	
Other income	1,158	1,541	2,249	660	
	2,088	2,499	2,924	1,363	
	168,794	166,246	142,297	124,629	
Costs and expenses					
Cost of real estate sales	94,752	101,079	87,921	76,566	
General and administrative expenses	9,367	9,101	7,275	7,031	
Interest and other financing charges	12,200	9,594	7,914	7,314	
Other expenses	1,645	1,270	1,196	1,053	
	117,964	121,045	104,306	91,965	
Income before income tax	50,830	45,201	37,991	32,663	
Provision for income tax					
Current	12,455	13,391	11,960	10,070	
Deferred	860	(1,406)	(2,135)	(1,838)	
	13,315	11,984	9,825	8,232	
Net Income	₱37,515	₱33,217	₱28,166	₱24,432	
Net Income attributable to:					
Equity holders of Ayala, Land Inc.	33,188	29,241	25,305	20,908	
Non-controlling interests	4,327	3,976	2,861	3,524	

Unappropriated retained earnings Balance, beginning of year	124,090	101,976	83,799	71,952
Effect of adoption of new accounting standards	(617)	359	-	-
Balances as restated	123,473	102,335	83,799	71,952
Cash dividends				
Common share	(7,659)	(7,424)	(7,066)	(6,999)
Preferred share	(62)	(62)	(62)	(62)
Net Income attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.	33,188	29,241	25,305	20,908
Appropriation during the year	-	-	-	(2,000)
Balance at end of year	148,940	124,090	101,976	83,799
Basic Earnings per share	₱2.25	₱1.98	₱1.71	₱1.43
Diluted Earnings per share	₱2.25	₱1.98	₱1.71	₱1.43

¹ Ayala Land adopted PFRS 16, Leases using modified retrospective approach of adoption with the initial date of application of January 1, 2019. Amounts presented in the consolidated statements of financial position and consolidated statements of income as at and for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are based on PAS 17, Leases (superseded by PFRS 16). The comparative financial information for accounts affected by the adoption of PFRS 16 may not be comparable to the information presented for 2019. Please refer to Note 2 of Ayala Land's audited consolidated financial statements, which are included as an Annex to this Offer Supplement, for the effect of the adoption of PFRS 16.

²Ayala Land adopted PFRS 9, Financial Instruments and PFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers using modified retrospective approach of adoption with the initial date of application of January 1, 2018. Amounts presented in the consolidated statements of financial position and consolidated statements of income as at and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are based on PAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (superseded by PFRS 9) and PAS 18, Revenue, PAS 11, Construction Contracts and related Interpretations (superseded by PFRS 15). The comparative financial information for accounts affected by the adoption of PFRS 9 and PFRS 15 may not be comparable to the information presented for 2018. Please refer to Note 2 of Ayala Land's audited consolidated financial statements, which are included as an Annex to this Offer Supplement, for the effect of the adoption of PFRS 15.

(in million Pesos)	2019 ¹ Audited	2018 ² Audited	2017 Audited	2016 Audited
Selected Balance Sheet Data	Addited	Addited	Addited	Addited
Cash and cash equivalents and other assets ^{3,4}	₱21,516	₱27,558	₱25,821	₱22,641
Land and Improvements	0	0	0	101,457
Investment properties	243,043	225,006	200,240	107,931
Total assets	713,923	668,820	573,992	536,433
Current portion of long term debt	17,251	23,265	6,573	5,187
Long term debt - net of current portion	175,813	149,447	150,169	130,370

Total liabilities	471,218	448,599	381,729	363,750
Equity attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.	211,050	187,300	166,755	147,705
Non-controlling interests	31,656	32,921	25,509	24,978
Total equity	₱242,706	₱220,221	₱192,264	₱172,683

¹ Ayala Land adopted PFRS 16, Leases using modified retrospective approach of adoption with the initial date of application of January 1, 2019. Amounts presented in the consolidated statements of financial position and consolidated statements of income as at and for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are based on PAS 17, Leases (superseded by PFRS 16). The comparative financial information for accounts affected by the adoption of PFRS 16 may not be comparable to the information presented for 2019. Please refer to Note 2 of Ayala Land's audited consolidated financial statements, which are included as an Annex to this Offer Supplement, for the effect of the adoption of PFRS 16.

² Ayala Land adopted PFRS 9, Financial Instruments and PFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers using modified retrospective approach of adoption with the initial date of application of January 1, 2018. Amounts presented in the consolidated statements of financial position and consolidated statements of income as at and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are based on PAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (superseded by PFRS 9) and PAS 18, Revenue, PAS 11, Construction Contracts and related Interpretations (superseded by PFRS 15). The comparative financial information for accounts affected by the adoption of PFRS 9 and PFRS 15 may not be comparable to the information presented for 2018. Please refer to Note 2 of Ayala Land's audited consolidated financial statements, which are included as an Annex to this Offer Supplement, for the effect of the adoption of PFRS 9 and PFRS 15.

³Includes Cash and Cash Equivalents, Short-term Investments, financial assets at FVPL for 2019 and 2018

⁴Includes Cash and Cash Equivalents, Short-term Investments, Investments in UITF classified as FVPL for 2017 and 2016.

	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Current ratio ¹	1.30:1	1.26:1	1.30:1	1.12:1
Debt-to-equity ratio ²	0.87:1	0.85:1	0.90:1	0.93:1
Net debt-to-equity ratio ³	0.78:1	0.72:1	0.77:1	0.79:1
Return on assets ⁴	5.43%	5.35%	5.07%	4.99%
Return on equity ⁵	16.66%	16.52%	16.09%	14.86%
Asset to Equity ⁶	2.94:1	3.04:1	2.99:1	3.11:1
Interest Rate Coverage 7	6.27:1	6.09:1	5.98:1	5.92:1

The table below sets forth the comparative performance indicators of the Company and its subsidiaries:

¹ Current assets / current liabilities

² Total debt/ consolidated stockholders' equity, net of unrealized gain (Total debt includes short-term debt, long-term debt and current portion of long-term debt)

³ Net debt/ consolidated stockholders' equity (Net debt is total debt less cash and cash equivalents, short term investments and financial assets through FVPL)

⁴ Total Net income / average total assets

- ⁵ Net income attributable to equity holders of ALI / average total stockholders' equity attributable to equity holders of ALI
- ⁶ Total assets / total stockholders' equity
- ⁷ EBITDA / interest expense on short and long term debt. EBITDA is computed as Income before income tax + Interest and other financing charges and Other expenses - Interest and investment income and Interest on Real Estate Sales + Depreciation and amortization. Below is the reconciliation of "Net income" to "EBITDA" then to "Interest Coverage Ratio".

	2019	2018	2017	2016
_	(Amou	Ints in thousand F	esos except ratio	os)
Net income	₱37,515,031	₱33,216,589	₱28,165,659	₱24,431,785
Add:				
Provision for income tax Interest and other financing	13,314,643	11,984,440	9,824,981	8,231,662
charges	12,199,758	9,594,003	7,914,326	7,314,387
Other expenses	1,644,982	1,270,281	1,196,076	1,053,207
	64,674,414	56,065,313	47,101,042	41,031,041
Less: Interest income from real estate sales and interest and	0.004.447	0.000.044	0.004.005	5 740 057
investment income	8,821,417	8,000,314	6,084,995	5,713,957
EBIT Add: Depreciation and amortization	55,852,997 9,058,710	48,064,999 6,318,929	41,016,047 5,179,792	35,317,084 5,874,560
EBITDA	64,911,707	54,383,928	46,195,839	41,191,644
Divided by: Interest expense		, ,	, ,	
Short-term debt	1,206,577	1,668,340	337,384	837,918
Long-term debt	9,153,067	7,259,118	7,393,070	6,114,265
	10,359,644	8,927,458	7,730,454	6,952,183
Interest rate coverage ratio	6.27:1	6.09:1	5.98:1	5.92:1

CAPITALIZATION

The following tables set forth the unaudited consolidated short-term and long-term debt and capitalization of ALI as of March 31, 2020. These tables should be read in conjunction with the more detailed information and audited financial statements, including notes thereto, found in the Offer Supplement.

(in ₽ Millions)	As of March 31, 2020 (Unaudited)	Adjustment	Notes	As adjusted for Issue Amount of ₱6.0 billion (Upon issuance of the Fixed- rate Bonds)
Current Liabilities				
Short-term Debt	₱34,680			₱34,680
Accounts and other payables	150,222			150,222
Income tax payable	2,647			2,647
Current portion of long-term debt	17,403			17,403
Deposits and other current liabilities	11,767			11,767
Current Portion of Lease Liabilities	725			725
Total Current Liabilities	217,444			217,444
Non-current Liabilities				
Long-term debt – net of current portion	178,620	6,000	1	184,620
Pension liabilities	2,300			2,300
Deferred tax liabilities – net	6,660			6,660
Deposits and other non-current liabilities	52,082			52,082
Lease Liabilities Net of Current Portion	16,655			16,655
Total Non-current Liabilities	256,317			256,317
Total Liabilities	473,761			479,761
Equity				
Equity attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.				
Paid-up capital	62,799			62,799
Retained earnings	157,327			157,327
Stock options outstanding	42			42
Remeasurement loss on defined benefit plans	(644)			(644)
Fair value reserve of financial assets at	(705)			(705)

Total Capitalization	716,678	2	722,678
Total Equity	242,917		242,917
Non-controlling interests	32,683		32,683
Treasury Stock	(1,261)		(1,261)
Equity reserves	(7,103)		(7,103)
adjustments			
translations			
Cumulative	(221)		(221)
FVOCI			

Notes:

- 1. Reflects Fixed-rate Bond Issue Amount of ₱6.0 billion
- 2. Total Capitalization is the sum of Total Liabilities and Total Equity

The following table sets forth the unaudited consolidated short-term and long-term debt and capitalization of ALI as of March 31, 2020, assuming the full exercise of the Oversubscription Option.

(in P Millions)	As of March 31, 2020 (Unaudited)	Adjustment (assuming the full exercise of the Oversubscription Option)	Notes	As adjusted for Issue Amount of ₱10.0 billion (Upon issuance of the Fixed- rate Bonds)
Current Liabilities				
Short-term Debt	₱34,680			₱34,680
Accounts and other payables	150,222			150,222
Income tax payable	2,647			2,647
Current portion of long-term debt	17,403			17,403
Deposits and other current liabilities	11,767			11,767
Current Portion of Lease Liabilities	725			725
Total Current Liabilities	217,444			217,444
Non-current Liabilities Long-term debt – net of current portion	178,620	10,000	1	188,620
Pension liabilities	2,300			2,300
Deferred tax liabilities – net	6,660			6,660
Deposits and other non-current liabilities	52,082			52,082
Lease Liabilities Net of Current	16,655			16,655

Portion			
Total Non-current Liabilities	256,317		266,317
Total Liabilities	473,761		483,761
Equity			
Equity attributable			
to equity holders of			
Ayala Land, Inc.			
Paid-up capital	62,799		62,799
Retained earnings	157,327		157,327
Stock options	42		42
outstanding			
Remeasurement	(644)		(644)
loss on defined			
benefit plans			
Fair value reserve	(705)		(705)
of financial assets			
at FVOCI			
Cumulative	(221)		(221)
translations			
adjustments			
Equity reserves	(7,103)		(7,103)
Treasury Stock	(1,261)		(1,261)
Non-controlling	32,683		32,683
interests			
Total Equity	242,917		242,917
	740.070		700.070
Total Capitalization	716,678	2	726,678

Notes:

- 1. Reflects Fixed-rate Bond Issue Amount of ₱10.0 billion, assuming the full exercise of the Oversubscription Option of up to ₱4.0 billion
- 2. Total Capitalization is the sum of Total Liabilities and Total Equity

SUMMARY OF THE OFFER

This Offer Supplement and Offer relates to the Fixed-rate Bonds with a principal amount of up to Six Billion Pesos (₱6,000,000,000) with an oversubscription option of up to Four Billion Pesos (₱4,000,000,000). The following summary of the offer does not purport to be complete and is taken from, and is qualified in its entirety by, the remainder of this Offer Supplement. The Fixed-rate Bonds form part of Ayala Land's ₱50,000,000,000 Securities Program.

Fixed-rate Retail Bonds

Issuer:	Ayala Land, Inc.
Issue:	Fixed-rate Bonds (the "Fixed-rate Bonds") constituting the direct, unconditional, unsecured and general obligations of the Issuer
Issue Amount:	Up to ₱6,000,000,000
Oversubscription Option:	In the event of oversubscription, the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners, in consultation with the Issuer, shall have the option to increase the Issue Amount by up to Four Billion Pesos (₱4,000,000,000)
Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners:	BDO Capital & Investment Corporation BPI Capital Corporation China Bank Capital Corporation
Offer Period:	The Offer shall commence at 9:00 a.m. on June 11, 2020 and end at 5:00 p.m. on June 19, 2020, or on such other date as the Issuer and the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners may agree upon.
Issue Date:	June 26, 2020 or such other date as may be agreed upon by the Issuer and the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners with advice to PDTC and PDEx. In the event that the original Issue Date is moved to the succeeding Business Day, the interest accruing for the first Interest Period shall accrue from (and including) such adjusted Issue Date, without adjustment to the Interest Payment Date.
Maturity Date:	June 26, 2022, provided that, in the event that such Maturity Date falls on a day that is not a Business Day, the Maturity Date shall be the immediately succeeding Business Day, without adjustment to the amount of interest and principal to be paid.
Interest Rate:	Fixed interest rate of 3.0000% per annum
Interest Payment Date:	Interest on the Fixed-rate Bonds shall be paid quarterly commencing on September 26, 2020 for the first Interest Payment Date and March 26, June 26, September 26, and December 26 of each year for each subsequent Interest Payment Date while the Fixed-rate Bonds are outstanding. In the event that any Interest Payment Date is not a Business Day, such Interest Payment Date shall be paid on the immediately succeeding Business Day without any adjustment to the amount due. The last Interest Payment Date shall fall on the Maturity Date, or the immediately succeeding Business Day if such date is not a Business Day, without any adjustment to the amount due.

Final Redemption:	The Fixed-rate Bonds shall be redeemed at par or 100% of face value on the Maturity Date.
Redemption for Taxation Reasons:	If payments under the Fixed-rate Bonds become subject to additional or increased taxes other than the taxes and rates of such taxes prevailing on the Issue Date as a result of certain changes in law, rule or regulation, or in the interpretation thereof, and such additional or increased rate of such tax cannot be avoided by use of reasonable measures available to the Issuer, the Issuer may redeem the Fixed-rate Bonds in whole, but not in part, (having given not more than sixty (60) nor less than fifteen (15) days' prior written notice to the Trustee) at par or 100% face value plus accrued interest.
Negative Pledge:	The Fixed-rate Bonds shall have the benefit of a negative pledge on all existing and future assets of the Issuer, subject to certain permitted liens.
Purchase and Cancellation:	The Issuer may at any time purchase any of the Fixed-rate Bonds in the open market or by tender or by contract at market price, without any obligation to purchase (and the Bondholders shall not be obliged to sell) Fixed-rate Bonds pro-rata from all Bondholders. Any Fixed-rate Bonds so purchased shall be redeemed and cancelled and may not be re-issued. Upon listing of the Fixed- rate Bonds on PDEx, the Issuer shall disclose any such transactions in accordance with the applicable PDEx disclosure rules.
Issue Rating:	The Fixed-rate Bonds are rated Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings.

NET PROCEEDS FROM THE OFFER

The net proceeds from the ₱6.0 billion Offer is estimated to be ₱5.9 billion after deducting expenses related to the Offer. Assuming the full exercise of the Oversubscription Option, the net proceeds are estimated to amount to approximately ₱9.9 billion, after deducting expenses related to the Offer. Said expenses are as follows:

	Total	Total (assuming the full exercise of the Oversubscription Option)
Estimated proceeds from the sale of the Fixed-rate Bonds	₱6,000,000,000.00	₱10,000,000,000.00
Less:		
SEC Registration and Legal Research		
Fee	1,515,030.00	3,093,125.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	45,000,000.00	75,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	22,500,000.00	37,500,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses and		
Agency fees	9,000,000.00	9,000,000.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs		
and out-of-pocket expenses	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Listing Fee	150,000.00	150,000.00
Total Estimated Upfront Expenses	79,165,030.00	125,743,125.00
Estimated net proceeds to Ayala Land	₱5,920,834,970.00	₱9,874,256,875.00

A detailed discussion on the proceeds of the Offer appears on the "Use of Proceeds" section of this Offer Supplement.

RISK FACTORS AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

This section discusses additional risks to those stated in the Prospectus. The following section is qualified in its entirety by, and should be read in conjunction with, the more detailed information found in the Prospectus.

RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE COMPANY

Ayala Land faces a highly competitive business environment

Ayala Land is subject to significant competition in each of its principal businesses. Competitive pressure is expected to remain as large property developers focus on the value-conscious middle market. Sustained demand growth is not likely to occur without real improvement in employment and real incomes. However, Ayala Land believes that, at present, there is no single property company that has a significant presence in all sectors of the property market.

Ayala Land competes with other developers and developments to attract purchasers of land and residential units, office and retail tenants as well as other construction and property management firms, and hotel operators.

To manage this risk, the Company continues its active land acquisition and development activities in key growth centers and its aggressive build-up of recurring income within tried and tested estates through its integrated mixed-use model versus pocket developments. Particular to the leasing business, one of the major drivers of competition is the Company's ability to attract and retain merchants and tenants – which is generally dependent on the location of the leasing properties, price offerings to the tenants and merchants, as well as the quality of service provided by the Company's property management team. And for this, the Company continues to do the following: (1) active land acquisition in key geographies and partnering with other developers; (2) continue current mixed-use model versus pocket developments; (3) Gathering market intelligence and translating information into competitive proposals; and (4) strong push for the timely opening of new properties / developments, among other control activities and procedures.

Land, Residential

With respect to land, condominium and office sales, Ayala Land competes for purchasers primarily on the basis of reputation, reliability, price and the quality and location of the community in which the relevant site is located. With respect to its horizontal residential housing developments, Ayala Land competes for buyers based on quality of projects and reasonable pricing of units.

(a) High-end residential

Ayala Land continues to be the leader in the high-end residential market. It competes with a price premium over other high-end developers but justifies it with superior locations, workmanship quality, and overall reputation in the real estate industry. Through these, it has been able to keep well ahead of other high-end players.

Real estate has always been a major investment vehicle for the affluent. However, in a volatile environment, such as the recent financial crisis and the subsequent global economic downturn, the high-end market tends to "wait and see," or they simply choose to place their money in other investment instruments. As of December 31, 2019, Ayala Land Premier's revenues decreased by 13% to ₱24.45 billion from ₱28.00 billion in 2018 as contributions from new projects and higher completion progress of Park Central South Tower in Makati City, One Vertis Plaza in Vertis North, Quezon City and West Gallery Place in Bonifacio Global City ("BGC") were offset by lower incremental percentage of completion ("POC") from East Gallery Place and The Suites in BGC and Garden Towers in Makati City as they near completion.

Ayala Land has mitigated the market risks it faces through carefully planned project launches, clear product differentiation, product innovation, and increased market expansion through overseas sales and new segments.

(b) Upscale, residential

In the upscale market segment, Alveo registered revenues of ₱19.00 billion as of end-2019, a decline of 28% from ₱26.28 billion in 2018, primarily affected by lower incremental POC of Verve Residences 1 and 2 in BGC and Ardia Phase 3 Vermosa, Cavite.

(c) Middle-income residential

Avida generated ₱27.36 billion in revenues in 2019, 13% higher than ₱24.22 billion in 2018 attributed to the completion progress of Avida Towers Sola 2 in Vertis North, Quezon City and new bookings and incremental POC of Avida Verra Settings Vermosa Phase 1 in Vermosa, Cavite and Avida Towers Vireo Tower 1 in Arca South, Taguig City.

(d) Socialized and Economic Housing

Ayala Land entered the socialized housing segment in 2012 with the launch of Amaia Scapes in Laguna under the Company's subsidiary, Amaia Land Corp., carrying the brand Amaia. This segment is expected to provide a steady end-user demand in the long-term as one-third of the estimated twenty (20) million Filipino households and majority of the almost four (4) million national housing backlog belong to this segment. As of December 31, 2019, Amaia posted revenues of ₱7.37 billion, relatively flat compared to ₱7.36 billion in 2018, with lower bookings and higher incremental POC of Amaia Steps Alabang Delicia in Muntinlupa City; Amaia Steps Capitol Central South in Bacolod City, Negros Occidental; and Amaia Steps Nuvali Parkway in Sta. Rosa, Laguna.

In terms of economic housing, Ayala Land formally launched its first socialized housing project in 2012 under the BellaVita brand in Cavite from subsidiary, BellaVita Land Corp. BellaVita's revenues rose by 4% to ₱1.20 billion from ₱1.15 billion in 2018, due to bookings from projects in Alaminos and Pila, both in Laguna, and in Iloilo.

Overall, for the period ended December 31, 2019, the average gross profit of vertical projects improved to 39% from 34% due to ALP's Park Central South Tower, Garden Towers 2, and East Gallery Place; ALVEO's Orean Place Tower 1, Celadon, and Travertine; and Avida Towers Sola Tower 2. The average gross profit of horizontal projects slightly rose to 45% from 44%.

MCT Bhd recognized revenues of ₱6.71 billion in 2019, 12% lower than the previous year's ₱7.60 billion, due to the sellout of projects in CyberSouth in Klang Valley, Malaysia.

Positive factors spurring interest because of their long-term effects in the real estate industry are the:

- Infrastructure, highway and railway projects within Metro Manila and nearby provinces;
- Increasing purchases by the overseas-based Filipino market due to marketing and promotions by various developers;
- Availability of financing from the Home Development Mutual Fund (Pag-IBIG); and
- Relatively low mortgage rates and longer maturities.

Office for Sale

With respect to its office rental properties, Ayala Land competes for tenants primarily based upon the quality and location of the relevant building, the reputation of the building owner and operator, the quality of support services provided by the property manager, and rental and other charges. Under the current environment,

lease rates and occupancy levels are under pressure in the Makati CBD where Ayala Land office buildings are located.

Revenues from the sale of office spaces grew by 12% to ₱12.34 billion from ₱11.0 billion in 2018 due to completion progress and new bookings from ALVEO High Street South Corporate Plaza, Park Triangle Corporate Plaza, and ALVEO Financial Tower. Improved margins of ALVEO High Street South Corporate Plaza, ALVEO Park Triangle Towers, and ALVEO Financial Tower significantly improved the average gross profit of offices for sale to 43%.

Commercial and Industrial Lots

Revenues from the sale of commercial and industrial lots increased by 46% to ₱11.27 billion from ₱7.73 billion, due to lot sales from Altaraza, Vermosa, Nuvali, and Broadfield. Gross profit margins of commercial and industrial lots substantially increased to 62% from 50%, due to higher margins of commercial lots sold in Nuvali, Arca South, Altaraza, and Broadfield.

Sales reservations by Philippines-based Filipinos also grew by 3% and accounted for 71% (valued at ₱104.2 billion) of all reservations, while those by Filipinos based abroad grew by 24%, accounting for 13% (valued at ₱19.4 billion) of the total.

Commercial Leasing

This segment covers the operation of shopping centers, office buildings, and hotels and resorts. Total revenues from commercial leasing increased by 13% to ₱39.31 billion in 2019, driven by contribution of new leasing assets.

With respect to its retail properties for lease, Ayala Land competes for tenants primarily based upon the ability of the relevant retail center to attract customers, which generally depends on the quality and location of, and mix of tenants in, the relevant retail center and the reputation of the owner and/or operator of the retail center, as well as rental and other charges. The market for shopping centers has become especially competitive and the number of competing properties is expected to grow. Some competing shopping centers are located within relatively close proximity of each of Ayala Land's commercial centers.

Shopping centers

Revenues from shopping centers grew by 11% to ₱22.02 billion from ₱19.91 billion at an average monthly mall rate of ₱1,047 per sqm, supported by same-mall revenue growth of 8%, with increased contribution of new malls such as Ayala Malls Feliz, Capitol Central, and Circuit Makati. EBITDA margin was sustained at 66%. The average occupancy rate of all malls was at 88%, with the occupancy rate of stable malls at 93%. The GLA of all malls now stands at 2.12 million sqm with the addition of 213,000 sqm from the opening of Ayala North Exchange Retail, Ayala Malls Manila Bay, and Ayala Malls Central Bloc Cebu.

Offices

Revenues from office leasing increased by 12% to ₱9.67 billion from the previous year's ₱8.61 billion, at an average monthly office lease rate at ₱772 per sqm, with the new offices in Ayala North Exchange, Vertis North, and Circuit Makati improving the segment's performance. It registered a slightly lower EBITDA margin of 90% from 91% in 2018. The average occupancy rate of all offices was at 96%, with the occupancy rate of stable offices at 97%. Total office leasing GLA is now 1.17 million sqm, with 70,000 sqm added by the completion of Ayala North Exchange BPO, Manila Bay BPO Tower, and Central Bloc Corporate Center Tower 1 in Cebu.

Hotels and Resorts

Although the hotel industry has seen increasing visitor arrivals in the past several years, it is generally subject to the slowdown in business activity due to global financial and local political turmoil and security

concerns. Nonetheless, according to the Department of Tourism, 8.26 million foreign tourists visited the Philippines in 2019.

Revenues from hotels and resorts moved up 19% to ₱7.62 billion from ₱6.39 billion in 2018 on strong patronage of Seda Ayala Center Cebu and Seda Lio. Higher occupancy and revenues per available room ("REVPAR") at these two hotels were also responsible for increasing the overall EBITDA margin of hotels and resorts by 32% from the previous year's 29%.

The average room rate of all hotels is ₱4,917 per night and ₱13,326 per night for all resorts. Meanwhile the average room rate of stable hotels is ₱5,372 per night and ₱17,789 per night for stable resorts. The average occupancy rate of all hotels registered at 70% and 63% for all resorts, 78% for stable hotels and 63% for stable resorts. The portfolio has a total of 3,705 rooms as of end-2019 with the addition of 72 rooms at Seda BGC and 255 rooms at Circuit Makati Residences. The Company also opened 215 rooms at Seda Residences Ayala North Exchange and 50 rooms at Huni Lio in Palawan last July 2019.

The hotels and resorts business operates 660 hotel rooms under its international brand segment—312 for Fairmont Hotel and Raffles Residences, and 348 for Holiday Inn & Suites, both locked in Ayala Center, Makati CBD. Our homegrown Seda Hotels now has 11 Seda Hotels, operating 2,367 rooms—Atria, Iloilo (152 rooms); BGC, Taguig (468); Centrio, Cagayan de Oro (150); Abreeza, Davao (186); Nuvali, Santa Rosa Laguna (150); Vertis North, Quezon City (438); Capitol Central, Bacolod (154); Lio, Palawan (153); Ayala Center Cebu (301); Seda Residences Ayala North Exchange (215). Circuit Corporate Residences operates 255 rooms. El Nido Resorts operates 193 rooms from its four island resorts -Pangulasian, Lagen, Miniloc, and Apulit. The Lio Tourism Estate currently has 152 rooms under its Bed and Breakfast ("B&B") and Dormitel offerings, while the Sicogon Tourism Estate in Iloilo currently has 78 B&B rooms.

Services

This is composed mainly of the construction business represented by Makati Development Corporation, property management, represented by Ayala Property Management Corporation, and other companies engaged in power services such as Direct Power Services, Inc. ("DPSI"), Ecozone Power Management, Inc. ("EPMI"), and Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc. ("PhilEnergy"). Total revenues from the services business (excluding intersegment sales) amounted to ₱8.85 billion in 2019, 15% higher than the previous year's ₱7.69 billion.

The overall EBITDA margin of the service businesses stayed relatively flat to at 10% from 9% in 2018.

Construction

Ayala Land's construction business is exposed to any potential sector-wide slowdown in construction activities.

Notwithstanding stiff competition in the industry, Ayala Land intends to maintain and enhance its position as the leading property developer in the Philippines by continuing its over-all business strategy of developing large-scale, mixed-use integrated communities within growth centers that perpetuate its strong market presence while ensuring a steady revenue growth for the Company. Ayala Land further intends to diversify its revenue base by expanding its real estate business into different markets, specifically the economic and socialized housing segments where bulk of consumer "end-user" demand lies, and geographic areas and growth centers across the country where there are significant growth opportunities or where its proposed developments complement its existing businesses.

As the Company continues to expand its footprint all over the country, continuing pressures are felt on the following areas, among others: maintaining developmental costs within competitive levels, getting qualified and reliable contractors and suppliers in the market, and ensuring that quality standards are consistently being enforced across all projects in different geographies.

Standardization and streamlining of processes to achieve increased operating efficiencies, complete partnering agreements on critical materials with suppliers, aggregation, advance buying for critical commodities to avoid delays, and continuous external sourcing are among the major mitigation activities being done by the Company to meet project execution and delivery targets.

On top of these, the Company is continuously improving its self-perform and self-manufacture capabilities for better quality control in its developments.

MDC registered a total of ₱3.40 billion in revenues for end-2019, an increase of 42%, reflecting higher revenues from its external contracts.

Property Management and Others

APMC and power services companies registered revenues of ₱5.45 billion as of end-2019, 3% higher than the previous year's ₱5.30 billion.

Industrial Property Business

The industrial property business is affected by oversupply as well as limited industrial expansion and declining foreign investments. Overall, the industrial property segment is not likely to show significant demand improvement in the medium term.

Ayala Land is exploring potential areas in Central Luzon to develop into an industrial park for light manufacturing activities, a portion of which will be offered to Chinese companies.

Laguna Technopark, a development of Ayala Land's subsidiary, Laguna Technopark, Inc. ("LTI"), remains the preferred location for locators and has been successfully expanding its offerings at a time when industrial parks in the Calabarzon area have been experiencing the effects of an oversupply of manufacturing and processing facilities.

Cavite Technopark is the newest industrial park development located in Naic, Cavite, with an initial area of 118 hectares. Similar to Laguna Technopark, Cavite Technopark will cater to manufacturing locators that specialize in electronics, automotive, consumer products, food processing and pharmaceuticals. At full development, the locator companies of Cavite Technopark are expected to generate employment for over 20,000 employees.

Ayala Land's leverage creates a number of operating risks and might affect its ability to repay the Securities

The increase in debt of Ayala Land could have certain adverse consequences. For example, it could:

- reduce Ayala Land's ability to service its existing debt obligations, including the Securities;
- affect Ayala Land's ability to obtain additional financing for working capital, capital expenditures, debt service and other purposes;
- require Ayala Land to divert a substantial portion of its cash flow from operations to debt service;
- affect Ayala Land's flexibility in reacting to and taking advantage of developments and opportunities in the Philippine economy, the Philippine property development industry and its business; or
- place Ayala Land at a competitive disadvantage to its competitors that have less debt.

As of December 31, 2019, Ayala Land's consolidated short-term and long-term debt amounted to an aggregate of ₱211.10 billion, ₱115.60 billion of which were evidenced by public instruments. Any such debt may, by mandatory provision of law, rank ahead of the Securities in the event of the insolvency or liquidation of Ayala Land. Ayala Land has secured the waiver by the creditors of such preference in their respective debt instruments.

Ayala Land's ability to refinance or repay its debt depends on its successful financial and operating performance, which will be affected by a number of factors, many of which are beyond its control. If Ayala Land is unable to refinance its debt, obtain necessary waivers or obtain new financing under these circumstances, Ayala Land would have to consider other various financing options such as sale of assets, procuring additional capital and other options available to Ayala Land under applicable law. Ayala Land might also have to modify, delay or abandon its development and expansion plans. See discussions under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition" and "Results of Operation" of this Offer Supplement.

The Company has stringent monitoring mechanisms in place designed to manage its debt levels and to ensure that these are within sustainable limits. The Company also actively tracks its inventory levels, accounts receivables and its contingent liability, all the while ensuring flexibility in its planned launches to adjust to operating and market conditions.

The Securities may be subordinated to other debt

Under Philippine law, in the event a borrower submits to insolvency or liquidation proceedings in which the borrower's assets are liquidated, unsecured debt evidenced by a public instrument, as provided in Article 2244(14) of the Civil Code of the Philippines will rank ahead of unsecured debt not evidenced by a public instrument. Debt becomes evidenced by a public instrument when it has been acknowledged by the creditor and the debtor before a notary or any person authorized to administer oaths in the Philippines. Although the position is not clear under Philippine law, it is possible that a *jurat* (a statement by one party of the circumstances in which an affidavit was made) may also be sufficient to make a document a public instrument. Accordingly, it may be possible for debt to become evidenced by a public instrument through the unilateral action of a creditor without the knowledge of the borrower.

As of December 31, 2019, Ayala Land's consolidated short-term and long-term debt amounted to an aggregate of ₱211.10 billion, ₱115.60 billion of which were evidenced by public instruments. Any such debt may, by mandatory provision of law, rank ahead of the Securities in the event of the insolvency or liquidation of Ayala Land. Ayala Land has secured the waiver by the creditors of such preference in their respective debt instruments. However, should any bank or bondholder hereinafter have a preference or priority over the Securities as a result of notarization, then Ayala Land shall at its option, either procure a waiver of the preference created by such notarization or equally and ratably extend such preference to the Securities as may be practicable.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, investors are assured of Ayala Land's continuing track record of prudent financial management which has allowed it to be in a net debt-to-equity position of 0.78:1 as of December 31, 2019. Thus, in the unlikely event that Ayala Land is dissolved, there will be sufficient assets for disposition that will meet all its debt obligations, whether secured or unsecured.

Public health epidemics or outbreaks of diseases could have an adverse effect on economic activity in the Philippines, and could materially and adversely affect Ayala Land's business, financial condition and results of operations.

In December 2019, an outbreak of the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") occurred in China and spread to other countries, including the Philippines, which, according to the Department of Health, has reported 18,638 confirmed cases as of June 1, 2020. On March 10, 2020, the World Health Organization characterized COVID-19 as a pandemic. The Philippines remains vulnerable to exposure and spread of the disease for the following reasons: (a) the considerable number of Overseas Filipino Workers ("OFWs") globally; (b) the impact of international travel which raises the probability of transmission; and (c) lack of the necessary infrastructure to contain the spread of the disease. In response to the recent outbreak of COVID-19, the Philippines has imposed travel bans on several affected countries, which may have an adverse impact to the Company's suppliers' ability to deliver, which could delay the construction of Ayala Land's projects.

In a move to contain the COVID-19 outbreak, on March 13, 2020, the Office of the President of the Philippines issued a Memorandum directive to impose stringent social distancing measures in the National Capital Region effective March 15, 2020. On March 16, 2020, Presidential Proclamation No. 929 was issued, declaring a State of Calamity throughout the Philippines for a period of six months and imposed an enhanced community quarantine throughout the island of Luzon until April 12, 2020, unless earlier lifted or extended. The enhanced community quarantine was further extended to May 15, 2020, in order to stem the spread of COVID-19 and to prevent a second wave of infections. On March 24, 2020, Congress passed Republic Act No. 11469, the Bayanihan to Heal as One Act (the "Bayanihan Act") into law, which confers emergency powers on the President of the Philippines.

These measures have caused disruptions to businesses and economic activities, and its impact on businesses continue to evolve. In particular, the enhanced community quarantine could adversely impact (a) the completion of Ayala Land's projects as construction is not an activity given priority under the government guidelines, and (b) Ayala Land's ability to collect and generate rental income, which could negatively impact its cash flows. Due to the imposition of an enhanced community quarantine, foot traffic in malls and occupancies in the Company's hotels have declined. With respect to the Company's malls, only tenants providing essential services, such as pharmacies, food-related outlets and supermarkets, which account for approximately 10% of the gross leasible area, are allowed to remain open. Accordingly, only such establishments have been paying rent during such period. Furthermore, as of April 24, 2020, only nine out of the 11 hotels owned by the Company are operating on a limited scale, to accommodate BPO employees working nearby who are paying for the services, as well as healthcare professionals. Cash flow from the Company's residential and office arms, however, have not been similarly affected. 91% of the businesses leasing the Company's office space continue to remain in operation.

If the outbreak of COVID-19 and the measures to combat such outbreak increase in severity, it could have an adverse effect on economic activity in the Philippines and could materially and adversely affect Ayala Land's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Considering the evolving nature of this outbreak, the Company cannot determine as at the date of this Offer Supplement the impact to its financial position and performance in 2020. The Company has taken measures to manage the risks and uncertainties brought about by the outbreak, including adequate support to safeguard the well-being of its employees, ensuring effective work from home set-up such that the organization is able to function through the quarantine period, continued assessment, monitoring and safeguarding of its overall cash and credit position, and close coordination with the vendors for its projects under construction to manage impact of lockdown procedures. The Company allocated ₱2.6 billion in rent condonation for mall merchants throughout the one-and-a-half-month duration of the enhanced community quarantine. The Company has decided to reduce its capital expenditure budget in 2020 to ₱70 billion from the original estimate of ₱110 billion to ensure that net cash flow from operations will be sufficient to cover the lower capital expenditures and financing expenses. The ALI Group has also decided to delay the launch of new projects which were originally scheduled for 2020. ALI launched a record number of projects in 2019, which provided the ALI Group with 16.6 months' worth of inventory. With these efforts, the ALI Group anticipates that its cash flows will be sufficient for the year 2020.

The grace period mandated by Department Order No. 2020-004, issued by the Department of Human Settlements and Urban Development ("DHSUD"), may adversely affect the liquidity of the Company.

DHSUD Department Order No. 2020-004 gives a buyer of a unit or housing unit in a subdivision or condominium, or any other similar real estate development required to be registered with the DHSUD, the right to defer payment for the whole period of the enhanced community quarantine and thirty (30) days thereafter, free from any interests, penalties, fees, or other charges. The accumulated installment payment/s shall instead be payable within the succeeding six-month period. However, this does not preclude the buyer and developer from agreeing on any other arrangement that is mutually acceptable to them.

Some projects of the Company are required to be registered with the DHSUD and are covered by Department Order No. 2020-004. Accordingly, the Company is granting a grace period and a six-month payment period for buyers of condominium projects and real estate development projects of the Company who have failed to pay monthly amortizations during the enhanced community quarantine period. Thus, the mandated grace period will delay the receivables of the Company and may affect its liquidity for a certain period of time. However, given that Department Order No. 2020-004 only requires the deferment of payment, its impact on the Company's liquidity will be minimal and temporary. In addition, the measures adopted by the Company in addressing the effects of COVID-19, including the reduction of its capital expenditures, will help alleviate the impact of this issuance.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Following the offer and sale of the Fixed-rate Bonds in the amount of up to ₱6.0 billion, ALI expects that the net proceeds of the Offer shall amount to approximately ₱5.9 billion after fees, commissions and expenses. Assuming the full exercise of the Oversubscription Option, ALI expects that the net proceeds of the Offer shall amount to approximately ₱9.9 billion after fees, commissions and expenses.

Net proceeds from the Offer are estimated as follows:

	Total	Total (assuming the exercise of the Oversubscription Option)		
Estimated proceeds from the sale of the Fixed-rate Bonds	₱6,000,000,000.00	₱10,000,000,000.00		
Less:				
SEC Registration and Legal Research Fee	1,515,030.00	3,093,125.00		
Documentary Stamp Tax	45,000,000.00	75,000,000.00		
Underwriting Fee	22,500,000.00	37,500,000.00		
Estimated Professional Expenses and Agency fees	9,000,000.00	9,000,000.00		
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and out-of-pocket expenses	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00		
Listing Fee	150,000.00	150,000.00		
Total Estimated Upfront Expenses	79,165,030.00	125,743,125.00		
Estimated net proceeds to Ayala Land	₱5,920,834,970.00	₱9,874,256,875.00		

Aside from the fees enumerated above, the Company will be paying the following estimated annual fees related to the Fixed-rate Bonds:

- 1. PDEx and PDTC annual listing and registry paying agency maintenance fee of ₱250,000.00;
- 2. Annual Rating Monitoring and Agency fees of ₱280,000.00; and
- 3. Annual Trustee fee of ₱200,000.00.

Expenses incurred in connection with the offering of the Fixed-rate Bonds, including documentary stamp tax, fees of the Trustee, and the Registrar and Paying Agent will be for the account of the Issuer.

Net proceeds amounting to approximately ₱5.9 billion will be used to partially finance the Company's general corporate requirements and/or for such specific purposes as may be determined from time to time, including but not limited to the following capital expenditures:

Use of Proceeds

Projects	Company	Launch Date	Total Investment (Figures in PHP billions)	2015/ 2016 (Figures in PHP billions)	2017 (Figures in PHP billions)	2018 (Figures in PHP billions)	2019 (Figures in PHP billions)	Q1 2020 (Figures in PHP billions)	Total Spent to Date (Figures in PHP billions)	POC	Cost to Complete Q1 2020 (Figures in PHP billions)	Planned Spending for 2020 (Figures in PHP billions)	Target Completion
Ayala Triangle Garden 2 - Makati													
Mandarin	ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures Inc.	2015	5.8	0.4	0.3	0.7	1.0	0.5	2.9	59%	2.9	0.6	2021
HQ Office	Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	2015	7.2	0.4	1.5	1.4	1.8	0.5	5.6	85%	1.6	0.7	2021
Central Bloc - Cebu I.T. Park		2010						0.0	0.0	0070			
BPO	Central Bloc Developers, Inc.	2014	3.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	1.2	0.1	2.4	98%	1.2	0.7	2021
Land Acquisitions													
Pampanga Property	Unity Realty & Developme nt Corp.	N/A	2.5						1.2	N/A	1.3	0.7	N/A
BGC Property	BG West Properties Inc.	N/A	4.4						1.7	N/A	2.7	1.0	N/A
Other Investments													
Infusion to ALI-Eton (for Parklinks development)	Ayala Land, Inc.	N/A							3.3	N/A		2.3	N/A
		-	23.5	1.2	2.2	2.4	4.0	1.1	17.1	2.4	9.7	6.0	

Assuming the full exercise of the Oversubscription Option, net proceeds amounting to approximately ₱9.9 billion will be used to partially finance the Company's general corporate requirements and/or for such specific purposes as may be determined from time to time, including but not limited to the following capital expenditures:

Projects	Company	Launch Date	Total Investment (Figures in PHP billions)	2015/ 2016 (Figures in PHP billions)	2017 (Figures in PHP billions)	2018 (Figures in PHP billions)	2019 (Figures in PHP billions)	Q1 2020 (Figures in PHP billions)	Total Spent to Date (Figures in PHP billions)	POC	Cost to Complete Q1 2020 (Figures in PHP billions)	Planned Spending for 2020 (Figures in PHP billions)	Target Completion
Ayala Triangle Garden 2 - Makati													
	ALI Triangle												
Mandarin	Hotel Ventures Inc.	2015	5.8	0.4	0.3	0.7	1.0	0.5	2.9	59%	2.9	0.7	2021
HQ Office	Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	2015	7.2	0.4	1.5	1.4	1.8	0.5	5.6	85%	1.6	0.7	2021
Central Bloc -		2010		0.1				0.0	0.0	0070		0.11	2021
Cebu I.T. Park	-												
Hotels	Central Bloc Developers, Inc.	2014	1.4	_	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.2	1.0	99%	0.4	0.4	2020
	Central Bloc Developers,												
BPO	Inc.	2014	3.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	1.2	0.1	2.4	98%	1.3	0.7	2021
One Ayala Avenue - Makati													
	Ayala Land,				/								
Retail	Inc.	2016	7.2	0.3	0.4	1.0	1.1	0.4	3.2	43%	4.0	0.8	2022
Manila Bay													
Retail and BPO	Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	2015	16.0	1.1	1.9	5.1	5.5	1.0	14.6	99%	1.4	0.9	2019/2020
Hotels	Bay Area Hotel Ventures, Inc.	2015	2.4	0.0	0.1	0.2	1.0	0.5	1.8	74%	0.6	0.3	2021
	Cavite Commercial Towncenter	2013	2.4	0.0	0.1	0.2	1.0	0.5	1.0	1470	0.0	0.3	2021
Vermosa Mall	Inc.	2016	3.4	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.4	65%	2.0	0.4	2021

Use of Proceeds

Projects	Company	Launch Date	Total Investment (Figures in PHP billions)	2015/ 2016 (Figures in PHP billions)	2017 (Figures in PHP billions)	2018 (Figures in PHP billions)	2019 (Figures in PHP billions)	Q1 2020 (Figures in PHP billions)	Total Spent to Date (Figures in PHP billions)	POC	Cost to Complete Q1 2020 (Figures in PHP billions)	Planned Spending for 2020 (Figures in PHP billions)	Target Completion
Land Acquisitions													
Pampanga Property	Unity Realty & Development Corp.	N/A	2.5						1.2	N/A	1.3	1.1	N/A
Pampanga Property	Alveo Land Inc.	N/A	0.8						0.4	N/A	0.4	0.3	N/A
Laguna Property	Alveo Land Inc.	N/A	1.4						1.0	N/A	0.4	0.4	N/A
Cavite Property	Alveo Land Inc.	N/A	1.6						0.7	N/A	0.9	0.3	N/A
Bulacan Property	Ayala Land, Inc.	N/A	0.3						-	N/A	0.3	0.3	N/A
Other Investments													
Infusion to ALI-Eton (for Parklinks development)	Ayala Land, Inc.	N/A							3.3	N/A		2.4	N/A
Infusion to CDPEI (for Gatewalk development)	Ayala Land, Inc.	N/A							-	N/A		0.3	N/A
			53.6	2.7	4.8	9.0	12.6	3.8	39.5	6.2	17.5	10.0	

The foregoing projects are housed under and are being undertaken by Ayala Land itself.

The completion of the Company's projects will be financed through the net proceeds of the Offer and net cash flows from operations. Costs related to the projects, in general, include various construction-related materials and services. Construction materials are procured in bulk and are paid for by the Company as delivered materials are billed by suppliers. Construction-related services are measured based on percentage of work completed and are billed to and paid by the Company based on such progress billings. The net proceeds from the Offer, which are expected to be fully utilized in 2020, will be disbursed accordingly.

The foregoing target completion dates have been calibrated in response to prevailing market conditions.

DETERMINATION OF OFFERING PRICE

The Fixed-rate Bonds shall be issued on a fully-paid basis and at an issue price that is at par.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION OF THE FIXED-RATE BONDS

THE FIXED-RATE BONDS OFFER

On March 5, 2019, Ayala Land filed a Registration Statement with the SEC in connection with the offer and sale to the public and such other manner of offering of fixed-rate bonds as may be applicable under the rules and regulations therefor as promulgated by the SEC of up to an aggregate principal amount of ₱50,000,000,000, to be issued in one or more tranches. The fixed-rate bonds of up to ₱6,000,000,000 covered by this Offer Supplement is the fourth Tranche under the ₱50,000,000,000 Securities Program subject of a Shelf Registration that was authorized by a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company dated February 27, 2019. A registration statement filed by the Company covering the Securities Program was rendered effective by the SEC by its order dated April 22, 2019 (the "Shelf Registration"). For the first Tranche of the Securities Program with a principal amount of ₱8,000,000,000, the SEC Permit of such bonds was issued on April 22, 2019. The SEC Permit for the second Tranche of the Securities Program with a principal amount of ₱3,000,000,000 was issued on September 13, 2019. The SEC Permit for the third Tranche of the Securities Program with a principal amount of ₱10,000,000,000 was issued on October 18, 2019. Pursuant to the confirmation and certificate of permit to offer securities for sale to be issued by the SEC, the fourth Tranche of the Securities Program, which will be in the form of fixed-rate bonds, will be issued with an aggregate principal amount of up to ₱6,000,000,000 with an Oversubscription Option of up to ₱4.000.000.000.

SHELF REGISTRATION OF SECURITIES NOT COVERED BY THE OFFER

After the close of the Offer and within three (3) years following the effectivity date of the Registration Statement, Ayala Land may, at its sole discretion, offer any or all of the remaining balance of the aggregate principal amount of Securities covered by such registration statement, in one or more subsequent Tranches under Rule 8.1.2 of the Implementing Rules and Regulations of the Securities Regulation Code. Such a shelf registration provides Ayala Land with the ability to conduct such an offering within a comparatively short period of time. Ayala Land believes that this provides it with the increased ability to take advantage of opportunities in a volatile debt capital market, as these occur. Any subsequent offering under such rule requires the submission by Ayala Land of the relevant updates and amendments to the registration statement and the issuance of the corresponding SEC Permit by the SEC. As a listed company, Ayala Land regularly disseminates such updates and information in its disclosures to the SEC and PSE.

At any time, which may include periods shortly following the completion of the Offer, Ayala Land may initiate subsequent offers of other Securities in various Tranches from the balance of the aggregate principal amount of Securities that will remain unissued from the Shelf Registration. Such subsequent offers may be conducted on different terms and tenors involving different issue managers, underwriters or other transaction parties. Ayala Land regularly considers prevailing market conditions and opportunities in relation to such offers that are permitted within the three (3) year effectivity of the Shelf Registration.

However, there can be no assurance in respect of: (i) whether Ayala Land will issue any such Securities at all; (ii) the size or timing of any individual issuance or the total issuance of such Securities; or (iii) the tenor, interest rate or other specific terms and conditions of any such issuance. Any decision by Ayala Land to offer such Securities will depend on a number of factors at the relevant time, many of which are not within Ayala Land's control, including but not limited to: prevailing interest rates, the financing requirements of Ayala Land's business and prospects, market liquidity and the state of the domestic capital market, and the Philippine, regional and global economies in general.

THE UNDERWRITERS OF THE FIXED-RATE BONDS OFFER

BDO Capital, BPI Capital, and China Bank Capital, pursuant to an Underwriting Agreement with Ayala Land dated June 10, 2020 (the "Underwriting Agreement"), have agreed to act as the Joint Lead Underwriters

and Bookrunners for the Offer and as such, distribute and sell the Fixed-rate Bonds at the Issue Price, and have also committed to underwrite in total of up to ₱6,000,000,000 of the Offer on a firm basis, in either case subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions and in consideration for certain fees and expenses. In the event of an oversubscription, the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners, in consultation with Ayala Land, may exercise the Oversubscription Option of up to Four Billion Pesos (₱4,000,000,000). The Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners shall have exclusive rights and priority to exercise the Oversubscription Option. In the event that the Oversubscription Option is partly exercised or not exercised at all during the Offer Period, the unexercised portion shall be automatically cancelled and may not be re-issued during the Offer.

For the Offer of Fixed-rate Bonds, the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners will receive a fee of up to 0.375% on the underwritten principal amount of the Fixed-rate Bonds issued. Such fee shall be inclusive of underwriting and participation commissions. The amount of the commitments of the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners are as follows:

Underwriter	Commitment
BDO Capital	₱ 2,000,000,000
BPI Capital	₱ 2,000,000,000
China Bank Capital	₱ 2,000,000,000
Total	₱ 6,000,000,000

There is no arrangement for the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners to return any unsold Fixed-rate Bonds to Ayala Land. The Underwriting Agreement may be terminated in certain circumstances prior to payment being made to Ayala Land of the net proceeds of the Fixed-rate Bonds.

The Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners are duly licensed by the SEC to engage in underwriting or distribution of the Fixed-rate Bonds. The Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners may, from time to time, engage in transactions with and perform services in the ordinary course of its business for Ayala Land or other members of the Ayala Group of which Ayala Land forms a part.

Except for BPI Capital, the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners have no direct relations with Ayala Land in terms of ownership by either of their respective major stockholder/s. BPI Capital is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Bank of the Philippine Islands ("BPI"). Ayala Land and BPI are affiliated companies, each with Ayala Corporation as a major shareholder.

SALE AND DISTRIBUTION

The distribution and sale of the Fixed-rate Bonds shall be undertaken by the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners who shall sell and distribute the Fixed-rate Bonds to third party buyers/investors. Nothing herein shall limit the rights of the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners from purchasing the Fixed-rate Bonds for their own respective accounts should there be any unsold Fixed-rate Bonds after the Offer Period.

OFFER PERIOD

The Offer Period shall commence at 9:00 a.m. on June 11, 2020 and end at 5:00 p.m. on June 19, 2020 or on such other date as the Issuer and the Joint Lead Underwriters and the Bookrunners may agree upon.

APPLICATION TO PURCHASE

Applicants may purchase the Fixed-rate Bonds during the Offer Period by submitting to the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners properly completed Applications to Purchase, together with two (2)

signature cards, and the full payment of the purchase price of the Fixed-rate Bonds in the manner provided therein. Corporate and institutional applicants must also submit, in addition to the foregoing:

- an original notarized certificate of the corporate secretary or an equivalent officer of the Applicant setting forth resolutions of the board of directors, partners or equivalent body (i) authorizing the purchase of the Fixed-rate Bonds indicated in the Application to Purchase and (ii) designating the signatories, with their specimen signatures, for the said purpose;
- copies of its Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws (or the Articles of Partnership, in case of a
 partnership) and latest amendments thereof, together with the Certificate of Incorporation issued
 by the SEC or other organizational documents issued by an equivalent government institution,
 stamped and signed as certified true copies by the SEC or the equivalent government institution,
 or by the corporate secretary, or by an equivalent officer(s) of the Applicant who is/are authorized
 signatory(ies);
- two (2) duly accomplished signature cards containing the specimen signatures of the authorized signatories of the Applicant, validated by its corporate secretary or by an equivalent officer(s) who is/are authorized signatory(ies);
- validly issued tax identification number issued by the BIR;
- identification document(s) of the authorized signatories of the Applicant, as specified in item (a) of the immediately succeeding paragraph below; and such other documents as may be reasonably required by any of the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners or the Registrar in the implementation of its internal policies regarding "know your customer" and anti-money laundering.

Individual applicants must also submit, in addition to accomplished Applications to Purchase and its required attachments:

- identification document ("ID") of the Applicant which shall consist of any one of the following valid identification documents bearing a recent photo, and which is not expired: Passport, Driver's License, Professional Regulation Commission ID, National Bureau of Investigation Clearance, Police Clearance, Postal ID, Voter's ID, Barangay Certification, Government Service Insurance System e-Card, Social Security System Card, Senior Citizen Card, Overseas Workers Welfare Administration ID, OFW ID, Seaman's Book, Alien Certification of Registration/Immigrant Certificate of Registration, Government Office and government-owned and controlled corporation ID, e.g., Armed Forces of the Philippines, Home Development Mutual Fund, Certification from the National Council for the Welfare of Disabled Persons, Department of Social Welfare and Development Certification, Integrated Bar of the Philippines ID, company IDs issued by private entities or institutions registered with or supervised or regulated either by the BSP, SEC or the Insurance Commission, or school ID duly signed by the principal or head of the school (for students who are beneficiaries of remittances/fund transfers who are not yet of voting age);
- two (2) duly accomplished signature cards containing the specimen signature of the Applicant;
- validly issued tax identification number issued by the BIR; and
- such other documents as may be reasonably required by any of the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners or the Registrar in implementation of its internal policies regarding "know your customer" and anti-money laundering.

An Applicant claiming exemption from any applicable tax, or is subject to a preferential withholding tax rate shall, in addition to the requirements set forth above, be required to submit the following requirements, subject to acceptance by the Issuer, as being sufficient in form and substance:

- a current and valid BIR-certified true copy of the tax exemption certificate, ruling or opinion addressed to the relevant applicant or Bondholder, confirming its exemption or preferential rate, as required under BIR Revenue Memorandum Circular No. 8-2014 including any clarification, supplement or amendment thereto;
- with respect to tax treaty relief, (a) for the initial interest due, three (3) originals of a duly accomplished valid, current and subsisting Certificate of Residence for Tax Treaty Relief ("CORTT") Form or the prescribed certificate of residence of their country together with the CORTT Form as required under BIR Revenue Memorandum Order No. 8-2017 and/or three (3) originals

of the duly notarized, consularized or apostilled (as the case may be), if executed outside of the Philippines, Special Power of Attorney executed by the Bondholder in favor of its authorized representative (if the CORTT Form and other documents are accomplished by an authorized representative) and confirmation acceptable to the Issuer that the Bondholder is not doing business in the Philippines to support the applicability of a tax treaty relief; and (b) for subsequent interests due, three (3) originals of Part II (D) of the CORTT Form shall be submitted by the Bondholder/Registrar to the Issuer no later than the 1st day of the month when such subsequent interest payment/s shall fall due and, if applicable, including any clarification, supplement or amendment thereto;

- a duly notarized undertaking executed by (1) the corporate secretary or any authorized representative of such applicant or Bondholder, who has personal knowledge of the exemption based on his official functions, if the applicant purchases, or the Bondholder holds, the Fixed-rate Bonds for its account, or (2) the trust officer, if the applicant is a universal bank authorized under Philippine law to perform trust and fiduciary functions and purchase the Fixed-rate Bonds pursuant to its management of tax-exempt entities (i.e. Employee Retirement Fund, etc.), declaring and warranting such entities' tax-exempt status or preferential rate entitlement, undertaking to immediately notify the Issuer, the Registrar and the Paying Agent of any suspension or revocation of the tax exemption certificate, certificate, ruling or opinion issued by the BIR, executed using the prescribed form, with a declaration and warranty of its tax exempt status or entitlement to a preferential tax rate, and agreeing to indemnify and hold the Issuer, the Registrar and the Paying Agent, and the Underwriters free and harmless against any claims, actions, suits, and liabilities resulting from the non-withholding or incorrect withholding of the required tax; and
- such other documentary requirements as may be required by the Issuer and the Registrar and Paying Agent, or as required under the applicable regulations of the relevant taxing or other authorities which for purposes of claiming tax treaty withholding rate benefits, shall include evidence of the applicability of a tax treaty and consularized or apostilled (as the case may be) proof of the Bondholder's legal domicile in the relevant treaty state, and confirmation acceptable to the Issuer that the Bondholder is not doing business in the Philippines; provided that the Issuer shall have the exclusive discretion to decide whether the documents submitted are sufficient for purposes of applying the exemption or the reduced rate being claimed by the Bondholder on the interest payments to such Bondholder; provided further that, all sums payable by the Issuer to tax exempt entities shall be paid in full without deductions for taxes, duties, assessments or government charges, subject to the submission by the Bondholder claiming the benefit of any exemption of the required documents and of additional reasonable evidence of such tax-exempt status to the Registrar.

Completed Applications to Purchase and corresponding payments must reach the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners prior to the end of the Offer Period, or such earlier date as may be specified by the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners. Acceptance by the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners of the completed Application to Purchase shall be subject to the availability of the Fixed-rate Bonds and the acceptance by Ayala Land. In the event that any check payment is returned by the drawee bank for any reason whatsoever, the Application to Purchase shall be automatically canceled and any prior acceptance of the Application to Purchase is deemed revoked.

MINIMUM PURCHASE

A minimum purchase of ₱50,000.00 shall be considered for acceptance. Purchases in excess of the minimum shall be in multiples of ₱10,000.00.

ALLOTMENT OF THE FIXED-RATE BONDS

If the Fixed-rate Bonds are insufficient to satisfy all Applications to Purchase, the available Fixed-rate Bonds shall be allotted at the discretion of the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners, in consultation with the

Issuer and subject to Ayala Land's right of rejection.

REFUNDS

If any application is rejected or accepted in part only, the corresponding payment or the appropriate portion thereof shall be returned without interest to such applicant through the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners from whom such application to purchase the Fixed-rate Bonds was made.

UNCLAIMED PAYMENTS

Any payment of interest on, or the principal of the Fixed-rate Bonds which remain unclaimed after the same shall have become due and payable, shall be held in trust by the Paying Agent for the Bondholders at the latter's risk.

PURCHASE AND CANCELLATION

The Issuer may at any time purchase any of the Fixed-rate Bonds in the open market or by tender or by contract at market price, without any obligation to purchase (and the Bondholders shall not be obliged to sell) the Fixed-rate Bonds pro-rata from all Bondholders. Any Fixed-rate Bonds so purchased shall be redeemed and cancelled and may not be re-issued. Upon listing of the Fixed-rate Bonds on PDEx, the Issuer shall disclose any such transactions in accordance with the applicable PDEx disclosure rules.

SECONDARY MARKET

Ayala Land intends to list the Fixed-rate Bonds in the PDEx. Ayala Land may purchase the Fixed-rate Bonds at any time in the PDEx trading system without any obligation to make pro-rata purchases of Fixed-rate Bonds from all Bondholders.

REGISTER OF BONDHOLDERS

The Fixed-rate Bonds shall be issued in scripless form. A Master Certificate of Indebtedness representing the Fixed-rate Bonds sold in the Offer shall be issued to and registered in the name of the Trustee, on behalf of the Bondholders.

Beneficial title to the Fixed-rate Bonds shall be shown in the Register of Bondholders to be maintained by the designated registrar for the Fixed-rate Bonds. Initial placement of the Fixed-rate Bonds and subsequent transfers of interests in the Fixed-rate Bonds shall be subject to applicable Philippine selling restrictions prevailing from time to time. The Issuer will cause the Register of Bondholders to be kept at the specified office of the Registrar. The names and addresses of the Bondholders and the particulars of the Fixed-rate Bonds held by them and of all transfers of Fixed-rate Bonds shall be entered in the Register of Bondholders.

DESCRIPTION OF THE FIXED-RATE BONDS

The following is a description of certain terms and conditions of the Fixed-rate Bonds. This description of the terms and conditions of the Fixed-rate Bonds set forth herein does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the agreements relating to the Fixed-rate Bonds, copies of which are available for inspection at the offices of the Trustee. The terms and conditions set out in this section will, subject to amendment, be set out in the Trust Indenture between the Issuer and the Trustee.

The issuance of up to Fifty Billion Pesos (₱50,000,000,000) aggregate principal amount of debt and other securities as provided by applicable SEC rules and regulations effective at the time of issuance (the "Securities") to be issued in one or more tranches (each, a "Tranche") (the "Securities Program") was authorized by a resolution of the Board of Directors of Ayala Land, Inc. ("Ayala Land" or "Issuer") dated February 27, 2019. A registration statement filed by the Issuer covering the Securities Program was rendered effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") by its order dated April 22, 2019 (the "Shelf Registration"). The first Tranche of the Securities Program with a principal amount of Eight Billion Pesos (₱8,000,000,000) of fixed-rate bonds was issued on May 6, 2019 under a prospectus dated April 16, 2019. The second Tranche of the Securities Program with a principal amount of Three Billion Pesos (₱3,000,000,000) of fixed-rate bonds was issued on September 30, 2019 under a prospectus dated September 12, 2019 (the "Prospectus") and an offer supplement dated September 12, 2019. The third Tranche of the Securities Program with a principal amount of Ten Billion Pesos (₱10.000.000.000) of fixedrate bonds was issued on November 06, 2019 under the Prospectus and offer supplement dated October 17, 2019. Pursuant to the confirmation and certificate of permit to offer securities for sale to be issued by the SEC, the fourth Tranche of the Securities Program, which will be in the form of fixed-rate bonds, will be issued with an aggregate principal amount of up to Six Billion Pesos (₱6,000,000,000) with an oversubscription option of up to Four Billion Pesos (₱4,000,000,000) (the "Oversubscription Option") (the "Fixed-rate Bonds" or the "Offer") under the Prospectus and the Offer Supplement dated June 10, 2020 (the "Offer Supplement").

The Fixed-rate Bonds are constituted by a Trust Indenture executed on June 10, 2020 (the "Trust Indenture") between the Issuer and China Banking Corporation – Trust and Asset Management Group (the "Trustee", which term shall, wherever the context permits, include all other persons or companies for the time being acting as trustee or trustees under the Trust Indenture). The description of the terms and conditions of the Fixed-rate Bonds set out below ("Terms and Conditions") includes summaries of, and is subject to, the detailed provisions of the Trust Indenture and the Registry and Paying Agency Agreement executed on June 10, 2020 (the "Registry and Paying Agency Agreement") between the Issuer, and the Registrar and Paying Agent.

Philippine Depository & Trust Corp. ("PDTC") has no interest in or relation to Ayala Land which may conflict with its roles as Registrar and Paying Agent for the Offer. China Banking Corporation – Trust and Asset Management Group has no interest in or relation to Ayala Land which may conflict with its role as Trustee for the Offer.

Copies of the Trust Indenture and the Registry and Paying Agency Agreement are available for inspection during normal business hours at the specified offices of the Trustee and the Registrar. The holders of the Fixed-rate Bonds (the "Bondholders") are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by, and are deemed to have notice of, all the provisions of the Trust Indenture and are deemed to have notice of those provisions of the Registry and Paying Agency Agreement applicable to them.

1. Form, Denomination and Title

(a) Form and Denomination

The Fixed-rate Bonds are in scripless form, and shall be issued, in denominations of Fifty Thousand Pesos (₱50,000) each, as a minimum, and in multiples of Ten Thousand Pesos (₱10,000)

thereafter and traded in denominations of Ten Thousand Pesos (₱10,000) in the secondary market.

(b) Title

The beneficial interest to the Fixed-rate Bonds shall be shown on and recorded in the Register of Bondholders maintained by the Registrar. A notice confirming the principal amount of the Fixed-rate Bonds purchased by each applicant in the Offer shall be issued by the Registrar to all Bondholders following the Issue Date. Upon any assignment, title to the Fixed-rate Bonds shall pass by recording the transfer from a transferor to the transferee in the Register of Bondholders maintained by the Registrar. Settlement in respect of such transfer or change of title to the Fixed-rate Bonds, including the settlement of any cost arising from such transfers, including, but not limited to, documentary stamps taxes, if any, arising from subsequent transfers, shall be for the account of the relevant Bondholder.

(c) Fixed-rate Bond Rating

The Fixed-rate Bonds have been rated Aaa with a Stable Outlook by Philippine Rating Services Corporation ("PhilRatings") on May 13, 2020. Obligations rated Aaa are of the highest quality with minimal credit risk. In coming up with the rating, PhilRatings considered the following factors: (1) a well-diversified portfolio, with a sizable and strategic land bank for future expansion, complemented by solid brand equity and a highly experienced management team; (2) sustained profitability in the past decade, coupled with healthy cash flow generation and high cash reserves; (3) sound capitalization, with a manageable debt level and mix; and (4) ample liquidity buffers and financial flexibility against the tempered industry outlook and ongoing slowdown of operations, in light of the COVID-19 pandemic.

PhilRatings' credit ratings are based on available information and projections at the time that the rating review was performed. PhilRatings shall continuously monitor developments relating to Ayala Land and may change the ratings at any time, should circumstances warrant a change. The rating is subject to annual review, or more frequently as market developments may dictate, for as long as the relevant Fixed-rate Bonds are outstanding. After Issue Date, the Trustee shall monitor the compliance of the Fixed-rate Bonds with the regular annual reviews.

2. Transfer of the Fixed-rate Bonds

(a) Register of Bondholders

The Issuer shall cause the Register of Bondholders to be kept by the Registrar, in electronic form. The names and addresses of the Bondholders and the particulars of the Fixed-rate Bonds held by them and of all transfers of Fixed-rate Bonds shall be entered into the Register of Bondholders. As required by Circular No. 428, Series of 2004 issued by the *Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas*, the Registrar shall send each Bondholder a written statement of registry holdings at least quarterly (at the cost of the Issuer) and a written advice confirming every receipt or transfer of the Fixed-rate Bonds that is effected in the Registrar's system (at the cost of the Issuer). Such statement of registry holdings shall serve as the confirmation of ownership of the relevant Bondholder as of the date thereof. Any requests of Bondholders for certifications, reports or other documents from the Registrar, except as provided herein, shall be for the account of the requesting Bondholder. No transfers of the Fixed-rate Bonds may be made during the period commencing on a Record Date as defined in the section on "Interest Payment Date."

(b) Transfers; Tax Status

Transfers across Tax Categories shall not be allowed except on Interest Payment Dates that fall on a Business Day, provided however that transfers from a tax-exempt category to a taxable tax category on a non-Interest Payment Date shall be allowed using the applicable tax-withheld series name on Philippine Dealing & Exchange Corp. ("PDEx"), ensuring the computations are based on the final withholding tax rate of the taxable party to the trade. Should this transaction occur, the taxexempt entity shall be treated as being of the same Tax Category as its taxable counterpart for the interest period within which such transfer occurred. For purposes hereof, "Tax Categories" refer to the four (4) final withholding tax categories covering, particularly, tax-exempt entities, 20% taxwithheld entities, 25% tax-withheld entities, and 30% tax-withheld entities. This restriction shall be in force until a non-restricted trading & settlement environment for corporate securities is implemented. Transfers taking place in the Register of Bondholders after the Fixed-rate Bonds are listed in PDEx may be allowed between taxable and tax-exempt entities without restriction and observing the tax exemption of tax exempt entities, if and/or when allowed under and are in accordance with the relevant rules, conventions and guidelines of PDEx and PDTC. Transfers to or from Bondholders claiming the benefit of any tax treaty which subjects the interest income to a final withholding tax rate other than the final withholding tax categories indicated above shall only be allowed on Interest Payment Dates that fall on a Business Day.

A Bondholder claiming tax-exempt status is required to submit a written notification of the sale or purchase to the Registrar, including the tax status of the transferor or transferee, as appropriate, together with the supporting documents specified under Registry and Paying Agency Agreement upon submission of Account Opening Documents to the Registrar.

(c) Registrar

For transfers and record updates, notices and communication with the Registrar may be made through the following:

Philippine Depository & Trust Corp. 29th Floor BDO Equitable Tower Paseo de Roxas, Makati City, Metro Manila

Telephone no:	(632) 8884-4425
Fax no:	(632) 8757-6025
E-mail:	baby_delacruz@pds.com.ph
Attention:	Josephine Dela Cruz, Associate Director

(d) Secondary Trading of the Fixed-rate Bonds

The Issuer intends to list the Fixed-rate Bonds in PDEx for secondary market trading. The Fixedrate Bonds will be traded in a minimum board lot size of Ten Thousand Pesos (₱10,000) as a minimum, and in multiples of Ten Thousand Pesos (₱10,000) in excess thereof for as long as any of the Fixed-rate Bonds are listed on PDEx. Secondary market trading in PDEx shall follow the applicable PDEx rules, conventions, and guidelines governing trading and settlement between Bondholders of different tax status and shall be subject to the relevant fees of PDEx and PDTC.

3. Ranking

The Fixed-rate Bonds constitute direct, unconditional, and unsecured Peso-denominated obligations of the Issuer and shall rank *pari passu* and ratably without any preference or priority amongst themselves and at least *pari passu* with all other present and future unsecured obligations of the Issuer, other than obligations preferred by the law.

4. Interest

(a) Interest Payment Dates

The Fixed-rate Bonds bear interest on its principal amount from and including the Issue Date at the fixed rate of 3.0000% per annum from the Issue Date, payable quarterly in arrear on March 26, June 26, September 26, and December 26 of each year while the Fixed-rate Bonds are outstanding (each of which, for purposes of this section is an "Interest Payment Date") commencing on September 26, 2020. In the event that any of such Interest Payment Dates are not Business Days, such Interest Payment Dates shall be deemed to be the immediately succeeding Business Day without any adjustment to the amount due. The last Interest Payment Date shall fall on the Maturity Date, or the immediately succeeding Business Day if such date is not a Business Day, without any adjustment to the amount due.

The cut-off date in determining the existing Bondholders entitled to receive interest or principal amount due shall be the day two (2) Business Days prior to the relevant Interest Payment Date (the "Record Date"), which shall be the reckoning day in determining the Bondholders entitled to receive interest, principal or any other amount due under the Fixed-rate Bonds. No transfers of the Fixed-rate Bonds may be made during this period intervening between and commencing on the Record Date and the relevant Interest Payment Date.

(b) Interest Accrual

Each Fixed-rate Bond shall cease to bear interest, net of applicable withholding taxes, from and including the Maturity Date, as defined in the discussion on *"Final Redemption"*, unless, upon due presentation, payment of the principal in respect of the Fixed-rate Bond then outstanding is not made, is improperly withheld or refused, in which case the Penalty Interest (see *"Penalty Interest"*) shall apply.

(c) Determination of Interest Amount

The interest shall be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve (12) months of thirty (30) days each and, in the case of an incomplete month, the number of days elapsed on the basis of a month of thirty (30) days.

5. Redemption and Purchase

(a) Final Redemption

Unless previously purchased and cancelled, the Fixed-rate Bonds shall be redeemed at par or One Hundred percent (100%) of face value on the Maturity Date. However, payment of all amounts due on such date may be made by the Issuer through the Paying Agent, without adjustment to the amount of interest and principal to be paid, on the immediately succeeding Business Day if the Maturity Date is not a Business Day.

(b) Redemption for Taxation Reasons

If payments under the Fixed-rate Bonds become subject to additional or increased taxes other than the taxes and rates of such taxes prevailing on the Issue Date as a result of certain changes in law, rule or regulation, or in the interpretation thereof, and such additional or increased rate of such tax cannot be avoided by use of reasonable measures available to the Issuer, the Issuer may redeem the Fixed-rate Bonds in whole, but not in part, (having given not more than sixty (60) nor less than fifteen (15) days' prior written notice to the Trustee) at par plus accrued interest, net of applicable withholding taxes.

(c) Purchase and Cancellation

The Issuer may at any time purchase any of the Fixed-rate Bonds in the open market or by tender

or by contract at market price, in accordance with PDEx Rules without any obligation to purchase (and the Bondholders shall not be obliged to sell) Fixed-rate Bonds pro-rata from all Bondholders. Any Fixed-rate Bonds so purchased shall be redeemed and cancelled and may not be re-issued. Upon listing of the Fixed-rate Bonds on PDEx, the Issuer shall disclose any such transactions in accordance with the applicable PDEx disclosure rules.

(d) Change in Law or Circumstance

The following events shall be considered as changes in law or circumstances ("Change in Law or Circumstance") as it refers to the obligations of the Issuer and to the rights and interests of the Bondholders under the Trust Indenture and the Fixed-rate Bonds:

- (i) Any government and/or non-government consent, license, authorization, registration or approval now or hereafter necessary to enable the Issuer to comply with its obligations under the Trust Indenture or the Fixed-rate Bonds shall be modified in a manner which, in the reasonable opinion of the Trustee, shall materially and adversely affect the ability of the Issuer to comply with such obligations, or shall be withdrawn or withheld.
- (ii) Any provision of the Trust Indenture or any of the related documents is or shall become, for any reason, invalid, illegal or unenforceable to the extent that shall become for any reason unlawful for the Issuer to give effect to its rights or obligations hereunder, or to enforce any provisions of the Trust Indenture or any of the related documents in whole or in part, or any law shall be introduced to prevent or restrain the performance by the parties hereto of their obligations under the Trust Indenture or any other related documents.
- (iii) Any concessions, permits, rights, franchise or privileges required for the conduct of the business and operations of the Issuer shall be revoked, canceled or otherwise terminated, or the free and continued use and exercise thereof shall be curtailed or prevented, in such manner as to materially and adversely affect the financial condition or operations of the Issuer.
- (iv) The Republic of the Philippines or any competent authority thereof takes any action to suspend the whole or a substantial portion of the operations of the Issuer and to condemn, seize, nationalize or appropriate (either with or without compensation) the Issuer or any material portion of its properties or assets, unless such act, deed or proceedings are contested in good faith by the Issuer.

If any one or more of the events enumerated as a Change of Law or Circumstance shall occur and be continuing for a period of thirty (30) days, the Majority Bondholders, by notice in writing delivered to the Issuer through the Trustee, after the lapse of the said thirty (30) day period, may declare the principal of the Fixed-rate Bonds, including all accrued interest, net of applicable withholding taxes, and other charges thereon, if any, to be immediately due and payable, and upon such declaration the same shall be immediately due and payable, without any prepayment penalty, anything contained in the Trust Indenture or in the Fixed-rate Bonds to the contrary notwithstanding, subject to the notice requirements under the discussion on *"Notice of Default."*

6. Payments

The principal of, interest on and all other amounts payable on the Fixed-rate Bonds shall be paid to the Bondholders by crediting of the cash settlement accounts designated by each of the Bondholders. The principal of, and interest on, the Fixed-rate Bonds shall be payable in Philippine Pesos.

The Issuer shall ensure that so long as any of the Fixed-rate Bonds remains outstanding, there shall at all times be a Paying Agent for the purposes of the Fixed-rate Bonds and the Issuer or the Paying Agent may only terminate the appointment of the Paying Agent as provided in the Registry and Paying Agency Agreement. In the event the appointed office of any institution shall be unable or unwilling to continue to act as the Paying Agent, the Issuer shall appoint the Makati City office of such other leading institution in the Philippines authorized to act in its place. The Paying Agent may not resign its duties or be removed without a successor having been appointed.

7. Payment of Additional Amounts; Taxation

Interest income on the Fixed-rate Bonds is subject to a final withholding tax at rates of between fifteen percent (15%) and thirty percent (30%) depending on the tax status of the relevant Bondholder under relevant law, regulation or tax treaty. Except for such final withholding tax and as otherwise provided, all payments of principal and interest are to be made free and clear of any deductions or withholding for or on account of any present or future taxes or duties imposed by or on behalf of Republic of the Philippines, including, but not limited to, issue, registration or any similar tax or other taxes and duties, including interest and penalties, if any. If such taxes or duties are imposed, the same shall be for the account of the Issuer; provided however that, the Issuer shall not be liable for the following:

(a) The applicable final withholding tax applicable on interest earned on the Fixed-rate Bonds prescribed under the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended and its implementing rules and regulations promulgated by the BIR as may be in effect from time to time (the "Tax Code"). An investor who is exempt from the aforesaid withholding tax, or is subject to a preferential withholding tax rate shall be required to submit the following requirements to the Registrar, subject to acceptance by the Issuer as being sufficient in form and substance: (i) a copy of the current and valid tax exemption certificate, ruling or opinion issued by the BIR (dated no earlier than required to be considered valid under applicable tax regulations at the relevant time), addressed to the Bondholder, confirming the exemption or preferential rate, as required under BIR Revenue Memorandum Circular No. 8-2014 including any clarification, supplement or amendment thereto, and certified by the Corporate Secretary of the Bondholder as being a true copy of the original on file with the Bondholder, which notarized certification indicates that: (a) the exemption certificate is a true copy of the original; (b) the original is in the possession of the Corporate Secretary as the duly authorized custodian of the same; and (c) the Corporate Secretary has personal knowledge based on his official functions of any amendment, revocation, expiration, change or any circumstance affecting said certification's validity; (ii) with respect to tax treaty relief, (a) for the initial interest due, three (3) originals of a duly accomplished valid, current and subsisting Certificate of Residence for Tax Treaty Relief ("CORTT") Form or the prescribed certificate of residence of their country together with the CORTT Form as required under BIR Revenue Memorandum Order No. 8-2017 and/or three (3) originals of the duly notarized, consularized or apostilled (as the case may be), if executed outside of the Philippines, Special Power of Attorney executed by the Bondholder in favor of its authorized representative (if the CORTT Form and other documents are accomplished by an authorized representative) and confirmation acceptable to the Issuer that the Bondholder is not doing business in the Philippines to support the applicability of a tax treaty relief; and (b) for subsequent interests due, three (3) originals of Part II (D) of the CORTT Form shall be submitted by the Bondholder/Registrar to the Issuer no later than the 1st day of the month when such subsequent interest payment/s shall fall due, including, if applicable, any clarification, supplement or amendment thereto; (iii) a duly notarized undertaking (substantially in the prescribed form by Ayala Land) declaring and warranting that the same Bondholder named in the tax exemption certificate described in (a) above, is specifically exempt from the relevant tax or is subject to a preferential tax rate for the relevant tax, undertaking to immediately notify the Issuer and the Registrar and Paying

Agent of any suspension or revocation or modification of the tax exemption certificates or preferential rate entitlement, and agreeing to indemnify and hold the Issuer and the Registrar free and harmless against any claims, actions, suits, and liabilities resulting from the non-withholding or reduced withholding of the required tax; and (iv) such other documentary requirements as may be required under the applicable regulations of the relevant taxing or other authorities which for purposes of claiming tax treaty withholding rate benefits, shall include a copy of the duly accomplished CORTT Form and shall include evidence of the applicability of a tax treaty and consularized or apostilled (as the case may be) proof of the Bondholder's legal domicile in the relevant treaty state, and confirmation acceptable to the Issuer that the Bondholder is not doing business in the Philippines; provided further that, all sums payable by the Issuer to tax exempt entities shall be paid in full without deductions for taxes, duties assessments or government charges subject to the submission by the Bondholder claiming the benefit of any exemption of reasonable evidence of such exemption to the Registrar;

- (b) Gross Receipts Tax under Section 121 of the Tax Code;
- (c) Taxes on the overall income of any securities dealer or Bondholder, whether or not subject to withholding; and
- (d) Value-added Tax ("VAT") under Sections 106 to 108 of the Tax Code, as amended by Republic Act No. 9337 and Republic Act No. 10963.

Documentary stamp tax for the primary issue of the Fixed-rate Bonds and the execution of the Bond Agreements, if any, shall be for the Issuer's account.

8. Financial Ratios

The Issuer shall maintain, for as long as any of the Fixed-rate Bonds remain outstanding, a Debt to Equity Ratio of not more than 3.0:1.0.

9. Negative Pledge

For as long as any of the Fixed-rate Bonds remain outstanding, the Issuer covenants that it shall not, without the prior written consent of the Majority Bondholders, permit any indebtedness for borrowed money to be secured by or to benefit from any mortgage, pledge, lien or encumbrance constituted on any of the Issuer's properties for the purpose of securing its or its Affiliate's obligation (a "Security") in favor of any creditor or class of creditors without providing the Bondholders with a Security, the benefit of which is extended equally and ratably among them to secure the Fixed-rate Bonds; provided however that, this restriction shall not prohibit "Permitted Securities," which are:

- (a) Any Security over any asset, including, but not limited to assets purchased, leased, or developed in the ordinary course of business, to secure: (i) the payment of the purchase price or cost of leasehold rights of such asset; or (ii) the payment of the cost and expenses for the development of such asset pursuant to any development made or being made by the Issuer in the ordinary course of business; or (iii) the payment of any indebtedness in respect of borrowed money (including extensions and renewals thereof and replacements therefor) incurred for the purpose of financing the purchase, lease or development of such asset.
- (b) Any Security constituted for any obligation or credit facility incurred for the purpose of pursuing any infrastructure project or investment therein, whether such infrastructure project is undertaken by the Issuer itself, by its Affiliates, and/or by the Issuer or its Affiliates

with third parties, and whether the same is carried on separately from or integrated with any of the real estate development of the Issuer, or any Security constituted by the Issuer on its right to receive income or revenues (whether in the form of dividends or otherwise) from infrastructure projects or related investments therein.

- (c) Any Security created for the purpose of paying current taxes, assessments or other governmental charges which are not delinquent or remain payable without any penalty; or the validity of which is contested in good faith in appropriate proceedings upon stay of execution of the enforcement thereof and adequate reserves having been provided for the payment thereof.
- (d) Any Security to secure, in the normal course of the business of the Issuer or its Affiliates:
 (i) statutory or regulatory obligations; (ii) surety or appeal bonds; (iii) bonds for release of attachment, stay of execution or injunction; or (iv) performance of bids, tenders, contracts (other than for the repayment of borrowed money) or leases.
- (e) Any Security: (i) imposed by law, such as carrier's, warehousemen's, mechanics' liens and other similar liens arising in the ordinary course of business and not material in amount; (ii) arising out of pledge or deposits under the workmen's compensation laws, unemployment insurance, old age pensions or other social security or retirement benefits or similar legislation; and (iii) arising out of set-off provisions in the normal course of its financing arrangements; provided that, the Bondholders hereunder shall also have to the extent permitted by applicable law, and upon notice to the Issuer, a similar right of set-off.
- (f) Any Security in favor of banks, insurance companies, other financial institutions and Philippine government agencies, departments, authorities, corporations or other juridical entities, which secure a preferential financing obtained by the Issuer under a governmental program, and which cover assets of the Issuer which have an aggregate appraised value, determined in accordance with generally accepted appraisal principles and practices consistently applied not exceeding Five Billion Pesos (₱5,000,000,000).
- (g) Any Security existing on the date of the Trust Indenture which is disclosed in writing by the Issuer to the Trustee prior to the execution of the Trust Indenture.
- (h) Any Security established in favor of insurance companies and other financial institutions in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Office of the Insurance Commission on admitted assets or the requirements of the BSP on loans and financial accommodations extended to directors, officers, stockholders and related interests ("DOSRI").
- (i) Any Security constituted for the purpose of guaranteeing an Affiliate's obligation in connection with any contract or agreement that has been assigned to such Affiliate by the Issuer.
- (j) The assignment, transfer or conveyance of the Issuer's right to receive any of its income or revenues from receivables arising out of the sale of property held for sale by the Issuer in the ordinary course of business (the "Project Receivables").
- (k) The assignment, transfer or conveyance of the right of the Issuer to receive any income or revenues other than from Project Receivables; provided that, the constitution by the Issuer of such Security shall not cause the Issuer to exceed the ratio of the amount of indebtedness of the Issuer secured by any lien constituted pursuant to this subparagraph (k) to the noncurrent assets of the Issuer (as computed in accordance with PFRS and based on the most recent audited financial statements of the Issuer) which ratio shall not be more than 0.5:1.0.
- (I) Any Security to be constituted on the assets of the Issuer after the date of the Trust Indenture which is disclosed in writing by the Issuer to the Trustee prior to the execution of

the Trust Indenture or any Security for an aggregate loan accommodation not exceeding the equivalent of ten percent (10%) of the market value of the consolidated assets of the Issuer as reflected in the latest appraisal report submitted by an independent and reputable appraiser.

- (m) Any Security constituted over the investment of the Issuer in any of its Affiliates, whether such investment is in the form of shares, deposits or advances, to guarantee or secure the obligations of the said Affiliates.
- (n) Any Security constituted for the purpose of guaranteeing an Affiliate's obligation in connection with any contract or agreement (other than for borrowed money).
- (o) Any title transfer or retention of title arrangement entered into by the Issuer in the normal course of its trading activities on the counterparty's standard or usual terms.
- (p) Any Security created over (i) deposits made by the Issuer with the proceeds of any loan facility made to it by any bank or financial institution denominated in a currency other than Philippine Pesos ("foreign currency"); or (ii) financial instruments denominated in foreign currency owned by the Issuer, in each case solely for the purpose of securing loan facilities denominated in Philippine Pesos granted by the Issuer in an aggregate principal amount not exceeding the amount of the deposit of the face amount (or value) of that financial instrument.
- (q) Any Security created over cash deposits or marketable investment securities in favor of a bank or financial institution to secure any borrowed money in connection with a treasury transaction; provided that, the aggregate amount of security does not at any time exceed Thirty Million U.S. Dollars (US\$30,000,000) or its equivalent. For this purpose, a "treasury transaction" means any currency, commodity, or interest rate purchase, cap or collar agreement, forward rate agreement, future or option contract, swap or other similar agreement, in relation to the Issuer's treasury management;
- (r) The assignment, transfer or conveyance by way of Security (in any case without recourse) of the Issuer's right to receive any income or revenues from any asset of the Issuer not used in the ordinary course of business; provided that, the constitution by the Issuer of such Security shall not cause the Issuer to breach the Debt to Equity Ratio.

10. Events of Default

The Issuer shall be considered in default under the Fixed-rate Bonds and the Trust Indenture in case any of the following events (each an "Event of Default") shall occur and is continuing:

(a) Payment Default

The Issuer fails to pay when due and payable any amount which the Issuer is obliged to pay to the Bondholders under the Trust Indenture and the Fixed-rate Bonds, and such failure, if due to causes other than the willful misconduct or gross negligence of the Issuer, is not remedied within five (5) Business Days from receipt by the Issuer of written notice of such non-payment from the Trustee; provided, however, that, the amount due for payment during the said five (5) Business Day remedy period shall be subject to the interest specified in the section *"Interest."*

(b) Representation/Warranty Default

Any representation and warranty of the Issuer hereof or any certificate or opinion submitted pursuant hereto proves to have been untrue, incorrect or misleading in any material respect as and when made and the circumstances which cause such representation or warranty to be incorrect or

misleading continue for not less than fourteen (14) days (or such longer period as the Majority Bondholders shall approve) after receipt of written notice from the Bondholders to that effect.

(c) Other Default

The Issuer fails to perform or violates any other provision, term of the Trust Indenture and the Fixedrate Bonds, and such failure or violation is not remediable or, if remediable, continues to be unremedied after the applicable grace period, or in the absence of such grace period, after thirty (30) days from the date of occurrence of the said violation with respect to the covenant to maintain the prescribed financial ratio, (particularly a maximum debt to equity ratio of 3:1.0) and within ten (10) Business Days from the date of the occurrence of said violation, with respect to any other covenant or obligation; provided that, the Events of Default constituting insolvency initiated by the Issuer or closure default, or a violation of a negative covenant shall not be remediable.

(d) Cross Default

The Issuer violates any material term or condition of any contract executed by the Issuer with any bank, financial institution or other person, corporation or entity for the payment of borrowed money which constitutes an event of default under said contract, or in general, violation of any, law or regulation which violation, if remediable, is not remedied by the Issuer within ten (10) Business Days from receipt of notice by the Trustee to the Issuer, or which violation is otherwise not contested by the Issuer, and the effect of such violation results in the acceleration or declaration of the whole financial obligation to be due and payable prior to the stated normal date of maturity; and which violation shall, further, in the reasonable opinion of the Trustee, adversely and materially affect the performance by the Issuer of its obligations under the Trust Indenture and the Fixed-rate Bonds; provided however that, no event of default shall occur under this paragraph unless the aggregate amount of indebtedness in respect of which one or more of the events above mentioned has/have occurred equals or exceeds ₱500,000,000.

(e) Insolvency Default

The Issuer becomes insolvent or unable to pay its debts when due or commits or permits any act of Bankruptcy, which term shall include, but shall not be limited to: (i) filing of a petition in any Bankruptcy, reorganization (other than a labor or management reorganization), winding-up, suspension of payment or liquidation proceeding, or any other proceeding analogous in purpose and effect; (ii) appointment of a trustee or receiver of all or a substantial portion of its properties; (iii) making of an assignment for the benefit of its creditors; (iv) the admission in writing by the Issuer of its inability to pay its debts; or (v) the entry of any order or judgment of any court, tribunal or administrative agency or body confirming the Bankruptcy or insolvency of the Issuer or approving any reorganization (other than a labor or management reorganization), winding-up, liquidation or appointment of trustee or receiver of the Issuer or a substantial portion of its property or assets.

(f) Judgment Default

Any final judgment, decree or arbitral award for the sum of money, damages or for a fine or penalty in excess of ₱500,000,000 or its equivalent in any other currency is entered against the Issuer and the enforcement of which is not stayed, and is not paid, discharged or duly bonded within thirty (30) calendar days after the date when payment of such judgment, decree or award is due under the applicable law or agreement.

(g) Writ and Similar Process Default

Any judgment, writ, warrant of attachment, injunction, stay order, execution or similar process shall be issued or levied against any material part of the Issuer's assets and such judgment, writ, warrant or similar process shall not be released, vacated or fully bonded within thirty (30) calendar days after its issue or levy.

(h) Closure Default

The Issuer voluntarily suspends or ceases operations of a substantial portion of its business for a continuous period of thirty (30) calendar days except in the case of strikes or lockouts or when necessary to prevent business losses or when due to fortuitous events or *force majeure*.

11. Notice of Default

The Trustee shall, within thirty (30) days after the occurrence of any Event of Default, give to the Bondholders written notice of such default known to it, unless the same shall have been cured before the giving of such notice; provided that, in the case of Payment Default, as described in *"Payment Default*," the Trustee shall immediately notify the Bondholders upon the occurrence of such Payment Default. The existence of a written notice required to be given to the Bondholders hereunder shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in Metro Manila for two (2) consecutive days (at the expense of Ayala Land) further indicating in the published notice that the Bondholders or their duly authorized representatives may obtain an important notice regarding the Fixed-rate Bonds at the principal office of the Trustee upon presentment of sufficient and acceptable identification.

12. Consequences of Default

- (a) If any one or more of the Events of Default shall have occurred and be continuing, either the Trustee, upon the written instruction of the Majority Bondholders, whose written instructions/consents/letters shall be verified by the Registrar against the identification documents or the two-dimensional digital copies thereof in its possession, and by notice in writing delivered to the Issuer, or the Majority Bondholders, by notice in writing delivered to the Issuer and the Trustee, with a copy furnished to the Paying Agent and Registrar, may declare the principal of the Fixed-rate Bonds, including all accrued interest, net of applicable withholding taxes, and other charges thereon, if any, to be immediately due and payable, and upon such declaration the same shall be immediately due and payable, anything contained in the Trust Indenture or in the Fixed-rate Bonds to the contrary notwithstanding.
- (b) This provision, however, is subject to the condition that, except in the case of a Writ and Similar Process Default, the Majority Bondholders may, by written notice to the Issuer and the Trustee, during the prescribed curing period, if any, rescind and annul such declaration made by the Trustee pursuant to Condition 12(a), and the consequences of such declaration, upon such terms, conditions and agreement, if any, as they may determine; provided that, no such rescission and annulment shall extend to or shall affect any subsequent default or shall impair any right consequent thereon.
- (c) At any time after any Event of Default shall have occurred, the Trustee may:
 - (i) by notice in writing to the Issuer, require the Registrar and Paying Agent to:
 - (aa) act thereafter as agents of the Bondholders represented by the Trustee on the terms provided in the Registry and Paying Agency Agreement (with consequential amendments as necessary and save that the Trustee's liability under any provisions thereof for the indemnification, remuneration and payment of out-of-pocket expenses of the Paying Agent and the Registrar shall be limited to amounts for the time being held by the Trustee on the trusts of the Trust Indenture in relation to the Fixed-rate Bonds and available to the Trustee for such purpose) and thereafter to hold all sums,

documents and records held by them in respect of the Fixed-rate Bonds on behalf of the Trustee; and/or

- (bb) deliver all evidence of the Fixed-rate Bonds and all sums, documents and records held by them in respect of the Fixed-rate Bonds to the Trustee or as the Trustee shall direct in such notice; provided that, such notice shall be deemed not to apply to any document or record which the Registrar and Paying Agent is not obliged to release by any law or regulation; and
- (ii) by notice in writing to the Issuer, require the Issuer to make all subsequent payments in respect of the Fixed-rate Bonds to the order of the Trustee and with effect from the issue of any such notice until such notice is withdrawn, provision (bb) above and the Issuer's positive covenant to pay principal and interest, net of applicable withholding taxes, on the Fixed-rate Bonds, more particularly set forth in the Trust Indenture, shall cease to have effect.

In case any amount payable by the Issuer under the Fixed-rate Bonds, whether for principal, interest or otherwise, is not paid on due date, the Issuer shall, without prejudice to its obligations to pay the said principal, interest, net of applicable withholding taxes, and other amounts, pay Penalty Interest on the defaulted amount(s) from the time the amount falls due until it is fully paid.

13. Penalty Interest

In case any amount payable by the Issuer under the Fixed-rate Bonds, whether for principal, interest, net of applicable withholding taxes, or otherwise, is not paid on due date, the Issuer shall, without prejudice to its obligations to pay the said principal, interest, net of applicable withholding taxes, and other amounts, pay penalty interest on the defaulted amount(s) at the rate of twelve percent (12%) per annum (the "Penalty Interest") from the time the amount falls due until it is fully paid.

14. Payment in the Event of Default

The Issuer covenants that upon the occurrence of any Event of Default, the Issuer shall pay to the Bondholders, through the Paying Agent, the whole amount which shall then have become due and payable on all such outstanding Fixed-rate Bonds with interest at the rate borne by the Fixed-rate Bonds on the overdue principal, net of applicable withholding taxes, and with Penalty Interest as described above, and in addition thereto, the Issuer shall pay to the Trustee such further amounts as shall be determined by the Trustee to be sufficient to cover the cost and expenses of collection, including reasonable compensation to the Trustee, its agents, attorneys and counsel, and any reasonable expenses or liabilities incurred without negligence or bad faith by the Trustee hereunder.

15. Application of Payments

Any money collected or delivered to the Paying Agent, and any other funds held by it, subject to any other provision of the Trust Indenture and the Registry and Paying Agency Agreement relating to the disposition of such money and funds, shall be applied by the Paying Agent in the order of preference as follows: *first*, to the payment to the Trustee, the Registrar and Paying Agent, of the costs, expenses, fees and other charges of collection, including reasonable compensation to them, their agents, attorneys and counsel, and all reasonable expenses and liabilities incurred or disbursements made by them, without negligence or bad faith; *second*, to the payment of the interest, net of applicable withholding taxes, in default, in the order of the maturity of such interest with Penalty Interest, which payment shall be made pro-rata among the Bondholders; *third*, to the payment of the whole amount then due and unpaid upon the Fixed-rate Bonds for principal, and interest, net of applicable withholding taxes, with Penalty Interest, which payment shall be made

pro-rata among the Bondholders; and *fourth,* the remainder, if any shall be paid to the Issuer, its successors or assigns, or to whoever may be lawfully entitled to receive the same, or as a court of competent jurisdiction may direct. For this purpose, the Paying Agent shall deliver to the Trustee a joint certification of the funds to be applied for payment, and a schedule of payments to be made in accordance with the conditions.

16. Prescription

Claims in respect of principal and interest or other sums payable hereunder shall prescribe unless made within ten (10) years (in the case of principal or other sums) or five (5) years (in the case of interest) from the date on which payment becomes due.

17. Remedies

All remedies conferred by the Trust Indenture and these Terms and Conditions to the Trustee and the Bondholders shall be cumulative and not exclusive and shall not be so construed as to deprive the Trustee or the Bondholders of any legal remedy by judicial or extra judicial proceedings appropriate to enforce the conditions and covenants of the Trust Indenture, subject to the discussion below on *"Ability to File Suit."*

No delay or omission by the Trustee or the Bondholders to exercise any right or power arising from or on account of any default hereunder shall impair any such right or power, or shall be construed to be a waiver of any such default or an acquiescence thereto; and every power and remedy given by the Trust Indenture to the Trustee or the Bondholders may be exercised from time to time and as often as may be necessary or expedient.

18. Ability to File Suit

No Bondholder shall have any right by virtue of or by availing of any provision of the Trust Indenture to institute any suit, action or proceeding for the collection of any sum due from the Issuer hereunder on account of principal, interest, net of applicable withholding taxes, and other charges, or for the appointment of a receiver or trustee, or for any other remedy hereunder, unless (i) such Bondholder previously shall have given to the Trustee written notice of an Event of Default and of the continuance thereof and the related request for the Trustee to convene a meeting of the Bondholders to take up matters related to their rights and interests under the Fixed-rate Bonds; (ii) the Majority Bondholders shall have decided and made the written request upon the Trustee to institute such action, suit or proceeding in the latter's name; (iii) the Trustee, for sixty (60) days after the receipt of such notice and request shall have neglected or refused to institute any such action, suit or proceeding; and (iv) no directions inconsistent with such written request shall have been given under a waiver of default by the Bondholders, it being understood and intended, and being expressly covenanted by every Bondholder with every other Bondholder and the Trustee, that no one or more Bondholders shall have any right in any manner whatever by virtue of or by availing of any provision of the Trust Indenture to affect, disturb or prejudice the rights of the holders of any other such Fixed-rate Bonds or to obtain or seek to obtain priority over or preference to any other such holder or to enforce any right under the Trust Indenture, except in the manner herein provided and for the equal, ratable and common benefit of all the Bondholders.

19. Waiver of Default by the Bondholders

The Majority Bondholders may direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred upon the Trustee, or may, on behalf of the Bondholders waive any past default, except the events of default defined as a payment default, breach of representation or warranty default, insolvency default, or closure default, and its consequences. In case of any such waiver, the Issuer, the Trustee and the Bondholders shall be restored to their former positions and rights hereunder; provided however that, no such waiver shall extend to any subsequent or other default or impair any right consequent thereto. Any such waiver by the Majority Bondholders shall be conclusive and binding upon all Bondholders and upon all future holders and owners thereof, irrespective of whether or not any notation of such waiver is made upon the certificate representing the Fixed-rate Bonds.

20. Trustee; Notices

(a) Notice to the Trustee

All documents required to be submitted to the Trustee pursuant to the Trust Indenture, the Prospectus, and the Offer Supplement and all correspondence addressed to the Trustee shall be delivered to:

To the Trustee:	China Banking Corporation – Trust and Asset Management Group
Attention:	Susan U. Ferrer Senior Assistant Vice President
Subject:	Ayala Land Fixed-rate Bonds
Address:	8 th Floor, China Bank Building, 8745 Paseo de Roxas corner Villar Street, Makati City
Facsimile:	8867-1077

All documents and correspondence not sent to the above-mentioned address shall be considered as not to have been sent at all.

Any requests for documentation or certification and other similar matters must be communicated by the Bondholder to the Trustee in writing and shall be subject to review, acceptance and approval by the Trustee. Upon such acceptance and approval, the Bondholder shall pay to the Trustee upfront a fee of One Thousand Five Hundred Pesos (₱1,500) (the "Activity Fee") plus the costs of legal review, courier and the like. The Activity Fee may be adjusted from time to time, at the discretion of the Trustee.

In the absence of any applicable period stated elsewhere in these Conditions, written requests shall be reviewed and, if accepted and approved, addressed by the Trustee within ninety (90) days from receipt. This period may be extended should the Trustee be unable to review and address the requests for causes not attributable to the Trustee.

(b) Notice to the Bondholders

The Trustee shall send all Notices to Bondholders to their mailing address as set forth in the Register of Bondholders. Except where a specific mode of notification is provided for herein, notices to Bondholders shall be sufficient when made in writing and transmitted in any one of the following modes: (i) registered mail; (ii) surface mail; (iii) by one-time publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the Philippines; or (iv) personal delivery to the address of record in the Register of Bondholders. The Trustee shall rely on the Register of Bondholders in determining the Bondholders entitled to notice. All notices shall be deemed to have been received (i) ten (10) days from posting if transmitted by registered mail; (ii) fifteen (15) days from mailing, if transmitted by surface mail; (iii) on date of publication or (iv) on date of delivery, for personal delivery.

The publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the Philippines of a press release or news item about a communication or disclosure made by Ayala Land to the SEC on a matter relating to the Fixed-rate Bonds shall be deemed a notice to Bondholders of said matter on the date of the first publication.

(c) Binding and Conclusive Nature

Except as provided in the Trust Indenture, all notifications, opinions, determinations, certificates, calculations, quotations and decisions given, expressed, made or obtained by the Trustee for the purposes of the provisions of the Trust Indenture, shall (in the absence of willful default, bad faith or manifest error) be binding on the Issuer, and all Bondholders and (in the absence as referred to above) no liability to the Issuer, the Paying Agent or the Bondholders shall attach to the Trustee in connection with the exercise or non-exercise by it of its powers, duties and discretions under the Trust Indenture.

21. Duties and Responsibilities of the Trustee

- (a) The Trustee is appointed as trustee for and on behalf of the Bondholders and accordingly shall perform such duties and shall have such responsibilities as provided in the Trust Indenture. The Trustee shall, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Trust Indenture, monitor the compliance or non-compliance by the Issuer with all its representations and warranties, and the observance by the Issuer of all its covenants and performance of all its obligations, under and pursuant to the Trust Indenture. The Trustee shall observe due diligence in the performance of its duties and obligations under the Trust Indenture. For the avoidance of doubt, notwithstanding any actions that the Trustee may take, the Trustee shall remain to be the party responsible to the Bondholders, and to whom the Bondholders shall communicate with in respect to any matters that must be taken up with the Issuer.
- (b) The Trustee shall, prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default or after the curing of all such defaults which may have occurred, perform only such duties as are specifically set forth in the Trust Indenture. In case of default, the Trustee shall exercise such rights and powers vested in it by the Trust Indenture, and use such judgment and care under the circumstances then prevailing that individuals of prudence, discretion and intelligence, and familiar with such matters exercise in the management of their own affairs.
- (c) None of the provisions contained in these Terms and Conditions the Prospectus, or the Offer Supplement shall require or be interpreted to require the Trustee to expend or risk its own funds or otherwise incur personal financial liability in the performance of any of its duties or in the exercise of any of its rights or powers.
- (d) The Trustee, in the performance of its duties, shall exercise such rights and powers vested in it by this Agreement, with the care, prudence and diligence necessary under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent man, acting in like capacity and familiar with such matters, would exercise in the conduct of an enterprise of like character and with similar aims, and use such judgment and care under the circumstances then prevailing that individuals of prudence, discretion and intelligence, and familiar with such matters exercise in the management of their own affairs.
- (e) Unless a fixed period is otherwise specified in this Agreement and in the absence of a period specifically agreed to by the Trustee and Ayala Land and in the case of notices required to be sent by the Trustee to Bondholders, the Trustee must act promptly in the sending of such notices but in any case shall have a period of not more than thirty (30) days to complete the sending of all such notices in the manner allowed by this Agreement.
- (f) Notwithstanding the above, the Trustee, on its own discretion, may send notices or disclose to the Bondholders any fact, circumstance or event, which would have the effect of effectively reducing the principal amount of the Fixed-rate Bonds outstanding, including changes in Laws.

22. Resignation and Change of Trustee

- (a) The Trustee may at any time resign by giving thirty (30) days' prior written notice to the Issuer and to the Bondholders of such resignation.
- (b) Upon receiving such notice of resignation of the Trustee, the Issuer shall immediately appoint a successor trustee by written instrument in duplicate, executed by its authorized officers, one copy of which instrument shall be delivered to the resigning trustee and one copy to the successor trustee. However, notwithstanding the immediately preceding sentence, in cases where an Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing, it is the Majority Bondholders, not the Issuer, that shall appoint the successor trustee. If no successor shall have been so appointed and have accepted appointment within thirty (30) days after the giving of such notice of resignation, the resigning Trustee may petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor, or any Bondholder who has been a bona fide holder for at least six (6) months (the "Bona Fide Bondholder") may, for and in behalf of the Bondholders, petition any such court for the appointment of a successor. Such court may thereupon after notice, if any, as it may deem proper, appoint a successor trustee.
- (c) Subject to Section (f) below, a successor trustee must possess all the qualifications required under pertinent laws.
- (d) In case at any time the Trustee shall become incapable of acting, or has acquired conflicting interest, or shall be adjudged as bankrupt or insolvent, or a receiver for the Trustee or of its property shall be appointed, or any public officer shall take charge or control of the Trustee or of its properties or affairs for the purpose of rehabilitation, conservation or liquidation, then the Issuer may within thirty (30) days therefrom remove the Trustee concerned, and appoint a successor trustee, by written instrument in duplicate, executed by its authorized officers, one copy of which instrument shall be delivered to the Trustee concerned and one copy to the successor trustee. If the Issuer fails to remove the Trustee concerned and appoint a successor trustee, any Bona Fide Bondholder may petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the removal of the Trustee concerned and the appointment of a successor trustee. Such court may thereupon after such notice, if any, as it may deem proper, remove the Trustee and appoint a successor trustee.
- (e) The Majority Bondholders may at any time remove the Trustee for cause, and appoint a successor trustee, by the delivery to the Trustee so removed, to the successor trustee and to the Issuer of the required evidence under the provisions on Evidence Supporting the Action of the Bondholders in the Terms and Conditions. Unless removed for cause, the Trustee shall be given ninety (90) days to prepare documents, records or any other instruments necessary to be transferred to the successor trustee.
- (f) Any resignation or removal of the Trustee and the appointment of a successor trustee pursuant to any provisions of the Trust Indenture shall become effective upon the earlier of: (i) acceptance of appointment by the successor trustee as provided in the Trust Indenture; or (ii) effectivity of the resignation notice sent by the Trustee under the Trust Indenture (the "Resignation Effective Date"); provided however that, until such successor trustee is qualified and appointed, the resigning Trustee shall continue to discharge its duties and responsibilities solely as custodian of records for turnover to the successor trustee promptly upon the appointer thereof by the Issuer; provided finally that, such successor trustee possesses all the qualifications as required by pertinent laws.

23. Successor Trustee

- (a) Any successor trustee appointed shall execute, acknowledge and deliver to the Issuer and to its predecessor Trustee an instrument accepting such appointment, and thereupon the resignation or removal of the predecessor Trustee shall become effective and such successor trustee, without further act, deed or conveyance, shall become vested with all the rights, powers, trusts, duties and obligations of its predecessor in the trusteeship with like effect as if originally named as Trustee in the Trust Indenture. The foregoing notwithstanding, on the written request of the Issuer or of the successor trustee, the Trustee ceasing to act as such shall execute and deliver an instrument transferring to the successor trustee, all the rights, powers and duties of the Trustee so ceasing to act as such. Upon request of any such successor trustee, the Issuer shall execute any and all instruments in writing as may be necessary to fully vest in and confer to such successor trustee all such rights, powers and duties.
- (b) Upon acceptance of the appointment by a successor trustee, the Issuer shall notify the Bondholders in writing of the succession of such trustee to the trusteeship. If the Issuer fails to notify the Bondholders within ten (10) days after the acceptance of appointment by the successor trustee, the latter shall cause the Bondholders to be notified at the expense of the Issuer.

24. Reports to the Bondholders

- (a) The Trustee shall submit to the Bondholders on or before February 28 of each year from the relevant Issue Date until full payment of the Fixed-rate Bonds a brief report dated as of December 31 of the immediately preceding year with respect to:
 - (i) the property and funds, if any, physically in the possession of the Paying Agent held in trust for the Bondholders on the date of such report; and
 - (ii) any action taken by the Trustee in the performance of its duties under the Trust Indenture which it has not previously reported and which in its opinion materially affects the Fixed-rate Bonds, except action in respect of a default, notice of which has been or is to be withheld by it.
- (b) The Trustee shall submit to the Bondholders a brief report within ninety (90) days from the making of any advance for the reimbursement of which it claims or may claim a lien or charge which is prior to that of the Bondholders on the property or funds held or collected by the Paying Agent with respect to the character, amount and the circumstances surrounding the making of such advance; provided that, such advance remaining unpaid amounts to at least ten percent (10%) of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Fixed-rate Bonds at such time.
- (c) The following pertinent documents may be inspected during regular business hours on any Business Day at the principal office of the Trustee:
 - (i) Trust Indenture
 - (ii) Registry and Paying Agency Agreement
 - (iii) Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws of the Issuer
 - (iv) Registration Statement of the Issuer with respect to the Fixed-rate Bonds
 - (v) Opinions of the legal counsel with respect to the Issuer and the Fixed-rate Bonds

25. Meetings of the Bondholders

A meeting of the Bondholders may be called at any time for the purpose of taking any actions authorized to be taken by or in behalf of the Bondholders of any specified aggregate principal amount of Fixed-rate Bonds under any other provisions of the Trust Indenture or under the law and such other matters related to the rights and interests of the Bondholders under the Fixed-rate Bonds.

(a) Notice of Meetings

The Trustee may at any time call a meeting of the Bondholders, or the holders of at least twentyfive percent (25%) of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of Fixed-rate Bonds may direct in writing the Trustee to call a meeting of the Bondholders, to take up any allowed action, to be held at such time and at such place as the Trustee shall determine. Notice of every meeting of the Bondholders, setting forth the time and the place of such meeting and the purpose of such meeting in reasonable detail, shall be sent by the Trustee to the Issuer and to each of the registered Bondholders not earlier than forty-five (45) days nor later than fifteen (15) days prior to the date fixed for the meeting. All reasonable costs and expenses incurred by the Trustee for the proper dissemination of the requested meeting shall be reimbursed by the Issuer within ten (10) days from receipt of the duly supported billing statement.

(b) Failure of the Trustee to Call a Meeting

In case at any time, the Issuer, pursuant to a resolution of its board of directors or executive committee, or the holders of at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Fixed-rate Bonds shall have requested the Trustee to call a meeting of the Bondholders by written request setting forth in reasonable detail the purpose of the meeting, and the Trustee shall not have mailed and published, in accordance with the notice requirements, the notice of such meeting, then the Issuer or the Bondholders in the amount above specified may determine the time and place for such meeting and may call such meeting by mailing and publishing notice thereof.

(c) Quorum

The Trustee shall determine and record the presence of the Majority Bondholders, personally or by proxy. The presence of the Majority Bondholders, personally or by proxy, shall be necessary to constitute a quorum to do business at any meeting of the Bondholders.

- (d) Procedure for Meetings
 - (i) The Trustee shall preside at all the meetings of the Bondholders, unless the meeting shall have been called by the Issuer or by the Bondholders, in which case the Issuer or the Bondholders calling the meeting, as the case may be, shall in like manner move for the election of the chairman and secretary of the meeting.
 - (ii) Any meeting of the Bondholders duly called may be adjourned for a period or periods not to exceed in the aggregate of one (1) year from the date for which the meeting shall originally have been called and the meeting as so adjourned may be held without further notice. Any such adjournment may be ordered by persons representing a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Fixed-rate Bonds represented at the meeting and entitled to vote, whether or not a quorum shall be present at the meeting.
- (e) Voting Rights

To be entitled to vote at any meeting of the Bondholders, a person shall be a registered holder of one or more Fixed-rate Bonds or a person appointed by an instrument in writing as proxy by any such holder as of the date of the said meeting. Bondholders shall be entitled to one (1) vote for every Ten Thousand Pesos (₱10,000) interest. The only persons who shall be entitled to be present or to speak at any meeting of the Bondholders shall be the persons entitled to vote at such meeting and any representatives of the Issuer and its legal counsel.

(f) Voting Requirement

Except as provided in Condition 30 (Amendments), all matters presented for resolution by the Bondholders in a meeting duly called for the purpose shall be decided or approved by the affirmative vote of the Majority Bondholders present or represented in a meeting at which there is a quorum except as otherwise provided in the Trust Indenture. Any resolution of the Bondholders which has been duly approved with the required number of votes of the Bondholders as herein provided shall be binding upon all the Bondholders and the Issuer as if the votes were unanimous.

(g) Role of the Trustee in Meetings of the Bondholders

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Trust Indenture, the Trustee may make such reasonable regulations as it may deem advisable for any meeting of the Bondholders, in regard to proof of ownership of the Fixed-rate Bonds, the appointment of proxies by registered holders of the Fixed-rate Bonds, the election of the chairman and the secretary, the appointment and duties of inspectors of votes, the submission and examination of proxies, certificates and other evidences of the right to vote and such other matters concerning the conduct of the meeting as it shall deem fit.

26. Evidence Supporting the Action of the Bondholders

Wherever in the Trust Indenture it is provided that the holders of a specified percentage of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Fixed-rate Bonds may take any action (including the making of any demand or requests and the giving of any notice or consent or the taking of any other action), the fact that at the time of taking any such action the holders of such specified percentage have joined therein may be evidenced by: (i) any instrument executed by the Bondholders in person or by the agent or proxy appointed in writing, or (ii) the duly authenticated record of voting in favor thereof at the meeting of the Bondholders duly called and held in accordance herewith, or (iii) a combination of such instrument and any such record of meeting of the Bondholders.

27. Non-Reliance

Each Bondholder also represents and warrants to the Trustee that it has independently and, without reliance on the Trustee, made its own credit investigation and appraisal of the financial condition and affairs of the Issuer on the basis of such documents and information as it has deemed appropriate and that it has subscribed to the Issue on the basis of such independent appraisal, and each Bondholder represents and warrants that it shall continue to make its own credit appraisal without reliance on the Trustee. The Bondholders agree to indemnify and hold the Trustee harmless from and against any and all liabilities, damages, penalties, judgments, suits, expenses and other costs of any kind or nature against the Trustee in respect of its obligations hereunder, except for its gross negligence or wilful misconduct.

28. Amendments

The Issuer and the Trustee may amend or waive any provisions of the Bond Agreements if such amendment or waiver is of a formal, minor, or technical nature or to correct a manifest error or inconsistency, without prior notice to or the consent of the Bondholders or other parties, provided in all cases that such amendment or waiver does not adversely affect the interests of the Bondholders and provided further that all Bondholders are notified of such amendment or waiver.

The Issuer and the Trustee may amend the Terms and Conditions with notice to every Bondholder following the written consent of the Majority Bondholders (including consents obtained in connection with a tender offer or exchange offer for the Fixed-rate Bonds) or a vote of the Majority Bondholders at a meeting called for the purpose. However, without the consent of each Bondholder affected thereby, an amendment may not:

- (a) reduce the percentage of principal amount of Fixed-rate Bonds outstanding that must consent to an amendment or waiver;
- (b) reduce the rate of or extend the time for payment of interest on the Fixed-rate Bonds;
- (c) reduce the principal of or extend the Maturity Date of the Fixed-rate Bonds;
- (d) impair the right of any Bondholder to receive payment of principal of and interest on such Bondholder's Fixed-rate Bonds on or after the due dates therefore or to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on or with respect to such Bondholders;
- reduce the amount payable upon the redemption or repurchase of the Fixed-rate Bonds under the Terms and Conditions or change the time at which the Fixed-rate Bonds may be redeemed;
- (f) make the Fixed-rate Bonds payable in money other than that stated in the Fixed-rate Bonds;
- (g) subordinate the Fixed-rate Bonds to any other obligation of Ayala Land;
- (h) release any security interest that may have been granted in favor of the Bondholders;
- (i) amend or modify the Payment of Additional Amounts, Taxation, the Events of Default of the Terms and Conditions or the Waiver of Default by the Bondholders; or
- (j) make any change or waiver of this Condition 28.

It shall not be necessary for the consent of the Bondholders under this Condition 28 to approve the particular form of any proposed amendment, but it shall be sufficient if such consent approves the substance thereof. After an amendment under this Condition becomes effective, the Issuer shall send a notice briefly describing such amendment to the Bondholders in the manner provided in the paragraph entitled "Notice to the Bondholders."

29. Governing Law

The Bond Agreements are governed by and are construed in accordance with Philippine law.

30. Venue

Any suit, action, or proceeding against the Issuer with respect to the Fixed-rate Bonds or the Bond Agreements or on any judgment entered by any court in respect thereof may be brought in any competent court in the City of Makati, and the parties submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of such courts for the purpose of any such suit, action, proceeding or judgment, the Issuer and Bondholders expressly waiving other venue.

31. Waiver of Preference

The obligation created under the Bond Agreements and the Fixed-rate Bonds shall not enjoy any priority of preference or special privileges whatsoever over any indebtedness or obligations of the Issuer. Accordingly, whatever priorities or preferences that this instrument may have or any person deriving a right hereunder may have under Article 2244, paragraph 14 of the Civil Code of the Philippine are hereby absolutely and unconditionally waived and renounced. This waiver and renunciation of the priority or preference under Article 2244, paragraph 14 of the Civil Code of the Philippines shall be revoked if it be shown that an indebtedness of the Issuer for borrowed money has a priority or preference under the said provision.

32. Certain Defined Terms

The following sets forth the respective definitions of certain terms used in this Terms and Conditions. Except as otherwise provided and where context indicates otherwise, defined terms in this Terms and Conditions have the meanings ascribed to them in the Trust Indenture.

- (a) Affiliate means any corporation, directly or indirectly controlled by the Issuer, whether by way of ownership of at least twenty percent (20%) of the total issued and outstanding capital stock of such corporation, or the right to elect at least twenty percent (20%) of the number of directors in such corporation, or the right to control the operation and management of such corporation by reason of contract or authority granted by said corporation to the Issuer.
- Bankruptcy means, with respect to a Person, (a) that such Person has (i) made an (b) assignment for the benefit of creditors; (ii) filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy; (iii) been adjudged bankrupt, or insolvent; or had entered against such Person an order of relief in any bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding; (iv) filed a petition or an answer seeking for such Person any reorganization, arrangement, composition, readjustment, liquidation, dissolution or similar relief under any statute, law or regulation or filed an answer or other pleading admitting or failing to contest the material allegations of a petition filed against such Person in any proceeding of such nature; or (v) sought, consented to, or acquiesced in the appointment of a trustee, receiver or liquidator of such Person or of all or any substantial part of such Person's properties; (b) sixty (60) days have elapsed after the commencement of any proceeding against such Person seeking reorganization, arrangement, composition, readjustment, liquidation, dissolution or similar relief under any statute, law or regulation and such proceeding has not been dismissed; or (c) sixty (60) days have elapsed since the appointment without such Person's consent or acquiescence of a trustee, receiver or liquidator of such Person or of all or any substantial part of such Person's properties and such appointment has not been vacated or stayed or the appointment is not vacated within sixty (60) days after the expiration of such stay.
- (c) **BIR** refers to the Bureau of Internal Revenue of the Republic of the Philippines.
- (d) Current Liabilities means the aggregate (as of the relevant date of calculation) of all liabilities of the Issuer falling due on demand or within one (1) year, including that portion of Long Term Debt which falls due within one (1) year (but excluding the current portion of any provision for estimated liability for land and property development) and such other liabilities as would be determined as such under the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards.
- (e) **Debt to Equity Ratio** means the ratio which Total Liabilities bears to Total Stockholders' Equity net of unrealized gain.
- (f) **Long Term Debt** means the aggregate (as of the relevant date of calculation) of all those component parts of the liabilities of the Issuer which fall due or whose final payment is due on a date more than one (1) year after the relevant date for calculation, exclusive of reserve for land development and deferred credits, i.e., unearned income and/or unrealized gains.
- (g) **Majority Bondholders** means Bondholders representing more than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding principal amount of the Fixed-rate Bonds.
- (h) **Security** means any mortgage, pledge, lien or encumbrance constituted on any of the Issuer's properties, for the purpose of securing its or its Affiliates' obligation.

- (i) **Total Liabilities** means the aggregate (as of the relevant date for calculation) of Current Liabilities and Long-Term Debt.
- (j) Total Stockholders' Equity means the aggregate (as of the relevant date for calculation) of the par value of the outstanding common stock, preferred stock, capital surplus, retained earnings appraisal surplus arising from past appraisal and any further appraisal surplus arising from subsequent independent certified appraisal of the property, plant and equipment of the Issuer effected in compliance with the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards, and any reserve for expansion projects, less treasury stocks.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS AND COUNSEL

LEGAL MATTERS

All legal opinion/matters will be passed upon by Romulo Mabanta Buenaventura Sayoc & de los Angeles for the Underwriter and by Co Ferrer Ang-Co & Gonzales Law Offices for the Company.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

SyCip, Gorres, Velayo & Co. ("SGV & Co."), independent auditors and a member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited audited Ayala Land, Inc. and Subsidiaries' annual consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2019 and 2018 and for each of the three (3) years in the period ended December 31, 2019 as included in this Offer Supplement.

There is no arrangement that independent auditors will receive a direct or indirect interest in the Issuer or was a promoter, underwriter, voting trustee, director, officer, or employee of the Issuer.

a. Audit and Audit-Related Fees

Ayala Land and its subsidiaries paid its independent auditors the following fees in the past two (2) years: (*in* ₱ *million*)

Year	Audit & Audit-related Fees	Tax Fees	Other Fees
2019	31.04*	-	10.74**
2018	31.96*	-	9.37**

* Pertains to audit fees; no fees for other assurance and related services

**SGV & Co. fees for the validation of stockholders' votes during annual stockholders' meetings and other assurance fees

Under paragraph D.3.1 of the Ayala Land Audit and Risk Committee Charter, the Audit Committee (composed of Jaime C. Laya, Chairman, Rizalina G. Mantaring, and Antonino T. Aquino) recommends to the Board the appointment of the external auditor and the audit fees.

b. Tax Fees

As and when applicable, tax consultancy services are secured from entities other than the appointed independent auditors.

CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The Company has not had any changes in or disagreements with its independent auditors on any matter relating to financial or accounting disclosures.

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Overview

Ayala Land, Inc. was formerly the real estate division of Ayala Corporation and was incorporated on June 30, 1988 to focus on the development of its existing real estate assets. In July 1991, the Company became publicly-listed through an initial public offering of its primary and secondary shares on the Makati and Manila Stock Exchanges (predecessors of the PSE). Ayala Corporation's effective ownership in Ayala Land amounted to 88% as a result of the IPO.

Over the years, several developments further reduced Ayala Corporation's effective interest in Ayala Land; the exercise of stock options by respective employees of Ayala Corporation and Ayala Land, the disposal of Ayala Land shares by Ayala Corporation and Ayala Land's issuance of new shares in relation to its acquisition of interest in companies owning properties in Canlubang, Laguna in 1993. Furthermore, the conversion of a ₱3.0 billion, convertible, long-term commercial paper to Ayala Land Common B Shares publicly issued in December 1994, exchanges under bonds due in 2001, and equity top-up placements conducted through an overnight book-built offering in July 2012, March 2013 and January 2015. In 2019, bond holders of the US\$300 million exchangeable bonds issued by AYC Finance Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Corporation, exercised their option to redeem shares of ALI. This decreased the shares directly owned by Ayala Corporation by 2.6%.

As of March 31, 2020, Ayala Corporation's effective ownership in Ayala Land is 44.48% with the remainder owned by the public. Ayala Land is listed with a total of 14,745,334,847 outstanding common shares and 13,066,494,759 voting preferred shares. Foreign ownership is 22.68% composed of 55,694,608,715 outstanding common shares and 607,264,635 voting preferred shares as of March 31, 2020. As of December 31, 2019, equity attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land amounted to ₱211.05 billion. Ayala Land has a total market capitalization of ₱444.4 billion based on the closing price of ₱30.2 per common share on March 31, 2020, the last trading day of the year.

Ayala Land's Businesses

Ayala Land is the largest and most diversified real estate conglomerate in the Philippines. It is engaged in land acquisition, planning, and development of large scale, integrated, mixed-use, and sustainable estates, industrial estates, development and sale of residential and office condominiums, house and lots, and commercial and industrial lots, development and lease of shopping centers and offices, co-working spaces, and standard factory buildings and warehouses, and the development, management, and operation of hotels and resorts and co-living spaces. The Company is also engaged in construction, property management, retail electricity supply and airline services. It also has investments in AyalaLand Logistics Holdings Corp., Cebu Holdings, Inc., Ortigas Land Corp., MCT Bhd, Qualimed and Merkado Supermarket. Ayala Land has 29 estates, is present in in 57 growth centers nationwide and has a total land bank of 12,192 hectares at the end of 2019.

Property Development

Property Development is composed of the Strategic Land Bank Management Group, Visayas-Mindanao Group, Residential Business Group and MCT Bhd, Ayala Land's listed subsidiary in Malaysia.

The Strategic Land Bank Management Group handles the acquisition, planning and development of large scale, mixed-use, and sustainable estates, and the development and sale, or lease of its commercial lots in its estates in Metro Manila and the Luzon region.

The Visayas-Mindanao Group handles the acquisition, planning and development of large scale, mixeduse, and sustainable estates, and the development and sale, or lease of its commercial lots in its estates in key cities in the Visayas and Mindanao regions. The Residential Business Group handles the development and sale of residential and office condominiums and house and lots for the luxury, upscale, middle-income, affordable, and socialized housing segments, and the development and sale of commercial lots under the following brands: AyalaLand Premier for luxury lots, residential and office condominiums, Alveo Land Corp. for upscale lots, residential and office condominiums, Avida Land Corp. for middle-income lots, house and lot packages, and residential and office condominiums, Amaia Land Corp. for affordable house and lot packages and residential condominiums, and BellaVita Land Corp. for socialized house and lot packages. MCT Bhd. is a publicly-listed property developer in Malaysia engaged in land acquisition, planning, and development of residential condominiums for sale for middle income segment. MCT has a land bank of 417 acres located in Subang Jaya, Cyberjaya and Petaling Jaya. Ayala Land owns 66.3% in MCT Bhd.

Commercial Leasing

Commercial Leasing involves the development and lease of shopping centers through Ayala Malls, and offices, through Ayala Land Offices, co-working spaces through the "Clock-In" brand, and standard factory buildings and warehouses under Laguna Technopark, Inc., and the development, management, and operation of hotels and resorts through AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts, Inc. and co-living spaces through "The Flats" brand.

Services

Services include construction, property management, retail electricity supply and airline services. Construction of Ayala Land and third-party projects and land development is done through Makati Development Corporation. Property Management is done through Ayala Property Management Corporation. Retail electricity supply is done through Direct Power Services, Inc. (DPSI), Ecozone Power Management, Inc. (EPMI), and Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc. (PhilEnergy). Airline service is done through AirSWIFT for Ayala Land's tourism estates in Lio, Palawan and Sicogon Island resort through its fleet of four (4) modern turbo-prop aircrafts.

Strategic Investments

Ayala Land's strategic investments include AyalaLand Logistics Holdings Corp. (71.68%) Cebu Holdings, Inc. (71.13%), MCT Bhd., (66.3%), Merkado Supermarket (50.0%), Qualimed (33.0%) and OCLP Holdings, Inc. (21.01%)

Vision

Ayala Land's vision and mission is to enhance its standing and reputation as the Philippines' leading real estate developer, and to be a strong partner in nation building. By developing integrated, masterplanned and sustainable mixed-use communities in vibrant growth centers all over the country, it strives to continually elevate the quality of life for all of its customers.

Ayala Land shall be a responsible corporate citizen, and act with integrity, foresight and prudence. It shall empower its employees to deliver products that exceed its customers' expectations and build long-term value for its shareholders.

Competitive Strengths

Attractive Industry Fundamentals. The real estate industry in the Philippines offers rich opportunities across all its sub-sectors. Its bright prospects are anchored on strong fundamentals: a stable economy, steady

foreign inflows, particularly from OFWs, increased affordability and the availability of attractive financing from banks, strong consumption spending in retail, and encouraging prospects for office space in the BPO sector.

Experience and Track Record. With over eight (8) decades of experience together with Ayala Corporation, Ayala Land is the largest and most experienced real estate developer in the Philippines. Combining leading-edge product innovation with prudent and effective risk management practices, the Company has the ability to manage across a complex portfolio of projects and developments and is able to thrive and prosper through the cyclical nature of the industry. Ayala Land's proven track record includes the development of Makati as the country's premier CBD and Ayala Alabang as a prestigious suburban residential community. It is replicating these successes in areas such as BGC, Cebu, and NUVALI in Canlubang as well as recently launched estates in Abreeza Davao, Centrio Cagayan de Oro, Arca South Taguig, Circuit Makati and Vertis North Quezon City.

Trusted Brand and Unparalleled Product Line-up. The Ayala Land name is synonymous with quality and prestige and is the most widely trusted brand in Philippine real estate. Ayala Land maintains leadership in most of its product lines – residential subdivision and high-rise residential condominiums, shopping centers, office buildings, hotels and resorts – and across a broad spectrum of price-points and geographies.

Large, Strategic Landbank. With control of 12,192 hectares of land across various strategic locations in the Philippines, Ayala Land is a primary beneficiary of the country's asset reflation story. Providing significant upside is the more than 2000-hectare NUVALI in Laguna being developed as a showcase for environmental, economic and social sustainability.

Financial and Operating Resources. The Company has a strong balance sheet, supportive strategic shareholders, a variety of available funding sources and the patience to undertake both pocket-sized and large-scale projects or investments that balance the need for sustained earnings growth and long-term net asset value accretion. Ayala Land also draws on the competitive advantage provided by its wholly-owned subsidiaries MDC and Ayala Property Management Corporation, which are the country's largest and most experienced construction and property management companies, respectively.

Strong Management Team and Governance. The Company employs a proven and highly-credible management, architectural and engineering talent pool across all levels of the organization, most with experience across multiple business lines. Ayala Land also consistently ranks among the top Philippine companies in terms of corporate governance standards and best practices.

Best Overall Company	Sustainable Business Awards
Best in Stakeholder Management and Materiality	
Special Recognition in United Nations Sustainable Development Goals	
Special Recognition in Water Management	
Special Recognition in Strategy and Sustainability Management	
4-Arrow Award in Corporate Governance	Institute of Corporate Directors

From 2019 to present, Ayala Land has been awarded the following:

Best Property Developer – Philippines	Euromoney
Best in Residential Development	
Best in Retail and Shopping Development	
Best in Office and Business Development	
Best Innovative Green Development	
Most Outstanding Company in the Philippine Real Estate Sector	Asiamoney
CFO of the Year	ING-Finex
Asia's Best CFO	Corporate Treasurer Awards
Philippines Most Honored Company	Institutional Investor Magazine
3 rd Best CEO	
1 st Best CFO	
1 st Best ESG Reporting	
1 st Best Corporate Governance	
2 nd Best IR Company	
2 nd Best IR Professional	
Global Top 50 in Investor Relations Excellence	IR Magazine
Global Top 5 in Finance and Real Estate Category	
Best Annual Report (ASEAN Large Caps)	
3G Environmental Sustainability Awards	Global Good Governance Awards
Best CEO (Investor Relations)	9 th Corporate Governance Asia Excellence Awards
Best CFO (Investor Relations)	
Best Investor Relations Company	
Best Environmental Responsibility	
6 th Best Managed Company in the Philippines	FinanceAsia 18 th Best Companies in Asia Poll
2 nd Best Growth Strategy	

4 th Best ESG	

Sustainability Framework Embedded in Business Processes. Over the years, Ayala Land has been intensifying the integration of sustainability principles in every step of its business processes. Ayala Land's entire business process, from acquisition, assessment, planning, design, construction, delivery and property management focus on long-term benefits and shared value for stakeholders while foreseeing and managing risks and protecting all investments. Ayala Land has sustainability and risk management policies in place to protect projects from flooding and other geohazards. Technical due diligence is an integral part of site assessment, while flood and erosion control measures are built into masterplans, through site designs that include retention and detention basins, biodiversity (native vegetation) conservation where applicable. Projects are also designed to serve the needs of the commuting and walking public. Ayala Land also has set greenhouse gas ("GHG") emission intensity reduction targets and monitors energy, water and waste metrics in the properties it continues to manage.

Attractive Stock. For the three-year period ended December 31, 2019, Ayala Land has delivered a 3-year average Total Shareholder Return of 47.1%, higher than the 3-year average Total Shareholder Return of the Property Index of 40.3%. Total Shareholder Return is based on share price appreciation plus dividends paid for the relevant period.

Strategy

Ayala Land has long enjoyed leadership in the traditional markets it serves, leveraging on long term relationships with customers, landowners, tenants, its employees, the local government and NGO communities, and providers of capital. Ayala Land shares values and a common long-term orientation that allows all parties concerned to prosper over time. Many of the best names in local and international retailing anchor its shopping centers while top multinationals either set up base in its Headquarter-type offices or locate in its BPO facilities. Ayala Land is also the partner of choice for strategic new partners, such as the Shangri-La and Holiday Inn groups, which want to make significant new investments in the country and help prime the Company's strategic growth centers.

Ayala Land plans to maintain and enhance its position as the leading property developer in the Philippines by continuing to develop large-scale, mixed-use integrated communities while diversifying its revenue base across its wide portfolio of businesses. To achieve this, Ayala Land will embark on an aggressive recent anchored on five (5) main pillars that will lay the ground work for the Company's long-term sustainable growth:

- Growth. The Company will actively strengthen and slowly establish its presence in several identified growth centers across the country to effectively expand its footprint into new geographies. It will also introduce new formats within its existing business models to diversify its portfolio of highly differentiated product offerings and tap into previously unserved markets and consumer segments to broaden its reach.
- *Margin Improvement.* Ayala Land will continue to implement various spend management and cost control initiatives and pursue operational efficiencies further across the organization, without sacrificing quality and with strict adherence to the principles of sustainability, to bring overall costs down and drive profitability.
- *Capital Efficiency.* The Company will also make more efficient use of resources and capital to improve asset turnover and returns on capital. To this end, Ayala Land will pursue an asset-light approach to development and optimize land use by maximizing synergies within the organization, moving with scale to maximize utilization and value-capture.

- Organizational Development. Ayala Land will continue to strengthen its risk management program to effectively contain strategic, operational, financial and supply-chain risks associated with the much increased business activity levels and enhance its internal talent pool and support systems ensure that these are supportive of the Company's growth objectives.
- *Brand-Building.* The Company will continue to leverage on product differentiation and its distinct value proposition. Moreover, it shall ensure the safety, security and timely delivery of all projects accompanied by efficient and effective customer service.

Products / Business and Recent Updates

To carry on its business in an organized and efficient manner, Ayala Land structured its operations into key strategic business lines such as Property Development, Commercial Leasing, Hotels and Resorts and Services.

PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

Residential Development

Residential Business Group is involved in the sale of high-end residential lots and units (including leisure community developments), middle-income residential lots and units, affordable lots and units, and economic housing lots and socialized housing units. It caters to domestic and overseas Filipino markets across the high-end, middle-income and affordable segments.

In recent years, overall growth of the residential market has been strong largely as a result of a huge housing backlog of 3.9 million units and affordable mortgage loans. On the international front, the continued growth of OFW remittances has injected new demand into the residential market. In response to these opportunities, Ayala Land will continue to grow its residential business line, which accounted for 63.6%, 59.3%, 60.8% and 55.0% of consolidated revenues (which includes real estate sales, interest income from real estate sales, equity in net earnings, interest and investment income and other income) as of December 2016, December 2017, December 31, 2018, and December 31, 2019 respectively. A robust project pipeline will enable the Company to expand its product offerings in existing areas and accelerate geographic expansion, aided by strategic landbanking and mixed-use development and project management projects.

The Company will strengthen and provide clear differentiation across its five (5) residential brands, each targeting a distinct segment of the market: ALP for the high-end segment, Alveo for the upscale market; Avida for the middle-income housing segment; Amaia for the economic housing segment; and BellaVita for the socialized housing segment.

To be more competitive, the Company will continue to enhance margins by leveraging its brand and track record to maximize pricing power where possible, along with managing construction costs and streamlining the project delivery process.

The Company's ongoing residential projects under the ALP brand include Courtyards in Vermosa, Arbor Lanes and Park Cascades in Arca South, Taguig, Park Central Towers in Makati, Cerilo Towers in Nuvali and Enclaves in Ayala North Point. Under the Alveo brand, key ongoing projects include High Park and Orean Place in Vertis North, Quezon City, Park Triangle Corporate Plaza in Bonifacio Global City, Veranda in Arca South, Lumira in NUVALI, Laguna and Solstice Towers One and Two in Circuit, Travertine Tower in Pasig, The Residences at Evo City, Gentry Corporate Plaza and Stiles Enterprise Plaza in Makati and Cerca Viento Tower 1 in Las Pinas. Under the Avida brands, key ongoing projects include Avida Towers One Prime Taft in Manila, Avida One Antonio Place in Makati and Avida Settings and Northdale in Alviera, Pampanga, Asten Tower 3 and Turf BGC in Bonifacio Global City, Taguig, Viero in Arca South, and Serin East Tower 2 in Tagaytay City. Under the Amaia brand, Amaia Scapes Sequel in Bulacan, San Pablo, Urdaneta and General Trias and Amaia Steps Nuvali Parkway Aria B, Capitol Central Tower 2 and Alabang

Delicia. Under the Bellavita brand, Bellavita Cabanatuan, Pilillia and Alaminos in Laguna, Lian in Batangas and San Miguel, Iloilo.

International Sales accounted for 29% of total sales for the period ended December 31, 2019.

Aside from the expansion of sales efforts into other US states, Ayala Land is also looking at increasing its penetration in other markets such as Europe, the Middle East, and other fast growing markets like Singapore, China and Australia.

Strategic Landbank Management ("SLMG")

SLMG is involved in the acquisition and development of large, mixed-use, masterplanned communities and serves as platform for all of the Company's developments – residences, malls, offices, and all the services that make up a vibrant and sustainable community.

With a long-term horizon, SLMG views its key landbank areas as launching pads for decades of development. Its approach to landbanking is oriented towards value creation and realization. SLMG applies financial discipline with a focus on yields, cashflows, and the judicious buying and selling of lots at the opportune time. The group develops, updates and refines masterplans, providing clear framework for decision making. It also engages community-based stakeholders such as local government units and other government entities to assure that vital infrastructure is in place to support the long-term development plans. Embedded in all these, and central to value creation and retention over time, is the concept of sustainability.

As of December 31, 2019, Ayala Land's land bank portfolio of 12,192 hectares is composed of 278 hectares in Metro Manila, 9,973 hectares in other areas in Luzon and 1,941 hectares in Visayas and Mindanao.

Noteworthy actions made by Ayala Land to sustain growth in momentum in future years include the following:

• In Makati: The Ayala Center Redevelopment

This will include the redevelopment three (3) of the city's strategic areas: Ayala Center along Ayala Avenue and EDSA, Ayala Triangle Garden (ATG)'s northern tip and Ayala North Exchange located within the vicinity of Ayala Avenue corner Buendia.

Ayala Center gives way to the expansion of retail spaces, two (2) office towers, two (2) hotels one of which will be under the Seda Brand. Transport and linkages shall be improved with a public transit terminal that connects to the Metro Rail transit and improves access to the city buses along EDSA and internal transit within the Central Business District.

The city's urban oasis, Ayala Triangle Gardens will have an additional 66,000 sqm of the highest grade office space and will be the new home of the 275-room five-star Mandarin Hotel. Retail areas of 9,000 sqm of GLA shall complete the development.

Ayala North Exchange which is the young and creative hub South of Makati will be the new mixeduse development envisioned to have a more creative edge. Ayala North Exchange will have 55,000 sqm of Office GLA, 10,400 sqm of retail GLA and 293 hotel rooms under the Seda brand. Civic spaces of 2,600 sqm will be developed through a series of terraces.

Circuit Makati is the entertainment district of Makati which is connected via Ayala Avenue Extension. It will have a gross floor area of around 1.3 million upon full build-out with theater, mall, office residential and hotel components to be developed in the next 5 years.

Land values remain high in the area. In 2018, developable land in Makati CBD was estimated by Global Property Guide to range from ₱454,395 to ₱701,950 per sqm.

• In BGC: Value Realization

The Company's priming activities include Market! Market!, Serendra and Bonifacio High Street. Projects such as the recently opened St. Luke's Hospital, Mind Museum, and the Shangri-La Hotel Complex, will further drive land values upon completion. In 2012, Bonifacio High Street ("BHS") Central – an extension of the existing BHS – was opened with an additional 10,000 sqm of retail GLA. One BHS was also launched, anchored by the ALP's high-end residential tower, The Suites with an estimated value of ₱9.0 billion. In 2012, Bonifacio High Street South ("BHSS") was also launched which will house residential towers and offering office-for-sale products through launch of the BHSS Corporate Plaza.

• In Canlubang / NUVALI: Full Scale Regional Center

Priming of NUVALI, the Company's showcase township development for environmental, economic and social sustainability, is well underway. Better than expected land values have been realized for the 5,039 residential lots and units put on the market since the soft launch of all residential brands in October 2007. The first BPO building in NUVALI One Evotech with total GLA of 11,500 sqm became operational by the 4th quarter of 2008 and the second BPO building Two Evotech opened in 2011. Solenad 2, the sequel to the first retail component of the development Solenad 1, also opened in 2011 with an additional 5,300 sqm of GLA. In the 3rd Quarter of 2015, Solenad 3 was completed expanding the mall footprint with another 40,000 sqm of GLA. SEDA Nuvali was opened to the public in March 2014.

On the infrastructure side, the North-South road was already completed, as well as the establishment of Wi-Fi access in the lakeside area.

With an investment value of P60 billion at its establishment, Nuvali today hosts 23 residential communities, 2 commercial business districts, 58,000 sqm of retail spaces, 23,500 sqm of office space, a 100-bed general hospital, a 150-room hotel, a 1,000-pax capacity events center, 3 schools, and 120 has of carbon forest and recreational spaces. It generates more than 7,000 jobs in diverse sectors, including business process outsourcing (3,700), construction (1,500), retail (1,350), property management (400), hospitality (100) and heath care (100). Over the last 11 years, it has contributed over P120 billion in economic value to the host community, in terms of jobs and enterprises created, local partnerships created, and local programs supported.

Aside from the major parcels mentioned above, ALI has new growth centers located in different areas across the country. These growth centers are Vertis North and Cloverleaf in Quezon City, Altaraza in Bulacan, South Park in Alabang, Vermosa in Cavite, Abreeza in Davao, North Point and Capitol Central in Bacolod, Centrio in Cagayan de Oro, Atria Park in Iloilo, Arca South in Taguig, Alviera in Pampanga, and Lio Estate in Palawan.

• Visayas-Mindanao

The Company has been active at all fronts of real estate business in the Visayas and Mindanao regions. Through its subsidiaries Cebu Holdings, Inc. ("CHI") and affiliate, Cebu Property Ventures Development Corp. ("CPVDC"), the Company offers the full range of Ayala Land's product line-up in the region: residential development, shopping center operations, office and BPO buildings and sale of commercial lots and club shares at City Sports Club Cebu.

It pioneered the seaside residential developments in Cebu with its landmark Amara project and has remained a market leader for the third consecutive year since its launch in 2005. In June 2007, Ayala Land entered the southern Philippine real estate market with the launch in Cagayan de Oro of Alegria Hills, ALP's first development in Mindanao. Two other Ayala Land projects in Negros Occidental continued to set the standards for local residential developments, Ayala Northpoint and Plantazionne Verdana Homes, both located in the suburbs of Bacolod City. In 2010, Ayala Land introduced its first high-rise residential towers in Cebu through ALP's 1016 Residences and Avida

Towers Cebu I and II. Moreover, the newest estate in the Visayas region, Atria Park District located in Iloilo, was launched in 2013. It is envisioned to be another mixed-use project featuring residential towers, commercial establishments, parks and landscaped areas, medical facilities and a hotel building, over the long term.

Given Cebu's role as a primary destination and international gateway in Visayas and Mindanao, its shopping market has grown significantly and has extended to other key cities in the province. Ayala Land, through CHI, has embarked on a major expansion and renovation of Ayala Center Cebu. Adjacent to the mall, The Terraces opened at Ayala Center Cebu with additional 7,900 sqm of GLA while the second phase of the redevelopment opened an additional 34,000 sqm of gross leasable area.

With the growth of the IT industry, the demand for office space from both local and multinational companies continues to increase in Cebu. The Company, in partnership with CPVDC, built office spaces for lease to IT and IT-enabled firms and completed construction of Cebu eBloc, a 12-storey mid-rise office condominium, with a retail space at the ground floor. The Ayala Corporate Center in Cebu was likewise launched to address the demand for corporate offices.

As for developments in the Mindanao region, Ayala Land launched the first high rise residential projects in Davao through Alveo's Abreeza Residences and in Cagayan de Oro through Avida Centrio Towers in 2012. Moreover, there are currently two (2) Seda Hotels operating in both Davao and Cagayan de Oro.

Last June 30, 2015, Ayala Land, Inc., Cebu Holdings, Inc. and SM Prime Holdings, Inc. won the bid for a 26.3-hectare property located in South Road Properties, Cebu City which will be co-developed pursuant to a joint masterplan.

Last June 6, 2016, Ayala Land, Inc. and Aboitiz Land Inc., through its joint venture entity, Cebu District Property Enterprises Inc., launched a 17.5-hectare mixed-use development in Mandaue City, Cebu named "Gatewalk Central".

COMMERCIAL LEASING

Shopping Centers

Ayala Malls Group ("AMG") is involved in the development of shopping centers and lease to third parties of retail space and land therein; operation of movie theaters, food courts, entertainment facilities and carparks in these shopping centers; and management and operations of malls which are co-owned with partners.

Ayala Land operates movie theater complexes with more than 50 screens situated in its shopping centers. The movie theaters are operated primarily as a means of attracting customers to its shopping centers. The theaters are managed by Ayala Theaters Management, Inc. and Five Star Cinema, Inc., wholly-owned subsidiaries of Ayala Land.

Leases for retail space within the shopping centers are generally short-term, ranging from one (1) to five (5) years for the initial lease, renewable annually. Land leases, on the other hand, have longer terms, usually up to 50 years in the case of hotel tenants. In general, rental rates for retail space equal the higher of (i) a basic rent plus a percentage of the tenant's gross sales, or (ii) a specified minimum amount. Rental rates for leases on hotel and department store sites are generally based on a percentage of gross sales.

Ayala Land's large-scale mixed-use developments that feature a retail component are greatly enhanced by the quality and distinctiveness of the retail concepts conceived and implemented by AMG. At the BGC, for instance, Serendra, BHS and the recently opened BHS Central are priming the development in its City Center. Serendra's retail zone complements the suburban lifestyle of the residential development with authentic and unique restaurants and shops.

AMG continuously provides compelling and engaging mall events and promotions which enhance the shopping experience and sustain high pedestrian traffic. Events are being held daily, among them product launches, concerts, children's meet-and-greet events and youth-oriented fairs, at the Ayala Malls.

AMG provides a strong year-round support to all merchants. Merchants are valued as long-term partners. AMG constantly interacts and exchanges ideas with its merchants and provides training and development support where needed.

Ayala Land will pursue expansion plans anchored on the opportunities presented by the continued aspirational and lifestyle spending as well as growing value-consciousness among many families in different geographic areas. To ensure pipeline growth is based on right fundamentals, attention will be paid to selecting strategic sites, developing differentiated and superior product, serving the right markets, and ensuring proper execution of concepts for each new mall.

The Company also entered into a 50-year lease agreement with the Subic Bay Metropolitan Authority ("SBMA") and signed a joint-venture agreement with Anflo Management & Investment Corp. and Mindanao Motors Corp. which involves the construction of a shopping mall called Harbour Point inside the Subic Freeport Zone and in Cagayan de Oro City (Centrio), respectively, as part of the Company's geographic expansion program. In 2011, a 30-year lease contract agreement was signed with Ellimac Prime Holdings for the development of a retail complex within a 6-hectare property in Fairview, Quezon City, called Fairview Terraces.

In February 2011, the Board of Regents of the University of the Philippines ("U.P.") awarded to the Company the lease contract for the development of a 7.4-hectare property at the U.P. Diliman East Campus, also known as the U.P. Integrated School ("UP-IS") property along Katipunan Avenue in Quezon City. The Company signed a 25-year lease contract for the property, with an option to renew said lease for another 25 years by mutual agreement.

The project involved the construction of a retail establishment with 63,000 sqm of available GLA and a combination of headquarter-and-BPO-office type building with an estimated 8,000 sqm of GLA.

As of December 31, 2019, average monthly lease rates registered at ₱1,047 per sqm while same mall rental growth is at 8%. The average occupancy rate for all malls is at 88% while the occupancy rate for stable malls is at 93%. Total GLA of shopping centers registered at 2.12 million sqm as of December 31, 2019. This includes 8,010 and 160,682 sqm from the Ayala North Exchange and Ayala Manila Bay retail areas that were opened last March and September, respectively.

Offices Group

Ayala Land Offices Group is involved in the development and lease or sale of office buildings and fee-based management and operations of office buildings.

Ayala Land aims to be the leading provider of office space for BPOs and significantly built up its BPO portfolio from end-2007 levels of 35,803 sqm of GLA. The build-up involved a variety of offerings - in very choice locations - covering stand-alone, build-to-suit office buildings, integrated nodes within large-mixed used developments such as Glorietta 5, Glorietta 1 & 2, and Vertex One in San Lazaro, and entire self-contained BPO and IT campuses like the UP-Ayala Land TechnoHub, One and Two Evotech Buildings in NUVALI, and the AyalaLand Baguio TechnoHub, to name a few.

While Makati has been well established as the country's premier CBD for decades, the prospects are bright for BGC to mirror Makati's success in the future. Large corporates have purchased land and have chosen to build or relocate their offices in BGC.

As of December 31, 2019, the average monthly lease rate of offices registered at ₱772 per sqm. The average occupancy rate of all offices registered at 96% while the average occupancy rate of stable offices

is 97%. Total offices GLA registered at 1.17 million sqm as of end-2019, adding 18 thousand sqm each from Ayala North Exchange and Ayala Manila Bay BPOs which opened last April 2019 and September 2019, respectively.

HOTELS AND RESORTS

Ayala Land is also involved in the development, operation and management of branded and boutique/businessman's hotels and eco-resorts.

In 2010, Ayala Land successfully ventured into eco-tourism via the partnership with the Ten Knots Group for a 60% stake in the world-famous El Nido Resorts in Palawan. As of end of 2016, there are 213 island resort rooms available from Miniloc, Lagen, Apulit (previously Club Noah), and Pangulasian Islands in the province of Palawan.

In 2012, the Hotels and Resorts Group consolidated its ownership by completing the acquisition of the remaining 80% stake in Fairmont Hotels and Raffles Suites and Residences from Kingdom Hotels, Inc.

In 2013, the Hotels and Resorts Group signed an agreement with Asian Conservation Company to acquire its 40% stake in El Nido Resorts.

As of December 31, 2019, the hotels and resorts business operates 660 hotel rooms under its international brand segment—312 for Fairmont Hotel and Raffles Residences, and 348 for Holiday Inn & Suites, both locked in Ayala Center, Makati CBD. Our homegrown Seda Hotels now has 11 Seda Hotels, operating 2,367 rooms—Atria, Iloilo (152 rooms); BGC, Taguig (468); Centrio, Cagayan de Oro (150); Abreeza, Davao (186); Nuvali, Santa Rosa Laguna (150); Vertis North, Quezon City (438); Capitol Central, Bacolod (154); Lio, Palawan (153); Ayala Center Cebu (301); Seda Residences Ayala North Exchange (215). Circuit Corporate Residences operates 255 rooms. El Nido Resorts operates 193 rooms from its four island resorts -Pangulasian, Lagen, Miniloc, and Apulit. The Lio Tourism Estate currently has 152 rooms under its Bed and Breakfast and Dormitel offerings, while the Sicogon Tourism Estate in Iloilo currently has 78 B&B rooms.

SERVICES

Its support businesses include construction of Ayala Land and third-party projects, hotels development and management, property management, chilled water supply and retail of electricity.

Construction

A wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, Makati Development Corporation is engaged in engineering, design and construction of vertical and horizontal developments including roads, bridges and utilities. MDC is responsible for horizontal construction works at Ayala Land's land developments and is likewise engaged in private industrial and government infrastructure projects. MDC also developed residential condominium buildings and mall projects. It continued to service site development requirements of Ayala-related projects while it provided services to third-parties in both private and public sectors. MDC collaborated with First Balfour, Inc. to build the state-of-the-art 600-bed St. Luke's Medical Center at BGC, which was completed in November 2009 and was opened to the public in January 2010.

MDC's outstanding workmanship was demonstrated by the Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design ("LEED") Gold Certification by the U.S. Green Building Council for the design and construction of the US Embassy expansion project in Manila – the first for a non-American contractor.

MDC Build Plus was likewise formed, a 100% subsidiary of MDC, which caters primarily to projects focusing on the lower end of the base of the pyramid, particularly the residential brands Amaia and BellaVita.

As of December 31, 2019, MDC manages a total of 333 projects with a net order book value of ₱105.48 billion.

Property Management

APMC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, is engaged in property management, principally for Ayala Land and its subsidiaries. It also provided its services to third-party clients.

APMC guarantees worry-free ownership and helps property owners over the long haul in such areas as water, power and telecommunications, security, sustainable design and best practices aligned with green buildings, and assistance in managing the properties of owners living elsewhere. It offers a full suite of services not only to Ayala property owners and lessees but also to third party clients, including a centralized 24/7 concierge service as well as manages third party-carparks and is considered one of the largest third-party carpark operators in the country today. Among its key third-party clients are the Makati Medical Center, Philippine Heart Center, Exim 2, Dusit Carpark and ABS-CBN.

As of December 31, 2019, APMC manages a total of 256 properties with a total contract value of ₱1.61 billion.

International

Outside of the Philippines, Ayala Land is leveraging its current competencies to pursue attractive real estate investment opportunities.

The year 2007 marked the establishment and operation of ARCH Capital and its first Asian property fund, ARCH Capital Asian Partners LP. ARCH Capital Asian Partners is a private equity fund set up to pursue investments in Asian property markets which are in strong growth phases such as China, India and Thailand. The fund has several seeded investments and a number of projects that are moving actively. Among these are significant interests in a middle market residential community development project in Macau, a scaled medium-rise condominium project in Samut Prakarn province, Bangkok, and a high-end condominium project on Rama IV in the heart of Bangkok-Sathorn CBD. The fund's project management team, with its strong residential community development experience and the depth and support of Ayala personnel, has been actively involved in project design and planning stages for these projects.

First Longfield Investments Limited (incorporated in 2006) is wholly-owned by Ayala Land. Through Green Horizons Holdings Limited, it has a 17% stake in Arch Capital Management Co. Ltd, the fund management company established to handle the Asian private real estate equity fund which is co-sponsored by Ayala Land with Ayala Corporation.

In a disclosure to the SEC, PSE and PDEx dated March 7, 2011, Ayala Land, Ayala Corporation and The Rohatyn Group ("TRG"), an emerging markets-focused private investment firm, completed an exchange of ownership interests in ARCH Capital Management Co., Ltd ("ARCH Capital") and ARCH Capital Asian Partners, G.P. (a Cayman Islands company).

Ayala Land and Ayala Corporation, as sponsors of ARCH Capital, co-founded the investment management firm in 2006 together with Richard Yue. The exchange of ownership interest will result in TRG acquiring Ayala Land's 17% stake and Ayala Corporation's 33% interest, with Richard Yue retaining his current 50% interest in ARCH Capital. The completed exchange of ownership interests will leave the activities, management, focus, and shareholder structure of the ARCH Capital Fund unchanged, with Ayala Land retaining its current 8% stake in the Arch Capital Fund. Arch Capital Fund has existing projects in India, Thailand and China.

In the disclosure to the SEC, PSE and PDEx dated August 3, 2010, the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary Regent Wise Investments Limited and Sino-Singapore Tianjin Eco-City Investment and Development Co., Ltd. ("SSTEC") have signed an Equity Joint Venture Agreement for the development of a 9.78-hectare residential project in China. The project is located in Tianjin Eco-City ("the Eco-City"), a 3,000-hectare

collaboration between the Chinese and Singaporean governments which will showcase the future direction of urban planning and sustainable development.

The Company participated in the development of residential units as part of the planned more than 1,100 units within a 19-tower residential complex which will be located at the gateway of the Eco-City's Start-Up Area.

In another disclosure to the SEC, PSE and PDEX dated April 6, 2015, the Company through its whollyowned subsidiary Regent Wise Investments Limited, has acquired 9.16% of the shares of Malaysian company GW Plastics Holdings Bhd., to be renamed MCT, through a private placement for a total amount of US\$43 Million or ₱1.9 billion. It exercised its option to acquire additional shares of MCT for a total cost of US\$92 Million, to bring its total shareholding in MCT from 9.16% to 32.95%.

On January 2, 2018, the Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Regent Wise Investments Limited, signed a share purchase agreement to acquire an additional 17.24% share in MCT (or Modular Construction Technology) Bhd., raising ALI's total shareholding in MCT to 50.19%. As a result of this transaction, an unconditional mandatory take-over offer was dispatched to shareholders of MCT which commenced in January 26, 2018 and closed as of 5:00 p.m. (Malaysian time) February 19, 2018. Owners of 295.277,682 shares accepted the offer, equivalent to 22.12% of MCT's total outstanding shares. As a result of the offer, ALI's shareholdings in MCT increased from 50.19% to 72.31%. On March 23, 2018, the Irredeemable Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock of Dato Sri Tong and Tan Sri Barry Go, founders of MCT, were converted into 122,218,357 MCT shares. This resulted in a 6.07% dilution of ALI's stake in MCT as of date of share issuance. As such, the current ownership stake of ALI in MCT is 66.25%. MCT was first established in 1999 as a construction company, is a property development company specializing in mixeduse projects that include retail, office, hotel, and mid- to affordable residential. The company is able to deliver projects at lower costs by adhering to a modular construction technique and by being an integrated builder with an in-house design team, in-house trading company, direct execution of specialist works and its own pre-cast and ready-mixed concrete plants. The company has several ongoing projects in OneCitySubang Jaya and Cyberjaya, as well as a land bank in Dengkil, 1.5km away south of Cyberjaya, all located in the Klang Valley in Malaysia. By partnering with a company such as MCT, Ayala Land will be expanding its footprint in Southeast Asia in line with its diversification goals and sets the platform for growth in Malaysia. This allows Ayala Land to enter the Malaysian market with an experienced team, benefit from synergies of the partnership, and further add value to MCT over the long term to enable it to be a key player in the Malaysian real estate market.

Other Revenue

In addition to the above business lines, Ayala Land also derives income from its investment activities and sale of non-core assets.

Contributions to Revenue

The table below illustrates the amounts of revenue, profitability, and identifiable assets attributable to domestic and foreign operations for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017: (in ₱'000)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Revenues			
Domestic	160,143,686	156,142,062	139,131,909
Foreign	6,561,646	7,604,756	241,432
Net operating income			
Domestic	61,357,618	52,436,826	43,071,498
Foreign	1,228,417	1,129,534	(90,142)

Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of ALI			
Domestic	32,321,166	28,283,472	25,321,099
Foreign	867,233	957,408	(16,134)
Total Assets			
Domestic	678,162,085	636,521,219	564,182,334
Foreign	35,761,193	32,299,263	9,810,000

Material Reclassification, Merger, Consolidation, or Purchase or Sale of a Significant Amount of Assets over the past three (3) years

On December 2, 2019, Avida Land Corporation ("Avida"), a subsidiary of Ayala Land, together with Philippine Estates Corporation ("PHES") and subsidiaries of Wellex Industries, Inc. ("WIN"), have mutually agreed to terminate the Memorandum of Agreement ("MOA") executed by the parties in December 2012, for the proposed development of the 21-hectare property known as "Plastic City", located in Valenzuela.

On September 24, 2019, ALI sold to Manila Jockey Club, Inc. ("MJC") its rights, titles and interest in Vertex One Building, located at Felix Huertas Road, Sta. Cruz, Manila, consisting of office units with an aggregate area of 13,517 sqm and 206 appurtenant parking spaces, resulting in MJC owning 100% of Vertex One for a total consideration of P511,653,100.00.

On September 9, 2019, Orion Land, Inc. sold through a special block sale, 215,090,031 common shares of ALLHC to its affiliate, Avida Land Corporation for a total consideration of P628,062,891.00. On September 27, 2019, ALI acquired the 215,090,031 common shares of ALLHC from Avida Land Corp. through a special block sale at P2.92 per share for a total consideration of P628,062,891.00. As a result of the transaction, ALI's effective ownership in ALLHC increased to 71.68%.

On July 19, 2019, ALLHC purchased 100% of common shares of Unity Realty & Development Corporation ("URDC"), which owns a property in Mabalacat Pampanga, a prime location for a new industrial park development with an area of 192 hectares. ALI owns 69.17% of ALLHC.

On June 10, 2019, ALI sold its 20% equity interest or 8,051 common shares in LTI to ALLHC for a consideration of ₱800 million.

On May 24, 2019, the Board of Directors of the Company, at its regular meeting approved the acquisition of Avida Land, Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, Inc., of 264,534,247 shares of ALLHC from Orion Land Inc., in exchange for a parcel of land in South Park District, Muntinlupa City. Subsequently, Avida will sell the 264,534,247 shares to Ayala Land, Inc., increasing its effective ownership in ALLHC to 72.25%.

On April 30, 2019, 152 grantees of stock options under our Employee Stock Ownership plan ("ESOWN") subscribed to 10,073,389 common shares at ₱44.49 per share and became effective on the same day. As a result of the subscription of these grantees, ALI's outstanding common shares increased to 14,734,581,724.

On April 17, 2019 ALI acquired additional 14,913,200 common shares of CHI through open market purchases using the trading facilities of the Philippine Stock Exchange totaling ₱88.7 million resulting in ALI's increase in ownership from 70.4% to 71.1%.

On February 4, 2019, the Executive Committee of ALI approved the purchase of a 20% equity interest owned by Mitsubishi Corporation in LTI, equivalent to 8,051 common shares, with a total value of ₱800.0 million. Subsequently on June 10, 2019, ALI exchanged the 20% equity interest in LTI for additional shares of stock in ALLHC, equivalent to 323,886,640 common shares for a consideration of ₱800.0 million, subject

to conditions to be fulfilled by ALLHC. This resulted to an increase in ALI's ownership to 70.36%.

On December 17, 2018, Asiatown Hotel Ventures, Inc., a domestic corporation registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The company is wholly-owned subsidiary of AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corp. ("AHRC") and was organized primarily for the development of Seda Cebu IT Park.

On November 15, 2018, AMC Japan Concepts, Inc. was incorporated. It is 75% owned by ALI Commercial Center, Inc. and 25% owned by MC Commercial Property Holdings, Inc. The company is organized primarily to manage the Glorietta Roofdeck – Japan Town.

On November 6, 2018, SEC approved the merger between CHI and CPVDC with CHI as the surviving entity. ALI acquired additional 59,631,200 common shares of CHI totaling to ₱352.8 million. Further, an additional 77,742,516 shares were acquired as a result of swap of CPVDC shares for a total consideration of ₱229.3 million which brings the Company's ownership to 70.4%.

On September 12, 2018, One Makati Residential Ventures, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of AHRC was registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The company was organized primarily for the development of One Ayala Residences.

On May 11, 2018, ALI entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with Green Square Properties Corporation ("GSPC") and Green Circle Properties and Resources, Inc. ("GCPRI") for the formation of a JVC that will own and develop 27,852 hectares of land, specifically located in Dingalan, Aurora and General Nakar in the Province of Quezon. Under the JVC, ALI will own 51% and GSPC and GCPRI will jointly own 49%. The development of the properties will comprise of a masterplanned mixed-use estate, principally oriented towards tourism, commercial, residential and institutional uses and will incorporate environmental and ecological programs that will focus on forest conservation and the protection of biodiversity.

On April 30, 2018, ALI and ALLHC executed a Deed of Exchange where ALI will subscribe to 1,225,370,620 common shares of ALLHC for an aggregate subscription price of ₱3,030,750,000.00 in exchange for 30,186 common shares of LTI. The subscription and exchange shall be subject to and deemed effective only upon the issuance by the Securities and Exchange Commission of the confirmation of valuation of the shares. The SEC issued its approval on February 28, 2019. This increased ALI's ownership in ALLHC to 69.5%.

On April 4, 2018, ALI signed a Deed of Absolute Sale with CAT for the acquisition of several parcels of land with an aggregate area of approximately 290 hectares and located in Barangay Central, City of Tarlac, Province of Tarlac.

On March 23, 2018, the Executive Committee of Ayala Land approved the exchange of Ayala Land's 75% equity interest in LTI into additional shares of stock in ALLHC. The value of the transaction is at ₱3.0 billion, where ALLHC will issue 1,225,370,620 common shares to ALI in exchange for 30,186 LTI common shares and bring ALI's direct ownership in ALLHC to 63.90% from 54.91%. The combination of LTI and ALLHC will create a bigger entity that will pursue real estate logistics and industrial development and reposition ALLHC to be a leading real estate logistics and industrial estate developer and operator in the Philippines.

On February 26, 2018, the Board of Directors of CHI during its meeting, approved the merger of CPVDC with CHI as the surviving entity. The merger will consolidate CHI's portfolio under one listed entity, creating a unified portfolio for its investments and is expected to result in operational synergies, efficient funds management and simplified reporting to government agencies as a result of the merger. The plan of merger shall be submitted for approval of the stockholders of the two (2) companies during their respective annual stockholders' meeting to be held on April 10, 2018. It will then be filed with the SEC and expected to be approved within the next two (2) months.

On February 20, 2018, the Philippine Competition Commission ("PCC") approved the setting up of a joint venture between the Company and Royal Asia Land, Inc. to acquire, own, and develop a 936-hectare commercial and residential project in Silang and Carmona, Cavite. Both firms will own 50% equity in the joint venture vehicle. Royal Asia Land, Inc. will receive a consultation fee of 2% of the joint venture firm's

gross revenue for its participation in the planning and development of the property. ALI, meanwhile, as the project development and sales and marketing manager of the property will receive a development management fee of 12% and sales and marketing fee of 5% of the gross revenue. The PCC has deemed that the transaction does not result in a substantial lessening of competition because it will not have a structural effect on the market.

On January 26, 2018, ALI purchased additional 202,774,547 common shares of ALLHC from Genez Investments Corporation for ₱497.7 million which raised ALI's effective ownership interest from 63% to 67% of the total ALLHC's outstanding capital stock.

On January 11, 2018, SIAL CVA Retailers, Inc, FamilyMart Co., Ltd., and ITOCHU Corporation have concluded the transaction to sell 100% of the outstanding shares of PFM to PNX. The parties signed a Memorandum of Agreement last October 30, 2017.

On January 2, 2018, Ayala Land, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Regent Wise Investments Limited, signed a share purchase agreement to acquire an additional 17.24% share in MCT, raising ALI's total shareholding in MCT to 50.19%. As a result of this transaction, an unconditional mandatory take-over offer was dispatched to the shareholders of MCT which commenced on January 26 and ended last February 19, 2018. Ayala Land received acceptances equivalent to 22.12% of MCT's outstanding shares, increasing ALI's shareholdings in MCT to 72.31%. On March 23, 2018, principals of MCT, Bhd converted their ICULS into 122,218,357 MCT shares. This exercise resulted in a 6.07% of ALI's stake in MCT to 66.25%.

On October 30, 2017, SIAL CVS Retailers, Inc., FamilyMart Co., Ltd., and ITOCHU Corporation have entered into a MOA to sell 100% of the outstanding shares of PFM to PNX. SIAL CVS Retailers, Inc., (a 50-50 joint venture company between ALI Capital Corp. (a 100% subsidiary of Ayala Land, Inc.) and SSI Group, Inc.), owned 60% of PFM, while Japanese companies, FamilyMart Co., Ltd. and ITOCHU Corporation, own 37.6% and 2.4% respectively.

Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp. ("MCLC") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, Inc. and was registered with SEC on June 5, 2017. MCLC was organized to develop the Circuit BPO1 and Circuit BPO2.

AyalaLand Premier, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, Inc. and was registered on July 7, 2017 to engage primarily in general contracting services.

MDBI Construction Corp., formerly MDC Triangle, Inc., was incorporated on March 1, 2017. The company is 67% owned by Makati Development Corp. and 33% owned by Bouygues Batiment International, a Europebased company which is also a subsidiary of Bouygues Construction. MDBI was organized to engage in general contracting services.

Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, Inc. and was incorporated on December 4, 2017 for the development of Ayala Malls Capitol Central. Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, Inc. and was incorporated on November 16, 2017 for the development of Ayala Malls Arca South.

Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp. was incorporated on November 3, 2017. BCCVC is a wholly-owned subsdiary of Ayala Land, Inc. and was organized primarily for the development of Ayala Malls Bay City.

Bay Area Hotel Ventures, Inc. was incorporated on September 6, 2017, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AHRC and organized primarily for the development of Seda Bay Area.

Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc. ("MNHVI") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AHRC. MNHVI was organized on October 10, 2017 for the development of Seda Residences Makati.

One Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc. ("OMHVI") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AHRC and was incorporated on September 28, 2017. OMHVI was organized primarily for the development of Seda One Ayala.

In June 2017, Orion Land, Inc. ("OLI"), a subsidiary of ALLHC, acquired 512,480,671 common shares equivalent to 11.69% ownership at ₱2.45 per share amounting to ₱1,255.58 million. The acquisition of ALLHC shares by OLI was treated as an acquisition of non-controlling interest resulting to a debit to equity reserve of ₱405.18 million. This increased ALI's effective ownership to 63.05%.

In 2017, ALI purchased additional 97,763,900 common shares of CHI from BPI Securities Corporation totaling ₱575.0 million which brought up ALI ownership to 72% of the total outstanding capital stock of CHI.

In February 2017, ALI purchased additional 631,000 common shares of ALLHC from BPI Securities Corporation for ₱1.26 million. ALI's interest remains at 51% of the total ALLHC's outstanding capital stock.

On February 23, 2017, Ayala Land together with BPI Capital Corporation and Kickstart Ventures, Inc. signed an investment agreement to acquire ownership stakes in BF Jade E-Service Philippines, Inc., owner and operator of online fashion platform, Zalora Philippines. ALI will own 1.91% of Zalora Philippines through this transaction. The acquisition was finalized on August 31, 2017.

Various Diversification/new product lines introduced by the Company during the last three (3) years

The Flats

Ayala Land opened its first co-living product, branded as "The Flats" in September 2018. It is located in Amorsolo, Makati and offers a total of 728 beds across 196 multiple occupancy rooms and communal spaces. The second branch was opened in January 2019 at 5th Ave. BGC which has a total of 1,316 beds and 375 rooms.

Clock In

In 2017, Ayala Land launched a co-working space product branded as "Clock In" with three operating branches in Makati and BGC. To date, it now has a total of 1,404 seats across 6,473 sqm of GLA with new branches in Vertis North, The 30th, Ayala North Exchange, Lio and Alabang Town Center.

Standard Factory Buildings and Warehouses

In 2018, Ayala Land started to offer standard factory buildings ("SFB") and warehouses for lease inside industrial parks to capture the growing opportunities in manufacturing and logistics. Ayala Land has a total of 175,000 sqm of SFB and warehouse GLA across various locations such as Laguna Technopark, Cavite Technopark, the Tutuban complex in Manila, the Lepanto Ceramics facility in Laguna, and Alviera Industrial Park in Pampanga.

Hospitals/Clinics

Ayala Land entered into a strategic partnership with the Mercado Group in July 2013 to establish hospitals and clinics located in the Company's integrated mixed-use developments. The Company will enhance its communities with the introduction of healthcare facilities under the QualiMed brand. In 2014, QualiMed opened three (3) clinics in Trinoma, Fairview Terraces, McKinley Exchange Corporate Center, and Qualimed General Hospital in Atria Park, Iloilo while UP Town Center Clinic in Quezon City was opened in the end of 2015. In the 2nd quarter of 2016, Qualimed opened a hospital in Altaraza San Jose Del Monte Bulacan while Nuvali is set to open by 2nd quarter of 2017. Qualimed is targeting to have a 10-hospital and 10-clinic network by 2020.

Supermarkets

ALI Capital Corporation (formerly Varejo Corporation), a subsidiary of Ayala Land, entered into a joint venture agreement with Entenso Equities Incorporated, a wholly-owned entity of Puregold Price Club, Inc., to develop and operate mid-market supermarkets for some of Ayala Land's mixed-use projects. The first supermarket opened in the 3rd quarter of 2015 at UP Town Center. The company expects to roll out 3 mid-brand supermarkets per year.

Distribution Methods of Products

The Company's residential products are distributed to a wide range of clients through various sales groups.

Ayala Land has its own in-house sales team. In addition, it has a wholly-owned subsidiary, ALSI, which employs mission-based sales people. Ayala Land uses a sales force of about 15,000 brokers and sales agents guided by a strict Code of Ethics.

The OFW market is being pursued through award-winning websites, permanent sales offices or broker networks, and regular roadshows with strong follow-through marketing support in key cities abroad. ALISI, created in March 2005, leads the marketing, sales and channel development activities and marketing initiatives of the three (3) residential brands abroad. ALISI has established Marketing Offices in Northern California, specifically in Milpitas in 2012, its first branch, and in San Francisco in March 2014. Marketing Offices were also set up in Singapore in September 2013, Hong Kong in February 2014, and a Representative office in Dubai in 2013. ALISI also assumed the operations of AyalaLand International Marketing, Inc. in Italy and London. In addition, One Ayala program, which bundles the products and services of Ayala Land, BPI and Globe Telecom, gives access to potential Ayala Land clients overseas, i.e. through BPI's 17 overseas offices and 81 tie-ups. In addition, the Ayala Land-BPI Dream Deals program aims to generate additional sales from local market.

Separate sales groups have also been formed for certain subsidiaries which cater to different market segments under Amaia (economic housing), Avida (affordable housing), Alveo (middle-income housing) and BellaVita (socialized housing). To complement these sales groups, Ayala Land and its subsidiaries also tap external brokers.

Effective second half of 2008, residential sales support transactions of ALP, Alveo, and Avida is being undertaken by the shared services company APSI put up by the Company. In 2010, APRISA completed its full roll-out to handle transactional accounting processes across the Ayala Land Group.

Competition

Ayala Land is the only full-line real estate developer in the Philippines with a major presence in almost all sectors of the industry. Ayala Land believes that, at present, there is no other single property company that has a significant presence in all sectors of the property market. Ayala Land has different competitors in each of its principal business lines.

With respect to its mall business, Ayala Land's main competitor is SM Prime Holdings, Inc. whose focus on mall operations gives SM Prime Holdings, Inc. some edge over the Company in this line of business. Nevertheless, Ayala Land is able to effectively compete for tenants primarily based on its ability to attract customers -- which generally depends on the quality and location of its shopping centers, mix of tenants, reputation as a developer, rental rates and other charges.

For office rental properties, Ayala Land sees competition in smaller developers such as Kuok Properties (developer of Enterprise Building), Robinsons Land (developer of Robinsons Summit Center) and non-traditional developers such as the AIG Group (developer of Philam Towers) and RCBC (developer of RCBC towers). For BPO office buildings, Ayala Land competes with the likes of Megaworld and Robinsons Land.

Ayala Land is able to effectively compete for tenants primarily based upon the quality and location of its buildings, reputation as a building owner, and quality of support services provided by its property manager, rental and other charges.

With respect to residential lot and condominium sales, Ayala Land competes with developers such as Megaworld, DMCI Homes, Robinsons Land, and SM Development Corporation. Ayala Land is able to effectively compete for purchasers primarily on the basis of reputation, price, reliability, and the quality and location of the community in which the relevant site is located.

For the middle-income/affordable housing business, Ayala Land sees the likes of SM Development Corp, Megaworld, Filinvest Land and DMCI Homes as key competitors. Alveo and Avida are able to effectively compete for buyers based on quality and location of the project and availability of attractive in-house financing terms.

For the economic housing segment, Amaia competes with Camella Homes, DMCI Homes, Filinvest, Robinsons Land and SM Development Corporation.

BellaVita, a relatively new player in the socialized housing market, will continue to aggressively expand its geographical footprint with product launches primarily located in provincial areas.

Capital Expenditures (Consolidated)

For the year 2019, Ayala Land's consolidated budget for project and capital expenditures amount to ₱130.4 billion of which ₱108.72 billion has been disbursed as of December 31, 2019 to support residential and leasing asset buildup.

Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures

As of December 31, 2019, there are several companies which are either subsidiaries or associates and joint ventures of Ayala Land. Certain details and the percentage of ownership held by Ayala Land of each of these companies are described below:

	Date of Incorporation	Effective Ownership (%)*
Real Estate:		
Alveo Land Corporation (Alveo)	September 29, 1995	100
Serendra, Inc.	June 7, 1994	39
Solinea, Inc. (Solinea)	April 2, 2007	65
BGSouth Properties, Inc. (BGS)	August 10, 2011	50
Portico Land Corp. (Portico)	October 2, 2013	60
Serendra, Inc.	June 7, 1994	28
Amorsedia Development Corporation (ADC)	March 6, 1996	100
OLC Development Corporation and Subsidiary	June 28, 1996	100
HLC Development Corporation	June 28, 1996	100
Allysonia International Ltd.	February 18, 2000	100
Avida Land Corporation (Avida)	October 30, 1990	100
Buklod Bahayan Realty and Development Corp.	November 5, 1996	100
Avida Sales Corp. and Subsidiaries	December 22, 2004	100
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc.	June 2, 2008	100
Avencosouth Corp. (Avencosouth)	April 26, 2012	70
BGNorth Properties, Inc. (BGN)	August 5, 2011	50
Amaia Land Co. (Amaia)	May 29, 2000	100

Amaia Southern Properties, Inc. (ASPI)	February 12, 2013	65
AyalaLand Premier, Inc.	July 7, 2017	100
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc. (ALISI)	March 29, 2005	100
Ayala Land International Marketing, Inc. (AIMI)	February 28, 2012	100
Ayala Land International (Singapore) Pte. Ltd	July 4, 2013	100
Ayala Land International Marketing (Hong Kong) Ltd	November 20, 2013	100
Ayala Land International Marketing, SRL	April 9, 2014	100
Ayala Land International Marketing, London	December 10, 2014	100
Ayala Land Sales, Inc.	March 6, 2002	100
Southportal Properties, Inc. (Southportal)	December 1, 2014	65
Buendia Landholdings, Inc.	October 27, 1995	100
Crans Montana Holdings, Inc.	December 28, 2004	100
Crimson Field Enterprises, Inc.	October 26, 1995	100
Ecoholdings Company, Inc. (ECI)	September 25, 2008	100
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation (NBCC)	August 13, 1970	100
Red Creek Properties, Inc.	October 17, 1994	100
Regent Time International, Limited	March 28, 2003	100
North Eastern Commercial Corp. (formerly Asterion Technopod	July 8, 2008	100
Incorporated (ATI))	,	
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp. (formerly Crestview E-	July 8, 2008	100
Office Corporation) (Westview)	,,	
North Ventures Commercial Corp. (formerly Fairview Prime	August 24, 2007	100
Commercial Corp.)	- J	
Hillsford Property Corporation (HPC)	August 24, 2007	100
Primavera Towncentre, Inc. (PTI)	December 18, 2009	100
Summerhill E-Office Corporation (Summerhill)	July 7, 2008	100
Sunnyfield E-Office Corporation (Sunnyfield)	July 7, 2008	100
Subic Bay Town Centre, Inc.	March 9, 2010	100
Regent Wise Investments Limited (Regent Wise) (Hongkong	May 12, 2010	100
Company)	May 12, 2010	100
AyalaLand Real Estate Investments, Inc.	February 4, 2013	100
AyalaLand Advisory Broadway, Inc.	February 4, 2013	100
AyalaLand Development (Canada), Inc.	February 15, 2013	100
AyalaLand OpenAsia Holdings PTE, Ltd.	July 6, 2012	100
Blue Horizons Holdings PTE, Limited.	September 20, 2013	100
Modular Construction Technology (MCT) Bhd.	April 6, 2015	66
AyalaLand Commercial REIT, Inc. (ALCRI)	September 30, 2010	100
		1
Arvo Commercial Corporation (Arvo)	June 23, 2011	100
BellaVita Land Corporation (BellaVita)	March 21, 1995	100
Nuevo Centro, Inc. (Nuevo Centro)	April 15, 2011	54
Alviera Country Club, Inc. (Alviera)**	July 9, 2014	50
Cavite Commercial Town Center, Inc.	July 31, 2009	100
Ayalaland REIT, Inc. (formerly One Dela Rosa Property	September 4, 2006	100
Development, Inc.)		
AyalaLand Offices, Inc. (ALO) (formerly ALI Property Partners	July 26, 2006	100
Corp. (APPCo))		
First Gateway Real Estate Corp.	September 4, 2006	100
Glensworth Development, Inc. (Glensworth)	August 23, 2007	100
UP North Property Holdings, Inc.	March 26, 2007	100
ALO Prime Realty Corporation	A pril 23, 2008	100
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp. (MCLC)	June 5, 2017	100
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	November 16, 2017	100
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp	December 4, 2017	100
Bay City Commercial Venture Corp. (BCCVC)	November 3, 2017	100

Aurora Properties Incorporated	December 3, 1992	81
Soltea Commercial Corp.	June 13, 2013	16
Vesta Property Holdings, Inc.	October 22,1993	78
Altaraza Prime Realty Corporation	March 9, 2016	100
Prow Holdings, Inc.	May 24, 2013	55
Station Square East Commercial Corporation (SSECC)	March 17, 1989	69
AREIT Property Managers, Inc (formerly Next Urban Álliance	May 4, 2015	100
Development Corp.)	,	
Accendo Commercial Corp. (Accendo)	December 17, 2007	67
Avencosouth Corp.	April 26, 2012	20
Aviana Development Corporation	September 17, 2013	7
Aviana Development Corporation	September 17, 2013	50
Cagayan de Oro Gateway Corp. (CDOGC)	March 3, 2010	70
Ceci Realty, Inc. (Ceci)	August 22, 1974	60
Soltea Commercial Corp.	June 13, 2013	12
Soltea Commercial Corp.	June 13, 2013	60
CMPI Holdings, Inc.	May 30, 1997	60
CMPI Land, Inc.	March 27, 1998	36
ALI-CII Development Corporation (ALI-CII)	August 6, 1997	50
Roxas Land Corporation (RLC)	March 18, 1996	50
Adauge Commercial Corporation (Adauge)	September 5, 2012	60
	October 19, 2012	100
Ayalaland Estates, Inc. (formerly Southgateway Development	October 19, 2012	100
Corp. (SDC)) Ayalaland MetroNorth, Inc. (AMNI)	November 29, 2012	100
		100
Verde Golf Development Corporation	August 8, 2013	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corporation (NTDCC)	March 20, 2001	73
BGWest Properties, Inc. (BGW)	August 5, 2011	50
Lagdigan Land Corp. (Lagdigan)	March 17, 2014	60
Central Block Developers, Inc. (CBDI)	July 28, 2015	45
Cebu Holdings, Inc. (CHI)	December 9, 1988	71
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	January 31, 1994	71
CBP Theatre Management, Inc.	February 1, 1994	71
Taft Punta Engaño Property, Inc. (TPEPI)	September 8, 2011	39
Cebu Insular Hotel Company, Inc. (CIHCI)	April 6, 1995	26
Solinea, Inc.	April 2, 2007	25
Amaia Southern Properties, Inc. (ASPI)	February 12, 2013	25
Southportal Properties, Inc. (Southportal)	December 1, 2014	25
Central Block Developers, Inc. (CBDI)***	July 28, 2015	39
Asian I-Office Properties, Inc. (AIOPI)	September 24, 2007	71
Alabang Commercial Corporation (ACC)	June 28, 1978	50
South Innovative Theater Management (SITMI)	February 2, 2001	50
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	October 13, 2014	100
AMC Japan Concepts, Inc.	November 15, 2018	75
AyalaLand Logistics Holdings Corp.	May 19, 1989	71
FLT Prime Insurance Corporation	February 22, 1977	56
Orion Solutions, Inc.	October 12, 1994	71
Orion Holdings Philippines, Inc.	March 9, 1993	71
OE Holdings, Inc.	August 6, 1993	71
Orion Land, Inc.	April 22, 1996	71
Lepanto Ceramics, Inc.	March 26, 1990	71
Laguna Technopark, Inc. (LTI)	November 15, 1990	68
		68
Ecozone Power Management, Inc. Unity Realty & Development Corp.	August 20, 2010 April 11, 1997	68 71

Ayalaland Malls, Inc.	February 19, 2013	100
Ayalaland Malls Vismin, Inc.	October 15, 2015	100
Ayalaland Malls Northeast, Inc.	October 15, 2015	100
Construction		
Makati Development Corporation (MDC)	August 15, 1974	100
MDC Subic, Inc.	June 28, 2010	100
MDC Build Plus, Inc.	October 17, 2011	100
MDC Congrete, Inc. (MCI)	August 12, 2013	100
MDC Equipment Solutions, Inc. (MESI)	September 16, 2013	100
MDBI Construction Corp. (formerly MDC Triangle, Inc.)	March 1, 2017	67
(MDBI)		07
Hotels		
Ayala Hotels, Inc. (AHI)	April 11, 1991	50
AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corporation (AHRC) and	September 21, 2010	100
Subsidiaries		
ALI Makati Hotel & Residences, Inc.	January 30, 2007	80
ALI Makati Hotel Property, Inc.	August 13, 2007	80
Asian Conservation Company Limited and Subsidiary	March 22, 2001	100
Enjay Hotels, Inc.	July 12, 1990	100
Greenhaven Property Venture, Inc.	July 9, 2008	100
Cebu Insular Hotel Company, Inc.	April 6, 1995	63
Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc.	October 13, 2010	100
Southcrest Hotel Ventures, Inc.	October 18, 2010	67
Northgate Hotel Ventures, Inc.	October 18, 2010	70
North Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	October 18, 2010	100
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures, Inc.	May 19, 2011	100
Sentera Hotel Ventures, Inc.	June 19, 2014	100
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	October 8, 2014	100
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	March 4, 2014	100
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	October 20, 2014	100
Capitol Central Hotel Ventures, Inc.	October 20, 2014	100
Arca South Hotel Ventures, Inc.	October 17, 2014	100
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	September 29, 2015	100
Bay Area Hotel Ventures, Inc.	September 6, 2017	100
Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc. (MNHVI)	October 10, 2017	100
One Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc. (OMHVI)	September 28, 2017	100
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	July 8, 2015	100
Asiatown Hotel Ventures, Inc.	December 17, 2018	100
One Makati Residential Ventures, Inc.	September 12, 2018	100
ALI Makati Hotels & Residences, Inc.	January 30, 2007	20
ALI Makati Hotel Property, Inc.	August 13, 2007	20
Ten Knots Phils., Inc.	November 22, 1979	60
Bacuit Bay Development Corporation	April 28, 1997	60
Lio Resort Ventures, Inc.	October 27, 2015	60
North Liberty Resort Ventures, Inc.	October 27, 2015	60
Paragua Eco-Resort Ventures, Inc.	October 27, 2015	60
Lio Tourism Estate Management Corporation	October 10, 2016	60
Ten Knots Development Corp.	August 22, 1992	60
Chirica Resorts Corp.	September 25, 2009	60
Kingfisher Capital Resources Corp.	August 20, 2002	60
Pangulasian Island Resort Corporation	September 18, 2015	60

Property Management		
Ayala Property Management Corporation (APMC)	July 25, 1951	100
	(Extended for	
	another term of 50	
	years as approved	
	on October 13,	
	2003)	
Prime Support Services, Inc.	October 14, 2015	100
Ayala Theatres Management, Inc. and Subsidiaries	August 10, 1984	100
DirectPower Services, Inc. (DirectPower)	September 14, 2011	100
Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc. (PhilEnergy)	September 21, 2010	100
Entertainment		
Five Star Cinema, Inc.	December 18, 2000	100
Leisure and Allied Industries Philippines, Inc. (LAIP)	October 10, 1997	50
Others		
ALInet.com, Inc. (ALInet)	May 5, 2000	100
First Longfield Investments Limited (First Longfield)	October 23, 2006	100
Green Horizons Holdings Limited	October 25, 2006	100
PCM Formosa Company Limited	September 8, 2016	50
Esta Galleria, Inc.	July 12, 2018	50
Horizon Wealth Holding Ltd.	March 28, 2018	100
Aprisa Business Process Solutions, Inc. (Aprisa)	September 21, 2010	100
AyalaLand Club Management, Inc.	December 26, 2011	100
ALI Capital Corp. (formerly Varejo Corp.)	June 25, 2012	100
Airswift Transpor Inc. (formerly Island Transvoyager, Inc.)	October 2, 2002	100
Integrated Eco-resort Inc.	May 27, 2015	100
Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc.	November 27, 2015	100
Whiteknight Holdings, Inc. (WHI)	May 14, 2013	100
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	April 13, 2015	100
Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc. (Anvaya Cove Beach)**	March 28, 2005	73
Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club, Inc. (Anvaya Cove Golf)**	September 21, 2010	76

*Includes the Ayala Land Group's percentage and effective ownership

** Consolidated in compliance with Philippine Interpretations Committee (PIC) Q&A 2016-02 PAS 32 and PAS 38 - Accounting Treatment of Club Shares Held by an Entity *** includes CPVD interest in CBDI

Changes in the group structure in 2019

AyalaLand Logistics Holdings, Corp (formerly Prime Orion Philippines, Inc.) and Laguna Technopark, Inc.

On February 4, 2019, The Executive Committee of Ayala Land, Inc. approved the purchase of a 20% equity interest owned by Mitsubishi Corporation in Laguna Technopark, Inc., equivalent to 8,051 common shares, with a total value of P800 million. Subsequently, ALI will exchange the 20% equity interest in LTI for additional shares of stock in POPI, equivalent to 323,886,640 common shares, subject to conditions to be fulfilled by POPI.

On June 10, 2019, further to the disclosure last February 4, 2019, ALI sold its 20% equity interest or 8,051 common shares in LTI to ALLHC (formerly Prime Orion Philippines, Inc. or POPI) for a consideration of ₽800 million.

On July 19, 2019, ALLHC purchased 100% of common shares of URDC, which owns a property in Mabalacat Pampanga, a prime location for a new industrial park development with an area of 192 hectares. As of July 19, 2019, ALI owns 69.17% of ALLHC.

Real Estate

Alveo Land Corp., 100%-owned by Ayala Land, offers various residential products to the middle-income market. Alveo's projects from 2014 up to 2015 includes Venare, The Lerato Tower (Makati City), Kasa Luntian (Tagaytay), Marquee Residences and Sedona Parc. For on-going projects, they have Kroma, Escala Salcedo, Lumira, The Stiles Enterprise, Mirala, Ferndale Villas and Alveo Financial Tower to name a few.

Avida Land Corp., a 100%-owned subsidiary, continued to develop affordable housing projects which offer house-and lot packages and residential lots. Avida also ventured into the development and sale of residential condominiums. Project launches in the past three (3) years included Avida Towers Sucat, Avida Towers New Manila, Avida Towers San Lazaro, Avida Towers Makati West, Avida Settings NUVALI, Avida Residences San Fernando, Avida Residences Sta. Cecilia, and Riego de Dios Village.

Amaia Land Corp., formerly a subsidiary of Avida is now a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, was established to pursue a planned expansion of residential development operations to cater to the country's economic housing segment.

Bella Vita Land Corp. (formerly South Maya Ventures Corp.), wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, aims to establish the country's first social enterprise community development targeting minimum wage earners and members of the informal business sector. Its first project in General Trias, Cavite was launched in November 2011.

Serendra, Inc., 28%-owned by ALI and 39%-owned by Alveo, is engaged in residential development. In 2004, it launched Serendra, a residential complex at the BGC in Taguig.

Solinea (formerly Bigfoot Palms, Inc.), a landholding entity, was acquired on March 05, 2011 through Alveo Land Corporation through acquisition of 65% shares of stock. The remaining 35% was acquired by Cebu Holdings, Inc., an associate of the Group.

Portico Land Corp., a subsidiary of Alveo was incorporated on October 2, 2013. Portico is 60%-owned by Alveo and 40% by MC. The subsidiary was organized to develop and operate the mixed-use developments primarily in Ortigas center.

Aviana Development Corporation, incorporated on September 17, 2013, is a 50-50 joint venture company between the Ayala Land Group (10%-owned by Accendo) and the Alcantara Group. The company will develop approximately 27-hectare waterfront property in Lanang, Davao City.

Soltea Commercial Corp., a joint venture between the Company (60%), Ceci Realty, Inc. (20%) and Aurora Properties, Inc. (20%), was incorporated on June 13, 2013. Currently, its main purpose is the development of Solenad 3 project in Sta. Rosa, Laguna.

Roxas Land Corp., 50%-owned, sold-out One Roxas Triangle in 2007. The project was started in 1996 and was completed in September 2001.

Verde Golf Development Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, was registered on August 8, 2013 primarily to develop, maintain, operate, manage and carry on the business, operation and management of the Southlinks golf facilities for the amusement, entertainment, recreation, leisure and athletic activities of the general public.

BGWest Properties, Inc., BGSouth Properties, Inc. and BGNorth Properties, Inc. were incorporated to engage in the development of high-end, middle-end and affordable residential and retail projects, respectively, in Bonifacio Global City.

Avencosouth was incorporated in the Philippines and is currently engaged in condominium development operations. The Company holds 90% indirect interest in Avencosouth as of December 31, 2012. It is 70%-owned by Avida (wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) and 30%-owned by Accendo (67%-owned by the Company). Avencosouth was registered with the SEC on April 26, 2012 and started commercial operations on August 11, 2012.

AIMI, a wholly-owned subsidiary of ALISI, was incorporated on February 28, 2012 to engage in any lawful act or activity for which a corporation may be organized under the General Corporation Law of California other than the banking business, the trust company business or the practice of a profession permitted to be incorporated by the California Corporations Code.

Ayala Land International (Singapore) Pte. Ltd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of ALISI, was established on July 4, 2013 to market real estate products of ALI through Licensed Estate Agents in Singapore.

Ayala Land International Marketing (Hong Kong) Ltd. (formerly, First Folio Limited), a wholly-owned subsidiary of ALISI, was incorporated on September 13, 2013 to engage in the marketing and sale of real estate products of ALI Hong Kong SAR.

Ayala Land International Marketing, SRL was organized when ALISI bought ownership interests in Italy and Ayala Land International Marketing, Inc. in London from Avida Sales Corporation on April 9, 2014 and December 10, 2014, respectively. ALISI continues to widen the range of exposure of all ALI residential brands by its marketing partners.

Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, Inc. and was registered with SEC on June 5, 2017. MCLC was organized to develop the Circuit BPO1 and Circuit BPO2.

AyalaLand Premier, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, Inc. and was registered on July 7, 2017 to engage primarily in general contracting services.

Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp. was incorporated on November 3, 2017. BCCVC is a wholly-owned subsdiary of Ayala Land, Inc. and was organized primarily for the development of Ayala Malls Bay City.

Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, Inc. and was incorporated on November 16, 2017 for the development of Ayala Malls Arca South.

Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, Inc. and was incorporated on December 4, 2017 for the development of Ayala Malls Capitol Central.

Strategic Landbank Management

Aurora Properties, Incorporated, Vesta Property Holdings, Inc. and Ceci Realty, Inc. (incorporated in 1974) are owned by Ayala Land 81%, 78% and 60%, respectively. These companies, joint ventures with the Yulo Family, finalized plans for the development of nearly 1,700 hectares of land in Canlubang, Laguna.

Lagdigan is a 60:40 joint venture between the Company and AC. It was incorporated on March 17, 2014 and its main purpose is to develop Laguindingan's 500-hectare property owned by AC. The vision is to develop it as a mixed-use area that will be the primary growth area in Misamis Oriental.

Nuevo Centro, Inc., a 54%-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, was established primarily to acquire and hold real estate properties for the purpose of developing them into large-scale, mixed-used and masterplanned communities in Pampanga.

Regent Time International Limited, 100%-owned by Ayala Land, also owns a stake at Bonifacio Land Corp. / Fort Bonifacio Development Corp.

NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation – formerly Alabang Theatres Management Corporation, is Ayala Land's wholly-owned vehicle for its MarQuee Mall in Pampanga, which commenced development in March 2007 and began operations in September 2009.

Station Square East Commercial Corporation, 69%-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, broke ground in 2002 for Market! Market!, a 150,000-sqm mall along C-5 Road in Taguig. It opened Phase 1A of the mall in 2004 and Phase 1B in 2005.

AREIT Property Managers, Inc (formerly Next Urban Alliance Development Corp.) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of ALI and was incorporated on May 4, 2015. Its purpose is to develop, invest, own or acquire commercial, residential or agricultural lands.

Accendo Commercial Corp., with a 67% stake, ALI entered into a joint venture agreement with Anflo Group to develop a mixed-use project in Davao City.

ALI-CII Development Corporation, a 50-50% joint venture with Concepcion Industries, continued to operate Metro Point, a mid-market mall at the corner of EDSA and Taft Avenue, which was completed in the fourth quarter of 2001.

ALI Commercial Center, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary and was incorporated on October 13, 2014. ALI Commercial Center, Inc. manages the operations of Glorietta and Greenbelt malls.

Alabang Commercial Corporation, 50%-owned by Ayala Land, continued to manage and operate the Alabang Town Center.

North Triangle Depot Commercial Corporation, 73%-owned by Ayala Land, commenced development of TriNoma (formerly referred to as North Triangle Commercial Center), a 191,000-sqm mall constructed at the main depot of MRT-3 in Quezon City. TriNoma broke ground in June 2005 and began operations in May 2007.

North Ventures Commercial Corporation, 100% wholly-owned subsidiary to handle the development of Fairview Terraces.

Primavera Town Centre, Inc, 100% wholly-owned subsidiary, was also formed to handle the planning, development and management of small-format retail facilities known as "neighborhood centers" within the Company's existing and planned growth centers across the country.

Subic Bay Town Centre, Inc., 100%-owned by Ayala Land, was incorporated on March 9, 2010 for the planning, development management of a mall to be located in Subic Bay Freeport Zone.

Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corp. was established to pursue a mixed-use development with a 47,000 sqm regional mall as its centerpiece. A 150-room boutique hotel shall be located on top of the mall, while a single tower residential condominium with 21 floors and 522 rooms shall be located right beside the mall. The project is strategically located in the economic hub of Cagayan de Oro City.

Arvo Commercial Corporation ("Arvo"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Ayala Land, was established primarily to develop and operate shopping malls within the ALI identified growth areas across the country.

Laguna Technopark, Inc., continues to sell industrial lots to local and foreign company locators. It also leases ready-built factory units within the Laguna Technopark.

ALO Inc., is the Company's 100%-owned vehicle in partnership with MLT Investments (Goldman Sachs) which handle various BPO projects and investments.

Sunnyfield E-Office Corporation, Asterion Technopod, Inc., Westview Commercial Ventures Corp., Summerhill E-Office Corporation and Hillsford Property Corp. are wholly-owned entities established to handle, develop and manage all future BPO buildings located at various growth centers within the Philippines.

Cebu Holdings, Inc., 71%-owned by Ayala Land, continued to manage and operate the Ayala Center Cebu and sell condominium units and lots within the Cebu Business Park. The company also launched Amara, a high-end seaside residential subdivision, and continued to sell club shares at City Sports Club Cebu. Through Cebu Property Ventures Development Corporation, CHI also continued to sell lots at the Asiatown IT Park.

Taft Punta Engaño Property Inc. ("TPEPI") was incorporated on September 8, 2011, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Taft Property Venture Development Corporation ("TPVDC"). TPEPI's primary purpose is to create a mixed-use commercial and residential district within a 12-hectare property in Lapu-Lapu City. A joint venture agreement was entered into last April 26, 2013 between TPVDC and the Company. Under the agreement, the Company will own 55% of TPEPI and TPVDC will own the remaining 45% of TPEPI. The Company's rights to the venture were subsequently transferred to CHI on September 18, 2013 to enhance the latter's portfolio and operations. It is consistent with the thrust of CHI to expand its business.

Amaia Southern Properties, Inc. ("ASPI") was organized and incorporated on February 12, 2013 by Amaia together with Cebu Holdings Inc. (CHI), primarily to purchase and develop new real estate properties for planned projects in the south. ASPI is 65%-owned by Amaia and 35% by CHI.

Southportal Properties, Inc. ("Southportal") was incorporated on December 1, 2014. It is 65%- owned by the Company and the remaining 35% is held by CHI. The primary purpose of the Group is to develop, sell and manage the operations for ALP Towers in Cebu.

Central Block Developers, Inc ("CBDI") is a subsidiary of the Company with pro-rata ownership of the Group's Cebu Companies, CPVDC and CHI. The project of CBDI is called Central Bloc and is located at the core of Cebu IT Park. The development includes two (2) BPO towers, an Ayala branded hotel, and a 5-storey mall. CBDI was registered with the SEC on July 28, 2015 and has not yet started commercial operations.

Cebu District Property Enterprise, Inc. ("CDPEI") was incorporated on February 20, 2014 and is a 50:50 joint venture between Ayala Land, Inc. and Aboitiz Land, Inc. CDPEI's main purpose is to create a mixed-use commercial and residential district with the 15.4-hectare property in Subangdaku, Mandaue.

Adauge, a 60%-owned subsidiary of the Company, was incorporated on September 5, 2012 for the acquisition and development of a mixed-use project in Mandurriao, Iloilo City.

Regent Wise Investments Limited ("Regent Wise"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, formed to enter into an Equity Joint Venture with Sino-Singapore Tianjin Eco-City Investment and Development Co., Ltd for the development of a 9.78-hectare residential project in China. The project will be located in the Eco-City, a 3,000-hectare collaboration between the Chinese and Singaporean governments which will showcase future direction of urban planning and sustainable development.

MCT Bhd was incorporated on April 6, 2015. Ayala Land, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Regent Wise, signed a share purchase agreement last January 2, 2018 to acquire an additional 17.24% share in MCT Bhd, subject to the completion of certain conditions. The Company's shareholdings increased to 72.31% from 50.19%. On March 23, 2018, principals of MCT Bhd converted their ICULS into 122,218,357 MCT shares. This exercise resulted in a 6.07% of ALI's stake in MCT to 66.25%.

AyalaLand Real Estate Investments Inc. was incorporated on February 4, 2013 under the laws of British Columbia, Canada. It is 100%-owned by the Company through RegentWise. It is the beneficiary of the Trust and a Shareholder of Rize-AyalaLand (Kingsway) GP Inc. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, it is a party to the Rize-AyalaLand (Kingsway) Limited Partnership.

AyalaLand Advisory Broadway Inc. was incorporated on February 4, 2013 under the laws of British Columbia, Canada. It is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company through Regent Wise.

AyalaLand Development (Canada) Inc. was incorporated on February 15, 2013 under the laws of British Columbia, Canada. It is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company through Regent Wise. It is a party to the Management Services Agreement between Rize-AyalaLand (Kingsway) Limited Partnership, Rize-AyalaLand (Kingsway) GP Inc., Rize Alliance Properties Ltd. and AyalaLand Development (Canada) Inc.

AyalaLand Commercial REIT, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land was formed in September as a vehicle through which Ayala Land will own and operate select investment properties and which Ayala Land intends to undertake an IPO under Republic Act No. 9856 or the Philippines Real Estate Investment Trust ("REIT") Law. Said investment properties shall include prime shopping center and office assets currently owned by the Company which are mature, have recurring income streams and have achieved stable occupancy rates.

SDC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, was incorporated on October 19, 2012 to be involved in real estate development projects of the Group.

AMNI was incorporated in November 29, 2012 and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. It is established primarily to develop and operate shopping malls and offices.

Ayala Land Malls, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, was incorporated in 2013 as a shared-service entity to provide manpower services to the Ayala Malls Group.

Ayalaland Malls NorthEast, Inc. was registered on October 15, 2015. The company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of ALMI with primary purpose of conducting general contracting services and other support service, including performance of technical support services to North East Manila malls.

Ayalaland Malls VisMin, Inc. was registered on October 15, 2015. The company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of ALMI with primary purpose of conducting general contracting services and other support service, including performance of technical support services to VisMin malls.

Prow Holdings, Inc. (PHI). In April 2016, the Company acquired a 22% stake in PHI which was subsequently increased to 33% in May 2016. The acquisition was undertaken pursuant to the joint venture agreement governing the development of the Alviera Estate in Porac, Pampanga.

Entertainment

Five Star Cinema, Inc., also wholly-owned, continued to manage and operate theaters at the Alabang Town Center.

Leisure and Allied Industries Phils., Inc., a 50-50% joint venture of Ayala Land with Australian company, LAI Asia Pte. Ltd., continued to operate family entertainment centers called TimeZone in various Ayala malls, as well as other malls.

Property Management

Ayala Property Management Corporation, 100%-owned by Ayala Land, continued to manage properties of Ayala Land and its subsidiaries. It also provided its services to third-party clients.

Prime Support Services, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of APMC and was incorporated on October 14, 2015. It is a company that provides technical and administrative services but not limited to the maintenance and the improvement of the physical aspects of the administered properties.

Ayala Theaters Management, Inc., 100%-owned, continued to manage and operate theaters at the Ayala Center in Makati.

Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc., a 100%-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land established for the supply and operations of a district cooling system, performance contracting by introducing various energy solutions and bulk purchase of electricity.

DirectPower Services, Inc., (DirectPower), a wholly-owned subsidiary of ALI, was formed to engage in the bulk purchase and supply of electricity and to introduce various energy solutions.

Hotels and Resorts

Ayala Hotels, Inc., 50%-owned, currently manages hotel land lease operations.

AHRC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land which will serve as a holding company for the Group's hotels and resorts operations.

Ten Knots Philippines, Inc. and Ten Knots Development Corporation (The Ten Knots Group), 60%-owned by Ayala Land in partnership with Asian Conservation Company Inc. In 2013, the Hotels and Resorts Group signed an agreement with Asian Conservation Company to acquire its 40% stake in El Nido Resorts.

North Liberty Resort Ventures, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of TKPI. The company was incorporated on October 27, 2015 and was primarily organized to own, use, improve, develop, subdivide, sell, lease & hold for investment or otherwise real estate of all kinds.

Lio Resort Ventures, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of TKPI. The company was incorporated on October 27, 2015 and was primarily organized to own, use, improve, develop, subdivide, sell, lease & hold for investment or otherwise real estate of all kinds.

Paragua Eco-Resort Ventures, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of TKPI. The company was incorporated on October 27, 2015 and was primarily organized to own, use, improve, develop, subdivide, sell, lease & hold for investment or otherwise real estate of all kinds.

Pangulasian Island Resort Corporation is a wholly-owned subsidiary of TKDC. The company was incorporated on September 18, 2015 and was primarily organized to plan, develop, construct, own and operate sports, vacation, recreation and resort facilities and other related business activities.

Greenhaven Property Venture, Inc., 100%-owned by Ayala Land through AHRC established to plan, develop and manage the hotel being constructed in Glorietta 1 as part of the Ayala Center redevelopment project.

Regent Horizons Conservation Company Inc. and Subsidiary. On November 19, 2013, AHRC, a whollyowned subsidiary of the company entered into an agreement to acquire 100% interest in ACCI, which effectively consolidates the remaining 40% interest in TKDC and TKPI (60%-owned subsidiary of the company prior to this acquisition). This acquisition is in line with the Company's thrust to support the country's flourishing tourism industry.

Sentera Hotel Ventures, Inc. was registered on June 19, 2014. It is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AHRC with purpose of managing the hotel operation of SEDA Iloilo.

Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc. is wholly-owned subsidiary of AHRC with the primary purpose of engaging in real estate and hospitality activities in Seda Lio, Palawan. It was registered on October 8, 2014.

ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc. was registered on March 4, 2014. It is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AHRC with the primary purpose of managing the activities of the new Mandarin Hotel.

Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc. was registered on October 20, 2014. It is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AHRC with primary purpose of developing and managing the hotel operations in Circuit Makati.

Capitol Centre Hotel Ventures, Inc. was registered on October 20, 2014. It is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AHRC and with the purpose of developing and managing the hotel activities of SEDA Bacolod.

Arca South Hotel Ventures, Inc. was registered on October 17, 2014. It is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AHRC with main purpose of developing and managing the hotel operations of Arca South project in Taguig.

Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of AHRC, was registered on September 29, 2015 with primary purpose of engaging in the general business in hotel in Sicogon Island, Iloilo.

Bay Area Hotel Ventures, Inc. was incorporated on September 6, 2017, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AHRC and organized primarily for the development of Seda Bay Area.

One Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AHRC and was incorporated on September 28, 2017. OMHVI was organized primarily for the development of Seda One Ayala.

Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AHRC. MNHVI was organized on October 10, 2017 for the development of Seda Residences Makati.

Construction

Makati Development Corporation, 100%-owned by Ayala Land, continued to engage in engineering, design and construction of horizontal and low-rise vertical developments. It continued to service site development requirements of Ayala related projects while it provided services to third-parties in both private and public sectors.

MDC Build Plus was formed to cater primarily to projects focusing on the lower end of the base of the pyramid, particularly the residential brands Amaia and BellaVita.

MDC Congrete, Inc. ("MCI"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of MDC was incorporated on August 12, 2013 primarily to manufacture, facilitate, prepare, ready-mix, pre-cast and pre-fabricate floor slabs, wall panels and other construction materials and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal with cement and other related products.

MDC Equipment Solutions, Inc. ("MESI") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MDC was incorporated on September 16, 2013 primarily to acquire, manage, and operate tools, heavy equipment and motor vehicles

Others

MDBI Construction Corp., formerly MDC Triangle, Inc., was incorporated on March 1, 2017. The company is 67% owned by Makati Development Corp. and 33% owned by Bouygues Batiment International, a Europe-based company which is also a subsidiary of Bouygues Construction. MDBI was organized to engage in general contracting services

First Longfield Investments Limited is wholly-owned by Ayala Land. On March 7, 2011, ALI, Ayala Corp and The Rohatyn Group completed an exchange of ownership interests in Arch Capital and Arch Capital Asian Partners G.P (a Cayman Islands company), with proceeds and carrying value of the investments as of the date of exchange amounting to US\$3.8 million and US\$0.4 million, respectively, resulted to a gain of US\$2.9 million, net of transaction costs. The exchange in ownership interest resulted in TRG acquiring ALI's 17% stake and Ayala Corp's 33% interest. The completed exchange of ownership interests did not change the activities, management, focus and shareholder structure of the ARCH Fund, with the Company retaining its current 8% interest in the fund.

Aprisa Business Solutions, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land that will initially manage transactional accounting services.

ALI Capital Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, was incorporated with the SEC on June 25, 2012. It is the holding company of the Company for its retail-related initiatives. In 2012, the company, through Varejo, formed a partnership with Specialty Investments, Inc. ("SII") to pursue opportunities in the Philippine retail sector. SII is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Stores Specialists, Inc. ("SSI"), one of the largest retail companies in the Philippines, with the exclusive rights to sell, distribute and market in the country a variety of brands from around the world. The partnership with SII will enable the company to support its mixed-use developments and, at the same time, grow its recurring income portfolio.

Integrated Eco-Resort, Inc. was incorporated with the SEC on May 27, 2015. It is a wholly-owned subsidiary of ALI Capital Corp. incorporated to engage in land and real estate business development particularly the Caliraya Lake project.

Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of ALI Capital Corp. which was incorporated with the SEC on July 8, 2015. The company was organized to engage in land and real estate business development in Sicogon Island, Iloilo.

Whiteknight Holdings, Inc. ("WHI") was registered on May 14, 2013. The Company entered into an agreement with the Mercado family to acquire WHI in July 2013. The transaction was consummated in November 2013, thereby making WHI a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. WHI owns 33% equity stake in Mercado General Hospital, Inc., owner and operator of the Daniel O. Mercado Medical Center in Tanauan, Batangas, the University Physicians Medical Center through its subsidiary Mercado Ambulatory and Surgical Centers, Inc., DMMC - Institute of Health Sciences, Inc. and Panay Medical Ventures, Inc.

Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of ALI which was incorporated on November 27, 2015. It is organized to finance, design, construct and manage the South Transport System Terminal Project located in Bicutan (formerly FTI). It is a project to be rolled out by the Department of Transportation and Communications which involves the development of mass transportation intermodal terminal at the southern outskirts of Metropolitan Manila to provide effective interconnection between transport modes and services.

Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, Inc. It was incorporated with SEC on April 13, 2015 to engage primarily in developing and lease of Built-to-suit structure for ALI's hospital operations and retail.

Suppliers

The Company has a broad base of suppliers, both local and foreign. The Company is not dependent on one or a limited number of suppliers.

Customers

Ayala Land has a broad market base including local and foreign individual and institutional clients. The Company does not have a customer that will account for twenty percent (20%) or more of its revenues.

Research and Development

While the Company engages in research and development activities, the expenses incurred in connection with these activities are not material.

Employees

Ayala Land has a total workforce of 335 regular employees as of December 31, 2019. On March 2020, Ayala Land anticipated that it will have a total workforce of 325 regular employees.

The breakdown of ALI's employees according to category is as follows:

Senior Management	23
Middle Management	218
Staff	94
Total	335

Employees take pride in being an ALI employee because of the Company's long history of bringing high quality developments to the Philippines. With the growth of the business, career advancement opportunities are created for employees. These attributes positively affect employee engagement and retention.

The Company aims that its leadership development program and other learning interventions reinforce ALI's operating principles and provide participants with a set of tools and frameworks to help them develop skills and desired qualities of an effective leader. The programs are also venues to build positive relations and manage networks within the ALI Group.

ALI has a healthy relation with its employees' union. Both parties openly discuss employee concerns without necessity of activating the formal grievance procedure.

Further, employees are able to report fraud, violations of laws, rules and regulations, or misconduct in the organization through reporting channels under the ALI Business Integrity Program.

ALI's Rank & File employees form the collective bargaining unit. ALI's current collective bargaining agreement covers the period January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2021. There have been no strikes in the last three (3) years.

Intellectual Property and Licenses

Intellectual Property

The Company has a License Agreement with its parent holding company, Ayala Corporation, whereby it was granted the license to use the composite marks "Ayala Land" and "AyalaLand". However, except for certain cases as stated in the License Agreement, the Company cannot use the mark "Ayala" without the prior written consent of Ayala Corporation.

Ayala Land (by itself or through its subsidiaries) has secured trademark registrations for its major residential brands Ayala Land Premier, Alveo, Avida, Amaia, BellaVita, including major brands in its Ayala Malls group, and Hotels and Resorts. As a matter of policy, the Company and its subsidiaries also apply for, obtain and maintain trademark registrations for its various developments, projects and events.

In the Philippines, certificates of registration of a trademark filed with the Philippine Intellectual Property Office prior to the effective date of the Philippine Intellectual Property Code in 1998 are generally effective for a period of twenty (20) years from the date of the certificate, while those filed after the Philippine Intellectual Property Code became effective are generally effective for a shorter period of ten (10) years, renewable for ten (10)-year periods, unless cancelled earlier. Ayala Land asserts all trademark ownership rights under existing laws over its registered trademarks and considers the same as essential part of Ayala Land's brand management initiatives.

Licenses

Phenix Building System, a 50%-50% joint venture between Maison Individuelles, S.A. ("MISA") of France and Avida was organized in June 1998 and subsequently registered with the SEC as Laguna Phenix Structures Corporation ("LPSC") in July 1999.

LPSC is primarily engaged in the business of manufacturing, installation, erection and construction, marketing and promotion, and wholesaling of buildings, houses and other structures and accessories using the "Phenix" technology (for which a patent has been registered and issued in the Philippines under RP Patent No. 29862). Both MISA and Avida assigned their respective license rights to LPSC since the latter's incorporation.

Regulation

Presidential Decree No. 957, as amended, Republic Act No. 4726, as amended, Batas Pambansa Bilang 220 ("BP 220"), RA 4726 and RA 7279, as amended, are the principal statutes which regulate the development and sale of real property as part of a condominium project or subdivision. Presidential Decree No. 957 covers subdivision projects and all areas included therein for residential, commercial, industrial and recreational purposes, and condominium projects for residential or commercial purposes. The HLURB is the administrative agency of the Government which enforces this decree and has jurisdiction to regulate the real estate trade and business.

In this regard, all subdivision plans and condominium project plans of ALI are required to be filed with and approved by the HLURB and the relevant LGU of the area where the project is situated. Approval of such plans is conditional on, among other things, ALI's financial, technical and administrative capabilities. Alterations of approved plans which affect significant areas of the project, such as infrastructure and public facilities, also require the prior approval of the relevant local government unit. ALI, as owner of and dealer in real estate projects, is required to obtain licenses to sell ("LTS") before making sales or other dispositions of lots or real estate projects.

Subdivision or condominium units may be sold or offered for sale only after an LTS has been issued by the HLURB. As a requisite for the issuance of an LTS by the HLURB, developers are required to file with the HLURB security (in the form of a surety bond, mortgage, or any other form of security) to guarantee the completion of the development and compliance with the applicable laws, rules and regulations.

Dealers, brokers and salesmen of real estate projects of ALI are also required to register with the Philippine Regulatory Commission. Project permits and licenses to sell may be suspended, cancelled or revoked by the HLURB by itself or upon complaint from an interested party. A license or permit to sell may only be suspended, cancelled or revoked after a notice to the developer has been served and all parties have been given an opportunity to be heard in compliance with the HLURB's rules of procedure and other applicable laws. ALI has been able to maintain these permits and licenses.

Under current regulations, ALI as developer of subdivision projects having an area of one hectare or more is required to reserve at least 30% of the gross land area of such subdivision for open space for common uses, which include roads and recreational facilities. ALI, as a developer of subdivision projects with twenty (20) lots and below per hectare, is required to reserve at least 3.5% of the gross project area for parks or playgrounds. ALI has been compliant with these requirements.

Under the agrarian reform law and the regulations issued thereunder by the Department of Agrarian Reform ("DAR"), land classified for agricultural purposes as of or after June 15, 1988, cannot be converted to nonagricultural use without the prior approval of DAR. Republic Act No. 9700, the law extending the term of the comprehensive agrarian reform program for another five (5) years, was signed by President Arroyo on August 7, 2009, and expired on June 30, 2014. Prior to undertaking any development of agricultural lands, ALI obtains the necessary permits from the relevant government agencies. While the 1987 Philippine Constitution prohibits foreigners from owning land, there is generally no prohibition against foreigners owning buildings and other permanent structures. However, with respect to condominium developments, the foreign ownership of units in such developments is limited to 40%. To the extent of the foregoing, ALI's foreign market for real estate projects is limited.

Republic Act No. 7279 requires developers of proposed subdivision projects to develop an area for socialized housing equivalent to at least 20% of the total subdivision area or total subdivision project cost, at the option of the developer, within the same city or municipality, whenever feasible, and in accordance with the standards set by the HLURB. ALI has been compliant with this requirement in accordance with the rules and regulations implementing Republic Act No. 7279.

Construction

The construction industry in the Philippines is subject to regulation by the Government as described below.

Licenses. A regular contractor's license is required to be obtained from the Philippine Contractors Accreditation Board ("PCAB"). In granting such license, the PCAB takes into consideration the applicant-contractor's qualifications and compliance with certain minimum requirements in the following criteria: (i) financial capacity, (ii) equipment capacity, (iii) experience of firm, and (iv) experience of technical personnel. Philippine laws also require a contractor to secure construction permits and environmental clearances from appropriate Government agencies prior to actually undertaking each project. MDC is duly accredited by the PCAB as a licensed contractor and maintains all required qualifications in compliance with the PCAB's requirements.

Minimum Philippine Ownership Requirement. Under Philippine law, in order to bid on publicly funded Government contracts, a contractor must be at least 75%-owned by Philippine nationals. In this connection, Ayala Land has maintained at least 60% ownership by Philippine nationals. As of December 31, 2019, Ayala Land's foreign ownership is at 22.96%.

Real Estate Sales on Installments

The provisions of Republic Act No. 6552, or the Maceda Law apply to all transactions or contracts involving the sale or financing of real estate on instalment payments (including residential condominium units but excluding industrial lots and commercial buildings and sales to tenants under Republic Act 3844). Under the provisions of the Maceda Law, where a buyer of real estate has paid at least two (2) years of instalments, the buyer is entitled to the following rights in case of a default in the payment of succeeding instalments:

- To pay, without additional interest, the unpaid instalments due within the total grace period earned by him, which is fixed at the rate of one month for every one year of instalment payments made. However, this right may be exercised by the buyer only once every five (5) years during the term of the contract and its extensions, if any.
- If the contract is cancelled, the seller shall refund to the buyer the cash surrender value of the payments on the property equivalent to 50.0% of the total payments made, and in cases where five (5) years of instalments have been paid, an additional 5.0% every year (but with a total not to exceed 90.0% of the total payments). However, the actual cancellation of the contract shall take place after thirty (30) days from receipt by the buyer of the notice of cancellation or the demand for rescission of the contract by a notarial act and upon full payment of the cash surrender value to the buyer.

In the event that the buyer has paid less than two (2) years of installments, the seller shall give the buyer a grace period of not less than 60 days from the date the installment became due. If the buyer fails to pay the installments due at the expiration of the grace period, the seller may cancel the contract after 30 days from receipt by the buyer of the notice of cancellation or the demand for rescission of the contract by a notarial

act.

Shopping Malls

Shopping mall centers are regulated by the LGU of the city or municipality where the establishment is located. In line with this, mall operators must secure the required mayor's permit or municipal license before operating. In addition, no mall shall be made operational without complying first with the provisions of RA 9514, otherwise known as the "Fire Code" and other applicable local ordinances. Furthermore, shopping malls with food establishments must obtain a sanitary permit from the Department of Health. It is also compulsory for shopping malls discharging commercial wastewater to apply for a wastewater discharge permit from the DENR and to pay the fee incidental to the permit.

Property Laws

Land Registration

The Philippines has adopted a system of land registration which conclusively confirms land ownership which is binding on all persons, including the Government. Once registered, title to registered land can no longer be challenged except with respect to claims annotated on the certificate of title. Title to registered lands cannot be lost through adverse possession or prescription.

Unregistered land may be brought under the system if, after proper surveying, application, publication, service of notice and hearing, the Regional Trial Court within whose jurisdiction the land is situated confirms title to the land. Persons opposing the registration may appeal the judgment within 15 days to the Court of Appeals. After the lapse of the period of appeal, the Registry of Deeds may issue an Original Certificate of Title. The decree of registration may be annulled on the ground of actual fraud within one year from the date of entry of the decree of registration.

Any subsequent transfer or encumbrance of the land must be registered in the system in order to bind third persons. Subsequent registration and issuance of a new title in the name of the transferee will be granted upon presentation of certain documents and payment of fees and taxes.

In accordance with the said system of land registration, ALI ensures that all properties held or developed are properly covered by valid and subsisting certificates of title.

Zoning

Land use may be limited by zoning ordinances enacted by provinces, cities or municipalities. Once enacted, land use may be restricted in accordance with a comprehensive land use plan approved by the relevant local government unit. Lands may be classified under zoning ordinances as commercial, industrial, residential or agricultural. All developments of ALI comply with the applicable zoning classification *Subdivisions and Condominiums*

All subdivision lots and condominium plans for residential, commercial, industrial and other development projects are subject to approval by the local government unit in which the project is situated. The development of subdivision lots and condominium projects can commence only after the local government unit has issued the development permit.

Subdivision lots or condominium units may be sold or offered for sale only after a license to sell has been issued by the HLURB. The license to sell may be issued only against a performance bond posted to guarantee the completion of the construction of the subdivision lot or condominium project and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. All documents evidencing conveyances of subdivision and condominium units should be registered with the relevant Registry of Deeds.

Title to the subdivision lot or condominium unit must be delivered to the purchaser upon full payment of the purchase price.

The foregoing permits, licenses and approvals are secured by ALI for its subdivision and condominium developments.

Special Economic Zone

The PEZA is a government corporation that operates, administers and manages Ecozones around the country. Ecozones, which are generally created by proclamation of the President of the Philippines, are areas earmarked by the Government for development into balanced agricultural, industrial, commercial, and tourist/recreational regions.

An Ecozone may contain any or all of the following: industrial estates, export processing zones, free trade zones, and tourist/recreational centers. PEZA-registered enterprises located in an Ecozone are entitled to fiscal and non-fiscal incentives such as income tax holidays and duty free importation of equipment, machinery and raw materials.

Enterprises offering IT services (such as call centers and other BPO firms using electronic commerce) are entitled to fiscal and non-fiscal incentives if they are PEZA-registered locators in a PEZA-registered IT Park, IT Building, or Ecozone. An IT Park is an area which has been developed into a complex capable of providing infrastructures and other support facilities required by IT enterprises, as well as amenities required by professionals and workers involved in IT enterprises, or easy access to such amenities. An IT Building is an edifice, a portion or the whole of which provides such infrastructure, facilities and amenities.

PEZA requirements for the registration of an IT Park or IT Building differ depending on whether it is located in or outside Metro Manila. These PEZA requirements include clearances or certifications issued by the city or municipal legislative council, the DAR, the National Water Resources Board, and the DENR. Certain of ALI's properties are registered with PEZA, and this provides significant benefits to ALI's tenants. PEZA registration provides significant tax incentives to those of ALI's customers that are PEZA-registered (they can, for example, avail themselves of income tax incentives such as income tax holidays or a 5.0% gross income taxation), thereby making tenancy in ALI's PEZA-registered buildings potentially more attractive to them.

Property Taxation

Real property taxes are payable annually based on the property's assessed value. Assessed values are determined by applying the assessment levels (set by ordinances of the concerned Sanggunian) against the fair market values of real property. The assessed value of property and improvements vary depending on the location, use and the nature of the property. Land is ordinarily assessed at 20% to 50% of its fair market value; buildings may be assessed at up to 80% of their fair market value; and machinery may be assessed at 40% to 80% of its fair market value. Real property taxes may not exceed 2% of the assessed value in municipalities and cities within Metro Manila or in other chartered cities and 1% in all other areas.

A province or city, or a municipality within Metro Manila may also levy and collect an annual tax of one percent (1%) on the assessed value of real property which shall be in addition to the basic real property tax to accrue exclusively to the Special Education Fund of the local government unit where the property is located. ALI promptly pays the real estate taxes and assessments on the properties it owns.

Environmental Laws

Development projects that are classified by law as environmentally critical or projects within statutorily defined environmentally critical areas are required to obtain an Environmental Compliance Certificate

("ECC") prior to commencement. As a requisite for the issuance of an ECC, an environmentally critical project must prepare an Environmental Impact Statement ("EIS"), while a project in an environmentally critical area must prepare an Initial Environmental Examination ("IEE"), without prejudice to the power of the DENR to require a more detailed EIS. In case of an environmentally critical project within an environmentally critical area, an EIS is required. The construction of major roads and bridges are considered environmentally critical projects for which EISs and ECCs are mandated.

The EIS refers to both the document and the study of a project's environmental impact, including a discussion of the direct and indirect consequences to human welfare and ecological as well as environmental integrity. The IEE refers to the document and the study describing the environmental impact, including mitigation and enhancement measures, for projects in environmentally critical areas.

While the EIS or an IEE may vary from project to project, as a minimum, it contains all relevant information regarding the project's environmental effects. The entire process of organization, administration and assessment of the effects of any project on the quality of the physical, biological and socio-economic environment as well as the design of appropriate preventive, mitigating and enhancement measures is known as the EIS System. The EIS System successfully culminates in the issuance of an ECC. The issuance of an ECC is a Government certification that the proposed project or undertaking will not cause a significant negative environmental impact; that the proponent has complied with all the requirements of the EIS System and that the proponent is committed to implement its approved Environmental Management Plan in the EIS or, if an IEE was required, that it shall comply with the mitigation measures provided therein.

Project proponents that prepare an EIS are required to establish an Environmental Guarantee Fund ("EGF") when the ECC is issued to projects determined by the DENR to pose a significant public risk to life, health, property and the environment. The EGF is intended to answer for damages caused by such a project as well as any rehabilitation and restoration measures. Project proponents that prepare an EIS are mandated to include a commitment to establish an Environmental Monitoring Fund ("EMF") when an ECC is eventually issued. The EMF shall be used to support the activities of a multi-partite monitoring team which will be organized to monitor compliance with the ECC and applicable laws, rules and regulations.

In addition to the requirement for the issuance of an ECC, all public and private proponents of subdivision development projects, housing projects and other land development and infrastructure projects are required to undertake an Engineering Geological and Geohazard Assessment ("EGGA"). The EGGA is undertaken in order that project proponents can adequately and comprehensively address and mitigate the possible effects/impacts of geologic hazards. To comply with this requirement, the proponent causes the preparation of an Engineering Geological and Geohazard Assessment Report ("EGGAR") which includes the results of all engineering geological, structural geological and geohazard assessment and geotechnical tests, with any other specialized studies and tests undertaken, as prescribed by the DENR- Mines and Geosciences Bureau ("MGB"). The EGGAR shall be subject to review/verification by DENR-MGB and for appropriate transmittal or endorsement to the DENR-EMB and other concerned government Agencies. The EGGAR is used as an institutional planning tool to safeguard development projects from the hazards caused by geological phenomena. ALI undertakes the EGGA and secures ECCs prior to commencement of its real estate projects and exerts best efforts to comply with the conditions specified therein. Real Estate projects are also required to secure relevant local permits and abide by requirements specific to local zoning ordinances, and, if applicable, protected area guidelines. ALI secures the necessary permits and keeps track of national and local regulatory developments.

In general, there have been no materially significant or extraordinary costs incurred by ALI and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, in respect of environmental compliance. ALI and its subsidiaries' costs of compliance with applicable environmental laws and regulations vary from project to project depending on various factors, especially local conditions. However, none of such costs have been material in respect of their finances as a whole.

Anti-Trust Laws

The Philippine Competition Act

The law authorizes the PCC to review mergers and acquisitions to ensure compliance with the Philippine Competition Act ("PCA"). The Merger Rules provides for mandatory notification to the PCC of any merger or acquisition within thirty (30) days of signing any definitive agreement relating to the transaction, where the value of such transaction exceeds Two Billion Two Hundred Million Pesos (₱2,200,000,000), and where the size of the ultimate parent entity of either party exceeds Five Billion Six Hundred Million Pesos (₱5,600,000,000). Effective March 1, 2020, these thresholds were raised to Two Billion Four Hundred Million Pesos (₱2,400,000,000) and Six Billion Pesos (₱6,000,000,000), respectively. The parties may not consummate the transaction prior to receiving PCC approval or the lapse of the period stated in the Merger Rules. A merger or acquisition that meets the thresholds under the Merger Rules but was not notified to the PCC, or notified but consummated, in whole or in part, prior to the expiration of the waiting period, is considered void and will subject the parties, and will subject the parties to a fine between one percent (1.00%) to five percent (5.00%) of the value of the transaction.

Given the usual volume of the Issuer's transactions, mergers or acquisitions undertaken by the Issuer would likely meet the notification threshold under the PCA and its IRR. The Issuer will comply with the requirements of the PCA and its IRR.

Data Privacy Laws

Data Privacy Act

RA No. 10173, otherwise known as the Data Privacy Act of 2012 ("Data Privacy Act"), was signed into law on August 15, 2012, to govern the processing of all types of personal information (i.e., personal, sensitive, and privileged information) in the hands of the government or private natural or juridical person through the use of Information and Communications System ("ICT"), which refers to a system for generating, sending, receiving, storing or otherwise processing electronic data messages or electronic documents and includes the computer system or other similar device by or which data is recorded, transmitted or stored and any procedure related to the recording, transmission or storage of electronic data, electronic message, or electronic document. While the law expressly provides that it does not apply to certain types of information, including those necessary for banks and other financial institutions under the jurisdiction of BSP to comply with the AMLA and other applicable laws, the said law applies to all other personal information obtained by banks for other purposes.

It mandated the creation of a National Privacy Commission, which shall administer and implement the provisions of the Data Privacy Act and ensure compliance of the Philippines with international standards set for data protection. The Philippines recognizes the need to protect the fundamental human right of privacy and of communication, while ensuring free flow of information to promote innovation and growth. It also identifies the vital role of information and communications technology in nation building and its inherent obligation to ensure that personal information in ICT in the government and in the private sector are secured and protected.

The Data Privacy Act seeks to protect the confidentiality of "personal information", which is defined as "any information, whether recorded in material form or not, from which the identity of an individual is apparent or can be reasonably and directly ascertained by the entity holding the information, or when put together with other information would directly and certainly identify an individual." The law provides for certain rights of a data subject or an individual whose personal information is being processed. The law imposes certain obligations on "personal information controllers" and "personal information processors". It also provides for penal and monetary sanctions for violations of its provisions.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTIES

LANDBANK / PROPERTIES WITH MORTGAGE OF LIEN

The following table provides summary information on ALI's land bank as of December 31, 2019. Properties are wholly-owned and free of lien unless noted.

Land within and outside Estates

In Estates	Location	Hectares	Outside Estates	Hectares
Metro Manila		173	Metro Manila	105
Makati CBD	Makati City	46	Las Pinas	84
BGC	Taguig City	27	QC	9
Arca South	Taguig City	21	Pasig	4
Parklinks	Quezon City - Pasig City	18	Paranague	3
Ayala Alabang	Muntinlupa City	18	Makati	2
Circuit Makati	Makati City	17	Muntinlupa	2
Cloverleaf	Quezon City	10	Mandaluyong	1
Vertis North	Quezon City	7	Manila	0.3
The Junction Place	Quezon City	6	Pasay	0.1
Southpark District	Muntinlupa City	3	1 dody	0.1
Luzon		5,395	Luzon	4,578
Nuvali	Sta. Rosa, Laguna	1,480	Cavite	2,059
Alviera	Porac, Pampanga	1,302	Laguna	985
Altaraza	San Jose Del Monte, Bulacan	869	Batangas	844
Lio	El Nido, Palawan	867	Bulacan	239
Vermosa	Imus, Cavite	407	Pampanga	210
Cresendo	Tarlac City, Tarlac	281	Bataan	160
Broadfield	Binan, Laguna	160	Quezon	46
Evo City	Kawit, Cavite	29	Camarines Sur	40
LV0 City	Rawit, Cavile	29	Rizal	17
			Cagayan – Tuguegarao	2
			Nueva Ecija	2
Visayas		996	Visayas	210
Sicogon Island Resort	lloilo	810	Cebu	181
North Point	Talisay, Negros Occidental	119	lloilo	19
Cebu Park District	Cebu City, Cebu	33	Negros Occidental	10
Gatewalk Central	Mandaue, Cebu	13	Negros Occidental	
Seagrove	Mactan Island, Cebu	13		
Atria Park District	Mandurriao, Iloilo	12		
Capitol Central	Talisay, Negros Occidental	0.4		
Mindanao		235	Mindanao	501
Habini Bay	Laguindingan, Misamis Oriental	200	Misamis Oriental	274
Azuela Cove	Davao City, Davao del Sur	22	Davao del Sur	227
Abreeza	Davao City, Davao del Sur	9		221
Centrio	Cagayan de Oro, Misamis Oriental	3		
2019 Land Bank: 12,192		6,798		5,394

LEASED PROPERTIES

The Company has an existing contract with BCDA to develop, under a lease agreement a mall with an estimated gross leasable area of 152,000 sqm on a 9.8-hectare lot inside Fort Bonifacio. The lease agreement covers 25 years, renewable for another 25 years subject to reappraisal of the lot at market value. The annual fixed lease rental amounts to ₱104.58 million while the variable rent ranges from 5% to 20% of gross revenues. Subsequently, the Company transferred its rights and obligations granted to or imposed under the lease agreement to SSECC, a subsidiary, in exchange for equity.

On January 28, 2011, a notice was given to the Company for the ₱4.0 billion development of a 7.4-hectare lot at the University of the Philippines' Diliman East Campus, also known as the UP Integrated School, along Katipunan Avenue, Quezon City. The Company signed a 25-year lease contract for the property last June 22, 2011, with an option to renew for a 58,000 sqm another 25 years by mutual agreement. The project involves the construction of a retail establishment with 63,000 sqm of available gross leasable area and a combination of Headquarter-and-BPO- type buildings with an estimated 8,000 sqm of office space.

RENTAL PROPERTIES

The Company's properties for lease are largely shopping centers, office buildings and hotels and resorts. As of December 31, 2019, rental revenues from these properties amount to ₱39.3 billion or 25% consolidated revenues, 13% higher than ₱34.9 billion recorded in 2018.

PROPERTY ACQUISITIONS

With 12,192 hectares in its land bank as of December 31, 2019, Ayala Land believes that it has sufficient properties for development in next 25 years.

Nevertheless, the Company continues to seek new opportunities for additional, large-scale, master-planned developments in order to replenish its inventory and provide investors with an entry point into attractive long-term value propositions. The focus is on acquiring key sites in the Mega Manila area and other geographies with progressive economies that offer attractive potential and where projected value appreciation will be fastest.

On July 19, 2019, AyalaLand Logistics Holdings, Corp., formerly Prime Orion Philippines, Inc. acquired 100% ownership of Unity Realty & Development Corporation. URDC owns a 192- hectare property in Mabalacat City, Pampanga which will be developed into an industrial park.

On May 15, 2018, Ayala Land, Inc. entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with Green Square Properties Corporation ("GSPC") and Green Circle Properties and Resources, Inc. ("GCPRI") on May 11, 2018 for the formation of a Joint-Venture Company ("JVC") that will own and develop 27,852 hectares of land, specifically located in Dingalan, Aurora and General Nakar, Province of Quezon. ALI will own 51%, and GSPC and GCPRI will jointly own 49% of the JVC.

On April 4, 2018, Ayala Land, Inc. signed a Deed of Absolute Sale with Central Azucarera de Tarlac, Inc. for the acquisition of several parcels of land with an aggregate area of approximately 290 hectares located in Barangay Central, City of Tarlac, Province of Tarlac.

On February 20, 2018, the Philippine Competition Commission ("PCC") approved the setting up of a joint venture between the Company and Royal Asia Land, Inc. to acquire, own, and develop a 936-hectare commercial and residential project in Silang and Carmona, Cavite. Both firms will own 50% equity in the joint venture vehicle while Royal Asia Land will receive a consultation fee of 2% of the joint venture firm's gross revenue for its participation in the planning and development of the property. ALI, meanwhile, will develop and market the project and receive a management fee of 12% and sales and marketing fee of 5% of the gross revenue. The PCC has deemed that the transaction does not result in a substantial lessening of competition because it will not have a structural effect on the market. On June 20, 2015, ALI, through the

SM-ALI Group consortium, participated and won in the bidding for Lot No. 8-B-1, containing an area of 263,384 sqm, which is a portion of Cebu City-owned lot located at the South Road Properties, Cebu City covered by Transfer Certificate of Title No. 107-2011000963 (the "Property"). SM-ALI Group consortium is a consortium among SM Prime Holdings, Inc. ("SM"), Ayala Land, and Cebu Holdings, Inc., together with ALI collectively referred to as the ("ALI Group"). The SM-ALI Group consortium will co-develop the property pursuant to a joint master plan.

In April 2015, ALI purchased all of the 8.2 million common shares of Aegis PeopleSupport Realty Corporation amounting to ₱435 million. Aegis PeopleSupport Realty Corporation is a PEZA-registered entity and the owner of Aegis building along Villa Street, Cebu IT Park, Lahug, Cebu City. The building is a certified LEED-Gold Office with a gross leasable area of 18,092 sqm and is largely occupied by Teleperformance under a long-term lease.

On February 6, 2015, ALI purchased the combined remaining interest of Allante Realty and Development Corporation ("Allante") and DBH, Inc. ("DBH") in North Triangle Depot Commercial Corporation ("NTDCC") consisting of 167,548 common shares and 703,904 preferred shares amounting to ₱229 million.

In January 2014, ALI entered and signed into a 50-50% joint venture agreement with AboitizLand, Inc. for the development of a 15-hectare mixed-use community in Mandaue City, Cebu. The first project of this joint venture will involve the construction of a mall and a residential condominium unit with an estimated initial cost of ₱3 billion.

On November 23, 2013, ALI, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, AHRC signed an agreement to acquire 100% interest in Asian Conservation Company, Inc. ("ACCI") which effectively consolidates the remaining 40% interest in Ten Knots Development Corp. ("TKDC") and Ten Knots Philippines Inc. ("TKPI") (60%-owned subsidiary of the Company prior to this acquisition). The agreement resulted in the Company effectively obtaining 100% interest in TKPI and TKDC.

On April 16, 2013, ALI entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement ("SPA") with Global International Technologies Inc. ("GITI") to acquire the latter's 32% interest in ALI Property Partners Co. ("APPCo") for ₱3.52 billion. GITI is a 100%-owned company of the Goldman Sachs Group Inc. The acquisition increased ALI's stake in APPCo from 68% to 100%. APPCo owns BPO buildings in Makati, Quezon City and Laguna with a total gross leasable area of around 230,000 sqm The carrying amount of the non-controlling interest is reduced to nil as APPCo became wholly-owned by the Company. The difference between the fair value of the consideration paid and the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted is recognized in equity attributable to the Company amounting to ₱2,722.6 million.

MORTGAGE, LIEN OR ENCUMBRANCE OVER PROPERTIES

The Company has certain properties in Makati City that are mortgaged with BPI in compliance with BSP rules on directors, officers, stockholders and related interests, and affiliates.

CERTAIN LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

As of December 31, 2019, ALI, its subsidiaries, and its affiliates, are not involved in any litigation regarding an event which occurred during the past five (5) years that they consider material.

However, there are certain litigations ALI is involved in which it considers material, and though the events giving rise to the said litigation occurred beyond the five (5) year period, the same are still unresolved, as follows:

Las Piñas Property

Certain individuals and entities have claimed an interest in certain of ALI's properties located in Las Piñas, Metro Manila.

Prior to purchasing the aforesaid properties, ALI conducted an investigation of titles to the properties and had no notice of any title or claim that was superior to the titles purchased by ALI. ALI traced its titles to their original certificates of title and ALI believes that it has established its superior ownership position over said parcels of land. ALI has assessed these adverse claims and believes that its titles are in general superior to the purported titles or other evidence of alleged ownership of these claimants. On this basis, beginning October 1993, ALI filed petitions in the RTC of Makati and Las Piñas for quieting of title to nullify the purported titles or claims of these adverse claimants. These cases are at various stages of trial and appeal. Some of these cases have been decided by the Supreme Court ("SC"). These include decisions affirming the title of ALI to some of these properties, which have been developed and offered for sale to the public as Sonera, Ayala Southvale. The SC issued a decision adverse to ALI's title over these properties dated 26 July 2017 and denied ALI's motions for reconsideration.

Ayala Property Management Corp.

As a result of the explosion which occurred on October 19, 2007 at the basement of the Makati Supermarket Building, the Philippine National Police has filed a complaint with the Department of Justice ("DOJ") and recommended the prosecution of certain officers/employees of Makati Supermarket Corporation, the owner of the building, as well as some employees of ALI's subsidiary, APMC, among other individuals, for criminal negligence. In a Joint Resolution dated April 23, 2008, the DOJ special panel of prosecutors ruled that there was no probable cause to prosecute the APMC employees for criminal negligence. This was affirmed by the DOJ Secretary in a Resolution dated November 17, 2008. A Motion for Reconsideration was filed by the Philippine National Police which remains pending with the DOJ. To date, no civil case has been filed by any of the victims of the incident.

ALI has made no allowance in respect of such actual or threatened litigation expenses.

MARKET PRICE OF AND DIVIDENDS ON AYALA LAND'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Ayala Land was incorporated in June 1988 and was listed on the PSE in July 1991.

Market Information

Ayala Land common shares are listed in the PSE.

Stock Prices (in ₱/share)

	High		Low			Close						
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
First Quarter	45.3	45.75	47.50	37.95	19.44	40.60	39.75	31.25	30.20	44.90	41.10	33.05
Second Quarter	N/A	52.50	43.35	42.40	N/A	44.40	36.05	33.15	N/A	50.80	37.90	39.75
Third Quarter	N/A	53.85	45.00	46.10	N/A	46.30	36.55	39.10	N/A	49.45	40.05	43.50
Fourth Quarter	N/A	49.90	43.20	46.00	N/A	42.55	38.00	41.00	N/A	45.50	40.60	44.60

The market capitalization of ALI as of end 1st quarter 2020, based on the closing price of ₱30.20/share for March 31, 2020 (the last trading day of the said month), was ₱444.4 billion.

Stockholders

The following are the top 20 direct holders of the common and preferred shares of the Company:

<u>Common Shares:</u> There are approximately 8,998 registered holders of common shares of the Company as of March 31, 2020:

	Stockholder Name	No. of Common Shares	Percentage (of common shares)
1.	Ayala Corporation	6,545,946,579	44.4831%
2.	PCD Nominee Corporation (Non-Filipino)	5,687,462,967	38.6493%
3.	PCD Nominee Corporation (Filipino)	2,195,339,681	14.9185%
4.	ESOWN Administrator 2012	13,685,969	0. 0930%
5.	ESOWN Administrator 2010	12,828,881	0.0871%
6.	ESOWN Administrator 2015	12,793,419	0.0869%
7.	ESOWN Administrator 2016	11,711,440	0.0795%
8.	ESOWN Administrator 2013	10,989,766	0.0746%
9.	ESOWN Administrator 2019	10,067,965	0.0684%
10.	ESOWN Administrator 2017	9,872,469	0.0670%
11.	ESOWN Administrator 2011	9,859,663	0.0670%
12.	ESOWN Administrator 2014	9,664,717	0.0656%
13.	Antonino T. Aquino	8,973,208	0.0609%
14.	ESOWN Administrator 2018	8,247,901	0.0560%
15.	Emilio Lolito J. Tumbocon	7,340,134	0.0498%
16.	Vincent Y. Tan	5,969,832	0.0405%
17.	Estrellita B. Yulo	5,732,823	0.0389%
18.	Jose Luis Gerardo Yulo	5,162,624	0.0350%
19.	Ma. Angela Y. La'o	3,728,620	0.0253%
20.	Lucio W. Yan	3,483,871	0.0236%

Voting Preferred Shares:

There are approximately 2,853 registered holders of voting preferred shares of the Company as of March 31, 2020:

	Stockholder Name	No. of Preferred Shares	Percentage (of voting preferred shares)
1.	Ayala Corporation	12,163,180,640	93.0868%
2.	HSBC Manila OBO A/C 000-171512-554	512,777,000	3.9244%
3.	Government Service Insurance System	156,350,871	1.1966%
4.	HSBC Manila OBO A/C 000-171512-571	15,051,000	0.1152%
5.	DB MLA OBO SSBTC Fund HG16	15,000,000	0.1148%
6.	Wealth Securities, Inc.	14,825,373	0.1135%
7.	Deutsche Bank AG Manila OBO SSBTC Fund OD67 AC 12087020417	13,670,744	0.1046%
8.	Samuel Villes Santos and/or Luzviminda Lat Santos	12,001,800	0.0919%
9.	DB MLA OBO SSBTC Fund C021	8,497,223	0.0650%
10.	Investors Securities, Inc.	6,251,770	0.0478%
11.	First Metro Securities Brokerage Corp.	5,103,853	0.0391%
12.	Deutsche Regis Partners, Inc.	3,961,757	0.0303%
13.	DB MLA OBO SSBTC FUND FA20	3,951,800	0.0302%
14.	Papa Securities Corporation	3,536,538	0.0271%
15.	DB MLA OBO SSBTC Fund FA2N	3,534,608	0.0271%
16.	Ansaldo, Godinez & Co. Inc.	3,388,848	0.0259%
17.	HSBC Manila OBO A/C 000-171512-551	2,940,048	0.0225%
18.	Belson Securities, Inc.	2,800,874	0.0214%
19.	CBNA FAO 6002079572 CITIMNIFOR	2,725,700	0.0209%
20.	Maybank ATR Kim Eng Securities, Inc.	2,666,714	0.0204%

Dividends

STOCK DIVIDEND (Per Share)				
PERCENT	DECLARATION DATE	RECORD DATE	PAYMENT DATE	
20%	February 1, 2007	May 22, 2007	June 18, 2007	

CASH DIVIDEND (Per Common Share)			
PESO AMOUNT	DECLARATION DATE	RECORD DATE	PAYMENT DATE
0.2400	Feb. 20, 2017	March 6, 2017	March 22, 2017
0.2400	Aug. 18, 2017	Sept. 5, 2017	Sept. 15, 2017
0.2520	Feb. 20, 2018	March 12, 2018	April 3, 2018
0.2520	Aug. 17, 2018	Sept. 6, 2018	Oct. 2, 2018
0.2600	Feb. 27, 2019	March 13, 2019	March 29, 2019
0.2600	Oct. 31, 2019	Nov. 15, 2019	Nov. 29, 2019
0.2680	Feb. 20, 2020	March 06, 2020	March 20, 2020

CASH DIVIDEND (Per Voting Preferred Share)			
PESO AMOUNT	DECLARATION DATE	RECORD DATE	PAYMENT DATE
0.00474786	Feb. 26, 2016	June 15, 2016	June 29, 2016
0.00474786	Feb. 20, 2017	June 15, 2017	June 29, 2017
0.00474786	Feb. 20, 2018	June 15, 2018	June 29, 2018

Dividend policy

Dividends declared by the Company on its shares of stocks are payable in cash or in additional shares of stock. The payment of dividends in the future will depend upon the earnings, cash flow and financial condition of the Company and other factors. The same applies to the declaration of dividends by the Company's subsidiaries and affiliates.

Special cash dividends are declared depending on the availability of cash, taking into account the Company's CAPEX and project requirements and the progress of its ongoing asset rationalization program.

Cash dividends are subject to approval by the Company's Board but no stockholder approval is required. Property dividends which may come in the form of additional shares of stock are subject to approval by both the Company's Board of Directors and the Company's stockholders. In addition, the payment of stock dividends is likewise subject to the approval of the SEC and PSE.

Recent Sale of Securities

For the past three (3) years, common shares were issued representing the exercise of stock options by the Company's executives under the Executive Stock Option Plan ("ESOP") and the subscription to the common shares under the ESOWN as follows:

Year	No. of Shares		
	ESOP**	<u>ESOWN</u>	
	(exercised)	(subscribed)	
2018		9.9 Million	
2019		10.5 Million	

* *Not offered starting 2015

The aforesaid issuance of shares was covered by the Commission's approval of the Company's Stock Option Plan on July 1991 and subsequently on March 2006.

On March 12, 2013, Ayala Corporation executed the placement of, and subscription to the Company's 399,528,229 common shares at ₱30.50 per share or an aggregate of ₱12.2 billion. The placement price of ₱30.50 per share was at a 3.6% discount on the 5-day volume-weighted average price of the Company's stock and was the agreed clearing price among the purchasers of the shares and the placement agent, UBS Investment Bank.

On January 12, 2015, Ayala Corporation executed the placement of, and subscription to the Company's 484,848,500 common shares at ₱33.00 per share or an aggregate of ₱16 billion. The placement price of ₱33.00 per share was at a 3.9% discount on the 5-day volume-weighted average price of the Company's stock and was the agreed clearing price among the purchasers of the shares and the placement agent, UBS AG.

The Company filed Notices of Exemption with the SEC for the issuance of the 680,000,000, 399,528,229 and 484,848,500 common shares under the following provisions of the SRC:

SRC Subsection 10.1 (e), the sale of capital stock of a corporation to its own stockholders exclusively, where no commission or other remuneration is paid or given directly or indirectly in connection with the sale of such capital stock.

SRC Subsection 10.1 (h), "Broker's transaction, executed upon customer's orders, on any registered Exchange or other trading market."

SRC Subsection 10.1 (k), "The sale of securities by an issuer to fewer than twenty (20) persons in the Philippines during any twelve-month period."

SRC Subsection 10.1 (I), "The sale of securities to banks, insurance companies, and investment companies."

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Plan of Operations

Ayala Land's performance will continue to hinge on the overall economic performance of the country. Interest rate movements may affect the performance of the real estate industry, including the Company.

Principles of Consolidation

The audited consolidated financial statements represent the consolidation of the financial statements of Ayala Land and the following subsidiaries as at and for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Real Estate:	Effective Ownership
	(%)*
Alveo Land Corporation (Alveo)	100
Serendra, Inc.	39
Solinea, Inc. (Solinea)	65
BGSouth Properties, Inc. (BGS)	50
Portico Land Corp. (Portico)	60
Serendra, Inc.	28
Amorsedia Development Corporation (ADC)	100
OLC Development Corporation and Subsidiary	100
HLC Development Corporation	100
Allysonia International Ltd.	100
Avida Land Corporation (Avida)	100
Buklod Bahayan Realty and Development Corp.	100
Avida Sales Corp. and Subsidiaries	100
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc.	100
Avencosouth Corp. (Avencosouth)	70
BGNorth Properties, Inc. (BGN)	50
Amaia Land Co. (Amaia)	100
Amaia Southern Properties, Inc. (ASPI)	65
AyalaLand Premier, Inc.	100
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc. (ALISI)	100
Ayala Land International Marketing, Inc. (AIMI)	100
Ayala Land International (Singapore) Pte. Ltd	100
Ayala Land International Marketing (Hong Kong) Ltd	100
Ayala Land International Marketing, SRL	100
Ayala Land International Marketing, London	100
Ayala Land Sales, Inc.	100
Southportal Properties, Inc. (Southportal)	65
Buendia Landholdings, Inc.	100
Crans Montana Holdings, Inc.	100
Crimson Field Enterprises, Inc.	100
Ecoholdings Company, Inc. (ECI)	100
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation (NBCC)	100
Red Creek Properties, Inc.	100
Regent Time International, Limited	100
North Eastern Commercial Corp. (formerly Asterion Technopod Incorporated (ATI))	100
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp. (formerly Crestview E-Office Corporation) (Westview)	100

North Ventures Commercial Corp. (formerly Fairview Prime Commercial Corp.)	100
Hillsford Property Corporation (HPC)	100
Primavera Towncentre, Inc. (PTI)	100
Summerhill E-Office Corporation (Summerhill)	100
Sunnyfield E-Office Corporation (Sunnyfield)	100
Subic Bay Town Centre, Inc.	100
Regent Wise Investments Limited (Regent Wise) (Hongkong Company)	100
AyalaLand Real Estate Investments, Inc.	100
AyalaLand Advisory Broadway, Inc.	100
AyalaLand Development (Canada), Inc.	100
AyalaLand OpenAsia Holdings PTE, Ltd.	100
Blue Horizons Holdings PTE, Limited.	100
Modular Construction Technology (MCT) Bhd.	66
AyalaLand Commercial REIT, Inc. (ALCRI)	100
Arvo Commercial Corporation (Arvo)	100
BellaVita Land Corporation (BellaVita)	100
Nuevo Centro, Inc. (Nuevo Centro)	54
Alviera Country Club (Alviera)**	50
Cavite Commercial Town Center, Inc.	100
Ayalaland REIT, Inc. (formerly One Dela Rosa Property Development, Inc.)	100
AyalaLand Offices, Inc. (ALO) (formerly ALI Property Partners Corp. (APPCo))	100
First Gateway Real Estate Corp.	100
Glensworth Development, Inc. (Glensworth)	100
UP North Property Holdings, Inc.	100
ALO Prime Realty Corporation	100
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp. (MCLC)	100
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	100
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp	100
Bay City Commercial Venture Corp. (BCCVC)	100
Aurora Properties Incorporated	81
Soltea Commercial Corp.	16
Vesta Property Holdings, Inc.	78
Altaraza Prime Realty Corporation	100
Prow Holdings, Inc.	55
Station Square East Commercial Corporation (SSECC)	69
AREIT Property Managers, Inc (formerly Next Urban Alliance Development	100
Corp.)	100
Accendo Commercial Corp. (Accendo)	67
Avencosouth Corp.	20
Aviana Development Corporation	7
Aviana Development Corporation	50
Cagayan de Oro Gateway Corp. (CDOGC)	50 70
Ceci Realty, Inc. (Ceci)	60
Soltea Commercial Corp.	12
Soltea Commercial Corp.	60 60
CMPI Holdings, Inc.	60
CMPI Land, Inc.	36
ALI-CII Development Corporation (ALI-CII)	50
Roxas Land Corporation (RLC)	50
Adauge Commercial Corporation (Adauge)	60
Avalaland Estates, Inc. (formerly Southgateway Development Corp. (SDC))	100
Ayalaland MetroNorth, Inc. (AMNI)	100
Verde Golf Development Corporation	100
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corporation (NTDCC)	73
BGWest Properties, Inc. (BGW)	50
Lagdigan Land Corp. (Lagdigan)	60

Central Block Developers, Inc. (CBDI) Cebu Holdings, Inc. (CHI) Cebu Leisure Company, Inc. CBP Theatre Management, Inc. Taft Punta Engaño Property, Inc. (TPEPI) Cebu Insular Hotel Company, Inc. (CIHCI) Solinea, Inc. Amaia Southern Properties, Inc. (ASPI) Southportal Properties, Inc. (Southportal) Central Block Developers, Inc. (CBDI) *** Asian I-Office Properties, Inc. (AIOPI)	45 71 71 39 26 25 25 25 25 39 71
Alabang Commercial Corporation (ACC)	50
South Innovative Theater Management (SITMI)	50
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	100
AMC Japan Concepts, Inc.	75
AyalaLand Logistics Holdings Corp	71
FLT Prime Insurance Corporation	56
Orion Solutions, Inc.	71
Orion Holdings Philippines, Inc.	71
OE Holdings, Inc.	71
Orion Land, Inc.	71
Lepanto Ceramics, Inc.	71
Laguna Technopark, Inc. (LTI) Ecozone Power Management, Inc.	68 68
Unity Realty & Development Corp.	71
AMSI, Inc. (formerly Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	100
Ayalaland Malls, Inc.	100
Ayalaland Malls Vismin, Inc.	100
Ayalaland Malls Northeast, Inc.	100
Construction	
Makati Development Corporation (MDC)	100
MDC Subic, Inc.	100
MDC Build Plus, Inc.	100
MDC Congrete, Inc. (MCI)	100
MDC Equipment Solutions, Inc. (MESI)	100
MDBI Construction Corp. (formerly MDC Triangle, Inc.) (MDBI)***	67
Hotels	
Ayala Hotels, Inc. (AHI)	50
AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corporation (AHRC) and Subsidiaries	100
ALI Makati Hotel & Residences, Inc.	80
ALI Makati Hotel Property, Inc.	80
Asian Conservation CompanyLimited and Subsidiary	100
Enjay Hotels, Inc.	100
Greenhaven Property Venture, Inc.	100
Cebu Insular Hotel Company, Inc.	63
Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100
Southcrest Hotel Ventures, Inc.	67 70
Northgate Hotel Ventures, Inc. North Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100
Sentera Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	100
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100

Capitol Central Hotel Ventures, Inc. Arca South Hotel Ventures, Inc. Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc. Bay Area Hotel Ventures, Inc. (MNHVI)*** One Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc. (MNHVI)*** Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. Asiatown Hotel Ventures, Inc. One Makati Residential Ventures, Inc. ALI Makati Hotels & Residences, Inc. ALI Makati Hotel Property, Inc. Ten Knots Phils., Inc. Bacuit Bay Development Corporation Lio Resort Ventures, Inc. North Liberty Resort Ventures, Inc. Lio Tourism Estate Management Corporation Ten Knots Development Corp. Chirica Resorts Corp. Kingfisher Capital Resources Corp. Pangulasian Island Resort Corporation	$ \begin{array}{r} 100\\ 100\\ 100\\ 100\\ 100\\ 100\\ 100\\ 100\\ 20\\ 20\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ $
Property Management Ayala Property Management Corporation (APMC) Prime Support Services, Inc. Ayala Theatres Management, Inc. and Subsidiaries DirectPower Services, Inc. (DirectPower) Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc. (PhilEnergy)	100 100 100 100 100
Entertainment Five Star Cinema, Inc. Leisure and Allied Industries Philippines, Inc. (LAIP)	100 50
Others ALInet.com, Inc. (ALInet) First Longfield Investments Limited (First Longfield) Green Horizons Holdings Limited PCM Formosa Company Limited Esta Galleria, Inc. Horizon Wealth Holding Ltd. Aprisa Business Process Solutions, Inc. (Aprisa) AyalaLand Club Management, Inc. ALI Capital Corp. (formerly Varejo Corp.) Airswift Transpor Inc. (formerly Island Transvoyager, Inc.) Integrated Eco-resort Inc. Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc. Whiteknight Holdings, Inc. (WHI) Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc. (Anvaya Cove Beach)** Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club, Inc. (Anvaya Cove Golf)**	100 100 50 50 100 100 100 100 100 100 10

*Includes the Ayala Land group's percentage and effective ownership ** Consolidated in compliance with Philippine Interpretations Committee (PIC) Q&A 2016-02 PAS 32 and PAS 38 - Accounting Treatment of Club Shares Held by an Entity *** includes CPVD interest in CBDI

Review of 2019 operations vs 2018

ALI's net income after tax (attributable to equity holders of ALI) rose 13.5% to ₱33.19 billion from ₱29.24 billion in 2018. While total revenues (which include real estate revenue, interest income and investment income, equity in net earnings, and other income) increased by 2% to ₱168.79 billion from ₱166.25 billion in 2018, mainly driven by real estate revenues which grew by 1% to ₱157.85 billion from ₱155.95 billion in 2018. Revenues were also supported by office and commercial and industrial lot sales and higher contribution of new leasing assets.

The company introduced three (3) new estates and successfully launched ₱158.96-billion worth of projects, surpassing its initial estimate of ₱130 billion. Its leasing portfolio continued to expand to 2.1 million and 1.2 million sqm of gross leasing area for malls and offices, respectively, and to 3,705 rooms for hotels and resorts.

Capital expenditures reached ₱108.72 billion to support residential and leasing asset buildup.

BUSINESS SEGMENTS

Property Development. This includes the sale of residential lots and units, office spaces, and commercial and industrial lots, and the operations of MCT Bhd, Ayala Land's consolidated subsidiary based in Malaysia.

Revenues from Property Development amounted to ₱109.69 billion, a 3% dip from 2018's ₱113.36 billion.

Residential. Revenues from the sale of residential lots and units and MCT Bhd's operations reached a total of ₱86.09 billion, 9% lower than the previous period. The decline was due to the lower contribution of AyalaLand Premier (13% drop from ₱28.00 billion in 2018 to ₱24.45 billion in 2019) and ALVEO (28% decrease from ₱26.28 billion in 2018 to ₱19.00 billion in 2018). Most of their vertical projects recognized in 2019 were booked in previous periods and are now nearing completion.

Contributions from new **AyalaLand Premier** projects and higher completion progress of Park Central South Tower in Makati City, One Vertis Plaza in Vertis North, Quezon City and West Gallery Place in Bonifacio Global City were offset by lower incremental percentage of completion ("POC") from East Gallery Place and The Suites in BGC and Garden Towers in Makati City as they near completion.

ALVEO's revenues were primarily affected by lower incremental POC of Verve Residences 1 and 2 in BGC and Ardia Phase 3 in Vermosa, Cavite.

On the other hand, **Avida**'s revenues grew by 13% to ₱27.36 billion in 2019 from 2018's ₱24.22 billion, with completion progress of Avida Towers Sola 2 in Vertis North, Quezon City and new bookings and incremental POC of Avida Verra Settings Vermosa Phase 1 in Vermosa, Cavite and Avida Towers Vireo Tower 1 in Arca South, Taguig City.

Amaia's revenues remained flat, at ₱7.37 billion from 2018's ₱7.36 billion with lower bookings and higher incremental POC of Amaia Steps Alabang Delicia in Muntinlupa City; Amaia Steps Capitol Central South in Bacolod City, Negros Occidental; and Amaia Steps Nuvali Parkway in Sta. Rosa, Laguna. Meanwhile, **BellaVita**'s revenues rose by 4% to ₱1.20 billion from ₱1.15 billion in 2018, due to bookings from projects in Alaminos and Pila, both in Laguna, and in Iloilo.

MCT Bhd recognized revenues of ₱6.71 billion in 2019, 12% lower than 2018's ₱7.60 billion, due to the sellout of projects in CyberSouth in Klang Valley, Malaysia.

The average gross profit margin of horizontal residential projects slightly rose to 45% from 44%. Meanwhile, vertical projects improved to 39% from 34% due to ALP's Park Central South Tower,

Garden Towers 2, and East Gallery Place; ALVEO's Orean Place Tower 1, Celadon, and Travertine; and Avida Towers Sola Tower 2.

Office for Sale. Revenues from the sale of office spaces grew by 12% to ₱12.34 billion from ₱11.0 billion in 2018 due to completion progress and new bookings from ALVEO High Street South Corporate Plaza, Park Triangle Corporate Plaza, and ALVEO Financial Tower. Improved margins of ALVEO High Street South Corporate Plaza, ALVEO Park Triangle Towers, and ALVEO Financial Tower significantly improved the average gross profit of offices for sale to 43%.

Commercial and Industrial Lots. Revenues from the sale of commercial and industrial lots increased by 46% to ₱11.27 billion from ₱7.73 billion, due to lot sales from Altaraza, Vermosa, Nuvali, and Broadfield. Gross profit margins of commercial and industrial lots substantially increased to 62% from 50%, due to higher margins of commercial lots sold in Nuvali, Arca South, Altaraza, and Broadfield.

Total sales reservations grew by 3% to ₱145.9 billion from ₱141.9 billion in 2018. ALVEO and Avida fueled the growth, even as ALP tempered the same with few launches during the period. Sales reservations by Philippines-based Filipinos also grew by 3% and accounted for 71% (valued at ₱104.2 billion) of all reservations, while those by Filipinos based abroad grew by 24%, accounting for 13% (valued at ₱19.4 billion) of the total. Sales to other nationals, accounting for 16%, dipped by 10% to ₱22.2 billion from 2018's ₱24.8 billion. Participation of mainland Chinese buyers, who dominate sales to non-Filipinos, declined by 22% to ₱8.3 billion from ₱10.7 billion in 2018, resulting in a drop in their share in sales to other nationals to 38% from 2018's 49%. ALI launched ₱158.96-billion worth of property development projects in 2019, surpassing the initial estimate of ₱130 billion.

Commercial Leasing. This involves the operation of shopping centers, office buildings, hotels and resorts, and other leasing formats. Total revenues from commercial leasing increased by 13% to ₱39.31 billion from ₱34.91 billion in 2018, driven by the higher contribution of new leasing assets.

Shopping Centers. Revenues grew by 11% to ₱22.02 billion from ₱19.91 billion, supported by same-mall revenue growth of 8%, with increased contribution of new malls such as Ayala Malls Feliz, Capitol Central, and Circuit Makati. EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization) margin was sustained at 66%. The average occupancy rate of all malls was 88%, with the occupancy rate of stable malls at 93%. The GLA of all malls now stands at 2.12 million sqm with the addition of 213,000 sqm from the opening of Ayala North Exchange Retail, Ayala Malls Manila Bay, and Ayala Malls Central Bloc Cebu.

Offices. Revenues from office leasing increased by 12% to ₱9.67 billion from 2018's ₱8.61 billion, with the new offices in Ayala North Exchange, Vertis North, and Circuit Makati improving the segment's performance. It registered a slightly lower EBITDA margin of 90% from 91% in 2018. The average occupancy rate of all offices was 96%, with the occupancy rate of stable offices at 97%. Total office leasing GLA is now 1.17 million sqm, with 70,000 sqm added by the completion of Ayala North Exchange BPO, Manila Bay BPO Tower, and Central Bloc Corporate Center Tower 1 in Cebu.

Hotels and Resorts. Revenues from hotels and resorts grew by 19% to ₱7.62 billion from ₱6.39 billion in 2018 on strong patronage of Seda Ayala Center Cebu and Seda Lio. Higher occupancy and revenues per available room ("REVPAR") at these two (2) hotels were also responsible for increasing the overall EBITDA margin of hotels and resorts by 32% from 2018's 29%.

The average occupancy rate remains at healthy levels—70% for all hotels, 63% for all resorts, 78% for stable hotels, and 63% for stable resorts. The addition of 129 rooms—57 from SEDA BGC and 72 from SEDA Residences Ayala North Exchange—brings the total to 3,705 rooms.

The hotels and resorts business manages 660 hotel rooms in its international brand segment— 312 from Fairmont Hotel and Raffles Residences and 348 from Holiday Inn & Suites, both of which are in the Ayala Center, Makati CBD.

There are now have 11 Seda Hotels, operating 2,367 rooms—Atria, Iloilo (152 rooms); BGC, Taguig (468); Centrio, Cagayan de Oro (150); Abreeza, Davao (186); Nuvali, Santa Rosa, Laguna (150); Vertis North, Quezon City (438); Capitol Central, Bacolod (154); Lio, Palawan (153); Ayala Center Cebu (301); Seda Residences Ayala North Exchange (215). Circuit Corporate Residences operates 255 rooms. El Nido Resorts operates 193 rooms from its four island resorts—Pangulasian, Lagen, Miniloc, and Apulit. The Lio Tourism Estate currently has 152 rooms under its Bed and Breakfast and Dormitel offerings, while the Sicogon Tourism Estate in Iloilo currently has 78 B&B rooms.

Services. This segment consists of ALI's construction business through Makati Development Corporation; property management through Ayala Property Management Corporation; and other companies engaged in power services (Direct Power Services, Inc.; Ecozone Power Management, Inc.; and Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc.) and airline services for the hotels and resorts business (AirSWIFT). Total revenues from the services business amounted to ₱8.85 billion, 15% higher than 2018's ₱7.69 billion.

Construction. Net construction revenues reached ₱3.40 billion, 42% higher than in 2018's ₱2.39 billion, gained from higher revenues from external contracts.

Property Management and Others. APMC and the power services companies posted revenues of ₱5.45 billion, 3% higher than previous year's ₱5.30 billion.

Blended EBITDA margins of the services business stayed relatively flat to 10% from 9% in 2018.

Equity in Net Earnings of Investees, Interest, Fees, Investment, and Other Income

Equity in net earnings of associates and JVs contributed ₱965.79 million, 29% higher than the ₱749.92 million posted in 2018. Fort Bonifacio Development Corporation companies more than doubled their revenues due to commercial lot sales and to leasing assets in BGC (One Bonifacio High Street and ALVEO High Street South Corporate Plaza Retail). Meanwhile, Ortigas Holdings grew its revenues from property sales and leasing by 29%.

Interest and investment income, consisting of interest income on real estate sales and accretion, amounted to ₱8.82 billion, 10% higher than in 2018's ₱8.00 billion, despite lower interest income from short-term investments.

Meanwhile, other income (composed mainly of marketing and management fees from joint ventures, among others) amounted to ₱1.16 billion, 25% lower than 2018's ₱1.54 billion which included the one-time sale transaction of assets by MCT Bhd.

Expenses

Total expenses were lower by 3% at ₱117.96 billion from 2018's ₱121.04 billion, as real estate expenses decreased by 6% to ₱94.75 billion from ₱101.08 billion in 2018.

General and administrative expenses totaled ₱9.37 billion, 3% higher than 2018's ₱9.10 billion as overhead costs rose in line with inflation. This resulted in a GAE ratio of 5.5% and improved EBIT margin to 34.25% from 30.37% in 2018.

Interest expense, financing and other charges rose by 27% increase to ₱13.84 billion from ₱10.86 billion in 2018 as a result of higher interest expense on a higher average daily loan balance.

Project and Capital Expenditures

ALI's capital expenditure amounted to ₱108.72 billion in 2019, mainly in support of the buildup of residential and leasing projects. Forty percent (40%) of the amount was spent on residential projects, 25% on commercial leasing, 16% on land acquisition, 14% on estate development, and 5% on other investments.

Financial Condition

As in previous years, the Company's balance sheet is solidly positioned to support its growth plans. Cash and Cash Equivalents including short term investments and financial assets classified as FVPL, stood at ₱21.52 billion resulting in a current ratio of 1.30:1.

Total borrowings registered at ₱211.10 billion, translating to a debt-to-equity ratio of 0.87:1 and a net debt-to-equity ratio of 0.78:1. Return on Equity was at 16.66% as of December 31, 2019.

	End-December 2019	End-December 2018
Current ratio ¹	1.30:1	1.26:1
Debt-to-equity ratio ²	0.87:1	0.85:1
Net debt-to-equity ratio ³	0.78:1	0.72:1
Profitability Ratios:		
Return on assets ⁴	5.43%	5.35%
Return on equity ⁵	16.66%	16.52%
Asset to Equity ratio ⁶	2.94:1	3.04:1
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio 7	6.27:1	6.09:1

1 Current assets / current liabilities

2 Total debt/ consolidated stockholders' equity (Total debt includes short-term debt, long-term debt and current portion of long-term debt)

3 Net debt/ consolidated stockholders' equity (Net debt is total debt less cash and cash equivalents, short term investments and financial assets through fvpl)

4 Annualized Total Net income / average total assets

5 Net income attributable to equity holders of ALI / average total stockholders' equity attributable to equity holders of ALI

6 Total Assets /Total stockholders' equity

7 EBITDA/Interest expense on short and long term debt. EBITDA is computed as Income before income tax + Interest and other financing charges and Other expenses - Interest and investment income and Interest on Real Estate Sales + Depreciation and amortization.

There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created in 2019.

Causes for any material changes (+/- 5% or more) in the financial statements

Income Statement items – December 2019 versus December 2018

Interest income from real estate sales and interest & investment income was higher by 10% due to higher yield from residential business.

Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures grew by 29% mainly coming from increased performance of FBDC companies, OHI's property sales, malls and offices, partially offset by negative equity pick-up of Rize Ayala (RWIL).

Other Income was lower by 25% due to recognition of Gain on sale of MCT Bhd's subsidiaries (One City Properties SDN BHD and Ecity Hotel SDN BHD) ₱237 million and ₱265 million respectively in 2018, partially offset by Gain on sale of Vertex One Bldg. amounted to ₱177 million.

Cost of real estate sales went down by 6% mainly lower bookings and POC of some Residential Projects.

Interest and other financing charges and other charges grew by 27% mainly due to increase in interest expense due to higher average daily balance and 2019's recognition of Interest expense-PFRS 16.

Provision for income tax increased by 11% due to higher taxable income mainly coming from real estate.

Balance Sheet items – December 2019 versus December 2018

Cash and cash equivalents decreased by 15% due to capital expenditures from Residential, Leasing and Land acquisitions.

Short-term investments went down by 80% due to capital expenditures from Residential, Leasing and Land acquisitions.

Accounts and Notes Receivable-current decreased by 17% primarily due to lower bookings of accounts receivable.

Real estate Inventories increased by 15% mainly from new launches from residential projects.

Other current assets were higher by 10% mostly due to presentation of Advances to Contractors from Accounts and Notes Receivable to Other current assets, and also due to the increase in CWT and Input VAT mainly from residential projects.

Non-current Accounts and Notes Receivable increased by 17% primarily due to higher bookings of accounts receivable.

Investments in associates and jointly controlled entities grew by 8% attributable to additional investments to AKL and ALI Eton.

Right-of-use assets was filled in 2019 due to the adoption of PFRS 16.

Investment properties were up by 8% due to completion of investment properties from leasing and resorts.

Property and equipment improved by 20% mainly coming from the increase in Hotel PPE and MCT Bhd.

Deferred tax assets declined by 12% mainly due to decrease in Provision for Tax.

Other noncurrent assets grew by 22% mainly due increase in bookings of leasehold rights and deposits. **Short-term debt** grew by 25% due to increase in borrowing to support property development, mall operations and land acquisitions.

Account and other payables went lower by 5% due to capital expenditures from Residential, Leasing and Land acquisitions.

Income tax payable went down by 18% derived from lower computed income tax payable primarily from real estate.

Current portion of long-term debt was lower by 26% due to the settlement of matured long-term loans.

Deposit and other current liabilities lower by 11% primarily due to the decrease in deposits and reservation fees from various residential projects and offices group's one-year advance rental income from tenants.

Long-term debt was up by 18% mainly from availment of new long-term loans.

Pension liabilities was up by 28% derived from remeasurement changes in net defined benefit liability.

Lease liabilities was filled in 2019 due to the adoption of PFRS 16.

Deposit and other noncurrent liabilities decreased by 14% primarily driven by leasing group's decrease in security deposits, reservations and advance rental deposits.

Equity attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc. increased increased by 13% derived from higher income in 2019, partially offset by Remeasurement loss on defined benefit plans, Cumulative translation adjustments and Treasury stock.

Review of December 2018 operations vs December 2017

2018 was another year of robust growth for Ayala Land, Inc, posting total consolidated revenues of ₱166.25 billion (which include real estate sales, interest income from real estate sales, equity in net earnings, interest and investment income and other income) and net income attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc. of ₱29.24 billion, for a solid top line and bottomline growth of 17% and 16%, respectively.

The strong performance of property development and commercial leasing, supported by the full consolidation of Malaysia-based subsidiary MCT Bhd, boosted revenues from Real Estate by 17% to ₱155.95 billion.

EBIT Margin improved by a quarter percentage point, to 30.37% from 30.11% in 2017.

Ayala Land adopted PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* and PFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* using modified retrospective approach of adoption with the initial date of application of January 1, 2018. Amounts presented in the consolidated statements of financial position and consolidated statements of income as at and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 are based on PAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* (superseded by PFRS 9) and PAS 18, *Revenue*, PAS 11, *Construction Contracts* and related Interpretations (superseded by PFRS 15). The comparative financial information for accounts affected by the adoption of PFRS 9 and PFRS 15 may not be comparable to the information presented for 2018. Please refer to Note 2 of Ayala Land's audited consolidated financial statements, which are included as an Annex to this Offer Supplement, for the effect of the adoption of PFRS 9 and PFRS 15.

BUSINESS SEGMENTS

Property Development. This segment includes the sale of residential lots and units, office spaces, commercial and industrial lots, and the operations of MCT Bhd. Total revenues from Property Development grew by 18%, to ₱113.36 billion from ₱96.39 billion in 2017.

Residential. Driven by new bookings and project completions, revenues from the sale of Ayala Land residential lots and units and from MCT Bhd's operations reached ₱94.63 billion, an 18% growth from 2017's ₱79.90 billion.

Revenues generated by **AyalaLand Premier** rose by 6% to ₱28.00 billion from ₱26.50 billion in 2017, due to bookings for The Courtyards in Vermosa, Cavite and The Alcoves in Cebu Business Park and higher completion of The Suites at the Bonifacio Global City, Taguig, Metro Manila.

Alveo posted slightly higher revenues at ₱26.29 billion from 2017's ₱26.17 billion. The increase is attributed to bookings for Orean Place Tower 1 at Vertis North, Quezon City, Metro Manila and Travertine Tower at Portico, Pasig City, Metro Manila, and higher completion at The Residences at Evo City in Kawit, Cavite.

Bookings for Avida Towers Sola Tower 2 at Vertis North; Altura Tower 2 at South Park District, Muntinlupa City, Metro Manila; Asten Tower 3 at Makati City; and higher completion of Sola Tower 1 at Vertis North fueled **Avida**'s 16% revenue growth to ₱24.22 billion from 2017's ₱20.84 billion.

Amaia posted a 20% improvement in revenues, to ₱7.36 billion from ₱5.74 billion, as a result of bookings and higher completion for Amaia Skies Shaw Tower 1 in Mandaluyong City, Metro Manila; Amaia Skies Cubao Tower 2 in Quezon City; Amaia Scapes General Trias in Cavite; and Amaia Steps Nuvali, Laguna. Meanwhile, bookings for **BellaVita**'s projects in Pililia, Rizal; Cabanatuan East, Nueva Ecija; and Iloilo almost doubled its revenues to ₱1.15 billion from ₱652 million in 2017.

Overall, the average gross profit of Ayala Land's vertical projects improved to 34% from 30% due to higher margins from Alveo's High Park Tower 2, Orean Place Tower 1 and Avida's Sola Tower 2 in Vertis North and Avida's project in Southpark District, Altura Tower 2. On the other hand, the average gross profit of horizontal projects decreased to 44% from 47% due to the lower contribution of higher margin projects.

MCT Bhd recognized revenues of ₱7.60 billion from sales and completion progress of its projects in Cybersouth, an integrated development in Southern Klang Valley, and Lakefront, a residential project in Cyberjaya.

Office for Sale. Higher bookings for One Vertis Plaza in Vertis North and The Stiles East Enterprise Plaza in Circuit Makati and higher completion progress of Park Triangle Corporate Plaza in BGC and the Alveo Financial Tower in Makati CBD hiked revenues from the sale of office spaces by 16%, to ₱11.00 billion from ₱9.45 billion in 2017. However, the lack of higher margin inventory resulted in a lower gross profit margin of 33% from 37% in 2017.

Commercial and Industrial Lots. Revenues from the sale of commercial and industrial lots grew by 10% to ₱7.73 billion from ₱7.04 billion, driven by commercial lot sales in the Vis-Min estates and in Evo City, Cavite, and industrial lot sales in Alviera, Pampanga and in the Cavite Technopark. The sale of commercial lots in Arca South, Alviera, Evo City and Lio and of industrial lots in Alviera and Cavite Technopark moved the gross profit margin of this segment upwards to 50% from 2017's 40%.

Strong demand from both local and overseas Filipinos fueled a full-year 16% increase in sales reservations, reaching ₱141.9 billion from 2017's ₱121.96 billion. In the fourth quarter alone, reservation sales grew by 21% to ₱33.8 billion. On the other hand, net booked sales reached ₱110.8 billion, a 14% increase from 2017's ₱96.9 billion, with the fourth quarter number growing by 9% to ₱32.7 billion.

In 2018, Ayala Land launched ₱139.4-billion worth of residential and office-for-sale projects.

Commercial Leasing. This segment covers the operation of shopping centers, office buildings, and hotels and resorts. Total revenues from commercial leasing amounted to ₱34.91 billion, 17% higher than ₱29.94 billion posted a year ago.

Shopping Centers. The contribution of Greenbelt and Glorietta in Makati City and the improved performance of newly opened malls in Quezon City, such as UP Town Center, Ayala Malls

Cloverleaf and Vertis North, and in Pasig City, namely Ayala Malls Feliz and The 30th boosted the segment's revenues by 13% to ₱19.91 billion from ₱17.66 billion. EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization) margin was maintained at 66%.

The average monthly lease rate was at ₱1,073 per sqm, while same mall rental grew by 6%. The average occupancy rate for all malls was 89%, while the occupancy rate of stable malls was higher at 95%.

The Company opened three (3) new malls in 2018—Circuit Mall in Makati with 52,000 sqm of GLA, Capitol Central Mall in Bacolod with 67,000 sqm, and One Bonifacio High Street in Taguig with 23,000 sqm—bringing the shopping centers' year-end GLA to 1.90 million sqm

Offices. Revenues from office leasing rose by 29% to ₱8.61 billion from ₱6.66 billion due to the stabilized occupancy of new offices such as Vertis Corporate Center in Quezon City, Circuit Corporate Center in Makati City, and The 30th Corporate Center in Pasig City. Office leasing EBITDA margin was sustained at 91%.

The monthly lease rate for offices averaged ₱755 per sqm. The average occupancy rate for all offices was 91%, while the occupancy rate of stable offices was 96%. The Company completed four (4) new offices in 2018—Bacolod Capitol Corporate Center with 11,000-sqm GLA, Vertis North Corporate Center 3 with 38,000 sqm, Ayala North Exchange HQ Tower with 20,000 sqm and another 22,000 sqm in its BPO Tower—bringing the offices' year-end GLA to 1.11 million sqm

Hotels and Resorts. Full-year operations of Seda Vertis North, Seda Capitol Central Bacolod and the recently renovated Apulit Island Resort in El Nido, Palawan coupled with the improved performance of our B&B's nudged revenues from our hotels and resorts higher by 14%, to reach ₱6.39 billion from 2017's ₱5.62 billion. REVPAR of all hotels and resorts slightly decreased by 1% to ₱3,531 and ₱7,989 a night, respectively. Meanwhile, REVPAR of stable hotels increased by 6% to ₱4,369 a night; that of stable resorts increased by 12% to ₱10,896 a night. EBITDA margin of this segment improved to 29% from 28% in 2017.

The average room rate a night of all hotels was ₱5,020, while that of stable hotels was ₱5,593. Meanwhile, the average room rate a night of all resorts was ₱12,593, while that of stable resorts was ₱17,035. The average occupancy rates of all hotels and resorts were at 70% and 63%, respectively, while those of stable hotels and stable resorts were at 78% and 64%, respectively.

A total of 390 rooms were added to the portfolio—Seda Capitol Central, 108; Seda Lio, 118; Circuit Residences, 80; Lio Dormitel, 42; Huni Sicogon, 19; Drift Hostel Sicogon, 16; and Sicogon Dormitel, 7—bringing the total number of rooms in operation to 2,973 by end-2018.

The hotels and resorts business operates 660 hotel rooms under its international brand segment— 312 for Fairmont Hotel and Raffles Residences, and 348 for Holiday Inn & Suites, both locked in Ayala Center, Makati CBD. Our homegrown Seda Hotels operates 1,828 rooms—Atria, Iloilo, 152; BGC, Taguig, 179; Centrio, Cagayan de Oro, 150; Abreeza, Davao, 186; Nuvali, Santa Rosa, Laguna, 150; Vertis North, Quezon City, 438; Capitol Central, Bacolod, 154; Lio, Palawan, 118; and Ayala Center Cebu, 301. El Nido Resorts operates 193 rooms in its four (4) island resorts (Pangulasian, Lagen, Miniloc and Apulit), and Lio Tourism Estate currently has 144 rooms under its Bed and Breakfast category and Dormitel offerings. Lastly, the Sicogon Tourism Estate in Iloilo currently operates 68 B&B rooms.

Services. This segment is composed of the Company's construction business through Makati Development Corporation; property management, through Ayala Property Management Corporation, power services, through Direct Power Services, Inc., Ecozone Power Management, Inc., and Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc.; and airline services firm AirSWIFT, for the hotels and resorts business. Total revenues of this segment rose by 5% to ₱76.72 billion from ₱72.81 billion previous year. **Construction.** The increased order book of projects from the Ayala Land group resulted in a corresponding increase in construction revenues, reaching ₱71.42 billion, 6% more than 2017's ₱67.40 billion.

Property Management and Others. APMC, the power services companies, and AirSWIFT together posted revenues of ₱5.30 billion, a slight 2% decrease from the year-ago figure of ₱5.41 billion due to decreasing external retail electricity supply contracts.

Blended EBITDA margins of the Services business slightly declined to 9% from 10%.

Equity in Net Earnings of Investees, Interest, Fees, Investment, and Other Income

The full consolidation of MCT Bhd into Ayala Land resulted in a 13% decrease in equity in net earnings of associates and JVs, to ₱750 million from 2017's ₱866 million. Meanwhile, interest and investment income increased by 31% to ₱8.00 billion from ₱6.08 billion in 2017 due to higher interest income from money market placements and accretion on installment sales. Other income reached ₱1.54 billion, 31% lower year-on-year.

Project and Capital Expenditures

Ayala Land spent ₱110.1 billion in capital expenditures, higher than the ₱91.4 billion spent in 2017, to support the aggressive completion of new projects, 41% of which was spent on residential projects; 23% on commercial projects; 15% on land acquisition; 12% on development of estates; and 9%, on investments.

Financial Condition

Ayala Land's balance sheet solidly positions the Company to pursue its growth plans.

Cash and Cash Equivalents including short term investments and Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss ("FVPL"), stood at ₱27.56 billion, resulting in a current ratio of 1.26:1.

Total borrowings amounted to ₱187.10 billion, translating to a debt-to-equity ratio of 0.85:1 and a net debt-to-equity ratio of 0.72:1.

Return on equity as of December 31, 2018 was at 16.52%.

	End-December 2018	End-December 2017
Current ratio ¹	1.26:1	1.30:1
Debt-to-equity ratio ²	0.85:1	0.90:1
Net debt-to-equity ratio ³	0.72:1	0.77:1
Profitability Ratios:		
Return on assets ⁴	5.35%	5.07%
Return on equity ⁵	16.52%	16.09%
Asset to Equity ratio ⁶	3.04:1	2.99:1
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio 7	6.09:1	5.98:1

1 Current assets / current liabilities

2 Total debt/ consolidated stockholders' equity (Total debt includes short-term debt, long-term debt and current portion of long-term debt)

3 Net debt/ consolidated stockholders' equity (Net debt is total debt less cash and cash equivalents, short term investments and financial assets through FVPL)

4 Total Net income / average total assets

5 Net income attributable to equity holders of ALI / average total stockholders' equity attributable to equity holders of ALI

6 Total Assets /Total stockholders' equity

7 EBITDA/Interest expense on short term and long term debt.

There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created in 2017.

Causes for any material changes (+/- 5% or more) in the financial statements

Income Statement items – December 2018 versus December 2017

Real estate revenues increased by 17% due to the consistent growth of property development and commercial leasing. Property development grew by 18% driven by new bookings and project completions from residential projects and sales of office spaces, commercial and industrial lots. Commercial leasing was higher by 17% coming from improved performance of newly opened malls.

Interest income from real estate sales and interest & investment income higher by 31% mainly due to higher rate in 2018 from short-term investments.

Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures declined by 13% primarily due to consolidation of MCT Bhd in 2018 from equity pickup treatment in 2017.

Other Income lower by 31% due to inclusion of 2017 reversal of Comtrust impairment in 2017.

Real estate costs increased by 15% primarily driven by higher sales and incremental project completion from residential, leasing and hotels & resorts business groups.

General and administrative expenses higher by 25% due to the consolidation of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018.

Interest and other financing charges and other charges grew by 19% due increase in interest expense on banks as a result of higher average loan balance and bank rate in 2018.

Provision for income tax increased by 22% due to higher taxable income driven by higher real estate revenues.

Non-controlling interests higher by 39% as a result of the consolidation of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018.

Balance Sheet items – December 2018 versus December 2017

Cash and cash equivalents up by 14% primarily due to the consolidation of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018.

Short-term investments went down by 35% mainly due to matured money market placements from Ayala Hotels Inc., BG West Properties, Inc., and Roxas Land Corp.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss lower by 12% due to the maturity of some investments in ARCH Capital Funds.

Real estate inventories higher by 15% primarily due to the impact of PIC Q&A No. 2018-11 on the classification of land by real estate developer.

Other current assets lower by 8% mainly due to the decrease in input VAT, partly offset by increase in CWT mostly from residential projects.

Non-current accounts and notes receivable went down by 13% due to the restatement of 2018 balances as Contract asset was reverted to receivable account.

Investments in associates and joint ventures lower by 13% driven by the consolidation of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018 from equity pickup treatment in 2017.

Investment properties up by 12% primarily due to the impact of PIC Q&A No. 2018-11 on the classification of land by real estate developer.

Property and equipment increased by 25% mainly coming from inclusion of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018.

Deferred tax assets higher by 22% due to additional DTA from PAS Straight-line recognition of revenue (Accounting Standard vs BIR) of leasing group.

Other noncurrent assets grew by 36% due to the increase in bookings of pre-operating expenses, deferred input VAT and deferred charges.

Account and other payables up by 25% mostly due to the consolidation of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd 2018.

Short-term debt dropped by 18% due to conversion to long term debt from short term debt.

Income tax payable up by 165% due to higher taxable income primarily from real estate revenues.

Current portion of long-term debt increased by 254% due to incremental debt (bonds and loans) of Ayala Land Inc., Amorsedia Development Corp., and Alveo Land Corp., and inclusion of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018.

Deposit and other current liabilities increased by 31% due to the restatement of 2018 balances as contract liability was reverted to deposit account.

Deferred tax liabilities higher by 66% primarily coming from the recognition of deferred tax liability for the uncollected receivables from residential development.

Total equity attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc. grew by 12% due to the increase in equity reserve as a result of the consolidation of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018.

Non-controlling interests up by 29% largely due to Net income after Tax share of subsidiaries and consolidation of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018.

Review of December 2017 operations vs. December 2016

Ayala Land, Inc. posted a net income of ₱25.30 billion, a solid earnings growth of 21% in 2017. The Company sustained a healthy topline with ₱142.30 billion in total consolidated revenues (which include real estate sales, interest income from real estate sales, equity in net earnings, interest and investment income and other income), 14% higher than 2016. Real Estate revenues likewise increased 13% to ₱133.10 billion, driven by the resurgence of property sales and the strong growth of its leasing business. Meanwhile, EBIT Margin registered at 30.10% compared to 29.70% in 2016.

Business Segments

The details of the individual performance of each business segment are discussed as follows:

Property Development. This includes the sale of residential lots and units, office spaces, as well as commercial and industrial lots.

Total revenues from Property Development amounted to ₱96.39 billion, 24% higher than ₱77.73 billion in 2016.

Residential. Revenues from the sale of residential lots and units reached ₱79.90 billion, 25% higher than ₱64.08 billion in 2016, driven by bookings and project completion across all residential brands.

Ayala Land Premier registered revenues of ₱26.50 billion, 7% higher than ₱24.86 billion in 2016 given higher completion from its subdivision projects such as Cerilo in Nuvali and The Courtyards Phase 2 in Vermosa and its condominium projects such as Park Central North in Makati and Arbor Lanes 3 in Arca South.

Alveo meanwhile recorded revenues of ₱26.17 billion, a robust gain of 45% from ₱18.03 billion in 2016 due to higher completion of its subdivision projects such as Ardia in Vermosa, Cavite and Montala in Alviera, Porac Pampanga and its condominium projects such as High Park Tower 2 in Vertis North, Quezon City, Verve Residences 2 and Veranda Phase 2.

Avida posted revenues of ₱20.83 billion, a strong growth of 22% from ₱17.07 billion in 2016 on the account of combined higher bookings and incremental completion of its condominium projects such as Avida Towers Turf 1, The Montane and Avida Tower Verte in Bonifacio Global City, Avida Tower Sola 1 in Vertis North, Avida Towers Riala 3 in Cebu City, and Avida Towers One Union Place 1 and 2 in Arca South and its subdivision projects such as Hillcrest Estates, Woodhill Settings, and Southfield Settings in Nuvali.

Amaia generated revenues of ₱5.74 billion, a significant increase of 71.3% from ₱3.35 billion in 2016 as a result of higher bookings and completion Skies Towers in Avenida, Shaw, Sta. Mesa and Cubao and Steps projects in Bicutan, Sucat, Nuvali Parkway and Capitol Central in Bacolod City. BellaVita meanwhile reached revenues of ₱652 million, 16% lower than ₱776 million in 2016.

The average gross profit margin of horizontal projects improved to 47% from 43% due to the higher contribution of The Courtyards and Ardia in Vermosa, Riomonte in Nuvali and Montala in Alviera while the average gross profit margin of vertical developments declined to 30% from 35% in recognition of higher project costs.

Office for Sale. Revenues from the sale of office spaces reached ₱9.45 billion, 15% higher than ₱8.20 billion in 2016 driven by higher completion of Alveo's High Street South Corporate Plaza 2, Alveo Financial Tower in Makati CBD, and Avida's Capital House in BGC. Gross profit margin of offices for sale was maintained at 37%.

Commercial and Industrial Lots. Revenues from the sale of commercial and industrial lots reached ₱7.04 billion, 29% higher than ₱5.45 billion in 2016 due to higher lot sales in Arca South, Taguig, Vermosa, Cavite and industrial lots in Cavite. Gross profit margin slightly declined to 40% from 41% due to the mix of projects sold.

A resurgence of property sales was seen in 2017 as reservation sales increased 13% to ₱121.96 billion from ₱108.05 billion in 2016 which only posted an annual growth of 3%. Total reservation sales in 2017 translated to an average of ₱10.2 billion in monthly sales. Net booked sales grew 16% to ₱96.86 billion from ₱83.33 billion in 2016. In the fourth quarter of 2017, property sales also notably increased, sales take-up grew 17% to ₱27.78 billion and net booked sales grew 18% to

₱29.92 billion.

Commercial Leasing. This includes the Company's Shopping Centers and Office Leasing as well as Hotels and Resorts operations.

Total revenues from commercial leasing amounted to ₱29.94 billion, 7% higher than ₱28.07 billion in 2016.

Shopping Centers. Revenues from shopping centers reached ₱17.66 billion, 10% higher than ₱16.08 billion in 2016 due to the improved performance of the new malls such as The 30th, Tutuban Center and UP Town Center.

Shopping Centers EBITDA margin slightly decreased to 66% from 67% due to early-stage operations of newly opened malls.

The average monthly lease rate registered at ₱1,087 per sqm while same mall rental growth is at 5%. The average occupancy rate for all malls is at 92% while the occupancy rate of stable malls is at 97%. The Company opened 5 new malls in 2017, namely, The 30th in Pasig, Ayala Malls Vertis North and Ayala Malls Cloverleaf in Quezon City, Ayala Malls Marikina and Ayala Malls Feliz, Marikina. This brings the total GLA of Shopping Centers to 1.80 million sqm at the end of 2017.

Offices. Revenues from office leasing reached ₱6.66 billion, 12% higher than ₱5.94 billion in 2016 due to the stabilized occupancy of the new offices namely, UP Town Center BPO, Cebu eBloc 4 and ATC BPO.

Office leasing EBITDA margin was maintained at 91% given the stabilized occupancy of new offices.

The average monthly lease rate registered at ₱739 per sqm. The average occupancy rate for all offices is at 86% while the occupancy rate of stable offices is at 97%. The Company completed 6 new offices in 2017, namely, Circuit BPO Tower 1 and 2 in Makati, The 30th Corporate Center in Pasig, One Bonifacio High Street in BGC, Tech Tower Cebu and Vertis North BPO 2 in Quezon City. This brings the total GLA of Office Leasing to 1.02 million sqm at the end of 2017.

Hotels and Resorts. Revenues from hotels and resorts reached ₱5.62 billion, 7% lower than ₱6.05 billion last year, due to the higher occupancy and average room rate of El Nido resorts and the opening of Seda Vertis North. REVPAR of hotels decreased by 6% to ₱3,576 per night mainly due to the lower occupancy of its internationally-branded hotels in Makati. Meanwhile, the REVPAR of resorts barely declined, settling at ₱8,052 per night.

Hotels and resorts EBITDA margin was maintained at 28% given its sustained performance from 2016.

The average room rate per night of hotels and resorts is ₱5,050 and ₱13,210 respectively. The occupancy of hotels registered at an average of 71% while the occupancy of resorts registered at an average of 61%.

The hotels and resorts segment operates 961 hotel rooms from its internationally branded segment; Cebu City Marriott, Fairmont Hotel and Raffles Residences Makati and Holliday Inn & Suites Makati, 1,301 rooms from Seda Hotels located in Atria in Iloilo, BGC in Taguig, Centrio in Cagayan de Oro, Abreeza in Davao, Nuvali in Santa Rosa Laguna, Vertis North in Quezon City and Seda Bacolod, 213 island resort rooms at El Nido Resorts in Lagen, Miniloc, Apulit and Pangulasian Islands and 82 rooms at Lio Tourism Estate, both in Palawan and 26 rooms at Sicogon Island Resort in Iloilo. In 2017, The Company opened Seda Vertis North, initial rooms in Seda Bacolod, additional rooms in Casa Kalaw, Balai Adlao and Hotel Covo in Lio, Palawan and additional rooms in Balay Kogon, Sicogon. This brings the total number of rooms to 2,583 at the end of 2017. **Services.** This includes the Company's wholly-owned construction and property management companies; Makati Development Corporation and Ayala Property Management Corporation.

Total revenues from the services segment amounted to ₱72.81 billion, 6% higher than ₱68.49 billion in 2016.

Construction. Revenues reached ₱67.40 billion, 3% higher than ₱65.32 billion due to increased order book and higher completion of projects within the Ayala Land group.

Property Management. Revenues from property management registered at ₱5.41 billion, 71% higher than ₱3.17 billion in 2016 due to more managed properties from completed projects.

Blended EBITDA margins of the services segment registered at 10%, a slight decline from 11% in 2016 due to project mix.

Equity in Net Earnings of Investees, Interest, Fees, Investment and Other Income

Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures substantially increased by 56% to ₱865.57 million from ₱554.41 million in 2016 due to the higher net income contribution of non-consolidated associates while interest, investment and other income reached ₱8.33 billion, 31% higher than ₱6.37 billion in 2016. Interest and Investment income grew due to higher interest income from money market placements and accretion income while other income increased due to higher marketing and management fees.

Expenses

Total expenses registered at ₱104.31 billion, 13% higher than ₱91.97 billion in 2016 mainly due to higher real estate expenses which grew 15% to ₱87.92 billion from ₱76.57 billion in 2016.

General and administrative expenses (GAE) increased by only 3% to ₱7.27 billion from ₱7.03 billion last in 2016. This resulted into further improvement in the GAE ratio to 5.1% from 5.6% in 2016.

Interest expense, financing and other charges meanwhile posted a 9% increase to ₱9.11 billion from ₱8.37 billion in 2016 as a result of higher interest expense from the higher average daily loan balance. The average cost of debt registered at 4.6%, slightly higher than 4.5% in 2016 as a result of higher interest rates.

Project and Capital Expenditures

Ayala Land spent ₱91.4 billion in capital expenditures, higher than its estimated budget of ₱88.0 billion at the start of 2017, to support the aggressive completion of new projects in its pipeline. 48% was spent on residential projects, 29% on commercial projects, 17% for land acquisition and other investments and 6% for the development of the estates.

Financial Condition

The Company's balance sheet continues to be solidly positioned to support its growth plans.

Cash and cash equivalents, including short-term investments and UITF investments classified as FVPL, stood at ₱25.82 billion resulting in a current ratio of 1.30:1.

Total borrowings registered at ₱174.39 billion which translated to a debt-to-equity ratio of 0.90:1 and a net debt-to-equity ratio of 0.77:1.

Return on equity was at 16.09% as of December 31, 2017.

	End-December 2017	End-December 2016
Current ratio ¹	1.30:1	1.12:1
Debt-to-equity ratio ²	0.90:1	0.93:1
Net debt-to-equity ratio ³	0.77:1	0.79:1
Profitability Ratios:		
Return on assets ⁴	5.07%	4.99%
Return on equity ⁵	16.09%	14.86%
Asset to Equity ratio ⁶	2.99:1	3.11:1
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio 7	5.98:1	5.92:1

1 Current assets / current liabilities

2 Total debt/ consolidated stockholders' equity (Total debt includes short-term debt, long-term debt and current portion of long-term debt)

3 Net debt/ consolidated stockholders' equity (Net debt is total debt less cash and cash equivalents, short term investments and financial assets through FVPL)

4 Total Net income / average total assets

5 Net income attributable to equity holders of ALI / average total stockholders' equity attributable to equity holders of ALI

6 Total Assets /Total stockholders' equity

7 EBITDA/Interest expense on short term and long term debt.

There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created in 2017.

Causes for any material changes (+/- 5% or more) in the financial statements

Income Statement items – 2017 versus 2016

Real estate and hotel revenues grew by 13% primarily due to higher sales bookings, incremental project completion from residential projects and strong performance of malls, leasing and hotels & resorts business groups.

Interest income from real estate sales and interest and investment income improved by 6% due to the increase in interest income from money market placements due to higher average daily balance of ₱16.6 billion vs. ₱11.4 billion, year-on-year and yield of 2.1% vs. 1.6%, year-on-year, and increase in accretion income.

Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures higher by 56% largely due to increase in Net Income after Tax contribution from FBDC companies.

Other Income increased by 241% due to higher marketing and management fees and the one-time take up of negative goodwill from purchase price allocation on ALI's investment in OCLP Holdings Inc.

Real estate and hotel costs were up by 15% primarily due to higher sales and incremental project completion coming from residential, malls, leasing and hotels & resorts business segments.

Interest and other financing charges and other charges increased by 8% mainly due to higher borrowings to finance various capital expenditures.

Provision for income tax increased by 19% largely due to increase in taxable income primarily from real estate.

Non-controlling interests lower by 19% mainly due to decrease in Net Income after Tax contribution from non-consolidated companies.

Balance Sheet items – 2017 versus 2016

Short-term investments grew by ₱4.5 billion primarily due to money market placements of AHI, BGWest, Alveo, RLC and MDC.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss decreased by 72% mainly due to the maturity of BG West, ALLHC, ALI Capital and APMC's UITF investment placements.

Real estate Inventories higher by 36% primarily due to higher sales despite lesser launches of RBG projects. Ayala Land adopted PIC Q&A 2018-11, *Classification of Land by Real Estate Developer* starting January 1, 2018. The impact of adoption is applied retrospectively which resulted to the reclassifications of amounts from land and improvements to real estate inventories and investment properties in the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017. The comparative amounts as a result of the reclassification may not be comparable to the amounts presented as at December 31, 2016. Please refer to Note 2 of Ayala Land's audited consolidated financial statements, which are included as an Annex to this Offer Supplement, for the effect of the adoption of the PIC Q&A.

Other current assets were up by 101% due to increase in input VAT and CWT mainly from residential projects and various prepayments (Taxes & Licenses, Ads and Promo, Marketing and Management fees, etc.).

Non-current accounts and notes receivable improved by 27% primarily due to higher bookings and increase in project POC.

Land and improvements declined by 100% mainly due to the transfer from unsubdivided land to investment properties. Ayala Land adopted PIC Q&A 2018-11, *Classification of Land by Real Estate Developer* starting January 1, 2018. The impact of adoption is applied retrospectively which resulted to the reclassifications of amounts from land and improvements to real estate inventories and investment properties in the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017. The comparative amounts as a result of the reclassification may not be comparable to the amounts presented as at December 31, 2016. Please refer to Note 2 of Ayala Land's audited consolidated financial statements, which are included as an Annex to this Offer Supplement, for the effect of the adoption of the PIC Q&A.

Investments in associates and joint ventures were higher by 7% due to the new investment in ALI Eton and contribution from ALI's share in the equity in net earnings for full year 2017.

Investment properties grew by 86% primarily due to the additional project costs on new and existing malls and buildings for lease. Ayala Land adopted PIC Q&A 2018-11, *Classification of Land by Real Estate Developer* starting January 1, 2018. The impact of adoption is applied retrospectively which resulted to the reclassifications of amounts from land and improvements to real estate inventories and investment properties in the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017. The comparative amounts as a result of the reclassification may not be comparable to the amounts presented as at December 31, 2016. Please refer to Note 2 of Ayala Land's audited consolidated financial statements, which are included as an Annex to this Offer Supplement, for the effect of the adoption of the PIC Q&A.

Available-for-sale financial assets were better by 7% mainly due to higher investments from ALI Capital and Ayalaland Malls Synergies Inc.

Property and equipment improved by 8% mainly coming from the increase in Hotel PPE and ALI Capital

(Airswift).

Deferred tax assets were higher by 8% due to leasing group's PAS Straight-line recognition of revenue (Accounting Standard vs BIR).

Other non-current assets were higher by 15% due to transfer of advances to other companies to investment properties.

Short-term debt was down by 27% primarily due to Avida, ALI and Alveo's payment of short-term unsecured peso denominated bank loan availments.

Income tax payable decreased by 33% mainly due to payment of income taxes.

Deposit and other current liabilities were up by 39% due to the increase in customers' deposits from real estate customers who reached the 10% threshold for sales bookings.

Current portion of long-term debt was higher by 27% due to incremental debt of NTDCC, Phil. Energy, and Alveo.

Long-term debt – net of current portion grew by 15% largely due to ALI's additional long-term debt availments, ₱7 billion short-dated notes and ₱7 billion bond issuance on May 2017.

Pension liabilities increased by 2% due to additional provision based on actuarial valuation report.

Deposits and other non-current liabilities increased by 6% due to deposits from real estate customers and contribution from leasing group's advance rental and security deposits.

Net unrealized gain/loss on available for sale financial assets was down by 7% mainly due to sale of SSI investment.

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

Adoption of New and Amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations

Changes in Accounting Policies

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the ALI Group's consolidated financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the adoption of the following new and amended PFRSs which became effective January 1, 2019.

The nature and impact of each new standard and amendment are described below:

Amendments to PFRS 9, Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation

The amendments to PFRS 9 allow debt instruments with negative compensation prepayment features to be measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. An entity shall apply these amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Earlier application is permitted.

This amendment has no impact to the Group.

PFRS 16, Leases

PFRS 16 sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model similar to the accounting for finance leases under PAS 17, *Leases*. The standard includes two (2) recognition exemptions for lessees – leases of 'low-value' assets (e.g., personal computers) and short-term leases (i.e., leases with a lease term of 12 months or less). At the commencement date of a lease, a lessee will recognize a liability to make lease payments (i.e., the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e., the right-of-use asset). Lessees will be required to separately recognize the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset.

Lessees will be also required to remeasure the lease liability upon the occurrence of certain events (e.g., a change in the lease term, a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine those payments). The lessee will generally recognize the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

Lessor accounting under PFRS 16 is substantially unchanged from today's accounting under PAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify all leases using the same classification principle as in PAS 17 and distinguish between two (2) types of leases: operating and finance leases.

PFRS 16 also requires lessees and lessors to make more extensive disclosures than under PAS 17.

Early application is permitted, but not before an entity applies PFRS 15. A lessee can choose to apply the standard using either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach. The standard's transition provisions permit certain reliefs.

PFRS 16 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019.

The Group has chosen to apply the modified retrospective transition method (i.e. to apply PFRS 16 retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying the standard recognized at the date of initial application, January 1, 2019).

The Group has elected to apply the following practical expedients provided by the standard:

o Use of a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics,

- o The Group applied the requirements of PFRS 16 to leases for which the lease term ends within 12 months from the date of initial application,
- o The Group will exclude initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application,
- o The Group used hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

In a tabular format, the effect of adoption PFRS 16 as at January 1, 2019 follows (in thousands):

	Increase (decrease)
Assets	
Right-of-use assets	₽14,024,594
Other current assets	(110,092)
Other noncurrent assets	(397,778)
Investment properties	888,774
Deferred tax assets	3,319,705
	₽17,725,203
Liabilities	
Lease liabilities	₽16,985,922
Accounts and other payables	(275,942)
Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities	(1,001,146)
Deferred tax liabilities	2,932,400
	18,641,234
Equity	
Retained earnings	(616,683)
Non-controlling interests	(299,348)
	(916,031)
	₽17,725,203

Amendments to PAS 19, Employee Benefits, Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement

The amendments to PAS 19 address the accounting when a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement occurs during a reporting period. The amendments specify that when a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement occurs during the annual reporting period, an entity is required to: (i) determine current service cost for the remainder of the period after the plan amendment, curtailment or settlement, using the actuarial assumptions used to remeasure the net defined benefit liability (asset) reflecting the benefits offered under the plan amendment, curtailment or settlement, curtailment or the period after the plan assets after that event; and, (ii) determine net interest for the remainder of the period after the plan amendment, settlement using: the net defined benefit liability (asset) reflecting the benefits offered under the benefits offered under the plan amendment, curtailment or settlement using: the net defined benefit liability (asset) reflecting the discount rate used to remeasure that net defined benefit liability (asset).

The amendments also clarify that an entity first determines any past service cost, or a gain or loss on settlement, without considering the effect of the asset ceiling. This amount is recognized in profit or loss. An entity then determines the effect of the asset ceiling after the plan amendment, curtailment or settlement. Any change in that effect, excluding amounts included in the net interest, is recognized in other comprehensive income. The amendments apply to plan amendments, curtailments, or settlements occurring on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period that begins on or after January 1, 2019, with early application permitted. These amendments will apply only to any future plan amendments, curtailments, or settlements of the Group.

Amendments to PAS 28, Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures

The amendments to PAS 28 clarify that entities should account for long-term interests in an associate or joint venture to which the equity method is not applied using PFRS 9. An entity shall apply these amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Earlier application is permitted.

This amendment has no impact to the Group.

Philippine Interpretation IFRIC-23, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

The interpretation addresses the accounting for income taxes when tax treatments involve uncertainty that affects the application of PAS 12 and does not apply to taxes or levies outside the scope of PAS 12, nor does it specifically include requirements relating to interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax treatments.

The interpretation specifically addresses the following:

- Whether an entity considers uncertain tax treatments separately
- The assumptions an entity makes about the examination of tax treatments by taxation authorities
- How an entity determines taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates
- How an entity considers changes in facts and circumstances

An entity must determine whether to consider each uncertain tax treatment separately or together with one or more other uncertain tax treatments. The approach that better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty should be followed.

This interpretation is not relevant to the Group because there is no uncertainty involved in the tax treatments made by management in connection with the calculation of current and deferred taxes as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Annual Improvements to PFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle

Amendments to PFRS 3, *Business Combinations*, and PFRS 11, *Joint Arrangements, Previously Held Interest in a Joint Operation*

The amendments clarify that, when an entity obtains control of a business that is a joint operation, it applies the requirements for a business combination achieved in stages, including remeasuring previously held interests in the assets and liabilities of the joint operation at fair value. In doing so, the acquirer remeasures its entire previously held interest in the joint operation.

A party that participates in, but does not have joint control of, a joint operation might obtain joint control of the joint operation in which the activity of the joint operation constitutes a business as defined in PFRS 3. The amendments clarify that the previously held interests in that joint operation are not remeasured.

An entity applies those amendments to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and to transactions in which it obtains joint control on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with early application permitted. These amendments are currently not applicable to the Group but may apply to future transactions.

Amendments to PAS 12, *Income Tax Consequences of Payments on Financial Instruments Classified as Equity*

The amendments clarify that the income tax consequences of dividends are linked more directly to past transactions or events that generated distributable profits than to distributions to owners. Therefore, an

entity recognizes the income tax consequences of dividends in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity according to where the entity originally recognized those past transactions or events.

An entity applies those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with early application is permitted. These amendments are not relevant to the Group because dividends declared by the Group do not give rise to tax obligations under the current tax laws.

Amendments to PAS 23, Borrowing Costs, Borrowing Costs Eligible for Capitalization

The amendments clarify that an entity treats as part of general borrowings any borrowing originally made to develop a qualifying asset when substantially all of the activities necessary to prepare that asset for its intended use or sale are complete.

An entity applies those amendments to borrowing costs incurred on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies those amendments. An entity applies those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with early application permitted.

This amendment has no impact to the Group.

IFRIC Agenda Decision on Over Time Transfer of Constructed Goods (PAS 23)

In March 2019, the Interpretations Committee of the IASB issued IFRIC Update summarizing the decisions reached by the Committee in its public meetings. The March 2019 IFRIC Update includes the Committee's Agenda Decision on the capitalization of borrowing cost on over time transfer of constructed goods. The IFRIC Agenda Decision clarified whether borrowing costs may be capitalized in relation to the construction of a residential multi-unit real estate development (building) which are sold to customers prior to start of construction or completion of the development. Under the March 2019 IFRIC Update, the Committee clarified that the related assets that might be recognized in the Group's financial statements (i.e., installment contract receivable, contract asset, or inventory) will not qualify as a qualifying asset and the corresponding borrowing cost may no longer capitalized.

The Group does not expect any effect on its consolidated financial statements as they are already aligned with the provisions of PAS 23.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2020

Amendments to PFRS 3, Definition of a Business

The amendments to PFRS 3 clarify the minimum requirements to be a business, remove the assessment of a market participant's ability to replace missing elements, and narrow the definition of outputs. The amendments also add guidance to assess whether an acquired process is substantive and add illustrative examples. An optional fair value concentration test is introduced which permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. An entity applies those amendments prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020, with earlier application permitted.

These amendments will apply on future business combinations of the Group.

Amendments to PAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*, and PAS 8, *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, Definition of Material*

The amendments refine the definition of material in PAS 1 and align the definitions used across PFRSs and other pronouncements. They are intended to improve the understanding of the existing requirements rather than to significantly impact an entity's materiality judgments. An entity applies those amendments prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020, with earlier application permitted.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2021

PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

PFRS 17 is a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. Once effective, PFRS 17 will replace PFRS 4, Insurance Contracts. This new standard on insurance contracts applies to all types of insurance contracts (i.e., life, non-life, direct insurance and re-insurance), regardless of the type of entities that issue them, as well as to certain guarantees and financial instruments with discretionary participation features. A few scope exceptions will apply.

The overall objective of PFRS 17 is to provide an accounting model for insurance contracts that is more useful and consistent for insurers. In contrast to the requirements in PFRS 4, which are largely based on grandfathering previous local accounting policies, PFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects.

The new standard is not applicable to the Group since none of the entities within the Group have activities that are predominantly connected with insurance or issue insurance contracts. *Deferred effectivity*

Amendments to PFRS 10 and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments address the conflict between PFRS 10 and PAS 28 in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture. The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in PFRS 3, *Business Combinations*. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

On January 13, 2016, the Financial Reporting Standards Council postponed the original effective date of January 1, 2016 of the said amendments until the International Accounting Standards Board has completed its broader review of the research project on equity accounting that may result in the simplification of accounting for such transactions and of other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CONTROL PERSONS

December 31, 2019

The write-ups below include positions currently held by the directors and executive officers, as well as positions held during the past five years.

Board of Directors

Fernando Zobel de Ayala Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala Bernard Vincent O. Dy Antonino T. Aquino Arturo G. Corpuz Cesar V. Purisima Delfin L. Lazaro* Jaime C. Laya** Sherisa P. Nuesa*** Rizalina G. Mantaring Rex Ma. A. Mendoza***

*Director untilf April 22, 2020 **Lead Independent Director until April 22, 2020 ***Appointed as Independent Directors effective April 22, 2020

Fernando Zobel de Ayala, Filipino, 59, has served as Chairman of the Board of ALI since April 1999. He holds the following positions in publicly listed companies: President and Chief Operating Officer of Ayala Corporation; Chairman of Manila Water Company, Inc. and AC Energy Philippines, Inc.; Director of Bank of the Philippine Islands, Globe Telecom, Inc. and Integrated Micro-Electronics, Inc.; and Independent Director of Pilipinas Shell Petroleum Corporation. He is the Chairman of AC International Finance Ltd., ALI Eton Property Development Corporation, Liontide Holdings, Inc., AC Energy, Inc., Ayala Healthcare Holdings, Inc., Automobile Central Enterprise, Inc., Alabang Commercial Corporation, Accendo Commercial Corp. and Hero Foundation, Inc.; Co-Chairman of Ayala Foundation, Inc. and Ayala Group Club, Inc.; Vice-Chairman of AC Industrial Technology Holdings, Inc., Ceci Realty Inc., Fort Bonifacio Development Corporation, Bonifacio Land Corporation, Emerging City Holdings, Inc., Columbus Holdings, Inc., Berkshires Holdings, Inc., AKL Properties Inc., AC Ventures Holding Corp. and Bonifacio Art Foundation, Inc.; Director of Livelt Investments Ltd., AG Holdings Ltd., AC Infrastructure Holdings Corporation, Asiacom Philippines, Inc., Ayala Retirement Fund Holdings, Inc., Honda Cars Philippines, Inc., Isuzu Philippines Corporation, and Manila Peninsula; Member of the Board for INSEAD Business School and Georgetown University; Member of the International Advisory Board of Tikehau Capital and of the Hispanic Society Museum and Library; Vice Chairman of the Philippine-Singapore Business Council; Member of World Presidents' Organization and Chief Executives Organization; Chairman of Habitat for Humanity International's Asia-Pacific Capital Campaign Steering Committee: and Member of the Board of Trustees of Caritas Manila, Pilipinas Shell Foundation, and the National Museum. He graduated with B.A. Liberal Arts at Harvard College in 1982 and holds a CIM from INSEAD, France.

Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala, Filipino, 60, Director of Ayala Corporation since May 1987. He is the Chairman and CEO of Ayala Corporation since April 2006. He holds the following positions in publicly listed companies: Chairman of Globe Telecom, Inc., Integrated Micro-Electronics, Inc. and Bank of the Philippine Islands; and Vice Chairman of Ayala Land, Inc., Manila Water Company, Inc. and AC Energy Philippines, Inc. He is also the Chairman of Ayala Retirement Fund Holdings, Inc., AC Industrial Technology Holdings, Inc., AC Ventures Holding Corp., AC Infrastructure Holdings Corporation and Asiacom Philippines, Inc.; Co-Chairman of Ayala Foundation, Inc. and Ayala Group Club, Inc.; Director of Alabang Commercial Corporation, Ayala International Pte. Ltd., AC Energy, Inc., Ayala Healthcare Holdings, Inc., Light Rail Manila Holdings, Inc. and AG Holdings Ltd. Outside the Ayala group, he is a member of various business and socio- civic organizations in the Philippines and abroad, including the JP Morgan International Council, JP Morgan Asia Pacific Council and Mitsubishi Corporation International Advisory Council. He sits on the board of the Singapore Management University and on various advisory boards of Harvard University, including the Global Advisory Council, HBS Board of Dean's Advisors, and HBS Asia-Pacific Advisory

Board, which he chairs. He is Chairman Emeritus of the Asia Business Council, a member of the Global Board of Adviser of the Council on Foreign Relations, and Co-Vice Chairman of the Makati Business Club, Chairman of Endeavor Philippines, and a board member of Eisenhower Fellowships. He was awarded the Presidential Medal of Merit in 2009, the Philippine Legion of Honor with rank of Grand Commander in 2010, and the Order of Mabini with rank of Commander in 2015 by the President of the Philippines in recognition of his outstanding public service. In 2017, he was recognized as a United Nations Sustainable Development Goals Pioneer by the UN Global Compact for his work in sustainable business strategy and operations. The first recipient of the award from the Philippines, he was one of 10 individuals recognized for championing sustainability and the pursuit of the 17 SDGs in business. He graduated with B.A. in Economics (Cum Laude) from Harvard College in 1981 and obtained an MBA from the Harvard Graduate School of Business in 1987.

Bernard Vincent O. Dy, Filipino, 56, has led Ayala Land, Inc. as President and Chief Executive Officer since April 7, 2014. Prior to this post, he was the Head of Residential Business, Commercial Business and Corporate Marketing and Sales. He is also the Chairman of Ayala Property Management Corporation; Makati Development Corporation; Alveo Land Corporation; Amaia Land Corporation; Bellavita Land Corporation: Avagold Retailers, Inc.: Station Square East Commercial Corporation: Aviana Development Corp.; Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corp.; BGSouth Properties, Inc.; BGNorth Properties, Inc.; BGWest Properties, Inc.; Portico Land Corporation.; Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc.; Avencosouth Corp.; and Nuevocentro, Inc. Mr. Dy also serves as Vice Chairman of Ayala Greenfield Development Corporation and Alviera Country Club, Inc. He is also President of President of Bonifacio Land Corporation; Emerging City Holdings, Inc.; Columbus Holdings, Inc.; Berkshires Holdings, Inc.; Fort Bonifacio Development Corporation; Aurora Properties Incorporated; Vesta Property Holdings, Inc.; Ceci Realty Inc.; Alabang Commercial Corporation; and Accendo Commercial Corporation. Mr. Dy also serves as Director of AvalaLand Logistics Holdings Corp.; Cebu Holdings, Inc.; MCT Bhd of Malaysia; Avida Land Corporation; Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc.; Whiteknight Holdings, Inc.; AyalaLand Medical Facilities Leasing, Inc.; Serendra, Inc.; Alveo-Federal Land Communities, Inc.; ALI Eton Property Development Corporation; and AKL Properties, Inc. Mr. Dy is the President of Hero Foundation Inc. and Bonifacio Art Foundation, Inc. He is also a member of Ayala Foundation, Inc. and Ayala Group Club, Inc. He has also been a Director of the Junior Golf Foundation of the Philippines since 2010 and has served as Vice Chairman since 2017. He earned a Bachelor's Degree in Business Administration from the University of Notre Dame in 1985, He received his MBA in 1989 and MA International Relations in 1997, both at the University of Chicago.

Antonino T. Aquino, Filipino, 72, has served as Director of ALI since April 2009. He is also a Director of Manila Water Company, Inc. (MWC), another publicly listed company, since 1998. He was the President of ALI from April 2009 to April 2014, MWC from April 1999 to April 2009, and Ayala Property Management Corporation from 1989 to 1999. He has served the Ayala group in various capacities for 38 years. Currently, he is a Board member of Nuevocentro, Inc., Anvaya Beach & Nature Club and Mano Amiga Academy, Inc. He is also a private sector representative in the Multi Sectoral Advisory Board of the Philippine Army and the Multi Sector Governance Council of the Armed Forces of the Philippines. He was named "Co-Management Man of the Year 2009" by the Management Association of the Philippines for his leadership role in a very successful waterworks privatization and public-private sector partnership. In 2015, Mr. Aquino was elected as Director of The Philippine American Life and General Insurance Company (Philam). He earned a degree in BS Management and completed academic requirements for Masters in Business from the Ateneo de Manila University in 1968 and 1975, respectively.

Arturo G. Corpuz, Filipino, 64, has served as a Director of ALI since April 2016. He was a member of the Management Committee of ALI from 2008 to December 31, 2016. He is also a member of the Board of Ceci Realty, Inc. Aurora Properties, Inc., Vesta Properties Holdings, Inc., Nuevocentro, Inc., Next Urban Alliance Development Corp. and Alviera Country Club, Inc. He is a former President of the Philippine Economic Society and a Fellow of the Foundation for Economic Freedom and the Philippine Institute of Environmental Planning. Mr. Corpuz received his baccalaureate degree in Architecture from the University of the Philippines in 1977 and his masteral and doctoral degrees in urban and regional planning from Cornell University in 1984 and 1989.

Delfin I. Lazaro, Filipino, 73, has served as a member of the Board of ALI since May 1996. He is a Director

of publicly listed companies namely, Ayala Corporation, Integrated Micro-Electronics, Inc. Manila Water Company, Inc., Globe Telecom, Inc. His other significant positions are Chairman of Atlas Fertilizer & Chemicals, Inc.; Chairman and President of A.C.S.T. Business Holdings, Inc.; Vice Chairman and President of Asiacom Philippines, Inc.; and Director of AYC Holdings, Inc. Ltd., AC International Finance, Ltd., Purefoods International, Ltd., AC Industrial Technology Holdings. Inv., Probe Productions, Inc. He graduated with BS Metallurgical Engineering at the University of the Philippines in 1967 and took his MBA (with Distinction) at Harvard Graduate School of Business in 1971.

Jaime C. Laya, Filipino, 80, has served as an Independent Director of ALI since April 2010 and as its Lead Independent Director since April 2017. He is member of the Board of Directors of publicly listed companies, being Independent Director of GMA Network, Inc., GMA Holdings, Inc. and Manila Water Company, Inc. and Regular Director of Philippine Trust Company (Philtrust Bank). His other significant positions are: President of Philtrust Bank, Independent Director of Philippine AXA Life Insurance Co., Inc. and of Charter Ping An Insurance Corporation; and Trustee of Cultural Center of the Philippines, St. Paul's University -Quezon City, Ayala Foundation, Inc., Escuela Taller de Filipinas Foundation, Inc., Fundación Santiago, Makati Sports Club, and other non-profit, non-stock corporations. He graduated magna cum laude from University of the Philippines in 1957 with a degree in B.S.B.A. (Accounting) and completed his M.S. in Industrial Management at Georgia Institute of Technology in 1960 and his Ph.D. in Financial Management at Stanford University in1967. He has served as Minister of the Budget, Minister of Education, Culture and Sports, Governor of the Central Bank of the Philippines, Chairman of the National Commission for Culture and the Arts, and Professor and Dean of Business Administration of the University of the Philippines.

Rizalina G. Mantaring, Filipino, 60, has served as an Independent Director of ALI since April 2014. Concurrently, she also holds the following positions: Director, Sun Life Grepa Financial, Inc.; and Independent Director of First Philippine Holdings Corp. Inc., PHINMA Corp. inc., FEU Alabang, East Asia Computer Center Inc., Roosevelt College Inc., and Microventures Foundation Inc. She is also a member of the Boards of Trustees of the Makati Business Club, and Philippine Business for Education. A recipient of the Asia Talent Management Award in the Asia Business Leaders Award organized by the global business news network CNBC. She has also been recognized by the International Association of Business Communicators (Philippines) with the CEO Excel award. She was named by Moneysense Magazine as one of the 12 Most Influential in Personal Finance, was selected as one of the 100 Most Outstanding Alumni of the past century by the University of the Philippines College of Engineering, and was 2019 PAX awardee of St. Scholastica's College Manila, the highest award given by the school to outstanding alumni. She holds a BS Electrical Engineering degree from the University of the Philippines where she graduated with honors in 1982. She obtained her MS degree in Computer Science from the State University of New York at Albany in 1993.

Cesar V. Purisima, Filipino, 59 was appointed as an Independent Director of ALI. in April 18, 2018. He is an Asia Fellow at the Milken Institute, a global non-profit, non-partisan think tank. He is a founding partner at IKLAS Capital, a pan-ASEAN private equity platform. He is a member of the board of AIA Group Limited, Word Wildlife Fund-Philippines, Inc. and De La Salle University. He is an Independent Director of Universal Robina Corporation, a publicly listed company. He is a Member of the Global Advisory Council of Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation and of the International Advisory Council in the Philippines of Singapore Management University; He served the Philippine Government as a Secretary of Finance and the Chair of Economic Development Cluster of the President's Cabinet from July 2010 to June 2016. He briefly served as Finance Secretary in 2005 and Trade and Industry Secretary from 2004 to 2005. Additionally, he was a member of the Monetary Board of the Philippines Central Bank, and the Governor for the Philippines at the Asian Development Bank and the World Bank. He served as Alternate Governor for the Philippines at the International Monetary Fund and Chairman of the Land Bank of the Philippines. Under his leadership, the Philippines received its first investment-grade ratings. He was named Finance Minister of the Year seven times in six (6) consecutive years by a number of publications, a first for the Philippines. Prior to his stints in the government service, he was the Chairman & Country Managing Partner of the Philippines' largest professional services firm SGV & Co., and was a member of the Global Executive Board and Global Practice Council of Ernst & Young. He was conferred the Chevalier dans l'Ordre national de la Légion d'Honneur (Knight of the National Order of the Legion of Honour) by the President of the French Republic in 2017, the Order of Lakandula, Rank of Grand Cross (Bayani) by the President of the Philippines in 2016

and the Chevalier de l'Ordre national du Mérite (Knight of the National Order of Merit) by the President of the French Republic in 2001. He is a certified public accountant and has extensive experience in public accounting both in the Philippines and abroad. He obtained his Bachelor of Science degree in Commerce Major in Accounting and Financial Institutions from De La Salle University in 1979. He earned his Master of Business Administration degree from Kellogg School of Management, Northwestern University, Illinois in 1983 and Doctor of Humanities honoris causa degree from Angeles University Foundation of the Philippines in 2012.

Sherisa P. Nuesa, Filipino, 65, is the President and Director of the ALFM Mutual Funds Group. She is also an Independent Director of Integrated Micro-electronics, Inc., Manila Water Company, Inc., AC Energy Philippines, Inc. and Far Eastern University. She is also an Independent Director of FERN Realty Corporation. She is a Senior Adviser to the Boards of Metro Retail Stores Group, Inc. and Vicsal Development Corporation. She is a member of the Boards of Trustees of the Institute of Corporate Directors, the Judicial Reform Initiative, and the Financial Executives (FINEX) Foundation. In addition, she also held previous positions in management operations and has been active in speaking and lecturing engagements. She was the Chief Finance Officer and Chief Administration Officer of IMI from January 2009 to July 2010. She was then a Managing Director of Ayala Corporation and previously served in various capacities in Ayala Corporation, Ayala Land, Inc., and Manila Water Company, Inc. She was awarded the ING-FINEX CFO of the Year for 2008. She received a Master in Business Administration degree from the Ateneo Graduate School of Business in Manila. She also attended post-graduate courses in Harvard Business School and in Stanford University. She graduated summa cum laude with a degree of Bachelor of Science in Commerce from the Far Eastern University in 1974. She is a Certified Public Accountant.

Rex Ma. A. Mendoza, Filipino, 57, is the President and CEO of Rampver Financials, a financial services firm and the leading non-bank mutual funds distributor in the country. He currently serves as an Independent Director of Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp., Globe Telecom, Inc., and a Director of Esquire Financing, Inc., TechnoMarine Philippines, Seven Tall Trees Events, Inc., Cullinan Group and Mobile Group, Inc. He was previously the Senior Adviser to the AIA Group CEO for Marketing and Distribution. AIA Group Limited is the leading Pan-Asian insurance company and is the parent firm of the Philippine American Life and General Insurance Company (PhilamLife). Prior to this position, he was the President and Chief Executive Officer of Philam Life, Chairman of The Philam Foundation, Inc. and Vice Chairman of BPI Philam Life Assurance Company. Prior to rejoining Philam Life, he was Senior Vice President and Chief Marketing and Sales Officer of Ayala Land, Inc. He was also Chairman of Ayala Land International Sales, Inc., President of Ayala Land Sales, Inc., and Avida Sales Corporation. He earned his Master's Degree in Business Management with distinction from the Asian Institute of Management in 1986 and was one of the 10 Outstanding Graduates of his batch at the University of the Philippines where he obtained a BSBA degree with a double major in marketing and finance in 1983. He was awarded Most Distinguished Alumnus of the University of the Philippines' Cesar E.A. Virata School of Business last December 2013. He is also a fellow with distinction at the Life Management Institute of Atlanta, Georgia, USA, a Registered Financial Planner and a four-time member of the Million Dollar Round Table. Mr. Mendoza was a professor of Marketing and Computational Finance at the De La Salle University Graduate School of Business. He taught strategic marketing, services marketing and services strategy. He has served as Chairman of the Marketing Department and was awarded as one of the University's most outstanding professors. He is the author of the books "Trailblazing Success" and "Firing on all Cylinders" which are certified national bestsellers.

Management Committee Members / Key Executive Officers

President and Chief Executive Officer
Senior Vice President
Senior Vice President, Chief Finance Officer, Treasurer,
& Chief Compliance Officer
Senior Vice President
Senior Vice President
Senior Vice President

*Member of the Board of Directors **Appointed November 25, 2019 effective January 1, 2020

Dante M. Abando, Filipino, 55, is a Senior Vice President and Member of the Management Committee of ALI. He is the President and CEO of Makati Development Corporation. He is also the Chairman of MDC BuildPlus, Inc., MDC Concrete, Inc., MDC Equipment Solutions, Inc. and MDBI Construction Corp., a joint venture of Makati Development Corporation and Bouygues Batiment International. He was the past President and now a Board Member of Alveo Land Corporation. He is currently a Board Member of Avida Land Corporation, Serendra, Inc., Ayala Property Management Corporation and Anvaya Cove Golf & Sports Club, Inc. He was the Chairman and President of the Philippine Constructors Association in 2016-2017 and a member of the Board of Trustees of the University of the Philippines Alumni Engineers (UPAE) since 2015-2018. He graduated with a degree in Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering from the University of the Philippines in 1986 and earned his Master's degree in Business Administration in 1995 from the same university. In 2012, he completed the Executive Program on Real Estate Management at Harvard University Graduate School of Business.

Augusto D. Bengzon, Filipino, 57, joined ALI in December 2004 and currently serves as its Senior Vice President, Chief Finance Officer, Chief Compliance Officer & Treasurer. He is a Director & Treasurer of Cebu Holdings Inc. and Director of AyalaLand Logistics Holding Corp., the publicly listed subsidiaries of ALI. His other significant positions include: Chairman of Aprisa Business Process Solutions Inc.; Director, Treasurer & Compliance Officer of Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club Inc.; Director and Treasurer of ALI Eton Property Development Corp., Amaia Land Corp., Aurora Properties Inc., Avida Land Corp., Ayala Property Management Corp., AREIT, Inc., Bellavita Land Corp., BGNorth Properties Inc., BGSouth Properties Inc., BGWest Properties Inc., Ceci Realty Inc., Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions Inc., Serendra Inc. and Vesta Property Holdings Inc.; Director & Assistant Treasurer of Ayala Greenfield Development Corp., Ecozone Power Management Inc., Makati Development Corp., Nuevocentro Inc., Northgate Hotel Ventures, Inc., Portico Land Corp., Station Square East Commercial Corp. and Southcrest Hotel Ventures, Inc.; Treasurer of AKL Properties, Inc. and Hero Foundation, Inc.; Assistant Treasurer of Ayala Greenfield Golf & Leisure Club, Inc. and Trustee of Fe del Mundo Medical Center Phil, Inc. and Philippine National Police Foundation, Inc. He received his Bachelor of Science degree in Business Management from the Ateneo de Manila University and is a graduate of the Philippine Trust Institute. He was granted the Andres K. Roxas scholarship at the Asian Institute of Management where he received his Masters in Business Management degree.

Anna Ma. Margarita B. Dy, Filipino, 51, is a Senior Vice President since January 1, 2015 and a member of the Management Committee of ALI since August 2008. She is the Head of the Strategic Landbank Management (SLMG) of ALI. She is also the Chairman of Cebu Holdings, Inc. one of the publicly listed subsidiaries of ALI. Her other significant positions are: Director and Executive Vice President of Fort Bonifacio Development Corporation; Director of AyalaLand Estates, Inc., Director and President of Nuevocentro, Inc., and Alviera Country Club, Inc; Director of Aurora Properties, Inc., Vesta Properties Holdings, Inc., CECI Realty, Inc., AyalaLand Medical Facilities Leasing, Inc., Director of Anvaya and Next Urban Alliance Development Corp. Prior to joining ALI, she was a Vice President of Benpres Holdings Corporation. She graduated magna cum laude from Ateneo De Manila University with BS of Arts Degree in Economics Honors Program. She earned her Master's degree in Economics from London School of Economics and Political Science UK 1991 and MBA at Harvard Graduate School of Business Administration in Boston.

Jose Emmanuel H. Jalandoni, Filipino, 52, is a Senior Vice President and a member of the Management Committee of ALI. He is the Group Head of commercial businesses including malls, offices, hotels, resorts and Chairman of ALI Capital Corporation. He is Chairman of AvalaLand Logistics Holdings Corp. and Director of Cebu Holdings, Inc., publicly listed subsidiaries of ALI. His other significant positions are: Chairman of the Board of ALI Commercial Center, Inc., ALI Makati Hotel and Residences, Inc., ALI Makati Hotel Property, Inc., ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc., Arca South Hotel Ventures, Inc., Avala Hotels, Inc., AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corporation, AyalaLand Medical Facilities Leasing, Inc., AyalaLand Offices, Inc., Bay Area Hotel Ventures, Inc., Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc., Capitol Central Hotel Ventures, Inc., Cebu Insular Hotel Company, Inc., Central Bloc hotel Ventures Inc., Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc., Direct Power Services, Inc., Econorth Resort Ventures, Inc., EcoSouth Hotel Ventures, Inc., Enjay Hotels, Inc., Greenhaven Property Ventures, Inc., Makati North Hotel Ventures, Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc., North Triangle Hotel Ventures., Inc., Northgate Hotel Ventures, Inc., One Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc., Orion Land, Inc., Sentera Hotel Ventures, Inc., Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corporation, Soltea Commercial Corporation, Southcrest Hotel Ventures, Inc., Tutuban Properties, Inc., Whiteknight Holdings, Inc., One Makati Residential Ventures, Inc., He is also Chairman and President of ALINET.Com. Inc.. He is also Director of the following companies: Accendo Commercial Corporation, Alabang Commercial Corporation ALI Eton Property Development Corporation, Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc., Avagold Retailers, Inc., Ayala Property Management Corporation, AyalaLand Commercial Reit, Inc., Bacuit Bay Development Corporation, Berkshires Holdings, Inc., Bonifacio Land Corporation Cagayan de Oro Gateway Corporation, Chirica Resorts Corporation, Columbus Holdings, Inc., Ecoholdings Company Inc., Emerging City Holdings, Inc., Fort Bonifacio Development Corporation, Integrated Eco-Resort, Inc., Lio Resort Ventures, Inc., Lio Tourism Estate Management Corporation, Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corporation, Makati Development Corporation, North Eastern Commercial Corporation, North Liberty Resort Ventures, Inc., Pangulasian Island Resort Corporation, Paragua Eco-Resort Ventures, Inc., Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc., Regent Horizons Conservation Company, Inc., Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc., Station Square East Commercial Corporation, Ten Knots Development Corporation, Ten Knots Philippines, Inc., and Chairman of AREIT, Inc. He joined ALI in 1996 and held various positions in the Company He graduated with a degree of Bachelor of Science in Legal Management from Ateneo de Manila University. He earned his Master's Degree in Business Administration from Asian Institute of Management. He is a Chartered Financial Analyst.

Robert S. Lao, Filipino, 46, has been Senior Vice President of ALI and a member of the Management Committee of Ayala Land, Inc. since April 19, 2017. He is also the Group Head of Ayala Land's Residential Business Group and the Group Head of the Central Land Acquisition Unit. He is concurrently the President of Alveo Land Corp and Amaia Land Corp., BellaVita Land Corporation, BGSouth Properties, Inc., and Portico Land Corp.; He is the Chairman of the Board of Avida Land Corp. He is also the Chairman of the Board and President of Serendra, Inc. Prior to joining Ayala Land, Inc., he served as a Senior Process Engineer of Fujitsu Computer Products Corporation of the Philippines (FCPP) and Lead Process Engineer of PT. Quantum Electronics in Indonesia. He is a licensed Real Estate Broker. He studied at the University of Santo Tomas (UST) and graduated cum laude in Bachelor of Science in Industrial Engineering in 1995. He completed his Master's in Business Management (MBM) degree in 2001 from the Asian Institute of Management (AIM) and attended the International Student Exchange Program from University of Cologne in Germany.

Jaime E. Ysmael, Filipino, 59, is a Senior Vice President of ALI. Concurrently, he is a Managing Director of Ayala Corporation and Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer of Ortigas Land Corporation (formerly OCLP Holdings, Inc.) and Concrete Aggregates Corporation. His other significant positions include: Chairman of the Board of Directors of Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc. and Anvaya Golf and Sports Club, Inc. He is also a member of the Board of Directors of various Ayala Land subsidiaries and affiliates. Outside of the company, he is a Trustee of the Shareholders Association of the Philippines, FINEX Research and Development Foundation, Inc. and the CIBI Foundation. He is also a Trustee and President of the Alumni Tree Project. Mr. Ysmael holds a degree in Business Administration, Major in Accounting (Summa Cum Laude) at the University of the East, Manila, Philippines and is a Certified Public Accountant. He earned an MBA, Major in Finance, at The Wharton School and an MA in International Studies at The School of Arts and Sciences of the University of Pennsylvania in Philadelphia, USA, as a fellow of The Joseph H. Lauder Institute of Management and International Studies.

Lyle A. Abadia, Filipino, 62, has served as Vice President of ALI since November 2016. Currently, he is the Head of Special Projects reporting to the Office of the President of ALI. Likewise, he is a Director of ALI's wholly-owned subsidiaries namely, Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc. and BellaVita Land Corporation. Prior to joining Ayala Land, Inc. in 2004, he held various executive positions in two (2) ALI's subsidiaries, commencing in 1982 under Ayala Theatres Management, Inc. and moved to join Laguna Technopark, Inc. in 1991 as one of the pioneering executive officers who crafted the successful transformation of the 650-hectare former sugarcane plantation into what is now known as one of the world-class industrial estates in the country. He likewise set up BellaVita Land Corporation and took the helm as President from 2011 to 2017.Mr. Abadia holds a degree in Bachelor of Science in Commerce, Major in Accounting at the Colegio De San Jose – Recoletos. He completed a Basic Management Program at the Asian Institute of Management and in-house program for Harvard Leadership Acceleration Program.

Aniceto V. Bisnar, Jr., Filipino, 56, serves as Vice President of ALI since January 2009 and the Chief Operating Officer of its Visayas-Mindanao Group. He is currently the President of Cebu Holdings, Inc., a publicly listed subsidiary of ALI. His other significant positions are: Chairman of Adauge Commercial Corp., Central Block Developers, Inc. and Amaia Southern Properties, Inc.; Chairman and President of North Point Estate Association, Inc., Asian I-Office Properties, Inc., Cebu Leisure Company, Inc., Cebu Business Park Association, Inc. and Asia Town I.T. Park Association, Inc.; and Vice Chairman of Avenco South Corporation. He is the President of Aviana Development Corporation and Lagdigan Land Corporation. He is also the Vice President of Solinea, Inc. He is a Director of Accendo Commercial Corporation, Cebu District Property Enterprise, Inc., Cagayan de Oro Gateway Corp., Taft Punta Engaño Property, Inc., and a Member of the Board of Trustee of Hero Foundation, Inc.

Manuel A. Blas II, Filipino, 65, serves as Vice President of Ayala Land Inc. and the Estate Head for Bonifacio Global City and Makati Projects of ALI. He also holds positions in Fort Bonifacio Development Corporation Subsidiaries such as President of Bonifacio Estate Services Corporation and Bonifacio Transport Corporation; Director of Bonifacio Global City Estate Association, Bonifacio Water Corporation, and Bonifacio Gas Corporation. He graduated from De La Salle University and has a master's degree in Religious Studies from Maryhill School of Theology.

Dindo R. Fernando, Filipino, 49, has been Vice President of Ayala Land, Inc. since April 2017. He currently heads the company's External Affairs Division. Moreover, he is the Treasurer of Anvaya Beach and Nature Club, Corporate Secretary of Santa Rosa (Laguna) Business Club, Board Member of the Calamba City Business Club and Vice President of Avida Towers Makati West Condominium Corporation. Prior to joining ALI, he was Head of Political Research at the Makati Business Club where he oversaw congressional research, analysis and publication. He graduated with a degree in AB Political Science from the Lyceum of

the Philippines in 1989.

Rufino Hermann S. Gutierrez, Filipino, 47, is a Vice President of ALI effective January 1, 2020, and is currently the Chief Operating Officer and Project Development Group Head of Alveo Land Corp. He is concurrently President of Alveo Federal Land Communities, Inc. and Solinea, Inc. Furthermore, he is currently the Vice Chairman of Ayala Land International Sales, Inc. and a Director of Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc. In his more than 16 years in the company, he has handled and led various functions in residential, commercial, office and leisure development, such as project development, business development, sales, marketing and human resources management. He graduated from the De La Salle University with a degree in BS Industrial Engineering with minor in Mechanical Engineering in 1994 and completed his MBA from the Asian Institute of Management in 2000. He completed the Advanced Management Program from the National University of Singapore in 2016. He is also a licensed Real Estate Broker.

Javier D. Hernandez, Filipino, 51, has been Vice President of ALI since April 2017. He is currently the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Ten Knots Group, responsible for the overall management of El Nido Resorts and LIO Estate in El Nido, Palawan. In addition, he serves as Vice Chairman of Pangulasian Island Resort Corporation; President and Treasurer of Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.; Director and Treasurer of El Nido Foundation; and Vice President for Operations of Alabang Commercial Corporation. He is a Director in South Innovative Theater Management, North Triangle Depot Commercial Corporation, Primavera Towncentre, Inc., Ayalaland Malls Vismin, Inc., Ten Knots Philippines, Inc., Bacuit Bay Development Corporation, Ecoholdings Company, Inc., Regent Horizons Conservation Company, Inc., LIO Tourism Estate Management Corp., Chirica Resorts Corporation, Pangulasian Island Resort Corp., LIO Resort Ventures, Inc., North Liberty Resort Ventures, Inc. and Paragua Eco-Resort Ventures, Inc. He has worked for Ayala Land for more than 25 years, spending seven (7) years with Mall Operations, four (4) years with the Sales and Marketing Group, thereafter rejoining the Malls group for another 13 years before transferring to AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts mid-2016. He graduated with a Bachelors Degree in Business Administration from the San Francisco State University.

Joseph Carmichael Z. Jugo, Filipino, 45, is a Vice President of ALI. and is currently the Managing Director of Ayala Land Premier. He is concurrently Chairman & President of Ayalaland Premier, Inc., Roxas Land Corp., OLC Development Corp., Southportal Properties, Inc.; Vice Chairman & President of Ayala Hotels., Inc.; Chairman of Ayalaland Sales, Inc., Ayalaland Club Management, Inc., Verde Golf Development Corp.; President and Chief Executive Officer of Ayala Greenfield Development Corp., Ayala Greenfield Golf & Leisure Club, Inc.; President of BGWest Properties, Inc., Anvaya Cove Golf & Sports Club, Inc.; Director of Anvaya Cove Beach & Nature Club, Inc., Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc., Serendra, Inc. and Ayala Center Estate Association. In his more than 15 years in the Company, he has been a part of and handled various business lines including business development for the retail and malls group, project development for the residential business group, project development for the leisure group and sales for the local and international markets. He graduated from the Ateneo de Manila with a degree in Management Economics in 1997 and completed his MBM from the Asian Institute of Management (with Distinction) in 2002. He attended the International Graduate Student Exchange Program at the Tuck School of Business, Dartmouth College in 2002 and completed the INSEAD Asian International Executive Programme (AIEP) in 2015.

Michael Alexis C. Legaspi, Filipino, 60, is a Vice President of ALI and is serving as President & CEO of AyalaLand Hotels & Resorts Corporation (AHRC), owner of a portfolio of global hotel brands, and also owner, developer and operator of its home grown Seda Hotels. AHRC currently has 26 hotels and resorts in its portfolio with 10 more under construction. He is concurrently the Chairman of Ten Knots Development Corporation, owner-operator of the world-renowned El Nido Resorts group in Palawan comprised of four (4) eco-tourism island resorts namely, Miniloc Island Resort, Lagen Island Resort, Apulit Island Resort, Pangalusian Island Resort plus an assortment of various mainland resorts. Healso sits as President of the owning companies of the Fairmont and Raffles Hotels Makati, Holiday Inn & Suites Makati, and the various Seda Hotels in Bonifacio Global City, Nuvali, Davao, Cagayan de Oro, Iloilo, Quezon City and Bacolod, while serving as a director in other companies and corporations under the ALI Group He is also Vice President and Director of the Philippine Hotel Owners Association. He is a graduate of the Philippine Science High School and the University of the Philippines, Diliman.

Christopher B. Maglanoc, Filipino, 49, is a Vice President of ALI since April 2013 and is currently President of Avida Land Corporation. He was Chief Operating Officer and Head of Project and Strategic Management in Avida Land before he was elected as President of the Company on January 1, 2012. Prior to his stint in Avida in 2004, he occupied Management positions in various business units in ALI (i.e. Commercial Centers, Corporate Planning, and Alveo Land, Inc.). His other significant positions are Chairman of Avida Sales Corp.; President of Avencosouth Corp.; and Director of AmicaSSA Process Solutions, Inc., BellaVita, Blue Horizons Holdings Pte Ltd., and BGNorth Properties, Inc. He graduated from UP Los Baños with degrees in BA Sociology and BS Economics in 1990 and 1992, respectively. He finished his MBA from the Asian Institute of Management and attended the International Student Exchange Program in Copenhagen Business School in Denmark in 1997.

Michael F. Magpusao, Filipino, 46, is a Vice President of ALI effective January 1, 2020. He currently serves as the Chief Operating Officer and Corporate Chief Engineer of Ayala Property Management Corporation (APMC). He is also concurrently APMC's Corporate Safety Officer, Corporate Professional Mechanical Engineer, and Corporate Energy Manager, and the President of Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc. (PhilEnergy). He has over 20 years of industry experience. He served as Technical Support Group Manager and Project Manager of APMC from 1996 to 2004. Before joining ALI, he was Executive Director and Head of Global Real Estate of JP Morgan Chase & Co. (Philippine Branch) from 2010 to 2016; Vice President and Corporate Realty Services Asset Manager of Citibank, N.A. (Manila Branch) from 2004 to 2010; and Operation Engineer of Procter and Gamble Philippines from 1995 to 1996. He has served as a professor of the Mechanical Engineering Department at the Mapua Institute of Technology since 1996. He is a licensed Mechanical Engineer since 2001, a licensed OSH Consultant as certified by the Department of Labor and Employment, and a Certified ASEAN Energy Manager by AEMAS. He earned his Bachelor of Science Degrees in Mechanical Engineering and Electrical Engineering both from the Mapua Institute of Technology in 1995 and 2001, respectively. He also has a Post Baccalaureate Diploma in Fire Safety Technology from the University of Makati in 2004.

Ferdie M. Mangali, 50, Filipino, is a Vice President of ALI effective January 1, 2020. He has headed the Corporate Resource and Services Group of Makati Development Corporation since May 2013 and concurrently acting as Head of Corporate Labor Relations for the Ayalaland Group. He is a member of the Board of MDC Equipment Solutions Inc. and a member of the Board Trustee of the Philippine Constructors Association. He is the former Head of the Corporate Human Resources, Customer Care and Product delivery Group of Avida Land Corporation, Business Group HR Head of the Ayala Land Commercial and Residential Group, HR Head of Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc., Amaia Land Corp., and BelaVita Land Corp. Prior to ALI, he was Labor Relations Manager of Pfizer Inc., HR Manager of Warner Lambert Inc., Business Group HR Officer of Intel Philippines and Manufacturing Plant HR Officer of Matsushita Electric Philippines Corporation (PANASONIC Philippines). He has a total 29 years of experience in Human Resource Management, Labor Relations and Organizational Development. He graduated from Polytechnic University of the Philippines with a degree in Bachelor in Human Behavior Technology major in Clinical Psychology and finished his Masters Degree in Labor and industrial Relations from the University of the Philippines, Diliman.

Romeo T. Menpin, Jr., Filipino, 50, is a Vice President of ALI since January 2014. He is currently the Head of the Construction Methods and Support Group of Makati Development Corporation (MDC). He is also currently the President of MDC Equipment Solutions, Inc. and MDC Congrete, Inc. He is also a Director of Philipipine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc. (PhilEnergy) Before joining MDC, he was a Director, President and Chief Operating Officer of Ayala Property Management Corporation (APMC) and also the President of PhilEnergy. He joined ALI in May 2008 from Kuok Group of Companies where he was a Vice President and Head of Mall Operations of Shangri-la Plaza Corporation. Prior to this, he also held various management positions from APMC and Laguna Technopark, Inc. He graduated with a degree of Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering from Mapua Institute of Technology and completed units in Masters in Business Administration from De La Salle University in 2001.

Carol T. Mills, Filipino, 48, has served as Vice President of ALI since November 2016. She is the President of Ayala Land Offices, Inc. She is Chairman and President of various Ayala Land Offices subsidiaries

namely UP North Property Holdings, Inc., First Gateway Real Estate Corp., ALO Prime Realty Corp., Glensworth Development Inc., Hillsford Property Corp., and Sunnyfield E-Office Corp.; President of North Eastern Commercial Corp. and Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp as well as Director of AREIT, Inc., North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp., ALI Capital Corp., DirectPower Services, Inc. and Central Block Developers Inc. She joined ALI in 1993 and prior to her current position, she was Deputy Head of Business Development for Ayala Malls from 2008 to 2013, General Manager for Alabang Town Center from 2004 to 2008, and Operations Manager for Glorietta from 2000 to 2004. She graduated Magna Cum Laude from the University of the Philippines in 1993 with a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration and earned her Masters in Business Administration from the Amos Tuck School of Business, Dartmouth College in New Hampshire, USA in 1998.

Rodelito J. Ocampo, Filipino, 57, is a Vice President of ALI since December 2010. He is currently Makati Development Corporation's (MDC's) Head of Construction Operations Group 1 and the President of MDC BuildPlus, Inc. Before his MDC assignment, he served as Technical Services Head of Avida Land Corp. and Alveo Land Corp., wholly-owned subsidiaries of ALI, and Head of the Construction Management of ALI Residential Buildings. Prior to joining ALI, he was employed by a construction firm where he held various engineering and project management positions for a period of 10 years. He is a licensed Civil Engineer. He graduated from Mapua Institute of Technology with a degree in BS Civil Engineering in 1983.

Ginaflor C. Oris, Filipino, 52, is currently a Vice President of ALI and the Chief Finance Officer and Corporate Finance and Procurement Group Head of Makati Development Corporation (MDC). Prior to her assignment to MDC, she was the Managing Director for Corporate Finance and Asset Management of Ayala Corporation (AC). She was concurrently the CFO of Azalea Group, which held AC's various investments in information and communications technology (ICT), business process outsourcing (BPO), venture capital funds and emerging market funds. She brings with her more than 25 years of experience gained from AC and BPI Capital Corporation covering strategic financial management, execution of mergers, acquisitions and divestment transactions, financial reporting, controls, risk management and oversight of some of AC's portfolio investments and other assets. She graduated Honorable Mention from the Ateneo de Manila University with a degree of B.S Mathematics major in Computer Science in 1987. She took up Master in Business Management at the Asian Institute of Management as an Asian Development Bank scholar and graduated in 1992.

Darwin L. Salipsip, Filipino, 47 is a Vice President of ALI and is currently the Head of Construction Operations Group 3 of Makati Development Corporation (MDC). He is concurrently a Vice President and member of the Management Committee of MDC. In his more than 20 years with the Company, he has been part of the various business lines of residential and commercial businesses as Construction Management Manager. Prior to his current role, he served as MDC's Construction Management Group Head and Commercial Group Head. He graduated with honors (cum laude) from the University of the Philippines with a Bachelor's degree in Civil Engineering in 1993 and completed his Masters of Engineering from Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1997. He is a licensed Civil Engineer, ranked Top 2 when he took the National Licensure Examination for Civil Engineers.

Angelica L. Salvador, Filipino, 57, is a Vice President of ALI, and is currently the Controller of the Company. Her other key functions are as President of Aprisa Business Process Solutions, Inc. and Director of Amaia Land Corp. AmicaSSa Process Solutions, Inc., and North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp. Prior to her current assignment, she was the Chief Finance Officer of the ALI Residential Business Group and of various ALI-owned subsidiaries including Alveo Land Corp., Ayala Property Management Corp., Ayala Land International Sales, Inc., and Laguna Technopark, Inc. Before joining ALI, she was part of the Internal Audit Team of Ayala Corporation. She graduated cum laude from the University of the Philippines Diliman with Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration and Accountancy, and obtained her Master in Business Management (MBM) degree from the Asian Institute of Management.

Eliezer C. Tanlapco, Filipino, 70, is the Group Head of Human Resources and Public Affairs and member of the Management Committee of ALI. Prior to this role, he was a Human Resources Consultant for Ayala Group Legal and Ayala Corporation from which he retired as Employee Relations and Services Director. He was ALI's Vice President for Human Resources; Vice Chair of Ayala Group HR Council, Ayala Group Corporate Security Council, and Champion of Ayala Group Labor Relations Network He is a member of the Board of Directors of Ayala Multi-Purpose Cooperative. He has had extensive work experience as Senior Leader in Human Resources and Community Development for multinational companies locally and abroad. He practiced law with a law firm and with the Office of the President of the Philippines. He holds a Bachelor of Arts degree from the University of the Philippines and earned his Law Degree at Ateneo de Manila University. He completed his Management Development Program from the Asian Institute of Management, and Strategic Business Economics Program from the University of Asia and the Pacific, both with distinction.

Maria Rowena Victoria M. Tomeldan, Filipino, 58, is the Vice President and Head of the Real Estate Logistics and Special Investments of ALI. She is the President of AyalaLand Logistics Holdings Inc., a publicly listed subsidiary of ALI, which owns and manages Laguna Technopark, Cavite Technopark, Laguindingan Technopark, Tutuban Center and Southpark Mall. Her other significant positions include: Chairman of the Board of Laguna Technopark, Inc (LTI); Chairman and President of AMSI, Inc., Orion Property Development, Inc., LCI Commercial Ventures, Inc., FLT Prime Insurance Corporation and Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp. and, ESTA Galleria, a wholesale distributor of premium quality tiles; and Director of Ayalaland Commercial Reit, Inc. Presently, she is also a board member of the International Council of Shopping Centers (ICSC) - Asia Advisory Board. She is a 2015 ICSC Trustees Distinguished Service Awardee. She graduated as cum laude of Bachelor of Arts in Economics from the University of the Philippines in 1983 and earned her Masters in Business Administration degree from the same university in 1988. She finished the Executive Development Program at the Aresty Institute of Executive Education in Wharton University, Pennsylvania, USA in 2005.

Jennylle Sorongon Tupaz, Filipino, 47, is Vice President of ALI and head of the AyalaMalls Group. Prior to joining the commercial business of ALI in 2018, she was involved in the residential development business for over 21 years. She was president of Alveo Land Corp., ALI's upscale residential brand, where she spent 11 years leading project development. She held earlier positions in Avida and the then Leisure & Lifestyle Communities Group of ALI. She holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Statistics from the University of the Philippines, and a Master's Degree in Business Administration from the University of Chicago Booth School of Business.

Amelia Ann T. Alipao, Filipino, 57 is currently Assistant Vice President and Chief Information Officer of ALI. She is also the Group Data Protection Officer for ALI Group of Companies and currently a member of the Data Privacy Council for Real Estate of the National Privacy Commission. She passed her Data Protection Officer ACE Level 1 Certification issued by the National Privacy Commission last August 23, 2019. She is also a member of the Board of APRISA Business Process Inc. In 2019, she was appointed back as a member of the ALI Corporate Bidding Committee, a role she previously occupied in 2009-2011 and acted as Chairperson. Prior to joining ALI, she took on dual roles in SAP Philippines as Account Manager handling government accounts and as Project Manager for SAP Implementation. She also served as Assistant Vice President in Coca-Cola Bottlers Inc where she handled various IT systems implementation and delivery. Her IT career started as an IT Instructor in I/Act of SGV. Her experience combines agile exposure as an IT practitioner for over 2 decades. She holds a Bachelor in Arts in Biology and Bachelor of Science in Business Management from De La Salle University.

Ma. Divina Y. Lopez, Filipino, 48, is currently Assistant Vice President and Chief Audit Executive of ALI. She is a member of the Institute of Internal Auditors Philippines (IIAP). Prior to this post, she was President of Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc. and Chief Finance Officer of the Residential Business Group of ALI. She holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration and Accountancy from the University of the Philippines and placed 11th in the CPA Board Examinations in 1993. She obtained a Master of Science degree in Computational Finance from De La Salle University in 2002.

Solomon M. Hermosura, Filipino, 57, has served as the Corporate Secretary of the Company since April 2011 and the Group General Counsel of the Company since April 2014. He is a Managing Director of Ayala Corporation and a member of its Management Committee since 2009 and the Ayala Group Management Committee since 2010. He is the Group Head of Corporate Governance, Chief Legal Officer, Compliance Officer, Corporate Secretary and Data Protection Officer of Ayala Corporation. He is the CEO of Ayala

Group Legal. He also serves as Corporate Secretary of Globe Telecom, Inc., Manila Water Company, Inc., Integrated Micro-Electronics, Inc., Ayala Foundation, Inc. and AC Energy Philippines, Inc. He also serves as a Corporate Secretary and a member of the Board of Directors of a number of companies in the Ayala group. He is currently a member of the faculty of the College of Law of San Beda University. He graduated valedictorian with Bachelor of Laws degree from San Beda College in 1986 and placed third in the 1986 Bar Examination.

Significant Employees

The Company considers its human resources working as a team as a key element for its continued success. Moreover, the Company has no employee and non-executive officer who is expected to make individually on his own a significant contribution to the business.

Family Relationships

Fernando Zobel de Ayala, the Chairman, and Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala, the Vice Chairman, are brothers.

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings (over the past 5 years)

None of the Directors or Executive Officers is involved in any material pending legal proceedings in any court or administrative agency of the government.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Directors and Executive Officers

Directors. Article IV Section 17 of the Company's By-Laws provides:

"Section 17 – Each director of the Corporation shall be entitled to receive from the Corporation, pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors, fees and other compensation for his services as director. The Board of Directors shall have the sole authority to determine the amount, form, and structure of the fees and other compensation of directors. In no case shall the total yearly compensation of directors exceed one percent (1%) of the net income before income tax of the Corporation during the preceding year.

The compensation and remuneration committee of the Board of Directors shall have the responsibility for recommending to the Board of Directors the fees and other compensation for directors. In discharging this duty, the committee shall be guided by the objective of ensuring that the level of compensation should fairly pay directors for work required in a Company of the Corporation's size and scope." (As Amended April 13, 2011.)

During the 2011 annual stockholders' meeting, the stockholders ratified the resolution increasing the remuneration of non-executive directors as follows:

	From	<u>To</u>
Retainer Fee:	₱500,000	₱1,000,000
Board Meeting Fee per meeting attended:	₱100,000	₱200,000
Committee Meeting Fee per meeting attended:	₱20,000	₱100,000

None of the directors, in their personal capacity, has been contracted and compensated by the Company for services other than those provided as a director.

The Company has no other arrangement with regard to the remuneration of its directors and officers aside from the compensation received as herein stated.

<u>Officers.</u> The Company adopts a performance-based compensation scheme. The total annual compensation of the President and top four (4) highly compensated executives amounted to ₱235.25 million in 2018 and ₱238.72 million in 2019. The projected total annual compensation for 2020 is ₱240.86 million.

Total compensation paid to all senior personnel from Manager and up amounted to ₱1,125.52 million in 2018, ₱1,076.91 million in 2019, and ₱622.10 million in the first quarter of 2020. The projected total annual compensation for 2020 is ₱1,074.97 million.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Other Variable Pay
Bernard Vincent O. Dy*			
President & CEO			
Dante M. Abando Senior Vice President			
Anna Ma. Margarita B. Dy Senior Vice President			
Jose Emmanuel H. Jalandoni Senior Vice President			

Jaime E. Ysmael			
Senior Vice President			
CEO & Most Highly	Actual 2018	₱122.95M	₱112.30M
Compensated	Actual 2019	₱135.03M	**₱103.69M
Executive Officers	Actual 1 st Quarter 2020	₱30.10M	**₱150.30M
	Projected 2020	₱141.46M	**₱99.40M
All other officers***	Actual 2018	₱706.05M	₱419.47M
as a group unnamed	Actual 2019	₱716.49M	**₱360.42M
	Actual 1 st Quarter 2020	₱150.00M	**₱291.70M
	Projected 2020	₱750.59M	**₱324.38M
* Compensation includes full y	ear effect of CEO and market	adjustments to se	lected officers for
retention purposes.		•	
** Exclusive of Stock Option e	xercise.		
*** Managara and un			

*** Managers and up.

The total annual compensation paid to all senior personnel from Manager and up was all paid in cash.

The total annual compensation includes the basic salary and other variable pay (guaranteed bonus and performance bonus).

The Company has no other arrangement with regard to the remuneration of its existing directors and officers aside from the compensation received as herein stated.

Each executive officer executed an employment contract with the Company for an indefinite period (the terms and conditions of which are in accordance with existing laws) and is entitled to receive retirement benefits in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Company's BIR-registered Employees' Retirement Fund. There is no plan or arrangement by which the Executive Officers will receive from the Company any form of compensation in case of a change in control of the Company or change in the officers' responsibilities following such change in control.

Options Outstanding

Since 1998, the Company has offered its officers options to acquire common shares under its ESOP. There were no ESOP shares available as of end-December 2019.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF MANAGEMENT AND CERTAIN RECORD AND BENEFICIAL OWNERS

Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners of more than 5% as of March 31, 2020

Title of Class	Name, address of Record Owner and Relationship with Issuer	Name of Beneficial Owner and Relationship with Record Owner	Citizenship	No. of Shares Held	Percent (of outstanding shares)
Common	Ayala Corporation ¹	Ayala	Filipino	6,545,946,579	23.56179%
Preferred	32F to 35F, Tower One Ayala Triangle Ayala Ave., Makati City	Corporation ²		12,163,180,640	43.78072%
Common	PCD Nominee Corporation (Non- Filipino) ³ G/F MSE Bldg. Ayala Ave., Makati City	PCD participants acting for themselves or for their customers ⁴	Various Non- Filipino	5,687,462,967	20.47172%
Common	PCD Nominee Corporation (Filipino) ³ G/F MSE Bldg. Ayala Ave., Makati City	PCD participants acting for themselves or for their customers	Filipino	2,195,339,681	7.90201%

¹ Ayala Corporation ("AC") is the parent of the Company.

² Under the By-Laws of AC and the Revised Corporation Code, the ACBoard has the power to decide how AC's shares are to be voted.

³ PCD is not related to the Company.

⁴ Each beneficial owner of shares through a PCD participant is the beneficial owner to the extent of the number of shares in his account with the PCD participant. The beneficial owner, with certification of ownership of shares from the PCD Participant, has the power to vote either in person or by proxy. Out of the 7,887,037,223 common shares registered in the name of PCD Nominee Corporation, 1,566,931,890 or 5.640088% of the voting stock is for the account of Deutsche Bank Manila (DB), 1,686,996,625 or 6.072255% of the voting stock is for the account of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation (HSBC).. As advised to the Company, none of HSBC, DB or any of its customers beneficially own more than 5% of the Company's common shares.

Security Ownership of Directors and Management (Executive Officers) as of March 31, 2020

Title of Class	Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Citizenship	Percent (of total outstanding shares)
Directors				
Common	Fernando Zobel de	(direct) 183,000	Filipino	0.00124%

Title of Class	Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Citizenship	Percent (of total outstanding shares)
	Ayala			
Common	Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala	(direct) 12,000	Filipino	0.00008%
Common	Bernard Vincent O. Dy	(direct & indirect) 15,185,473	Filipino	0.10319%
Common	Antonino T. Aquino	(direct & indirect) 20,305,226	Filipino	0.13798%
Common	Arturo G. Corpuz	(direct & indirect) 5,843,711	Filipino	0.03971%
Common	Jaime C. Laya	(direct) 10,000	Filipino	0.00007%
Common	Delfin L. Lazaro	(direct) 1	Filipino	0.00000%
Common	Rizalina G. Mantaring	(direct & indirect) 43,501	Filipino	0.00030%
Common	Cesar V. Purisima	(direct) 1	Filipino	0.00000%
	Most Highly Compensat		, .	
Common	Bernard Vincent O. Dy	(direct & indirect) 15,185,473	Filipino	0.10319%
Common	Dante M. Abando	(direct & indirect) 5,104,023	Filipino	0.03468%
Common	Anna Ma. Margarita B. Dy	(indirect) 6,296,825	Filipino	0.04279%
Common	Jose Emmanuel H. Jalandoni	(direct & indirect) 6,860,562	Filipino	0.04662%
Common	Jaime E. Ysmael	(direct & indirect) 8,918,248	Filipino	0.06060%
Other Exe	cutive Officers		· · ·	
Common	Augusto D. Bengzon	(indirect) 2,843,158	Filipino	0.01932%
Common	Robert S. Lao	(indirect) 1,602,909	Filipino	0.01089%
Common	Lyle A. Abadia	(indirect) 679,441	Filipino	0.00462%
Common	Aniceto V. Bisnar, Jr.	(indirect) 1,897,786	Filipino	0.01290%
Common	Manny A. Blas II	(direct & indirect) 2,226,405	Filipino	0.01513%
Common	Dindo R. Fernando	(indirect) 940,760	Filipino	0.00639%
Common	Rufino Hermann S. Gutierrez	(indirect) 510,778	Filipino	0.00347%
Common	Javier D. Hernandez	(indirect) 395,704	Filipino	0.00269%
Common	Joseph Carmichael Z. Jugo	(indirect) 731,025	Filipino	0.00497%
Common	Michael Alexis C. Legaspi	(indirect) 4,529,406	Filipino	0.03078%
Common	Christopher B. Maglanoc	(indirect) 861,910	Filipino	0.00586%
Common	Michael F. Magpusao	(indirect) 372,077	Filipino	0.00253%
Common	Ferdie M. Mangali	(indirect) 756,859	Filipino	0.00514%
Common	Romeo T. Menpin	(direct & indirect) 524,994	Filipino	0.00357%
Common	Carol T. Mills	(indirect) 830,092	Filipino	0.00564%
Common	Rodelito J. Ocampo	(direct & indirect) 2,737,150	Filipino	0.01860%
Common	Ginaflor C. Oris	(indirect) 785,882	Filipino	0.00534%
Common	Darwin L. Salipsip	(indirect) 676,487	Filipino	0.00460%
Common	Angelica L. Salvador	(direct & indirect) 1,210,910	Filipino	0.00823%
Common	Maria Rowena Victoria M. Tomeldan	(direct & indirect) 1,238,280	Filipino	0.00841%
Common	Jennylle S. Tupaz	(indirect) 847,574	Filipino	0.00576%
Common	Eliezer C. Tanlapco	(indirect) 288,254	Filipino	0.00196%

Title of Class	Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Citizenship	Percent (of total outstanding shares)
Common	Amelia Ann T. Alipao	(indirect) 1,508,137	Filipino	0.01025%
Common	Ma. Divina Y. Lopez	(indirect) 639,776	Filipino	0.00435%
Common	Solomon M.	(direct) 480	Filipino	0.00000%
Preferred	Hermosura	(direct) 480	Гшршо	0.0000%
All Directo	ors and Officers as a	98,399,285		0.66866%
group				

None of the members of the Company's directors and management owns 2.0% or more of the outstanding capital stock of the Company.

Voting Trust Holders of 5% or More

The Company knows of no persons holding more than 5% of common shares under a voting trust or similar agreement.

Changes in Control

No change of control in the Company has occurred since the beginning of its last fiscal year.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

Related Party Transactions

The Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), in their regular conduct of business, have entered into transactions with associates and other related parties principally consisting of advances and reimbursement of expenses, purchase and sale of real estate properties, construction contracts, and development, management, underwriting, marketing, leasing and administrative service agreements. Sales and purchases of goods and services to and from related parties are made on an arm's length basis and at current market prices at the time of the transactions. Transactions that have been entered into by the Group with related parties for the years ended December 31, 2019, December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are disclosed in Note 25, Note 26 and Note 25, respectively, to Ayala Land's audited consolidated financial statements respectively, which are included in this Offer Supplement.

However, no other transaction, without proper disclosure, was undertaken by the Group in which any director or executive officer, any nominee for election as director, any beneficial owner of more than 5% of the Company's outstanding shares (direct or indirect) or any member of his immediate family was involved or had a direct or indirect material interest.

ALI employees are required to promptly disclose any business and family-related transactions with the Company to ensure that potential conflicts of interest are surfaced and brought to the attention of management.

DESCRIPTION OF DEBT

As of December 31, 2019, Ayala Land had the equivalent of ₱211.1 billion of outstanding debt, of which ₱186.7 billion are unsecured.

Of Ayala Land's outstanding debt, ₱115.6 billion is evidenced by a debt instrument that was acknowledged by both the creditor and Ayala Land before a notary public. Under Philippine law, in the event that a borrower submits to insolvency or liquidation proceedings in which the borrower's assets are liquidated, unsecured debt evidenced by a debt instrument that has been acknowledged by the creditor and the borrower before a notary public enjoys a preference over unsecured debt that has not been so notarized. Ayala Land has secured the waiver by the creditors of such preference in their respective debt instruments. (See discussion under *"Risk Factors and Other Considerations"* of this Offer Supplement).

The following tables set forth the outstanding long and short-term debt of Ayala Land and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2019 (in ₱ millions).

Short-Term Debt

Borrower	Amount
Ayala Land, Inc.	15,708.0
Avida Land, Corp.	2,324.8
Total	18,032.8

Long-Term Debt

Borrower	Current	Non-Current	Total
Ayala Land, Inc.	7,188.3	155,490.8	162,679.1
Alabang Commercial Corp.	117.3	-	117.3
Accendo Commercial Corp	650.0	-	650.0
Adauge Commercial Corporation	24.8	408.4	433.2
AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corporation	282.8	4,344.6	4,627.4
Alveo Land Corp.	2,943.7	1,551.8	4,495.5
Amaia Land Corp.	1,350.0	-	1,350.0
Avida Land Corp.	3,111.2	5,406.3	8,517.5
Cagayan de Oro Gateway Corp (CDOGC)	751.4	733.1	1,484.5
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	76.9	6,271.7	6,348.6
HLC Development Corp.	672.9	-	672.9
North Triangle Depot Commercial			
Corporation	5.0	395.0	400.0
Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc.	45.3	677.9	723.2
Regent Wise Investments Limited	3.1	1.8	4.9
Subic Bay Town Center, Inc	28.0	532.0	560.0
Total Consolidated	17,250.7	175,813.4	193,064.1

The table below details Ayala Land's Issuances of Debt Securities / New Financing through Loans as of December 31, 2019 (in ₱ millions).

Borrower	Amount	Nature
ALI	149,059.5	availment of short-term and long-term loans, and issuance of bonds
Avida	13,082.3	availment of short-term and long-term loans
CDOGC	787.0	assignment of loan
Alveo	1,083.0	availment of long-term loan
Regent Wise	1,361.1	MCT Bhd. Initial consolidation; availment of short-term loan
Total	165,372.9	·

The following sets out the repayments of Debt Securities and Loans from January 1 to December 31, 2019 (in ₱ millions):

Borrower	Amount	Nature
ALI	126,787.7	repayment of fixed rate notes, short-term loans and
		prepayment and amortization on matured long-term loans
ACC	6.8	amortization on long-term loan
Accendo	120.0	amortization on long-term loan
Adauge	24.8	amortization and prepayment of long-term loan
AHRC	878.2	amortization/assignment of long-term loans
Alveo	525.0	repayment of short-term loan and amortization on long-term loan
Amaia	37.5	amortization on long-term loan
Avida	6,252.5	repayment of short-term and amortization on long-term loans
CDOGC	838.8	amortization on long-term loans
CHI	61.0	amortization on long-term loans
HLC	179.4	amortization on long-term loan
Philenergy	45.3	amortization on long-term loan
Regent Wise	5,617.9	repayment of short-term loans and prepayment of long-term
	5,017.9	loans
TOTAL	141,374.9	

There were no commercial papers issued and outstanding during the period ended December 31, 2019.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Ayala Land has always been committed to strong and transparent corporate governance, going well beyond mere compliance with the code mandated by law. Ayala Land made several important improvements to its governance in 2004, focusing on increasing the involvement of various governance bodies, strengthening performance management, and ensuring compliance with Philippine Accounting Standards. In 2007, the Company adopted several initiatives aimed toward achieving governance excellence. These include conduct of a Self-Assessment Survey by the Board of Directors and Board Committees, development of Business Contingency Plans, adoption of risk-based audit approach and independent quality review of the Internal Audit function. Ayala Land believes that these changes will streamline its existing business models, improve execution, reduce risks, and better safeguard the collective and individual interests of its diverse set of shareholders.

Ayala Land seeks to promote and enhance compliance to good corporate governance. Ayala Land requires the observance of best practices and transparency in all of its subsidiaries, including those that are not listed on the PSE and not covered by the SEC Code of Corporate Governance.

The evaluation system which was established to measure or determine the level of compliance of the Board of Directors and top level management with its Revised Manual of Corporate Governance (the "Revised Manual") consists of a Customer Satisfaction Survey which is filled up by the various functional groups indicating the compliance rating of certain institutional units and their activities. The evaluation process also includes a Board Performance Assessment which is accomplished by the Board of Directors indicating the compliance ratings. The above is submitted to the Compliance Officer who issues the required certificate of compliance with the Revised Manual of the SEC.

To ensure good governance, the Board establishes the vision, strategic objectives, key policies, and procedures for the management of the Company, as well as the mechanism for monitoring and evaluating Management's performance. The Board also makes certain the presence and adequacy of internal control mechanisms for good governance.

There were no deviations from the Revised Manual. The Company has adopted in the Revised Manual the leading practices and principles of corporate transparency, and full compliance therewith has been made since the adoption of the Revised Manual.

The Company is taking further steps to further strengthen adherence to principles and practices of good corporate governance.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following pages set forth Ayala Land's audited consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, and its unaudited consolidated financial statements as at March 31, 2020 and 2019.

ISSUER

Ayala Land, Inc. 31st floor Tower One and Exchange Plaza, Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue, Makati City, 1226, Philippines

TRUSTEE

China Banking Corporation Trust and Asset Management Group 8th Floor, China Bank Building 8745 Paseo de Roxas corner Villar Street, Makati City

REGISTRAR AND PAYING AGENT

Philippine Depository & Trust Corp. 29th floor BDO Equitable Tower Paseo de Roxas Makati City, 1226, Philippines

LEGAL ADVISERS

To the Issuer

Co Ferrer Ang-Co & Gonzales 11th floor Atlanta Centre, 31 Annapolis St. Greenhills, San Juan, Philippines To the Joint Lead Underwriters and Bookrunners

Romulo Mabanta Buenaventura Sayoc & de los Angeles 21st floor Philamlife Tower 8767 Paseo de Roxas Makati City, 1226, Philippines

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS OF THE ISSUER

SyCip, Gorres, Velayo & Co. 6760 Ayala Avenue, Makati City, 1226, Philippines

JOINT LEAD UNDERWRITERS AND BOOKRUNNERS

BDO Capital & Investment Corporation 20th floor, South Tower, BDO Corporate Center, 7899 Makati Ave. Makati City BPI Capital Corporation 11th Floor, Ayala North Exchange (Tower 1) 6796 Ayala Avenue, cor. Salcedo St. Makati City 1226, Philippines China Bank Capital Corporation 28th floor BDO Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City, 1226, Philippines

CO-LEAD MANAGERS

PNB Capital and Investment Corporation 9th Floor, PNB Financial Center, Pres. Diosdado Macapagal Blvd., Pasay City SB Capital Investment Corporation 18th Floor, Security Bank Centre, 6776 Ayala Avenue, Makati City



STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of Ayala Land, Inc. is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements including the schedules attached therein for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the consolidated financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders.

SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co., the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders, has audited the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the stockholders, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

FERNANDO ZOBEL DE AYALA Chairman, Board of Directors

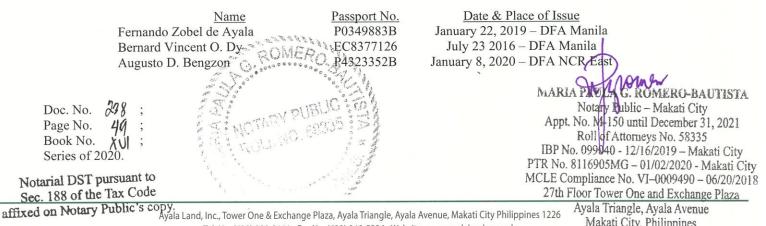
AUGUSTO D. BENGZON Chief Finance Officer

BERNARD VINCENT O. DY President & Chief Executive Officer

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this me their respective Passports, to wit:

FEB 2 0 2020 at Makati City, affiants exhibiting to

Makati City, Philippines



Tel. No. (632) 908-3111 Fax No. (632) 848-5336 Website: www.ayalaland.com.ph

COVER SHEET

for

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEC	Regi	stratio	on Nu	Imber				
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COMPANY NAME

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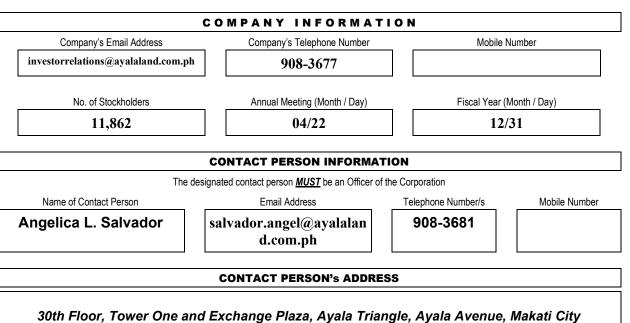
PRINCIPAL OFFICE (No. / Street / Barangay / City / Town / Province)

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Department requiring the report E S С

Secondary License Type, If Applicable



NOTE 1: In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

2: All Boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.

Ayala Land, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019 and 2018 and Years Ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017

and

Independent Auditor's Report





SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Philippines

Tel: (632) 891 0307 Fax: (632) 819 0872 ey.com/ph BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, October 4, 2018, valid until August 24, 2021 SEC Accreditation No. 0012-FR-5 (Group A), November 6, 2018, valid until November 5, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Ayala Land, Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Ayala Land, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the consolidated statements of income, consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.





Real Estate Revenue Recognition

The Group's revenue recognition process, policies and procedures are significant to our audit because these involve application of significant judgment and estimation: (1) assessment of the probability that the entity will collect the consideration from the buyer; (2) application of the output method as the measure of progress in determining real estate revenue; (3) determination of the actual costs incurred as cost of sales; and (4) recognition of cost to obtain a contract.

In evaluating whether collectability of the amount of consideration is probable, the Group considers the significance of the buyer's initial payments (buyer's equity) in relation to the total contract price. Collectability is also assessed by considering factors such as past history with buyers, age of residential and office development receivables and pricing of the property. Management regularly evaluates the historical sales cancellations and back-outs if it would still support its current threshold of buyer's equity before commencing revenue recognition.

In measuring the progress of its performance obligation over time, the Group uses the output method. This method measures progress based on physical proportion of work done on the real estate project which requires technical determination by the Group's specialists (project engineers). This is based on the monthly project accomplishment report prepared by the third party surveyor as approved by the construction manager which integrates the surveys of performance to date of the construction activities for both sub-contracted and those that are fulfilled by the Group itself.

In determining the actual costs incurred to be recognized as cost of sales, the Group estimates costs incurred on materials, labor and overhead which have not yet been billed by the contractor.

The Group identifies sales commission after contract inception as the cost of obtaining the contract. For contracts which qualified for revenue recognition, the Group capitalizes the total sales commission due to sales agent as cost to obtain contract and recognizes the related commission payable. The Group uses percentage of completion (POC) method in amortizing sales commission consistent with the Group's revenue recognition policy.

The disclosures related to real estate revenue are included in Notes 2 and 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

Audit Response

We obtained an understanding of the Group's revenue recognition process.

For the buyers' equity, we evaluated management's basis of the buyer's equity by comparing this to the historical analysis of sales collections from buyers with accumulated payments above the collection threshold.

For the application of the output method, in determining real estate revenue, we obtained an understanding of the Group's processes for determining the POC, and performed tests of the relevant controls. We obtained the certified POC reports prepared by the project engineers and assessed their competence and objectivity by reference to their qualifications, experience and reporting responsibilities. For selected projects, we conducted ocular inspections, made relevant inquiries and obtained the supporting details of POC reports showing the completion of the major activities of project construction.

For the cost of sales, we obtained an understanding of the Group's cost accumulation process and performed tests of the relevant controls. For selected projects, we traced costs accumulated, including those incurred but not yet billed costs, to supporting documents such as invoices and accomplishment reports from the contractors and official receipts.





For the recognition of cost to obtain a contract, we obtained an understanding of the sales commission process. For selected contracts, we agreed the basis for calculating the sales commission capitalized and the portion recognized in profit or loss, particularly: (a) the percentage of commission due against contracts with sales agents, (b) the total commissionable amount (i.e., net contract price) against the related contract to sell, and, (c) the POC against the POC used in recognizing the related revenue from real estate sales.

Adoption of PFRS 16, Leases

Effective January 1, 2019, the Group adopted Philippine Financial Reporting Standard (PFRS) 16, *Leases*, under the modified retrospective approach which resulted in significant changes in the Group's accounting policy for leases specifically those formerly classified as operating lease arrangements where the Group is the lessee. The Group's adoption of PFRS 16 is significant to our audit because the Group has high volume of lease agreements; the recorded amounts are material to the consolidated financial statements; and the adoption involves application of significant judgment and estimation in determining the lease term, including evaluating whether the extension option is enforceable and whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option to extend or terminate the lease, and in determining the incremental borrowing rate. The adoption resulted in the recognition of right of use assets and lease liabilities amounting to ₱14,024.6 million and ₱16,985.9 million as of January 1, 2019, respectively, and the recognition of depreciation expense and interest expense of ₱619.5 million and ₱1,066.5 million, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2019.

The disclosures in relation to the adoption of PFRS 16 are included in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

Audit Response

We obtained an understanding of the Group's process in implementing the new standard on leases, including the determination of the population of the lease contracts covered by PFRS 16, the determination of the incremental borrowing rate and lease term, the application of the short-term and low-value assets exemption, the selection of the transition approach and any election of available practical expedients.

To test the completeness of the population of the lease contracts, we obtained the list of lease agreements in prior year where rent expense have been recognized. The list was reconciled to the current year list. On a test basis, we inspected lease agreements (i.e., lease agreements existing prior to the adoption of PFRS 16 and new lease agreements), identified their contractual terms and conditions, and traced these contractual terms and conditions to the lease calculation prepared by management, which covers the calculation of the financial impact of PFRS 16, including the transition adjustments.

For selected lease contracts with renewal and/or termination option, we reviewed the enforceability of the extension and/or termination option. We also reviewed the management's assessment of whether it is reasonably certain that the Group will exercise the option to renew or not exercise the option to terminate.

We tested the parameters used in the determination of the incremental borrowing rate by reference to market data. We test computed the lease calculation prepared by management on a sample basis, including the transition adjustments.

We reviewed the disclosures related to the transition adjustments based on the requirements of PFRS 16 and PAS 8, *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors*.





Consolidation Process

The consolidated financial statements of the Group represents the consolidation of the financial statements of Ayala Land, Inc. and its various direct and indirect subsidiaries. We consider the Group's consolidation process as a key audit matter because of the complexity arising from the numerous component entities within the Group requiring layers of consolidation, voluminous intercompany transactions within the Group that require elimination, monitoring of fair value adjustments arising from business combinations, and adjustments to non-controlling interests. Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements provides the relevant information on the Group's subsidiaries.

Audit Response

We obtained an understanding of the Group's consolidation process and the Group's process for identifying related parties and related party transactions and the reconciliation of intercompany balances. We tested significant consolidation adjustments, including elimination, deferral and realization of profit or recoveries from intercompany transactions and balances, amortization/depreciation/reversal of fair value adjustments arising from business combinations, the currency translation adjustments, movements in non-controlling interests and other equity adjustments. We evaluated whether the accounting policies of the Group has been consistently applied.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2019, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2019 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.





Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.





From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Michael C. Sabado.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

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Michael C. Sabado Partner CPA Certificate No. 89336 SEC Accreditation No. 0664-AR-4 (Group A), November 11, 2019, valid until November 10, 2022 Tax Identification No. 160-302-865 BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-73-2018, February 26, 2018, valid until February 25, 2021 PTR No. 8125294, January 7, 2020, Makati City

February 20, 2020





CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Amounts in Thousands)

	D	ecember 31
		2018
		(As restated -
	2019	see Note 2)
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 29)	₽20,413,041	₽23,996,570
Short-term investments (Notes 5 and 29)	617,149	3,085,373
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		170.045
(Notes 6 and 29)	485,436	476,245
Accounts and notes receivable (Notes 2, 7 and 29)	105,039,306	126,718,877
Inventories (Note 8)	120,287,686	104,371,611
Other current assets (Note 9)	48,591,632	44,181,222
Total Current Assets	295,434,250	302,829,898
Noncurrent Assets		
Noncurrent accounts and notes receivable (Notes 2, 7 and 29)	45,563,869	38,804,937
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	4 500 470	4 405 705
(FVOCI) (Notes 10 and 29)	1,529,179	1,495,795
Investments in associates and joint ventures (Note 11)	25,317,581	23,389,752
Right-of-use assets (Note 33) Investment properties (Note 12)	13,564,472 243,043,448	- 225,005,910
Property and equipment (Note 13)	43,062,357	35,749,200
Deferred tax assets - net (Note 23)	43,002,337	13,040,993
Other noncurrent assets (Notes 2, 14 and 26)	34,880,477	28,503,997
Total Noncurrent Assets	418,489,028	365,990,584
	₽713,923,278	₽668,820,482
	,0_0,	1 000,020,102
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Short-term debt (Notes 16 and 29)	₽ 18,032,830	₽14,386,717
Accounts and other payables (Notes 2, 15 and 29)	162,979,169	171,999,422
Income tax payable	2,123,379	2,588,669
Current portion of lease liabilities (Note 33)	724,859	-
Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 16 and 29)	17,250,706	23,265,173
Deposits and other current liabilities (Notes 2 and 17)	25,472,581	28,544,546
Total Current Liabilities	226,583,524	240,784,527
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 16 and 29)	175,813,345	149,446,949
Pension liabilities (Note 26)	1,987,605	1,550,198
Lease liabilities - net of current portion (Note 33)	16,738,846	-
Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 23)	6,090,754	5,894,705
Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities (Notes 2, 18 and 29)	44,003,636	50,922,906
	204 402 440	207 011 750
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	244,634,186 471,217,710	207,814,758 448,599,285

(Forward)



	De	ecember 31
	2019	2018 (As restated - see Note 2)
Equity (Note 19) Equity attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.		
Paid-in capital Retained earnings (Note 2)	₽62,772,446 156,940,236	₽62,350,964 132,090,020
Stock options outstanding (Note 28)	42,279	65.462
Remeasurement loss on defined benefit plans (Note 26)	(337,210)	(219,782)
Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI (Note 10)	(457,358)	(454,138)
Cumulative translation adjustments	250,440	868,271
Equity reserves (Note 1)	(7,056,459)	(7,400,945)
Treasury stock	(1,104,353)	-
	211,050,021	187,299,852
Non-controlling interests (Note 19)	31,655,547	32,921,345
Total Equity	242,705,568	220,221,197
	₽713,923,278	₽668,820,482



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Amounts in Thousands, Except Earnings Per Share Figures)

	٢	ears Ended De	cember 31
	2019	2018	2017
REVENUE (Note 20)	B457 040 572	B155 054 916	B122 007 021
Real estate sales (Notes 20 and 30) Interest income from real estate sales (Notes 7 and 20)	₽ 157,848,573	₽155,954,816 7,042,078	₽133,097,831
Equity in net earnings of associates and	7,890,972	7,042,078	5,409,944
joint ventures (Notes 11 and 20)	965,787	749,924	865,566
	166,705,332	163,746,818	139,373,341
Interest and investment income (Notes 6, 21 and 25)	930,445	958,236	675,051
Other income (Notes 21 and 24)	1,157,935	1,540,717	2,248,559
	2,088,380	2,498,953	2,923,610
	168,793,712	166,245,771	142,296,951
	100,793,712	100,243,771	142,290,951
COSTS AND EXPENSES			
Cost of real estate sales (Note 22)	94,751,939	101,079,130	87,921,064
General and administrative expenses	34,731,333	101,073,130	07,321,004
(Notes 22, 26 and 28)	9,367,359	9,101,328	7,274,845
Interest and other financing charges (Note 22)	12,199,758	9,594,003	7,914,326
Other expenses (Note 22)	1,644,982	1,270,281	1,196,076
	117,964,038	121,044,742	104,306,311
	,	,•,	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	50,829,674	45,201,029	37,990,640
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX (Note 23)			
Current	12,455,010	13,390,637	11,959,895
Deferred	859,633	(1,406,197)	(2,134,914)
	13,314,643	11,984,440	9,824,981
NET INCOME	₽37,515,031	₽33,216,589	₽28,165,659
	1 07,010,001	1 00,2 10,000	1 20,100,000
Net income attributable to:			
Equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc. (Note 27)	₽33,188,399	₽29,240,880	₽25,304,965
Non-controlling interests	4,326,632	3,975,709	2,860,694
	₽37,515,031	₽33,216,589	₽28,165,659
	,	1 00,210,000	. 20, 100,000
Earnings Per Share (Note 27)			
Net income attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land,			
Inc.:			
Basic and diluted	₽2.25	₽1.98	₽1.71
	1 2.20	1 1.00	1 1.7 1

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Amounts in Thousands)

	Ye	ears Ended Dec	ember 31
	2019	2018	2017
	₽37,515,031	₽33,216,589	₽28,165,659
Other comprehensive income (loss)			
Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss in			
subsequent years:			
Cumulative translation adjustment	(617,831)	451,195	1,001,986
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in			
<i>subsequent years:</i> Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI			
(Note 10)	(3,220)	71,938	(3,064)
Remeasurement gain (loss) on pension liabilities	(3,220)	71,350	(0,004)
(Note 26)	(167,754)	(85,381)	281,290
Income tax effect	50,326	25,614	(84,387)
	(738,479)	463,366	1,195,825
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	₽36,776,552	₽33,679,955	₽29,361,484
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Equity holders of of Ayala Land, Inc.	₽32,449,920	₽29,701,637	₽26,500,790
Non-controlling interests	4,326,632	3,978,318	2,860,694
	₽36,776,552	₽33,679,955	₽29,361,484



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Amounts in Thousands)

						Attri	butable to equity	/ holders of Ay	ala Land, Inc.					
						I	Remeasurement	Fair value						
							Gain (Loss)	reserve of	0					
		Additional			Unappropriated	O (1)	on Defined	financial	Cumulative					
	Conital Stock	Paid-in Capital	Cubaculations	Retained	Retained	Stock	Benefit	assets at FVOCI	Translation	Equity	Treasury Stocks		Non- Controlling	
	Capital Stock (Note 19)	(Note 19)	Subscriptions Receivable	Earnings (Note 19)	Earnings (Note 19)	Options Outstanding	Plans (Note 26)	(Note 10)	Adjustments (Note 19)	Reserves (Note 19)	(Note 19)	Total		Total Caultur
As of January 1, 2019, as previously reported	(, ,			(Note 19) ₽124.090.020	0utstanding ₽65.462				(Interests ₽32.921.345	
Effect of adoption of PFRS 16, <i>Leases</i>	₽16,041,530	₽47,985,990	(₱1,676,556)	₽8,000,000 _	F124,090,020 (616.683)	F65,462	(₱219,782)	(₽454,138)	₽868,271	(₱7,400,945)	P-	€187,299,852 (616,683)	F32,921,345 (299,348)	-, , -
	-	-	-		1	-	-	-	-	-	-		. , ,	(916,031)
Balances at January 1, 2019, as restated	16,041,530	47,985,990	(1,676,556)	8,000,000	123,473,337	65,462	(219,782)	(454,138)	868,271	(7,400,945)	-	186,683,169	32,621,997	219,305,166
Net income	-	-	-	-	33,188,399	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,188,399	4,326,632	37,515,031
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(117,428)	(3,220)	(617,831)	-	-	(738,479)	-	(738,479)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	33,188,399	-	(117,428)	(3,220)	(617,831)	-	-	32,449,920	4,326,632	36,776,552
Cost of stock options	-	166,039	-	-	-	(23,183)	-	-	-	-	-	142,856	-	142,856
Collection of subscription receivable	-	-	255,443	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	255,443	-	255,443
Stock options exercised	10,454	446,612	(457,066)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition of treasury shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,104,353)	(1,104,353)	-	(1,104,353)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	344,486	-	344,486	(3,991,324)	(3,646,838)
Cash dividends declared	-	-	-	-	(7,721,500)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,721,500)	(1,301,758)	(9,023,258)
As of December 31, 2019	₽16,051,984	₽48,598,641	(₽1,878,179)	₽8,000,000	₽ 148,940,236	₽42,279	(₱337,210)	(₽457,358)	₽250,440	(₽7,056,459)	(₽1,104,353)	₽211,050,021	₽31,655,547	₽242,705,568
As of January 1, 2018, as previously reported	₽16,031,596	₽47.454.241	(₽1,537,126)	₽8,000,000	₽101.976.450	₽99,064	(₽160,015)	₽40,530	₽1,001,986	(₽6,152,115)	₽-	₽166.754.611	₽25.508.747	₽192.263.358
Effect of adoption of new accounting						,	(, , ,	,						
standards	-	_	-	-	358,605	-	-	(563,997)	-	-	-	(205,392)	205,392	-
Balances at January 1, 2018, as restated	16,031,596	47,454,241	(1,537,126)	8,000,000	102,335,055	99,064	(160,015)	(523,467)	1,001,986	(6,152,115)	-	166,549,219	25,714,139	192,263,358
Net income	-	_	_	_	29,240,880	-	_	-	-	-	-	29,240,880	3,975,709	33,216,589
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(59,767)	69,329	451,195	-	-	460.757	2.609	463.366
Total comprehensive income	-	-	_	-	29,240,880	-	(59,767)	69,329	451,195	-	-	29,701,637	3,978,318	33,679,955
Cost of stock options	-	132,121	-	-	-	(33,602)	_	· –	-	-	-	98,519	-	98,519
Collection of subscription receivable	_		270,132	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	270,132	-	270,132
Stock options exercised	9,934	399,628	(409,562)	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_		-	
Acquisition of control on previously held interest	-	-	(-	-	_	-	-	(584,910)	-	-	(584,910)	4.773.524	4.188.614
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,010)	(1,248,830)	-	(1,248,830)	(509,596)	(1,758,426)
Cash dividends declared	-	_	-	-	(7,485,915)	_	-	-	-	(.,,0,000)	-	(7,485,915)	(1,035,040)	(8,520,955)
As of December 31, 2018	₽16.041.530	₽47.985.990	(₽1.676.556)	₽8.000.000	₽124.090.020	₽65.462	(₽219.782)	(₽454,138)	₽868.271	(₽7.400.945)	₽-		₽32.921.345	
	. 10,011,000	,000,000	(1 1,010,000)	10,000,000	. 121,000,020	1 00,102	(1 210,102)	(1 10 1, 100)	1 000,211	(. 1,100,010)	F	01,200,002	. 52,021,040	,,,01



			_			Attributa	ble to equity h	olders of Ayala La	nd, Inc.				
	Capital Stock (Note 19)	Additional Paid-in Capital (Note 19)	Subscriptions Receivable	Appropriated Retained Earnings (Note 19)	Unappropriated Retained Earnings (Note 19)	F Stock Options Outstanding	Remeasurement Gain (Loss) on Defined Benefit Plans (Note 26)	Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI (Note 10)	Cumulative Translation Adjustments (Note 19)	Equity Reserves (Note 19)	Total	Non-Controlling Interests	Total Equity
As of January 1, 2017	₽16,019,331	₽46,928,521	(₽1,385,682)	₽8,000,000	₽83,798,555	₽89,697	(₽356,918)	₽43,594	₽-	(₽5,432,003)	₽147,705,095	₽24,978,092	₽172,683,187
Net income	-	-	-	-	25,304,965	-	-	-	-	-	25,304,965	2,860,694	28,165,659
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	196,903	(3,064)	1,001,986	-	1,195,825	-	1,195,825
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	25,304,965	-	196,903	(3,064)	1,001,986	-	26,500,790	2,860,694	29,361,484
Cost of stock options	-	144,478	-	-	-	9,367	-	-	-	-	153,845	-	153,845
Collection of subscription receivable	-	-	242,063	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	242,063	-	242,063
Stock options exercised	12,265	381,242	(393,507)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition of non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(586,010)	(586,010)	(1,247,563)	(1,833,573)
Increase in non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(134,102)	(134,102)	408,138	274,036
Net change in non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(387,883)	(387,883)
Cash dividends declared	-	-	-	-	(7,127,070)	-	-	-	-	-	(7,127,070)	(1,102,731)	(8,229,801)
As of December 31, 2017	₽16,031,596	₽47,454,241	(₽1,537,126)	₽8,000,000	₽101,976,450	₽99,064	(₽160,015)	₽40,530	₽1,001,986	(₽6,152,115)	₽166,754,611	₽25,508,747	₽192,263,358



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Amounts in Thousands)

Years Ended December 31 2019 2018 2017 CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income before income tax ₽50,829,674 ₽45,201,029 ₽37,990,640 Adjustments for: Interest and other financing charges (Note 22) 12,199,758 9,594,003 7,914,326 Depreciation and amortization (Notes 12, 13, 14, 22 and 33) 9,058,710 6,318,929 5,179,792 Dividends received from investees (Note 11) 386.241 331.461 621.579 Provision for impairment losses (Note 22) 568.775 146.974 572.001 Cost of share-based payments (Note 28) 142,856 98.519 153.845 Unrealized gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 21) 1,965 (4,633)(13, 119)Realized gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 21) (15,860)Gain on sale of available-for-sale investments (25,713)Gain on sale of investment in associates and jointly controlled entities (588)(40,870) (69, 566)Gain on sale of property and equipment (Note 21) (46.570)Gain on business combination (Note 21) (59, 475)Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures (Note 11) (965,787) (749, 924)(865, 566)Interest income (8,780,320)(7,952,628)(5,987,681)Operating income before changes in working capital 63,401,002 52,877,097 45,454,678 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in: Accounts and notes receivable - trade 14.849.682 (83, 557, 042)(10,671,714)Inventories (Note 8) (5,315,783)12.136.508 11,551,710 Other current assets (Note 9) (4, 520, 502)3,629,678 (7,952,463)Increase (decrease) in: Accounts and other payables 25,998,377 (15,725,408)(7,008,035)Deposits and other current liabilities (Note 17) (3,071,965)15,430,961 6,155,797 (45,240) Pension liabilities (Note 26) 319,979 233,734 Cash generated from operations 49,937,005 26,470,339 37,763,707 Interest received 8,768,302 7,940,610 5,963,687 Income tax paid (11,683,232)(12, 832, 593)(11,899,324)Interest paid (11,009,836)(9,810,439)(7, 594, 485)11,767,917 Net cash provided by operating activities 36,012,239 24,233,585 **CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES** Proceeds from: Sale/redemption of short-term investments 2,490,543 2,519,341 126,605 Sale/redemption of financial assets at FVTPL 3,408,555 765,763 71,690 Sale of investments in FVOCI (Note 10) 56,858 51,384 159,074 Disposal of property and equipment (Note 13) 124,832 622,957 3,744,743 Disposal of investment properties (Note 12) 3,669,275 1,722,933 165 Disposal of investments in associates and jointly controlled entities 83,957 196,654

(Forward)



	Years Ended December 31		
	2019	2018	2017
Additions to:			
Short-term investments	(₽22,293)	(₱865,006)	(₽4,658,694)
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(776,919)	(2,696)	(1,955,642)
Financial assets at FVOCI (Note 10)	(93,463)	-	(226,494)
Investments in associates and joint ventures (Note 11)	(1,529,688)	(3,724,958)	(1,073,319)
Investment properties (Note 12)	(29,215,224)	(32,803,016)	(30,846,466)
Property and equipment (Note 13)	(10,519,576)	(2,842,787)	(2,326,115)
Net decrease (increase) in:			
Accounts and notes receivable - nontrade (Note 7)	(564,222)	41,657,193	(718,287)
Other noncurrent assets (Note 14)	(6,957,950)	(7,906,689)	3,384,920
Net decrease in cash from business combination (Note 24)	-	(4,684,335)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(42,572,063)	(2,978,246)	(33,906,087)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from short and long-term debt (Note 16)	165,401,684	128,994,834	157,564,449
Payments of short and long-term debt (Note 16)	(140,675,538)	(119,970,061)	(142,980,030)
Payments of principal portion of lease liability (Note 33)	(1,179,645)		
Increase (decrease) in deposits and other noncurrent			
liabilities	(6,241,773)	(5,584,237)	5,217,509
Acquisition of non-controlling interest (Note 19)	(3,646,838)	(1,758,426)	(1,559,537)
Proceeds from capital stock subscriptions (Note 19)	255,443	270,132	242,063
Acquisition of treasury shares (Note 19)	(1,104,353)	-	-
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(1,301,758)	(1,035,040)	(1,102,731)
Dividends paid to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.			
(Note 19)	(7,754,047)	(7,181,498)	(7,193,183)
Decrease in non-controlling interests	-	-	(387,883)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	3,753,175	(6,264,296)	9,800,657
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND			
CASH EQUIVALENTS	(2,806,649)	2,525,375	128,155
EFFECT OF CHANGES IN FOREIGN CURRENCY	(776,880)	473,106	(34,396)
	(···-,··••	(,-,-,-,
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	23,996,570	20,998,089	20,904,330
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END			
OF YEAR (Note 4)	₽20,413,041	₽23,996,570	₽20,998,089
	, ,	, , -	, ,

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.



AYALA LAND, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

Ayala Land, Inc. (the Parent Company or ALI) is domiciled and was incorporated on June 30, 1988 in the Republic of the Philippines with corporate life of fifty years. The Parent Company's parent is Ayala Corporation (AC). AC is a publicly listed company which is 47.33%-owned by Mermac, Inc. and the rest by the public as of December 31, 2019. The Parent Company's registered office and principal place of business is 31st Floor, Tower One and Exchange Plaza, Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue, Makati City.

The Parent Company and its Subsidiaries (the Group) are incorporated to hold, develop, manage, administer, sell, convey, encumber, purchase, acquire, rent or otherwise deal in and dispose of, for itself or for others, residential including, but not limited to, all kinds of housing projects, commercial, industrial, urban or other kinds of real property; to acquire, purchase, hold, manage, develop and sell subdivision lots, with or without buildings or improvements; to erect, construct, alter, manage, operate, lease, in whole or in part, buildings and tenements of the Group or of other persons; and to engage or act as real estate broker. The Group is also involved in hotels and resorts operations.

The consolidated financial statements of Ayala Land, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019 were endorsed for approval by the Audit Committee on February 11, 2020 and were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors (BOD) on February 20, 2020.

December 31 2019* 2018* Real Estate: Alveo Land Corporation (Alveo) 100% 100% Serendra, Inc. 39 39 Solinea, Inc. (Solinea) 65 65 BGSouth Properties, Inc. (BGS) 50 50 Portico Land Corp. (Portico) 60 60 Serendra, Inc. 28 28 Amorsedia Development Corporation (ADC) 100 100 OLC Development Corporation and Subsidiary 100 100 HLC Development Corporation 100 100 Allysonia International Ltd. 100 100 Avida Land Corporation (Avida) 100 100 Buklod Bahayan Realty and Development Corp. 100 100 Avida Sales Corp. and Subsidiaries 100 100 Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc. 100 100 Avencosouth Corp. (Avencosouth) 70 70 BGNorth Properties, Inc. (BGN) 50 50 Amaia Land Co. (Amaia) 100 100 Amaia Southern Properties, Inc. (ASPI) 65 65 AyalaLand Premier, Inc. 100 100 Ayala Land International Sales, Inc. (ALISI) 100 100 Ayala Land International Marketing, Inc. (AIMI) 100 100 Ayala Land International (Singapore) Pte. Ltd 100 100 100 Ayala Land International Marketing (Hong Kong) Ltd 100 Ayala Land International Marketing, SRL (ALIM SRL) 100 100

The consolidated financial statements represent the consolidation of the financial statements of the Parent Company and the following domestic and foreign subsidiaries:

(Forward)



	December 31	
—	2019*	2018*
Ayala Land International Marketing London	100%	100%
Ayala Land Sales, Inc.	100	100
Southportal Properties, Inc. (Southportal)	65	65
Buendia Landholdings, Inc.	100	100
Crans Montana Holdings, Inc.	100	100
Crimson Field Enterprises, Inc.	100	100
Ecoholdings Company, Inc. (ECI)	100	100
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation (NBCC)	100	100
Red Creek Properties, Inc.	100	100
Regent Time International, Limited (Regent Time) (British Virgin Islands)	100	100
North Eastern Commercial Corp. (NECC)	100	100
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp. (Westview)	100	100
North Ventures Commercial Corporation	100	100
Hillsford Property Corporation (Hillsford)	100	100
Primavera Towncentre, Inc. (PTI)	100	100
Summerhill E-Office Corporation (Summerhill)	100	100
Sunnyfield E-Office Corporation (Sunnyfield)	100	100
Subic Bay Town Centre, Inc. (SBTCI)	100	100
Regent Wise Investments Limited (Regent Wise)	100	100
(Hongkong company)	100	100
AyalaLand Real Estate Investments Inc. (Canada)	100	100
AyalaLand Advisory Broadway Inc. (Canada)	100	100
AyalaLand Development (Canada) Inc.	100	100
AyalaLand OpenAsia Holdings PTE, Ltd (Singapore)	100	100
Blue Horizons Holdings PTE, Ltd (Singapore)	100	100
MCT, Bhd. (MCT) (Malaysia)	66	66
AyalaLand Commercial REIT, Inc. (ALCRI)	100	100
Arvo Commercial Corporation (Arvo)	100	100
BellaVita Land Corporation (BellaVita)	100	100
Nuevo Centro, Inc. (Nuevo Centro)	54	54
Alviera Country Club, Inc. (Alviera)	50	50
Cavite Commercial Town Center, Inc. (CCTCI)	100	100
AREIT, Inc. (formerly One Dela Rosa Property		
Development, Inc.)	90	90
AyalaLand Offices, Inc. (ALO)	100	100
First Gateway Real Estate Corp.	100	100
Glensworth Development, Inc. (Glensworth)	100	100
UP North Property Holdings, Inc.	100	100
AREIT, Inc. (formerly One Dela Rosa Property		1.5
Development, Inc.)	10	10
ALO Prime Realty Corporation	100	100
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp. (MCLC)	100	100
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	100	100
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	100	100
Bay City Commercial Venture Corp. (BCCVC)	100	100
Laguna Technopark, Inc. (LTI) and Subsidiary	-	20
Aurora Properties Incorporated	81	81
Soltea Commercial Corp.	16 79	16
Vesta Property Holdings, Inc. (VPHI)	78	70
Altaraza Prime Realty Corporation (Altaraza)	100	100
Prow Holdings, Inc. Station Square East Commercial Corporation (SSECC)	55 69	55 69
	03	09

(Forward)



	December 31	
-	2019*	2018*
Next Urban Alliance Development Corp.	100%	100%
Accendo Commercial Corp. (Accendo)	67	67
Avencosouth Corp.	20	20
Aviana Development Corporation	7	7
Aviana Development Corporation	50	50
Cagayan de Oro Gateway Corp. (CDOGC)	70	70
Ceci Realty, Inc. (Ceci)	60	60
Soltea Commercial Corp.	12	12
Soltea Commercial Corp.	60	60
CMPI Holdings, Inc.	60	60
CMPI Land, Inc.	36	36
ALI-CII Development Corporation (ALI-CII)	50	50
Roxas Land Corporation (RLC)	50	50
Adauge Commercial Corporation (Adauge)	60	60
AyalaLand Estates, Inc	100	100
Ayalaland MetroNorth, Inc. (AMNI)	100	100
Verde Golf Development Corp.	100	100
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corporation (NTDCC)	73	73
BGWest Properties, Inc. (BGW)	50	50
Lagdigan Land Corp. (Lagdigan)	60	60
Central Block Developers, Inc. (CBDI)	45	45
Cebu Holdings, Inc. (CHI)	71	70
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	71	70
CBP Theatre Management Inc.	71	70
Taft Punta Engaño Property Inc. (TPEPI)	39	39
Cebu Insular Hotel Company, Inc. (CIHCI)	26	26
Solinea, Inc.	25	25
Amaia Southern Properties, Inc. (ASPI)	25	25
Southportal Properties, Inc. (Southportal)	25	25
Central Block Developers, Inc. (CBDI)	39	39
Alabang Commercial Corporation (ACC)	50	50
South Innovative Theater Management (SITMI)	50	50
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	100	100
AMC Japan Concepts, Inc.	75	75
AyalaLand Logistics Holdings Corp. (ALLHC) (formerly Prime Orion Philippines, Inc.)	71	67
Orion Solutions, Inc.	71	70
Orion I Holdings Philippines, Inc.	71	70
OE Holdings, Inc.	71	70
Orion Land, Inc.	71	70
Lepanto Ceramics, Inc.	71	70
Laguna Technopark, Inc. and Subsidiary	68	50
Unity Realty & Development Corp. (URDC)	71	-
FLT Prime Insurance Corporation	56	55
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	100	100
Ayalaland Malls, Inc. (formerly Solerte, Inc.)	100	100
Ayalaland Malls Vismin, Inc.	100	100
Ayalaland Malls NorthEast, Inc.	100	100
-		

(Forward)



	December 31	
	2019*	2018
Construction:		100
Makati Development Corporation (MDC)	100%	1009
MDC Subic, Inc.	100	100
MDC Build Plus, Inc.	100	100
MDC Conqrete, Inc. (MCI)	100	100
MDC Equipment Solutions, Inc. (MESI)	100	100
MDBI Construction Corp.	67	67
Hotels and Resorts:		
Ayala Hotels, Inc. (AHI)	50	50
AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corporation (AHRC)		
and Subsidiaries	100	100
ALI Makati Hotel & Residences, Inc.	80	80
ALI Makati Hotel Property, Inc.	80	80
Regent Horizons Conservation Company, Inc.	100	100
Enjay Hotels, Inc. (Enjay)	100	100
Greenhaven Property Venture, Inc. (GPVI)	100	100
Cebu Insular Hotel Company, Inc. (CIHCI)	63	63
Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Southcrest Hotel Ventures, Inc.	67	67
Northgate Hotel Ventures, Inc.	70	70
North Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Sentera Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	100	100
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Capitol Central Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Arca South Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	100	100
Bay Area Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc. (MNHVI)	100	100
One Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc. (OMHVI)	100	100
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. (SITE Corp.)	100	100
Asiatown Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
One Makati Residential Ventures, Inc.	100	100
ALI Makati Hotels & Residences, Inc.	20	20
ALI Makati Hotel Property, Inc.	20	20
Ten Knots Phils., Inc. (TKPI)	60	60
Bacuit Bay Development Corporation	60	60
Lio Resort Ventures, Inc.	60	60
North Liberty Resort Ventures, Inc.	60	60
Paragua Eco-Resort Ventures, Inc.	60	60
Lio Tourism Estate Management Corporation	60	60
Ten Knots Development, Corp. (TKDC)	60	60
Chirica Resorts Corp.	60	60
Kingfisher Capital Resources Corp.	60	60
	60	60
Pangulasian Island Resort Corporation	00	00
Property Management:	100	100
Ayala Property Management Corporation (APMC)	100	100
Prime Support Services, Inc.	100	100
Ayala Theatres Management, Inc. (ATMI) and Subsidiaries	100	100
DirectPower Services, Inc. (DirectPower) Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc. (PhilEnergy)	100 100	100 100
		100



Decembe	r 31
2019*	2018*
100%	100%
50	50
100	100
100	100
100	100
100	100
100	100
100	100
100	100
-	100
100	-
100	100
100	100
100	100
73	73
76	76
	2019* 100% 50 100 100 100 100 100 100 100

The above companies are domiciled in the Philippines except for the foreign entities which are domiciled and incorporated in the country as mentioned above.

AC owns the other 50.0% of AHI. The Parent Company exercises control over AHI. Likewise, the Parent Company, through its 50.0% effective ownership and by virtue of a management contract or shareholders' agreement, exercises control over the operations and management of ACC, BGWest, BGNorth, BGSouth, RLC, ALI-CII and LAIP. Accordingly, the accounts of AHI, ACC, BGWest, BGNorth, BGSouth, RLC, ALI-CII and LAIP are consolidated to the accounts of the Parent Company (see Note 3).

The following were the changes in the group structure during 2019:

On April 30, 2018, ALI and ALLHC executed a Deed of Exchange where ALI will subscribe to 1,225,370,620 common shares of ALLHC for an aggregate subscription price of ₱3.0 billion in exchange for 30,186 common shares of LTI. The subscription and exchange shall be subject to and deemed effective only upon the issuance by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) of the confirmation of valuation of the shares. The SEC issued its approval on February 28, 2019. This increased ALI's ownership in ALLHC to 69.5%.

On February 4, 2019, The Executive Committee of ALI approved the purchase of a 20% equity interest owned by Mitsubishi Corporation in LTI, equivalent to 8,051 common shares, with a total value of ₱800.0 million. Subsequently on June 10, 2019, ALI exchanged the 20% equity interest in LTI for additional shares of stock in ALLHC, equivalent to 323,886,640 common shares for a consideration of ₱800.0 million, subject to conditions to be fulfilled by ALLHC. This resulted to an increase in ALI's ownership to 70.36%

On May 10, 2019, Prime Orion Philippines, Inc. changed its corporate name to Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. (ALLHC).

On July 19, 2019, ALLHC purchased 100% of common shares of URDC, which owns a property in Mabalacat Pampanga, a prime location for a new industrial park development with an area of 192 hectares. ALI owns 69.17% of ALLHC.



On September 9, 2019, OLI sold through a special block sale, 215,090,031 common shares of ALLHC to Avida Land Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of ALI, for a total consideration of ₱628.1 million. Subsequently, these shares were acquired by ALI through a special block sale for a total consideration of ₱628.1 million. This resulted to increasing ALI's effective ownership in ALLHC to 71.46%.

On April 17, 2019 ALI acquired additional 14,913,200 common shares of CHI through open market purchases using the trading facilities of the Philippine Stock Exchange totaling ₱88.7 million resulting in ALI's increase in ownership from 70.4% to 71.1%.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared using the historical cost basis, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) that have been measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso (P), which is also the Parent Company's functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (P000), except when otherwise indicated.

The consolidated financial statements provide comparative information in respect of the previous period.

Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs), which include the availment of the relief granted by the SEC under Memorandum Circular Nos. 14-2018 and 3-2019 as of 2018 for the following implementation issues of PFRS 15 affecting the real estate industry:

- a. Exclusion of land in the determination of percentage of completion (POC) discussed in PIC Q&A No. 2018-12-E
- b. Accounting for significant financing component discussed in PIC Q&A No. 2018-12-D
- c. Accounting to Common Usage Service Area (CUSA) Charges discussed in PIC Q&A No. 2018-12-H
- d. Adoption of PIC Q&A No. 2018-14: PFRS 15 Accounting for Cancellation of Real Estate Sales

PFRSs include Philippine Financial Reporting Standards, Philippine Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Philippine Interpretations Committee (PIC).

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019.

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect that return through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee),
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.



When the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included or excluded in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control or until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Parent Company, using consistent accounting policies. All intra-group balances, transactions, unrealized gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated in full. Non-controlling interests pertain to the equity in a subsidiary not attributable, directly or indirectly to the Parent Company. Any equity instruments issued by a subsidiary that are not owned by the Parent Company are non-controlling interests including preferred shares and options under share-based transactions. The portion of profit or loss and net assets in subsidiaries not wholly-owned are presented separately in the consolidated statement of income, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of financial position, separately from the Parent Company's equity. Non-controlling interests are net of any outstanding subscription receivable.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- Derecognizes the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity.
- Recognizes the fair value of the consideration received, the fair value of any investment retained and any surplus or deficit in profit or loss.
- Reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognized in other comprehensive income to profit or loss or retained earnings, as appropriate.

Reclassifications

On September 27, 2019, the Philippine Interpretations Committee (PIC) issued a letter to the various organizations in the real estate industry to clarify certain issues in relation to the PFRS 15 Implementation Issues and other accounting issues affecting real estate industry. The letter includes the clarification on the conclusion of PIC Q&A 2018-12D Step 3 on the recording of contract asset for the difference between the consideration received from the customer and the transferred goods or services to a customer. In the letter, the PIC would allow for the meantime, the recording of the difference between the consideration received from the customer and the transferred goods or services to a customer as either a contract asset or unbilled receivable. If presented as contract asset, the disclosures required under PFRS 15 should be complied with. Otherwise, the disclosures required under PFRS 9 should be followed.

As a result, the Group elected to record in 2019 the difference between the consideration received from the customer and the transferred goods or services to a customer as installment contracts receivable which differs from the 2018 presentation where the difference was recognized as a contract asset.



Accordingly, the affected assets and liabilities accounts as of December 31, 2018 have been reclassified to conform with the 2019 presentation of accounts. Details as follow:

	As previously reported December 31, 2018	Declassification	As adjusted December 31,
	2018	Reclassification	2018
Current assets		(In Thousands)	
Accounts and notes receivable (Note 7)	₽78,245,866	₽48,473,011	₽126,718,877
Contract assets	48,473,011	(48,473,011)	-
Noncurrent assets			
Noncurrent accounts and notes receivable (Note 7)	3,367,890	35,437,047	38,804,937
Noncurrent contract assets	35,437,047	(35,437,047)	-
Current liabilities			
Deposits and other current liabilities (Note 17)	6,669,865	21,874,681	28,544,546
Contract liabilities	21,874,681	(21,874,681)	-
Noncurrent liabilities			
Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities (Note 18)	42,292,671	8,630,235	50,922,906
Contract liabilities - net of current portion	8,630,235	(8,630,235)	-
	₽244,991,266	₽-	₽244,991,266

As the restatements have no significant impact on the Group's total assets, total liabilities and total equity as of January 1, 2018, management believes that the presentation of the consolidated statements of financial position as at beginning of the earliest period presented is not necessary.

The reclassification did not impact the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Adoption of New and Amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the adoption of the following new accounting pronouncements which became effective January 1, 2019.

• Amendments to PFRS 9, Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation Under PFRS 9, a debt instrument can be measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, provided that the contractual cash flows are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding' (the SPPI criterion) and the instrument is held within the appropriate business model for that classification. The amendments to PFRS 9 clarify that a financial asset passes the SPPI criterion regardless of the event or circumstance that causes the early termination of the contract and irrespective of which party pays or receives reasonable compensation for the early termination of the contract. The amendments should be applied retrospectively and are effective from January 1, 2019, with earlier application permitted.

These amendments have no impact to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

• PFRS 16, Leases

PFRS 16 supersedes PAS 17, *Leases*, Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 4, *Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease*, Philippine Interpretation SIC-15, *Operating Leases-Incentives* and Philippine Interpretation SIC-27, *Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease*. The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to recognize most leases on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Lessor accounting under PFRS 16 is substantially unchanged from today's accounting under PAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify all leases using the same classification principle as in PAS 17 and distinguish between two types of leases: operating and finance leases. PFRS 16 did not have an impact for leases where the Group is the lessor. Unlike lessors, the Group as lessee is required to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities.



As lessee, the Group adopted PFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach upon adoption of PFRS 16 in 2019 and elected to apply the standard to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying PAS 17 and Philippine Interpretation IFRIC-4. Under the modified retrospective approach, the Group recognized right-of-use asset based on its carrying amount as if PFRS 16 had always been applied while the lease liability is recognized at date of adoption, January 1, 2019. The difference between the right-of-use asset and lease liability is recognized in the beginning Retained Earnings as at January 1, 2019.

The Group has lease contracts for various items of property and equipment. Before the adoption of PFRS 16, the Group classified each of its leases (as lessee) at the inception date as either a finance lease or an operating lease. Refer to the accounting policy for leases prior to January 1, 2019.

Except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets, upon adoption of PFRS 16, the Group applied a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases. Refer to the accounting policy for leases prior to January 1, 2019. The standard provides specific transition requirements and practical expedients, which has been applied by the Group.

Leases previously accounted for as operating leases

Except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets, the Group recognized right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for those leases previously classified as operating leases. The right-of-use assets for all leases were recognized based on the carrying amount as if the standard had always been applied, apart from the use of incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application. Lease liabilities were recognized based on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application.

The Group also applied the available practical expedients wherein it:

- Used a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics
- Applied the short-term leases exemptions to leases with lease term that ends within 12 months of the date of initial application,
- Excluded the initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application,
- Used hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

Based on the above, as at January 1, 2019:

- Right-of -use assets of ₱14,024.6 million were recognized and presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.
- Lease liabilities of ₱16,985.9 million were recognized.
- Other current assets of ₱110.1 million related to previous operating leases arising from straight lining under PAS 17 were derecognized.
- Leasehold rights under other noncurrent assets of ₱397.8 million was derecognized.
- Construction in progress under investment properties of ₽888.8 million was recognized.
- Accrued payables under accounts and other payables and deposits and other noncurrent liabilities of ₱275.9 million and ₱1,001.1 million, respectively, related to previous operating leases arising from straight lining under PAS 17 were derecognized.
- Deferred tax assets and liabilities increased by ₱3,319.7 million and ₱2,932.4 million, respectively, because of the deferred tax impact of the changes in assets and liabilities.
- The net effect of these adjustments had been adjusted to retained earnings (*P616.7 million*) and noncontrolling interest (*P299.3 million*).



In a tabular format, the effect of adoption PFRS 16 as at January 1, 2019 follows (in thousands):

	Increase
	(decrease)
Assets	
Right-of-use assets	₽14,024,594
Other current assets	(110,092)
Other noncurrent assets	(397,778)
Investment properties	888,774
Deferred tax assets	3,319,705
	₽17,725,203
Liabilities	
Lease liabilities	₽16,985,922
Accounts and other payables	(275,942)
Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities	(1,001,146)
Deferred tax liabilities	2,932,400
	18,641,234
Equity	
Retained earnings	(616,683)
Non-controlling interests	(299,348)
	(916,031)
	₽17,725,203

The lease liability as at January 1, 2019 as can be reconciled to the operating lease commitments as of December 31, 2018 as follows:

Operating lease commitments as at December 31, 2018 (Note 33)	₽43,158,571
Weighted average incremental borrowing rate at January 1, 2019	8.68%
Lease liabilities recognized at January 1, 2019	₽16,985,922

- Amendments to PAS 19, *Employee Benefits, Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement* The amendments to PAS 19 address the accounting when a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement occurs during a reporting period. The amendments specify that when a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement occurs during the annual reporting period, an entity is required to:
 - Determine current service cost for the remainder of the period after the plan amendment, curtailment or settlement, using the actuarial assumptions used to remeasure the net defined benefit liability (asset) reflecting the benefits offered under the plan and the plan assets after that event.
 - Determine net interest for the remainder of the period after the plan amendment, curtailment or settlement using: the net defined benefit liability (asset) reflecting the benefits offered under the plan and the plan assets after that event; and the discount rate used to remeasure that net defined benefit liability (asset).

The amendments also clarify that an entity first determines any past service cost, or a gain or loss on settlement, without considering the effect of the asset ceiling. This amount is recognized in profit or loss. An entity then determines the effect of the asset ceiling after the plan amendment, curtailment or settlement. Any change in that effect, excluding amounts included in the net interest, is recognized in other comprehensive income.



The amendments apply to plan amendments, curtailments, or settlements occurring on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period that begins on or after January 1, 2019, with early application permitted. These amendments will apply only to any future plan amendments, curtailments, or settlements of the Group.

Amendments to PAS 28, Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures

The amendments clarify that an entity applies PFRS 9 to long-term interests in an associate or joint venture to which the equity method is not applied but that, in substance, form part of the net investment in the associate or joint venture (long-term interests). This clarification is relevant because it implies that the expected credit loss model in PFRS 9 applies to such long-term interests.

The amendments also clarified that, in applying PFRS 9, an entity does not take account of any losses of the associate or joint venture, or any impairment losses on the net investment, recognized as adjustments to the net investment in the associate or joint venture that arise from applying PAS 28, *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures.*

The amendments should be applied retrospectively and are effective from January 1, 2019, with early application permitted.

Since the Group does not have such long-term interests in its associate and joint venture, the amendments will not have an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Philippine Interpretation IFRIC-23, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

The interpretation addresses the accounting for income taxes when tax treatments involve uncertainty that affects the application of PAS 12 and does not apply to taxes or levies outside the scope of PAS 12, nor does it specifically include requirements relating to interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax treatments.

The interpretation specifically addresses the following:

- Whether an entity considers uncertain tax treatments separately
- The assumptions an entity makes about the examination of tax treatments by taxation authorities
- How an entity determines taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates
- How an entity considers changes in facts and circumstances

The entity is required to determine whether to consider each uncertain tax treatment separately or together with one or more other uncertain tax treatments and use the approach that better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty. The entity shall assume that the taxation authority will examine amounts that it has a right to examine and have full knowledge of all related information when making those examinations. If an entity concludes that it is not probable that the taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment, it shall reflect the effect of the uncertainty for each uncertain tax treatment using the method the entity expects to better predict the resolution of the uncertainty.

The Philippine Interpretation did not have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.



- Annual Improvements to PFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle
 - Amendments to PFRS 3, Business Combinations, and PFRS 11, Joint Arrangements, Previously Held Interest in a Joint Operation

The amendments clarify that, when an entity obtains control of a business that is a joint operation, it applies the requirements for a business combination achieved in stages, including remeasuring previously held interests in the assets and liabilities of the joint operation at fair value. In doing so, the acquirer remeasures its entire previously held interest in the joint operation.

A party that participates in, but does not have joint control of, a joint operation might obtain joint control of the joint operation in which the activity of the joint operation constitutes a business as defined in PFRS 3. The amendments clarify that the previously held interests in that joint operation are not remeasured.

An entity applies those amendments to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and to transactions in which it obtains joint control on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with early application permitted.

These amendments are currently not applicable to the Group but may apply to future transactions.

• Amendments to PAS 12, Income Tax Consequences of Payments on Financial Instruments Classified as Equity

The amendments clarify that the income tax consequences of dividends are linked more directly to past transactions or events that generated distributable profits than to distributions to owners. Therefore, an entity recognizes the income tax consequences of dividends in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity according to where the entity originally recognized those past transactions or events.

An entity applies those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with early application is permitted.

These amendments are not relevant to the Group because dividends declared by the Group do not give rise to tax obligations under the current tax laws.

Amendments to PAS 23, Borrowing Costs, Borrowing Costs Eligible for Capitalization

The amendments clarify that an entity treats as part of general borrowings any borrowing originally made to develop a qualifying asset when substantially all of the activities necessary to prepare that asset for its intended use or sale are complete.

An entity applies those amendments to borrowing costs incurred on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies those amendments. An entity applies those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with early application permitted.

Upon adoption, the Group does not expect any effect on its consolidated financial statements.

• IFRIC Agenda Decision on Over Time Transfer of Constructed Goods (PAS 23)

In March 2019, the Interpretations Committee of the IASB issued IFRIC Update summarizing the decisions reached by the Committee in its public meetings. The March 2019 IFRIC Update includes the Committee's Agenda Decision on the capitalization of borrowing cost on over time transfer of constructed goods. The IFRIC Agenda Decision clarified whether



borrowing costs may be capitalized in relation to the construction of a residential multi-unit real estate development (building) which are sold to customers prior to start of construction or completion of the development. Under the March 2019 IFRIC Update, the Committee clarified that the related assets that might be recognized in the Group's financial statements (i.e., installment contract receivable, contract asset, or inventory) will not qualify as a qualifying asset and the corresponding borrowing cost may no longer capitalized.

The Group does not expect any effect on its consolidated financial statements as they are already aligned with the provisions of PAS 23.

Standards Issued but not yet Effective

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Group does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements. The Group intends to adopt the following pronouncements when they become effective.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2020

• Amendments to PFRS 3, Definition of a Business

The amendments to PFRS 3 clarify the minimum requirements to be a business, remove the assessment of a market participant's ability to replace missing elements, and narrow the definition of outputs. The amendments also add guidance to assess whether an acquired process is substantive and add illustrative examples. An optional fair value concentration test is introduced which permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business.

An entity applies those amendments prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020, with earlier application permitted.

These amendments will apply on future business combinations of the Group.

• Amendments to PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, and PAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, Definition of Material

The amendments refine the definition of material in PAS 1 and align the definitions used across PFRSs and other pronouncements. They are intended to improve the understanding of the existing requirements rather than to significantly impact an entity's materiality judgments.

An entity applies those amendments prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020, with earlier application permitted.

These amendments are not expected to have a significant impact on the Group.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2021

• PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

PFRS 17 is a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. Once effective, PFRS 17 will replace PFRS 4, *Insurance Contracts*. This new standard on insurance contracts applies to all types of insurance contracts (i.e., life, non-life, direct insurance and re-insurance), regardless of the type of entities that issue them, as well as to certain guarantees and financial instruments with discretionary participation features. A few scope exceptions will apply.

The overall objective of PFRS 17 is to provide an accounting model for insurance contracts that is more useful and consistent for insurers. In contrast to the requirements in PFRS 4, which are largely based on grandfathering previous local accounting policies, PFRS 17 provides a



comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects. The core of PFRS 17 is the general model, supplemented by:

- A specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (the variable fee approach)
- A simplified approach (the premium allocation approach) mainly for short-duration contracts PFRS 17 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2021, with comparative figures required. Early application is permitted.

The new standard is not applicable to the Group since none of the entities within the Group have activities that are predominantly connected with insurance or issue insurance contracts.

Deferred Effectivity

Amendments to PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution
of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture
The amendments address the conflict between PFRS 10 and PAS 28 in dealing with the loss of
control of a subsidiary that is sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture. The
amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transfer to an associate or joint
venture involves a business as defined in PFRS 3. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or
contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognized only to the
extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

On January 13, 2016, the Financial Reporting Standards Council deferred the original effective date of January 1, 2016 of the said amendments until the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) completes its broader review of the research project on equity accounting that may result in the simplification of accounting for such transactions and of other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

The Group is currently assessing the impact of adopting these amendments.

Current and Noncurrent Classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in consolidated statement of financial position based on current/noncurrent classification. An asset is current when:

- (a) Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- (b) Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (c) Expected to be realized within 12 months after reporting date; or
- (d) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after reporting date.

All other assets are classified as noncurrent.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within 12 months after reporting date; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after reporting date.

The Group classifies all other liabilities as noncurrent.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent assets and liabilities, respectively.



Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as investment properties. Involvement of external valuers is decided upon annually by corporate finance after discussion with and approval by the Parent Company's audit committee. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained.

The Group, in conjunction with the external valuers, also compares each of the changes in the fair value of each asset with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and in banks. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with original maturities of three (3) months or less from dates of placement and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.



Financial Instruments - initial recognition and subsequent measurement effective January 1, 2018

Financial Instruments

Date of recognition

The Group recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the consolidated statement of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognized on the settlement date.

a. Financial assets

Initial recognition of financial instruments

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. The Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables, except for residential, commercial and office development receivables, are measured at the transaction price determined under PFRS 15. Refer to the accounting policies on Revenue from contracts with customers.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at amortized cost

This category is the most relevant to the Group. The Group measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized, modified or impaired.

The Group's financial assets at amortized cost includes cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and accounts and notes receivables.



Financial assets at fair value through OCI (debt instruments)

The Group measures debt instruments at fair value through OCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

For debt instruments at fair value through OCI, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognized in the consolidated statement of income and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortized cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognized in OCI. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognized in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

The Group does not have debt instruments at fair value through OCI.

Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI (equity instruments)

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI when they meet the definition of equity under PAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation* and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognized as other income in the consolidated statement of income when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

The Group's financial assets at fair value through OCI includes investments in quoted and unquoted equity instruments.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

This category includes investment in Unit Investment Trust Fund (UITF), investment in ARCH Capital Asian Partners L.P. (ARCH Capital Fund) and investment in bonds as held for trading and classified these as financial assets at FVPL.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

• The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or



The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an
obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a
'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks
and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all
the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Group recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix for trade receivables and a vintage analysis for residential, commercial and office development receivables that is based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other financial assets such as accrued receivable, receivable from related parties and advances to other companies, ECLs are recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments, the Group applies the low credit risk simplification. The probability of default and loss given defaults are publicly available and are considered to be low credit risk investments. It is the Group's policy to measure ECLs on such instruments on a 12-month basis. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. The Group uses the ratings from Standard and Poor's (S&P), Moody's and Fitch to determine whether the debt instrument has significantly increased in credit risk and to estimate ECLs.

The Group considers a debt investment security to have low credit risk when its credit risk rating is equivalent to the globally understood definition of 'investment grade'.

The key inputs in the model include the Group's definition of default and historical data of three years for the origination, maturity date and default date. The Group considers trade receivables in default when contractual payment are 90 days past due, except for certain circumstances when the reason for being past due is due to reconciliation with customers of payment records which are administrative in nature which may extend the definition of default to 90 days and beyond. However, in certain



cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group.

Determining the stage for impairment

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk for financial assets since initial recognition by comparing the risk of default occurring over the expected life between the reporting date and the date of initial recognition. The Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort for this purpose. This includes quantitative and qualitative information and forward-looking analysis.

The Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 90 days past due.

An exposure will migrate through the ECL stages as asset quality deteriorates. If, in a subsequent period, asset quality improves and also reverses any previously assessed significant increase in credit risk since origination, then the loss allowance measurement reverts from lifetime ECL to 12-months ECL.

b. Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include "Accounts and other payables" (other than "Taxes payable" which is covered by another accounting standard), "Short-term and long-term debts" and "Lease liabilities".

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by PFRS 9. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in PFRS 9 are satisfied. The Group has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Group. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.



Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

This category generally applies to short term and long term debt.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

c. Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position, if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

<u>Financial Instruments – initial recognition and subsequent measurement prior to January 1, 2018</u> <u>Financial Instruments</u>

Date of recognition

The Group recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the consolidated statement of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognized on the settlement date.

Initial recognition of financial instruments

All financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value. Except for financial assets and financial liabilities at FVPL, the initial measurement of financial instruments includes transaction costs. The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: financial assets at FVPL, held-to-maturity (HTM) investments, AFS financial assets and loans and receivables. The Group classifies its financial liabilities into financial liabilities at FVPL and other financial liabilities. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired or liabilities incurred and whether they are quoted in an active market. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and, where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates such designation at every reporting date.

"Day 1" difference

Where the transaction price in a non-active market is different from the fair value from other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Group recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" difference) in the consolidated statement of income under "Interest and investment income" and "Interest and other financing charges" accounts unless it qualifies for recognizion as some other type of asset or liability. In cases where fair value is determined using data which is not observable, the difference between the transaction price and model value is only recognized in the consolidated statement of income when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Group determines the appropriate method of recognizing the 'Day 1' difference amount.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVPL

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVPL include financial assets and financial liabilities held for trading and financial assets and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at FVPL.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling and repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded



derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments or a financial guarantee contract. Fair value gains or losses on investments held for trading, net of interest income accrued on these assets, are recognized in the consolidated statement of income under "Other income" or "Other charges".

Financial assets may be designated at initial recognition as FVPL if any of the following criteria are met:

- The designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or liabilities or recognizing gains or losses on them on a different basis; or
- The assets are part of a group of financial assets which are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy; or
- The financial instrument contains an embedded derivative that would need to be separately recorded.

As of December 31, 2017, the Group holds its investment in Unit Investment Trust Fund (UITF) and investment in ARCH Capital Asian Partners L.P. (ARCH Capital Fund) as held for trading and classified these as financial assets at FVPL. Management takes the view that these are held for trading and such portfolios are managed by professional managers.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that are not quoted in an active market. They are not entered into with the intention of immediate or short-term resale and are not designated as AFS financial assets or financial assets at FVPL. This accounting policy relates to the consolidated statement of financial position captions "Short-term investments" and "Accounts and notes receivable".

After initial measurement, loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are integral parts of the effective interest rate. The amortization is included in the "Interest income from real estate sales" in the consolidated statement of income. The losses arising from impairment of such loans and receivables are recognized in the consolidated statement of income under the "Other expenses" account. Loans and receivables are included in current assets if maturity is within 12 months from the reporting date, otherwise these are classified as noncurrent assets.

AFS financial assets

AFS financial assets are those which are designated as such or do not qualify to be classified or designated as at FVPL, HTM, or loans and receivables.

Financial assets may be designated at initial recognition as AFS if they are purchased and held indefinitely, and may be sold in response to liquidity requirements or changes in market conditions.

After initial measurement, AFS financial assets are measured at fair value. The unrealized gains and losses arising from the fair valuation of AFS financial assets are excluded from reported earnings and are reported as "Net unrealized gain on available-for-sale financial assets" in the equity section of the consolidated statement of financial position.

When the security is disposed of, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in equity is recognized in the consolidated statement of income under "Other income" account or "Other charges" account. Where the Group holds more than one investment in the same security, these are deemed to be disposed on a weighted average basis. The losses arising from impairment of such investments are recognized in the consolidated statement of income under the "Other charges" account.



When the fair value of the AFS financial assets cannot be measured reliably because of lack of reliable estimation of future cash flows and discount rates necessary to calculate the fair value of computed equity instruments, these investments are carried at cost less allowance for impairment losses. AFS financial assets are classified as noncurrent assets unless the intention is to dispose such assets within 12 months from reporting date.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of financial assets) is derecognized when:

- a. the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- b. the Group retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; or
- c. the Group has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset and either: (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred the control of the asset.

Where the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a 'pass-through' arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor has transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Financial liability

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability has expired, or is discharged or is cancelled. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the borrower or a group of borrowers is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization and where observable data indicate that there is measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Loans and receivables

For loans and receivables carried at amortized cost, the Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses for impairment. Those characteristics are relevant to the estimation of future cash flows for groups of such assets by being indicative of the debtors' ability to pay all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the assets being evaluated. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be recognized, are not included in a collective assessment for impairment.



If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred). The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of loss is charged to the consolidated statement of income under "Other charges" account.

Interest income continues to be recognized based on the original effective interest rate of the asst. Receivable, together with the associated allowance accounts, are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realized. If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of income, to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortized cost at the reversal date.

For the purpose of a collective evaluation of impairment, financial assets are grouped on the basis of such credit risk characteristics such as customer type, payment history, past-due status and term.

Future cash flows in a group of financial assets that are collectively evaluated for impairment are estimated on the basis of historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to those in the group. Historical loss experience is adjusted on the basis of current observable data to reflect the effects of current conditions that did not affect the period on which the historical loss experience is based and to remove the effects of conditions in the historical period that do not exist currently. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating future cash flows are reviewed regularly by the Group to reduce any difference between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

Financial asset carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, or on a derivative asset that is linked to and must be settled by delivery of such an unquoted equity instrument has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset.

AFS financial assets

For AFS financial assets, the Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

In the case of equity investments classified as AFS financial assets, this would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the investments below its cost or where other objective evidence of impairment exists. The determination of what is 'significant' or 'prolonged' requires judgment. The Group treats 'significant' generally as 20% or more and 'prolonged' as greater than six (6) months for quoted equity securities. The Group evaluates other factors, including normal volatility in share price for quoted equities and the future cash flows and the discount factors for unquoted equities (see Note 10). Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized in the consolidated statement of income - is removed from equity and recognized in the consolidated statement of income in the "Other charges" account. Impairment losses on equity investments are not reversed through the consolidated statement of income. Increases in fair value after impairment are recognized directly in equity through the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

In the case of debt instruments classified as AFS financial assets, impairment is assessed based on the same criteria as financial assets carried at amortized cost. Future interest income is based on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount future cash flows for the purpose of measuring impairment loss and is recorded as part of "Interest and investment income" account in the consolidated statement of income. If, in subsequent year, the fair value of a



debt instrument increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized in the consolidated statement of income, the impairment loss is reversed through the consolidated statement of income.

Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position, if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deposits

Deposits are measured initially at fair value. After initial recognition, deposits are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

The difference between the cash received and its fair value is deferred and amortized using the straight-line method under the "Real estate revenue" account in the consolidated statement of income.

Concession Receivable

The Group accounts for its concession arrangement with the DOTr under the Financial Asset model as it has an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or other financial asset for its construction services from or at the direction of the grantor. Under the concession arrangement, the Group is awarded the right to build and operate an integrated transport terminal for Metro Manila and its adjacent provinces. The legal title to these assets shall be transferred to the government at the end of the concession period.

The "Concession Financial Receivable" pertains to the fair value of the Annual Grantor Payment related to the operating and maintenance services and recovery of construction costs of the terminal facility. These are amortized using the effective interest rate over the life of the related concession.

In addition, the Group recognizes and measures construction revenues and costs in accordance with 'percentage of completion method'. Contract revenue and costs from construction works are recognized as "Construction Revenue" and "Construction Costs" in profit or loss in the period in which the work is performed.

Inventories

Property acquired or being constructed for sale in the ordinary course of business, rather than to be held for rental or capital appreciation, is held as inventory and is measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV).

Cost includes:

- Land cost
- Land improvement cost
- Amounts paid to contractors for construction and development
- Planning and design costs, costs of site preparation, professional fees, property transfer taxes, construction overheads and other related costs.

NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of the business, based on market prices at the reporting date, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs of sale.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses are carried at cost less the amortized portion. These typically comprise prepayments for commissions, marketing fees, advertising and promotions, taxes and licenses, and insurance.



Input Value-Added Tax (VAT)

Input VAT arises from the purchase of goods and services. These are applied against output VAT. The remaining balance is recoverable in future periods. These are carried at cost less allowance for impairment loss, if any. Impairment loss is recognized when input VAT can no longer be recovered.

Deposits in Escrow

Deposits in escrow pertain to the proceeds from the sale of the Group's projects that have only been granted temporary License to Sell (LTS) as of reporting date. These proceeds are deposited in a local bank and earn interest at prevailing bank deposit rates.

Materials, Parts and Supplies

Materials, parts and supplies are valued at the lower of cost or NRV. Cost is determined using the moving average method. NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

An allowance for inventory losses is provided for slow-moving, obsolete and defective materials, parts and supplies based on management's physical inspection and evaluation. When inventories are sold, the cost and related allowance is removed from the account and the difference is charged against operations.

<u>Advances to Other Companies and Advances to Contractors and Suppliers</u> Advances to other companies and advances to contractors and suppliers are carried at cost less impairment losses, if any.

Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

Investments in associates and joint ventures (investee companies) are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. A joint arrangement is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control, and a joint venture is a joint arrangement that involves the establishment of a separate entity in which each venturer has an interest.

An investment is accounted for using the equity method from the day it becomes an associate or joint venture. On acquisition of investment, the excess of the cost of investment over the investor's share in the net fair value of the investee's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities is accounted for as goodwill and included in the carrying amount of the investment and not amortized. Any excess of the investor's share of the net fair value of the investee's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of the investment is excluded from the carrying amount of the investment, and is instead included as income in the determination of the share in the earnings of the investees.

Under the equity method, the investments in the investee companies are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Group's share in the net assets of the investee companies, less any impairment in values. The consolidated statement of income reflects the share of the results of the operations of the investee companies. The Group's share of post-acquisition movements in the investee's equity reserves is recognized directly in equity. Profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the investee companies are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the investee companies and for unrealized losses to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment of the asset transferred. Dividends received are treated as a reduction of the carrying value of the investment.

The Group discontinues applying the equity method when their investments in investee companies are reduced to zero. Accordingly, additional losses are not recognized unless the Group has guaranteed certain obligations of the investee companies. When the investee companies subsequently report net income, the Group will resume applying the equity method but only after its share of that net income equals the share of net losses not recognized during the period the equity method was suspended.



The reporting dates of the investee companies and the Group are identical and the investee companies' accounting policies conform to those used by the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognizes any retaining investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retaining investment and proceeds from disposal is recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Interest in Joint Operation

Makati Development Corporation (MDC), a subsidiary of the Parent Company, has an interest in joint arrangement, whereby the parties have a contractual arrangement that establishes joint control. MDC recognizes its share of jointly held assets, liabilities, income and expenses of the joint operation with similar items, line by line, in its financial statements.

The financial statements of the joint operation are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. Adjustments are made where necessary to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

Investment Properties

Investment properties comprise completed property and property under construction or redevelopment that are held to earn rentals or capital appreciation or both and that are not occupied by the companies in the Group.

The Group uses the cost model in measuring investment properties since this represents the historical value of the properties subsequent to initial recognition. Investment properties, except for land, are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization and any impairment in residual value. Land is carried at cost less any impairment in value.

Expenditures incurred after the investment property has been put in operation, such as repairs and maintenance costs, are normally charged against income in the period in which the costs are incurred.

Constructions-in-progress are carried at cost (including borrowing cost) and transferred to the related investment property account when the construction and related activities to prepare the property for its intended use are complete, and the property is ready for occupation.

Depreciation of investment properties are computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The estimated useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the period and method of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of investment properties.

The estimated useful lives of investment properties which is comprised of buildings, ranges from 20-40 years.

Investment properties are derecognized when either they have been disposed of, or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss on the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognized in the consolidated statement of income in the year of retirement or disposal.

A transfer is made to investment property when there is a change in use, evidenced by ending of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or ending of construction or development. A transfer is made from investment property when and only when there is a change in use, evidenced by commencement of owner-occupation or commencement of development with a view to sale. A transfer between investment property, owner-occupied property and inventory does not change the carrying amount of the property transferred nor does it change the cost of that property for measurement or disclosure purposes.



The Group discloses the fair values of its investment properties in accordance with PAS 40. The Group engages independent valuation specialist to assess the fair values as at December 31, 2019 and 2018. The Group's investment properties consist of land and building pertaining to land properties, retail (malls) and office properties. These were valued by reference to market-based evidence using comparable prices adjusted for specific market factors such as nature, location and condition of the property.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, except for land, are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization and any impairment in value. Land is carried at cost less any impairment in value. The initial cost of property and equipment comprises its construction cost or purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use, including borrowing costs.

Major repairs are capitalized as part of property and equipment only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the items can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged against current operations as incurred.

Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment commences once the property and equipment are available for use and are computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the property and equipment as follows:

	Years
Buildings and improvements	20-40
Machinery and construction equipment	5
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3-10
Transportation equipment	3-5
Hotel property and equipment	20-50

The assets' residual values, estimated useful lives and depreciation and amortization method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the amounts, periods and method of depreciation and amortization are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property and equipment.

When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and the related accumulated depreciation and amortization and accumulated provision for impairment losses, if any, are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is credited to or charged against current operations.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is its fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in the consolidated statement of income in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

Leasehold rights with finite lives are amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of 20 to 23 years and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortization expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognized in the consolidated statement of income in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible assets.



Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the consolidated statement of income when the asset is derecognized.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018 intangible asset pertaining to leasehold right is included under "Other noncurrent assets".

Business Combinations and Goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. For each business combination, the acquirer measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree at fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition costs incurred are expensed and included in administrative expenses.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability will be recognized in accordance with PFRS 9 (effective January 1, 2018) either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it should not be remeasured until it is finally settled within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognized for non-controlling interest over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If this consideration is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognized in profit or loss as bargain purchase gain. The Group reassesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure amounts to be recognized at the acquisition date.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

If the initial accounting for a business combination can be determined only provisionally by the end of the period in which the combination is effected because either the fair values to be assigned to the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities or contingent liabilities or the cost of the combination can be determined only provisionally, the acquirer shall account for the combination using those provisional values. The acquirer shall recognize any adjustments to those provisional values as a result of completing the initial accounting within twelve months of the acquisition date as follows: (i) the carrying amount of the identifiable asset, liability or contingent liability that is recognized or adjusted



as a result of completing the initial accounting shall be calculated as if its fair value at the acquisition date had been recognized from that date; (ii) goodwill or any gain recognized shall be adjusted by an amount equal to the adjustment to the fair value at the acquisition date of the identifiable asset, liability or contingent liability being recognized or adjusted; and (iii) comparative information presented for the period before the initial accounting for the combination is complete shall be presented as if the initial accounting has been completed from the acquisition date.

Combinations of entities under common control

Business combinations of entities under common control are accounted for using the pooling of interests method. The pooling of interests method is generally considered to involve the following:

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected in the consolidated financial statements at their carrying amounts. No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize any new assets or liabilities, at the date of the combination. The only adjustments that are made are those adjustments to harmonize accounting policies.
- No new goodwill is recognized as a result of the combination. The only goodwill that is
 recognized is any existing goodwill relating to either of the combining entities. Any difference
 between the consideration paid or transferred and the equity acquired is reflected within equity.
- The consolidated statement of income reflects the results of the combining entities for the full year, irrespective of when the combination took place.
- Comparatives are presented as if the entities had always been combined.

The effects of intercompany transactions on current assets, current liabilities, revenues, and cost of sales for the current period presented and on retained earnings at the beginning of the current period presented are eliminated to the extent possible.

Asset Acquisitions

If the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in an acquisition transaction do not constitute a business as defined under PFRS 3, the transaction is accounted for as an asset acquisition. The Group identifies and recognizes the individual identifiable assets acquired (including those assets that meet the definition of, and recognition criteria for, intangible assets) and liabilities assumed. The acquisition cost is allocated to the individual identifiable assets and liabilities on the basis of their relative fair values at the date of purchase. Such transaction or event does not give rise to goodwill. Where the Group acquires a controlling interest in an entity that is not a business, but obtains less than 100% of the entity, after it has allocated the cost to the individual assets acquired, it notionally grosses up those assets and recognizes the difference as non-controlling interests.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired (e.g. investments in associates and joint ventures, investment properties, property and equipment and right-of-use assets). If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Impairment losses of continuing operations are recognized in the consolidated statement of income in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. If such is



the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the consolidated statement of income unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase. After such reversal, the depreciation and amortization charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

The following criteria are also applied in assessing impairment of specific assets:

Investments in associates and joint ventures

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognize any additional impairment loss with respect to the Group's net investment in the investee companies. The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in associates or joint ventures is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as being the difference between the recoverable amount and the carrying value of the investee company and recognizes the difference in the consolidated statement of income.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Group expects a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pretax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Pension Cost

Pension cost is actuarially determined using the projected unit credit method. This method reflects services rendered by employees up to the date of valuation and incorporates assumptions concerning employees' projected salaries. Actuarial valuations are conducted with sufficient regularity, with option to accelerate when significant changes to underlying assumptions occur. Pension cost includes: a) service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, b) gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements, and c) net interest cost on benefit obligation.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains or losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding net interest cost and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), are recognized immediately in the consolidated statement of financial position with a corresponding debit or credit to OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

The liability recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date less fair value of the plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by using risk-free interest rates of long-term government bonds that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related pension liabilities or applying a single weighted average discount rate that reflects the estimated timing and amount of benefit payments.



Share-based Payments

The Group has equity-settled, share-based compensation plans with its employees.

PFRS 2 Options

For options granted after November 7, 2002 that have not vested on or before January 1, 2005, the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date on which they are granted. The fair value is determined using the Black-Scholes model, further details of which are given in Note 28.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognized, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award (vesting date). The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instrument that will ultimately vest. The income or expense for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is conditional upon a market condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum, an expense is recognized as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognized for any increase in the value of the transaction as a result of the modification, as measured at the date of modification. Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognized for the award is recognized immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

Pre-PFRS 2 Options

For options granted before November 7, 2002 that has vested before January 1, 2005, the intrinsic value of stock options determined as of grant date is recognized as expense over the vesting period.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share (see Note 28).

Employee Stock Ownership Plan

The Parent Company has an employee stock ownership plan (ESOWN) which allows the grantees to purchase the Parent Company's shares. The Parent Company recognizes stock compensation expense over the holding period. The Parent Company treats its ESOWN plan as option exercisable within a given period. These are accounted for similar to the PFRS 2 options. Dividends paid on the awards that have vested are deducted from equity and those paid on awards that are unvested are charged to profit or loss. For the unsubscribed shares where the employees still have the option to subscribe in the future, these are accounted for as options.

Equity

When the shares are sold at a premium, the difference between the proceeds and the par value is credited to "Additional paid-in capital" account. Direct costs incurred related to equity issuance are chargeable to "Additional paid-in capital" account. If additional paid-in capital is not sufficient, the excess is charged against retained earnings. When the Group issues more than one class of stock, a separate account is maintained for each class of stock and the number of shares issued. Subscriptions receivable pertains to the uncollected portion of the subscribed shares.

Retained earnings represent accumulated earnings of the Group less dividends declared.



Equity reserves pertain to the excess of the cost of business combinations over the net carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities of the acquired companies.

Own equity instruments which are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognized at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in the profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Parent Company's own equity instruments. Any difference between the carrying amount and the consideration, if reissued, is recognized in additional paid-in capital. Voting rights related to treasury shares are nullified for the Group and no dividends are allocated to them respectively. When the shares are retired, the capital stock account is reduced by its par value and the excess of cost over par value upon retirement is debited to additional paid-in capital when the shares were issued and to retained earnings for the remaining balance.

Revenue Recognition effective January 1, 2018

Revenue from Contract with Customers

The Group primarily derives its real estate revenue from the sale of vertical and horizontal real estate projects. Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Group has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements, except for the provisioning of water, electricity, airconditioning and common use service area in its mall retail spaces, wherein it is acting as agent.

The disclosures of significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions relating to revenue from contracts with customers are provided in Note 3.

Real estate sales

The Group derives its real estate revenue from sale of lots, house and lot and condominium units. Revenue from the sale of these real estate projects under pre-completion stage are recognized over time during the construction period (or percentage of completion) since based on the terms and conditions of its contract with the buyers, the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

In measuring the progress of its performance obligation over time, the Group uses the output method. The Group recognizes revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value to customers of the goods or services transferred to date, relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract. Progress is measured using survey of performance completed to date. This is based on the monthly project accomplishment report prepared by the third party surveyor as approved by the construction manager which integrates the surveys of performance to date of the construction activities for both sub-contracted and those that are fulfilled by the developer itself.

Any excess of progress of work over the right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional, is recognized as trade receivables under residential and office development receivables account. Any excess of collections over the total of recognized trade receivables is included in the "customer's deposit" account in the liabilities section of the consolidated statement of financial position. The impact of the significant financing component on the transaction price has not been considered since the Group availed the relief granted by the SEC under Memorandum Circular Nos. 14-2018 as of 2018 for the implementation issues of PFRS 15 affecting the real estate industry.

Cost recognition

The Group recognizes costs relating to satisfied performance obligations as these are incurred taking into consideration the contract fulfillment assets such as connection fees. These include costs of land, land development costs, building costs, professional fees, depreciation, permits and licenses and capitalized borrowing costs. These costs are allocated to the saleable area, with the portion allocable to the sold area being recognized as costs of sales while the portion allocable to the unsold area being recognized as part of real estate inventories.



Contract costs include all direct materials and labor costs and those indirect costs related to contract performance. Expected losses on contracts are recognized immediately when it is probable that the total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue. Changes in contract performance, contract conditions and estimated profitability, including those arising from contract penalty provisions, and final contract settlements which may result in revisions to estimated costs and gross margins are recognized in the year in which the changes are determined.

Marketing fees, management fees from administration and property management are recognized when services are rendered.

Hotel and resorts revenue

The Group recognizes room accommodation services over time since the guest simultaneously receives and consumes the services provided by the Group. The Group considers whether there are other promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated. Revenue from banquets and other special events are recognized when the events take place.

Cost of hotel operations

Cost of hotel operations pertains to expenses incurred in relation to sale of goods and rendering of services. These are recognized when a decrease in future economic benefits related to a decrease in an asset or an increase of a liability has arisen than can be measured reliably. These are recognized when incurred and measured at the amount paid or payable.

Construction revenue and cost

Revenue from fixed price construction contracts are recognized overtime using the milestone-based revenue recognition which is in reference to the output method. The output method is determined based on the start and completion of a task of the contract work inclusive of uninstalled goods and materials delivered to the site.

Contract costs include all direct materials and labor costs and those indirect costs related to contract performance. Expected losses on contracts are recognized immediately when it is probable that the total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue. Changes in contract performance, contract conditions and estimated profitability, including those arising from contract penalty provisions, and final contract settlements which may result in revisions to estimated costs and gross margins are recognized in the year in which the changes are determined.

Interest income is recognized as it accrues using the effective interest method.

Dividend income is recognized when the Group's right to receive the payment is established.

Customers' deposit

Customers' deposit is a contract liability which is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Group transfers goods or services to the customer, a customers' deposit is recognized when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Customers' deposit are recognized as revenue when the Group performs under the contract.

Customers' deposit also include payments received by the Group from the customers for which revenue recognition has not yet commenced.

Costs to obtain contract

The incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer are recognized as an asset if the Group expects to recover them. The Group has determined that commissions paid to brokers and marketing agents on the sale of pre-completed real estate units are deferred when recovery is reasonably expected and are charged to expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognized as



earned. Commission expense is included in the "Real estate costs and expenses" account in the consolidated statement of income.

Costs incurred prior to obtaining contract with customer are not capitalized but are expensed as incurred.

Amortization, de-recognition and impairment of capitalized costs to obtain a contract The Group amortizes capitalized costs to obtain a contract to cost of sales over the expected construction period using percentage of completion following the pattern of real estate revenue recognition. The amortization is included within cost of sales.

A capitalized cost to obtain a contract is derecognized either when it is disposed of or when no further economic benefits are expected to flow from its use or disposal.

At each reporting date, the Group determines whether there is an indication that cost to obtain a contract maybe impaired. If such indication exists, the Group makes an estimate by comparing the carrying amount of the assets to the remaining amount of consideration that the Group expects to receive less the costs that relate to providing services under the relevant contract. In determining the estimated amount of consideration, the Group uses the same principles as it does to determine the contract transaction price, except that any constraints used to reduce the transaction price will be removed for the impairment test.

Where the relevant costs or specific performance obligations are demonstrating marginal profitability or other indicators of impairment, judgement is required in ascertaining whether or not the future economic benefits from these contracts are sufficient to recover these assets. In performing this impairment assessment, management is required to make an assessment of the costs to complete the contract. The ability to accurately forecast such costs involves estimates around cost savings to be achieved over time, anticipated profitability of the contract, as well as future performance against any contract-specific performance indicators that could trigger variable consideration, or service credits. Where a contract is anticipated to make a loss, these judgements are also relevant in determining whether or not an onerous contract provision is required and how this is to be measured.

Rental income

Rental income under noncancellable and cancellable leases on investment properties is recognized in the consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis over the lease term and the terms of the lease, respectively, or based on a certain percentage of the gross revenue of the tenants, as provided under the terms of the lease contract.

Revenue Recognition prior to January 1, 2018

Revenue and Cost Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured.

For real estate sales, the Group assesses whether it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group when the sales prices are collectible. Collectibility of the sales price is demonstrated by the buyer's commitment to pay, which in turn is supported by substantial initial and continuing investments that give the buyer a stake in the property sufficient that the risk of loss through default motivates the buyer to honor its obligation to the seller. Collectibility is also assessed by considering factors such as the credit standing of the buyer, age and location of the property.

Revenue from sales of completed real estate projects is accounted for using the full accrual method. In accordance with PIC Q&A 2006-01, the percentage-of-completion method is used to recognize income from sales of projects where the Group has material obligations under the sales contract to complete the project after the property is sold, the equitable interest has been transferred to the buyer, construction is beyond preliminary stage (i.e., engineering, design work, construction contracts execution, site clearance and preparation, excavation and the building foundation are finished), and



the costs incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably. Under this method, revenue is recognized as the related obligations are fulfilled, measured principally on the basis of the physical proportion of contract work. The percentage of completion is determined by the Group's project engineers.

Any excess of collections over the recognized receivables are included in the "Deposits and other current liabilities" account in the liabilities section of the consolidated statement of financial position.

If any of the criteria under the full accrual or percentage-of-completion method is not met, the deposit method is applied until all the conditions for recording a sale are met. Pending recognition of sale, cash received from buyers are presented under the "Deposits and other current liabilities" account in the liabilities section of the consolidated statement of financial position.

Cost of real estate sales is recognized consistent with the revenue recognition method applied and is determined with reference to the specific, including estimated costs, on the property allocated to sold area. Cost of residential and commercial lots and units sold before the completion of the development is determined on the basis of the acquisition cost of the land plus its full development costs, which include estimated costs for future development works, as determined by the Group's inhouse technical staff.

Estimated development costs include direct land development, shared development cost, building cost, external development cost, professional fees, post construction, contingency, miscellaneous and socialized housing. Miscellaneous costs include payments such as permits and licenses, business permits, development charges and claims from third parties which are attributable to the project. Contingency includes fund reserved for unforeseen expenses and/ or cost adjustments. Revisions in estimated development costs brought about by increases in projected costs in excess of the original budgeted amounts are considered as special budget appropriations that are approved by management and are made to form part of total project costs on a prospective basis and allocated between costs of sales and real estate inventories.

Revenue from construction contracts included in the "Real estate" account in the consolidated statement of income is recognized using the percentage-of-completion method, based on the completion of a physical proportion of the contract work inclusive of the uninstalled goods and materials delivered to the site.

Contract costs include all direct materials and labor costs and those indirect costs related to contract performance. Expected losses on contracts are recognized immediately when it is probable that the total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue. Changes in contract performance, contract conditions and estimated profitability, including those arising from contract penalty provisions, and final contract settlements which may result in revisions to estimated costs and gross margins are recognized in the year in which the changes are determined.

Rental income under noncancellable and cancellable leases on investment properties is recognized in the consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis over the lease term and the terms of the lease, respectively, or based on a certain percentage of the gross revenue of the tenants, as provided under the terms of the lease contract.

Marketing fees, management fees from administration and property management are recognized when services are rendered.

Rooms revenue from hotel and resort operations is recognized when the services are rendered.

Revenue from banquets and other special events are recognized when the events take place.

Interest income is recognized as it accrues using the effective interest method.

Dividend income is recognized when the Group's right to receive the payment is established.



Commissions

Commissions paid to sales or marketing agents on the sale of pre-completed real estate units are deferred when recovery is reasonably expected and are charged to expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognized as earned. Accordingly, when the percentage of completion method is used, commissions are likewise charged to expense in the period the related revenue is recognized. Commission expense is included in the "Real estate costs and expenses" account in the consolidated statement of income.

Expense Recognition

Expenses are recognized in the consolidated statement of income when decrease in future economic benefit related to a decrease in an asset or an increase in a liability has arisen that can be measured reliably.

Expenses are recognized in the consolidated statement of income:

- On the basis of a direct association between the costs incurred and the earning of specific items of income;
- On the basis of systematic and rational allocation procedures when economic benefits are expected to arise over several accounting periods and the association can only be broadly or indirectly determined; or
- Immediately when expenditure produces no future economic benefits or when, and to the extent that, future economic benefits do not qualify or cease to qualify, for recognition in the consolidated statement of financial position as an asset.

Direct operating expenses and general and administrative expenses are recognized as they are incurred.

Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets (included in "Investment properties" and "Property and equipment" accounts in the consolidated statement of financial position). All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

The interest capitalized is calculated using the Group's weighted average cost of borrowings after adjusting for borrowings associated with specific developments. Where borrowings are associated with specific developments, the amounts capitalized is the gross interest incurred on those borrowings less any investment income arising on their temporary investment. Interest is capitalized from the commencement of the development work until the date of practical completion. The capitalization of borrowing costs is suspended if there are prolonged periods when development activity is interrupted. If the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recorded.

Leases effective January 1, 2019

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

Except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets, the Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

i) Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any



accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received and estimate of cost to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

	Years
Building	20-40
Aircraft	10
Others	5

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. Refer to the accounting policies in Impairment of nonfinancial assets section.

ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

iii) Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of office space (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Group as a lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income is accounted on a straightline basis over the lease term and is included in revenue in the consolidated statement of income due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are earned.



Leases prior to January 1, 2019

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains, a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date whether the fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets or the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset. A reassessment is made after inception of the lease only if one of the following applies:

- (a) There is a change in contractual terms, other than a renewal or extension of the arrangement;
- (b) A renewal option is exercised or extension granted, unless the term of the renewal or extension was initially included in the lease term;
- (c) There is a change in the determination of whether fulfillment is dependent on a specified asset; or
- (d) There is substantial change to the asset.

Where a reassessment is made, lease accounting shall commence or cease from the date when the change in circumstances gave rise to the reassessment for scenarios (a), (c), or (d) and at the date of renewal or extension period for scenario (b).

Group as lessee

Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Fixed lease payments are recognized as an expense in the consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis while the variable rent is recognized as an expense based on terms of the lease contract.

Group as lessor

Leases where the Group does not transfer substantially all the risk and benefits of ownership of the assets are classified as operating leases. Lease payments received are recognized as an income in the consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating operating leases are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as the rental income. Contingent rents are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authority. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted as at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences, with certain exceptions, at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, with certain exceptions. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward benefits of unused tax credits from excess of minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) over the regular corporate income tax and unused net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of unused tax credits and NOLCO can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are not provided on nontaxable temporary differences associated with investments in domestic associates and interests in joint ventures.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable income will allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be recovered.



Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Movements in the deferred income tax assets and liabilities arising from changes in tax rates are charged against or credited to income for the period.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Foreign Currency Transactions

Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded using the exchange rate at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are restated using the closing exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Exchange gains or losses arising from foreign exchange transactions are credited to or charged against operations for the year.

As at reporting date, the assets and liabilities of subsidiaries whose functional currency is not the Philippines Peso are translated into the presentation currency of the Parent Company (the Philippine Peso) at the closing rate as at the reporting date, and the consolidated statement of income accounts are translated at monthly weighted average exchange rate. The exchange differences arising on the translation are taken directly to a separate component of equity under "Cumulative translation adjustments" account. Upon disposal of a foreign subsidiary, the deferred cumulative amount recognized in other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Investments in foreign associates are translated to Philippine Peso using the closing exchange rate prevailing at reporting date. The Group's share in the results of operations of the foreign investee is translated using the exchange rate at the dates of the transactions or, where practicable, the rate that approximates the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions, such as the average rate for the period. Any resulting exchange difference is recognized as a separate component of equity.

Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income for the year attributable to common equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year adjusted for any subsequent stock dividends declared. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income for the year attributable to common equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of common shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential common shares into common shares. Calculation of dilutive EPS considers the potential ordinary shares of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures that have dilutive effect on the basic EPS of the Parent Company. The calculation of diluted earnings per share does not assume conversion, exercise, or other issue of potential common shares that would have an antidilutive effect on earnings per share.

Segment Reporting

The Group's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of the products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets. Financial information on business segments is presented in Note 30 of the consolidated financial statements.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements. They are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.



Events after the Reporting Period

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Group's position at the reporting date (adjusting events) are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements when material.

3. Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements in conformity with PFRSs requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

Judgments

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

Existence of a contract

The Group's primary document for a contract with a customer is a signed contract to sell. It has determined, however, that in cases wherein contract to sell are not signed by both parties, the combination of its other signed documentation such as reservation agreement, official receipts, buyers' computation sheets and invoices, would contain all the criteria to qualify as contract with the customer under PFRS 15.

In addition, part of the assessment process of the Group before revenue recognition is to assess the probability that the Group will collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the real estate property that will be transferred to the customer. In evaluating whether collectability of an amount of consideration is probable, an entity considers the significance of the customer's initial payments in relation to the total contract price. Collectability is also assessed by considering factors such as past history with the customer, age and pricing of the property. Management regularly evaluates the historical cancellations and back-outs if it would still support its current threshold of customers' equity before commencing revenue recognition.

Revenue recognition method and measure of progress

The Group concluded that revenue for real estate sales is to be recognized over time because: (a) the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use and; (b) the Group has an enforceable right for performance completed to date. The promised property is specifically identified in the contract and the contractual restriction on the Group's ability to direct the promised property for another use is substantive. This is because the property promised to the customer is not interchangeable with other properties without breaching the contract and without incurring significant costs that otherwise would not have been incurred in relation to that contract. In addition, under the current legal framework, the customer is contractually obliged to make payments to the developer up to the performance completed to date. In addition, the Group requires a certain percentage of buyer's payments of total selling price (buyer's equity), to be collected as one of the criteria in order to initiate revenue recognition. Reaching this level of collection is an indication of buyer's continuing commitment and the probability that economic benefits will flow to the Group. The Group considers that the initial and continuing investments by the buyer of about 10% would demonstrate the buyer's commitment to pay.

The Group has determined that output method used in measuring the progress of the performance obligation faithfully depicts the Group's performance in transferring control of real estate development to the customers.



Distinction of land between real estate inventories and investment properties

The Group determines whether a property will be classified as real estate inventories or investment properties. In making this judgment, the Group considers whether the property will be sold in the normal operating cycle (real estate inventories). All other properties that are not yet determined to be sold in the normal operating cycle are classified as investment properties.

Property acquisitions and business combinations

The Group acquires subsidiaries that own real estate properties. At the time of acquisition, the Group considers whether the acquisition represents the acquisition of a business. The Group accounts for an acquisition as a business combination where an integrated set of activities is acquired in addition to the property. More specifically, consideration is made with regard to the extent to which significant processes are acquired and, in particular, the extent of ancillary services provided by the Group (e.g., maintenance, cleaning, security, bookkeeping, hotel services, etc.). The significance of any process is judged with reference to the guidance in PAS 40 on ancillary services.

When the acquisition of subsidiaries does not represent a business, it is accounted for as an acquisition of a group of assets and liabilities. The cost of the acquisition is allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based upon their relative fair values, and no goodwill or deferred tax is recognized.

Consolidation of entities in which the Group holds only 50% or less than majority of voting rights The Group considers that it controls the following entities even though it owns 50% or less than majority of the voting rights.

ACC

For ACC, ALI holds 50% of the voting rights, and is also the single largest shareholder and the remaining 50% of the equity shares are held by several shareholders. The second largest stockholder of ACC holds 8.3% share while the other shareholders' equity interest ranges from 2.1% to 8.3%. In addition, ALI has an existing management services agreement with ACC which gives ALI the exclusive control and decision over the relevant activities of ACC.

BG Entities (BGWest, BGNorth and BGSouth)

For the BG entities, wherein ALI and the other shareholder each own 50% of the voting rights, ALI controls the investee through exercise of its exclusive project development and marketing agreement as well as the ability to decide on the financing, operating and strategic policies of the investees. This enabled ALI to conclude that it has control.

AHI, RLC, ALI-CII and LAIP

ALI has an existing management services agreement with AHI, RLC, ALI-CII and LAIP which gives ALI the exclusive control and decision over the relevant activities of AHI, RLC, ALI-CII and LAIP.

Significant influence on BLC and OHI

The Group considers that it has significant influence over investees when it has board representation which allows them to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions but is not control or joint control of those policies (see Note 11).

Service concession agreement

The Group has made a judgment that the concession agreement with DOTr qualifies under Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 12, *Service Concession Arrangements*. Management has assessed that DOTr controls and regulates the service, determines to whom this service will be provided and controls the price. In addition, management has also determined that the DOTr has the significant control over the residual interest of the Terminal at the end of the term. Management has also made a judgment that the Terminal and commercial assets (mall facilities) are physically separable and are capable of being operated independently.



Management has further assessed that said concession agreement qualifies under the Financial Asset model as it has an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or other financial assets (i.e. the Annual Grantor Payment) for its construction, operating and maintenance services directly from DOTr.

Contingencies

The Group is currently involved in various legal proceedings. The estimate of the probable costs for the resolution of these claims has been developed in consultation with outside counsel handling the defense of these matters and is based upon an analysis of potential results. The Group currently does not believe that these proceedings will have a material effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements (see Note 35).

Sale of real estate receivables

The Group has entered into arrangements with banks wherein it discounted its real estate receivables without recourse. The Group believes that the sales transactions are not more than infrequent and that the receivables discounted is insignificant in value both individually and in aggregate. The Group continue with the objective of collecting contractual cash flows until maturity.

Jugments effective January 1, 2018

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

The Group defines a financial instrument as in default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired, when it meets one or more of the following criteria:

Quantitative criteria – for residential, commercial and office development receivables, the customer receives a notice of cancellation and does not continue the payments.

Qualitative criteria

The customer meets unlikeliness to pay criteria, which indicates the customer is in significant financial difficulty. These are instances where:

- a. The customer is experiencing financial difficulty or is insolvent
- b. The customer is in breach of financial covenant(s)
- c. An active market for that financial assets has disappeared because of financial difficulties
- d. Concessions have been granted by the Group, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the customer's financial difficulty
- e. It is becoming probable that the customer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization

The criteria above have been applied to the financial instruments held by the Group and are consistent with the definition of default used for internal credit risk management purposes. The default definition has been applied consistently to model the Probability of Default (PD), Loss Given Default (LGD) and Exposure at Default (EAD) throughout the Group's expected loss calculation.

Incorporation of forward-looking information

The Group incorporates forward-looking information into both its assessment of whether the credit risk of an instrument has increased significantly since its initial recognition and its measurement of ECL.

To do this, the Group considers a range of relevant forward-looking macro-economic assumptions for the determination of unbiased general industry adjustments and any related specific industry adjustments that support the calculation of ECLs. Based on the Group's evaluation and assessment and after taking into consideration external actual and forecast information, the Group formulates a 'base case' view of the future direction of relevant economic variables as well as a representative range of other possible forecast scenarios. This process involves developing two or more additional economic scenarios and considering the relative probabilities of each outcome. External information includes economic data and forecasts published by governmental bodies, monetary authorities and selected private-sector and academic institutions.



The base case represents a most-likely outcome and is aligned with information used by the Group for other purposes such as strategic planning and budgeting. The other scenarios represent more optimistic and more pessimistic outcomes. Periodically, the Group carries out stress testing of more extreme shocks to calibrate its determination of these other representative scenarios.

The Group has identified and documented key drivers of credit risk and credit losses of each portfolio of financial instruments and, using an analysis of historical data, has estimated relationships between macro-economic variables and credit risk and credit losses.

Jugments effective January 1, 2019

Determination of lease term of contracts with renewal and termination options – Group as a lessee The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgment in evaluating whether the provisions to renew or terminate the lease is enforceable. For leases where the Group has the unilateral option to renew or terminate, it then applies judgment on whether it is reasonably certain or not to exercise the option. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation to the leased asset).

Judgements made in determining taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates applying paragraph 122 of PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements Upon adoption of the Interpretation, the Group has assessed whether it has any uncertain tax position. The Group applies significant judgement in identifying uncertainties over its income tax treatments. The Group determined, based on its assessment, in consultation with its tax counsel, that it is probable that its uncertain income tax treatments (including those for the subsidiaries) will be accepted by the taxation authorities. Accordingly, the interpretation did not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Management's Use of Estimates

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Revenue recognition on real estate projects

The Group's revenue recognition policy require management to make use of estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts of revenues. The Group's revenue from real estate is recognized based on the percentage of completion are measured principally on the basis of the estimated completion of a physical proportion of the contract work. Apart from involving significant estimates in determining the quanitity of imports such as materials, labor and equipment needed, the assessment process for the POC is complex and the estimated project development costs requires technical determination by management's specialists (project engineers). The Group also includes land in the calculation of POC since the Group availed the relief granted by the SEC under Memorandum Circular Nos. 14-2018 as of 2018 for the implementation issues of PFRS 15 affecting the real estate industry. See Notes 20 and 22 for the related balances.

Similarly, the commission is determined using the percentage of completion.



Accounting for business combination

In 2018, the Group, through its wholly owned subsidiary, RWIL, has acquired additional 39.4% in MCT for a total consideration of ₱5.98 billion which brings its ownership to 72.3%. Management has measured the inventories, property and equipment and investment properties that were acquired using the appraisal report that was prepared by the external appraiser. These appraisals involve selecting the appropriate valuation methodology and making various assumptions such as price per sqm, adjustment factors, discount rate, location, size and time element factors. The properties were valued using the sales comparison approach. Significant assumptions used include comparable property prices adjusted for nature, location and condition of the land.

Evaluation of net realizable value of real estate inventories

The Group adjusts the cost of its real estate inventories to net realizable value based on its assessment of the recoverability of the inventories. NRV for completed real estate inventories is assessed with reference to market conditions and prices existing at the reporting date and is determined by the Group in the light of recent market transactions. NRV in respect of real estate inventories under construction is assessed with reference to market prices at the reporting date for similar completed property, less estimated costs to complete construction and less estimated costs to sell. The amount and timing of recorded expenses for any period would differ if different judgments were made or different estimates were utilized. See Note 8 for the related balances.

Share-based payments

The expected life of the options is based on the expected exercise behavior of the stock option holders and is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The volatility is based on the average historical price volatility which may be different from the expected volatility of the shares of stock of the Group. See Note 28 for the related balances.

Estimating pension liabilities and other retirement benefits

The determination of the Group's obligation and cost for pension and other retirement benefits is dependent on selection of certain assumptions used by actuaries in calculating such amounts. These include the determination of the discount rates, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Significant assumptions are disclosed in Note 26 and include among others, discount rate and salary increase rate.

In determining the appropriate discount rate, management considers the interest rates of government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, with extrapolated maturities corresponding to the expected duration of the defined benefit obligation.

The mortality rate is based on 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table and is modified accordingly with estimates of mortality improvements. Future salary increases and pension increases are based on expected future inflation rates.

While the Group believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in actual experience or significant changes in assumptions could materially affect retirement obligations. See Note 26 for the related balances.

Fair value of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded or disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using internal valuation techniques using generally accepted market valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimates are used in establishing fair values. These estimates may include considerations of liquidity, volatility and correlation. Certain financial assets and liabilities were initially recorded at their fair values by using the discounted cash flow methodology. See Note 29 for the related balances.



Estimates effective January 1, 2018

Provision for expected credit losses of trade receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables other than residential, commercial and office development receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns.

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information such as inflation and GDP growth rates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed.

The Group uses vintage analysis approach to calculate ECLs for residential, commercial and office development receivables. The vintage analysis accounts for expected losses by calculating the cumulative loss rates of a given loan pool. It derives the probability of default from the historical data of a homogenous portfolio that share the same origination period. The information on the number of defaults during fixed time intervals of the accounts is utilized to create the PD model. It allows the evaluation of the loan activity from its origination period until the end of the contract period.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions (inflation and interest rates) and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables is disclosed in Notes 7 and 29.

Estimates effective January 1, 2019

Estimating the incremental borrowing rate for leases

The Group uses its incremental borrowing rate (IBR) to measure lease liabilities because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group 'would have to pay', which requires estimation when no observable rates are available (such as for subsidiaries that do not enter into financing transactions) or when they need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease (for example, when leases are not in the subsidiary's functional currency). The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates (such as the subsidiary's stand-alone credit rating).

The Group's lease liabilities as of December 31, 2019 amounted to ₱17,463.7 million (see Note 33).

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

	2019	2018
		(In Thousands)
Cash on hand	₽73,215	₽56,862
Cash in banks	14,555,033	14,461,269
Cash equivalents	5,784,793	9,478,439
	₽20,413,041	₽23,996,570



Cash in banks earn interest at the respective bank deposit rates. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are made for varying periods of up to three (3) months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short-term rates.

The annual interest rates of the cash equivalents are as follows:

	2019	2018
Philippine Peso	2.8% to 4.0%	2.5% to 6.9%
US Dollar	1.1% to 1.8%	1.0% to 3.5%

There is no restriction on the Group's cash and cash equivalents balances as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

5. Short-term Investments

Short-term investments consist of money market placements made for varying periods of more than three (3) months and up to one (1) year and earn interest at the respective short-term investment rates.

The annual interest rates of the short-term investments are as follows:

	2019	2018
Philippine Peso	3.0%	1.8% to 2.9%
US Dollar	1.8% to 2.0%	2.2% to 3.3%

6. Financial Assets at FVTPL

This account consists of:

	2019	2018
	(In	Thousands)
Investment in ARCH Capital Fund	₽389,031	₽390,521
Investment in Unit Investment Trust Funds (UITF)	96,405	85,724
	₽485,436	₽476,245

Investment in ARCH Capital Fund pertains to monetary interest in a fund in which the management takes the view that these are held for trading and it is a portfolio of identified property funds invested and managed by professional managers.

The Group invests in money market UITF which aims to generate liquidity and stable income by investing in a diversified portfolio of primarily short-term fixed income instruments and with no minimum holding period requirement.

As of December 31, 2019, the Group invested in BPI Money Market Fund (MMF) with a fair value of ₱80.9 million. The BPI MMF's Net Asset Value (NAV) was at ₱23,980.6 million with duration of 131 days.

As of December 31, 2018, the Group invested in BPI MMF with a fair value of ₽71.6 million. The BPI MMF's NAV was at ₽8,331.5 million with duration of 150 days.



The following table provides the fair value hierarchy of the Group's financial assets at FVTPL which are measured at fair value as of December 31, 2019 and 2018:

2019

2013		Fair value measurement using			
	 Date of Valuation	Total	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
	Buto of Valuation	Total	(In Thou	· /	(2010) 0)
Investment in Unit Investment Trust Fund (UITF) Investment in ARCH Capital Fund	December 31, 2019 December 31, 2019	₽96,405 389,031	P- -	₽96,405 -	₽- 389,031
<u>2018</u>			Fair value measu	rement using	
					Significant
			Quoted prices in active markets of	Significant	unobservable
	Date of Valuation	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	inputs (Level 3)
			(In Thou	sands)	<u>,</u>
Investment in Unit Investment Trust Fund (UITF) Investment in ARCH Capital Fund	December 31, 2018 December 31, 2018	₽ 85,724 390,521	₽-	₽85,724 -	₽ - 390,521

The fair value of the investment in UITF is based on net asset values as of reporting dates.

The fair value of the investment in ARCH Capital Fund is determined using the discounted cash flow (DCF) method. Under the DCF method in fund fair valuation, it is estimated using assumptions regarding the benefits and liabilities of ownership over the underlying asset's life including an exit or terminal value. This method involves the projection of a series of cash flows on a real property interest. To this projected cash flow series, a market-derived discount rate is applied to establish the present value of the income stream, associated with the underlying asset. The exit yield is normally separately determined and differs from the discount rate. Significant inputs considered were rental, growth and discount rates. The higher the rental and growth rates, the higher the fair value. The higher the fair value.

Reconciliation of fair value measurement of Investment in ARCH Fund is shown below:

	2019	2018
	(In Thou	sands)
Balance at beginning of year	₽390,521	₽457,628
Redemptions	(24,387)	(69,803)
Additions	30,145	2,696
Unrealized loss	(7,248)	-
Balance at end of year	₽389,031	₽390,521

Reconciliation of fair value measurement of Investment in UITF is shown below:

	2019	2018
	(In Thous	ands)
Balance at beginning of year	₽85,724	₽82,978
Redemptions	(741,376)	(1,887)
Additions	746,774	-
Unrealized gains included under "Other income"	5,283	4,633
Balance at end of year	₽96,405	₽85,724



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7. Accounts and Notes Receivable

Accounts and notes receivable account consists of:

		2018
		(As restated -
	2019	see Note 2)
		(In Thousands)
Trade:		
Residential, commercial and office development	₽104,260,962	₽120,340,412
Corporate business	3,828,160	4,885,870
Shopping centers	3,684,650	2,686,281
Construction contracts	1,553,320	1,873,091
Management fees	99,263	86,047
Others	4,558,543	3,100,997
Advances to other companies	18,984,210	19,823,781
Accrued receivables	7,788,796	6,803,160
Receivables from related parties (Note 25)	6,130,303	5,683,236
Receivables from employees	901,261	1,113,207
	151,789,468	166,396,082
Less allowance for impairment losses	1,186,293	872,268
	150,603,175	165,523,814
Less noncurrent portion	45,563,869	38,804,937
	₽105,039,306	₽126,718,877

The classes of trade receivables of the Group are as follows:

- Residential, commercial and office development pertain to receivables from the sale of highend, upper middle-income and affordable residential lots and units; economic and socialized housing units and sale of commercial lots; sale of office units; and leisure community developments.
- Corporate business pertain to lease receivables from office and factory buildings and receivables from sale of industrial lots
- Shopping centers pertain to lease receivables from retail spaces
- Construction contracts pertain to receivables from third party construction projects
- Management fees pertain to receivables from facilities management services
- Others pertain to receivables from hotel operations and other support services

Residential, commercial and office development receivables are collectible in monthly installments over a period of one (1) to ten (10) years. These are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method with annual interest rates ranging from 6.3% to 13.5%. Titles to real estate properties are transferred to the buyers only once full payment has been made.

Corporate business receivables are collectible on a monthly or quarterly basis depending on the terms of the lease contracts.

Receivables from shopping centers, construction contracts and management fees are due within 30 days upon billing.

Receivables from hotel operations and other support services included under other trade receivables are normally due within 30 to 90 days upon billing.

Advances to other companies includes advances made to joint venture partners that have been made in consideration of project costs and purchases of land that are still subject to completion. The documentation for these advances provides that these will be payable over a fixed term or on demand in order to allow for repayment of the advances when closing does not occur.



Advances to other companies also includes receivables from MRT Development Corporation (MRTDC) shareholders which pertains to interest-bearing advances made by NTDCC to MRTDC equivalent to the Pre-2006 Development Rights Payment (DRP) Payables and the Residual Depot DRP which is due more than one year, in relation to the funding and repayment agreement. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, receivables from MRTDC shareholders amounted to ₱422.3 million and ₱436.7 million, respectively.

On December 17, 2014, NTDCC and MRTDC shareholders executed a "funding and repayment agreement" wherein the latter agrees to repay NTDCC, for the account of MRTDC, its respective pro rata share in the Total Depot DRP Advances (the Pre-2006 DRP Payables and the Residual Depot DRP, including 15% interest rate accrued on such DRP payables).

Commencing on January 1, 2015, the MRTDC Shareholders shall effect the repayment of their respective pro rata share in the Total Depot DRP Payables, through a set-off against their respective share in the commercial center royalties to be received from the Group.

Set off shall be effective as of the beginning of every calendar month, commencing January 30, 2015 and shall result in the settlement of the portion of the Total DRP Payables to the extent of the amount of the commercial center royalties then the balance will fall due to the relevant MRTDC Shareholders.

Accrued receivables and receivables from related parties are due and demandable. Receivables from employees pertain to housing, car, salary and other loans granted to the Group's employees which are collectible through salary deduction, are interest-bearing (6.0% per annum) and payable on various maturity dates.

Receivables amounting to ₱1,186.3 million and ₱872.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, were impaired and fully provided for. Movements in the allowance for impairment losses follow:

<u>2019</u>

	Trade							
	Residential and office	Shopping Construction Corporate Management			nstruction Corporate Management			
	Development	Centers	Contracts	Business	Fees	Others	Companies	Total
				(In Thousa	nds)			
Balance at beginning of year	₽13,555	₽558,059	₽26,547	₽86,663	₽5,948	₽175,596	₽5,900	₽872,268
Provisions during the year (Note 22)	-	269,619	11,231	128,692	730	12,310	253,341	675,923
Reversal (Note 22)	-	(13,599)	-	(16,192)	-	(76,319)	(1,038)	(107,148)
Accounts written off	-	(41,314)	-	(16,955)	-	(1,178)	(195,051)	(254,498)
Translation adjustment	-	(252)	-	-	-	-	-	(252)
Balance at end of year	₽13,555	₽772,513	₽37,778	₽ 182,208	₽6,678	₽110,409	₽63,152	₽1,186,293

2018

				Irade				
	Residential						Advances to	
	and office	Shopping	Construction	Corporate	Management		Other	
	Development	Centers	Contracts	Business	Fees	Others	Companies	Total
				(In Tho	ousands)			
Balance at beginning of year	₽13,555	₽560,817	₽26,547	₽79,209	₽3,012	₽31,860	₽10,946	₽725,946
Provisions during the year(Note 22)	-	59,092	-	23,793	2,936	143,736	6,491	236,048
Reversal (Note 22)	-	(61,198)	-	(16,339)	-	-	(11,537)	(89,074)
Accounts written off	-	(652)	-	-	-	-	-	(652)
Translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of year	₽13,555	₽558,059	₽26,547	₽86,663	₽5,948	₽175,596	₽5,900	₽872,268



As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, nominal amounts of trade receivables from residential, commercial and office development totaling ₱122,258.0 million and ₱137,767.9 million, respectively, were recorded initially at fair value. The fair values of the receivables were obtained by discounting future cash flows using the applicable rates of similar types of instruments.

Movements in the unamortized discount of the Group's receivables as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 follow:

	2019	2018	
	(In Thousands)		
Balance at beginning of year	₽17,427,468	₽10,332,147	
Additions during the year	8,460,511	14,137,399	
Accretion for the year (Note 20)	(7,890,972)	(7,042,078)	
Balance at end of year	₽17,997,007	₽17,427,468	

The Group entered into agreements with BPI Asset Management and Trust Corporation in 2019 and 2018 for the assignment of interest-bearing employee receivables amounting to ₱108.9 million and ₱11.3 million, respectively. The transactions were without recourse and did not result to any gain or loss.

The Group sold residential receivables on a without recourse basis to partner mortgage banks, which include BPI Family Savings Bank, a related party, amounting to ₱9,976.3 million in 2019 and ₱12,867.2 million in 2018. These were sold at a discount with total proceeds of ₱9,281.2 million and ₱12,041.9 million, respectively. The Group recognized loss on sale (under "Other expenses") amounting to ₱775.2 million and ₱825.3 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively (see Note 22).

8. Inventories

This account consists of:

	2019	2018
	(In Thousands)	
Real estate - at cost		
Residential and condominium units	₽65,659,786	₽49,675,074
Residential and commercial lots	52,363,671	52,116,837
Offices - at cost	2,264,229	2,579,700
	₽120,287,686	₽104,371,611

A summary of the movements in inventories is set out below:

<u>2019</u>

	Residential and commercial lots	Residential and condominium units	Offices	Total
		(In Thou		Total
Balances at beginning of year	₽52,116,837	₽49,675,074	₽2,579,700	₽104,371,611
Land acquired during the year	7,598,083	-	-	7,598,083
Construction/development costs incurred	7,160,927	42,984,189	6,248,089	56,393,205
Borrowing costs capitalized	-	122,682	-	122,682
Disposals (recognized as cost of real estate sales) (Note 22) Transfers from (to) investment properties	(15,772,399)	(37,211,541)	(6,369,061)	(59,353,001)
(Notes 12 and 37)	1,260,223	10,089,382	(194,499)	11,155,106
Balances at end of year	₽52,363,671	₽65,659,786	₽2,264,229	₽120,287,686



		Residential and		
	Residential and	condominium		
	commercial lots	units	Offices	Total
		(In Thou	sands)	
Balances at beginning of year	₽44,106,425	₽44,321,347	₽2,417,836	₽90,845,608
Land acquired during the year	6,694,113	73,850	466,474	7,234,437
Acquisition through business combination				
(Note 24)	-	13,620,873	-	13,620,873
Construction/development costs incurred	23,640,668	23,287,225	6,030,005	52,957,898
Borrowing costs capitalized	-	167,036	-	167,036
Disposals (recognized as cost of real estate				
sales) (Note 22)	(29,520,948)	(32,044 ,896)	(6,218,244)	(67,784,088)
Transfers from (to) investment properties				
(Notes 12 and 37)	7,196,579	249,639	(116,371)	7,329,847
Balances at end of year	₽52,116,837	₽49,675,074	₽2,579,700	₽104,371,611

The Group has no purchase commitments pertaining to its inventories as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

There are no liens and encumbrances on the Group's real estate inventories.

9. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	2019	2018
	(In Thousands)	
Value-added input tax	₽14,515,697	₽13,763,265
Prepaid expenses	14,355,646	12,574,213
Advances to contractors and suppliers	13,217,858	11,400,879
Creditable withholding taxes	4,710,840	3,586,572
Materials, parts and supplies - at cost	999,883	659,363
Others	791,708	2,196,930
	₽48,591,632	₽44,181,222

Value-added input tax is applied against value-added output tax. The remaining balance is recoverable in future periods.

Prepaid expenses consist of prepayments for commissions, marketing fees, advertising and promotions, taxes and licenses, rentals and insurance. The cost to obtain contracts which includes prepaid commissions and advances to brokers amounted to P2,876.2 million and P2,662.0 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively. In line with the Group's accounting policy, as set out in Note 2, if a contract or specific performance obligation exhibited marginal profitability or other indicators of impairment, judgment was applied to ascertain whether or not the future economic benefits from these contracts were sufficient to recover these assets. In performing this impairment assessment, management is required to make an assessment of the costs to complete the contract. The ability to accurately forecast such costs involves estimates around cost savings to be achieved over time, anticipated profitability of the contract, as well as future performance against any contract-specific key performance indicators that could trigger variable consideration, or service credits (Note 14).

Advances to contractors and suppliers represents prepayments for the construction of inventories.

Creditable withholding taxes are applied against income tax payable.

Materials, parts and supplies pertain to inventories to be used in the construction and maintenance of projects.





Others include deferred charges and letters of credit. Deferred charges pertain to project-related costs already paid but not yet consumed in the actual construction activities.

10. Financial Assets at Fair Value through OCI

This account consists of:

	2019	2018
Shares of stock:	(in ⁻	Thousands)
Quoted	₽1,478,444	₽1,425,412
Unquoted	505,484	521,912
	1,983,928	1,947,324
Net unrealized loss	(454,749)	(451,529)
	₽1,529,179	₽1,495,795

Investments in quoted shares of stock include shares held for clubs wherein the Group does not exercise control or demonstrate significant influence.

Investments in unquoted shares of stock include unlisted shares of public utility companies which the Group will continue to carry as part of the infrastructure that it provides to its real estate projects.

Movements in the reserves for financial assets at FVOCI as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	2019	2018
	(In T	housands)
Balance at beginning of year	(₽451,529)	(₽523,467)
Fair value changes during the year	(3,220)	71,938
Balance at end of year	(₽454,749)	(₱451,529)

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018 reserves for financial assets at FVOCI attributable to noncontrolling interests amounted to ₱2.6 million.

The following table provides the fair value hierarchy of the Group's financial assets at fair value through OCI which are measured at fair value as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 (in thousands):

December 31, 2019

			Fair value meası	urement using	
	-		Quoted		
			prices in	Significant	Significant
			active	observable	unobservable
			markets	inputs	inputs
	Date of Valuation	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Shares of stock:					
Quoted					
Real estate	December 31, 2019	₽525,541	₽525,541	P -	₽-
Tourism and leisure	December 31, 2019	282,927	282,927	-	-
Financial asset management	December 31, 2019	81,622	81,622	-	-
Retail	December 31, 2019	54,658	54,658	-	-
Utilities and energy	December 31, 2019	15,965	15,965	-	-
Telecommunication	December 31, 2019	2,816	2,816	-	-
Unquoted					
Tourism and leisure	Various	533,101	-	-	533,101
Utilities and energy	Various	19,787	-	-	19,787
Real estate	Various	11,888	-	-	11,888
Telecommunication	Various	874	-	-	874
	-	₽1,529,179	₽963,529	P-	₽565,650



December 31, 2018

December 31, 2010					
			Fair value measu	urement using	
			Quoted		
			prices in	Significant	Significant
			active	observable	unobservable
			markets	inputs	inputs
	Date of Valuation	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Shares of stock:					
Quoted					
Real estate	December 31, 2018	₽554,655	₽554,655	₽	₽-
Tourism and leisure	December 31, 2018	182,300	182,300	_	-
Retail	December 31, 2018	109,079	109,079	_	-
Financial asset management	December 31, 2018	65,261	65,261	_	-
Utilities and energy	December 31, 2018	2,273	2,273	_	-
Telecommunication	December 31, 2018	149	149	_	_
Unquoted					
Tourism and leisure	Various	549,480	_	_	549,480
Utilities and energy	Various	19,833	-	_	19,833
Real estate	Various	11,888	-	-	11,888
Telecommunication	Various	877	-	_	877
		₽1,495,795	₽913,717	₽-	₽582,078

11. **Ir** . . 1-4-. .

	2019	20
	(Ir	n Thousands)
Investment in stocks - cost		
Balance at beginning of year	₽19,492,702	₽21,643,1
Additions	1,529,688	3,724,9
Disposals	-	(83,3
Acquisition of control on previously held interest	-	(5,792,0
Balance at end of year	21,022,390	19,492,7
Accumulated equity in net earnings:		
Balance at beginning of year	₽3,787,105	₽4,462,7
Equity in net earnings	965,787	749,9
Dividends received	(386,241)	(331,4
Acquisition of control on previously held interest	-	(1,094,1
Balance at end of year	4,366,651	3,787,1
Subtotal	25,389,041	23,279,8
Equity share in cumulative translation adjustment	(71,460)	109,9
_ · · · J	₽25,317,581	₽23,389,7

The equity share in cumulative translation adjustments represents exchange differences arising from the translation of financial statements of the foreign operations, whose functional currency is other than Philippine Peso.



	Percenta	ges of		
-	Owners	ship	Carrying Ar	nounts
	2019	2018	2019	2018
		(In ⁻	Thousands)	
Joint ventures:				
Emerging City Holdings, Inc. (ECHI)	50%	50%	₽4,075,620	₽3,911,350
ALI-ETON Property Development Corporation	50	50	3,294,858	2,108,668
AKL Properties, Inc. (AKL)	50	50	2,274,254	1,942,622
Berkshires Holdings, Inc. (BHI)	50	50	2,002,726	1,933,313
Cebu District Property Enterprise, Inc. (CDPEI)	35	35	1,443,220	1,464,432
Alveo-Federal Land Communities, Inc.	50	50	904,452	789,078
AyaGold Retailers, Inc. (AyaGold)	50	50	160,429	160,485
BYMCW, Inc.	30	30	55,500	55,500
SIAL Specialty Retailers, Inc. (SIAL Specialty)	50	50	31,744	26,462
			14,242,803	12,391,910
Associates:				
OCLP Holdings, Inc.(OHI)	21	21	8,540,155	8,090,085
Bonifacio Land Corp. (BLC)	10	10	1,479,284	1,427,555
Rize-Ayalaland (Kingsway) GP, Inc. (Rize-Ayalaland)	49	49	448,613	793,945
Tianjin Eco-City Ayala Land Development Co., Ltd (Tianjin				
Eco-City)	40	40	474,486	470,118
Mercado General Hospital, Inc. (MGHI)	33	33	96,551	178,044
Lagoon Development Corporation	30	30	35,689	38,095
• · ·			11,074,778	10,997,842
			₽25,317,581	₽23,389,752

Details of the Group's investments in associates and joint ventures and the related percentages of ownership are shown below:

Financial information of the associate with material interest

BLC

The Group has a 10% interest in BLC, which is involved in the purchase, subscription or otherwise disposal of real and personal properties. BLC is a private company incorporated on October 20, 1994 and there is no quoted market price available for its shares. Its registered office and principal place of business is Taguig City, Philippines.

Set out below is the summarized financial information for BLC:

	2019	2018
	(In Thousands)	
Current assets	₽10,996,893	₽5,036,409
Noncurrent assets	32,437,784	37,539,401
Current liabilities	(3,066,467)	(3,798,971)
Noncurrent liabilities	(7,175,865)	(6,558,980)
Equity	33,192,345	32,217,859
Less: noncontrolling interest	14,896,099	14,491,952
Equity attributable to Parent Company	18,296,246	17,725,907
Proportion of Group's ownership	10.1%	10.1%
Group's share in identifiable net assets	1,847,921	1,790,317
Carrying amount of the investment	1,479,284	1,427,555
Negative goodwill	(₽368,637)	(₽362,762)
Dividends received	₽80,836	₽70,731

Net assets attributable to the equity holders of BLC amounted to ₱18,296.2 million and ₱17,725.9 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

	2019	2018
	(In Thou	sands)
Revenue	₽5,790,288	₽4,925,102
Cost and expenses	(3,150,446)	(2,906,515)
Net income (continuing operations)	2,639,842	2,018,587
Net loss attributable to minority interest	(1,242,515)	(944,922)
Net income attributable to parent	1,397,327	1,073,665
Group's share in net income for the year	141,130	108,440
Total comprehensive income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company Group's share in total comprehensive income for the	1,397,327	1,073,665
year	141,130	108,440

Aggregate financial information on the associates with immaterial interest (OHI, Rize-Ayalaland, Tianjin Eco-City, LDC, MGHI and others) follows:

	2019	2018
	(In Thousa	nds)
Carrying amount	₽9,595,494	₽9,570,287
Share in net income from continuing operations	261,526	286,171
Share in total comprehensive income	261,526	286,171

Financial information of joint ventures

Aggregate financial information on joint ventures with immaterial interest (ECHI, BHI, CDPEI, Alveo-Federal, ALI-Eton, SIAL CVS, SIAL Specialty, AyaGold and BYMCW, Inc.) is as follows:

	2019	2018
	(In Thousa	ands)
Carrying amount	₽14,242,804	₽12,391,910
Share in net income from continuing operations	563,131	355,313
Share in total comprehensive income	563,131	355,313

The following are the significant transactions affecting the Group's investments in associates and joint ventures:

Investment in OHI

In 2016, ALI acquired a 21.1% stake in OHI consistent with its thrust of expanding its operations to other areas within and outside of Metro Manila through partnerships. The acquisition was made possible via the purchase of shares from existing OHI shareholders, and this was recorded under "Investments in associates and joint ventures" account for ₱7,320.7 million. In 2017, the Group finalized the purchase price allocation of its acquisition of OHI through business combination in March 2016. The final purchase price allocation resulted in gain from bargain purchase of ₱148.0 million. OHI owns 99.5% interest in Ortigas & Company Limited Partnership (OCLP), an entity engaged in real estate development and leasing businesses.

Investments in ECHI, BHI and BLC

The Parent Company's 5.3% direct investment in BLC and 4.8% through Regent Time is accounted for using the equity method because the Parent Company has significant influence over BLC. As disclosed in Note 3, the Parent Company has significant influence over BLC because it has board representation which allows them to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions but is not control or joint control of those policies.



Investment in Rize-Ayalaland

Rize-Ayalaland (Kingsway) GP, Inc. was incorporated on January 25, 2013 under the laws of British Columbia, Canada. The Company's effective ownership is 49.0% through its Vancouver-based subsidiary, AyalaLand Real Estate Investments, Inc.

Investment in Cebu District Property Enterprise, Inc.

Cebu District Property Enterprise, Inc. (CDPEI) was incorporated on February 20, 2014 and is a 50:50 joint venture between the Company and Aboitiz Land, Inc. CDPEI's main purpose is to create a mixed-use commercial and residential district with the 15.4 hectare property in Subangdaku, Mandaue.

Investment in Alveo-Federal Land Communities, Inc.

Alveo Land Corp. signed a Joint Venture Agreement (JVA) with Federal Land, Inc. last April 29, 2015 for equal ownership over AFLCI. The JV is for the development of Treveia Nuvali located in Laguna near Nuvali.

Investment in ALI-ETON Property Development Corporation

ALI-ETON Property Development Corporation was incorporated on March 13, 2016. The company is a joint venture between Ayala Land, Inc. and LT Group, Inc. ALI and LT Group, Inc. entered into an agreement on January 21, 2016 to jointly develop a project along the C5 corridor. The project is envisioned to be a township development that spans portions of Pasig City and Quezon City.

In 2019 and 2018, the Parent Company made additional equity infusions to ALI-Eton to fund the development requirements of Parklinks amounting to P1,195.0 million and P1,534.0 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 respectively.

Investment in BYMCW, Inc.

On August 2, 2017, Bouygues Travaux Publics Philippines Inc. (BYTPPI) incorporated BYMCW Inc. (BYMCW) to engage in general building and contracting business. BYMCW's registered office address is at 2nd floor, Welfare Building, LRTA Compound, Aurora Blvd., Barangay 189, Pasay City, Metro Manila.

On December 6, 2017, MDC acquired 30% ownership over BYMCW after buying fifty one (51) million shares held by BYTPPI.

Investment in AyaGold Retailers, Inc.

AyaGold Retailers, Inc., a joint venture between Entenso Equities Incorporated (EEI, a wholly owned subsidiary of Puregold Price Club, Inc.) and ALI Capital Corp. (a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and the holding company for its retail-related initiatives), was incorporated on October 2, 2013. It is organized primarily to finance, build and operate mid-market supermarkets for some of Company's new integrated and mixed-use developments. The mid-market supermarkets will be carried under a new brand to be jointly developed by both ALI Capital Corp. and EEI. The partnership with EEI will enable the Company to support its mixed-use developments and, at the same time, grow its recurring income portfolio.

Investment in SIAL Specialty

SIAL Specialty was incorporated on September 27, 2012 as a joint venture between ALI Capital Corp. and Store Specialist, Inc. (SSI). ALICap is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent Company. SSI is one of the largest specialty retail companies in the Philippines with the exclusive distribution rights to a variety of brands from around the world.

The partnership, which combines the Company's expertise in developing mixed-use developments and SSI's proven track record in retail, is aimed at pursuing retail solutions to address the growing and changing lifestyle needs of the market.

SIAL Specialty was organized primarily for the investment and operation of mid-market department stores and to pursue other investment opportunities in the Philippine retail sector.



Investment in SIAL CVS

SIAL CVS is an equally owned joint venture between ALI Capital Corp., the Company's wholly owned subsidiary and SII, SSI's wholly owned subsidiary.

SIAL CVS shall be the vehicle for the investment in the operation of convenience stores in the Philippines. SIAL CVS capitalizes on the Company's expertise in mixed-use developments and SSI's experience in the Philippine retail market. The Parties agreed to incorporate a special purpose vehicle that shall form a partnership with FamilyMart Co. Ltd. and Itochu Corporation for the operation of FamilyMart convenience stores in the Philippines.

SIAL CVS Retailers, Inc., FamilyMart Co., Ltd., and ITOCHU Corporation have concluded the transaction to sell 100% of the outstanding shares of Philippine FamilyMart CVS, Inc. (PFM) to P-H-O-E-N-I-X Petroleum Philippines, Inc. (PNX), further to a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) entered into by the parties last October 30, 2017.

PFM is the official Area Franchisee of the Family Mart brand of convenience stores in the Philippines, with a current network of 67 company-owned and franchised stores all over the country. PNX is the leading independent and fastest-growing oil company in the Philippines, with a wide network of retail stations and commercial and industrial clients all over the Philippines.

The transaction was approved by the Philippine Competition Commission (PCC) last January 3, 2018. Accordingly, the Group no longer has any investment in SIAL CVS after the conclusion of the sale of outstanding shares of PFM.

Investment in MGHI

In July 2013, the Company entered into an agreement with the Mercado Family to acquire Whiteknight Holdings, Inc. (WHI), a 33% equity stockholder of MGHI. Its acquisition of WHI will allow the Company to build a strategic partnership with the Mercado Group and support MGHI's future growth. This partnership also enhances the potential of Ayala Land's development of mixed-use communities by offering the critical component of medical services to complement the residential, shopping centers, office and hotel developments therein.

Investment in AKL

In 2018, the Parent Company invested ₱1,959.7 million in AKL, which is a 50:50 joint venture between the Parent Company and Royal Asia Land, Inc., and is organized primarily for future mixed-use development in South Luzon area.

On June 26, 2019, the Parent Company approved the equity call to fund the advance payment to Manila Jockey Club, Inc. (MJCI) upon signing the Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) for the 60 ha. Property in Carmona, Cavite between AKL and MJCI. The Parent Company's share in the additional total capital requirement amounted to ₱250.0 million.

On Sept. 12, 2019, the Parent Company approved the equity call for the minimum subscription to increase the Authorized Capital Stock (ACS) of AKL from ₱4,545.0 million to ₱7,250.0 million which was approved in the AKL board meeting on May 14, 2019. The increase in the ACS shall cover the land acquisition requirements in Carmona and Silang, Cavite for the next 3 years. The 50% share of the Parent Company in the minimum paid-up capital (25% of the minimum subscription) of the increase amounted to ₱84.7 million.



12. Investment Properties

The rollforward analysis of this account follows:

<u>2019</u>

			Construction	
	Land	Buildings	in Progress	Total
		(In Thous	ands)	
Cost				
Balance at beginning of year, as				
previously reported	₽83,523,538	₽117,553,349	₽55,359,319	₽256,436,206
Effect of adoption of PFRS 16 (Note 2)	-	-	888,774	888,774
Balance at beginning of year, as restated	83,523,538	117,553,349	56,248,093	257,324,980
Additions	16,965,958	10,567,896	9,484,719	37,018,573
Disposals	(1,341,800)	(2,502,913)	(3,146)	(3,847,859)
Cumulative translation difference	(93,531)	(135,484)	-	(229,015)
Transfers (Notes 8,13, 33 and 37)	(11,461,735)	1,649,546	(1,715,853)	(11,528,042)
Balance at end of year	87,592,430	127,132,394	64,013,813	278,738,637
Accumulated Depreciation				
Balance at beginning of year	-	31,327,471	-	31,327,471
Depreciation (Note 22)	-	4,404,491	-	4,404,491
Disposals	-	(178,584)	-	(178,584)
Cumulative translation difference	-	(406)	-	(406)
Transfers	-	39,392	-	39,392
Balance at end of year	-	35,592,364	-	35,592,364
Accumulated impairment losses				
Balance at beginning and end of year	102,825	-	-	102,825
Net Book Value	₽87,489,605	₽91,540,030	₽64,013,813	₽243,043,448

<u>2018</u>

			Construction	
	Land	Buildings	in Progress	Total
		(In Thous	ands)	
Cost				
Balance at beginning of year	₽84,893,792	₽93,046,926	₽49,660,702	₽227,601,420
Additions	6,336,730	16,789,386	13,725,237	36,851,353
Acquisition through business				
combination (Note 24)	1,223,498	4,489,137	-	5,712,635
Disposals	(1,642,908)	(83,917)	-	(1,726,825)
Foreign currency exchange differences	209,538	78,540	-	288,078
Transfers (Notes 8,13 and 37)	(7,497,112)	3,233,277	(8,026,620)	(12,290,455)
Balance at end of year	83,523,538	117,553,349	55,359,319	256,436,206
Accumulated Depreciation				
Balance at beginning of year	-	27,258,780	-	27,258,780
Depreciation (Note 22)	-	4,052,276	-	4,052,276
Disposals	-	(3,892)		(3,892)
Foreign currency exchange differences	-	20,307	-	20,307
Balance at end of year	-	31,327,471	-	31,327,471
Accumulated impairment losses				
Balance at beginning and end of year	102,825	-	-	102,825
Net Book Value	₽83,420,713	₽86,225,878	₽55,359,319	₽225,005,910

Certain parcels of land are leased to several individuals and corporations. Some of the lease contracts provide, among others, that within a certain period from the expiration of the contracts, the lessee will have to demolish and remove any and all improvements (such as buildings) introduced or built within the leased properties. Otherwise, the lessor will cause the demolition and removal thereof and charge the cost to the lessee unless the lessor occupies and appropriates the same for its use and benefit.

Construction in progress pertain to buildings under construction to be leased as retail and office spaces upon completion.



The aggregate fair value of the Group's investment properties amounted to ₱495,845.1 million and ₱328,057.2 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The fair values of the investment properties were determined by independent professionally qualified appraisers.

The following table provides the fair value hierarchy of the Group's investment properties as of December 31, 2019 and 2018:

<u>2019</u>

			Fair value measurement using			
			Quoted prices	Significant	Significant	
			in active	observable	unobservable	
			markets	inputs	inputs	
	Date of Valuation	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
			(In Thous	sands)		
Land properties	Various	₽278,165,996	₽_	₽_	₽278,165,996	
Retail properties	Various	109,835,314	-	-	109,835,314	
Office properties	Various	106,628,343	-	-	106,628,343	
Hospital properties	Various	1,215,483	-	-	1,215,483	

2018

		Fair value measurement using			
			Quoted prices	Significant	Significant
			in active	observable	unobservable
			markets	inputs	inputs
	Date of Valuation	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
			(In Thous	ands)	
Land properties	Various	₽152,670,030	P-	₽_	₽152,670,030
Retail properties	Various	73,034,911	_	_	73,034,911
Office properties	Various	101,208,761	_	_	101,208,761
Hospital properties	Various	1,143,511	_	_	1,143,511

The values of the land were arrived using the Market Data Approach. Market Data Approach provides an indication of value by comparing the subject asset with identical or similar assets for which price information is available. This approach was used for the land as it is commonly used in the property market since inputs and data for this approach are available. For Market Data Approach, the higher the price per sqm., the higher the fair value.

The values of the buildings (retail, office, hospital) were arrived using the Income Approach. Income Approach provides an indication of value by converting future cash flow to a single current value. Under the income approach, the value of an asset is determined by reference to the value of income, cash flow or cost saving generated by the asset.

The significant unobservable inputs to valuation of investment properties ranges from ₱1,500-₱278,000 per sqm.

Interest capitalized amounted to ₱22.8 million, ₱19.0 million and ₱17.7 million in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The capitalization rates are 4.41%-7.00%, 2.00%-7.65% and 2.50%-4.75% in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively (see Note 16).

Consolidated rental income from investment properties amounted to ₱31,687.1 million, ₱28,522.4 million and ₱24,321.3 million in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively (see Note 20). Consolidated direct operating expenses arising from the investment properties in 2019, 2018 and 2017 amounted to ₱6,822.3 million, ₱5,906.2 million and ₱4,690.5 million, respectively (see Note 22).

Depreciation and amortization expense pertaining to investment properties amounted to ₱4,404.5 million, ₱4,052.3 million and ₱3,483.0 million in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively (see Note 22).



13. Property and Equipment

The rollforward analysis of this account as of December 31 follow:

<u>2019</u>

2015	Land, Buildings and Improvements	Machinery and Construction Equipment	Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Hotel Property and Equipment	Total
0 t			(In T	housands)		
Cost						
Balance at beginning of year	₽11,822,391	₽14,042,526	₽6,657,181	₽3,331,104	₽18,927,960	₽54,781,162
Additions	2,880,599	948,850	1,999,517	165,395	4,525,214	10,519,575
Disposals	(16,107)	(502,089)	(7,578)	(31,885)	-	(557,659)
Foreign currency exchange						
difference	(46,248)	(54,065)	(3,990)	(1,623)	-	(105,926)
Transfers (Notes 12 and 37)	(124,646)	-	-	-	596,297	471,651
Balance at end of year	14,515,989	14,435,222	8,645,130	3,462,991	24,049,471	65,108,803
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization						
Balance at beginning of year Depreciation and amortization	3,546,838	7,741,047	4,174,491	1,206,464	2,363,122	19,031,962
(Note 22)	954,929	1,553,999	550,519	275,265	516,270	3,850,982
Disposals	(20,903)	(421,333)	(9,090)	(22,371)	-	(473,697)
Foreign currency exchange						()))))
difference	(30,535)	896	9,247	4,873		(15,519)
Transfers	(39,392)	-	-	-	-	(39,392)
Others	(202,614)	(10,308)	(38,127)	(17,682)	(39,159)	(307,890)
Balance at end of year	4,208,323	8,864,301	4,687,040	1,446,549	2,840,233	22,046,446
Net Book Value	₽10,307,666	₽5,570,921	₽3,958,090	₽2,016,442	₽21,209,238	₽43,062,357

2018

<u></u>	Land,	Machinery and	Furniture,		Hotel	
	Buildings and	Construction	Fixtures and	Transportation	Property and	
	Improvements	Equipment	Equipment	Equipment	Equipment	Total
			(In Th	ousands)		
Cost						
Balance at beginning of year	₽8,015,559	₽12,550,628	₽6,605,459	₽3,160,878	₽13,992,854	₽44,325,378
Additions	2,533,458	772,825	61,284	236,897	395,951	4,000,415
Additions through business						
combination (Note 24)	3,078,371	1,356,321	128,848	35,883	-	4,599,423
Disposals	(2,023,545)	(1,268,959)	(261,752)	(176,768)	(361,870)	(4,092,894)
Foreign currency exchange						
difference	218,548	631,664	123,806	74,214	-	1,048,232
Transfers (Notes 12 and 37)	-	47	(464)	-	4,901,026	4,900,609
Balance at end of year	11,822,391	14,042,526	6,657,181	3,331,104	18,927,961	54,781,163
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization						
Balance at beginning of year Depreciation and amortization	2,911,988	6,090,829	3,729,850	780,804	2,287,820	15,801,291
(Note 22)	526,797	360,317	272,763	247,094	475,648	1,882,619
Disposals	(71,176)	(191,780)	(68,765)	(52,802)	(343,028)	(727,551)
Foreign currency exchange difference	93,903	292,142	123,806	75,295	-	585,146
Others	85,326	1,189,540	116,837	156,074	(57,318)	1,490,459
Balance at end of year	3,546,838	7,741,048	4,174,491	1,206,465	2,363,122	19,031,964
Net Book Value	₽8,275,553	₽6,301,478	₽2,482,690	₽2,124,639	₽16,564,839	₽35,749,200

The depreciation and amortization of property and equipment (included under various consolidated statements of income accounts) amounted to P3,851.0 million, P1,882.6 million and P1,517.6 million in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. No interest was capitalized in 2019 and 2018 (see Note 16).



14. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	2019	2018
	(In Thous	ands)
Advances to contractors and suppliers	₽13,664,137	₽9,355,940
Prepaid expenses	10,667,666	9,026,562
Leasehold rights	3,684,840	4,266,310
Deposits – others	2,452,299	2,134,677
Investment in bonds	2,309,867	-
Deferred input VAT	1,676,155	3,025,078
Net pension assets (Note 26)	74,332	62,065
Development rights	63,314	49,157
Others	287,867	584,208
	₽34,880,477	₽28,503,997

Advances to contractors and suppliers represents prepayments for the construction of investment properties and property and equipment.

Prepaid expenses consist of project costs incurred for unlaunched projects of the Group, advance rental payments and noncurrent prepaid management fees. This also includes the noncurrent portion of cost to obtain contracts (see Note 9) which includes prepaid commissions and advances to brokers, which amounted to P442.4 million and P261.0 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Leasehold rights consist of the following:

- Through the acquisition of ALLHC, ALI acquired leasehold rights arising from their lease agreement with Philippine National Railways (PNR) (see Note 33).
- TKPI's leasehold rights pertains to the right to use the property in Apulit Island located in Taytay, Palawan expiring on December 31, 2029.
- NTDCC's leasehold rights refer to development rights on an 8.3-hectare portion of the MRT Development Corporation, which is located on the North Triangle property, and enabled the Group to develop and construct a commercial center.

Movements of leasehold rights follow:

	2019	2018
	(In Tł	nousands)
As of January 1, 2019, as previously reported	₽4,266,310	₽4,463,861
Effect of adoption of PFRS 16	(397,778)	-
As of January 1, 2019, as restated	3,868,532	4,463,861
Amortization	(183,692)	(197,551)
Balance at end of year	₽3,684,840	₽4,266,310

Deposits - others pertain to various utility deposits and security deposits for leases.

Investment in bonds pertain to non-interest bearing bonds with a term of 36-months. The Group recorded the investment as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss. The fair value of the investment in bonds is determined using the binomial lattice approach. The fair value of the investment is categorized under Level 3.

Deferred input VAT pertains to unamortized VAT portion from purchases of capital goods.

Development rights pertain to the saleable and non-saleable development rights acquired by the Parent Company. The non-saleable portion is allocated to the gross floor area of a structure in a



particular lot that can be developed in the future. The development rights are capitalized as additional cost of the structure once the development commences.

Others pertain to prepayments for expenses that is amortized for more than one year. The noncurrent portion of cost to obtain contracts which includes prepaid commissions and advances to brokers amounted to P442.4 million and P261.0 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

15. Accounts and Other Payables

This account consists of:

	2019	2018
	(In Thou	isands)
Accounts payable	₽84,659,801	₽101,055,160
Taxes payable	22,488,327	20,101,227
Accrued project costs	18,269,215	18,072,293
Liability for purchased land	9,936,887	2,544,623
Accrued salaries and employee benefits	5,792,122	6,025,804
Retentions payable	4,094,175	4,372,925
Accrued professional and management fees	3,837,477	4,666,896
Accrued utilities	2,334,623	2,436,233
Interest payable	2,156,213	1,887,310
Accrued repairs and maintenance	1,902,797	2,667,501
Accrued advertising and promotions	1,317,500	1,266,336
Accrued rentals	1,082,496	870,599
Payable to related parties (Note 25)	1,034,283	702,189
Dividends payable	632,000	664,546
Development rights payment (DRP) obligation	_	236,362
Other accrued expenses	3,441,253	4,429,418
	₽162,979,169	₽171,999,422

Accounts payable and accrued expenses are noninterest-bearing and are normally settled on 30- to 60-day terms.

Taxes payable pertains to the Group's output VAT, expanded withholding tax, capital gains tax and fringe benefit tax.

Accrued project costs are billings not yet received from suppliers for direct materials, and services from subcontractors. These are accruals of project costs such as equipment charges, materials, labor, overhead, and provision for repairs and maintenance.

Liability for purchased land pertains to the current portion of unpaid unsubdivided land acquired payable during the year. These are normally payable in quarterly or annual installment payments or upon demand.

Retentions payable pertains to the amount withheld by the Group on contractor's billings to be released after the guarantee period, usually one (1) year after the completion of the project or upon demand. The retention serves as a security from the contractor should there be defects in the project.

DRP obligation pertains to the current portion of the liability arising from the assignment agreement between the Group and MRTDC of the latter's development rights (Notes 7 and 14). In consideration of the lease, the Group will be charged an annual rent related to the original DRP obligation on the MRTDC and 5% of the rental income from the Group's commercial center business. Of the 5% variable amount due, 2.42% shall be directly paid by the Group to the minority shareholders of Monumento Rail Transit Corporation, 28.47% shall be paid directly to Metro Global Holdings Corporation and the remaining 69.11% shall be applied against receivables. This amount has been



reclassified in line with the adoption of PFRS 16 (Note 2).

Other accrued expenses consist mainly of accruals from commissions, royalty, transportation and travel, janitorial and security, postal and communication and other expenses.

16. Short-term and Long-term Debts

The short-term debt amounting to ₱18,032.8 million and ₱14,386.7 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, represents both peso and foreign currency-denominated bank loans. Peso-denominated short-term loans had a weighted average cost of 4.98% and 5.00% per annum in 2019 and 2018.

In compliance with BSP rules on directors, officers, stockholders and related interests, certain shortterm and long-term debt with a carrying value of ₱24,416.9 million and ₱14,170.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 are secured by real estate mortgages dated September 2, 2014 and March 14, 2016 covering both land and building of the Greenbelt Mall. Net book value of the property amounted to ₱2,451.2 million and ₱2,618.9 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, which is accounted as part of the "Investment properties" account.

Long-term debt consists of:

	2019	2018	
	(In Thousands)		
Parent Company:			
Bonds:			
Due 2019	₽-	₽12,332,530	
Due 2020	4,000,000	4,000,000	
Due 2021	9,000,000	-	
Due 2022	12,650,000	12,650,000	
Due 2023	15,000,000	15,000,000	
Due 2024	18,000,000	15,000,000	
Due 2025	15,000,000	15,000,000	
Due 2026	16,000,000	8,000,000	
Due 2027	8,000,000	7,000,000	
Due 2028	10,000,000	10,000,000	
Due 2033	2,000,000	2,000,000	
Short-dated notes	-	7,100,000	
Fixed rate corporate notes (FXCNs)	5,710,000	5,770,000	
Php - denominated long-term loan	41,885,094	29,465,677	
US Dollar - denominated long-term loan	6,329,375		
	163,574,469	143,318,207	
Subsidiaries:			
Bonds	5,000,000	5,000,000	
Bank Ioans - Philippine Peso	24,046,410	20,350,585	
Bank loans - Malaysian Ringgit	4,875	3,385,586	
Fixed rate corporate notes	1,350,000	1,387,500	
	30,401,285	30,123,671	
	193,975,754	173,441,878	
Less unamortized transaction costs	911,703	729,756	
	193,064,051	172,712,122	
Less current portion	17,250,706	23,265,173	
	₽175,813,345	₽149,446,949	



			Principal	Carryin	a Valuo	
Year	Term	Interest	Amount	•	usands)	Features
Issued	(Years)	rate	(In thousands)	2019	2018	
2012	7.0	5.6250%	₽9,350,000	₽-	₽9,341,196	Fixed rate bond due 2019
2012	10.0	6.0000%	5,650,000	5,645,304	5,644,680	Fixed rate bond due 2022
2013	7.0	4.6250%	4,000,000	3,995,321	3,989,546	Fixed rate bond due 2020
2013	20.0	6.0000%	2,000,000	1,985,276	1,984,613	Fixed rate bond due 2033
2013	10.5	5.0000%	15,000,000	14,936,647	14,923,051	Fixed rate bond due 2024
2014	11.0	5.6250%	8,000,000	7,952,880	7,945,703	Fixed rate bond due 2025
2015	7.0	4.5000%	7,000,000	6,968,807	6,960,744	Fixed rate bond due 2022
2016	9.5	4.7500%	7,000,000	6,955,765	6,949,421	Fixed rate bond due 2025
2016	10.0	4.8500%	8,000,000	7,946,612	7,939,468	Fixed rate bond due 2026
2016	3.0	3.0000%	2,982,530	-	2,971,976	Homestarter Bond due 2019
2016	7.0	3.8915%	7,000,000	6,961,631	6,952,613	Fixed rate bond due 2023
2017	10.0	5.2624%	7,000,000	6,972,611	6,969,630	Fixed rate bond due 2027
2018	10.0	5.9203%	10,000,000	9,896,154	9,886,828	Fixed rate bond due 2028
2018	5.0	7.0239%	8,000,000	7,925,898	7,909,305	Fixed rate bond due 2023
2019	7.0	6.3690%	8,000,000	7,909,802	-	Fixed rate bond due 2026
2019	5.0	4.7580%	3,000,000	2,979,164	-	Fixed rate bond due 2024
2019	2.0	4.2463%	9,000,000	8,937,450	-	Fixed rate bond due 2021
2019	7.25	4.9899%	1,000,000	952,029	-	Fixed rate bond due 2027
Total				₽108,921,351	₽100,368,774	

<u>ALI Parent</u> Below is the summary of the outstanding Peso bonds issued by the Parent Company:

Philippine Rating Services Corporation (PhilRatings) rated the Parent Company's 2019 bond issue "PRS Aaa" with a stable outlook, and maintained the "PRS Aaa" rating with a stable outlook for all other outstanding bonds. PRS Aaa is the highest rating assigned by PhilRatings, indicating that obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is extremely strong and that that it has the smallest degree of investment risk. On the other hand, an Outlook is an indication as to the possible direction of any rating change within a one year period and serves as a further refinement to the assigned credit rating for the guidance of investors, regulators, and the general public. A Stable Outlook indicates that the rating is likely to be maintained or to remain unchanged in the next twelve months.

Philippine Peso 7-Year and 10-year Bonds due 2019 and 2022

In April 2012, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱15,000.0 million bonds, broken down into a ₱9,350.0 million bond due 2019 at a fixed rate equivalent to 5.6% p.a. and a ₱5,650.0 million bond due 2022 at a fixed rate equivalent to 6.0% p.a. PhilRatings assigned a PRS Aaa rating on the bonds indicating that it has the smallest degree of investment risk. Interest payments are protected by a large or by an exceptionally stable margin and principal is assured. While the various protective elements are likely to change, such changes as can be visualized are most unlikely to impair the fundamentally strong position of such issues. PRS Aaa is the highest credit rating possible on PhilRatings' rating scales for long-term issuances. The Parent Company fully paid the ₱9,350.0 million bond in April 2019.

Philippine Peso 5-year and 10-year and 6-month Bonds due 2024

In July 2013, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱15,000.0 million bonds due 2024 at a fixed rate equivalent to 5.0% p.a. Credit Rating and Investors Services Philippines, Inc. (CRISP) assigned a "AAA" on the bonds indicating that it has a minimal credit risk owing to the Company's capacity to repay its debt obligations. AAA is the highest rating assigned by CRISP. In 2019, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱3,000.0 million bonds due 2024 at a fixed rate equivalent to 4.758% p.a. under its new shelf registration. PhilRatings assigned a PRS Aaa rating on the bonds.

Philippine Peso 7-Year and 20-year Bonds due 2020 and 2033

In October 2013, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱6,000.0 million bonds, broken down into a ₱4,000.0 million bond due 2020 at a fixed rate equivalent to 4.6% p.a. and a ₱2,000.0 million bond due 2033 at a fixed rate equivalent to 6.0% p.a. CRISP assigned a "AAA" rating on the bonds indicating that it has a minimal credit risk owing to the Parent Company's capacity to repay its debt obligations. AAA is the highest rating assigned by CRISP.

Philippine Peso 11-year Bonds due 2025

In April 2014, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱8,000.0 million bonds due 2025 at a fixed rate equivalent to 5.6% p.a. The Bonds were assigned an issue credit rating of PRS Aaa, with a Stable Outlook, by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 7.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2022

In April 2015, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱7,000.0 million bonds due 2022 at a fixed rate equivalent to 4.5% p.a. The Bonds were assigned an issue credit rating of PRS Aaa, with a Stable Outlook, by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 9-year and 6-month Bonds due 2025

In April 2016, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱7,000.0 million bonds due 2025 at a fixed rate equivalent to 4.75% p.a. The Bonds is the second tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series under the Parent Company's ₱50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered in the SEC. The Bonds were assigned an issue credit rating of PRS Aaa, with a Stable Outlook, by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 7-year and 10-year Bonds due 2026

In March 2016, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱8,000.0 million bonds due 2026 at a fixed rate equivalent to 4.85% p.a. The Bonds is the first tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series under the Parent Company's ₱50,000 million Debt Securities Program registered in the SEC. The Bonds were assigned an issue credit rating of PRS Aaa, with a Stable Outlook, by PhilRatings. In May 2019, the Parent Company issued an ₱8,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2026 at a rate equivalent to 6.369% p.a. The Bonds represent the first tranche of debt securities issued under the Parent Company's new ₱50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC, and listed on the PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 3-Year Homestarter Bond due 2019 and 7-year Bonds due 2023

In October 2016, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱10,000.0 million bonds, broken down into a ₱3,000.0 million Homestarter bond due 2019 at a fixed rate of 3.0% p.a. and a ₱7,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2023 at a rate equivalent to 3.8915% p.a. The Bonds represent the first tranche of Homestarter Bonds series and the third tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series issued under the Parent Company's ₱50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC, and listed in the PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings. In 2017, the Parent Company paid ₱9.1 million as an early down payment of the outstanding 3-Year Homestarter Bond. In 2018, the Parent Company paid ₱8.4 million as an early down payment of the outstanding 3-Year Homestarter Bond. The Parent Company fully paid the remaining Homestarter Bond on October 21 and December 23, 2019.

Philippine Peso 7-year and 3-month and 10-year Bonds due 2027

In May 2017, the Parent Company issued a ₱7,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2027 at a rate equivalent to 5.2624% p.a. The Bonds represent the fourth tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series issued under the Parent Company's ₱50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC, and listed in PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings. In November 2019, the Parent Company issued a ₱1,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2027 at a rate equivalent to 4.9899 % p.a. This was the third tranche of bonds issued under the new ₱50,000.0 million shelf registration of the Parent Company. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 10-year Bonds due 2028

In April 2018, the Parent Company issued a ₱10,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2028 at a rate equivalent to 5.9203% p.a. and subject to repricing on 27 April 2023, the fifth anniversary of the Issue Date, at the higher of 5.9203% or the prevailing 5-year benchmark plus 75 bps. The Bonds represent the fifth tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series issued under the Parent Company's ₱50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC,and listed in the PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings.



Philippine Peso 5-year Bonds due 2023

In October 2018, the Parent Company issued a P8,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2023 at a rate equivalent to 7.0239% p.a. The Bonds represent the sixth and final tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series issued under the Parent Company's P50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC, and listed on the PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 2-year Bonds due 2021

In November 2019, the Parent Company issued a ₱9,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2021 at a rate equivalent to 4.2463% p.a. The Bonds form part of the third tranche of debt securities issued under the Parent Company's new ₱50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC, and listed on the PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 21-month Note due 2019

In July 2017, the Parent Company issued and listed on the PDEx a ₱4,300.0 million Corporate Note. This Note issue is an SEC-registration exempt transaction under Section 10.1(I) of the Securities Regulation Code (SRC) and Section 10.1.3 of the 2015 Implementing Rules and Regulations of the SRC. Thus, the Note was offered on a limited basis to juridical persons or entities who, at the point of offer or sale, were Qualified Buyers. The Notes bear a fixed interest rate of 2.75% p.a. The Parent Company fully paid the matured Corporate Notes in April 2019.

Philippine Peso 15-month Note due 2019

In November 2017, the Parent Company issued and listed on the PDEx Corp. a ₱3,100.0 million Corporate Note. This Note issue is an SEC-registration exempt transaction under Section 10.1(I) of the Securities Regulation Code (SRC) and Section 10.1.3 of the 2015 Implementing Rules and Regulations of the SRC. Thus, the Note was offered on a limited basis to juridical persons or entities who, at the point of offer or sale, were Qualified Buyers. The Notes bear a fixed interest rate of 3.25% p.a. The Parent Company fully paid the matured Corporate Notes in February 2019.

Philippine Peso 5-, 10-, 15-Year FXCN due on 2016, 2021 and 2026

In January 2011, the Parent Company issued ₱10,000.0 million FXCNs to various financial institutions and retail investors. The notes will mature on various dates up to 2026. The FXCNs bear fixed interest rates ranging from 5.6% to 7.5% p.a. depending on the term of the notes. The Company prepaid ₱1,950.0 million of notes due in 2016 on January 19, 2013. In 2014, the Parent Company paid ₱43.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In January 2016, the Parent Company paid ₱3,750 million notes for the matured portion of the loan. In 2017, the Parent Company paid ₱43.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In 2018, the Company prepaid ₱3,234.0 million notes and paid ₱10.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid ₱10.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid ₱10.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid ₱10.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid ₱10.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid ₱10.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid ₱10.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid ₱10.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid ₱10.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid ₱10.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid ₱10.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid ₱10.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid ₱10.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the remaining balance of the FXCN amounted to ₱960.0 million and ₱970.0 million, respectively.

Philippine Peso 10-year Note due 2023

In December 2012, the Parent Company executed a ₱5,000.0 million committed Corporate Note facility with a local bank, of which an initial ₱3,500.0 million was drawn in 2012. The balance of ₱1,500.0 million was subsequently drawn in January 2013. Notes currently bear a fixed interest rate of 4.5%. The Corporate Notes will mature on the third month succeeding the tenth anniversary of the initial drawdown date. In 2015, ₱50.0 million was prepaid by the Company. In 2016, another ₱50.0 million worth of amortization was paid by the Parent Company. In 2017, the Parent Company paid another amortization in the amount of ₱50.0 million. In 2018, another ₱50.0 million worth of amortization in the amount of ₱50.0 million. In 2018, another ₱50.0 million worth of amortization in the amount of ₱50.0 million. In 2018, the remaining balance of the note amounted to ₱4,750.0 million and ₱4,800.0 million, respectively.



Peso-denominated Long-term Loans

In August to September 2015, the Parent Company assumed an aggregate of ₱15,526.9 million various long-term facilities of some subsidiaries from various banks. The loans bear fixed interest rates ranging from 4.5% to 4.7% p.a. and terms ranging from 4.4 years to 10.5 years. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the remaining balance of the assumed long-term facilities amounted to ₱14,107.8 million and ₱14,503.2 million respectively.

In March 2017, the Company executed a ₱10,000.0 million long-term facility with a domestic bank, of which the Company had simultaneously drawn an initial ₱5,000.0 million. The loan carries a fixed interest rate of 4.949% p.a. and a term of 10 years. The balance of facility of ₱5,000.0 million was drawn in April 2017.

In March 2018, the Company executed a ₱5,000.0 million long-term facility with a domestic bank, of which the Company had simultaneously drawn the entire facility amount.

In March 2019, the Company executed a ₱13,000.0 million long-term facility with a domestic bank, of which the Company had simultaneously drawn an initial ₱6,500.0 million. The loan carries a fixed interest rate of 6.272% p.a. and a term of 10 years. The ₱6,500.0 million balance was drawn in April 2019 at an interest rate of 6.307% per annum.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, remaining aggregate balance of the Peso-denominated long-term loans amounted to ₽41,885.1 million and ₽29,465.7 million, respectively.

US Dollar-denominated Long-term Loans

In October 2012, the Parent Company executed and had fully drawn a US\$58.5 million long-term facility. The loan bears a floating interest rate based on a credit spread over the three-month US Dollar London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), repriceable quarterly. The loan will mature on the third month succeeding the tenth anniversary of the initial drawdown date. In January 2014 and October 2015, the Company made partial prepayments on the loan in the amount of US\$5.8 million and US\$12.8 million, respectively.

Subsequently in March 2016, a US\$30.0 million long-term facility was assigned by ALI Makati Hotel Property, Inc. to the Parent Company. The assigned loan bears a floating interest rate based on a credit spread over the three-month US Dollar London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), repriceable quarterly and had a remaining term of 3 years and 4 months from the time of assignment. The Parent Company fully paid the remaining dollar-denominated loans on December 20, 2018

In November 2019, the Parent Company executed and had simultaneously drawn a US\$125.0 million long-term facility. The loan bears a floating interest rate based on a credit spread over the three-month US Dollar London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), repriceable quarterly. The proceeds were onlent to MCT to refinance its existing loans. The loan will mature on the fifth anniversary of the initial drawdown date.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the remaining aggregate balance of US Dollar-denominated long term loans amounted to ₱6,329.4 million and nil, respectively.

Subsidiaries

The subsidiaries' loans will mature on various dates up to 2028. Peso-denominated loans bear various floating interest rates at 60 bps to 80 bps spread over the benchmark 91-day PDST-R2 or and fixed interest rates ranging from 3.89% to 3.92% p.a. Certain loans which are subject to floating interest rates are subject to floor floating interest rates equivalent to (i) 95.0% or par of the Overnight Reverse Repurchase Agreement Rate of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP Overnight Rate) or (ii) the BSP Overnight Rate plus a spread of 20 bps to 75 bps p.a. or (iii) the average of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas Overnight Deposit Rate and Term Deposit Facility with a term closed to the 90-day interest period. The total outstanding balance of the subsidiaries' loans as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 amounted to ₱25,401.29 million and ₱25,123.67 million loans, respectively.



Philippine Peso 5.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2021

In June 2014, Cebu Holdings, Inc. issued a total of ₱5,000.0 million bonds due 2021 at a fixed rate equivalent to 5.3% p.a. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa by PhilRatings, indicating that obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is extremely strong.

The loan agreements contain some or all of the following restrictions: material changes in nature of business; maintenance of debt-to-equity ratio; payment of dividends and additional loans maturing beyond a year which will result in a violation of the required debt-to-equity ratios; merger or consolidation where the Company/subsidiary is not the surviving corporation; guarantees or advances; encumbrance for borrowed money; and sale of substantially all assets. These restrictions and requirements were complied with by the Group as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Interest capitalized amounted to ₱145.5 million and ₱196.2 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively. The capitalization rates are 4.41%-7.01% in 2019 and 2%-7.65% in 2018 (see Notes 8 and 12).

Transaction costs capitalized amounted to ₱333.8 million and ₱251.4 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively. Amortization amounted to ₱151.9 million and ₱178.2 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively, and included under "Interest and other financing charges" (see Note 22).

17. Deposits and Other Current Liabilities

This account consists of:

	2019	2018 (As restated - see Note 2)	
	(In T	housands)	
Current portion of customers' deposits	₽20,487,113	₽21,874,681	
Security deposits	4,642,202	5,544,289	
Others	343,266	1,125,576	
	₽25,472,581	₽28,544,546	

Customers' deposits consist of collections from real estate customers which have not reached the 10% threshold to qualify for revenue recognition and excess of collections over the recognized receivables based on percentage of completion.

The amount of revenue recognized from amounts included in customers' deposits at the beginning of the year amounted to ₱22,826.6 million and ₱11,479.4 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Security deposits are equivalent to three (3) to six (6) months' rent of tenants with cancellable lease contracts and whose lease term will end in the succeeding year. This will be refunded to the lessees at the end of the lease term or be applied to the last months' rentals on the related contracts.

Other current liabilities mostly pertain to estimated liability on property development and unearned income.



18. Deposits and Other Noncurrent Liabilities

This account consists of:

		2018
		(As restated -
	2019	see Note 2)
	(In T	housands)
Deposits	₽13,646,810	₽18,844,346
Customers' deposit - noncurrent portion	8,809,357	8,630,235
Retentions payable	6,752,120	5,722,577
Contractors payable	6,595,611	7,264,642
Liability for purchased land	5,341,766	6,019,262
Deferred output VAT	1,721,402	1,923,754
Subscriptions payable	498,175	498,175
DRP obligation	-	1,001,146
Other liabilities	638,395	1,018,769
	₽44,003,636	₽50,922,906

Deposits include security deposits from tenants of retail and office spaces and deferred credits arising from sale of real estate properties. Security deposits are equivalent to three (3) to six (6) months' rent of long-term tenants with noncancellable leases. This will be refunded to the lessees at the end of the lease term or be applied to the last months' rentals on the related contracts. Deferred credits pertain to advances from buyers of real estate properties to cover various processing fees including, but not limited to, fees related to transfer of title such as registration fees, documentary taxes and transfer taxes. Payments made by the Group for the processing of title are charged to this account.

Customers' deposits consist of excess of collections over the recognized receivables based on percentage of completion.

Retentions payable pertains to the amount withheld by the Group on contractor's billings to be released after the guarantee period, usually one (1) year after the completion of the project or upon demand. The retention serves as a security from the contractor when there are claims for defects in projects requiring rework.

Contractors payable represents accrued costs incurred for property development that are not yet billed.

Liability for purchased land pertains to the portion of unpaid unsubdivided land acquired during the year. These are normally payable in quarterly or annual installment payments within three (3) or five (5) years.

Deferred output VAT pertains to output VAT on receivables for which sales recognition has been deferred based on sales collection threshold for VAT recognition purposes.

The Group's subscription payable pertains to ALLHC's investment in Cyber Bay.

On April 25, 1995, Central Bay, a wholly owned subsidiary of Cyber Bay, entered into a Joint Venture Agreement with the Philippine Reclamation Authority (PRA; formerly Public Estates Authority) for the complete and entire reclamation and horizontal development of a portion of the Manila-Cavite Coastal Road and Reclamation Project (the Project) consisting of three partially reclaimed and substantially eroded islands (the Three Islands) along Emilio Aguinaldo Boulevard in Parañaque and Las Piñas, Metro Manila with a combined total area of 157.8 hectares, another area of 242.2 hectares contiguous to the Three Islands and, at Central Bay's option as approved by the PRA, an additional 350 hectares more or less to regularize the configuration of the reclaimed area.



On March 30, 1999, the PRA and Central Bay executed an Amended Joint Venture Agreement (AJVA) to enhance the Philippine Government's share and benefits from the Project which was approved by the Office of the President of the Philippines on May 28, 1999.

On July 9, 2002, the Supreme Court (SC) (in the case entitled "Francisco Chavez vs. Amari Coastal Bay and Reclamation Corp.") issued a ruling declaring the AJVA null and void. Accordingly, PRA and Central Bay were permanently enjoined from implementing the AJVA.

On July 26, 2002, Central Bay filed a Motion for Reconsideration (MR) of said SC decision. On May 6, 2003, the SC En Banc denied with finality Central Bay's MR. On May 15, 2003, Central Bay filed a Motion for Leave to Admit Second MR. In an En Banc Resolution of the SC dated July 8, 2003, the SC resolved to admit the Second MR of Central Bay.

On November 11, 2003, the SC rendered a 7-7 split decision on Central Bay's Second MR. Because of the new issues raised in the SC's latest resolution that were never tried or heard in the case, Central Bay was constrained to file on December 5, 2003 a Motion for Re-deliberation of the SC's latest resolution which motion was denied with finality by the SC.

With the nullification of the AJVA, Central Bay has suspended all Project operations. On August 10, 2007, in view of the failure by the PRA to comply with its obligations and representations under the AJVA, Cyber Bay and Central Bay have filed their claims for reimbursement of Project expenses in the amount of ₱10,200.0 million with the PRA. Cyber Bay and Central Bay provided the PRA with the summary and details of their claims on September 5, 2007. On July 15, 2008, Cyber Bay sent a follow-up letter to the PRA. The PRA, in its letter dated July 18, 2008, informed Cyber Bay that its claim is still being evaluated by the PRA. As of 2019, the claim is still being evaluated by the PRA.

As at December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Group has unpaid subscription in Cyber Bay amounting to ₽481.7 million. The investment in Cyber Bay under "financial assets through FVOCI" amounted to ₽513.6 million and ₽548.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively (see Note 10).

DRP obligation pertains to the liability arising from the assignment agreement between NTDCC and MRTDC of the latter's development rights (see Note 35). In consideration of the lease, NTDCC will be charged an annual rent related to the original DRP obligation on the MRTDC and 5% of the rental income from NTDCC's commercial center business. This amount has been reclassified in line with the adoption of PFRS 16 (Note 2)

Other liabilities include nontrade payables, accrued payables and warranty payables.

19. Equity

The details of the number of shares follow:

December 31, 2019

	Number of Shares		Amount	
	Preferred	Common	Preferred	Common
	(In Thousands)			
Authorized	15,000,000	20,000,000	₽1,500,000	₽20,000,000
Issued	13,066,495	14,632,062	₽1,306,649	₽14,632,062
Subscribed	-	113,273	-	113,273
Issued and outstanding	13,066,495	14,745,335	₽1,306,649	₽14,745,335



December 31, 2018

	Number of	Number of Shares		Amount	
	Preferred	Common	Preferred	Common	
		(In Thousands)			
Authorized	15,000,000	20,000,000	₽1,500,000	₽20,000,000	
Issued	13,066,495	14,614,387	₽1,306,649	₽14,614,387	
Subscribed	-	120,494	-	120,494	
Issued and outstanding	13,066,495	14,734,881	₽1,306,649	₽14,734,881	

Preferred Shares (P0.10 par value per share)

The Parent Company's preferred shares prior to 2012 were subscribed and issued through a stock rights offer with the following features: (a) non-voting; (b) dividend rate of 4.6% p.a., payable annually, noncumulative; (c) nonparticipating; (d) convertible at the option of the holder at a ratio of one (1) preferred share to one (1) common share commencing on the 10th year from issue date at an exercise price equivalent to the higher of (i) the 30-day average closing price or (ii) closing price of common shares immediately preceding the exercise date, less the par value of the preferred shares; (e) no pre-emptive rights; (f) non-redeemable; (g) non-listed; and, (h) preferred in liquidation to the extent of par value.

The dividends for preferred shares are declared upon the sole discretion of the Parent Company's BOD.

On February 20, 2012, the BOD approved the following restructuring exercise in order to comply with the regulatory requirement on Filipino-ownership following the Supreme Court's ruling that nonvoting shares do not count as equity when computing for a Parent Company's Filipino-ownership level:

- a. Redemption and retirement of the 13.0 billion outstanding preferred shares with par value of ₽0.10.
- b. Reclassification of the 1,970.0 million unissued preferred shares to voting preferred shares through an amendment of Article Seventh of the Articles of Incorporation.
- c. Increase in authorized capital stock by ₱1,300.0 million creating new voting preferred shares and a stock rights offer of 13,000 million voting preferred shares from the increase in the authorized capital stock.

On April 18, 2012, the stockholders ratified the BOD resolution on the capital restructuring. The voting preferred shares shall have the following features, rights, and privileges: (a) voting; (b) dividend rate of 4.7% per annum, equivalent to 90.0% of the 10-year PDST R2 (repriced every ten (10) years from issue date), payable annually, non-cumulative; (c) convertible at the option of the holder at a ratio of one (1) voting preferred share to one (1) common share commencing on the 10th year from issue date at an exercise price equivalent to the higher of (i) the 30-day average closing price or (ii) closing price of common shares immediately preceding the exercise date, less the par value of the preferred shares; (d) no pre-emptive rights; (e) redeemable at par at the sole option of the corporation; (f) non-listed; and, (g) preferred in liquidation to the extent of par value. The SEC approved on January 31, 2013 the following:

- a. The decrease in authorized capital stock by ₱1,303.5 million, the aggregate par value of the 13,034.6 million preferred shares which have been redeemed and retired, from ₱22,803.5 million to ₱21,500.0 million, and
- b. The amendments to Articles of Incorporation reflecting the decrease in capital stock.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Parent Company's authorized and outstanding preferred shares amounted to ₱1,500.0 million and ₱1,306.6 million, respectively.



Common Shares (₱1.00 par value per share)

On April 7, 2014, the stockholders resolved to approve the amendment of the Seventh Article of the Articles of Incorporation exempting from pre-emptive rights (1) the issuance of 1 billion common shares for properties or assets needed for the business of the Parent Company or for cash to acquire properties or assets needed for the business of the Parent Company or in payment of a debt contracted prior to the issuance of such shares, and (2) the issuance of common shares covered by the Parent Company's Stock Option Plans for members of the management committees of the Parent Company's subsidiaries or affiliates.

Likewise, the stockholders resolved to approve the amendment of the Stock Option Plan of the Parent Company to include the members of the Management Committees of the Parent Company's subsidiaries and affiliates as eligible grantees of stock options.

	Number of	Shares	Amo	ount
	2019	2018	2019	2018
		(In Thou	sands)	
Issued capital stock				
At beginning of year	14,614,387	14,606,355	₽14,614,387	₽14,606,355
Issued shares	17,675	8,032	17,675	8,032
At end of year	14,632,062	14,614,387	14,632,062	14,614,387
Subscribed capital stock				
At beginning of year	120,494	118,592	120,494	118,592
Issued shares	(17,675)	(8,032)	(17,675)	(8,032)
Additional subscriptions	10,454	9,934	10,454	9,934
At end of year	113,273	120,494	113,273	120,494
	14,745,335	14,734,881	₽14,745,335	₽14,734,881

The rollforward analysis of the outstanding common shares follows:

No transfer of stock or interest which will reduce the ownership of Filipino citizens to less than the required percentage of the capital stock as provided by existing laws shall be allowed or permitted to be recorded in the books of the Parent Company.

On January 9, 2015, the Executive Committee of the Parent Company approved a top-up placement of 484,848,500 common shares of the Parent Company at a price of **P**33.00 per share. The placement was conducted via an accelerated bookbuilt offering structured as a top-up placement, whereby AC sold 484,848,500 listed common shares of stock to qualified third party buyers and subscribe to the same number of new shares from the Parent Company. The Parent Company completed the placement on January 12, 2015, raising an aggregate of **P**16,000.0 million in paid-up capital. The price was at 3.9% discount on the 5-day volume-weighted average price of ALI shares. Transaction cost charged to additional paid-in capital amounted to **P**194.0 million.

On April 13, 2013, the stockholders resolved to approve the amendment of the Seventh Article of the Company's Articles of Incorporation for the purpose of excluding or exempting treasury shares from the pre-emptive rights of stockholders.

On March 6, 2013, the Parent Company's Board resolved to approve the placement made by AC of its existing 320,000,000 listed common shares of the Company to certain qualified third party buyers or investors at ₱30.50 per share. The Parent Company completed the top-up placement, raising an aggregate of ₱12,200.0 million in paid up capital. The price was at 3.6% discount on the 5-day volume-weighted average price of ALI shares. Transaction cost charged to additional paid-in capital amounted to ₱162.4 million.

On July 10, 2012, the Parent Company's executive committee approved the placement of 680 million listed common shares of stock with par value of ₱1.00 per share, at a price of ₱20.00 per share, and the issuance of equal number of new shares of the Parent Company, at the same price of ₱20.00 per share, with AC as the seller of the placement tranche and subscriber of the subscription tranche. The



Parent Company completed the top-up placement, raising an aggregate of ₱13,600 million in paid up capital. The price was at 5.0% discount to the closing price. Transaction cost charged to additional paid-in capital amounted to ₱200.0 million.

On April 2, 2008, the Parent Company's stockholders approved the allotment and subsequent issuance of the shares for the above-mentioned purposes and for the further amendment of the Amended Articles of Incorporation of the Parent Company to exclude the issuance of shares from the pre-emptive rights of the stockholders pursuant to Section 39 of the Philippine Corporation Code.

On February 12, 2008, the BOD approved the allotment and subsequent issuance of up to 1 billion common shares of stock with an aggregate par value of ₱1,000.0 million for the purpose of exchanging such shares for properties or assets and/or to raise funds to acquire properties or assets needed for the business of the Parent Company via issuance of equity or equity-linked instruments, the price and the terms and conditions of which shall be determined by the BOD based on prevailing market conditions or on agreements negotiated.

On July 5, 1991, the Parent Company launched its initial public offering where a total of 400 million common shares were offered at an offering price of ₱26.00 per share. The registration statement was approved on July 20, 1992. The Parent Company has 9,009 and 9,102 existing shareholders as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Treasury Shares

On March 5, 2019, the Parent Company purchased a total of 10,372,746 of its common shares at P43.20 per share through open market purchases using the trading facilities of the Philippine Stock Exchange for a total purchase price of P448.10 million in relation to its share buyback program. On November 26, 2019, the Parent Company also acquired a total of 15,000,000 of its common shares at P43.75 per share for a total purchase price of P656.25 million.

The amendment of the Articles of Incorporation on April 17, 2013 allowed the re-selling of the 79,528,299 listed common shares as part of the top-up placement transaction completed in July 2013. Treasury common shares were sold at ₱30.50 per share resulting to additional paid-in capital of ₱1,601.6 million.

On July 16, 2012, the Parent Company redeemed the 13.0 billion outstanding non-voting preferred shares through payment of the redemption price of P0.10 per share. As of December 31, 2012, the redeemed preferred shares were treated as treasury shares and were subsequently retired upon approval of the Parent Company's SEC application for the decrease in authorized capital stock on January 31, 2013.

On August 12, 2008, the BOD approved a share buyback program. It is part of the Parent Company's balance sheet management program and aims to (i) improve the Parent Company's balance sheet structure and capital efficiency and (ii) enhance shareholder value through the repurchase of shares whenever the stock is trading at a price discount perceived by the Parent Company as not reflective of its fair corporate value.

In 2008, the Parent Company repurchased a total of 79,528,228 of its common shares through open market purchases using the trading facilities of the Philippine Stock Exchange for a total purchase price of ₱823.9 million in relation to its share buyback program.

Retained Earnings

The BOD approved the declaration and payment from unappropriated retained earnings of cash dividends of ₱0.52, ₱0.51 and ₱0.48 per share in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively, to all issued and outstanding shares.

On February 27, 2019, the BOD approved the declaration of cash dividends amounting to ₱0.26 per outstanding common share and was paid on March 29, 2019 to the shareholders on record as of March 13, 2019.



On May 27, 2019, the BOD declared annual cash dividends of 4.7% per year or ₱0.0047 per share to all shareholders of the Parent Company's unlisted voting preferred shares. These were paid on June 21, 2019 to the shareholders on record as of June 7, 2019.

On October 31, 2019, the BOD approved the declaration of cash dividends amounting to ₱0.26 per outstanding common share and was paid on November 29, 2019 to the shareholders on record as of November 15, 2019.

On February 20, 2018, the BOD approved the declaration of cash dividends amounting to ₱0.252 per outstanding common share and was paid out on April 3, 2018 to the shareholders on record as of March 12, 2018. Further, on the same date, the BOD declared annual cash dividends of 4.8% per year or ₱0.0047 per share to all shareholders of the Parent Company's unlisted voting preferred shares. These were paid on June 29, 2018 to the shareholders on record as of June 15, 2018.

On August 17, 2018, the BOD approved the declaration and payment from unappropriated retained earnings of cash dividends of ₱0.252 per share. The cash dividend was paid out on October 2, 2018 to stockholders of common shares on record as of September 6, 2018.

On February 20, 2017, the BOD approved the declaration of cash dividends amounting to ₱0.24 per outstanding common share and was paid out on March 22, 2017 to the shareholders on record as of March 6, 2017. Further, on the same date, the BOD declared annual cash dividends of 4.8% per year or ₱0.0047 per share to all shareholders of the Parent Company's unlisted voting preferred shares. These were paid on June 29, 2017 to the shareholders on record as of June 15, 2017.

On August 18, 2017, the BOD approved the declaration and payment from unappropriated retained earnings of cash dividends of ₱0.24 per share. The cash dividend was paid out on September 15, 2017 to stockholders of common shares on record as of September 5, 2017.

Total dividends for common shares declared for 2019, 2018 and 2017 amounted to ₱7,659.5 million, ₱7,423.9 million and ₱7,065.0 million, respectively. Total dividends for preferred shares declared for 2019, 2018 and 2017 amounted to ₱62.0 million each year.

Retained earnings of P8,000.0 million are appropriated for future expansion. The increase of P2,000.0 million in 2016 represents a continuing appropriation for land banking activities and planned building construction projects. Each year, the Parent Company incurs capital expenditures for property development which include among others land banking and building construction projects. The appropriation is being fully utilized to cover part of the annual expenditure requirement of the Parent Company.

The Parent Company has earmarked additional funds for expansion projects in the residential, shopping centers, office and hotel business segments, as well as various infrastructure projects for the Parent Company's mixed-use developments.

The following are among the major capital expenditures of the Parent Company which were approved by the BOD:

- a) Ayala Triangle Garden 2 with product offering for a Triple A HQ Office Building, a 5-Star Hotel and 3-level Retail Podium with gardens and civic spaces which was approved by the Board on May 29, 2015. The project was launched in June 2015 and expected to be completed in 2020.
- b) Ayala Center Redevelopment which will offer intermodal transport facility, a 5-storey regional mall, 2 BPO towers, a SEDA hotel and a 300-units residential for lease was approved by the Board on November 27, 2015. The project was launched in January 2016 and expected to be completed in 2021.



Retained earnings also include undistributed net earnings amounting to ₱72,669.7 million and ₱46,486.7 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, representing accumulated equity in the net earnings of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures. These are not available for dividend distribution unless declared by subsidiaries and other investees.

In accordance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 11 issued in December 2008, the Parent Company's retained earnings available for dividend declaration as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 amounted to P58.1 billion and P52.7 billion, respectively.

Retained earnings are further restricted for the payment of dividends to the extent of the cost of treasury shares.

Cumulative Translation Adjustment

The cumulative translation adjustments represents exchange differences arising from the translation of financial statements of the foreign operations, whose functional currency is other than Philippine Peso.

Equity Reserves

In September 2019, ALI purchased additional 648,177 shares of VPHI for ₱799.42 million increasing the Parent Company's ownership to 78.41%.

On April 17, 2019 ALI acquired additional 14,913,200 common shares of CHI through open market purchases using the trading facilities of the Philippine Stock Exchange totaling ₱88.7 million resulting in ALI's ownership from 70.4% to 71.1%.

On April 30, 2018, ALI and ALLHC executed a Deed of Exchange where ALI will subscribe to 1,225,370,620 common shares of ALLHC for an aggregate subscription price of ₱3.0 billion in exchange for 30,186 common shares of LTI. The subscription and exchange shall be subject to and deemed effective only upon the issuance by the SEC of the confirmation of valuation of the shares. The SEC issued its approval on February 28, 2019. This increased ALI's ownership to 69.50%. This resulted in an decrease in equity reserve amounting to ₱664.9 million.

On February 4, 2019, The Executive Committee of Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) approved the purchase of a 20% equity interest owned by Mitsubishi Corporation in Laguna Technopark, Inc. (LTI), equivalent to 8,051 common shares, with a total value of ₱800 million. Subsequently, ALI will exchange the 20% equity interest in LTI for additional shares of stock in Prime Orion Philippines, Inc. (POPI), equivalent to 323,886,640 common shares, subject to conditions to be fulfilled by POPI. On May 10, 2019, Prime Orion Philippines, Inc., changed its corporate name to Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. (ALLHC). On June 10, 2019, ALI sold its 20% equity interest or 8,051 common shares in LTI to ALLHC for a consideration of ₱800 million resulting to increase in ALI's ownership from 69.5% to 70.36%.

On September 9, 2019, OLI sold through a special block sale, 215,090,031 common shares of ALLHC to Avida Land Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of ALI, for a total consideration of ₱628.1 million. Subsequently, these shares were acquired by ALI through a special block sale for a total consideration of ₱628.1 million. This resulted to ALI's effective ownership in ALLHC from 70.36% to 71.46%.



The transactions were accounted for as an equity transaction since there were no changes in control. The movements within equity are accounted for as follows:

		2019	
			Difference
		Carrying value of	recognized within
		Non-controlling	Equity as Equity
	Consideration paid	interests acquired	Reserve
		(In Thousands)	
8.41% in VPHI	₽799,420	₽68,916	₽730,504
0.69% in CHI	88,734	73,977	14,757
0.86% in ALLHC	800,000	825,447	(25,447)
1.10% in ALLHC	628,100	1,033,335	(405,235)
	₽2,316,254	₽2,001,675	₽314,579

In January 2018, ALI purchased additional 202,774,547 shares of ALLHC from Genez Investment Corporation for ₱497.7 million increasing the Parent Company's ownership from 62.9% to 67%.

In December 2018, ALI acquired 8,051 common shares of LTI for ₱800.0 million increasing its ownership from 75% to 95%.

In 2018, ALI acquired additional 59,631,200 common shares of CHI totaling to ₱352.8 million. Further, an additional 77,742,516 shares was acquired as a result of swap of CPVDC shares for a total consideration of ₱229.3 million which brings Parent Company's ownership to 70.4%.

In March 2018, the Irredeemable Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock of Dato Sri Tong and Tan Sri Barry Go, founders of MCT, were converted into 122,218,357 shares. This resulted in a 6.07% dilution of ALI's stake in MCT as of date of share issuance. As such, the current ownership stake of ALI in MCT is 66.25%. This resulted in an increase in Equity reserve amounting to ₱1,044.5 million.

The transactions were accounted for as an equity transaction since there were no changes in control. The movements within equity are accounted for as follows:

		2018	
			Difference
		Carrying value of	recognized within
		Non-controlling	Equity as Equity
	Consideration paid	interests acquired	Reserve
		(In Thousands)	
4.14% in ALLHC	₽497,652	₽315,951	₽181,701
20.00% in LTI	800,000	528,295	271,705
1.53% net reduction in CHI	582,106	826,752	(244,646)
	₽1,879,758	₽1,670,998	₽208,760

In 2017, ALI purchased additional 97,763,900 common shares of CHI from BPI Securities Corporation totaling ₱575.0 million which increased the Company's ownership to 72% of the total outstanding capital stock of CHI.

In February 2017, ALI purchased additional 631,000 common shares of ALLHC from BPI Securities Corporation for ₱1.26 million. ALI's interest remains at 51% of the total ALLHC's outstanding capital stock.

In June 2017, Orion Land, Inc. (OLI), a subsidiary of ALLHC, acquired 512,480,671 common shares equivalent to 11.69% ownership at ₱2.45 share amounting to ₱1,255.58 million. The acquisition of ALLHC shares by OLI was treated as an acquisition of non-controlling interest resulting to a debit to equity reserve of ₱405.18 million. This increased ALI's effective ownership from 51.36% to 63.05%.



The transactions were accounted for as an equity transaction since there were no change in control. The movements within equity are accounted for as follows:

			Difference
		Carrying value of	recognized within
		Non-controlling	Equity as Equity
	Consideration paid	interests acquired	Reserve
		(In Thousands)	
5.09% in CHI	₽574,994	₽394,907	₽180,087
11.69% in ALLHC	1,258,579	852,656	405,923
	₽1,833,573	₽1,247,563	₽586,010

In August 2017, AHRC entered into a memorandum of agreement with Sicogon Development Corporation (SIDECO) and an individual to develop Sicogon Island into a new leisure destination. The investment of SIDECO and an individual to SITEC changed the ownership interest of AHRC in SITEC from 100% to 77% without a loss of control. The difference between the amount by which noncontrolling interest of 23% are adjusted and the fair value of consideration paid is recognized directly to equity amounting to ₱134.1 million.

Below are several acquisitions of shares in existing subsdiaries in 2013 up to 2016 that resulted to equity reserves. Details follow:

		ving value of Non- Differ ntrolling interests within acquired	
		(In Thousands)	
2016 10.5% in CHI	₽1,209,784	₽748,746	₽461,038
2015			
6.7% in CHI	₽649,927	₽434,074	₽215,853
9.4% in NTDCC	778,356	174,770	603,586
1.9% in API	58,157	45,540	12,617
	₽1,486,440	₽654,384	₽832,056
2013			
6.7% in CHI	₽3,520,000	₽797,411	₽2,722,589
9.4% in NTDCC	2,000,000	1,413,960	586,040
	₽5,520,000	₽2,211,371	₽3,308,629

Non-controlling interests

The Parent Company considers a subsidiary as a subsidiary with material NCI, an associate and a joint venture with material interest if its net assets exceed 5% of its total consolidated net assets of the Group as of reporting period and considers the relevance of the nature of activities of the subsidiary compared to other operations of the Group. There are no significant restrictions on the Parent Company's ability to use assets and settle liabilities of the Group. The financial information on the Company's significant subsidiaries with material NCI follows:

CHI and Subsidiaries

CHI, a publicly-listed company, was incorporated in the Republic of the Philippines. It is engaged in real estate development, sale of subdivided land, residential and office condominium units, sports club shares, and lease of commercial spaces. The registered office address of CHI is at 20F ACC Tower, Bohol St., Cebu Business Park, Cebu City, Philippines.

	2019	2018
	(In Thousands, ex	(cept for %)
Proportion of equity interests held by non-controlling		
interests	28.9%	29.6%
Accumulated balances of material non-controlling interests	₽2,315,716	₽3,543,749
Net income allocated to material non-controlling interests Comprehensive income allocated to material non-	478,743	291,009
controlling interests	478,743	302,984



The summarized financial information of CHI is provided below. This information is based on amounts before inter-company eliminations.

	2019	2018
	(In Tho	usands)
Statements of financial position		
Current assets	₽4,295,804	₽3,598,044
Noncurrent assets	24,946,742	22,743,784
Current liabilities	(10,240,011)	(9,455,296)
Noncurrent liabilities	(6,877,676)	(6,816,128)
Total equity	12,124,859	10,070,404
Attributable to:	0 404 700	0 070 005
Equity holders of CHI	9,401,730	8,073,365
Non-controlling interests	2,723,129	1,997,039
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	-	—
	For the years ended	l December 31
	2019	2018
	(In Tho	usands)
Statements of comprehensive income		
Revenue	₽4,797,053	₽3,721,840
Cost and expenses	(2,631,960)	(2,479,081)
Income before income tax	2,165,093	1,242,759
Provision for income tax	(495,612)	(272,729)
Income from operations	1,669,481	970,030
Other comprehensive income	5,266	39,917
Total comprehensive income	1,674,747	1,009,947
Attributable to:		
Equity holders of CHI	₽1,662,834	₽897,028
Non-controlling interests	11,913	112,919
	For the years ended	December 31
	2019	2018
	(In Tho	usands)
Statements of cash flows		
Operating activities	₽2,559,418	₽5,661,910
Investing activities	(2,800,650)	(5,231,452)
Financing activities	329,653	(382,782)
Effect of exchange rate changes	207	59
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	₽88,628	₽47,735

The fair value of the investment in CHI amounted to ₱9,971.1 million and ₱9,722.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

ALLHC and Subsidiaries

ALLHC was incorporated in the Republic of the Philippines. It is engaged in real estate and property development, manufacturing and retailing/distribution, non-life insurance and other allied services, organized under a number of intermediate holding companies. The Company wholly owns Tutuban Properties, Inc., which holds the lease and development rights over Tutuban Center in downtown Divisoria.



	2019	2018
	(In Thousands, exe	cept for %)
Proportion of equity interests held by non-controlling interests	29.1%	33%
Accumulated balances of material non-controlling interests	₽3,924,400	₽3,970,448
Net income allocated to material non-controlling interests	215,944	182,279
Comprehensive income allocated to material non- controlling interests	215,944	182,279

The summarized financial information of ALLHC is provided below. This information is based on amounts before inter-company eliminations (In Thousands).

	December 31,	December 31,
	2019	2018
Statements of financial position		
Current assets	₽6,661,508	₽5,219,448
Noncurrent assets	12,684,534	7,738,121
Current liabilities	(5,542,833)	(2,045,059)
Noncurrent liabilities	(2,625,391)	(1,038,260)
Total equity	11,177,818	9,874,250
Attributable to:		
Equity holders of ALLHC	₽11,056,221	₽9,245,493
Non-controlling interests	121,597	628,757
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		_

	For the years ended December 31	
	2019	2018
Statements of comprehensive income		
Revenue	₽5,345,981	₽3,480,091
Cost and expenses	(4,584,689)	(2,773,181)
Income before income tax	761,292	706,910
Provision for income tax	(119,873)	(152,195)
Income from operations	641,419	554,715
Other comprehensive income	_	_
Total comprehensive income	641,419	554,715
Attributable to:		
Equity holders of ALLHC	₽595,838	₽441,907
Non-controlling interests	45,581	112,808
Statements of cash flows		
Operating activities	₽546,946	₽538,031
Investing activities	(2,919,486)	(746,879)
Financing activities	2,311,988	217,512
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(₽60,552)	(₽8,664)

The fair value of the investment in ALLHC amounted to ₱13,135.2 million and ₱6,407.1 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management policy is to ensure that debt and equity capital are mobilized efficiently to support business objectives and maximize shareholder value. The Group establishes the appropriate capital structure for each business line that properly reflects its premier credit rating and allows it the financial flexibility, while providing it sufficient cushion to absorb cyclical industry risks.



The Group considers debt as a stable source of funding. The Group lengthened the maturity profile of its debt portfolio and makes it a point to spread out its debt maturities by not having a significant percentage of its total debt maturing in a single year.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in the light of changes in economic conditions. It monitors capital using leverage ratios on both a gross debt and net debt basis. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Group had the following ratios:

	2019	2018
Debt to equity	0.87:1	0.85:1
Net debt to equity	0.78:1	0.72:1

Debt consists of short-term and long-term debts. Net debt includes short-term and long-term debt less cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and financial assets at FVPL. Equity, which the Group considers as capital, pertains to the total equity. The Group excludes the "Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI" attributable to the equity holders of the Company in computing the debt to equity ratio.

The Group is subject to externally imposed capital requirements due to loan covenants (see Note 16). No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Financial risk assessment

The Group's financial condition and operating results would not be materially affected by the current changes in interest, currency, credit, liquidity and market conditions.

Exposure to changes in interest rates is reduced by a debt portfolio mix of both fixed and floating interest rates. The Group's ratio of fixed to floating rate debt stood at 90:10 and 89:11 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. As a result, any adverse movement in interest rates is mitigated.

Exposure to foreign currency holdings is at MYR278.4 million and US\$8.3 million as of December 31, 2019, and MYR130.8 million and US\$96.5 million as of December 31, 2018, respectively.

Credit risks continue to be managed through defined credit policies and continuing monitoring of exposure to credit risks. The Group's base of counterparties remains diverse. As such, it is not exposed to large concentration of credit risk.

Liquidity risk is addressed with long term funding already locked in, while funds are placed on cash equivalents, short term investment and financial assets at FVTPL.

20. Revenue

This account consists of:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousand)	
Revenue from contracts with customers		. ,	
Residential development	₽ 117,580,972	₽120,396,794	₽101,797,865
Hotels and resorts	7,624,159	6,386,896	5,621,164
Construction	3,394,744	2,393,683	1,559,430
Other	5,452,595	5,297,101	5,208,000
Rental income (Note 12)	31,687,075	28,522,420	24,321,316
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint			
venture	965,787	749,924	865,566
Total Revenue	₽166,705,332	₽163,746,818	₽139,373,341



The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in different product types. The Group's disaggregation of each sources of revenue from contracts with customers are presented below:

Residential development

	2019	2018
	(In thou	sands)
Type of Product		
Middle income housing	₽36,023,183	₽33,401,701
Coremid	34,813,550	33,694,884
Condominium	29,326,334	35,046,620
Lot only	17,417,905	18,253,589
· · ·	₽117,580,972	₽120,396,794

All of the Group's real estate sales from residential development are revenue from contracts with customers recognized over time.

Hotels and resorts

	2019	2018
		(In thousands)
Type of Product		. , ,
Rooms	₽4,447,172	₽3,909,395
Food and beverage	2,090,953	2,116,548
Others	324,322	64,904
Other operated department	761,712	296,049
	₽7,624,159	₽6,386,896

The Group's construction revenue pertains to transactions with related parties such as joint ventures and associates.

Set-out below is the reconciliation of contracts with customers with the amounts disclosed in segment information (in millions):

			2	019		
	Residential Development	International	Construction	Hotels and Resorts	Property Management and Others	Total
Sales to external customer	₽102,981	₽6,709	₽3,395	₽7,624	₽5,453	₽126,162
Interest	7,891	-	-	-	-	7,891
Total revenue from contracts						
with customers	₽110,872	₽6,709	₽3,395	₽7,624	₽5,453	₽134,05 3
			2	018	Proporty	
	Residential Development	International	Construction	Hotels and Reosrts	Property Management and Others	Tota
Sales to external customer	₽105,752	₽7,602	₽2,394	₽6,387	₽5,297	₽127,432
Interest	7,042	-	-	-	-	7,042
Total revenue from contracts						
with customers	₽112,794	₽7,602	₽2,394	₽6,387	₽5,297	₽134,474

21. Interest and Investment Income and Other Income

Interest and investment income consists of:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
Interest income from banks	₽724,817	₽657,920	₽476,737
Interest income from advances to			
officers/employees and other			
companies	164,531	252,630	101,000
Gain on sale of equipment and other			
properties	40,870	46,570	69,566
Gain on sale of investments	-	588	25,713
Others	227	528	2,035
	₽930,445	₽958,236	₽675,051
ther income consists of:			
	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
Marketing and management fees	₽482,427	₽254,483	₽402,238
Others - net (Note 24)	675,508	1,286,234	1,846,321
	₽1,157,935	₽1,540,717	₽2,248,559

Other income mainly consists of gain on business combination, realized and unrealized gain on financial asset at FVTPL, financial impact of net foreign exchange transactions and gain from disposal of subsidiary. It also includes reversal of impairment losses amounting to P1,298.44 million in 2017. In 2017, the Group reversed its allowance for impairment in inventories due to higher fair value than its carrying amount.

22. Costs and Expenses and Other Charges

Real estate costs and expenses consist of:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
Cost of real estate sales (Note 8)	₽59,353,001	₽67,784,088	₽59,864,430
Depreciation and amortization	7,419,920	4,858,275	4,113,833
Marketing and management fees	4,678,323	5,165,668	4,492,983
Hotels and resorts operations	3,001,616	3,030,787	5,435,408
Manpower costs	2,046,960	1,800,424	1,212,904
Materials and overhead	999,999	1,341,224	531,180
Rental (Note 2)	483,645	3,960,419	2,105,239
Direct operating expenses:	,		
Commission	3,946,907	2,124,226	1,459,921
Light and water	3,934,328	4,440,156	2,830,100
Taxes and licenses	3,665,445	2,873,125	2,726,850
Repairs and maintenance	2,213,593	1,582,239	1,082,041
Insurance	204,256	271,700	125,526
Professional fees	199,848	172,226	183,563
Transportation and travel	161,113	170,781	118,059
Entertainment, amusement and	- , -	-, -	- ,
recreation	25,971	28,243	27,539
Others	2,417,014	1,475,549	1,611,488
	₽94,751,939	₽101,079,130	₽87,921,064



General and administrative expenses consist of:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
Manpower costs (Notes 26 and 28)	₽4,719,739	₽4,685,180	₽3,756,307
Taxes and licenses	1,115,766	818,797	595,027
Depreciation and amortization	825,766	640,608	484,707
Security and Janitorial	691,011	603,404	431,002
Professional fees	386,146	744,679	672,843
Utilities	340,805	324,402	274,623
Repairs and maintenance	324,277	304,003	246,796
Rent	100,295	195,669	135,569
Transport and travel	96,894	106,366	113,229
Dues and fees	90,733	61,447	63,693
Supplies	70,795	64,550	50,674
Advertising	69,163	103,423	59,381
Donations and contribution	53,482	76,059	42,667
Training and seminars	46,776	79,023	88,439
Entertainment, amusement and			
recreation	38,203	41,970	50,587
Insurance	23,917	74,139	39,510
Others	373,591	177,609	169,791
	₽9,367,359	₽9,101,328	₽7,274,845

Manpower costs included in the consolidated statements of income follows:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
Real estate costs and expenses			
Cost of real estate	₽1,784,450	₽1,534,290	₽1,203,777
Hotels and resorts operations	262,510	266,134	9,127
General and administrative expenses	4,719,739	4,685,180	3,756,307
	6,766,699	₽6,485,604	₽4,969,211

Depreciation and amortization expense included in the consolidated statements of income follows:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
Real estate costs and expenses:			
Cost of real estate	₽7,419,920	₽4,858,275	₽4,113,833
Hotels and resorts operations	813,024	633,563	581,252
General and administrative expenses	825,766	640,608	484,707
	₽9,058,710	₽6,132,446	₽5,179,792
Other expenses consist of:	2019	2018	2017
Write-offs and other charges Net provision for (reversals of) impairment losses on:	₽1,076,207	(In Thousands) ₽1,123,307	₽1,040,218
Receivables (Note 7)	568,775	146,974	(416,143)
Inventories	,	,	`523 ,001
Investment properties	-	_	49,000
	₽1.644.982	₽1.270.281	₽1,196,076



Interest and other financing charges consist of:

2019	2018	2017
	(In Thousands)	
₽9,153,067	₽7,259,118	₽7,393,070
1,206,577	1,668,340	337,384
1,066,543	-	-
773,571	666,545	183,872
₽12,199,758	₽9,594,003	₽7,914,326
	₽9,153,067 1,206,577 1,066,543 773,571	(In Thousands) ₽9,153,067 ₽7,259,118 1,206,577 1,668,340 1,066,543 - 773,571 666,545

23. Income Tax

Net deferred tax assets:

	2019	2018
	(Ir	n Thousands)
Deferred tax assets on:		
Difference between tax and book basis of		
accounting for real estate transactions	₽9,148,055	₽10,197,204
Lease liability	3,681,191	-
Allowance for probable losses	667,194	649,222
Accrued expenses	524,891	396,403
Retirement benefits	505,768	365,488
NOLCO	14,853	489,446
Unrealized foreign exchange losses	-	789,217
Advanced rentals	-	58,464
Others	385,883	515,196
	14,927,835	13,460,640
Deferred tax liabilities on:		
Right-of-use assets	(2,862,294)	-
Capitalized interest and other expenses	(485,077)	(434,023)
Unrealized foreign exchange gains	(45,027)	-
Others	(7,792)	14,376
	(3,400,190)	(419,647)
	₽11,527,645	₽13,040,993

Net deferred tax liabilities:

	2019	2018
	(In Th	nousands)
Deferred tax assets on:		
Lease liability	₽555,071	₽-
Accrued expense	184,672	55,935
Difference between tax and book basis of		
accounting for real estate transactions	92,021	43,621
Allowance for probable losses	51,820	84,617
Unrealized foreign exchange loss	11,664	179
NOLCO	3,871	40,994
Others	192,762	53,901
	1,091,881	279,247

(Forward)



	2019	2018
	(In	Thousands)
Deferred tax liabilities on:		
Fair value adjustment arising from business		
combination	(₱3,904,145)	(₽3,912,586)
Difference between tax and book basis of		
accounting for real estate transactions	(2,018,940)	(1,662,926)
Right-of-use assets	(462,684)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Capitalized interest and other expenses	(297,873)	(144,668)
Insurance recovery	(98,244)	
Retirement benefits	(27,480)	119,229
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	(3,047)	(6,124)
Prepaid expenses	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(38,435)
Others	(370,222)	(528,442)
	(7,182,635)	(6,173,952)
	(₽6,090,754)	(₽5,894,705)

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018 deferred tax liabilities have not been recognized on the undistributed earnings and cumulative translation adjustment of foreign subsidiaries since the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled by the Group and management does not expect the reversal of the temporary differences in the foreseeable future.

Certain subsidiaries of the Parent Company have NOLCO amounting to ₱2,244.6 million and ₱2,109.2 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and MCIT amounting to ₱152.0 million and ₱427.1 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that taxable income will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be used. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, total unrecognized NOLCO amounted to ₱2,182.2 million and ₱341.1 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, total unrecognized MCIT amounted to ₱148.1 million and ₱18.6 million, respectively. The subsidiaries will recognize a previously unrecognized deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable income will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

NOLCO:				
Year Incurred	Amount	Used/Expired	Balance	Expiry Year
		(In Thousands)		
2016	₽452,178	₽452,178	₽−	2019
2017	666,258	-	666,258	2020
2018	990,792	-	990,792	2021
2019	587,561	-	587,561	2022
	₽2,696,789	₽452,178	₽2,244,611	
MCIT:				
Year Incurred	Amount	Used/Expired	Balance	Expiry Year
		(In Thousands)		•••
2016	₽2,371	₽2,371	₽−	2019
2017	16,332	-	16,332	2020
2018	130,127	-	130,127	2021
2019	5,576	-	5,576	2022
	₽154,406	₽2,371	₽152,035	

The carryover NOLCO and MCIT that can be claimed as deduction from future taxable income or used as deductions against income tax liabilities are as follows:



	2019	2018	2017
Statutory income tax rate	30.00%	30.00%	30.00%
Tax effect of:			
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint			
ventures	(1.90)	(1.66)	(2.28)
Income under tax holiday and other nontaxable			
income	(0.96)	(0.92)	(0.57)
Interest income and capital gains taxed at lower			
rates	(0.53)	(0.30)	(0.91)
Others - net	(0.42)	(0.60)	(0.38)
Effective income tax rate	26.19%	26.51%	25.86%

Reconciliation between the statutory and the effective income tax rates follows:

Deferred tax related to remeasurement gain on defined benefit plans recognized in OCI amounted to ₱50.3 million and ₱25.6 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Republic Act (RA) No.10963 or the Tax Reform for Acceleration and Inclusion Act (TRAIN) was signed into law on December 19, 2017 and took effect January 1, 2018, making the new tax law enacted as of the reporting date. Although the TRAIN changes existing tax law and includes several provisions that will generally affect businesses on a prospective basis, the management assessed that the same will not have any significant impact on the financial statement balances as of the reporting date.

Board of Investments (BOI) Incentives

The Board of Investments issued certificates of registrations to the following companies in accordance with the existing Omnibus Investment Code. The projects have been granted an Income Tax Holiday (ITH) for a fixed period from the date of registration or actual start of operations, whichever is earlier.

	Registration Date	Project Location	ITH Start	ITH Period
Econorth Resort Ventures Inc.	November 21, 2017	Seda Lio	March 2018	4 years
Capitol Central Hotel	September 08, 2017	Seda Capitol Central	January 2018	4 years
Ventures, Inc.				
Sentera Hotel Ventures, Inc.	September 11, 2015	Seda Nuvali	December 2015	4 years
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures, Inc.	June 09, 2014	Seda Nuvali Hotel	June 2014	4 years
Greenhaven Properrty Ventures, Inc.	December 06, 2011	Holiday Inn & Makati Suites	April 2013	6 years
Bonifaco Hotel Ventures, Inc.	January 11, 2012	Seda BGC	June 2018	6 years
Bonifaco Hotel Ventures, Inc.	May 22, 2019	Seda BGC Expansion	May 2019	3 years
Northgate Hotel Ventures Inc.	February 09, 2012	Seda Centrio	February 2012	6 years
Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc.	August 16, 2019	Seda Residences Makati	August 2019	4 years
MDC Conqrete, Inc.	November 10, 2015	Modular Housing	November 2015	4 years
BellaVita Land Corporation	September 17, 2015	San Pablo, Laguna	September 2015	4 years
BellaVita Land Corporation	May 05, 2015	Porac, Pampanga	May 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp	July 18, 2018	Amaia Scapes Bulacan Sector 3B	July 2018	3 years
Amaia Land Corp.	April 26, 2017	Amaia Steps Alabang - Delicia	April 2017	3 years
Amaia Land Corp.	April 20, 2017	Amaia Steps Capitol Central	April 2017	3 years
Amaia Land Corp.	April 20, 2017	Amaia Steps Sucat - Isabela	April 2017	3 years
Amaia Land Corp.	December 15, 2016	Novaliches, QC	December 2016	3 years
Amaia Land Corp.	September 29, 2016	Amaia Scapes Iloilo	September 2016	4 years
Amaia Land Corp	November 24, 2015	Amaia Cabuyao S2	November 2015	3 years
Amaia Land Corp	September 29, 2015	Amaia Steps Capitol Central	September 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp	August 24, 2015	Amaia Scapes CDO S1	August 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp	August 19, 2015	Amaia Nuvali Parkway	August 2015	3 years
Amaia Land Corp	August 10, 2015	Amaia Scapes San Pablo	August 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp	July 24, 2015	Amaia Steps Altaraza B-A	July 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp	July 23, 2015	Amaia Gen. Trias S2	July 2015	3 years
Amaia Land Corp	July 21, 2015	Amaia Novaliches	July 2015	3 years
Amaia Land Corp	July 20, 2015	Amaia Steps Pasig 1B	July 2015	3 years
Amaia Land Corp	June 18, 2015	Amaia Scapes Bauan S1	June 2015	4 years

(Forward)



	Registration Date	Project Location	ITH Start	ITH Period
Amaia Land Corp.	June 4, 2015	Amaia Scapes Camsur S1	June 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp.	March 24, 2015	Amaia Steps Mandaue	March 2015	3 years
Amaia Land Corp.	May 21, 2015	Amaia Scapes Batangas	May 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp.	May 21, 2015	Amaia Cabuyao S1	May 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp.	March 11, 2015	Amaia Scapes Pampanga	March 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp.	March 11, 2015	Amaia Scapes Trese S1	March 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp.	March 11, 2015	Amaia Shaw T1	March 2015	3 years
Amaia Land Corp.	February 11, 2015	Urdaneta Pangasinan	February 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp.	February 11, 2015	Amaia Steps Nuvali	February 2015	4 years
Avida Land Corp.	September 4, 2015	Avida Prime Taft Tower 3	September 2015	3 years
Avida Land Corp.	June 16, 2015	Avida Atria Tower 2	July 2015	3 years
Avida Land Corp.	June 16, 2015	Avida Serin East Tower 1	July 2015	3 years
Avida Land Corp.	April 30, 2015	Avida Altura Tower 2	May 2015	3 years
Avida Land Corp.	April 30, 2015	Avida Asten Tower 2	May 2015	3 years

24. Business Combinations and Acquisition of Non-controlling Interests

Business Combinations

MCT Berhad

On January 2, 2018, Ayala Land, Inc., (ALI) through its wholly owned subsidiary, Regent Wise Investments Limited (RWIL), signed a share purchase agreement to acquire an additional 17.24% share in MCT Berhad (MCT), subject to completion of certain conditions.

On January 5, 2018, the transfer of shares was completed and it increased RWIL's shareholding in MCT to 50.19% from 32.95%. RWIL also issued a notice of an unconditional mandatory take-over offer to the BOD of MCT, to acquire all remaining shares of the Company that are not already held by RWIL, following the completion of certain conditions to the share purchase agreement. The mandatory take-over offer made in connection to the acquisition of additional shares in MCT closed as of 5:00 p.m. on February 19, 2018. Owners of 295,277,682 shares accepted the offer, equivalent to 22.12% of MCT's total outstanding shares. As a result of the offer, ALI's shareholdings in MCT increased from 50.19% to 72.31%. Total consideration paid is ₱5.98 billion (see Note 11).

Subsequently, the Group remeasured its previously held interest in MCT based on its acquisition-date fair value which resulted to a remeasurement loss of ₽1.79 billion.

The Group finalized the purchase price allocation of its acquisition of MCT through business combination in December 2018. The final purchase price allocation resulted in gain from bargain purchase of ₱1.85 billion.

The net gain of ₱60 million from the acquisition is presented under 'Other income' account in the 2018 consolidated statements of income.

The following are the fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities assumed (in thousands):

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	₽1,078,224
Trade and other receivables	2,833,560
Inventories	13,620,873
Investment properties	5,712,635
Property, plant and equipment	4,599,423
Other noncurrent assets	69,222
	27,913,937

(Forward)



Liabilities Accounts and other payables Borrowings Income tax payable	₽5,506,336 2,752,114 128,551
Deferred tax liabilities	2,287,772
	10,674,773
Net assets	17,239,164
Total net assets acquired	12,465,640
Acquisition cost	(10,611,567)
Negative goodwill	₽1,854,073

The fair value of the trade and other receivables approximate their carrying amounts since these are short-term in nature. None of the trade receivables have been impaired and it is expected that the full contractual amounts can be collected.

From January 8 to December 31, 2018, the Group's share in MCT's revenue and net income amounted to ₱7.6 billion and ₱1.3 billion.

Acquisition of Non-controlling Interests

Ayala Land Logistics Holdings Corp. (ALLHC)

On April 30, 2018, ALI and ALLHC executed a Deed of Exchange where ALI will subscribe to 1,225,370,620 common shares of ALLHC for an aggregate subscription price of ₱3.0 billion in exchange for 30,186 common shares of LTI. The subscription and exchange shall be subject to and deemed effective only upon the issuance by the SEC of the confirmation of valuation of the shares. The SEC issued its approval on February 28, 2019. This increased ALI's ownership to 69.50%.

On February 4, 2019, The Executive Committee of ALI approved the purchase of a 20% equity interest owned by Mitsubishi Corporation in LTI, equivalent to 8,051 common shares, with a total value of ₱800.0 million. Subsequently, ALI will exchange the 20% equity interest in LTI for additional shares of stock in ALLHC, equivalent to 323,886,640 common shares, subject to conditions to be fulfilled by ALLHC.

On June 10, 2019, ALI sold its 20% equity interest or 8,051 common shares in LTI to ALLHC for a consideration of ₱800.0 million. This increased ALI's ownership to 70.36%.

On September 9, 2019, OLI sold through a special block sale, 215,090,031 common shares of ALLHC to Avida Land Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of ALI, for a total consideration of ₱ 628.1 million. Subsequently, these shares were acquired by ALI through a special block sale for a total consideration of ₱628.1 million. This increased ALI's effective ownership in ALLHC from 70.36% to 71.46%.

In January 2018, ALI purchased additional 202,774,547 shares of ALLHC from Genez Investment Corporation for ₱497.7 million which increased the Company's ownership from 62.9% to 67%.

In February 2017, ALI purchased additional 631,000 common shares of ALLHC from BPI Securities Corporation for ₱1.26 million. ALI's interest remains at 51% of the total ALLHC's outstanding capital stock.

In June 2017, Orion Land, Inc. (OLI), a subsidiary of ALLHC, acquired 512,480,671 common shares equivalent to 11.69% ownership at ₱2.45 share amounting to ₱1,255.58 million. The acquisition of ALLHC shares by OLI was treated as an acquisition of non-controlling interest which resulted to a debit to equity reserve of ₱405.18 million. This increased ALI's effective ownership to 63.05%.



Cebu Holdings, Inc. (CHI)

On April 17, 2019 ALI acquired additional 14,913,200 common shares of CHI through open market purchases using the trading facilities of the Philippine Stock Exchange totaling P88.7 million resulting in ALI's ownership from 70.4% to 71.1%.

In 2018, ALI acquired additional 59,631,200 common shares of CHI totaling to ₱352.8 million. Further, an additional 77,742,516 shares was acquired as a result of swap of CPVDC shares for a total consideration of ₱229.3 million which brings Parent Company's ownership to 70.4%.

On various dates in 2017, ALI acquired a total of 5.1% additional ownership interest in CHI for a total consideration of ₱574.99 million. This brought ALI's ownership from 66.9% to 72.0% of the outstanding capital stock of CHI and there was no change in control.

Laguna Technology, Inc. (LTI) In December 2018, ALI acquired 8,051 common shares of LTI for ₱800.0 million increasing its ownership to 95%.

25. Related Party Transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence which include affiliates.

In its regular conduct of business, the Group has entered into transactions with its parent company, associates and other related parties principally consisting of advances and reimbursement of expenses, purchase and sale of real estate properties, construction contracts, development, management, underwriting, marketing, leasing and administrative service agreements.

Terms and Conditions of Transactions with Related Parties

Transactions with related parties are made at normal market prices. Outstanding balances at year end are unsecured, interest free and settlement occurs generally in cash, except otherwise indicated. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. The Group does not provide any allowance relating to receivable from related parties.

This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related parties and the markets in which the related parties operate.

The following tables provide the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant financial year (in thousands):

a. Transactions with Bank of the Philippine Islands (BPI), an associate of Ayala Corporation (AC)

Cash and cash equivalents earn interest from 2.5% to 6.0% per annum for Philippine Pesodenominated and 1.0% to 3.0% per annum for USD-denominated investments. Investment in FVPL are UITF which earns interest depending on the duration of time invested in the fund. Interest earned with investments in BPI for the year amounted to ₱125.5 million, ₱129.3 million, and ₱123.0 million in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Short-term debts are secured peso denominated bank loans with interest rate ranging from 5.5% to 5.6% while long-term debts bear fixed rates ranging from 4.5% to 6.9% and floating rates ranging from 5.4% to 6.5% per annum with remaining terms ranging from less than a year to 9.9 years. Interest expense incurred on borrowings from BPI amounted to ₱740.8 million, ₱1,460.0 million, and ₱458.17 million for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively.



As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Group maintains current and savings account, money market placements and short-term and long-term debt payable with BPI broken down as follows:

	2019	2018
	(In Thousa	inds)
Cash in bank	₽3,942,497	₽4,105,565
Cash equivalents	906,296	3,312,150
Marketable securities	80,000	1,615,568
Short term debt	9,399,330	4,476,000
Long-term debt	14,315,498	9,696,981

b. Outstanding balances with parent company, associates and other related party

Receivables from/payables to other related parties pertain mostly to advances and reimbursement of operating expenses related to development cost and land acquisitions. Payables to related parties consist of expenses incurred on utilities, professional services and other miscellaneous services as well as purchases of vehicles. These are generally trade-related, noninterest-bearing and settled within one year.

Outstanding balances from/to related parties follow (amounts in thousands):

<u>2019</u>

	Receivable from related parties		Payable to related parties		ties	
-	Current	Noncurrent	Total	Current	Noncurrent	Total
AC	₽143,781	P-	₽ 143,781	₽286,718	P-	₽286,718
Associates	5,108,188	-	5,108,188	244,619	-	244,619
Other related parties:						
Globe Telecom (Globe)	145,593	-	145,593	6,164	-	6,164
Bank of the Philippine Islands	176,014	-	176,014	59,800	-	59,800
Columbus	-	-	-	267,355	-	267,355
Manila Water Philippine						
Ventures Inc.	258,169	-	258,169	80,810	-	80,810
Michigan Holdings, Inc.	110,103	-	110,103	-	-	_
Manila Water Company Inc.	57,402	-	57,402	18,221	-	18,221
Others	131,053	-	131,053	70,596	-	70,596
	878,334	-	878,334	502,946	-	502,946
	₽6,130,303	₽-	₽6,130,303	₽1,034,283	P-	₽1,034,283

<u>2018</u>

	Receivable from related parties			Payable	e to related partie	s
-	Current	Noncurrent	Total	Current	Noncurrent	Total
AC	₽140,137	₽_	₽140,137	₽135,872	₽	₽135,872
Associates	5,049,084	-	5,049,084	212,766	-	212,766
Other related parties:						
Globe Telecom (Globe)	149,638	-	149,638	2,878	-	2,878
Bank of the Philippine Islands	131,803	-	131,803	44,170	-	44,170
Columbus	1	-	1	267,355	-	267,355
Others	212,573	-	212,573	39,148	-	39,148
	494,015	-	494,015	353,551	-	353,551
	₽5,683,236	₽-	₽5,683,236	₽702,189	₽	₽702,189

c. Revenue and expenses from related parties

The revenue from parent company, associates and other related parties pertains mostly to income from leasing and development projects while expenses composed of management fees and training expenses. These are usually non-interest bearing and not impaired. Transactions are settled within one year.



Revenue and expenses from related parties follow:

Revenue from related parties:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
AC	₽25,450	₽28,081	₽5,114
Associates	4,128,193	4,703,524	1,564,343
Other Related Parties			
Bank of the Philippine Islands	414,609	330,519	192,803
Manila Water Philippine Ventures, Inc.	272,709	218,127	1,118
Globe Telecom, Inc.	185,063	193,899	113,889
Innove Communications	7,295	6,909	271
Manila Water Company, Inc. (MWCI)	53,882	2,653	2,384
Laguna AAA Waterworks Corp.			
(LAWC)	1,500	1,500	1,500
Michigan Holdings, Inc.	179,739	1,101	1,198
Psi Technologies	-	-	82,164
Panay Medical Ventures, Inc.	-	-	57,356
Others	1,153	868	2,522
	1,115,950	755,576	455,205
Total	₽5,269,593	₽5,487,181	₽2,024,662

Expenses from related parties:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
AC	₽4,216	₽1,035	₽16,489
Associates	322,114	3,153,547	206,050
Other Related Parties			
Manila Water Company, Inc.	398,648	385,925	222,386
Bank of the Philippine Islands	213,257	296,002	195,143
Innove Communications, Inc.	92,003	68,805	52,129
AG Counselors Corp.	199,222	60,718	172,799
Globe Telecom, Inc.	88,188	53,920	50,131
Manila Water Philippine Ventures, Inc.	108,765	53,038	117,078
LAWC	10,184	6,202	5,564
Others	422,681	371,342	77,406
	1,532,948	1,295,952	892,636
Total	₽1,859,278	₽4,450,534	₽1,115,175

The following describe the nature of the material transactions of the Group with related parties as of December 31, 2019 and 2018:

- On January 12, 2016, the Parent Company has entered into a partnership with Manila Water Philippine Ventures, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Manila Water Company, Inc., for the waterworks of ALI's projects nationwide. The MOA was signed by ALI and its subsidiaries and affiliates, Cebu Holdings, Inc. and Cebu Property Ventures and Development Corp. Revenue and expense in 2019 amounted to ₱272.7 million and ₱108.8 million, respectively, and ₱218.1 million and ₱53 million amounted in 2018, respectively.
- Certain credit facilities with BPI with a total carrying value of ₱24,416.9 million and ₱14,170.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, are secured by a real estate mortgage. This is in compliance with BSP ruling on directors, officers, stockholders and related interests.



- In October 2012, BG South, a subsidiary of Alveo, entered into a contract with FBDC for the purchase of land in Bonifacio Global City. The Deed of Absolute Sale related to the contract was executed in 2012 for which the purchase price amounted to ₱806.4 million, plus VAT. As of 2018, ₱859.4 million, inclusive of VAT, were paid by BG South. Outstanding payable amounted to nil and ₱43.8 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- In November 2012, BG South, subsequently entered into a contract with FBDC for the purchase of land in Bonifacio Global City. The Deed of Absolute Sale related to the contract was executed in 2012 for which the purchase price amounted to 727.8 million, plus VAT. As of 2018, P811.9 million, inclusive of VAT, were paid by BG South. As of December 31, 2018, the contract has been fully paid.
- In July 2013, BG South, subsequently entered into a contract with FBDC for the purchase of land in Bonifacio Global City. The Deed of Absolute Sale related to the contract was executed in 2013 for which the purchase price amounted to ₱1,424 million, plus VAT. As of 2018, ₱1,595 million, inclusive of VAT, were paid by BG South. Outstanding payable amounted to nil and nil as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- On May 20, 2013, DirectPower and its customers, which are all within the Ayala Group, entered into a Retail Electricity Supply contract wherein DirectPower agreed to supply electricity at a specific rate pursuant to the provisions and implementing rules and regulations of R.A. No. 9136 or the Electric Power Industry Reform Acts of 2001. Among the customers of Direct Power are FBDC, LDC, BPI, San Lazaro BPO Complex and 6750 Ayala Ave.
- The Group sold residential receivables on a without recourse basis to BPI Family Savings Bank, Inc., a related party, amounting to ₱9,976.3 million and ₱10,070.0 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively. Proceeds of receivables sold to BPI amounted to ₱9,281.2 million in 2019 and ₱9,520.0 million in 2018. The Group recognized loss on sale (under "Other charges") amounting to ₱775.2 million and ₱550.1 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Revenue from Globe pertains to development management fee and for lease of spaces.
- As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the funds include investment in securities of its related parties with carrying value of ₱1.7 billion and ₱1.5 billion, respectively (see Note 26).
- d. Remuneration of Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Key management personnel of the Group include all officers with position of vice president and up. Compensation of key management personnel amounted to ₱197.2 million and ₱172.2 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Compensation of key management personnel by benefit type follows:

	2019	201 8
	(In Thousar	nds)
Short-term employee benefits	₽185,540	₽156,678
Post-employment benefits (Note 26)	11,622	15,497
	₽197,162	₽172,175

The Related Party Transaction Review Committee shall approve all material related party transactions before their commencement. Material related party transactions shall be identified taking into account the related party registry. Transactions amounting to ten percent (10%) or more of the total assets of the corporation that were entered into with an unrelated party that subsequently becomes a related party may be excluded from the limits and approval process requirement.

26. Retirement Plan

The Group has funded, noncontributory tax-qualified defined benefit type of retirement plans (the Plan) covering substantially all of their employees. The benefits are based on a defined benefit formula.



The Plan aims to maintain a full funding, i.e., the Plan's assets fully covered the Plan's liabilities, as measured through generally accepted actuarial methodologies. Such will provide a higher level of assurance that all promised benefits can be paid from existing assets and expected investment returns. The target funded status is within the range of 80% to 100%.

The Group's fund is in the form of a trust fund being maintained by the trustee banks such as BPI Asset Management and Trust Corporation (collectively the "Retirement Fund"). The primary objective of the Retirement Fund is to achieve the highest total rate of return possible, consistent with a prudent level of risk. The investment strategy articulated in the asset allocation policy has been developed in the context of long-term capital market expectations, as well as multi-year projections of actuarial liabilities. Accordingly, the investment objectives and strategies emphasize a long-term outlook, and interim performance fluctuations will be viewed with the corresponding perspective.

The components of expense (included in manpower costs under "General and administrative expenses") in the consolidated statements of income follows:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
Current service cost	₽443,364	₽310,759	₽372,590
Past service cost	-	10,563	-
Net interest cost on benefit obligation	117,607	77,418	149,523
Total pension expense	₽560,971	₽398,740	₽522,113

The remeasurement effects recognized in other comprehensive income (included in Equity under "Remeasurement loss on defined benefit plans") in the consolidated statements of financial position follow:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
Return on plan assets (excluding amount included in net interest)	₽75,922	₽184,923	₽22,169
Remeasurement loss (gain) due to liability experience	1,544	101,979	(55,893)
Remeasurement loss (gain) due to liability assumption changes - demographic	145	(2,476)	(14,319)
Remeasurement gain due to liability assumption changes - economic	(245,365)	(369,807)	329,333
Remeasurements in other comprehensive	• • •		
income	(₱167,754)	(₽85,381)	₽281,290

The funded status and amounts recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position for the retirement plan as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, are as follows:

	2019	2018
	(Ir	n Thousands)
Benefit obligations	₽4,365,274	₽3,676,584
Plan assets	(2,452,003)	(2,188,451)
Net pension liability position	₽1,913,271	₽1,488,133

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018 pension assets (included under "Other noncurrent assets") amounted to ₱74.3 million and ₱62.1 million, respectively, and pension liabilities amounted to ₱1,987.6 million and ₱1,550.2 million, respectively.



Changes in net defined benefit liability of funded plans in 2019 are as follows (in thousands):

			enefit cost ir statement o	n consolidate f income	d			Remeasurements	in other compret	ensive income				
	January 1, 2019	Current Pa service cost	ast service cost	Net interest	Subtotal	Benefits paid	Return on plan Assets*	Remeasurement gain due to liability experience	Remeasuremer gain due to liability assumption changes - demographic	t Remeasurement loss due to liability assumption changes - economic	Net remeasure-	Contribution by employer	TransferDe	cember 31, 2019
Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets	₽3,676,584 (2,188,451)	₽443,364 -	P	₽279,339 (161,732)	₽722,703 (161,732)	(₽277,699) 335,918	₽- (75,922)	(₽1,544) -	(₽145) –	₽245,365 -	₽243,676 (75,922)	₽ (361,816)	₽10 _	₽4,365,274 (2,452,003)
Net defined benefit liability (asset)	₽1,488,133	₽443,364	P-	₽117,607	₽560,971	₽58,219	(₽75,922)		(₽145)	₽245,365	₽167,754	(₽361,816)	₽10	₽1,913,271

*excluding amount included in net interest

Changes in net defined benefit liability of funded plans in 2018 are as follows (in thousands):

		N	et benefit cost in statement o					Remeasuremen	ts in other compre	hensive income				
	January 1, 2018	Current service cost	Past service	Net	Subtotal	– Benefits paid	F Return on plan Assets*	Remeasurement loss due to liability experience	Remeasurement (gain) due to liability assumption changes - demographic	Remeasurement (gain) due to liability assumption changes - economic	Net remeasure-	Contribution by employer	Transfer [in /(out)	December 31, 2018
Present value of defined benefit	2010	3011100 0031	0031	Interest	Gubtotai	paid	A33013	experience	demographic	ccononic	ment 1033	by employed	iii /(out)	2010
obligation	₽3,560,752	₽310,759	₽10,563	₽194,009	₽515,331	(₽120,720)	₽-	₽101,979	(₽2,476)	(₽369,807)	(₽270,304)	P-	(₽8,475)	₽3,676,584
Fair value of plan assets	(2,101,603)	_	-	(116,591)	(116,591)	27,876	184,923	_	_	_	184,923	(232,588)	49,532	(2,188,451)
Net defined benefit liability (asset)	₽1,459,149	₽310,759	₽10,563	₽77,418	₽398,740	(₱92,844)	₽184,923	₽101,979	(₽2,476)	(₽369,807)	(₽85,381)	(₽232,588)	₽41,057	₽1,488,133

*excluding amount included in net interest



All equity and debt instruments held have quoted prices in an active market. The remaining plan assets do not have quoted market prices in an active market.

The plan assets have diverse investments and do not have any concentration risk.

The fair value of plan assets by each class as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	December 31			
	2019	2018		
	(In Tho	usands)		
Cash and cash equivalents	₽27,197	₽25,316		
Equity investments				
Unit Investment Trust Funds	363,357	168,235		
Mutual Funds	158,991	1,699		
Holding Firms	1,688	145,042		
Financials	18,435	56,256		
Property	95,074	60,689		
Industrials	111,622	14,229		
Services	20,696	4,422		
	769,863	450,572		
Debt investments				
Government securities	537,483	513,434		
AAA rated debt securities	545,950	549,416		
Unit Investment Trust Funds	66,128	-		
Mutual Funds	6,146	-		
Not rated debt securities	499,236	649,140		
	1,654,943	1,711,990		
Other assets	_	573		
	₽2,452,003	₽2,188,451		

The Retirement Fund's investments will be appropriately diversified to control overall risk and will exhibit portfolio characteristics similar to the set benchmark for each asset class. In case of securities, the aggregate holdings of any security may not exceed 10% of the Plan assets. The criteria for including an asset class in the strategic policy include: (a) wide recognition and acceptance among institutional investors; (b) low correlation with other accepted asset classes; and (c) a meaningful performance history. The Group expects to make contributions of ₱527.82 million to its retirement fund in 2020.

The allocation of the fair value of plan assets follows:

	2019	2018
Investments in debt securities	67.49%	78.23%
Investments in equity securities	31.40%	20.59%
Others	1.11%	1.18%

Funds invested in debt securities include government securities, corporate notes and bonds and money market placements. Investments in equity securities consist of investments in PSE listed stocks and unit investment trust funds. Others were in the form of cash and cash equivalents.

The Group's transactions with the funds mainly pertain to contributions, benefit payments and settlements.



As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the funds include investment in securities of its related parties (see Note 25). Details of the investment per type of security are as follows:

	D	ecember 31, 201	9	December 31, 2018
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Unrealized (Gain) Loss	Fair Value
		(In Thou	isands)	
Investments in debt securities	₽1,126,228	₽1,142,062	(₽15,834)	₽1,100,365
Investments in equity securities	603,164	603,857	(693)	334,123
Others	13,319	13,393	(74)	31,539
	₽1,742,711	₽1,759,312	(₽16,601)	₽1,466,027

The plan assets include shares of stock of the Parent Company with fair value amounting to ₱38.56 million and ₱27.7 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The Parent Company gives the trustee bank the discretion to exercise voting rights over the shares. The plan assets include debt securities of the Parent Company amounting to ₱66.8 million and ₱62.9 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The loss of the fund arising from investment in debt and equity securities of the Parent Company is nil.

The cost of defined benefit pension plans and other post-employment medical benefits as well as the present value of the pension liabilities are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions. The principal assumptions used in determining pension and post-employment medical benefit obligations for the defined benefit plans are shown below:

	2019	2018
Discount rates	4.74 to 5.50%	5.50 to 8.48%
Future salary increases	4.00 to 8.00%	3.0 to 8.0%

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on reasonably possible changes of each significant assumption on the defined benefit obligation as of the end of the reporting period, assuming all other assumptions were held constant:

<u>2019</u>

	Effect on income before income tax Increase (decrease)				
Change in basis points	+ 100 basis points	- 100 basis points			
	(In Thousands)				
Discount rate Salary increase rate	(₱348,241) 363,629	₽382,527 (387,094)			

<u>2018</u>

	Effect on income before income Increase (decrease) + 100 basis - 100 b		
Change in basis points	points	points	
	(In Thousands)		
Discount rate	(₽174,364)	₽205,983	
Salary increase rate	205,103	(176,441)	



Shown below is the maturity analysis of the undiscounted benefit payments:

Year ending:	2019	2018
	(In Tho	usands)
1 year and less	₽666,659	₽457,984
more than 1 years to 5 years	1,837,060	1,847,382
more than 5 years to 10 years	2,580,119	1,965,131
more than 10 years to 15 years	14,122,637	4,614,824
more than 15 years to 20 years	2,696,046	1,469,983
more than 20 years	26,270,099	11,679,381

The average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 11.0 to 24.0 years and 5.3 to 24.0 years in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

27. Earnings Per Share

The following tables present information necessary to compute EPS (amounts in thousands except EPS):

EPS on net income attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc. are as follows:

	2019	2018	2017
	(In Th	ousands)	
Net income attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.	₽33,188,399	₽29,240,880	₽25,304,965
Less: dividends on preferred stock	(62,038)	(62,038)	(62,038)
Net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent			
Company for basic and diluted earnings per share	₽33,126,361	₽29,178,842	₽25,242,927
Weighted average number of common shares for basic EPS	14,742,690	14,730,049	14,721,881
Add: dilutive shares arising from stock options	3,783	966	66,997
Adjusted weighted average number of common shares for			
diluted EPS	14,746,473	14,731,015	14,788,878
Basic and diluted EPS	₽2.25	₽1.98	₽1.71

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income for the year attributable to common equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year adjusted for any subsequent stock dividends declared.

Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income for the year attributable to common equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of common shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential common shares into common shares. The calculation of diluted earnings per share does not assume conversion, exercise, or other issue of potential common shares that would have an antidilutive effect on earnings per share.

The convertibility of the preferred shares will start on the 10th year from the issue date which was in 2012. This has an antidilutive effect on the computation of diluted EPS.

28. Stock Options and Ownership Plans

The Parent Company has stock option plans for key employees covering 2.5% of the Parent Company's authorized capital stock. The grantee is selected based on certain criteria like outstanding performance over a three-year period.



<u>ESOP</u>

The ESOP grantees may exercise in whole or in part the vested allocation in accordance with the vesting percentage and vesting schedule stated in the ESOP. Also, the grantee must be an employee of the Parent Company or any of its subsidiaries during the 10-year option period. In case the grantee retires, he is given 3 years to exercise his vested and unvested options. In case the grantee resigns, he is given 90 days to exercise his vested options.

The Parent Company has no ESOP grant and availment during 2019, 2018 and 2017.

ESOWN

In November 2001, the Parent Company offered all its ESOWN subscribers with outstanding ESOWN subscriptions the option to cancel the subscriptions within the 5-year holding period. In December 2001, the program for ESOWN was indefinitely suspended.

In 2005, the Parent Company introduced a revised ESOWN Plan (the Plan) wherein grantees may subscribe in whole or in part to the shares awarded to them based on a discounted market price that was determined by the Compensation Committee as the offer price set at grant date. The grantees paid for the shares subscribed through installments over a maximum period of ten (10) years. The subscription is subject to a holding period stated in the plan. To subscribe, the grantee must be an employee of the Parent Company or any of its subsidiaries during the ten (10)-year payment period. In case the grantee resigns, unsubscribed shares are cancelled, while the subscription may be paid up to the percent of holding period completed and payments may be converted into the equivalent number of shares. In case the grantee is separated, not for cause, but through retrenchment and redundancy, subscribed shares may be paid in full, unsubscribed shares may be subscribed, or payments may be converted into the equivalent number of shares. In case the unsubscribed shares any be subscribed shares may be subscribed. The plan does not allow sale or assignment of the shares. All shares acquired through the Plan are subject to the Parent Company's right to repurchase.

The subscribed shares are effectively treated as options exercisable within a given period which is the same time as the grantee's payment schedule. The fair values of stock options granted are estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes Merton (BSM) Formula and Binomial Tree Model (BTM), taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The BSM Formula and BTM Model requires six inputs to produce an option stock value namely; market value of the share, book value of the share, time to maturity, volatility rate, dividend yield, and risk free rate. The expected volatility was determined based on an independent valuation.

	2019	WAEP	2018	WAEP
At January 1	5,601,470	₽32.71	5,150,628	₽19.31
Granted	11,610,720		10,384,365	
Subscribed	(10,453,766)	43.70	(9,933,523)	41.14
Availment	487,585		96,516	
Cancelled	(6,940,594)		(96,516)	
At December 31	305,415	35.94	5,601,470	₽32.71

Movements in the number of options outstanding and weighted average exercise prices (WAEP) under ESOWN follow:



The fair value of stock options granted under ESOWN at grant date and the assumptions used to determine the fair value of the stock options follow:

	Grant Date							
	March 21,	March 28,	March 01,	April 05,	March 20,	March 20,	March 18,	March 13,
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Number of unsubscribed								
shares	-	-	-	181,304	-	1,369,887	1,713,868	3,967,302
Fair value of each option								
(BTM)	₽-	₽-	₽8.48	₽13.61	₽16.03	₽12.60	₽16.05	₽9.48
Fair value of each option								
(BSM)	₽17.13	₽12.71	₽-	₽18.21	₽20.63	₽12.16	₽11.85	₽6.23
Weighted average share price	₽44.70	₽41.02	₽39.72	₽35.58	₽36.53	₽31.46	₽30.00	₽21.98
Exercise price	₽44.49	₽45.07	₽35.81	₽26.27	₽29.58	₽22.55	₽21.45	₽14.69
Expected volatility	31.48%	34.04%	30.95%	32.03%	31.99%	33.50%	36.25%	33.00%
Dividend yield	1.16%	1.22%	1.34%	1.27%	1.02%	1.42%	1.93%	0.9%
Interest rate	5.57%	4.14%	4.41%	4.75%	4.11%	3.13%	2.78%	5.70%

Total expense (included under "General and administrative expenses") recognized in 2019, 2018 and 2017 in the consolidated statements of income arising from share-based payments amounted to ₽142.86, ₽98.52 million, and ₽153.8 million, respectively (see Note 22).

<u>ALLHC</u>

ALLHC introduced the ESOWN Plan (the Plan) wherein grantees (employees within ALLHC Group) may subscribe in whole or in part to the shares awarded to them based on a discounted market price, but in no case lower than the par value, that was determined at grant date. The grantees paid for the shares subscribed through installments over a maximum period of ten (10) years. To subscribe, the grantee must be an employee, officer or director of ALLHC as of June 30, 2015. In case the grantee resigns, unsubscribed shares are cancelled and returned to the plan pool, while the subscription payments may be converted into the equivalent number of shares. In case the grantee is separated, not for cause, but through retrenchment and redundancy, subscribed shares may be paid in full, unsubscribed shares may be subscribed, or payments may be converted into the equivalent number of shares. In case the grantee retires, the grantee may subscribe to the unsubscribed shares anytime within the ten (10)-year period. The plan does not allow sale or assignment of the shares.

The BOD of ALLHC approved the allocation of 32 million shares (first tranche) for ESOWN plan which will be taken from the remaining unissued shares (with grant date in 2016) and the increase in authorized of stock of ALLHC, which was approved by the SEC in July 2016. In 2017, notice of grant for the 218 million shares (second tranche of ESOWN plan) was issued to employees for the right to subscribe to the common shares of ALLHC at ₱1.68 per share which were fully availed as of December 31, 2018. In 2019 and 2018, ALLHC has no ESOWN grant.

The fair values of these options are estimated on the date of grant using the Cox-Ross-Rubenstein option pricing model. The assumptions used to determine the fair value of the stock options are as follows:

	December 31, 2017
Share price at the date of grant	₽2.12
Risk free interest rate	5.6818%
Annualized volatility	49.68%
Annual dividend yield	-
Exit rates	-
Termination for cause	-
Voluntary resignation	-
Involuntary separation	7.29%

The resulting personnel expense recognized for the periods ended December 31, 2017 amounted to ₱33.34 million (nil for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018).



29. Financial Assets and Liabilities

Fair Value Information

The following tables set forth the carrying values and estimated fair values of the Group's financial assets and liabilities recognized as of December 31, 2019 and 2018:

	December 31, 2019		December	31, 2018
	Carrying		Carrying	
	Value	Fair Value	Value	Fair Value
		(In Thousar	nds)	
Financial Assets at FVPL*	₽2,795,303	₽2,795,303	₽476,245	₽476,245
Financial Assets at FVOCI				
Unquoted equity securities	565,650	565,650	582,078	582,078
Quoted equity securities	963,529	963,529	913,717	913,717
· · ·	1,529,179	1,529,179	1,495,795	1,495,795
	₽4,324,482	₽4,324,482	₽1,972,040	₽1,972,040
Financial assets at amortized cost				
Noncurrent trade residential and office				
development	₽42,994,112	₽42,581,016	₽35,437,047	₽33,829,603
Receivable from employees	901,261	903,299	1,113,207	1,119,854
	₽43,895,373	₽43,484,315	₽36,550,254	₽34,949,457
Other financial liabilities				
Long-term debt	₽193,064,051	₽196,618,780	₽172,712,122	₽155,719,341
Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities	42,282,233	36,225,888	39,607,119	38,193,626
I		₽232,844,668	₽212,319,241	₽193,912,967

*In 2019, the Group acquired investment in bonds measured at fair value through profit or loss included under "Other noncurrent assets" in the consolidated statement of financial position (Note 14)

The methods and assumptions used by the Group in estimating the fair value of the financial instruments are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and current receivables, accounts and other payables, current payables and short term debt - Carrying amounts approximate fair values due to the relatively short-term maturities of these financial instruments.

Financial assets at FVPL - These are investments in fund and investment in bonds. Fair value of the funds is based on net asset values as of reporting dates while fair value of the bonds is based on binomial lattice approach.

Noncurrent accounts and notes receivables - The fair values of residential accounts and notes receivable, and receivable from employees, are based on the discounted value of future cash flows using the applicable rates for similar types of instruments. The discount rates used ranged from 6.25% to 13.50% and 2.90% to 6.37% as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Financial assets at FVOCI quoted equity securities - fair values are based on quoted prices published in markets.

Financial assets at FVOCI unquoted equity securities – fair values are based on the latest selling price available.

Liabilities - The fair value of noncurrent unquoted instruments (long-term debt and deposits) are estimated using the discounted cash flow methodology using the Group's current incremental borrowing rates for similar borrowings with maturities consistent with those remaining for the liability being valued. The discount rates used ranged 3.18% to 7.02% and 7.28% to 8.79% as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The fair value of noncurrent unquoted debt instruments with floating rates are estimated using discounted cash flow - last repricing method.



Fair Value Hierarchy

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of the financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted prices) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities *Level 2*: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data

The Group categorizes trade receivable, receivable from employees, long-term debt and deposits and other noncurrent liabilities under Level 3. The fair value of these financial instruments is determined by discounting future cash flows using the applicable rates of similar types of instruments plus a certain spread. This spread is the unobservable input and the effect of changes to this is that the higher the spread, the lower the fair value.

Quoted FVOCI financial assets amounting to ₱963.5 million and ₱913.7 million as of December 31, 2019, and 2018, respectively, were classified under Level 1 (see Note 10).

Unquoted FVOCI financial assets amounting to ₱565.7 million and ₱582.1 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, were classified under Level 3 (see Note 10).

Investment in Arch Capital Fund amounting to ₱389.0 million and ₱390.5 million as of December 31, 2019, and 2018, respectively, were classified under Level 3 (see Note 6).

Investment in Unit Investment Trust Fund (UITF) amounting to ₱96.4 million and ₱85.7 million as of December 31, 2019, and 2018, respectively, were classified under Level 2 (see Note 6).

Investment in bonds amounting to ₱2,309.9 million as of December 31, 2019 was classified under Level 3 (see Note 14).

There have been no reclassifications from Level 1 to Level 2 categories in 2019 and 2018.

Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investment, financial assets at FVPL, AFS quoted and unquoted equity securities, investments in bonds, bank loans, corporate notes and bonds. The financial debt instruments were issued primarily to raise financing for the Group's operations. The Group has various financial assets such as trade receivables and trade payables which arise directly from the conduct of its operations.

Exposure to liquidity, credit, interest rate, currency and equity risks arise in the normal course of the Group's business activities. The main objectives of the Group's financial risk management are as follows:

- to identify and monitor such risks on an ongoing basis;
- to minimize and mitigate such risks; and
- to provide a degree of certainty about costs.

The use of derivative financial instruments, if any, is solely for management of the Group's financial risk exposures. It is the Group's policy not to enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes.

The Group's financing and treasury function operates as a centralized service for managing financial risks and activities as well as providing optimum investment yield and cost-efficient funding for the Group.



There were no changes in the Group's financial risk management objectives and policies in 2019 and 2018.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined by the Group as the risk of losses arising from funding difficulties due to deterioration in market conditions and/or the financial position of the Group that make it difficult for the Group to raise the necessary funds or that forces the Group to raise funds at significantly higher interest rates than usual.

This is also the possibility of experiencing losses due to the inability to sell or convert marketable securities into cash immediately or in instances where conversion to cash is possible but at a loss due to wider than normal bid-offer spreads.

The Group employs scenario analysis and contingency planning to actively manage its liquidity position and guarantee that all operating, investing and financing needs are met. The Group has come up with a three-layered approach to liquidity through the prudent management of sufficient cash and cash equivalents, the potential sale of accounts receivables and the maintenance of short-term revolving credit facilities.

Cash and cash equivalents are maintained at a level that will enable it to fund its general and administrative expenses as well as to have additional funds as buffer for any opportunities or emergencies that may arise. Management develops viable funding alternatives through a continuous program for the sale of its receivables and ensures the availability of ample unused short-term revolving credit facilities from both local and foreign banks as back-up liquidity.

The Group ascertains that its cash is invested in short-term bank placements and special deposit accounts, as well as in high-quality and marketable government and corporate securities.

The table summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at December 31, 2019 and 2018 based on contractual undiscounted payments:

	< 1 year	>1 to < 5 years	> 5 years	Total
	-	(In Thous	sands)	
Accounts and other payables	₽ 138,334,629	`₽_	́₽_	₽ 138,334,629
Short-term debt	18,032,830	-	_	18,032,830
Long-term debt	17,250,706	85,827,970	89,985,375	193,064,051
Deposits and other current liabilities	25,129,315	-	-	25,129,315
Deposits and other noncurrent				
liabilities	_	34,002,066	1,684,557	35,686,623
Interest payable*	₽8,136,242	₽34,485,567	₽7,151,134	₽-

December 31, 2019

*includes future interest payment

December 31, 2018

	< 1 year >	1 to < 5 years	> 5 years	Total
		(In Thou	isands)	
Accounts and other payables	₽150,010,885	₽_	₽_	₽150,010,885
Short-term debt	14,386,717	-	_	14,386,717
Long-term debt	23,239,191	83,586,294	65,886,637	172,712,122
Deposits and other current liabilities	5,544,289	-	-	5,544,289
Deposits and other noncurrent				
liabilities	-	32,437,911	5,502	32,443,413
	193,181,082	116,024,205	65,892,139	375,097,426
Interest payable*	₽6,801,028	₽23,189,458	₽8,041,909	₽38,032,395

*includes future interest payment





Cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and financial assets at FVPL are used for the Group's liquidity requirements. Please refer to the terms and maturity profiles of these financial assets shown on the maturity profile of the interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities disclosed in the interest rate risk section. There are no undrawn loan commitments from long-term credit facilities as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Credit risk

Credit risk is a risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligation under its financial instrument or customer contract leading to a financial loss.

The Group's credit risks are primarily attributable to installments receivable, rental receivables and other financial assets. To manage credit risks, the Group maintains defined credit policies and monitors its exposure to credit risks on a continuous basis.

In respect of installments receivable from the sale of properties, credit risk is managed primarily through credit reviews and an analysis of receivables on a continuous basis. The Group also undertakes supplemental credit review procedures for certain installment payment structures. The Group's stringent customer requirements and policies in place contribute to lower customer default than its competitors. Customer payments are facilitated through various collection modes including the use of postdated checks and auto-debit arrangements. Exposure to bad debts is not significant as title to real estate properties are not transferred to the buyers until full payment has been made and the requirement for remedial procedures is minimal given the profile of buyers.

Credit risk arising from rental income from leasing properties is primarily managed through a tenant selection process. Prospective tenants are evaluated on the basis of payment track record and other credit information. In accordance with the provisions of the lease contracts, the lessees are required to deposit with the Group security deposits and advance rentals which helps reduce the Group's credit risk exposure in case of defaults by the tenants. For existing tenants, the Group has put in place a monitoring and follow-up system. Receivables are aged and analyzed on a continuous basis to minimize credit risk associated with these receivables. Regular meetings with tenants are also undertaken to provide opportunities for counseling and further assessment of paying capacity.

Other financial assets are comprised of cash and cash equivalents excluding cash on hand, shortterm investments, financial assets at FVPTL and financial assets at FVOCI. The Group adheres to fixed limits and guidelines in its dealings with counterparty banks and its investment in financial instruments. Bank limits are established on the basis of an internal rating system that principally covers the areas of liquidity, capital adequacy and financial stability. The rating system likewise makes use of available international credit ratings. Given the high credit standing of its accredited counterparty banks, management does not expect any of these financial institutions to fail in meeting their obligations. Nevertheless, the Group closely monitors developments over counterparty banks and adjusts its exposure accordingly while adhering to pre-set limits.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 is equal to the carrying values of its financial assets.

Given the Group's diverse base of counterparties, it is not exposed to large concentrations of credit risk.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rate based on days past due of all customers as they have similar loss patterns. Generally, trade receivables are written off if past due for more than one year and are not subject to enforcement activity. The security deposits and advance rental are considered in the calculation of impairment as recoveries. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the exposure at default amounts to ₱14,354.9 million and ₱9,849.9 million, respectively. The expected credit loss rate is 5.3% and 3.5% that resulted in the ECL of ₱1,186.3 million and ₱872.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.



As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the aging analysis of past due but not impaired trade receivables presented per class follow:

December 31, 2019

	Neither Past Due nor			Past Due but	not Impaired				
	Impaired	<30 days	30-60 davs	61-90 davs	91-120 davs	>120 days	Total	Impaired	Total
	•			,	(In Thousands)	,		•	
Trade:					· · · ·				
Residential, commercial and office development	₽93,504,125	₽4,304,075	₽911,803	₽589,709	₽670,084	₽4,267,611	₽10,743,282	₽13,555	₽104,260,962
Shopping centers	1,041,277	700,200	244,308	224,441	210,370	491,541	1,870,860	772,513	3,684,650
Construction contracts	582,635	24,010	10,479	42,662	186	855,570	932,907	37,778	1,553,320
Corporate business	3,174,308	21,857	65,603	20,766	52,067	311,351	471,644	182,208	3,828,160
Management fees	42,060	· -	13,630	11,729	6,727	18,439	50,525	6,678	99,263
Others	4,237,501	63,107	9,499	12,496	25,981	99,550	210,633	110,409	4,558,543
Advances to other companies	12,017,162	217,231	847,194	72,611	160,274	5,606,586	6,903,896	63,152	18,984,210
Accrued receivables	6,087,195	124,387	97,970	11,424	90,977	1,376,843	1,701,601	-	7,788,796
Related parties	6,106,390	19,152	2,452	1,030	348	931	23,913	-	6,130,303
Receivables from employees	780,533	6,086	3,725	1,501	1,318	108,098	120,728	-	901,261
	₽127,573,186	₽5,480,105	₽2,206,663	₽988,369	₽1,218,332	₽13,136,520	₽23,029,989	₽1,186,293	₽151,789,468

December 31, 2018

	Neither Past Due nor			Past Due but	not Impaired			Individually	
	Impaired	<30 days	30-60 days	61-90 days	91-120 days	>120 days	Total	Impaired	Total
					(In Thousands)				
Trade:									
Residential, commercial and office development	₽115,046,477	₽1,365,932	₽840,946	₽481,320	₽328,043	₽2,264,139	₽5,280,380	₽13,555	₽120,340,412
Shopping centers	940,598	404,359	293,804	278,678	57,862	152,921	1,187,624	558,059	2,686,281
Construction contracts	1,343,275	418,124	9,746	8,789	4,738	61,872	503,269	26,547	1,873,091
Corporate business	3,824,382	333,030	97,304	73,108	93,023	378,360	974,825	86,663	4,885,870
Management fees	49,203	-	8,896	4,690	5,699	11,611	30,896	5,948	86,047
Others	2,504,430	32,641	152,302	9,112	11,201	215,715	420,971	175,596	3,100,997
Advances to other companies	14,159,361	4,043	510,092	24,994	102,893	5,016,498	5,658,520	5,900	19,823,781
Accrued receivables	5,285,913	394,184	103,466	100,677	210,836	708,084	1,517,247	_	6,803,160
Related parties	5,677,422	2,961	944	140	-	1,769	5,814	-	5,683,236
Receivables from employees	841,056	26,343	9,860	11,352	13,596	211,000	272,151	_	1,113,207
i	₽149,672,117	₽2,981,617	₽2,027,360	₽992,860	₽827,891	₽9,021,969	₽15,851,697	₽872,268	₽166,396,082



The table below shows the credit quality of the Company's financial assets as of December 31, 2019 and 2018:

December 31, 2019

		Neither Past Due nor Impaired						
	High Grade	Medium Grade	Low Grade	Unrated	Total	not Impaired	Impaired	Total
				(In The	ousands)	•		
Cash and cash equivalents (excluding								
cash on hand)	₽20,339,826	P-	₽-	₽-	₽ 20,339,826	₽-	₽-	₽20,339,826
Short-term investments	617,149	-	-	-	617,149	-	-	617,149
Financial assets at FVPL	485,436	-	-	-	485,436	-	-	485,436
Accounts and notes receivables:								
Trade:								
Residential, commercial and office								
development	81,411,415	8,158,202	3,934,508	-	93,504,125	10,743,282	13,555	104,260,962
Shopping centers	1,041,277	-	-	-	1,041,277	1,870,860	772,513	3,684,650
Construction contracts	582,635	-	-	-	582,635	932,907	37,778	1,553,320
Corporate business	3,155,230	5,539	13,539	-	3,174,308	471,644	182,208	3,828,160
Management fees	23,478	8,762	9,820	-	42,060	50,525	6,678	99,263
Others	4,237,501	-	· -	-	4,237,501	210,633	110,409	4,558,543
Advances to other companies	10,341,028	1,128,079	548,055	-	12,017,162	6,903,896	63,152	18,984,210
Accrued receivables	6,087,195	-	· –	-	6,087,195	1,701,601	-	7,788,796
Related parties	6,106,390	-	-	-	6,106,390	23,913	-	6,130,303
Receivable from employees	780,533	-	-	-	780,533	120,728	-	901,261
Financial Assets at FVOCI:						,		,
Unquoted	-	-	-	565,650	565,650	-	-	565,650
Quoted	963,529	-	-	_	963,529	-	-	963,529
	₽136,172,622	₽9,300,582	₽4,505,922	₽565,650	₽150,544,776	₽23,029,989	₽1,186,293	₽174,761,058



December 31, 2018

		Neither Past Due nor Impaired						
	High Grade	Medium Grade	Low Grade	Unrated	Total	not Impaired	Impaired	Total
				(In Tho	usands)			
Cash and cash equivalents (excluding								
cash on hand)	₽23,939,708	₽-	₽-	₽	₽23,939,708	₽_	₽	₽23,939,708
Short-term investments	3,085,373	_	_	_	3,085,373	_	_	3,085,373
Financial assets at FVPL	476,245	-	_	_	476,245	_	_	476,245
Accounts and notes receivables:								
Trade:								
Residential, commercial and office								
development	109,009,649	3,217,699	2,819,129	_	115,046,477	5,280,380	13,555	120,340,412
Shopping centers	940,598	-	-	_	940,598	1,187,624	558,059	2,686,281
Construction contracts	1,343,275	-	-	_	1,343,275	503,269	26,547	1,873,091
Corporate business	3,697,448	104,806	22,128	_	3,824,382	974,825	86,663	4,885,870
Management fees	28,496	6,102	14,605	_	49,203	30,896	5,948	86,047
Others	2,504,430	-	-	_	2,504,430	420,971	175,596	3,100,997
Advances to other companies	13,537,359	288,451	333,551	_	14,159,361	5,658,520	5,900	19,823,781
Accrued receivables	5,285,913	-	-	_	5,285,913	1,517,247	-	6,803,160
Related parties	5,677,422	-	-	_	5,677,422	5,814	_	5,683,236
Receivable from employees	841,056	-	-	_	841,056	272,151	_	1,113,207
Financial Assets at FVOCI:								
Unguoted	_	_	_	582,078	582,078	_	_	582,078
Quoted	913,717	_	_	· _	913,717	_	_	913,717
	₽171,280,689	₽3,617,058	₽3,189,413	₽582,078	₽178,669,238	₽15,851,697	₽872,268	₽195,393,203



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The credit quality of the financial assets was determined as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets at FVOCI quoted securities - based on the nature of the counterparty and the Group's internal rating system;

Receivables - high grade pertains to receivables with no default in payment; medium grade pertains to receivables with up to 3 defaults in payment; and low grade pertains to receivables with more than 3 defaults in payment;

The unquoted financial assets at FVOCI are unrated.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest rate risk management policy centers on reducing the overall interest expense and exposure to changes in interest rates. Changes in market interest rates relate primarily to the Group's interest-bearing debt obligations with floating interest rate as it can cause a change in the amount of interest payments.

The Group manages its interest rate risk by leveraging on its premier credit rating and increasing the fixed interest component of its debt portfolio. The Company's ratio of fixed to floating rate debt stood at around 90:10 and 89:11 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the Group's profit before tax and equity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on December 31, 2019 and 2018, with all variables held constant, (through the impact on floating rate borrowings):

December 31, 2019

	Effect on income bei Increase (de	
Change in basis points	+ 100 basis points	- 100 basis points
	(In Th	iousands)
Floating rate borrowings	(₽209,993)	₽209,993
December 31, 2018		
	Effect on income bef	ore income tax
	Increase (deo	crease)
	+ 100 basis	- 100 basis
Change in basis points	points	points
	(In Th	iousands)
Floating rate borrowings	(₽210,576)	₽210,576

The assumed change in rate is based on the currently observable market environment. There is no other impact on the Group's equity other than those already affecting the net income.



The terms and maturity profile of the interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities, together with their corresponding nominal amounts and carrying values are shown in the following table (in thousands):

December 31, 2019

	Interest terms (p.a.)	Rate Fixing Period	Nominal Amount	< 1 year	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Carrying Value
Group							
Cash and cash equivalents							
(excluding cash on hand)	Fixed at the date of investment	Various	₽20,339,826	₽20,339,826	P-	P-	₽20,339,826
Short-term investments	Fixed at the date of investment or revaluation cut-off	Various	617,149	617,149	-	-	617,149
Accounts and notes receivable	Fixed at the date of sale	Date of sale	901,263	597,391	303,872	-	901,263
			₽21,858,238	₽21,554,366	₽303,872	₽-	₽21,858,238
Parent Company							
Short-term debt							
Floating-Peso	Variable	Monthly	₽15,708,000	₽15,708,000	P-	P-	₽15,708,000
Long-term debt							
Fixed							
Peso	Fixed at 6.0000%	10 years	5,650,000	-	5,645,304	-	5,645,304
Peso	Fixed at 4.6250% to 6.0000%	7,10 and 20 years	21,000,000	4,000,000	14,931,968	1,985,276	20,917,244
Peso	Fixed at 5.6250%	11 years	8,000,000	-	-	7,952,880	7,952,880
Peso	Fixed at 4.5000%	7 years	7,000,000	-	6,968,807	-	6,968,807
Peso	Fixed at 5.6250% to 7.5%	5, 10 and 15 years	960,000	10,000	39,764	905,696	955,460
Peso	Fixed at 4.50 to 6.307%	Up to 10.5 years	46,635,094	3,178,255	11,098,312	32,196,332	46,472,899
Peso	Fixed at 3.8915 to 4.85%	7, 9.5 and 10 years	22,000,000	-	6,961,631	14,902,377	21,864,008
Peso	Fixed at 5.2624%	10 years	7,000,000	-	-	6,972,611	6,972,611
Peso	Fixed at 5.9203%	10 years	10,000,000	-	-	9,896,154	9,896,154
Peso	Fixed at 7.0239%	5 years	8,000,000	-	7,925,898	-	7,925,898
Peso	Fixed at 3.1764% to 3.187%	5 years	6,329,375	-	6,329,375	-	6,329,375
Peso	Fixed at 4.2463% to 6.369%	2, 5, 7 and 7.25 years	21,000,000	-	11,840,995	8,937,450	20,778,445
Subsidiaries			, ,				-, -, -
Short-term debt							
Floating							
Peso	Variable	Monthly	2,324,830	2,324,830	-	-	2,324,830
Long-term debt		,	_,,				_, ,
Fixed							
Peso	Fixed at 4.5% to 5.265%	5 to 10 years	27,434,787	9,901,317	12,274,151	5,246,600	27,422,068
Floating		- /	,,-	-,,-	, , -	-, -,	,,••••
Peso	Variable	3 months	2,966,498	161,134	1,811,764	990,000	2,962,898
			₽212,008,584	₽35,283,536	₽85,827,969	₽89,985,376	₽211,096,881



December 31, 2018

	Interest terms (p.a.)	Rate Fixing Period	Nominal Amount	< 1 year	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Carrying Value
Group							
Cash and cash equivalents							
(excluding cash on hand)	Fixed at the date of investment	Various	₽23,939,708	₽23,939,708	₽	₽_	₽23,939,708
Short-term investments	Fixed at the date of investment or revaluation cut-off	Various	3,085,373	3,085,373	-	-	3,085,373
Accounts and notes receivable	Fixed at the date of sale	Date of sale	1,113,205	220,227	892,978	-	1,113,205
			₽28,138,286	₽27,245,308	₽892,978	₽-	₽28,138,286
Parent Company							
Short-term debt							
Floating-Peso	Variable	Monthly	₽13,500,900	₽13,500,900	₽	₽-	₽13,500,900
Long-term debt							
Fixed							
Peso	Fixed at 5.6250% to 6.0000%	7 and 10 years	15,000,000	9,341,196	5,644,680	-	14,985,876
Peso	Fixed at 4.6250% to 6.0000%	7,10.5 and 20 years	21,000,000	-	18,989,546	1,907,664	20,897,210
Peso	Fixed at 5.6250%	11 years	8,000,000	-	-	7,945,703	7,945,703
Peso	Fixed at 4.5000%	7 years	7,000,000	-	6,960,744	-	6,960,744
Peso	Fixed at 3.8915% to 4.85%	7, 9.5 and 10 years	22,000,000	-	6,952,613	14,888,889	21,841,502
Peso	Fixed at 3.00%	3 years	2,982,530	2,971,976	-	-	2,971,976
Peso	Fixed at 5.2624%	10 years	7,000,000	_	-	6,969,630	6,969,630
Peso	Fixed at 2.7500%	1.75 years	18,000,000	-	7,909,305	9,886,828	17,796,133
Peso	Fixed at 3.2500%	1.25 years	4,000,000	3,995,630	-	-	3,995,630
Peso	Fixed at 4.5000% to 7.8750%	5, 10 and 15 years	3,100,000	3,097,745	-	-	3,097,745
Peso	Fixed at 4.50% to 4.949%	Up to 10.5 years	5,770,000	60,000	4,800,000	904,859	5,764,859
Floating			29,465,677	488,719	8,113,458	20,785,262	29,387,439
USD	Variable	3.4 and 10.3 years					
<u>Subsidiaries</u>			-	-	-	-	-
Short-term debt							
Floating							
Peso	Variable	Monthly					
Long-term debt			885,817	885,817	-	-	885,817
Fixed							
Peso	Fixed at 3.627% to 5.75%	5 to 10 years	23,465,452	2,556,770	19,274,884	1,607,802	23,439,456
Floating		-					
MYR	Variable	Monthly	6,658,219	727,155	4,941,064	990,000	6,658,219
			₽187,828,595	₽37,625,908	₽83,586,294	₽65,886,637	₽187,098,839



Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Financial assets and credit facilities of the Group, as well as major contracts entered into for the purchase of raw materials, are mainly denominated in Philippine Peso. The Group's placements in foreign currencies amounted \$162.6 million and MYR658.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and \$158.4 million and MYR685.9 million as of December 31, 2018. The amount of the Group's foreign currency-denominated debt amounting to \$154.3 million and MYR936.7 million as of December 31, 2019 and \$61.9 million and MYR816.7 million as of December 31, 2018. As such, the Group's foreign currency risk is minimal.

The following table shows the Group's consolidated foreign currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities and their peso equivalents as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	December 31									
		2018								
	US Dollar	MYR ringgit	Php Equivalent	US Dollar	MYR ringgit	Php Equivalent				
Financial Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$22,910	MYR450,225	₽6,688,920	\$41,201	MYR333,726	₽6,377,767				
Short-term investments	8,483	-	429,573	62,466	230,661	6,211,741				
Accounts and notes receivable - net	88,724	169,418	6,573,423	47,722	82,505	3,561,610				
Other current assets	42,116	35,376	2,567,158	6,532	-	340,619				
Other noncurrent assets	380	3,324	60,064	484	39,001	516,739				
Total	162,613	658,343	16,319,138	158,405	685,893	17,008,476				
Financial Liabilities		·								
Accounts and other payables	21,757	935,811	12,593,561	11,915	479,143	6,676,292				
Other current liabilities	5,115	-	259,013	217	-	10,594				
Short-term debt	-	-	-	46,675	70,000	3,339,988				
Long-term debt	125,000	397	6,334,870	-	267,540	3,385,587				
Other noncurrent liabilities	2,419	501	128,645	3,053	-	160,698				
Total	154,291	936,709	19,316,089	61,860	816,683	13,573,159				
Net foreign currency denominated financial instruments	\$8,322	(MYR278,366)	(₽2,996,951)	\$96,545	(MYR130,790)	₽3,435,317				

In translating the foreign currency-denominated monetary assets in peso amounts, the exchange rates used were ₱50.64 to US\$1.00 and ₱52.58 to US\$1.00, the Philippine Peso - US dollar exchange rates as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The Philippine Peso- MY ringgit exchange rate as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 used was ₱12.28 to MYR1.00 and ₱12.66 to MYR1.00, respectively.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the Philippine peso-US dollar exchange rate, with all variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities) and the Group's equity.

	Effect on income before tax Increase (decrease)				
Change in exchange rate	2019	2018			
USD ₽1.00 (₽1.00)	₽8,322 (8,322)	₽96,545 (96,545)			
MYR ₽1.00 (₽1.00)	(₽278,366) 278,366	(₽130,790) 130,790			

There is no other impact on the Group's equity other than those already affecting the net income.



Equity price risk

Quoted financial assets at FVOCI are acquired at a certain price in the market. Such investment securities are subject to price risk due to changes in market values of instruments arising either from factors specific to individual instruments or their issuers or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market. Depending on several factors such as interest rate movements, country's economic performance, political stability, domestic inflation rates, these prices change, reflecting how market participants view the developments.

The Group's market risk policy requires it to manage such risks by setting and monitoring objectives and constraints on investments; diversification plan; limits on investment in each country, sector and market.

The analysis below demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change of market index with all other variables held constant, of the Group's equity.

	Effect on ec	
	Increase (dec	rease)
Change in PSEi index	2019	2018
	(In Thousa	inds)
+5%	₽31,466	₽34,690
-5%	(31,466)	(34,690)

Quoted financial assets at FVPL pertain to investment in UITF (Fund). The Fund, which is structured as a money market UITF, aims to generate liquidity and stable income by investing in a diversified portfolio of primarily short-term fixed income instruments.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Group's investment in the Fund where all other variables held constant, the fair value, net income and equity will increase or decrease by: (i) BPI UITF ₱0.3 million with a duration of 0.36 year and ₱0.4 million with a duration of 0.41 year, respectively, for a 100 basis points decrease or increase, in interest rates.

30. Segment Information

The industry segments where the Group and its associates and joint ventures operate follows:

- Property developments sale of high-end and upper middle-income residential lots and units, affordable housing units and lots, economic housing and leisure community developments; lease of residential developments under joint venture; acquisition, development and sale of large-scale, mixed-use, master-planned communities; sale of override units or the Company's share in properties made available to subsidiaries for development
- International development and sale of residential lots and units in MCT Berhad
- Shopping centers development of shopping centers and lease to third parties of retail space and land therein; operation of movie theaters, food courts, entertainment facilities, gas stations and carparks in these shopping centers; management and operation of malls which are co-owned with partners
- Offices development and lease or sale of office buildings; sale of industrial lots and lease of factory building
- Hotels and Resorts development and management of hotels and resorts/serviced apartments and lease of land to hotel tenants
- Construction land development and construction of the Group and third-party projects
- Property management and others facilities management of the Group and third-party projects



Assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the Strategic Landbank Management and Visayas-Mindanao segment were reallocated to other business segments namely, shopping centers, corporate businesses and residential developments according to the nature of the products and services provided.

The Company and its subsidiaries generally account for inter-segment sales and transfers as if the sales and transfers were to third parties at current market prices.

Management committee monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment.

For the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, there were no revenue transactions with a single external customer which accounted for 10% or more of the consolidated revenue from external customers.



Business segments

The following tables regarding business segments present assets and liabilities as of December 31 and revenue and profit information for each of the two years in the period ended December 31 (in millions):

<u>2019</u>

	Property Development	International	Shopping Centers	Offices	Hotels and Resorts	Construction	Property Management and Others	Corporate	Intersegment Adjustments	Consolidated
Revenue			_	_				_	_	
Revenues from contracts with customers	₽102,981	₽6,709	₽-	P-	₽7,624	₽3,395	₽5,453	P-	P-	₽126,162
Interest income from real estate sales	7,891		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,891
Rental revenue	-	-	22,019	9,668	-	-	-	-	-	31,687
Intersegments sales	698	-	_ 14	-	-	61,557	-	254	(61,557)	966
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures				-		-	-		(04 557)	
Total revenue	111,570 75,986	6,709 4,665	22,033 8,921	9,668 3,197	7,624 5,667	64,952 60,423	5,453 5,778	254 976	(61,557) (61,494)	
Real estate costs and expenses	,	,	,	,	,	,	,		. , , ,	<i>,</i>
Gross margin	35,584	2,044	13,112	6,471	1,957	4,529	(325)	(722)	(63)	<i>,</i>
Interest and investment income										930
Other charges Interest and other financing charges										(1,645)
Other income										(12,200) 1,158
Provision for income tax										(13,315)
Net income										₽37,515
Net income attributable to:										-01,010
Equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.										33,188
Non-controlling interests										4.327
										₽37,515
Other Information										F37,515
Segment assets	₽556,914	P-	₽204,115	₽105,863	₽81,288	₽55,349	₽6,731	₽63,481	(₽396,663)	₽677.078
Investment in associates and joint ventures	24.938	-	36	- 105,005		F35,349 55	192	97	(=330,003)	25.318
	581,852	-	204,151	105.863	81,288	55,404	6.923	63,578	(396,663)	
Deferred tax assets	1,890	_	204,131	105,885	333	35,404	60	1,351	(390,003) 6,828	
Total assets	₽583.742	P-	₽204.962	₽106.033	₽81.621	₽55.489	₽6,983	₽64,929	(₽389,835)	
Segment liabilities	₽242,826	₽-	₽135.933	₽55,563	₽64,617	₽46.101	₽3,274	₽52,870	(₽136,057)	
Deferred tax liabilities	1,902		189	125	9			24	3,842	
Total liabilities	₽244,728	P-	₽136.122	₽55.688	₽64.626	₽46,101	₽3,274	₽52,894	(₽132,215)	,
Segment additions to:	1 -						- 1			,
Property and equipment	₽254	₽1.891	₽1.652	₽41	₽4,151	₽1,752	₽131	₽648	P-	₽10.520
Investment properties	₽4,970	₽8,733	₽19,446	₽3,012	₽201	₽163	₽262	₽232	P-	
Depreciation and amortization	₽1,391	₽120	₽2,128	₽909	₽744	₽1,477	₽395	₽1,276	(₽1,477)	₽6,963
Non-cash expenses other than depreciation and amortization	P-	P -	P-	P-	₽-	P-	P -	P-	P-	P-
Impairment losses	₽-	P-	₽256	P-	₽-	₽11	₽ 189	₽ 113	P-	₽569



<u>2018</u>

2016	Property	International	Shopping	•	Hotels and		Property Management	.	Intersegment	•
	Development		Centers	Offices	Resorts	Construction	and Others	Corporate	Adjustments	Consolidated
Revenue Revenues from contracts with customers	₽105.753	₽7.602	₽-	₽-	₽6.387	7 ₽2,394	₽5.297	Ð-	. ₽-	₽127.433
Interest income from real estate sales	7.042		F-	¥-	F0,307	FZ,394	F0,297	F-	· F-	· F127,433
Rental revenue	7,042	_				_				28,522
Intersegments sales	-	_	- 13,300	0,014	-	69,027	_	-	(69,027)	
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures	451	_	10	_	-	,	_	289		750
Total revenue	113,246	7.602	19,918	8.614	6,387	71.421	5,297	289		
Real estate costs and expenses	81,662		9,001	3,204	4,994		5,919	1,302		
· · ·	,	,	,	,	· · · ·	,		,	, <i>i</i> ,	
Gross margin	31,584	2,074	10,917	5,410	1,393	5,310	(622)	(1,013)) (1,486)	
Interest and investment income										958
Other charges										(1,271)
Interest and other financing charges										(9,594)
Other income										1,541
Provision for income tax Net income										(11,984) ₽33,217
										F33,217
Net income attributable to:										D00.044
Equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc. Non-controlling interests										₽29,241 3,976
Non-controlling interests										₽33,217
										F33,217
Other Information	₽274.128	D04 774	₽69.488	B40 040	₽34.190		BC 500	B400.000	(B005 000)	B000 000
Segment assets Investment in associates and joint ventures	₹274,128 21.667	₽21,774 _	₽09,488 38	₽46,013 -	₽34,190) ₽54,955 · 56		₽460,890 1,629		₽632,389 23,390
	295,795		69,526	46,013	34,190		6,590	462,519		
Deferred tax assets	295,795	21,774	333	40,013	339			2,615		
Total assets	₽298,959	₽21,774	₽69,859	₽46,150	₽34,529		₽6,634	₽465,134	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Segment liabilities	₽170,872	,	₽27,659	₽16,855	₽13,631	,	,	₽264,436		<u></u>
Deferred tax liabilities	1.721		271	40	10,001		8	18		
Total liabilities	₽172,593	₽10,348	₽27,930	₽16,895	₽13,641	₽47,359	₽3,184	₽264,454		
Segment additions to:					·					
Property and equipment	(₱1,008)	₽4,570	(₽426)	₽833	₽524			(₽658)) ₽-	₽7,442
Investment properties	₽4,289	₽7,683	₽6,143	₽3,883	₽3,337	₽787	(₽1)	₽16,881	(₽438)	₽42,564
Depreciation and amortization	₽707	₽618	₽2,724	₽1,555	₽207	′ ₽1,475	₽242	₽266	6 (₽1,475)	₽6,319
Non-cash expenses other than depreciation and amortization	₽	₽	₽_	₽	₽-	· P-	P-	₽-	· P-	. ₽_
Impairment losses	₽-	₽-	(₽2)	₽_	₽-	. ₽-	₽142	₽7	′ ₽-	₽147



<u>2017</u>

		.				Property			
	Property Development	Shopping Centers	Offices	Hotels and Resorts	Construction	Management and Others	Corporate	Intersegment Adjustments	Consolidated
Revenue	Development	Centers	Unices	Resolts	Construction	and Others	Corporate	Aujustinents	Consolidated
Sales to external customers	₽96.387	₽17,657	₽6.664	₽5.621	₽1.559	₽5,408	₽_	(₽198)	₽133.098
Interest income from real estate sales	5,410		-0,004	-0,021	- 1,005	-0,+00	· · ·	(= 150)	5.410
Intersegments sales	5,410		_		65.841	_		(65,841)	5,410
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures	529	(113)	_	_		_	450	(00,011)	866
Total revenue	102,326	17.544	6.664	5.621	67.400	5,408	450	(66,039)	139,374
Real estate costs and expenses	75,322	8,415	2,622	4,619	62,921	4,779	1,114	(64,596)	95,196
Gross margin	27.004	9,129	4.042	1.002	4,479	629	(664)	(1,443)	44,178
Interest and investment income		-,	.,	.,	.,		(00.)	(1,110)	675
Other charges									(1,196)
Interest and other financing charges									(7,914)
Other income									2,248
Provision for income tax									(9,825)
Net income									₽28,166
Net income attributable to:									
Equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.									₽25,305
Non-controlling interests									2,861
									₽28,166
Other Information									
Segment assets	₽474,286	₽135,479	₽96,243	₽44,494	₽50,014	₽7,696	₽20,026	(₽291,695)	₽536,543
Investment in associates and joint ventures	9,964	7,897	-	· -	5 1	· -	8,889	-	26,801
	484,250	143,376	96,243	44,494	50,065	7,696	28,915	(291,695)	563,344
Deferred tax assets	2,465	367	154	267	31	23	2,260	5,081	10,648
Total assets	₽486,715	₽143,743	₽96,397	₽44,761	₽50,096	₽7,719	₽31,175	(₽286,614)	₽573,992
Segment liabilities	₽227,905	₽113,880	₽54,234	₽37,194	₽42,381	₽3,303	₽12,769	(₽113,481)	₽378,185
Deferred tax liabilities	1,612	244	26	40	-	13	14	1,595	3,544
Total liabilities	₽229,517	₽114,124	₽54,260	₽37,234	₽42,381	₽3,316	₽12,783	(₽111,886)	₽381,729
Segment additions to:									
Property and equipment	₽359	₽119	₽304	₽1,058	₽1,122	₽655	₽279	(₽1,570)	₽2,326
Investment properties	₽1,774	₽20,967	₽12,971	₽2,998	₽-	₽6	₽17,220	(₽25,943)	₽29,993
Depreciation and amortization	₽267	₽2,151	₽927	₽586	₽1,570	₽258	₽990	(₽1,569)	₽5,180
Non-cash expenses other than depreciation and amortization	₽-	₽_	₽-	₽-	₽	₽-	₽_	₽_	₽-
Impairment losses	₽-	₽39	₽21	₽	₽_	₽_	₽96	₽-	₽156

31. Performance Obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations are summarized below:

Real estate sales

The Group entered into contracts to sell with one identified performance obligation which is the sale of the real estate unit together with the services to transfer the title to the buyer upon full payment of contract price. The amount of consideration indicated in the contract to sell is fixed and has no variable consideration.

The sale of real estate unit may cover the contract for either the (i) serviced lot; (ii) service lot and house, and (ii) condominium unit and the Group concluded that there is one performance obligation in each of these contracts. The Group recognizes revenue from the sale of these real estate projects under pre-completed contract over time during the course of the construction.

Payment commences upon signing of the contract to sell and the consideration is payable in cash or under various financing schemes entered with the customer. The financing scheme would include payment of 10% of the contract price spread over a certain period (e.g., one to two years) at a fixed monthly payment with the remaining balance payable (a) in full at the end of the period either through cash or external financing; or (b) through in-house financing which ranges from two (2) to ten (10) years with fixed monthly payment. The amount due for collection under the amortization schedule for each of the customer does not necessarily coincide with the progress of construction, which results to either an unbilled receivable or customers' deposit.

After the delivery of the completed real estate unit, the Group provides one year warranty to repair minor defects on the delivered serviced lot and house and condominium unit. This is assessed by the Group as a quality assurance warranty and not treated as a separate performance obligation.

Hotels and resorts

Rooms revenue from hotel and resort operations is recognized when the services are rendered. Revenue from banquets and other special events are recognized when the events take place.

Construction

Revenue from fixed price construction contracts are recognized overtime using the milestone-based revenue recognition which is in reference to output method. The output method is determined based on the start and completion of a task of the contract work inclusive of uninstalled goods and materials delivered to the site.

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially satisfied) as at December 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	2019	2018
	(In Thousands)	
Within one year	₽191,472,340	₽47,937,926
More than one year	56,363,261	55,328,212
	₽247,835,601	₽103,266,138

The remaining performance obligations expected to be recognized within one year and in more than one year relate to the continuous development of the Group's real estate projects. The Group's condominium units are completed within three to five years, from start of construction while serviced lots and serviced lots and house are expected to be completed within two to three years from start of development.



32. Registration with Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA)

Ayala Land Inc., the Parent Company, was registered with PEZA last December 13, 2017 as a Developer/Operator of the Southpark Corporate Center.

North Eastern Commercial Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary, was registered with PEZA last November 28, 2017 as a Developer/Operator of the 30th Coporate Center.

Ayala Land Inc., the Parent Company, was registered with PEZA last November 6, 2017 as a Developer/Operator of the Vertis North IT Park.

Central Block Developers, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary, was registered with PEZA last June 22, 2017 as a Developer/Operator of the Central Bloc 1 & 2.

Ayalaland Metro North, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary, was registered with PEZA last December 29, 2016 as a Developer/Operator of the UP Town Corporate Center.

Pangulasian Island Resort Corporation (PIRC), a subsidiary of Ten Knots Development Corporation which is a subsidiary of Ayala Land, Inc., is registered with the Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA) under the Certificate of Registration number 16-055 and Registration Agreement dated March 21, 2016. The registration shall entitle PIRC to conduct activities limited to resort operations, travel/tours/leisure and recreation-related activities, and the importation of raw materials, machinery, equipment, tools, goods, wares, articles, or merhandise directly used in its registered operations inside the Green Tourism Ecozone - Pangulasian.

Nuevo Centro, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, Inc., is registered with PEZA with Certificate of Registration number EZ 16-30 under Registration Agreement dated July 19, 2016. The registration as a Special Economic Zone Developer/Operator shall entitle Nuevo Centro, Inc. to establish, develop, administer, manage, and operate a Special Economic Zone to be known as Alviera Industrial Park. It has been designated a 311,954-square meter area located at Barangays Dolores and Banaba, Porac, Pampanga. The Company shall be exempt from payment of all national and local taxes, except real property taxes on land and shall pay a 5% final tax on gross income.

33. Leases

Operating Leases - Group as Lessor

The Group entered into lease agreements with third parties covering its investment property portfolio. These leases generally provide for either (a) fixed monthly rent, or (b) minimum rent or a certain percentage of gross revenue, whichever is higher.

Future minimum rentals receivable under noncancellable operating leases of the Group follows:

	2019	2018
	(Ir	n Thousands)
Within one year	₽8,815,419	₽8,300,061
After one year but not more than five years	28,960,892	27,223,203
More than five years	23,871,373	18,204,281
	₽61,647,684	₽53,727,545

Group as Lessee

The Group entered into lease agreements with third parties. These leases generally provide for either (a) fixed monthly rent, or (b) minimum rent or a certain percentage of gross revenue, whichever is higher.



Future minimum rentals payable under noncancellable operating leases of the Group follows:

	2019	2018
	(Ir	n Thousands)
Within one year	₽1,126,912	₽969,402
After one year but not more than five years	4,598,276	3,214,368
More than five years	56,765,009	38,974,801
	₽62,490,197	₽43,158,571

Set out below are the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognized and the movements in 2019:

			2019		
	Land	Building	Aircraft	Others	Total
			(in thousands)		
Cost			. ,		
At January 1, as previously					
reported	₽−	₽-	₽−	₽-	₽-
Effect of adoption of standard	14,482,586	187,042	1,595,614	219,920	16,485,162
At January 1, as restated	14,482,586	187,042	1,595,614	219,920	16,485,162
Additions	228,344	29,794	-	-	258,138
At December 31	14,710,930	216,836	1,595,614	219,920	16,743,300
Accumulated Depreciation and					
Amortization					
At January 1	-	-	-	-	-
Effect of adoption of standard	2,265,749	89,223	86,047	19,549	2,460,568
At January 1, as restated	2,265,749	89,223	86,047	19,549	2,460,568
Depreciation	408,306	50,380	159,561	1,298	619,545
Capitalized as investment					
property	95,129	-	-	3,586	98,715
At December 31	2,769,184	139,603	245,608	24,433	3,178,828
Net Book Value	₽11,941,746	₽77,233	₽1,350,006	₽195,487	₽13,564,472

The rollforward analysis of lease liabilities follows:

	2019
As at January 1, 2019, as previously reported	₽-
Effect of adoption of standard	16,985,922
At January 1, 2019, as restated	16,985,922
Additions	251,419
Accretion of interest expense (Note 22)	1,066,543
Capitalized interest	388,242
Foreign exchange gain	(48,776)
Payments	(1,179,645)
As at December 31, 2019	₽17,463,705
Current lease liabilities	724,859
Noncurrent lease liabilities	₽16,738,846

The following are the amounts recognized in the consolidated statement of income:

	2019
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	₽619,545
Accretion of interest expense on lease liabilities (Note 22)	1,066,543
Rent expense - short-term leases	7,031
Rent expense - variable lease payments	323,093
Foreign exchange gain	(48,776)
Total amounts recognized in the consolidated statement of income	₽1,967,436



The Group has lease contracts for land that contains variable payments based on a certain percentage of gross rental income of the commercial centers. These terms are negotiated by management for certain commercial spaces without steady customer demand. Management's objective is to align the lease expense with the revenue earned. The following provides information on the Group's variable lease payments, including the magnitude in relation to fixed payments:

		Variable	
	Fixed Payments	Payments	Total
Fixed	₽1,098,425	₽−	₽1,098,425
Variable rent with minimum payment	151,221	159,229	310,450
Variable rent only	-	170,895	170,895
At December 31	₽1,249,646	₽330,124	₽1,579,770

The significant leases entered into by the Group are as follows:

Parent Company

On January 2017, the Parent Company signed a Lease Agreement with Philippine Racing Club, Inc. for the lease of land located in Circuit Makati, Brgy. Carmona, Makati City with an aggregate area of 12,793 sqm. The term of the lease shall be twenty-three years and three months commencing from Delivery Date. The Lessee shall have the option to renew the lease under the same terms and conditions for another period of five years, provided that renewal period shall be mutually agreed by the Parties. For the period commencing from delivery date until sixty-three (63) months thereafter, the Lessee shall pay the Lessor the rent amounting to ₱100.00 million. Commencing on the sixty fourth month from execution of the contract until the end of the lease term, the Lessee shall pay the Lessor the rent equal to fifty percent (50%) of the Gross Income of the Lessee.

On September 2018, the Parent Company signed a Lease Agreement with Manila Seedling Bank Foundation, Inc. (MSBFI) for the lease of a 4.5-hectare portion of land located at the corner of EDSA and Quezon Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City. The term of the lease shall be coterminous with the Lessor's usufruct over the Leased Premises, or until September 20, 2027.

Bay City

On September 2, 2014, Parent Company signed a Lease Agreement with D.M. Wenceslao & Associates Inc. for the lease of several parcels of land along Asean Avenue and Macapagal Boulevard, Aseana City, Paranaque City with an aggregate area of 92,317 sqm. Parent Company signed a 45-year lease contract with an option to renew for another 45 years subject to such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed upon by the lessor and the Parent Company. The Parent Company assigned the parcels of land to Bay City in December 2017.

ALI also signed the Air Rights and Basement Rights over the leased property with an aggregate area of 1,686.48 sqm and 8,294 sqm, respectively, subject to the same terms and conditions as the contract of lease dated September 2, 2014.

<u>AMNI</u>

On January 28, 2011, the Board of Regents of the University of the Philippines awarded to the Parent Company the P4.0 billion development of a 7.4-hectare lot at the University of the Philippines' Diliman East Campus, also known as the UP Integrated School, along Katipunan Avenue, Quezon City. The Parent Company signed a 25-year lease contract for the property last June 22, 2011, with an option to renew for another 25 years subject to mutual agreement of the parties. The lease payments shall commence as soon as sales are registered by the merchants. The rights were subsequently assigned by ALI to the Company in 2015.

A retail establishment with about 63,000 sqm of gross leasable area and an office/BPO building about 8,000 sqm of gross leasable area have been constructed on the property.



NTDCC

The Company entered into an assignment agreement with MRTDC wherein the latter has assigned its development rights to the Company in exchange for the Company's assumption of DRP obligation beginning January 1, 2006. The DRP obligation is payable annually for 42 years from the date of assumption, renewable upon expiration with escalation rate of 3% annually starting inception.

On October 29, 2015, the Company entered into a non-cancellable land lease agreement with GERI for the lease of an aggregate of 10,994.86 square meters undivided portions of the North Avenue Lot Pad A and North Avenue Lot Pad B to which the latter is entitled to development rights. The agreement shall be effective until August 8, 2047, subject to the extension of the development rights period.

During 2016, the Company entered into non-cancellable land lease agreement with Anglo, DBH and Allante which shall be effective until August 8, 2047.

ALICAP

In December 2017, the Company entered into 120-month lease agreement with NAC Aviation for a brand new ATR72-600 with MSN 1440 which will commence at the date of delivery. Commitment fee or refundable deposit required for the lease amounted to US\$0.42 million. The ATR72-600 with MSN 1440 was delivered to the Company in February 2018 and has started flight operations in March 2018. The Company, per lease contract, has the option to purchase the ATR72-600 with MSN 1440 at the end of lease term for US\$14.16 million.

In June 2018, the Company entered into another 120-month lease agreement with NAC Aviation for a brand new ATR72-600 with MSN 1492 which will commence at the date of delivery. Commitment fee or refundable deposit required for the lease amounted to US\$0.42 million. The ATR72-600 with MSN 1492 was delivered to the Company on the same month and has started flight operations in August 2018. The Company, per lease contract, has the option to purchase the ATR72-600 with MSN 1440 at the end of lease term amounting to US\$14.16 million.

AHRC

On January 30, 2018, the Company signed a Lease Agreement with Dunes & Eagle Land Development Corporation for the lease of ten parcels of land located at Barangay Mactan, Lapu-Lapu City, Mactan Island, Cebu with an aggregate area of 144,087 sqm. The term of the lease shall be for a period of fifty (50) years commencing from the date of execution of the agreement. Rent payment should be as follows: (a) ₱70 million per annum for the first 5 years (b) 5% of Gross Revenues or ₱70 million per annum whichever is higher for the 6th year to the 30th year, and (c) 5.5% of Gross Revenues or ₱70 million per annum whichever is higher for the 31st year to the 50th year.

On July 26, 2012, ALI entered into a renewable contract of lease with Province of Negros Occidental for 40,481 square meters area of land with a monthly lease of ₱73.00 per square meter which shall be escalated every five years by ten percent (10%) of the current rate of rent. The term of the lease shall be for a period of fifty (50) years commencing from the date of delivery subject to renewal by mutual agreement of the parties under such terms and conditions as may be mutually acceptable. The Company has assessed that the lease agreement is a non-cancellable lease. On December 23, 2014, ALI assigned its rights and obligations to Capitol Central Hotel Ventures, Inc. under the Contract of Lease Assignment over a portion on which Seda Capitol Central was constructed equivalent to an area of 3,714.80 square meters. The agreement on lease assignment transfers and conveys the Company to take over the lease of the assigned portion subject to the same terms and conditions contained in the contract of lease.

Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc. entered into a non-cancellable and renewable contract of lease with Fort Bonifacio Development Corporation for the land on which Seda BGC Tower 1 was constructed with initial term of twenty-five (25) years commencing from the date that the Hotel first commences business or start of commercial operation. The lease agreement provides for the payment of rent based on 3% of the Hotel's gross income for its 1st year of operation, 4% of the Hotel's gross income for its 2nd year of operation, and 5% of the Hotel's gross income for the succeeding years or **P**350



per square meter for the 1st year, ₱375 per square meter for the 2nd year and ₱400 per square meter for the 3rd year, whichever is higher, and starting on the 4th year of operations, rent shall be escalated at a rate of 3% per year until the end of the lease period. The Company entered into another non-cancellable and renewable contract of lease with Fort Bonifacio Development Corporation for the land on which the Seda BGC Tower 2 was constructed with initial term of twenty-five (25) years commencing from the date that the Hotel first commences business or start of commercial operation. The lease agreement provides for the payment of rent based on 3% of the Hotel's gross income for its 1st year of operation, 4% of the Hotel's gross income for its 2nd year of operation, and 5% of the Hotel's gross income for the 2nd year and ₱657.15 per square meter for the 3rd year, whichever is higher, and starting on the 4th year of operations, rent shall be escalated at a rate of 3% per year until the end of the lease period.

<u>ALLHC</u>

On August 28, 1990, the Company, through a Deed of Assignment, acquired all the rights, titles, interests and obligations of Gotesco Investment, Inc. in a contract of lease of the land owned by PNR for the Tutuban Terminal. The contract provided for a payment of a guaranteed minimum annual rental plus a certain percentage of gross sales. The lease covers a period of 25 years until 2014 and is automatically renewable for another 25 years, subject to compliance with the terms and conditions of the lease agreement. On December 22, 2009, ALLHC entered into an agreement with PNR for the renewal of its lease contract for another 25 years beginning September 5, 2014.

SSECC

The Company has an existing contract with Bases Conversion and Development Authority (BCDA) to develop, under a lease agreement signed on July 2000, a mall with an estimated gross leasable area of 152,000 sqm on a 9.8-hectare lot inside Fort Bonifacio. Subsequently, the Company transferred its rights and obligations granted to or imposed under the lease agreement to SSECC, a subsidiary, in exchange for equity. The lease agreement covers 25 years, renewable for another 25 years subject to reappraisal of the lot at market value. The annual fixed lease rental amounts to ₱106.5 million while the variable rent ranges from 5% to 20% of gross revenues.

Capitol

On April 26, 2012 Parent Company signed a Lease Agreement with the Province of Negros Occidental for the lease of a parcel of land with an aggregate area of 40,481 sq. m. located along Gatuslao cor. North and South Capitol Roads, Bacolod City, registered in the name of the Province of Negros Occidental. The Parent Company signed a 50-year lease contract with an option to renew as may be mutually agreed upon by the lessor and the Company. The Parent Company assigned the parcels of land to Capitol in December 2017.

<u>Arvo</u>

On October 15, 2014, Arvo entered into a property lease agreement with Rotonda Development Corporation for the construction, development and operation of a commercial and mall center. The terms of the lease shall be 42 years, with an option to renew for another 40 years subject to mutual agreement of the parties. The lease agreement provided rent-free period of 2 years and lease payments shall commence thereafter. Lease payments shall be paid annually at ₱60.00 per sqm, subject to an annual escalation of 4%.

34. Interest in Joint Operation

MDC has a 51.0% interest in Makati Development Corporation - First Balfour, Inc. Joint Venture (the Joint Venture), a joint operation whose purpose is to design and build St. Luke's Medical Center (the Project) in Fort Bonifacio Global City, Taguig. The application of PFRS 11 does not have significant impact on the Group's accounting of its interest in joint operation since it already reported its share in interest in joint operation using proportionate consolidation.



The Project, which started on January 31, 2007, is a world-class medical facility comprising, more or less, of a 611-bed hospital and a 378-unit medical office building, with an approximate gross floor area of 154,000 sqm, which meets international standards, and all standards and guidelines of applicable regulatory codes of the Philippines and complies with the criteria of the Environment of Care of the Joint Commission International Accreditation. The project was completed on October 30, 2009. Activities in 2011 to 2019 mainly pertain to winding down operations.

The share of MDC in the net assets and liabilities of the Joint Venture at December 31, 2019 and 2018 which are included in the consolidated financial statements follow:

	2019	2018
	(In TI	nousands)
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	₽7,100	₽7,643
Other current assets	37,368	37,376
Total assets	₽44,468	₽45,019
Total liabilities	₽-	₽6,727

The following is the share of the MDC on the net income of the Joint Venture:

	2019	2018
	(In Thou	usands)
Construction costs	(₽125)	(₽29)
Interest and other income	6,315	<u>137</u>
Income before income tax	6,190	108
Provision for income tax	(14)	(23)
Net income	₽6,176	₽85

There were no dividends declared in 2019 and 2018. Provision for income tax pertains to the final tax on interest income.

35. Long-term Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

- a. On December 8, 2017, ALI assigned to NTDCC development rights on certain portions of the North Triangle lot pads covered by a Deed of Assignment and Encroachment Settlement Agreement amounting to P631.2 million.
- b. ALI and LT Group, Inc. (LTG) entered into an agreement on January 21, 2016 to jointly develop a project along the C5 corridor. The project is envisioned to be an estate development that spans portions of Pasig City and Quezon City. A new company named, ALI-ETON Property Development Corporation, was incorporated on March 13, 2016.

On January 15, 2018, the estate, named Parklinks was launched and is the greenest urban estate of Ayala Land in partnership with Eton Properties Inc. The first residential project of Ayala Land Premier, Parklinks North Tower was launched on the same year, while the Parklinks lifestyle mall broke ground as well, expected to provide a new destination for residents and office workers within the area when it opens in 2023. With the brisk residential sales of ALP's first project, the Parklinks South tower was launched in 2019, together with Alveo's first residential development "The Lattice".

Also set to rise within the estate will be an iconic bridge that will conveniently connect the QC and Pasig parcels, offering a new route that can help ease vehicular traffic in the north eastern and eastern portions of Metro Manila. The bridge is expected to be completed by early 2021.



- c. On August 11, 2015, the Group won the bid for the Integrated Transport System Project South Terminal ("ITS South Project"). The Company was awarded by the Department of Transportation and Communications ("DOTC") with a 35-year concession agreement to build and operate the ITS South Project and will likewise have the right to develop and operate commercial leasing facilities on the same 5.57 hectare former Food Terminal Inc. property on which the future transport terminal will be built. The site of the ITS South Project is right next to ARCA South, where the Company is developing an integrated mixed-use estate. It is estimated that up to 4,000 buses and 160,000 passengers will feed into ITS South from SLEX every day. Full blast construction of the terminal to start by 2H 2018 and targeted to be operational by 1H 2020.
- d. On June 30, 2015, the Parent Company, through SM-ALI Group Consortium (the Consortium), participated and won in the bidding for Lot No. 8-B-1, containing an area of 263,384 sqm, which is portion of Cebu City-owned lot located at the South Road Properties, Cebu City covered by Transfer Certificate of Title No. 107-2011000963. The Consortium is a consortium among SMPHI, the Company and CHI (together with the Company collectively referred to as the "ALI Group"). Consistent with the agreed payment schedule in the Deed of Absolute Sale, as of August 1, 2018 the ALI Group has fully paid Php 4.56 billion, excluding taxes. The SM-ALI Group has finished with the joint masterplan and has secured the development permit last November 2019 from the Cebu City Council.
- e. On August 8, 1997, an "Assignment Agreement" was executed between Department of Transportation and Communications (DOTC), Metro Rail and MRTDC whereby MRTDC agreed to be bound by all obligations in respect of the Development Rights and make payments to DOTC.
- f. On February 21, 2002, MRTDC and NTDCC entered into an assignment agreement wherein the development rights of MRTDC over an 8.3 hectare portion of the MRT Depot (inclusive of project development costs incurred in relation thereto) was assigned to NTDCC in exchange for 32,600,000 shares of stock to be issued out of the increase in the authorized capital stock of NTDCC, each share with a par value of ₱10, or an aggregate par value of ₱326.00 million. The amount of development rights in excess of the aggregate par value of the shares subscribed was credited to additional paid-in capital.

On January 13, 2006, the deed of assignment between MRTDC and NTDCC was acknowledged by DOTC making MRTDC and NTDCC jointly and severally liable for the DRP and all other obligations attached thereto. NTDCC has been paying rent to DOTC in behalf of MRTDC since January 1, 2006. The DRP obligation is payable annually for 42 years from the date of assumption, renewable upon expiration. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the DRP obligation amounted to ₱3,778.2 million and ₱1,001.1 million, respectively (see Notes 16 and 19).Total DRP obligation paid amounted to ₱236.4 million and ₱229.8 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively. Total rent expenses recognized in the statements of comprehensive income under the "Real estate costs and expenses" account included in direct operating expenses amounted to nil and ₱318.0 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

On March 21, 2007, DOTC, National Housing Authority (NHA), MRTDC, and NTDCC entered into a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) whereby DOTC assigns, transfers and conveys to NHA, its successors or assigns, the right to demand and collect the Depot DRP Payable and Depot DRP. In the MOA, DOTC authorizes MRTDC/ NTDCC to remit the Depot DRP Payable and the Depot DRP to NHA directly which shall be credited by DOTC in favour of MRTDC/ NTDCC as payment for the DRP.

On December 17, 2014, NTDCC, MRTDC and MRTDC shareholders executed a "Funding and Repayment Agreement" wherein the latter agrees to repay NTDCC, for the account of MRTDC, its respective pro rata share in the Total Depot DRP Advances (the Pre-2006 DRP Payables and the Residual Depot DRP, including 15% interest rate accrued on such DRP payables).



- g. On June 4, 2014, AHRC, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent Company has signed a long-term management agreement with the Mandarin Oriental Hotel Group to develop and operate luxury hotel in Makati City. Set to open its doors by 2021, the new Mandarin Oriental Manila will be featuring 276 spacious rooms complemented by an extensive range of modern amenities including premium selection of restaurants and a signature spa. AHRC is committed to pay \$5 million (₱223.6 million) to Manila Mandarin Hotel, Inc. upon the opening of the New Hotel or June 30, 2017, whichever is earlier. In 2017, the Group fully paid the said amount.
- h. On May 12, 2014, ALI has signed the terms of reference with Sureste Properties, Inc. (SPI), a wholly owned subsidiary of Bloomberry Resorts Corp. (BLOOM) for the retail area to be opened in the new Phase 1-A of Solaire Resort & Casino. The Company will be the leasing and marketing agent of the said area with gross leasable area of more than 5,000 sqm.

Contingencies

The Group has various contingent liabilities arising in the ordinary conduct of business including a case related to property restriction violation. The estimate of the probable cost for the resolution of this claim has been developed in consultation with outside counsel handling the defense in this matter and is based upon an analysis of potential results. In the opinion of management and its legal counsel the eventual liability under these lawsuits or claims, if any, will not have a material or adverse effect on the Group's financial position and results of operations. Accordingly, no provision for any liability has been made in the consolidated financial statements.

Disclosures required by PAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, were not provided as it may prejudice the Group's position in ongoing claims and it can jeopardize the outcome of the claims and contingencies.

36. Concession Agreement with Department of Transportation (DOTr)

On January 26, 2016, the Group through ASITI entered into a Concession Agreement (CA) with the Department of Transportation (DOTr). The CA sets forth the rights and obligations of ASITI as concessionaire, including the construction and operation of the South Integrated Transport System Project (the Project) of DOTr. During the concession period, DOTr will monitor and review the performance of the concessionaire.

The concession will run for a period of 35 years from the start of the construction of the Project. Under the terms of the concession agreement, ASITI will design, engineer, construct, operate and maintain a mass transportation intermodal terminal at the outskirts of Metro Manila. The operation of the Project includes the collection and remittance of terminal fees to DOTr of the concessionaire during the concession period. In addition, ASITI will be permitted to develop and operate commercial leasing facilities.

Upon the start of the construction of the Project, DOTr will give ASITI the full, exclusive and uninterrupted use and possession of a 5.57 hectare property known as the Project Land. Ownership of the Project Land shall remain with DOTr at all times while the possession, custody and risk of loss or deterioration of the Project and commercial assets shall vest in the concessionaire during the concession period. ASITI shall transfer the Project and the related assets, free from any liens or encumbrances, to DOTr at the end of the concession period. ASITI will be entitled to annual payments from DOTr amounting to ₱277.9 million during the 35-year concession period, subject to meeting benchmarks set for certain key performance indicators enumerated in the CA.

As of December 31, 2019, construction of the Project has not yet commenced.



37. Notes to Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Disclosed below is the rollforward of liabilities under financing activities:

<u>2019</u>

	January 1, 2019	Cash flows	Non-cash changes	Foreign exchange movement	December 31, 2019
		()	n Thousands)		
Short-term debt	₽14,386,717	₽3,646,113	P -	₽-	₽18,032,830
Current long-term debt	23,265,173	(23,265,173)	17,250,706	-	17,250,706
Non-current long-term debt	149,446,949	44,345,206	(17,250,706)	(728,103)	175,813,346
Dividends payable (Note 16)	664,546	(7,754,046)	7,721,500	-	632,000
Lease liabilities	16,985,922	(1,179,645)	1,706,204	(48,776)	17,463,705
Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities	50,922,906	(6,241,774)	(677,496)	-	44,003,636
Total liabilities from financing activities	₽255,672,213	₽9,550,681	₽8,750,208	(₽776,879)	₽273,196,223

2018

	January 1, 2018	Cash flows	Non-cash changes	Foreign exchange movement	December 31, 2018
			(In Thousands)		
Short-term debt	₽17,644,350	(₽3,257,633)	₽-	₽-	₽14,386,717
Current long-term debt	6,572,775	(6,598,176)	23,265,173	25,401	23,265,173
Non-current long-term debt	150,168,631	18,880,582	(20,513,059)	910,795	149,446,949
Dividends payable (Note 16)	360,130	(7,181,498)	7,485,914	-	664,546
Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities	41,857,646	(5,584,237)	6,019,262	-	42,292,671
Total liabilities from financing activities	₽216,603,532	(₽3,740,962)	₽16,257,290	₽936,196	₽230,056,056

The noncash activities of the Group pertain the following:

2019

- transfer from investment properties to inventories amounting to ₽11,830.0 million
- transfer from inventories to investment properties amounting to ₱674.9 million
- transfer from investment properties to property and equipment amounting to ₽644.1 million
- transfer from property and equipment to investment properties to amounting to ₽133.1 million
- transfer from right-of-use assets to investment properties amounting to ₱98.7 million
- unpaid acquisition of investment properties amounting to ₽7,392.2 million

2018

- transfer from investment properties to inventories amounting to ₱7,446.2 million
- transfer from inventories to investment properties amounting to ₽116.4 million
- transfer from investment properties to property and equipment amounting to ₽4,900.6 million
- transfer from investment properties to other noncurrent assets amounting to ₱60.0 million, respectively
- unpaid acquisition of investment properties amounting to ₱4,029.4 million

2017

- transfer from inventories to investment properties amounting to ₱2,454.9 million
- transfer from investment properties to property and equipment amounting to ₱1,764.6 million
- transfer from investment properties to other current and noncurrent assets amounting to ₱86.3 million and ₱62.1 million, respectively

38. Events After Reporting Date

On February 20, 2020, the BOD approved the declaration of cash dividends amounting to ₱0.268 per outstanding common share. This reflects a 3% increase from the cash dividends declared in the first



half of 2019 amounting to ₱0.26 per share. These will be paid on March 20, 2020 to shareholders on record as of March 6, 2020.

On the same date, the BOD approved the raising of up to ₱10 billion through the issuance of retail bonds under its current Shelf Registration program and will be listed on the Philippine Dealing and Exchange Corporation (PDEx) to partially finance general corporate requirements and to refinance maturing loans.

The BOD also approved the increase of additional ₱25 billion to the Parent Company's current share buyback program bringing the available balance to ₱26.1 billion. The program will be implemented through open market purchases executed via the trading facilities of the Philippine Stock Exchange.







SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Philippines

Tel: (632) 891 0307 Fax: (632) 819 0872 ey.com/ph BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, October 4, 2018, valid until August 24, 2021 SEC Accreditation No. 0012-FR-5 (Group A), November 6, 2018, valid until November 5, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors Ayala Land, Inc. 31st Floor, Tower One and Exchange Plaza, Ayala Triangle Ayala Avenue, Makati City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the consolidated financial statements of Ayala Land, Inc. and its subsidiaries as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019, included in this Form 17-A and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2020. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. The schedules listed in the Index to the Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Schedules are the responsibility of the Group's management. These schedules are presented for purposes of complying with the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68, and are not part of the basic consolidated financial statements. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly state, in all material respects, the financial information required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

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Michael C. Sabado Partner CPA Certificate No. 89336 SEC Accreditation No. 0664-AR-4 (Group A), November 11, 2019, valid until November 10, 2022 Tax Identification No. 160-302-865 BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-73-2018, February 26, 2018, valid until February 25, 2021 PTR No. 8125294, January 7, 2020, Makati City

February 20, 2020





6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Philippines

SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. Tel: (632) 891 0307 Fax: (632) 819 0872 ey.com/ph

BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, October 4, 2018, valid until August 24, 2021 SEC Accreditation No. 0012-FR-5 (Group A), November 6, 2018, valid until November 5, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPONENTS OF FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors Ayala Land, Inc. 31st Floor, Tower One and Exchange Plaza, Ayala Triangle Ayala Avenue, Makati City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the consolidated financial statements of Ayala Land, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the Group) as at December 31, 2019 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2020. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. The Supplementary Schedule on Financial Soundness Indicators, including their definitions, formulas, calculation, and their appropriateness or usefulness to the intended users, are the responsibility of the Group's management. These financial soundness indicators are not measures of operating performance defined by Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies. This schedule is presented for the purpose of complying with the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission, and is not a required part of the basic consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with PFRS. The components of these financial soundness indicators have been traced to the Group's consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2019 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019 and no material exceptions were noted.

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Michael C. Sabado Partner CPA Certificate No. 89336 SEC Accreditation No. 0664-AR-4 (Group A), November 11, 2019, valid until November 10, 2022 Tax Identification No. 160-302-865 BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-73-2018, February 26, 2018, valid until February 25, 2021 PTR No. 8125294, January 7, 2020, Makati City

February 20, 2020



AYALA LAND, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE A - Financial Assets As of December 31, 2019

NAME OF ISSUING ENTITY AND ASSOCIATION OF EACH ISSUE	AMOUNT IN THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	INCOME RECEIVED & ACCRUED
Loans and Receivables		
A. Cash in Bank	Php 14,555,033,290	Php 53,616,166
BPI		
Peso	3,872,027,677	24,954,983
Foreign Currency	70,468,892	
Other Banks	_,,	-,
Peso	6,069,801,695	28,338,043
Foreign Currency	4,542,735,026	, ,
B. Cash Equivalents 1/ BPI	5,784,791,250	183,857,857
Special Savings Account		202,753
Time Deposits	906,295,816	,
Others		9,158,317
Other Banks		-, -,-
Special Savings Account		11,728,110
Time Deposits	4,878,495,434	
Others		15,793,360
C. Loans and receivable	79,205,658,097	4,066,077,884
Trade	79,205,658,097	
Advances to other companies		
Investment in bonds classified as loans and receivables		
2/	-	-
D . Financial Assets at FVPL	485,435,726	6,426,808
Investment in UITF	96,404,376	
Investment in Funds	389,031,350	
E. AFS Financial assets	1,529,178,938	
TOTAL :	Php 101,560,097,302	

1/ Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are made for varying period of up to three (3) months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the group and earn interest at the respective short term rates.

2/ Investment in bonds classified as loans and receivables pertain to the Company's investment in unsecured subordinated notes of Land Bank of the Philippines and Development Bank of the Philippines and Company's investment in collateralized bonds of First Metro Investment Corp.

AYALA LAND, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE B - Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties) As of December 31, 2019

NAME AND DESIGNATION OF DEBTOR	F BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD		,	ADDITIONS		AMOUNTS OLLECTED	CURRENT		NON-CURRENT		BALANCE AT END OF PERIOD	
Employees												
Notes Receivable	Php	1,113,204,954	Php	1,105,615,699	Php	1,317,557,786	Php	597,390,673	Php	303,872,193	Php	901,262,867

AYALA LAND INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Schedule C - Accounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation Period As of December 31, 2019

	Amou	nt Owed by Ayala Land, Inc. (AL	I) Subsidiaries to ALI PAREN	г	
	Receivable Balance per ALI-	Payable Balance per ALI	Current	Non-Current	
	PARENT	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:	4 457 202 570	4 457 202 570	4 457 202 570		
Accendo Commercial Corp Adauge Commercial Corp.	1,157,392,570 3,037,839	1,157,392,570 3,037,839	1,157,392,570 3,037,839		
Alabang Commercial Corporation (Conso)	25,652,987	25,652,987	25,652,987		
ALI Capital Corp. (Conso)	68,044,733	68,044,733	68,044,733		
ALI Commercial Center, Inc. (Conso)	124,796,360	124,796,360	124,796,360		
ALI-CII Development Corporation	4,571,382	4,571,382	4,571,382		
ALO Prime Realty Corporation	6,975,566	6,975,566	6,975,566		
Alveo Land Corporation (Conso)	3,693,053,842	3,693,053,842	3,693,053,842		
Amaia Land Corporation (Conso)	1,207,952,162	1,207,952,162	1,207,952,162		
Amorsedia Development Corporation (Conso)	528,473,358	528,473,358	528,473,358		
Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club Inc	236,798	236,798	236,798		
Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club Inc. APRISA Business Process Solutions, Inc	77,496,026	77,496,026	77,496,026		
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	947,461,539	947,461,539	947,461,539		
Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc	13,369,464	13,369,464	13,369,464		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	95,658,114	95,658,114	95,658,114		
Aurora Properties, Inc.	71,652,403	71,652,403	71,652,403		
Aviana Development Corporation	67,023,359	67,023,359	67,023,359		
Avida Land Corporation (Conso)	5,624,966,773	5,624,966,773	5,624,966,773		
Ayala Hotels Inc.	1,312,853,701	1,312,853,701	1,312,853,701		
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc.(Conso)	135,308,665	135,308,665	135,308,665		
Ayala Land Sales Inc. Ayala Property Management Corporation (Conso)	57,003,405 11,544,638	57,003,405 11,544,638	57,003,405 11,544,638		
Ayala Theaters Management, Inc.	34,104	34,104	34,104		
AyalaLand Club Management, Inc.	24,955,901	24,955,901	24,955,901		
AyalaLand Commercial REIT, Inc.	7,685,692	7,685,692	7,685,692		
Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	3,072,281,084	3,072,281,084	3,072,281,084		
AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corp. (Conso)	851,457,338	851,457,338	851,457,338		
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. (Conso)	270,807,751	270,807,751	270,807,751		
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	38,480,937	38,480,937	38,480,937		
AyalaLand Malls, Inc. (Conso)	28,895,290	28,895,290	28,895,290		
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	13,945,720 1,784,567	13,945,720 1,784,567	13,945,720 1,784,567		
AyalaLand Offices, Inc. (Conso)	106,451,236	106,451,236	106,451,236		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	5,718,952,022	5,718,952,022	5,718,952,022		
BellaVita Land Corp.	981,454,597	981,454,597	981,454,597		
BG West Properties, Inc	645,282,158	645,282,158	645,282,158		
Buendia Landholdings, Inc.	140,716	140,716	140,716		
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	47,353,798	47,353,798	47,353,798		
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	1,545,529,541	1,545,529,541	1,545,529,541		
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	47,393,804	47,393,804	47,393,804		
Cebu Holdings, Inc. (Conso) CECI Realty Corp.	993,291,675 252,871,103	<u>993,291,675</u> 252,871,103	993,291,675 252,871,103		
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	1,484,756	1,484,756	1,484,756		
Crimson Field Enterprises, Inc.	195,539,134	195,539,134	195,539,134		
Direct Power Services Inc.	6,503,873	6,503,873	6,503,873		
Ecoholdings Company, Inc.	702,706	702,706	702,706		
First Longfield Investments Ltd. (Conso)	717,741	717,741	717,741		
FIVE STAR Cinema Inc.	351,885	351,885	351,885		
Hillsford Property Corporation	229,267	229,267	229,267		
Integrated Eco-Resort Inc.	67,862	67,862	67,862		
Lagdigan Land Corporation Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	334,845 772,819	334,845 772,819	334,845 772,819		
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	10,632,511,568	10,632,511,568	10,632,511,568		
Makati Development Corporation (Conso)	279,308,438	279,308,438	279,308,438		
Next Urban Alliance Development Corp.	306,294	306,294	306,294		
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	716,759,037	716,759,037	716,759,037		
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	891,651,805	891,651,805	891,651,805		
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	49,965,962	49,965,962	49,965,962		
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	7,358,932	7,358,932	7,358,932		
Nuevocentro, Inc. (Conso)	2,402,412,431	2,402,412,431	2,402,412,431		
One Dela Rosa Property Development, Inc.	187,030,114	187,030,114	187,030,114		
Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc. Primavera Towncentre, Inc.	5,553,496 29,895,291	5,553,496 29,895,291	5,553,496 29,895,291		
Red Creek Properties, Inc.	236,596,172	236,596,172	236,596,172		

Sub-Total	54,169,038,071	54,169,038,071	54,169,038,071	-
Ayalaland Premier, Inc.	379,309	379,309	379,309	
Whiteknight Holdings, Inc.	33,150,024	33,150,024	33,150,024	
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	8,690,929	8,690,929	8,690,929	
Vesta Property Holdings Inc.	30,764,534	30,764,534	30,764,534	
Verde Golf Development Corporation	94,484,534	94,484,534	94,484,534	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.(Conso)	9,737,996	9,737,996	9,737,996	
Ten Knots Development Corporation(Conso)	58,767,453	58,767,453	58,767,453	
Sunnyfield E-Office Corp	10,712,401	10,712,401	10,712,401	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	38,688,012	38,688,012	38,688,012	
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	2,062,110	2,062,110	2,062,110	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	1,184,730,454	1,184,730,454	1,184,730,454	
Southportal Properties, Inc.	389,494,468	389,494,468	389,494,468	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	13,622,959	13,622,959	13,622,959	
Serendra Inc.	165,819,409	165,819,409	165,819,409	
Roxas Land Corp.	17,236,844	17,236,844	17,236,844	
Regent Wise Investments Limited(Conso)	6,480,791,605	6,480,791,605	6,480,791,605	
Regent Time International, Limited	97,668,809	97,668,809	97,668,809	
Regent Time International Ltd.	417,166	417,166	417,166	

	Amount Owed by ALI PARENT to ALI SUBSIDIARIES					
	Receivable Balance per ALI	Payable Balance per ALI				
	Subsidiaries	Parent	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:						
Accendo Commercial Corp	14,257,338	14,257,338	14,257,338			
Adauge Commercial Corp.	25,034,315	25,034,315	25,034,315			
Alabang Commercial Corporation (Conso)	159,328,727	159,328,727	159,328,727			
ALI Capital Corp. (Conso)	206,362,962	206,362,962	206,362,962			
ALI Commercial Center, Inc. (Conso)	182,485,527	182,485,527	182,485,527			
ALI-CII Development Corporation	31,214,088	31,214,088	31,214,088			
ALO Prime Realty Corporation	7,268	7,268	7,268			
Alveo Land Corporation (Conso)	1,586,505,918	1,586,505,918	1,586,505,918			
Amaia Land Corporation (Conso)	2,611,255	2,611,255	2,611,255			
Amorsedia Development Corporation (Conso)	183,865,474	183,865,474	183,865,474			
Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club Inc	94,430,126	94,430,126	94,430,126			
Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club Inc.	20,050,417	20,050,417	20,050,417			
APRISA Business Process Solutions, Inc	104,489,639	104,489,639	104,489,639			
Arvo Commercial Corporation	978,410,844	978,410,844	978,410,844			
Aurora Properties, Inc.	145,870,063	145,870,063	145,870,063			
Avida Land Corporation (Conso)	2,460,861,694	2,460,861,694	2,460,861,694			
Ayala Hotels Inc.	3,345,239,811	3,345,239,811	3,345,239,811			
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc.(Conso)	17,184,476	17,184,476	17,184,476			
Ayala Land Sales Inc.	79,555,853	79,555,853	79,555,853			
Ayala Property Management Corporation (Conso)	15,095,642	15,095,642	15,095,642			
AyalaLand Club Management, Inc.	133,860	133,860	133,860			
AyalaLand Commercial REIT, Inc.	149,817,950	149,817,950	149,817,950			
Avalaland Estates, Inc.	188,286,844	188,286,844	188,286,844			
AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corp. (Conso)	215,388,630	215,388,630	215,388,630			
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. (Conso)	567,328,281	567,328,281	567,328,281			
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	8,016,500	8,016,500	8,016,500			
AyalaLand Malls, Inc. (Conso)	10,924,445	10,924,445	10,924,445			
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	78,062,057	78,062,057	78,062,057			
AyalaLand Offices, Inc. (Conso)	958,344,014	958,344,014	958,344,014			
BellaVita Land Corp.	1,730,970	1,730,970	1,730,970			
BG West Properties, Inc	2,926,004	2,926,004	2,926,004			
Buendia Landholdings, Inc.	709,316	709,316	709,316			
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	5,117,937	5,117,937	5,117,937			
Cebu Holdings, Inc. (Conso)	23,926 264,213,281	23,926	23,926			
CECI Realty Corp.	357,931,069	357,931,069	357,931,069			
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	92,728,430	92,728,430	92,728,430			
Crimson Field Enterprises, Inc.	10,050,000	10,050,000	10,050,000			
Direct Power Services Inc.	111,894,474	111,894,474	111,894,474			
First Longfield Investments Ltd. (Conso)	15,362,571	15,362,571	15,362,571			
FIVE STAR Cinema Inc.	8,320	8,320	8,320			
Integrated Eco-Resort Inc.	496,781,449	496,781,449	496,781,449			
Lagdigan Land Corporation	19,526,813	19,526,813	19,526,813			
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	184,361,354	184,361,354	184,361,354			
Makati Development Corporation (Conso)	7,047,501,367	7,047,501,367	7,047,501,367			
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	200,123,809	200,123,809	200,123,809			
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	297,076,650	297,076,650	297,076,650			
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	45,369,567	45,369,567	45,369,567			
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	86,759,748	86,759,748	86,759,748			

Sub-Total	23,560,731,469	23,560,731,469	23,560,731,469	-
Ayalaland Premier, Inc.	9,289,835	9,289,835	9,289,835	
Whiteknight Holdings, Inc.	10,020,625	10,020,625	10,020,625	
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	121,144	121,144	121,144	
Vesta Property Holdings Inc.	12,281,834	12,281,834	12,281,834	
Verde Golf Development Corporation	142,445	142,445	142,445	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.(Conso)	7,755,083	7,755,083	7,755,083	
Ten Knots Development Corporation(Conso)	68,254,593	68,254,593	68,254,593	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	189,524,457	189,524,457	189,524,457	
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	223,386,191	223,386,191	223,386,191	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	160,468,671	160,468,671	160,468,671	
Southportal Properties, Inc.	357,530,282	357,530,282	357,530,282	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	532,681	532,681	532,681	
Serendra Inc.	143,832,241	143,832,241	143,832,241	
Regent Time International, Limited	465,431,207	465,431,207	465,431,207	
Red Creek Properties, Inc.	18,000,592	18,000,592	18,000,592	
Primavera Towncentre, Inc.	1,407,328	1,407,328	1,407,328	
Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc.	177,694,989	177,694,989	177,694,989	
One Dela Rosa Property Development, Inc.	514,752,540	514,752,540	514,752,540	
Nuevocentro, Inc. (Conso)	130,943,656	130,943,656	130,943,656	

	Amount Owed by	ALI SUBSIDIARIES TO MAKATI DE	VELOPMENT CORP. AND SI	JBSIDIARIES
	Receivable Balance per MDC	Payable Balance per ALI		
	& Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:				
Accendo Commercial Corp	147,650,118	147,650,118	147,650,118	
Adauge Commercial Corp.	234,500	234,500	234,500	
Airswift Transport, Inc.	16,745,386	16,745,386	16,745,386	
ALI Capital Corp.	684,332	684,332	684,332	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	1,006,156,094	1,006,156,094	1,006,156,094	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	602,048,912	602,048,912	602,048,912	
Alveo Land Corporation	1,986,397,021	1,986,397,021	1,986,397,021	
Amaia Land Corp.	922,155,956	922,155,956	922,155,956	
Amaia Southern Properties, Inc.	6,310,315	6,310,315	6,310,315	
Amicassa Process Solution	244,903	244,903	244,903	
AMSI, Inc.	1,469,109	1,469,109	1,469,109	
Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club Inc.	8,441,505	8,441,505	8,441,505	
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	91,068,684	91,068,684	91,068,684	
Arca South Integrated	25,841,928	25,841,928	25,841,928	
Arcasouth Hotel Ventures, Inc.	48,954,014	48,954,014	48,954,014	
Arvo Commercial Corp	94,785,890	94,785,890	94,785,890	
Asian I-Office Properties, Inc.	1,936,047	1,936,047	1,936,047	
Aurora Properties, Inc.	7,317,937	7,317,937	7,317,937	
Avencosouth Corp.	13,608,158	13,608,158	13,608,158	
Aviana Development Corporation	354,419,548	354,419,548	354,419,548	
Avida Land Corp.	2,228,943,499	2,228,943,499	2,228,943,499	
Ayala Greenfield Devt Cor	227,723,015	227,723,015	227,723,015	
Ayala Hotels, Inc.	1,147,891,668	1,147,891,668	1,147,891,668	
Ayala Land Intl Sales,Inc	59,998	59,998	59,998	
Ayala Land Sales Inc.	14,000	14,000	14,000	
AYALALAND HOTELS AND RES	7,465,267	7,465,267	7,465,267	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	243,006,342	243,006,342	243,006,342	
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	273,039,611	273,039,611	273,039,611	
Ayalaland Metro North Inc	1,805,408	1,805,408	1,805,408	
AyalaLand Offices, Inc.	11,251,504	11,251,504	11,251,504	
Bay Area Hotel Ventures, Inc.	635,852,561	635,852,561	635,852,561	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	2,285,233,209	2,285,233,209	2,285,233,209	
BellaVita Land Corp.	34,653,982	34,653,982	34,653,982	
BG North Properties Inc.	380,432,298	380,432,298	380,432,298	
BG West Properties, Inc	2,537,902,288	2,537,902,288	2,537,902,288	
BGSouth Properties, Inc.	1,297,278,677	1,297,278,677	1,297,278,677	
Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc.	185,160,837	185,160,837	185,160,837	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	251,408,051	251,408,051	251,408,051	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	187,685,092	187,685,092	187,685,092	
Capitol Central Hotel Ven	940,604	940,604	940,604	
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	572,424,612	572,424,612	572,424,612	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	263,298,856	263,298,856	263,298,856	
Cebu Insular Hotel Company, Inc.	6,673,423	6,673,423	6,673,423	
CECI Realty Corp.	22,420,456	22,420,456	22,420,456	
Central Block Dev., Inc.	1,091,494,556	1,091,494,556	1,091,494,556	
Chirica Resorts Corporation	106,944	106,944	106,944	
Circuit Makati Hotel	71,156,103	71,156,103	71,156,103	
Crans Montana Prop Hold	135,412,852	135,412,852	135,412,852	

Direct Power Services Inc.	22,782	22,782	22,782	
Eco North Resort Ventures	22,621,163	22,621,163	22,621,163	
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures Inc.	389,021,335	389,021,335	389,021,335	
HLC Development Corporation	92,606,334	92,606,334	92,606,334	
Lagdigan Land Corp.	15,141,375	15,141,375	15,141,375	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	90,363,444	90,363,444	90,363,444	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	148,950,564	148,950,564	148,950,564	
Lepanto Ceramics, Inc.	54,408,724	54,408,724	54,408,724	
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	2,815,566	2,815,566	2,815,566	
Makati Cornerstone Leasin	45,970,983	45,970,983	45,970,983	
North Eastern Comm Corp	29,990,496	29,990,496	29,990,496	
North Triangle Depot	332,863,815	332,863,815	332,863,815	
North Triangle Hotel Vent	4,091,326	4,091,326	4,091,326	
North Ventures Com Corp	3,111,587	3,111,587	3,111,587	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	2,330,282	2,330,282	2,330,282	
Nuevocentro, Inc.	471,697,567	471,697,567	471,697,567	
One Dela Rosa Property	2,019,459	2,019,459	2,019,459	
Phil Integ Energy Sol,Inc	19,677,997	19,677,997	19,677,997	
Portico Land Corp.	325,233,335	325,233,335	325,233,335	
Primavera Towncentre, Inc	137,659,810	137,659,810	137,659,810	
Roxas Land Corp.	169,182,913	169,182,913	169,182,913	
Serendra Inc.	71,735,337	71,735,337	71,735,337	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	368,672,687	368,672,687	368,672,687	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	12,187,943	12,187,943	12,187,943	
Solinea Inc.	156,388,946	156,388,946	156,388,946	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	148,597,418	148,597,418	148,597,418	
Southgateway Dev. Corp	394,177,945	394,177,945	394,177,945	
Southportal Properties, Inc.	491,164,386	491,164,386	491,164,386	
Station Square East	25,617,187	25,617,187	25,617,187	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	68,874,505	68,874,505	68,874,505	
Sunnyfield E-Office Corp.	3,700,750	3,700,750	3,700,750	
Taft Punta Engaño Property, Inc.	76,645,189	76,645,189	76,645,189	
Ten Knots Development Corporation	6,097,830	6,097,830	6,097,830	
Ten Knots Philippines, In	141,735,923	141,735,923	141,735,923	
Verde Golf Development Corporation	3,341,550	3,341,550	3,341,550	
Vesta Prop. Holdings, Inc	57,269,676	57,269,676	57,269,676	
Sub-Total	23,823,194,198	23,823,194,198	23,823,194,198	

	Amour	nt Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to	ACCENDO COMMERCIAL CO	RP.
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		
	ACCENDO	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Adauge Commercial Corp.	21,688	21,688	21,688	
Airswift Transport, Inc.	31,397	31,397	31,397	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	90,227	90,227	90,227	
Alveo Land Corporation	9,673,599	9,673,599	9,673,599	
Amaia Land Corporation	53,531	53,531	53,531	
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	833,654	833,654	833,654	
Avencosouth Corp.	3,107,975	3,107,975	3,107,975	
Aviana Development Corporation	3,583,816	3,583,816	3,583,816	
Avida Land Corporation	2,843,158	2,843,158	2,843,158	
Ayala Property Management Corporation	395,257	395,257	395,257	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	230,654	230,654	230,654	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	135,162	135,162	135,162	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	800	800	800	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	276,172	276,172	276,172	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	905,441	905,441	905,441	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	443,632	443,632	443,632	
Capitol Central Hotel Ventures, Inc.	24,140	24,140	24,140	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	375,614	375,614	375,614	
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	5,080	5,080	5,080	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	180,232	180,232	180,232	
eisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	134,139	134,139	134,139	
io Resort Ventures Inc	2,818	2,818	2,818	
Makati Development Corporation	179,854	179,854	179,854	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	300	300	300	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	37,985	37,985	37,985	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	300	300	300	
Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc.	361	361	361	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	6,865	6,865	6,865	
Southcrest Hotel Ventures, Inc.	1,209,277	1,209,277	1,209,277	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	6,050	6,050	6,050	
Ten Knots Development Corporation	1,820	1,820	1,820	

Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	28,067	28,067	28,067	
Sub-Total	24,819,064	24,819,064	24,819,064	-

	Amour	t Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AD	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ADAUGE COMMERCIAL CORP.				
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI					
	ADAUGE	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current			
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:							
Airswift Transport, Inc.	504,975	504,975	504,975				
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	138,797	138,797	138,797				
Arvo Commercial Corporation	205,521	205,521	205,521				
Avida Land Corporation	1,432,125	1,432,125	1,432,125				
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	1,305	1,305	1,305				
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	5,044,506	5,044,506	5,044,506				
Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc.	4,098,370	4,098,370	4,098,370				
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	1,011,082	1,011,082	1,011,082				
Central Block Developers, Inc.	13,028,302	13,028,302	13,028,302				
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	6,149,107	6,149,107	6,149,107				
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	10,063,633	10,063,633	10,063,633				
Laguna Technopark Inc.	3,017,460	3,017,460	3,017,460				
Sentera Hotel Ventures, Inc.	1,172,882	1,172,882	1,172,882				
Sunnyfield E-Office Corp	483,392	483,392	483,392				
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	25,190	25,190	25,190				
Sub-Total	46,376,648	46,376,648	46,376,648				

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ALABANG COMMERCIAL CORP. & SUBSIDIARIES				
	Receivable Balance per ACC	Payable Balance per ALI			
	& Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	20,409	20,409	20,409		
ALI Commercial Center, Inc	1,900,269	1,900,269	1,900,269		
Alveo Land Corporation	373,958	373,958	373,958		
Amaia Land Corp.	112,988	112,988	112,988		
Arvo Commercial Corp	140,869	140,869	140,869		
Avida Land Corp.	955,514	955,514	955,514		
Ayala Land Sales, Inc.	571,187	571,187	571,187		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	5,800	5,800	5,800		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	5,113	5,113	5,113		
CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp	900	900	900		
Cavite Comml Town Center	1,932	1,932	1,932		
Cebu Leisure Co. Inc.	21,005	21,005	21,005		
First Gateway Real Estate Corp	5,213,926	5,213,926	5,213,926		
FIVE STAR Cinema Inc.	5,273,430	5,273,430	5,273,430		
HLC Development Corporation	92,639	92,639	92,639		
Laguna Technopark Inc.	204,436	204,436	204,436		
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	13,377,387	13,377,387	13,377,387		
North Eastern Comm Corp	6,720	6,720	6,720		
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	339,355	339,355	339,355		
North Ventures Com Corp	3,400	3,400	3,400		
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	41,800	41,800	41,800		
Orion Land Inc.	913	913	913		
Serendra Inc.	160,294	160,294	160,294		
Soltea Commercial Corp.	56,580	56,580	56,580		
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	1	1	1		
Station Square East Commercial Corp	87,147	87,147	87,147		
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	600	600	600		
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	288	288	288		
Sub-Total	28,968,859	28,968,859	28,968,859		

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ALI CAPITAL CORP.			
	Receivable Balance per ALI CAPITAL CORP. & Subsidiaries	Payable Balance per ALI Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Amaia Land Corp.	22,953,634	22,953,634	22,953,634	
Arvo Commercial Corp	116,413	116,413	116,413	
AYALALAND HOTELS AND RES	2,092,064	2,092,064	2,092,064	
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	5,489	5,489	5,489	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	12,030,250	12,030,250	12,030,250	
Chirica Resorts Corporation	3,508,128	3,508,128	3,508,128	
Eco North Resort Ventures	382,138	382,138	382,138	
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	7,464,131	7,464,131	7,464,131	
Pangulasian Isl Rsrt Corp	1,061,858	1,061,858	1,061,858	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	824,119	824,119	824,119	

Ten Knots Dev., Corp.	26,623,893	26,623,893	26,623,893	
Ten Knots Philippines, In	7,664,373	7,664,373	7,664,373	
WhiteKnight Holdings, Inc	21,199,317	21,199,317	21,199,317	
Avida Land Corp.	21,100,000	21,100,000	21,100,000	
Sub-Total	127,025,807	127,025,807	127,025,807	

	Amour	ALI COMMERCIAL CENTER IN		
	Receivable Balance per ACCI	Payable Balance per ALI		
	& Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:	1 022 514	1 022 514	1 022 514	
Accendo Commercial Corp Airswift Transport, Inc.	1,932,514 96,076	<u>1,932,514</u> 96,076	1,932,514 96,076	
Airswift Transport, Inc.	1,361,567	1,361,567	1,361,567	
Alabang Commercial Corp.	1,886,830	1,886,830	1,886,830	
ALI Commercial Center,Inc	(3,342,112)	(3,342,112)	(3,342,112)	
ALI Makati Hotel and Residences, Inc.	(488,875)	(488,875)	(488,875)	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	926,987	926,987	926,987	
ALI-CII Development Corporation	22,225	22,225	22,225	
Alveo Land Corporation	736,058	736,058	736,058	
Amaia Land Corp.	1,418,088	1,418,088	1,418,088	
AMC Japan Concepts Inc.	3,351,768	3,351,768	3,351,768	
APRISA Business Soln.,Inc	10,400	10,400	10,400	
Arca South Comm.Vent.Corp AREIT, Inc	204,480,340	204,480,340 22,766	204,480,340 22,766	
Arvo Commercial Corp	2,763,698	2,763,698	2,763,698	
Asian I-Office Properties, Inc.	2,703,038	2,703,038	2,703,098	
Aurora Properties, Inc.	1,169	1,169	1,169	
Avida Land Corp.	3,489,022	3,489,022	3,489,022	
Avida Sales Corp.	45,360	45,360	45,360	
Ayala Hotels, Inc.	4,050	4,050	4,050	
Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp	29,260,908	29,260,908	29,260,908	
Ayala Theaters Mgt, Inc.	1,304,555	1,304,555	1,304,555	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	251,231	251,231	251,231	
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	5,791,546	5,791,546	5,791,546	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	1,388,481	1,388,481	1,388,481	
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	98,502	98,502	98,502	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	76,467	76,467	76,467	
Ayalaland Premier, Inc. Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	422,922	422,922 2,513,940	422,922 2,513,940	
BellaVita Land Corp.	2,513,940	2,515,940	2,513,940	
CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp	5,615,624	5,615,624	5,615,624	
Captl Cntrl Com Vent Corp	739,575	739,575	739,575	
Cavite Comml Town Center	14,398	14,398	14,398	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	24,982,559	24,982,559	24,982,559	
Cebu Insular Hotel	350	350	350	
Cebu Leisure Co. Inc.	391,765	391,765	391,765	
CECI Realty Corp.	4,466	4,466	4,466	
Central Block Dev., Inc.	679,104	679,104	679,104	
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	205,992	205,992	205,992	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	752,863	752,863	752,863	
DirectPower Services, Inc	2,896	2,896	2,896	
Eco North Resort Ventures Ecosouth Hotel Ventures Inc.	<u> </u>	<u>610,244</u> 19,600	610,244 19,600	
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures Inc. Ecosone Power Management, Inc.	2,280	2,280	2,280	
FIVE STAR Cinema Inc.	5,510	5,510	5,510	
HLC Development Corporation	10,066,023	10,066,023	10,066,023	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	928,294	928,294	928,294	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	2,116,643	2,116,643	2,116,643	
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	97,385	97,385	97,385	
Makati Cornerstone Leasin	213,352	213,352	213,352	
Makati Development Corp.	147,564	147,564	147,564	
Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc.	19,600	19,600	19,600	
North Eastern Comm Corp	1,426,356	1,426,356	1,426,356	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	5,533,006	5,533,006	5,533,006	
North Ventures Com Corp	451,755	451,755	451,755	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	78,424 40,027	78,424 40,027	78,424 40,027	
Orion Land Inc. Primavera Towncentre, Inc.	7,085,690	7,085,690	7,085,690	
Serendra Inc.	56,420	56,420	56,420	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	20,428,666	20,428,666	20,428,666	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	964,543	964,543	964,543	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	18,823,977	18,823,977	18,823,977	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	601,309	601,309	601,309	

South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	359,841	359,841	359,841	
Southcrest Hotel Ventures	19,600	19,600	19,600	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	1,747,016	1,747,016	1,747,016	
Subic Bay Town Centre Inc	306,954	306,954	306,954	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	8,841,517	8,841,517	8,841,517	
Ten Knots Dev., Corp.	3,458	3,458	3,458	
Ten Knots Development Corporation	963,750	963,750	963,750	
Ten Knots Philippines, In	23,541,693	23,541,693	23,541,693	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	121,532	121,532	121,532	
Tutuban Properties, Inc.	5,046	5,046	5,046	
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	49,286	49,286	49,286	
Sub-Total	398,919,316	398,919,316	398,919,316	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ALI-CII DEVELOPMENT CORP			
	Receivable Balance per ALI-	Payable Balance per ALI		
	СІІ	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	93,129	93,129	93,129	
Amaia Land Corporation	3,019,430	3,019,430	3,019,430	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	2,149,667	2,149,667	2,149,667	
Avida Land Corporation	92,811	92,811	92,811	
Avida Sales Corp	671,304	671,304	671,304	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	7,565,471	7,565,471	7,565,471	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	29,218,264	29,218,264	29,218,264	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	9,020,281	9,020,281	9,020,281	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	5,096,759	5,096,759	5,096,759	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	18,490,719	18,490,719	18,490,719	
Sub-Total	75,417,835	75,417,835	75,417,835	-

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ALVEO LAND CORP. & SUBSIDIARIES				
	Receivable Balance per				
	ALVEO LAND CORP. &	Payable Balance per ALI			
	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	399,785,726	399,785,726	399,785,726		
Airswift Transport, Inc.	120,272,438	120,272,438	120,272,438		
ALI Commercial Center,Inc	1,725	1,725	1,725		
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	162,172	162,172	162,172		
Alviera Country Club, Inc	81,537	81,537	81,537		
Amaia Land Corp.	246,075,573	246,075,573	246,075,573		
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	3,743,290	3,743,290	3,743,290		
Arca South Comm.Vent.Corp	301,459,248	301,459,248	301,459,248		
Arca South Integrated	20,075,067	20,075,067	20,075,067		
Arvo Commercial Corp	159,334,036	159,334,036	159,334,036		
Aurora Properties, Inc.	104,086,789	104,086,789	104,086,789		
Avida Land Corp.	1,686,583	1,686,583	1,686,583		
Ayala Greenfield Devt Cor	2,094,260	2,094,260	2,094,260		
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc	6,002,307	6,002,307	6,002,307		
Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp	2,486,937	2,486,937	2,486,937		
Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	77,019	77,019	77,019		
AYALALAND HOTELS AND RES	876,007	876,007	876,007		
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	8,635,335	8,635,335	8,635,335		
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	454,086	454,086	454,086		
AvalaLand Malls, Inc.	54,613	54,613	54,613		
Avalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	2,241,767	2,241,767	2,241,767		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	336,721,730	336,721,730	336,721,730		
BellaVita Land Corp.	824,072,593	824,072,593	824,072,593		
BGSouth Properties, Inc.	(1,668,936,549)	(1,668,936,549)	(1,668,936,549)		
CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp	16,374	16,374	16,374		
Captl Cntrl Com Vent Corp	56,286,420	56,286,420	56,286,420		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	134,217,243	134,217,243	134,217,243		
Central Block Dev., Inc.	209,917,752	209,917,752	209,917,752		
Chirica Resorts Corporation	10,084	10,084	10,084		
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	4,000	4,000	4,000		
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	10,517,785	10,517,785	10,517,785		
DirectPower Services, Inc	12,742	12,742	12,742		
HLC Development Corporation	27,069,828	27,069,828	27,069,828		
Laguna Technopark Inc.	34,135,226	34,135,226	34,135,226		
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	399,476	399,476	399,476		
Makati Development Corp.	10,611,206	10,611,206	10,611,206		
MDC Build Plus, Inc.	2,754,454	2,754,454	2,754,454		
North Eastern Comm Corp	5,967	5,967	5,967		
North Triangle Hotel Vent	21,187	21,187	21,187		

Nuevocentro Inc.	256,133,220	256,133,220	256,133,220	
Primavera Towncentre, Inc.	10,314,784	10,314,784	10,314,784	
Serendra Inc.	45,623,451	45,623,451	45,623,451	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	14,201,380	14,201,380	14,201,380	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	(41,706,955)	(41,706,955)	(41,706,955)	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	1,003,866	1,003,866	1,003,866	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	25,584	25,584	25,584	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	12,436,524	12,436,524	12,436,524	
Ten Knots Philippines, In	25,971	25,971	25,971	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000	
Vesta Prop. Holdings, Inc	356,164,896	356,164,896	356,164,896	
Sub-Total	2,031,746,752	2,031,746,752	2,031,746,752	-

	Amount	Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to Al	MAIA LAND, INC. & SUBSIDI	ARIES
	Receivable Balance per			
	AMAIA LAND, INC. &	Payable Balance per ALI		
	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Alveo Land Corporation	150,000	150,000	150,000	
Amaia Land Corp.	447,876	447,876	447,876	
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	555,338	555,338	555,338	
Avida Land Corp.	9,663,785	9,663,785	9,663,785	
Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp	37,946	37,946	37,946	
BellaVita Land Corp.	94,942,975	94,942,975	94,942,975	
Buklod Bahayan Realty Devt Corp	232,848	232,848	232,848	
Makati Development Corp.	177,389	177,389	177,389	
MDC Build Plus, Inc.	2,807,726	2,807,726	2,807,726	
Sub-Total	109,015,884	109,015,884	109,015,884	-

	Amount Owe	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AMORSEDIA DEVPT. CORP. & SUBSIDIARIES					
	Receivable Balance per	eceivable Balance per					
	AMORSEDIA DEVPT. CORP. &	RSEDIA DEVPT. CORP. & Payable Balance per ALI					
	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current			
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:							
BellaVita Land Corp.	20,384,000	20,384,000	20,384,000				
Ten Knots Dev., Corp.	5,205	5,205	5,205				
Sub-Total	20,389,205	20,389,205	20,389,205	-			

	Amount Owe	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ANVAYA COVE BEACH & NATURE CLUB, INC.					
	Receivable Balance per	eceivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI					
	ANVAYA COVE BEACH	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current			
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:							
Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club, Inc.	14,214,070	14,214,070	14,214,070				
Ayala Property Management Corporation	159,055	159,055	159,055				
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	10,096,349	10,096,349	10,096,349				
Sub-Total	24,469,475	24,469,475	24,469,475				

	Amount Ow	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ANVAYA COVE GOLF & NATURE CLUB, INC.				
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI				
	ANVAYA COVE GOLF	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc	2,639,721	2,639,721	2,639,721			
Makati Development Corporation	2,083	2,083	2,083			
Sub-Total	2,641,804	2,641,804	2,641,804			

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to APRISA BUSINESS SOLUTIONS, INC.				
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI			
	APRISA	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	239,691	239,691	239,691		
Adauge Commercial Corp.	8,411	8,411	8,411		
Alabang Commercial Corporation	872,794	872,794	872,794		
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	836,100	836,100	836,100		
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100,479	100,479	100,479		
ALI-CII Development Corporation	276,080	276,080	276,080		
ALO Prime Realty Corporation	155,445	155,445	155,445		
Alveo Land Corporation	694,386	694,386	694,386		
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	156,800	156,800	156,800		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	495,090	495,090	495,090		
Aurora Properties, Inc.	349,196	349,196	349,196		
Aviana Development Corporation	10,304	10,304	10,304		
Avida Land Corporation	7,248,365	7,248,365	7,248,365		
Ayala Property Management Corporation	275,901	275,901	275,901		

Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	86,786	86,786	86,786	
AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corp.	168,582	168,582	168,582	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	16,374	16,374	16,374	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	306,354	306,354	306,354	
BellaVita Land Corp.	79,072	79,072	79,072	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	114,677	114,677	114,677	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	217,056	217,056	217,056	
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	132,989	132,989	132,989	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	1,202,098	1,202,098	1,202,098	
CECI Realty Corp.	140,907	140,907	140,907	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	10,311,974	10,311,974	10,311,974	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	961,682	961,682	961,682	
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	98,200	98,200	98,200	
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	659,261	659,261	659,261	
Makati Development Corporation	1,000	1,000	1,000	
MDBI Construction Corp.	440,933	440,933	440,933	
MDC Congrete, Inc.	447,765	447,765	447,765	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	1,313,516	1,313,516	1,313,516	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	473,501	473,501	473,501	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	343,370	343,370	343,370	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	199,976	199,976	199,976	
Nuevocentro, Inc.	395,136	395,136	395,136	
Orion Land, Inc.	188,992	188,992	188,992	
Roxas Land Corp.	141,400	141,400	141,400	
Serendra Inc.	696,350	696,350	696,350	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	304,035	304,035	304,035	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	963,209	963,209	963,209	
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	92,140	92,140	92,140	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	1,114,385	1,114,385	1,114,385	
Tutuban Properties, Inc.	283,763	283,763	283,763	
Vesta Property Holdings Inc.	260,893	260,893	260,893	
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	20,418	20,418	20,418	
Sub-Total	33,895,836	33,895,836	33,895,836	

	Amou	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ARVO COMMERCIAL CORP.				
	Receivable Balance per ARVO	Payable Balance per ALI				
	COMMERCIAL CORP.	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	27,270	27,270	27,270			
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	168,114	168,114	168,114			
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	232,036	232,036	232,036			
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	6,290	6,290	6,290			
Primavera Towncentre, Inc.	308,275	308,275	308,275			
Soltea Commercial Corp.	13,450	13,450	13,450			
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	1,860	1,860	1,860			
Station Square East Commercial Corp	1,670	1,670	1,670			
Sub-Total	758,964	758,964	758,964			

	Amo	unt Owed by ALI Subsidiaries t	O AURORA PROPERTIES, INC	
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		
	AURORA PROPERTIES, INC.	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Airswift Transport, Inc.	559,161	559,161	559,161	
Alveo Land Corporation	1,003,294	1,003,294	1,003,294	
Amaia Land Corporation	25,000	25,000	25,000	
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	8,511,156	8,511,156	8,511,156	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	31,300,657	31,300,657	31,300,657	
Avida Land Corporation	192,272,029	192,272,029	192,272,029	
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc	90,976	90,976	90,976	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	871	871	871	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	5,078,576	5,078,576	5,078,576	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	18,165,396	18,165,396	18,165,396	
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	25,032,813	25,032,813	25,032,813	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	10,029,856	10,029,856	10,029,856	
CECI Realty Corp.	167,851	167,851	167,851	
Chirica Resorts Corporation	726	726	726	
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	1,086,535	1,086,535	1,086,535	
HLC Development Corporation	129,744,280	129,744,280	129,744,280	
Makati Development Corporation	7,680	7,680	7,680	
North Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	150,470	150,470	150,470	
Nuevocentro, Inc.	55,359	55,359	55,359	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	1,501,969	1,501,969	1,501,969	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	30,996,047	30,996,047	30,996,047	

Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	5,300,456	5,300,456	5,300,456	
Vesta Property Holdings Inc.	27,739	27,739	27,739	
Sub-Total	461,108,894	461,108,894	461,108,894	

Ayala Land, Inc. [Au] Sosidifies: Accendo Commercial Corp 41,288,841 41,288,841 41,228,841 Al: Fransport, Inc. 1,491,212 1,491,212 1,491,212 Al: Transport, Inc. 30,314,297 30,314,297 30,314,297 Al: Cli Development Corporation 75,000 75,000 75,000 Alveo Land Corporation 26,473,269 26,473,269 26,473,269 Amia Land Corp. 122,389,405 122,389,405 122,389,405 Arveo Commercial Corp 23,333,288 23,333,288 23,333,288 23,333,288 Avance Compercines, Inc. 33,679,238 33,699,238 33,699,238 33,699,238 Aurora Progenties, Inc. 39,711,466 39,711,466 39,711,466 39,711,466 Avencosouth Corp. (2,716,965,428) (2,716,965,428) (2,716,965,428) (2,716,965,428) Aviat Sales Corp. (76,578,789) (76,578,789) (76,578,789) (76,578,789) (76,578,789) (76,578,789) (76,578,789) (76,578,789) (76,578,789) (76,578,789) (76,578,789) (76,578,789)	
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Vesta Prop. Holdings, Inc 18,367 18,367 18,367 Sub-Total 2,547,721,831 2,547,721,831 2,547,721,831	-

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALA HOTELS, INC.				
	Receivable Balance per AHI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Airswift Transport, Inc.	2,897,946	2,897,946	2,897,946		
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	760,051	760,051	760,051		
Amaia Land Corporation	400,675,799	400,675,799	400,675,799		
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	55,646,747	55,646,747	55,646,747		
Arcasouth Hotel Ventures, Inc.	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	64,907,523	64,907,523	64,907,523		
Avida Land Corporation	2,152,829	2,152,829	2,152,829		
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc	4,500,000	4,500,000	4,500,000		
AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corp.	755,532	755,532	755,532		
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	10,135,049	10,135,049	10,135,049		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	198,822	198,822	198,822		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	653,488,565	653,488,565	653,488,565		
BellaVita Land Corp.	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000		

Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	253,734,484	253,734,484	253,734,484	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	299,027,256	299,027,256	299,027,256	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	163,929,000	163,929,000	163,929,000	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	673,883,241	673,883,241	673,883,241	
Chirica Resorts Corporation	16,117	16,117	16,117	
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	105,330,786	105,330,786	105,330,786	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	59,273,546	59,273,546	59,273,546	
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	5,413,955	5,413,955	5,413,955	
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures Inc.	42,947,370	42,947,370	42,947,370	
HLC Development Corporation	7,486,387	7,486,387	7,486,387	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	189,110,277	189,110,277	189,110,277	
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	427	427	427	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	107,052,201	107,052,201	107,052,201	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	689,464	689,464	689,464	
Solinea Inc.	18,258	18,258	18,258	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	28,875,807	28,875,807	28,875,807	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	7,348,017	7,348,017	7,348,017	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	13,172,759	13,172,759	13,172,759	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	14,017	14,017	14,017	
	(357,822)	(357,822)	(357,822)	
ALI Capital Corp.	118,170	118,170	118,170	
Sub-Total	3,160,202,579	3,160,202,579	3,160,202,579	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALA LAND INTERNATIONAL SALES, INC. & SUBS.			
	Receivable Balance per ALISI	Payable Balance per ALI		
	& Subs	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Alveo Land Corporation	64,315,596	64,315,596	64,315,596	
Amaia Land Corp.	10,866,041	10,866,041	10,866,041	
Aviana Development Corp.	389,500	389,500	389,500	
Avida Land Corp.	135,721,217	135,721,217	135,721,217	
Ayala Greenfield Devt Cor	316,989	316,989	316,989	
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc	(14,972,639)	(14,972,639)	(14,972,639)	
Ayala Land Intl Mktg. SRL	7,663,370	7,663,370	7,663,370	
Ayala Land Int'l Mktg.Inc	5,116,947	5,116,947	5,116,947	
AyalaLand International (Hong Kong) Limited	2,192,321	2,192,321	2,192,321	
BellaVita Land Corp.	1,611,185	1,611,185	1,611,185	
Nuevocentro Inc.	31,568	31,568	31,568	
Sub-Total	213,252,095	213,252,095	213,252,095	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALA LAND SALES, INC.			
		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per ALSI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Amaia Land Corporation	4,218,534	4,218,534	4,218,534	
Aviana Development Corporation	268,806	268,806	268,806	
Avida Land Corporation	77,188	77,188	77,188	
Ayala Greenfield Development Corp	9,629,958	9,629,958	9,629,958	
BellaVita Land Corp.	52,832	52,832	52,832	
HLC Development Corporation	9,721,118	9,721,118	9,721,118	
Nuevocentro, Inc.	473,510	473,510	473,510	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	30,453,096	30,453,096	30,453,096	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	47,395	47,395	47,395	
Sub-Total	54,942,436	54,942,436	54,942,436	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALA PROPERTY MANAGEMENT CORP. & Subsidiaries				
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI			
	APMC & Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	835,660	835,660	835,660		
Alabang Commercial Corp.	105,396	105,396	105,396		
ALI Commercial Center,Inc	4,263,833	4,263,833	4,263,833		
Alveo Land Corporation	9,498,490	9,498,490	9,498,490		
Alviera Country Club, Inc	12,400	12,400	12,400		
Amaia Land Corp.	90,748,065	90,748,065	90,748,065		
Amaia Southern Properties, Inc.	1,032,644	1,032,644	1,032,644		
Arca South Comm.Vent.Corp	23,398,862	23,398,862	23,398,862		
Arca South Integrated	1,211,693	1,211,693	1,211,693		
AREIT, Inc	9,140,078	9,140,078	9,140,078		
Arvo Commercial Corp	51,941,702	51,941,702	51,941,702		
Aurora Properties, Inc.	255,405	255,405	255,405		
Avida Land Corp.	10,882,756	10,882,756	10,882,756		
Ayala Greenfield Devt Cor	328,747	328,747	328,747		

Ayala Hotels, Inc.	1,430,717	1,430,717	1,430,717	
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc	144,000	144,000	144,000	
Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	1,090,367	1,090,367	1,090,367	
AYALALAND HOTELS AND RES	45,609	45,609	45,609	
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	448,000	448,000	448,000	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	0	0	0	
AyalaLand Offices, Inc.	290,950	290,950	290,950	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	642,567,623	642,567,623	642,567,623	
BG North Properties Inc.	791,736	791,736	791,736	
BG West Properties, Inc	5,997,326	5,997,326	5,997,326	
BGSouth Properties, Inc.	979,831	979,831	979,831	
Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc.	189,974	189,974	189,974	
CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp	848,008	848,008	848,008	
	756,040	756,040	756,040	
Capitol Central Hotel Ventures, Inc. Captl Cntrl Com Vent Corp	60,230,258	60,230,258	60,230,258	
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Cavite Comml Town Center	128,480	128,480	128,480	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	6,687,665	6,687,665	6,687,665	
Cebu Insular Hotel	134,400	134,400	134,400	
Cebu Property Ventures	123,480	123,480	123,480	
CECI Realty Corp.	476,462	476,462	476,462	
Central Block Dev., Inc.	6,013,063	6,013,063	6,013,063	
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	1,291,817	1,291,817	1,291,817	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	126,270,262	126,270,262	126,270,262	
Eco North Resort Ventures	134,400	134,400	134,400	
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures Inc.	134,400	134,400	134,400	
First Gateway Real Estate Corp	461,014	461,014	461,014	
Glensworth Development, Inc.	144,669	144,669	144,669	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	10,025,208	10,025,208	10,025,208	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	10,031,004	10,031,004	10,031,004	
Makati Cornerstone Leasin	5,997,297	5,997,297	5,997,297	
Makati Development Corp.	929,600	929,600	929,600	
North Eastern Comm Corp	1,753,123	1,753,123	1,753,123	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	432,180	432,180	432,180	
North Triangle Hotel Vent	160,918	160,918	160,918	
North Ventures Com Corp	229,012	229,012	229,012	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	255,696	255,696	255,696	
Nuevocentro Inc.	4,440,493	4,440,493	4,440,493	
Portico Land Corp.	3,272,985	3,272,985	3,272,985	
Roxas Land Corp.	2,941,120	2,941,120	2,941,120	
Sentera Hotel Ventures Inc.	134,400	134,400	134,400	
Serendra Inc.	17,621,018	17,621,018	17,621,018	
Solinea Inc.	9,161,240	9,161,240	9,161,240	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	432,180	432,180	432,180	
Southcrest Hotel Ventures	134,400	134,400	134,400	
Subic Bay Town Centre Inc	308,700	308,700	308,700	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	673,517	673,517	673,517	
Sunnyfield E-Office Corp.	340,197	340,197	340,197	
Ten Knots Philippines, In	4,869	4,869	4,869	
Tutuban Properties, Inc.	1,841,980	1,841,980	1,841,980	
Vesta Prop. Holdings, Inc	717,014	717,014	717,014	
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	4,168,998	4,168,998	4,168,998	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALA THEATERS MANAGEMENT, INC.					
		Payable Balance per ALI				
	Receivable Balance per ATMI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
Accendo Commercial Corp	127	127	127			
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	1,000	1,000	1,000			
Arvo Commercial Corporation	60,066	60,066	60,066			
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	2,999	2,999	2,999			
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	68,112	68,112	68,112			
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	675	675	675			
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	147,423	147,423	147,423			
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	115,512	115,512	115,512			
Sub-Total	395,914	395,914	395,914	-		

	Amount O	wed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYA	LALAND CLUB MANAGEME	NT, INC.		
		Payable Balance per ALI				
	Receivable Balance per ACMI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc	5,309,510	5,309,510	5,309,510			
Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club, Inc.	2,817,241	2,817,241	2,817,241			

APRISA Business Process Solutions, Inc	4,500	4,500	4,500	
Ayala Land Sales Inc.	112,000	112,000	112,000	
Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	73,500	73,500	73,500	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	500	500	500	
AyalaLand Offices, Inc.	1,500	1,500	1,500	
Ayalaland Premier, Inc.	362,500	362,500	362,500	
Nuevocentro, Inc.	1,461,000	1,461,000	1,461,000	
Verde Golf Development Corporation	2,697,002	2,697,002	2,697,002	
Sub-Total	12,839,252	12,839,252	12,839,252	-

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALALAND COMMERCIAL REIT, INC.				
		Payable Balance per ALI			
	Receivable Balance per ALCRI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Amaia Land Corporation	22,279,203	22,279,203	22,279,203		
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	1,952,559	1,952,559	1,952,559		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	15,019,688	15,019,688	15,019,688		
HLC Development Corporation	25,054,427	25,054,427	25,054,427		
Laguna Technopark Inc.	35,045,938	35,045,938	35,045,938		
Soltea Commercial Corp.	25,060,156	25,060,156	25,060,156		
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	53,564,367	53,564,367	53,564,367		
Amaia Land Corporation	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000		
Sub-Total	182,976,338	182,976,338	182,976,338		

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALALAND ESTATES, INC.				
		Payable Balance per ALI			
	Receivable Balance per AEI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Airswift Transport, Inc.	15,024,609	15,024,609	15,024,609		
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	726,143	726,143	726,143		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	29,479,193	29,479,193	29,479,193		
Avida Land Corporation	14,035	14,035	14,035		
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	10,215,437	10,215,437	10,215,437		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	41,631	41,631	41,631		
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	21,287,188	21,287,188	21,287,188		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	56,573,879	56,573,879	56,573,879		
CECI Realty Corp.	8,092	8,092	8,092		
Central Block Developers, Inc.	72,148,771	72,148,771	72,148,771		
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	27,157,919	27,157,919	27,157,919		
HLC Development Corporation	34,074,021	34,074,021	34,074,021		
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	16,827,563	16,827,563	16,827,563		
Makati Development Corporation	25,000	25,000	25,000		
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	38,429,110	38,429,110	38,429,110		
Nuevocentro, Inc.	29,952	29,952	29,952		
Soltea Commercial Corp.	19,333,425	19,333,425	19,333,425		
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	134,529,003	134,529,003	134,529,003		
Vesta Property Holdings Inc.	7,416	7,416	7,416		
Sub-Total	475,932,386	475,932,386	475,932,386		

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALA HOTELS & RESORTS GROUP				
	Receivable Balance per AHRC	Payable Balance per ALI			
	& Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	45,040	45,040	45,040		
ALI Makati Hotel and Residences, Inc.	2,784,307,704	2,784,307,704	2,784,307,704		
ALI Makati Hotel Property, Inc.	(2,355,131,287)	(2,355,131,287)	(2,355,131,287)		
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	985,624,476	985,624,476	985,624,476		
ArcaSouth Hotel Ventures	70,834	70,834	70,834		
Asiatown Hotel Ventures, Inc.	267,617,564	267,617,564	267,617,564		
Ayala Hotels, Inc.	362	362	362		
Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp	370,404	370,404	370,404		
AYALALAND HOTELS AND RES	(2,274,377,913)	(2,274,377,913)	(2,274,377,913)		
AyalaLand Offices, Inc.	3,030	3,030	3,030		
Bay Area Hotel Ventures, Inc.	(8,799,070)	(8,799,070)	(8,799,070)		
BellaVita Land Corp.	427	427	427		
Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc.	(24,304,107)	(24,304,107)	(24,304,107)		
Capitol Central Hotel Ventures, Inc.	52,027,084	52,027,084	52,027,084		
Cebu Insular Hotel	(6,909,201)	(6,909,201)	(6,909,201)		
Central Block Dev., Inc.	1,057,108	1,057,108	1,057,108		
Chirica Resorts Corporation	6,750	6,750	6,750		
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	142,610,601	142,610,601	142,610,601		
Eco North Resort Ventures	386,502,713	386,502,713	386,502,713		
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures Inc.	96,184,720	96,184,720	96,184,720		

Enjay Hotels, Inc.	(373,841,366)	(373,841,366)	(373,841,366)	
Greenhaven Property Venture, Inc.	(284,923,256)	(284,923,256)	(284,923,256)	
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	2,463,553	2,463,553	2,463,553	
Makati Development Corp.	4,553	4,553	4,553	
Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc.	158,883,456	158,883,456	158,883,456	
North Triangle Hotel Vent	508,455,890	508,455,890	508,455,890	
Northgate Hotel Ventures, Inc.	3,892,175	3,892,175	3,892,175	
One Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	(18,628,257)	(18,628,257)	(18,628,257)	
One Makati Residential Ventures, Inc.	(22,860,700)	(22,860,700)	(22,860,700)	
Pangulasian Isl Rsrt Corp	6,750	6,750	6,750	
Sentera Hotel Ventures Inc.	(45,542,537)	(45,542,537)	(45,542,537)	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	(799,230)	(799,230)	(799,230)	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	27,359,723	27,359,723	27,359,723	
Southcrest Hotel Ventures	2,579,983	2,579,983	2,579,983	
Ten Knots Dev., Corp.	4,767,940	4,767,940	4,767,940	
Ten Knots Philippines, In	672	672	672	
Sub-Total	8,726,589	8,726,589	8,726,589	-

		y ALI Subsidiaries to AYALALANI	D LOGISTICS HOLDINGS COR	P. (Conso)
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		
	ALLHC & Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:	_			
Airswift Transport, Inc.	285,731	285,731	285,731	
Airswift Transport, Inc.	24,064,597	24,064,597	24,064,597	
ALI Commercial Center,Inc	1,353,359	1,353,359	1,353,359	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	185,333	185,333	185,333	
Amaia Land Corp.	23,828,402	23,828,402	23,828,402	
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	5,770,114	5,770,114	5,770,114	
Arvo Commercial Corp	23,504,611	23,504,611	23,504,611	
Avida Land Corp.	3,648,896	3,648,896	3,648,896	
Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp	1,233	1,233	1,233	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	(577,158,044)	(577,158,044)	(577,158,044)	
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	1,321,755	1,321,755	1,321,755	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	(97,009)	(97,009)	(97,009)	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	20,136,261	20,136,261	20,136,261	
CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp	1,088,664	1,088,664	1,088,664	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	26,177,403	26,177,403	26,177,403	
Central Block Dev., Inc.	39,888,031	39,888,031	39,888,031	
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	4,429,223	4,429,223	4,429,223	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	6,013,063	6,013,063	6,013,063	
Eco North Resort Ventures	37,840	37,840	37,840	
Ecozone Power Management, Inc.	184,287	184,287	184,287	
Esta Galleria, Inc.	10,173,252	10,173,252	10,173,252	
FLT Prime Insurance Corp.	164,825	164,825	164,825	
HLC Development Corporation	58,624	58,624	58,624	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	147,241,351	147,241,351	147,241,351	
LCI Commercial Ventures Inc.	428,498,809	428,498,809	428,498,809	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	(50,600)	(50,600)	(50,600)	
Makati Development Corp.	62,727	62,727	62,727	
North Eastern Comm Corp	3,223,174	3,223,174	3,223,174	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	21,290	21,290	21,290	
North Triangle Hotel Vent	86,483	86,483	86,483	
North Ventures Com Corp	580	580	580	
Nuevocentro Inc.	1,189,629	1,189,629	1,189,629	
Orion I Holdings Philippines, Inc.	(229,344,415)	(229,344,415)	(229,344,415)	
Orion Land Inc.	(142,803,577)	(142,803,577)	(142,803,577)	
Orion Property Development, Inc.	157,126,682	157,126,682	157,126,682	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	8,010,500	8,010,500	8,010,500	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	10,798,035	10,798,035	10,798,035	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	6,340	6,340	6,340	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	1,400,211	1,400,211	1,400,211	
Ten Knots Philippines, In	36,227	36,227	36,227	
TPI Holdings Corporation	(210,820,026)	(210,820,026)	(210,820,026)	
Tutuban Properties, Inc.	296,809,543	296,809,543	296,809,543	
Unity Realty & Development Corporation	130,100,566	130,100,566	130,100,566	
Sub-Total	216,653,982	216,653,982	216,653,982	

	Amount	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALALAND MALLS SYNERGIES, INC.				
		Payable Balance per ALI				
	Receivable Balance per AMSI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
AyalaLand Commercial REIT, Inc.	345	345	345			
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	619,047	619,047	619,047			

Esta Galleria, Inc.	1,167,407	1,167,407	1,167,407	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	151,198	151,198	151,198	
LCI Commercial Ventures Inc.	88,482	88,482	88,482	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	29,864	29,864	29,864	
Orion Land, Inc.	176,076	176,076	176,076	
Orion Property Development, Inc.	150	150	150	
Tutuban Properties, Inc.	376,619	376,619	376,619	
Sub-Total	2,609,189	2,609,189	2,609,189	

	Amount 0	Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AY	ALALALAND MALLS, INC. (Co	onso)
	Receivable Balance per ALMI	Payable Balance per ALI		
	& Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Accendo Commercial Corp	4,168,521	4,168,521	4,168,521	
Adauge Commercial Corp.	525,251	525,251	525,251	
Alabang Commercial Corp.	1,050,259	1,050,259	1,050,259	
ALI Commercial Center,Inc	100,239	100,239	100,239	
Arvo Commercial Corp	3,101,298	3,101,298	3,101,298	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	856,258	856,258	856,258	
Ayalaland Malls Northeast, Inc.	1	1	1	
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	239,473	239,473	239,473	
Ayalaland Malls Vismin, Inc.	166,361	166,361	166,361	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	300,000	300,000	300,000	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	47,356	47,356	47,356	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	4,994,369	4,994,369	4,994,369	
CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp	19,026	19,026	19,026	
Captl Cntrl Com Vent Corp	2,596,261	2,596,261	2,596,261	
Cavite Comml Town Center	1,792,996	1,792,996	1,792,996	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	2,416,318	2,416,318	2,416,318	
Central Block Dev., Inc.	3,297,440	3,297,440	3,297,440	
Esta Galleria, Inc.	217,728	217,728	217,728	
Makati Cornerstone Leasin	32,617	32,617	32,617	
North Eastern Comm Corp	5,210,437	5,210,437	5,210,437	
North Ventures Com Corp	32,626	32,626	32,626	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	621,355	621,355	621,355	
Nuevocentro Inc.	2,415	2,415	2,415	
Orion Land Inc.	1,561,017	1,561,017	1,561,017	
Orion Land, Inc.	646,844	646,844	646,844	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	264,872	264,872	264,872	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	4,662,444	4,662,444	4,662,444	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	1,049,077	1,049,077	1,049,077	
Subic Bay Town Centre Inc	3,601,614	3,601,614	3,601,614	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	812,899	812,899	812,899	
Sub-Total	44,387,370	44,387,370	44,387,370	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALALAND MEDICAL FACILITIES LEASING, INC.					
	Receivable Balance per	Receivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI				
	AMFLI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
Whiteknight Holdings, Inc.	291	291	291			
Sub-Total	291	291	291			

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALAND METRO NORTH, INC.					
	Payable Balance per ALI					
	Receivable Balance per AMNI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
Accendo Commercial Corp	990	990	990			
Alabang Commercial Corporation	99,550	99,550	99,550			
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	279,963	279,963	279,963			
Alveo Land Corporation	273,336	273,336	273,336			
Amaia Land Corporation	1,273,780	1,273,780	1,273,780			
Arvo Commercial Corporation	3,039,594	3,039,594	3,039,594			
Avida Land Corporation	5,570	5,570	5,570			
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	9,949,661	9,949,661	9,949,661			
AyalaLand Offices, Inc.	2,114	2,114	2,114			
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	248,547	248,547	248,547			
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	4,049,941	4,049,941	4,049,941			
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	230,892	230,892	230,892			
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	12,579,322	12,579,322	12,579,322			
Central Block Developers, Inc.	16,616	16,616	16,616			
HLC Development Corporation	11,224,383	11,224,383	11,224,383			
Laguna Technopark Inc.	436,971	436,971	436,971			
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	42,653	42,653	42,653			

North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	46,627	46,627	46,627	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	9,300	9,300	9,300	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	8,461	8,461	8,461	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	3,046,290	3,046,290	3,046,290	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	100	100	100	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	500	500	500	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	1,350	1,350	1,350	
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	5,500	5,500	5,500	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	9,994	9,994	9,994	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	33,461	33,461	33,461	
UP North Property Holdings, Inc.	5,314	5,314	5,314	
Sub-Total	46,920,780	46,920,780	46,920,780	-

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALALAND OFFICES, INC. (Conso)				
	Receivable Balance per ALO	Payable Balance per ALI			
	& Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Airswift Transport, Inc.	38,054,031	38,054,031	38,054,031		
Alabang Commercial Corp.	79,262	79,262	79,262		
ALI Commercial Center,Inc	7,840	7,840	7,840		
ALO Prime Realty Corporation	561,210,604	561,210,604	561,210,604		
Amaia Land Corp.	201,234,300	201,234,300	201,234,300		
AREIT, Inc	2,996,547	2,996,547	2,996,547		
Arvo Commercial Corp	214,641,329	214,641,329	214,641,329		
Avida Land Corp.	2,023,425	2,023,425	2,023,425		
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc	40,320	40,320	40,320		
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	79,032,458	79,032,458	79,032,458		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	231,717	231,717	231,717		
AyalaLand Offices, Inc.	3,752,278	3,752,278	3,752,278		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	105,112,762	105,112,762	105,112,762		
CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp	70,500,100	70,500,100	70,500,100		
Captl Cntrl Com Vent Corp	22,710,923	22,710,923	22,710,923		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	20,087,620	20,087,620	20,087,620		
CECI Realty Corp.	3,651,748	3,651,748	3,651,748		
Central Block Dev., Inc.	1,342,454,354	1,342,454,354	1,342,454,354		
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	9,192,513	9,192,513	9,192,513		
Eco North Resort Ventures	524,054	524,054	524,054		
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures Inc.	3,767,165	3,767,165	3,767,165		
First Gateway Real Estate Corp	1,614,104	1,614,104	1,614,104		
Glensworth Development, Inc.	809,766	809,766	809,766		
Hillsford Property Corporation	803,326	803,326	803,326		
HLC Development Corporation	77,587,995	77,587,995	77,587,995		
Laguna Technopark Inc.	3,678,609	3,678,609	3,678,609		
Makati Cornerstone Leasin	1,878,498	1,878,498	1,878,498		
Makati Development Corp.	560,464	560,464	560,464		
North Eastern Comm Corp	2,176,235	2,176,235	2,176,235		
North Ventures Com Corp	50,330	50,330	50,330		
Nuevocentro Inc.	141,120	141,120	141,120		
Orion Land Inc.	29,420	29,420	29,420		
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	42,673,121	42,673,121	42,673,121		
Soltea Commercial Corp.	18,619,976	18,619,976	18,619,976		
Sunnyfield E-Office Corp.	50,083,477	50,083,477	50,083,477		
Ten Knots Philippines, In	40,832,620	40,832,620	40,832,620		
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	331,763	331,763	331,763		
UP North Prop Holdings	3,400,192	3,400,192	3,400,192		
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	463,844,310	463,844,310	463,844,310		
Sub-Total	3,390,420,677	3,390,420,677	3,390,420,677		

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to BAY CITY COMMERCIAL VENTURES CORP.			
	Receivable Balance per BAY	Payable Balance per ALI		
	СІТҮ	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	37,820	37,820	37,820	
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	3,743,053	3,743,053	3,743,053	
Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc	9,181	9,181	9,181	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	145,869	145,869	145,869	
Avida Land Corporation	562,155	562,155	562,155	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	17,889	17,889	17,889	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	2,431	2,431	2,431	
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	146,394	146,394	146,394	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	3,710	3,710	3,710	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	71,955	71,955	71,955	

South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	500	500	500	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	3,730	3,730	3,730	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	7,480,909	7,480,909	7,480,909	
Sub-Total	22,225,594	22,225,594	22,225,594	-

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to BELLAVITA LAND CORP.			
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		
	BELLAVITA	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Amaia Land Corporation	19,451	19,451	19,451	
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	175,825	175,825	175,825	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	128,800	128,800	128,800	
Avida Land Corporation	556,515	556,515	556,515	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	10,090,740	10,090,740	10,090,740	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	112,827	112,827	112,827	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	27,310	27,310	27,310	
Makati Development Corporation	111,255	111,255	111,255	
MDC Build Plus, Inc.	1,165,938	1,165,938	1,165,938	
Primavera Towncentre, Inc.	1,486,693	1,486,693	1,486,693	
Red Creek Properties, Inc.	1,899,778	1,899,778	1,899,778	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	558,599	558,599	558,599	
Sub-Total	16,333,732	16,333,732	16,333,732	

	Amo	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to BG WEST PROPERTIES, INC.			
	Receivable Balance per BG	Payable Balance per ALI			
	WEST	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Ayala Greenfield Development Corp	325,208	325,208	325,208		
BG West Properties, Inc	194,500	194,500	194,500		
Makati Development Corporation	9,427,708	9,427,708	9,427,708		
Sub-Total	9,947,416	9,947,416	9,947,416		

	Amount	Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to CA	AGAYAN DE ORO GATEWAY	CORP.
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		
	CDOGC	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Accendo Commercial Corp	47,897	47,897	47,897	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	41,285	41,285	41,285	
Alveo Land Corporation	595,668	595,668	595,668	
Amaia Land Corporation	2,000	2,000	2,000	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	180	180	180	
Avida Land Corporation	10,000	10,000	10,000	
Ayala Property Management Corporation	6,000	6,000	6,000	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	18,142	18,142	18,142	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	200	200	200	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	11,500	11,500	11,500	
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	69,018	69,018	69,018	
Lagdigan Land Corporation	158,782	158,782	158,782	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	(44,734)	(44,734)	(44,734)	
Makati Development Corporation	4,000	4,000	4,000	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	600	600	600	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	11,290	11,290	11,290	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	50	50	50	
Northgate Hotel Ventures, Inc.	4,981,614	4,981,614	4,981,614	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	200	200	200	
Sub-Total	5,913,691	5,913,691	5,913,691	

	Amount Owed b	y ALI Subsidiaries to CAPITOL	CENTRAL COMMERCIAL VEN	TURES CORP.
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		
	CAPITOL CENTRAL	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Adauge Commercial Corp.	5,258	5,258	5,258	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	6,490	6,490	6,490	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	22,489	22,489	22,489	
Avida Land Corporation	148,542	148,542	148,542	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	15,230	15,230	15,230	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	5,500	5,500	5,500	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	870	870	870	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	519,403	519,403	519,403	
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	37,388	37,388	37,388	
Sub-Total	761,169	761,169	761,169	

Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to CAVITE COMMERCIAL TOWNCENTER INC.

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		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per CCTCI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Alveo Land Corporation	5,753	5,753	5,753	
Amaia Land Corporation	285,455	285,455	285,455	
Avida Land Corporation	131,494	131,494	131,494	
Ayala Property Management Corporation	564,520	564,520	564,520	
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	247,609	247,609	247,609	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	4,000	4,000	4,000	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	1,199	1,199	1,199	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	28,644	28,644	28,644	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	4	4	4	
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	6,116	6,116	6,116	
Makati Development Corporation	39,280	39,280	39,280	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	28,960	28,960	28,960	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	137,276	137,276	137,276	
Sub-Total	1,480,311	1,480,311	1,480,311	

	Amour		BU HOLDINGS, INC. (Conso	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to CEBU HOLDINGS, INC. (Conso)					
	Receivable Balance per CHI	Payable Balance per ALI							
	(Conso)	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current					
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:									
Accendo Commercial Corp	476,216	476,216	476,216						
Adauge Commercial Corp.	136,282	136,282	136,282						
Airswift Transport, Inc.	11,016	11,016	11,016						
Airswift Transport, Inc.	25,954,428	25,954,428	25,954,428						
ALI Commercial Center,Inc	536,842	536,842	536,842						
Alveo Land Corporation	460,193	460,193	460,193						
Amaia Land Corp.	22,290,171	22,290,171	22,290,171						
Amaia Southern Properties, Inc.	484,620	484,620	484,620						
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	1,072,708	1,072,708	1,072,708						
Arvo Commercial Corp	55,386,805	55,386,805	55,386,805						
Asian I-Office Properties, Inc.	141,437,566	141,437,566	141,437,566						
Aviana Development Corp.	900	900	900						
Avida Land Corp.	1,075,079,322	1,075,079,322	1,075,079,322						
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc	29,587	29,587	29,587						
Ayala Land Sales, Inc.	2,303,726	2,303,726	2,303,726						
Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp	31,191	31,191	31,191						
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	65,651,029	65,651,029	65,651,029						
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	162,600	162,600	162,600						
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	149,734,229	149,734,229	149,734,229						
CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp	11,763,947	11,763,947	11,763,947						
Captl Cntrl Com Vent Corp	12,517,981	12,517,981	12,517,981						
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	28,855,172	28,855,172	28,855,172						
Cebu Leisure Co. Inc.	(166,018,874)	(166,018,874)	(166,018,874)						
Central Block Dev., Inc.	79,847,999	79,847,999	79,847,999						
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	40,439,111	40,439,111	40,439,111						
Eco North Resort Ventures	77,632	77,632	77,632						
HLC Development Corporation	10,021,771	10,021,771	10,021,771						
Laguna Technopark Inc.	26,558,674	26,558,674	26,558,674						
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	30,186	30,186	30,186						
Makati Development Corp.	2,560,201	2,560,201	2,560,201						
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	853,516	853,516	853,516						
North Triangle Hotel Vent	18,783	18,783	18,783						
North Ventures Com Corp	200	200	200						
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	19,354	19,354	19,354						
Nuevocentro Inc.	35,633	35,633	35,633						
Serendra Inc.	18,854	18,854	18,854						
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	5,618,837	5,618,837	5,618,837						
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	1,525,962	1,525,962	1,525,962						
Solinea Inc.	252,579,005	252,579,005	252,579,005						
Soltea Commercial Corp.	5,247	5,247	5,247						
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	5,560	5,560	5,560						
South innovative medici management me.	92,651,095	92,651,095	92,651,095						
Station Square East Commercial Corp	6,480	6,480	6,480						
Subic Bay Town Centre Inc	943	943	943						
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	8,612,869	8,612,869	8,612,869						
Taft Punta Engaño	(47,160,056)	(47,160,056)	(47,160,056)						
Ten Knots Philippines, In Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	74,694,608	74,694,608	74,694,608						
	149,530	149,530	149,530						
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp. Sub-Total	5,866 1,977,535,519	5,866 1,977,535,519	5,866 1,977,535,519						

	4	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiarie	s to CECI REALTY, INC.	
		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per CECI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Airswift Transport, Inc.	122,953,830	122,953,830	122,953,830	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	24,441,431	24,441,431	24,441,431	
Alveo Land Corporation	965	965	965	
Amaia Land Corporation	56,977,620	56,977,620	56,977,620	
Aurora Properties, Inc.	14,882,016	14,882,016	14,882,016	
Avida Land Corporation	5,517,161	5,517,161	5,517,161	
Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	352	352	352	
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	333,973	333,973	333,973	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	73,328,744	73,328,744	73,328,744	
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	55,453,859	55,453,859	55,453,859	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	2,405,225	2,405,225	2,405,225	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	73,708,574	73,708,574	73,708,574	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	193,852,068	193,852,068	193,852,068	
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	31,360	31,360	31,360	
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures Inc.	273,330	273,330	273,330	
Glensworth Development, Inc.	1,002,469	1,002,469	1,002,469	
HLC Development Corporation	12,982,952	12,982,952	12,982,952	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	30,277,094	30,277,094	30,277,094	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	108,300	108,300	108,300	
Makati Development Corporation	4,073,349	4,073,349	4,073,349	
MDC Conqrete, Inc.	387,832	387,832	387,832	
Nuevocentro, Inc.	249,901	249,901	249,901	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	3,009,990	3,009,990	3,009,990	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	2,006,660	2,006,660	2,006,660	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	88,477,052	88,477,052	88,477,052	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	15,230,482	15,230,482	15,230,482	
Vesta Property Holdings Inc.	17,998,919	17,998,919	17,998,919	
ALI Capital Corp.	542,926	542,926	542,926	
Sub-Total	800,508,435	800,508,435	800,508,435	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to CRANS MONTANA PROPERTY HOLDINGS CORP.				
	Receivable Balance per	Receivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI			
	CRANS MONTANA	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Ayala Property Management Corporation	45,648	45,648	45,648		
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	153,655	153,655	153,655		
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	100	100	100		
Sub-Total	199,403	199,403	199,403		

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to DIRECT POWER SERVICES, INC.				
		Payable Balance per ALI			
	Receivable Balance per DPSI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Alabang Commercial Corporation	7,287,045	7,287,045	7,287,045		
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	22,103,869	22,103,869	22,103,869		
ALI-CII Development Corporation	1,863,419	1,863,419	1,863,419		
Alveo Land Corporation	6,146,094	6,146,094	6,146,094		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	2,282,851	2,282,851	2,282,851		
Asian I-Office Properties, Inc.	5,029,948	5,029,948	5,029,948		
Avida Land Corporation	184,435	184,435	184,435		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	22,525	22,525	22,525		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	92,886	92,886	92,886		
Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc.	16,615	16,615	16,615		
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	30,070	30,070	30,070		
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	1,439,216	1,439,216	1,439,216		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	10,410,115	10,410,115	10,410,115		
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	33,732	33,732	33,732		
First Gateway Real Estate Corp	4,675,130	4,675,130	4,675,130		
Laguna Technopark Inc.	40,118,125	40,118,125	40,118,125		
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	3,801,551	3,801,551	3,801,551		
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	4,678,612	4,678,612	4,678,612		
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	13,862,553	13,862,553	13,862,553		
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	5,809,254	5,809,254	5,809,254		
One Dela Rosa Property Development, Inc.	4,338,319	4,338,319	4,338,319		
Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc.	16,174,733	16,174,733	16,174,733		
Primavera Towncentre, Inc.	34,787	34,787	34,787		
Serendra Inc.	8,041,836	8,041,836	8,041,836		
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	2,697,202	2,697,202	2,697,202		
Station Square East Commercial Corp	12,786,036	12,786,036	12,786,036		

Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	3,468,999	3,468,999	3,468,999	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	7,868,467	7,868,467	7,868,467	
UP North Property Holdings, Inc.	21,300,975	21,300,975	21,300,975	
ALI Capital Corp.	26,738	26,738	26,738	
Sub-Total	206,626,138	206,626,138	206,626,138	-

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ECOHOLDINGS COMPANY, INC.				
	Payable Balance per ALI				
	Receivable Balance per ECI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	94,668,752	94,668,752	94,668,752		
Sub-Total	94,668,752	94,668,752	94,668,752	-	

	Amount C	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to FIRST LONGFIELD INVESTMENTS LTD.			
		Payable Balance per ALI			
	Receivable Balance per FLIL	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Airswift Transport, Inc.	81,881,250	81,881,250	81,881,250		
ALI Capital Corp.	224,806,297	224,806,297	224,806,297		
Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc.	10,798,555	10,798,555	10,798,555		
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	2,210,503	2,210,503	2,210,503		
Sub-Total	319,696,605	319,696,605	319,696,605	-	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to HILLSFORD PROPERTY CORP.					
	Receivable Balance per	Receivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI				
	Hillsford	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	1,550	1,550	1,550			
Sub-Total	1,550	1,550	1,550	-		

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to FIVE STAR CINEMA, INC.				
		Payable Balance per ALI			
	Receivable Balance per FSCI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	17,040,906	17,040,906	17,040,906		
Soltea Commercial Corp.	2,790	2,790	2,790		
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	1,470,459	1,470,459	1,470,459		
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	(49,420)	(49,420)	(49,420)		
Sub-Total	18,464,735	18,464,735	18,464,735	-	

	Amour	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to INTEGRATED ECO-RESORT, INC.					
	Receivable Balance per	Receivable Balance per					
	INTEGRATED ECO-RESORT,	Payable Balance per ALI					
	INC.	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current			
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:							
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	6,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000				
Sub-Total	6,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000	-			

	Am	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to LAGDIGAN LAND CORP.				
	Receivable Balance per	teceivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI				
	LAGDIGAN	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	60,118,805	60,118,805	60,118,805			
Sub-Total	60,118,805	60,118,805	60,118,805	-		

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to MAKATI CORNERSTONE LEASING CORP.				
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI			
	MAKATI CORNERSTONE	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Airswift Transport, Inc.	1,877,530	1,877,530	1,877,530		
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	870,830	870,830	870,830		
Amaia Land Corporation	102,860	102,860	102,860		
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	(7,363,198)	(7,363,198)	(7,363,198)		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	158,047	158,047	158,047		
Avida Land Corporation	54,461	54,461	54,461		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	(2,530)	(2,530)	(2,530)		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	31,188	31,188	31,188		
BellaVita Land Corp.	110,071	110,071	110,071		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	33,416	33,416	33,416		
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	4,700	4,700	4,700		
Central Block Developers, Inc.	9,739,679	9,739,679	9,739,679		
Laguna Technopark Inc.	50,521	50,521	50,521		
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	500	500	500		

North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	42,410	42,410	42,410	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	6,800	6,800	6,800	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	197,638	197,638	197,638	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	2,300	2,300	2,300	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	9,830	9,830	9,830	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	151,206	151,206	151,206	
ALI Capital Corp.	501,077	501,077	501,077	
Sub-Total	6,579,336	6,579,336	6,579,336	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to NORTH EASTERN COMMERCIAL CORP.				
		Payable Balance per ALI			
	Receivable Balance per NECC	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	400	400	400		
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	2,589,425	2,589,425	2,589,425		
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	60,359,538	60,359,538	60,359,538		
ALI-CII Development Corporation	470	470	470		
Alveo Land Corporation	1,936,775	1,936,775	1,936,775		
Amaia Land Corporation	96,275,549	96,275,549	96,275,549		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	56,908,139	56,908,139	56,908,139		
Avida Land Corporation	(1,520,945)	(1,520,945)	(1,520,945)		
Ayala Property Management Corporation	162,172	162,172	162,172		
Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	1,298,698	1,298,698	1,298,698		
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	114,690,758	114,690,758	114,690,758		
Ayalaland Malls Northeast, Inc.	3,000	3,000	3,000		
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	2,210,276	2,210,276	2,210,276		
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	1,005	1,005	1,005		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	29,679	29,679	29,679		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	93,298,946	93,298,946	93,298,946		
BellaVita Land Corp.	3,342	3,342	3,342		
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	6,267,688	6,267,688	6,267,688		
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	5,200,393	5,200,393	5,200,393		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	46,217,894	46,217,894	46,217,894		
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	2,673	2,673	2,673		
Central Block Developers, Inc.	77,273,650	77,273,650	77,273,650		
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	5,076,067	5,076,067	5,076,067		
Hillsford Property Corporation	55,129,820	55,129,820	55,129,820		
HLC Development Corporation	5,039,861	5,039,861	5,039,861		
Laguna Technopark Inc.	96,243,358	96,243,358	96,243,358		
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	25,215	25,215	25,215		
Makati Development Corporation	50,060,307	50,060,307	50,060,307		
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	197,051	197,051	197,051		
North Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	39,072,986	39,072,986	39,072,986		
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	9,396	9,396	9,396		
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	3,251	3,251	3,251		
Portico Land Corp.	93	93	93		
Soltea Commercial Corp.	5,810	5,810	5,810		
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	10,550	10,550	10,550		
Station Square East Commercial Corp	6,760	6,760	6,760		
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	10,067	10,067	10,067		
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	11,648,168	11,648,168	11,648,168		
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	155,701,626	155,701,626	155,701,626		
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	1,892,381	1,892,381	1,892,381		
Sub-Total	983,342,291	983,342,291	983,342,291		

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to NORTH TRIANGLE DEPOT COMMERCIAL CORP.				
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI			
	NTDCC	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	8,067	8,067	8,067		
Airswift Transport, Inc.	875,769	875,769	875,769		
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	5,941,937	5,941,937	5,941,937		
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	142,531	142,531	142,531		
Alveo Land Corporation	501,592	501,592	501,592		
Amaia Land Corporation	58,529,565	58,529,565	58,529,565		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	41,194,058	41,194,058	41,194,058		
Avida Land Corporation	179,294	179,294	179,294		
Avida Sales Corp	46,112	46,112	46,112		
Ayala Theaters Management, Inc.	67,200	67,200	67,200		
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	5,072,510	5,072,510	5,072,510		
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	29,770	29,770	29,770		
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	119,340	119,340	119,340		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	87,430	87,430	87,430		

Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	51,245	51,245	51,245	
BG South Properties, Inc.	(383,949)	(383,949)	(383,949)	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	6,623,350	6,623,350	6,623,350	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	75,003,513	75,003,513	75,003,513	
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	30,981	30,981	30,981	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	20,203,129	20,203,129	20,203,129	
Chirica Resorts Corporation	19,019	19,019	19,019	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	22,802,305	22,802,305	22,802,305	
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	129,004	129,004	129,004	
HLC Development Corporation	11,776,725	11,776,725	11,776,725	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	37,039,950	37,039,950	37,039,950	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	17,815	17,815	17,815	
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	195,660	195,660	195,660	
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	28,620	28,620	28,620	
Makati Development Corporation	838,832	838,832	838,832	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	379,557	379,557	379,557	
North Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	78,470	78,470	78,470	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	138,206	138,206	138,206	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	2,072	2,072	2,072	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	62,079,460	62,079,460	62,079,460	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	131,780	131,780	131,780	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	8,117,281	8,117,281	8,117,281	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	24,827,509	24,827,509	24,827,509	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	115,760	115,760	115,760	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	103,652	103,652	103,652	
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	23,844	23,844	23,844	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	1,471	1,471	1,471	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	42,745,283	42,745,283	42,745,283	
Sub-Total	425,915,719	425,915,719	425,915,719	

	Amount Ov	ved by ALI Subsidiaries to NOF	TH VENTURES COMMERCIA	L CORP.
		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per NVCC	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Accendo Commercial Corp	1,420	1,420	1,420	
Airswift Transport, Inc.	34,902,555	34,902,555	34,902,555	
Alabang Commercial Corporation	4,170	4,170	4,170	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	1,146,763	1,146,763	1,146,763	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	465,014	465,014	465,014	
Amaia Land Corporation	8,742,014	8,742,014	8,742,014	
Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc	5,182,501	5,182,501	5,182,501	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	18,673,245	18,673,245	18,673,245	
Avida Land Corporation	(1,014,198)	(1,014,198)	(1,014,198)	
Avida Sales Corp	2,240	2,240	2,240	
Ayala Property Management Corporation	1,792,451	1,792,451	1,792,451	
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	1,944	1,944	1,944	
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	53,030	53,030	53,030	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	1,150	1,150	1,150	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	35,183,306	35,183,306	35,183,306	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	5,200	5,200	5,200	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	82,227,441	82,227,441	82,227,441	
Capitol Central Hotel Ventures, Inc.	76,995	76,995	76,995	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	647,519	647,519	647,519	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	49,423,672	49,423,672	49,423,672	
Chirica Resorts Corporation	38,816	38,816	38,816	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	4,368,656	4,368,656	4,368,656	
HLC Development Corporation	8,102,155	8,102,155	8,102,155	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	66,607,457	66,607,457	66,607,457	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	5,364,850	5,364,850	5,364,850	
Makati Development Corporation	2,742,315	2,742,315	2,742,315	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	10,379	10,379	10,379	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	294,126	294,126	294,126	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	1,600	1,600	1,600	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	10,119,172	10,119,172	10,119,172	
Solinea Inc.	2,734	2,734	2,734	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	4,089,041	4,089,041	4,089,041	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	10,520	10,520	10,520	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	19,080	19,080	19,080	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	8,019	8,019	8,019	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	97,033,339	97,033,339	97,033,339	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	425,566	425,566	425,566	
Sub-Total	436,756,257	436,756,257	436,756,257	-

-	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to NORTH BEACON COMMERCIAL CORP.				
		Payable Balance per ALI			
	Receivable Balance per NBCC	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	11,252	11,252	11,252		
Airswift Transport, Inc.	15,724,629	15,724,629	15,724,629		
Alabang Commercial Corporation	6,512	6,512	6,512		
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	164,079	164,079	164,079		
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	177,557	177,557	177,557		
Alveo Land Corporation	370,262	370,262	370,262		
Amaia Land Corporation	3,693,722	3,693,722	3,693,722		
APRISA Business Process Solutions, Inc	1,200	1,200	1,200		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	18,545,673	18,545,673	18,545,673		
Avida Land Corporation	(0)	(0)	(0)		
Avida Sales Corp	26,596	26,596	26,596		
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	97,601,486	97,601,486	97,601,486		
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	1,822	1,822	1,822		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	19,743	19,743	19,743		
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	11,252	11,252	11,252		
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	7,141,050	7,141,050	7,141,050		
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	64,340,419	64,340,419	64,340,419		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	15,163,313	15,163,313	15,163,313		
Central Block Developers, Inc.	19,074,219	19,074,219	19,074,219		
Hillsford Property Corporation	5,898	5,898	5,898		
Laguna Technopark Inc.	345,996	345,996	345,996		
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	(103,451)	(103,451)	(103,451)		
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	106,486	106,486	106,486		
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	67,721	67,721	67,721		
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	102,089	102,089	102,089		
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	1,334	1,334	1,334		
Nuevocentro, Inc.	2,986,714	2,986,714	2,986,714		
Orion Land, Inc.	600	600	600		
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	5,071,961	5,071,961	5,071,961		
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	86,196	86,196	86,196		
Soltea Commercial Corp.	23,825,407	23,825,407	23,825,407		
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	2,860	2,860	2,860		
Station Square East Commercial Corp	17,048	17,048	17,048		
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	(4,773)	(4,773)	(4,773)		
Tutuban Properties, Inc.	5,977	5,977	5,977		
ALI Capital	123,790	123,790	123,790		
Sub-Total	274,716,638	274,716,638	274,716,638		

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to NUEVOCENTRO INC., (Conso)				
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		•	
	NUEVOCENTRO	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Airswift Transport, Inc.	8,534	8,534	8,534		
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	60,814	60,814	60,814		
Alveo Land Corporation	9,000	9,000	9,000		
Alviera Country Club, Inc	37,394,363	37,394,363	37,394,363		
Amaia Land Corp.	2,552,388	2,552,388	2,552,388		
Arvo Commercial Corp	157,510	157,510	157,510		
Aurora Properties, Inc.	100	100	100		
Avida Land Corp.	15,634	15,634	15,634		
Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	1,100	1,100	1,100		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	22,240,469	22,240,469	22,240,469		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	8,029,912	8,029,912	8,029,912		
CECI Realty Corp.	139,150	139,150	139,150		
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	26,563,502	26,563,502	26,563,502		
Eco North Resort Ventures	435,321	435,321	435,321		
HLC Development Corporation	433,695,911	433,695,911	433,695,911		
Laguna Technopark Inc.	2,674,841	2,674,841	2,674,841		
Nuevocentro Inc.	(37,394,363)	(37,394,363)	(37,394,363)		
Prow Holdings, Inc.	199,255,639	199,255,639	199,255,639		
Vesta Prop. Holdings, Inc	26,154	26,154	26,154		
Sub-Total	695,865,981	695,865,981	695,865,981		

	Amount Ow	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ONE DELA PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT, INC.				
		Payable Balance per ALI				
	Receivable Balance per ODR	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
Accendo Commercial Corp	121,551	121,551	121,551			
Airswift Transport, Inc.	13,582,349	13,582,349	13,582,349			

ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	41,189,478	41,189,478	41,189,478	
Alveo Land Corporation	33,114	33,114	33,114	
Amaia Land Corporation	170,643,021	170,643,021	170,643,021	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	80,539,895	80,539,895	80,539,895	
Ayala Property Management Corporation	248,738	248,738	248,738	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	5,688,274	5,688,274	5,688,274	
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	1,988,235	1,988,235	1,988,235	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	386,891,522	386,891,522	386,891,522	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	100,921	100,921	100,921	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	31,340,560	31,340,560	31,340,560	
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	100,217,708	100,217,708	100,217,708	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	42,018,238	42,018,238	42,018,238	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	115,609,899	115,609,899	115,609,899	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	48,594,653	48,594,653	48,594,653	
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	119,225	119,225	119,225	
First Gateway Real Estate Corp	7,491,933	7,491,933	7,491,933	
HLC Development Corporation	119,644,900	119,644,900	119,644,900	
Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc.	54,208,000	54,208,000	54,208,000	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	37,788,693	37,788,693	37,788,693	
Sunnyfield E-Office Corp	25,371,674	25,371,674	25,371,674	
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	21,722,132	21,722,132	21,722,132	
Sub-Total	1,305,154,715	1,305,154,715	1,305,154,715	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to PHILIPPINE INTEGRATED ENERGY SOLUTIONS, INC.				
	Receivable Balance per PHIL.	Payable Balance per ALI			
	ENERGY	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	(1,150,767)	(1,150,767)	(1,150,767)		
Airswift Transport, Inc.	20,093,849	20,093,849	20,093,849		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	10,091,057	10,091,057	10,091,057		
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	14,365,458	14,365,458	14,365,458		
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	15,735,979	15,735,979	15,735,979		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	59,105,519	59,105,519	59,105,519		
Greenhaven Property Venture, Inc.	10,147,826	10,147,826	10,147,826		
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	5,953,532	5,953,532	5,953,532		
Northgate Hotel Ventures, Inc.	122,641	122,641	122,641		
Southcrest Hotel Ventures, Inc.	349,564	349,564	349,564		
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	281,478	281,478	281,478		
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	162,244	162,244	162,244		
	162,590	162,590	162,590		
Sub-Total	135,420,970	135,420,970	135,420,970	-	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to PRIMAVER TOWNCENTRE, INC.				
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI			
	PRIMAVERA	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Amaia Land Corporation	127,183	127,183	127,183		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	401,906	401,906	401,906		
Avida Land Corporation	93,317	93,317	93,317		
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	5,705	5,705	5,705		
First Gateway Real Estate Corp	837,584	837,584	837,584		
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	3,749	3,749	3,749		
Sub-Total	1,469,444	1,469,444	1,469,444	-	

	Amou	Amount Owed by ALI-Subsidiaries to RED CREEK PROPERTIES, INC.					
		Payable Balance per ALI					
	Receivable Balance per RCPI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current			
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:							
BellaVita Land Corp.	57,098,165	57,098,165	57,098,165				
Sub-Total	57,098,165	57,098,165	57,098,165	-			

	Amount Owed by ALI, ALI-Subsidiaries to REGENT WISE INVESTMENTS, LTD. (Conso)						
	Receivable Balance per RWIL	eceivable Balance per RWIL Payable Balance per ALI					
	(Conso)	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current			
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:							
AyalaLand Real Estate Investments, Inc.	580,015,018	580,015,018	580,015,018				
Sub-Total	580,015,018	580,015,018	580,015,018	-			

		Amount Owed by ALI, ALI-Subsidiaries to SERENDRA					
	Receivable Balance per	Receivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI					
	SOLTEA	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current			
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:							
Alveo Land Corporation	2,243,214	2,243,214	2,243,214				

Amaia Land Corporation	1,529,207,392	1,529,207,392	1,529,207,392	
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	2,818,809	2,818,809	2,818,809	
Avida Land Corporation	748,700	748,700	748,700	
Ayala Property Management Corporation	333,119	333,119	333,119	
BellaVita Land Corp.	958	958	958	
BG West Properties, Inc	17,001,618	17,001,618	17,001,618	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	59,450,512	59,450,512	59,450,512	
HLC Development Corporation	2,524,703	2,524,703	2,524,703	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	127,360,688	127,360,688	127,360,688	
Makati Development Corporation	183,195	183,195	183,195	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	173,463	173,463	173,463	
Sub-Total	1,742,046,371	1,742,046,371	1,742,046,371	-

	Amount Owed by ALI-Subsidiaries to SOLTEA COMMERCIAL CORP.				
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI			
	SOLTEA	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:					
Alabang Commercial Corporation	3,800	3,800	3,800		
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	974,906	974,906	974,906		
Alveo Land Corporation	(1,059,307)	(1,059,307)	(1,059,307)		
Amaia Land Corporation	107,736	107,736	107,736		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	5,066	5,066	5,066		
Avida Land Corporation	1,269,449	1,269,449	1,269,449		
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	1,020,049	1,020,049	1,020,049		
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	20,509	20,509	20,509		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	2,430	2,430	2,430		
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	35,847	35,847	35,847		
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	14,000	14,000	14,000		
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	6,500	6,500	6,500		
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	75,510	75,510	75,510		
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	1,000	1,000	1,000		
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	8,030	8,030	8,030		
Station Square East Commercial Corp	8,695	8,695	8,695		
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	4,400	4,400	4,400		
Sub-Total	2,498,620	2,498,620	2,498,620	-	

	Amount Owed by SOUTHPORTAL PROPERTIES, INC.				
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI			
	SOUTHPORTAL	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:					
Amaia Land Corporation	40,433,952	40,433,952	40,433,952		
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	16,433,413	16,433,413	16,433,413		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	523,367	523,367	523,367		
Avida Land Corporation	146,675	146,675	146,675		
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	5,075,785	5,075,785	5,075,785		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	3,452	3,452	3,452		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	66,755,667	66,755,667	66,755,667		
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	9,243,169	9,243,169	9,243,169		
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	315,356	315,356	315,356		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	6,027,451	6,027,451	6,027,451		
Central Block Developers, Inc.	33,079,406	33,079,406	33,079,406		
HLC Development Corporation	1,102,535	1,102,535	1,102,535		
Laguna Technopark Inc.	199,868	199,868	199,868		
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	6,169,501	6,169,501	6,169,501		
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	2,030,546	2,030,546	2,030,546		
Solinea Inc.	304	304	304		
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	543,740	543,740	543,740		
Ten Knots Development Corporation	90,346	90,346	90,346		
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	55,154,042	55,154,042	55,154,042		
	167,653	167,653	167,653		
Sub-Total	243,496,226	243,496,226	243,496,226		

	Amount Owed by STATION SQUARE EAST COMMERCIAL CORP.						
	Receivable Balance per	Receivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI					
	SSECC	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current			
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:							
Accendo Commercial Corp	760	760	760				
Airswift Transport, Inc.	110,138	110,138	110,138				
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	2,958,715	2,958,715	2,958,715				
Alveo Land Corporation	1,707,539	1,707,539	1,707,539				
Amaia Land Corporation	884,568	884,568	884,568				
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	3,281,799	3,281,799	3,281,799				
APRISA Business Process Solutions, Inc	8,506,207	8,506,207	8,506,207				

Arvo Commercial Corporation	3,622,785	3,622,785	3,622,785	
Avida Land Corporation	1,094,244	1,094,244	1,094,244	
Avida Sales Corp	2,000	2,000	2,000	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	19,118	19,118	19,118	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	9,540	9,540	9,540	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	115,896,862	115,896,862	115,896,862	
BellaVita Land Corp.	16,092	16,092	16,092	
BG North Properties Inc.	1,521,855	1,521,855	1,521,855	
BG South Properties, Inc.	716,435	716,435	716,435	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	39,202	39,202	39,202	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	15,940,552	15,940,552	15,940,552	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	859,884	859,884	859,884	
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	18,375	18,375	18,375	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	17,907,028	17,907,028	17,907,028	
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	5,728,333	5,728,333	5,728,333	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	36,942,560	36,942,560	36,942,560	
HLC Development Corporation	13,282,953	13,282,953	13,282,953	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	176,896	176,896	176,896	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	709,015	709,015	709,015	
Makati Development Corporation	322,000	322,000	322,000	
MDC Build Plus, Inc.	226,000	226,000	226,000	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	38,563	38,563	38,563	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	268,267	268,267	268,267	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	1,400	1,400	1,400	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	3,390	3,390	3,390	
Serendra Inc.	841,900	841,900	841,900	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	12,195,680	12,195,680	12,195,680	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	144,925	144,925	144,925	
Solinea Inc.	199,653	199,653	199,653	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	14,979,896	14,979,896	14,979,896	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	7,630	7,630	7,630	
Ten Knots Development Corporation	1,446	1,446	1,446	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	36,896,944	36,896,944	36,896,944	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	457,828	457,828	457,828	
ALI Capital Corp.	26,821	26,821	26,821	
Sub-Total	298,565,798	298,565,798	298,565,798	-

	Amount Owed by ALI-Subsidiaries to SUBIC BAY TOWN CENTER, INC.				
		Payable Balance per ALI			
	Receivable Balance per SBTCI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	3,090	3,090	3,090		
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	73,200	73,200	73,200		
Amaia Land Corporation	47,200,392	47,200,392	47,200,392		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	3,010,032	3,010,032	3,010,032		
Avida Land Corporation	84,089	84,089	84,089		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	740	740	740		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	3,323,575	3,323,575	3,323,575		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	50,292,691	50,292,691	50,292,691		
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	32,902,093	32,902,093	32,902,093		
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	140,583	140,583	140,583		
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	214,449	214,449	214,449		
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	34,885	34,885	34,885		
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	1,500	1,500	1,500		
Soltea Commercial Corp.	5,599,732	5,599,732	5,599,732		
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	1,740	1,740	1,740		
Station Square East Commercial Corp	1,000	1,000	1,000		
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	42,083	42,083	42,083		
Sub-Total	142,925,873	142,925,873	142,925,873	-	

	Amount Owed by ALI to SUMMERHILL COMMERCIAL VENTURES CORP.					
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI				
	SUMMERHILL	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:						
Accendo Commercial Corp	870	870	870			
Alabang Commercial Corporation	1,760	1,760	1,760			
ALI Capital Corp.	145,258	145,258	145,258			
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	1,398,122	1,398,122	1,398,122			
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	6,111,656	6,111,656	6,111,656			
Arvo Commercial Corporation	25,025	25,025	25,025			
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	15,229,074	15,229,074	15,229,074			
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	40,519	40,519	40,519			
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	18,853	18,853	18,853			

AyalaLand Offices, Inc.	1,394	1,394	1,394	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	289,554,654	289,554,654	289,554,654	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	740	740	740	
Direct Power Services Inc.	153,013	153,013	153,013	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	(433,211)	(433,211)	(433,211)	
Makati Development Corporation	589,064	589,064	589,064	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	7,536	7,536	7,536	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	261,403	261,403	261,403	
North Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	17,248	17,248	17,248	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	5,323	5,323	5,323	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	1,993	1,993	1,993	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	250	250	250	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	10,390	10,390	10,390	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	36,200	36,200	36,200	
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	1,776	1,776	1,776	
Sub-Total	313,178,910	313,178,910	313,178,910	-

		Amount Owed by ALI to SUNNYFIELD E-OFFICE CORP.						
	Receivable Balance per	Receivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI						
	SUNNYFIELD	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current				
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI)								
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	262,080	262,080	262,080					
Sub-Total	262,080	262,080	262,080	-				

	Amount Owed by ALI to TEN KNOTS DEVELOPMENT CORP.					
	Receivable Balance per TKDC	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI)						
Airswift Transport, Inc.	21,695,858	21,695,858	21,695,858			
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	48,652	48,652	48,652			
Arca South Comm.Vent.Corp	168,944	168,944	168,944			
Arvo Commercial Corp	7,178	7,178	7,178			
Avida Land Corp.	256,908	256,908	256,908			
AYALALAND HOTELS AND RES	208,433	208,433	208,433			
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	15,891	15,891	15,891			
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	6,212,628	6,212,628	6,212,628			
Chirica Resorts Corporation	7,981,154	7,981,154	7,981,154			
DirectPower Services, Inc	9,458	9,458	9,458			
Eco North Resort Ventures	53,585	53,585	53,585			
Ecoholdings Company, Inc.	500	500	500			
Kingfisher Capital Resources Corporation	364,658	364,658	364,658			
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	116,155,741	116,155,741	116,155,741			
Pangulasian Isl Rsrt Corp	7,807,427	7,807,427	7,807,427			
Regent Horizons Conservation Company, Inc.	529,087	529,087	529,087			
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	20,641,686	20,641,686	20,641,686			
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	1,465,257	1,465,257	1,465,257			
Soltea Commercial Corp.	94,511	94,511	94,511			
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	2,710,744	2,710,744	2,710,744			
Ten Knots Dev., Corp.	(12,713,220)	(12,713,220)	(12,713,220)			
Ten Knots Philippines, In	565,316,440	565,316,440	565,316,440			
Sub-Total	739,031,519	739,031,519	739,031,519	-		

	Amount Owed by ALI to TEN KNOTS PHILIPPINES, INC.					
		Payable Balance per ALI				
	Receivable Balance per TKPI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI)						
Airswift Transport, Inc.	35,492,696	35,492,696	35,492,696			
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	4,054,867	4,054,867	4,054,867			
AYALALAND HOTELS AND RES	1,750	1,750	1,750			
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	2,004,354	2,004,354	2,004,354			
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	7,050,788	7,050,788	7,050,788			
Chirica Resorts Corporation	19,601,218	19,601,218	19,601,218			
Eco North Resort Ventures	15,211,246	15,211,246	15,211,246			
Ecoholdings Company, Inc.	1,122,657	1,122,657	1,122,657			
Green Coast Property Ventures, Inc.	18,000	18,000	18,000			
Integrated Eco-Resort Inc	362,415	362,415	362,415			
Pangulasian Isl Rsrt Corp	22,370,736	22,370,736	22,370,736			
Phil Integ Energy Sol,Inc	2,350	2,350	2,350			
Regent Horizons Conservation Company, Inc.	1,560,946	1,560,946	1,560,946			
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	916,686	916,686	916,686			
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	612,271	612,271	612,271			
Ten Knots Dev., Corp.	45,057,664	45,057,664	45,057,664			
Sub-Total	155,440,644	155,440,644	155,440,644	-		

	Amount Owed by ALI to VESTA PROPERTY HOLDINGS, INC.					
		Payable Balance per ALI				
	Receivable Balance per VPHI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI)						
Airswift Transport, Inc.	50,585,312	50,585,312	50,585,312			
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	5,068,497	5,068,497	5,068,497			
Alveo Land Corporation	34,841,018	34,841,018	34,841,018			
Amaia Land Corporation	9,000	9,000	9,000			
Arvo Commercial Corporation	195,630,958	195,630,958	195,630,958			
Aurora Properties, Inc.	150	150	150			
Avida Land Corporation	12,441,854	12,441,854	12,441,854			
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc	181,061	181,061	181,061			
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	312,076,593	312,076,593	312,076,593			
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	2,795,983	2,795,983	2,795,983			
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	379,988,453	379,988,453	379,988,453			
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	66,479,982	66,479,982	66,479,982			
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	113,508,586	113,508,586	113,508,586			
Central Block Developers, Inc.	93,363,595	93,363,595	93,363,595			
HLC Development Corporation	67,088,308	67,088,308	67,088,308			
Laguna Technopark Inc.	10,120,396	10,120,396	10,120,396			
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	35,150	35,150	35,150			
North Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	790,219	790,219	790,219			
Nuevocentro, Inc.	1,535,095	1,535,095	1,535,095			
Soltea Commercial Corp.	201,819,054	201,819,054	201,819,054			
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	21,089,036	21,089,036	21,089,036			
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	425,205,922	425,205,922	425,205,922			
ALI Capital Corp.	387,877	387,877	387,877			
Sub-Total	1,995,042,102	1,995,042,102	1,995,042,102	-		

	Amou	Amount Owed by ALI to WESTVIEW COMMERCIAL VENTURES CORP.					
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI					
	WESTVIEW	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current			
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI)							
Adauge Commercial Corp.	2,900	2,900	2,900				
Amaia Land Corporation	577,624	577,624	577,624				
Avida Land Corporation	326,282	326,282	326,282				
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	135,524	135,524	135,524				
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	5,210	5,210	5,210				
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	(902,757)	(902,757)	(902,757)				
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	5,210	5,210	5,210				
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	9,983	9,983	9,983				
Sub-Total	159,976	159,976	159,976	-			

		Amount Owed by ALI to WHITEKNIGHT HOLDINGS, INC.						
	Receivable Balance per	Receivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI						
	WHITEKNIGHT	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current				
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI)								
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	2,928,214	2,928,214	2,928,214					
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	556,880	556,880	556,880					
Sub-Total	3,485,094	3,485,094	3,485,094	-				

TOTAL ELIMINATED RECEIVABLES	130,512,922,822	130,512,922,822	130,512,922,822	-

AYALA LAND, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE D - LONG-TERM DEBT

As of December 31,	2019

TITLE OF ISSUE & TYPE OF OBLIGATION	AMOUNT AUTHORIZED BY INDENTURE/ FACILITY AGREEMENT	CURRENT PORTION OF LONG-TERM DEBT (in '000)	LONG-TERM DEBT (NET OF CURRENT PORTION) (in '000)	Interest Rate	No. of Periodic Installment	Maturity Date
Ayala Land, Inc.:						
Bonds						
Philippine Peso	4,000,000	4,000,000.00	-	4.625%	N/A, Bullet	October 10, 2020
Philippine Peso	9,000,000	-	8,937,450.00	4.246%	N/A, Bullet	November 06, 2021
Philippine Peso	5,650,000	-	5,645,304.00	6.000%	N/A, Bullet	April 27, 2022
Philippine Peso	7,000,000	-	6,968,807.00	4.500%	N/A, Bullet	April 29, 2022
Philippine Peso	8,000,000	-	7,925,898.00	7.024%	N/A, Bullet	October 05, 2023
Philippine Peso	7,000,000	-	6,961,631.00	3.892%	N/A, Bullet	October 07, 2023
Philippine Peso	15,000,000	-	14,931,966.84	5.000%	N/A, Bullet	January 30, 2024
Philippine Peso	3,000,000	-	2,979,164.00	4.758%	N/A, Bullet	September 30, 2024
Philippine Peso	8,000,000	-	7,952,880.00	5.625%	N/A, Bullet	April 25, 2025
Philippine Peso	7,000,000	-	6,955,765.00	4.750%	N/A, Bullet	October 25, 2025
Philippine Peso	8,000,000	-	7,946,612.00	4.850%	N/A, Bullet	March 23, 2026
Philippine Peso	8,000,000	-	7,909,802.00	6.369%	N/A, Bullet	May 06, 2026
Philippine Peso	1,000,000	-	952,029.00	4.990%	N/A, Bullet	February 06, 2027
Philippine Peso	7,000,000	-	6,972,611.00	5.262%	N/A, Bullet	May 02, 2027
Philippine Peso	10,000,000	-	9,896,154.00	5.920%	N/A, Bullet	April 27, 2028
Philippine Peso	2,000,000	-	1,985,276.00	6.000%	N/A, Bullet	October 10, 2033
Fixed rate corporate notes (FXCNs)						
Philippine Peso	5,000,000	50,000	4,700,000	4.500%	33	March 10, 2023
Philippine Peso Bank Ioan -US Dollar	1,000,000	10,000	945,460	7.525%	11	January 19, 2026
Bank Loan (MBTC)	6,329,375	-	6,329,375	Various floating rates	N/A, Bullet	November 06, 2024
Bank loan -Peso						
Bank Loan (BDO)	8,200,000	82,000	7,954,000	4.500%	8	February 28, 2026
Bank Loan <i>(BPI)</i>	609,875	34,705	470,039	4.500%	Various	Various from 2021 to 2023
Bank Loan (DBP)	4,817,000	2,351,050	1,430,000	4.725%	Various	Various from 2020 to 2021
Bank Loan <i>(LBP)</i>	5,000,000	50,000	4,829,930	4.939%	39	March 19, 2028
Bank Loan (MBTC)	10,000,000	225,000	9,736,493	4.949%	28	March 21, 2027
Bank Loan (PNB)	13,000,000	338,000	12,435,682	Various fixed rates	39	March 28, 2029
Bank Loan <i>(RCBC)</i>	1,900,000	47,500	1,738,500	4.500%	26	March 30, 2023
Sub-Total	165,506,250	7,188,255.00	155,490,829.00			
Subsidiaries:						
Bonds	5,000,000		4,988,337	5.320%	N/A, Bullet	June 06, 2021
Fixed rate corporate notes (FXCNs) Bank loan -Peso	Various	1,350,000	-	Various fixed rates	Various	Various from 2018 to 2020
Bank Loan (BPI)	Various	1,207,289	12,603,466	Various fixed and floating rates	Various	Various from 2015 to 2027
Bank Loan (BDO)	1.083.000	1,201,200	1,083,000	4.750%	-	November 15, 2022
Bank Loan (LandBank of the Phil)	Various	3,322,300	708,400	Various fixed rates	Various	Various from 2020 to 2022
Bank Loan (PNB)	Various	3,125,000	,,400	Various fixed rates	Various	Various from 2020 to 2022 Various from 2020 to 2027
Bank Loan (UBP)	3,000,000	937,500	937,500	5.25%	Various	March 30, 2022
Bank Loan (RCBC)	1,143,000	117.300	-	5.000%	12	January 30, 2022
Bank Ioan -MYR	Various	3,062	1,813	Various	Various	Various
Sub-Total		10,062,451.00	20,322,516.00		, and a	- anous

AYALA LAND, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE E - Indebtedness to Related Parties (Long-Term Loans from Related Parties) (Long Term Loans from Related Companies)

As of December 31, 2019

NAME OF RELATED PARTY	BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD (in '000)			BALANCE AT ND OF PERIOD (in '000)
Bank of the Philippine Islands	Php	9,696,981	Php	14,315,498

AYALA LAND, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE F - GUARANTEES OF SECURITIES OF OTHER ISSUERS As of December 31, 2019

NAME OF ISSUING ENTITY OF SECURITIES GUARANTEED BY THE COMPANY FOR W/C THIS STATEMENT IS FILED	TITLE OF ISSUE OF EACH CLASS OF SECURITIES GUARANTEED	TOTAL AMOUNT GUARANTEED & OUTSTANDING	AMOUNT OWNED BY PERSON FOR W/C STATEMENT IS FILED	NATURE OFGUARANTEE
	NO	T APPLICABLE		

AYALA LAND, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE G- CAPITAL STOCK As of December 31, 2019

		NUMBER OF SHARES ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING AT SHOWN UNDER RELATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION CAPTION		NUMBER OF SHARES RESERVED FOR					
TITLE OF ISSUE	NUMBER OF SHARES AUTHORIZED	ISSUED	SUBSCRIBED	TREASURY SHARES	TOTAL	OPTIONS, WARRANTS, CONVERSION AND OTHER RIGHTS	NUMBER OF SHARES HELD BY RELATED PARTIES	DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES	OTHERS
Common Stock	20,000,000,000	14,632,062,456	113,272,391	(25,372,746)	14,719,962,101	305,415	6,545,946,579	132,534,851	
Preferred Stock	15,000,000,000	13,066,494,759			13,066,494,759		12,163,180,640	480	

AYALA LAND, INC. RECONCILIATION OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION

December 31, 2019

Reconciliation Of Retained Earnings Available For Dividend Declaration

Items		Amount
Unappropriated Retained Earnings, beginning	Php	56,244,722,057
Less adjustments:		
Treasury shares		
Deferred tax assets		(2,996,391,774)
Fair Value adjustment		(593,852,588)
Unappropriated Retained Earnings, as adjusted, beginning		52,654,477,695
Net Income based on the face of AFS	Php	13,225,107,412
Less: Non-actual/unrealized income net of tax		
Amount of provision for deferred tax during the year		1,178,492,077
Unrealized foreign exchange gain - net (except those		
attributable to Cash and Cash Equivalents)		
Unrealized actuarial gain		
Fair value adjustment (M2M gains)		
Fair value adjustment of Investment Property resulting to gain		
adjustment due to deviation from PFRS/GAAP-gain		
Other unrealized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a		
result of certain transactions accounted for under the PFRS		
Add: Non-actual losses		
Depreciation on revaluation increment (after tax)		
Adjustment due to deviation from PFRS/GAAP – loss		
Loss on fair value adjustment of investment property (after tax)		
Net Income Actual/Realized	Php	14,403,599,489
Less: Other adjustments		
Dividend declarations during the period		(7,721,500,201)
Effects of changes in accounting standard		(84,597,959)
Treasury shares		(1,104,352,627)
		5,493,148,702
Unappropriated Retained Earnings, as adjusted, ending		58,147,626,397

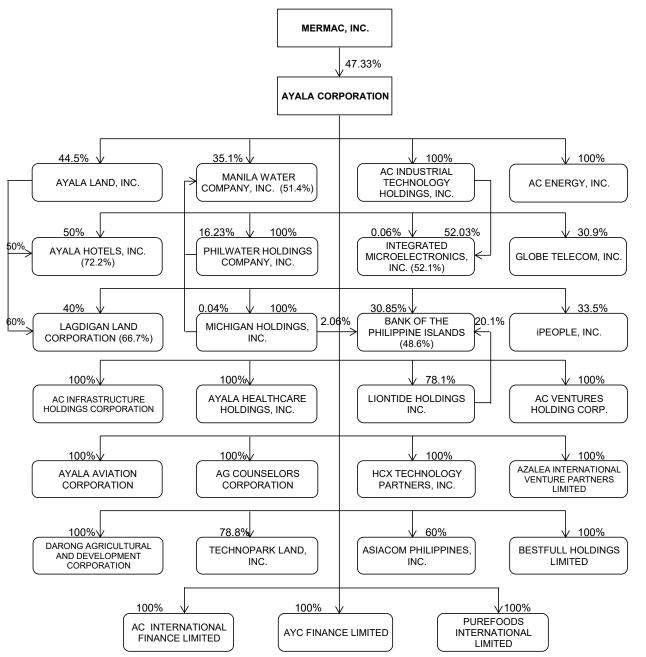
AYALA LAND, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS

December 31, 2019

Ratio	Formula	Current Year	Prior Year
Current ratio	Current sssets / Current liabilities	1.30	1.26
Acid test ratio	Quick sssets / Current liabilities (Quick assets includes current assets and inventory)	0.77	0.82
Solvency ratio	EBITDA / Total debt (Total debt includes short-term debt, long-term debt and current portion of long-term debt)	0.31	0.29
Debt-to-equity ratio	Total debt / Consolidated stockholders' equity	0.87	0.85
Asset-to-equity ratio	Total assets / Consolidated stockholders' equity	2.94	3.04
Interest rate coverage ratio	EBITDA / Interest expense	6.27	6.09
Return on equity	Net income attributable to equity holders of the company / Average total stockholders' equity	0.17	0.17
Return on assets	Net income after tax / Average total assets	0.05	0.05
Net profit margin	Net income attributable to equity holders of the company / Total consolidated revenue	0.20	0.18

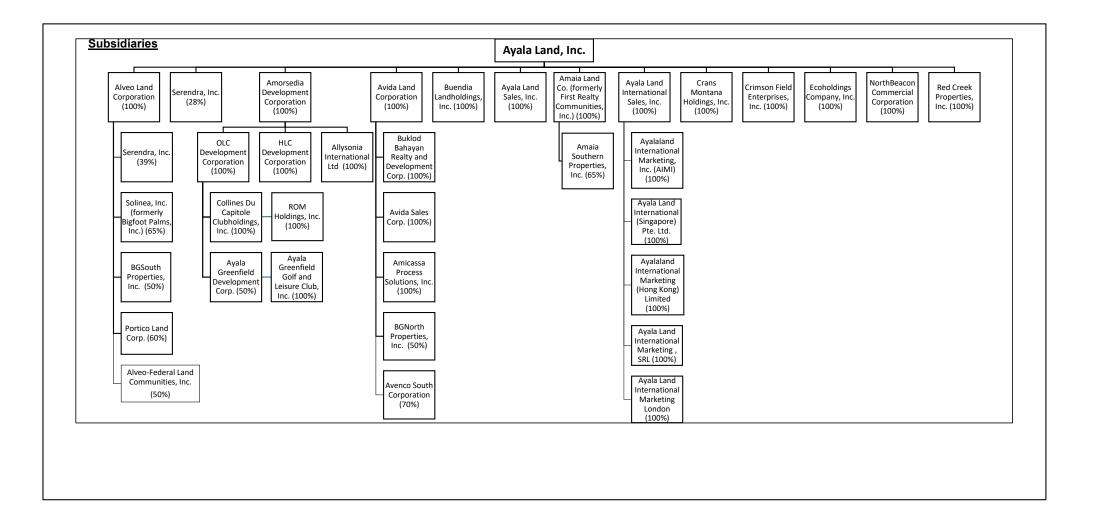
AYALA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CORPORATE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

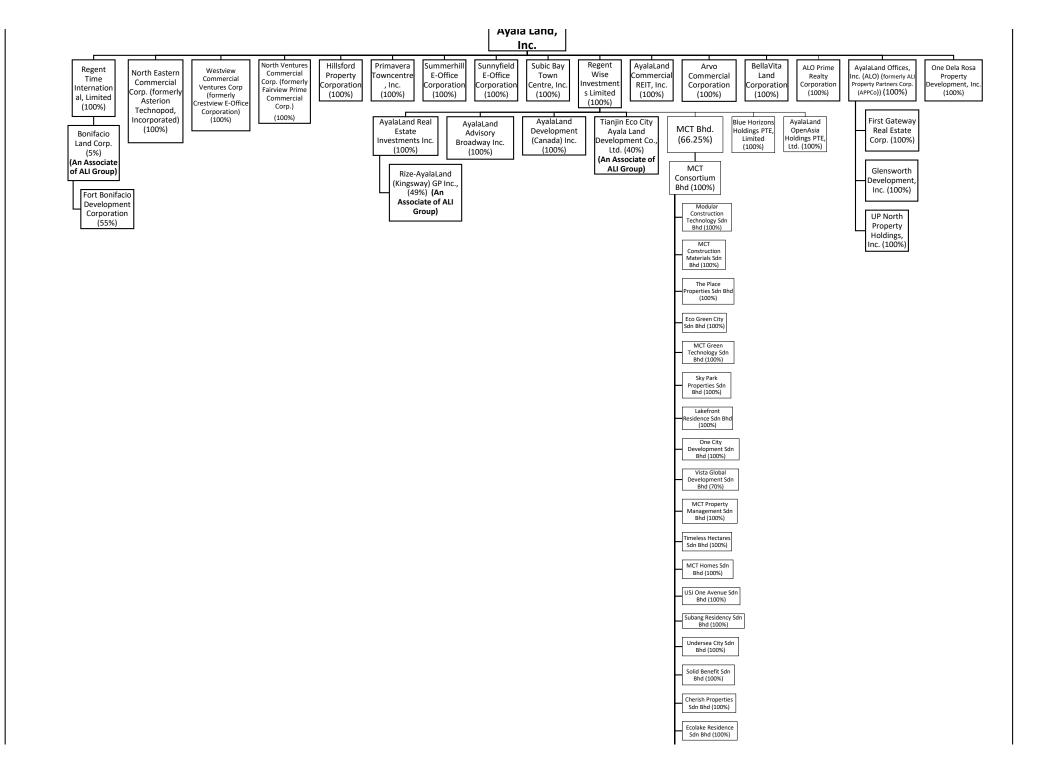
As of December 31, 2019

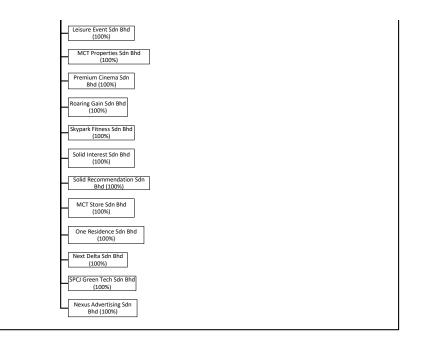


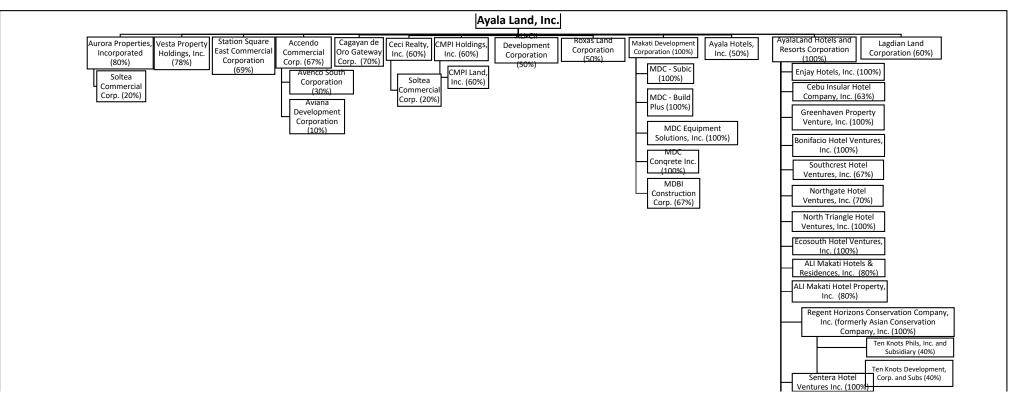
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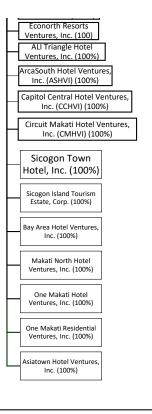
% of ownership appearing outside the box - direct % of economic ownership % of ownership appearing inside the box - effective % of economic ownership

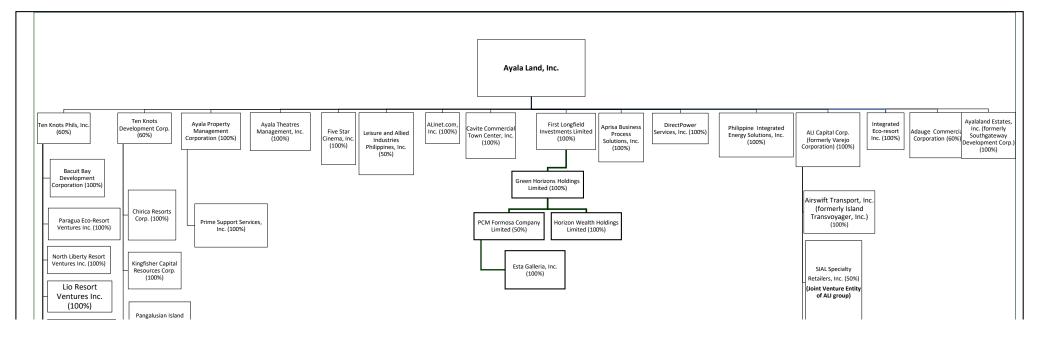


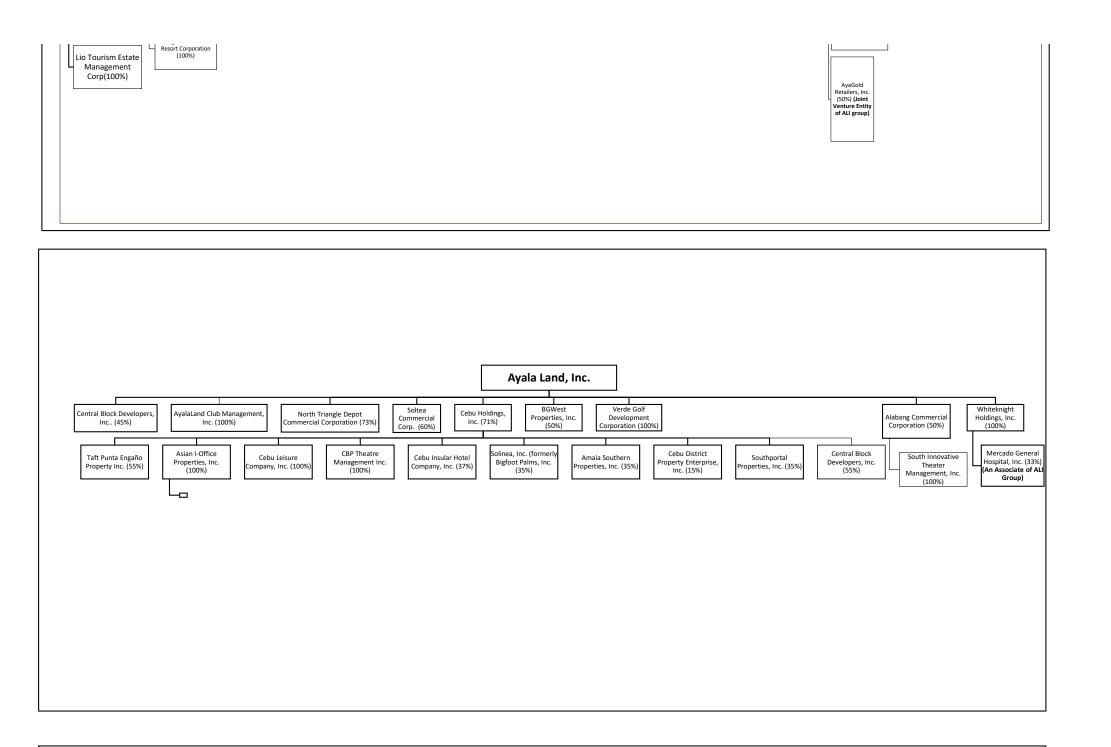


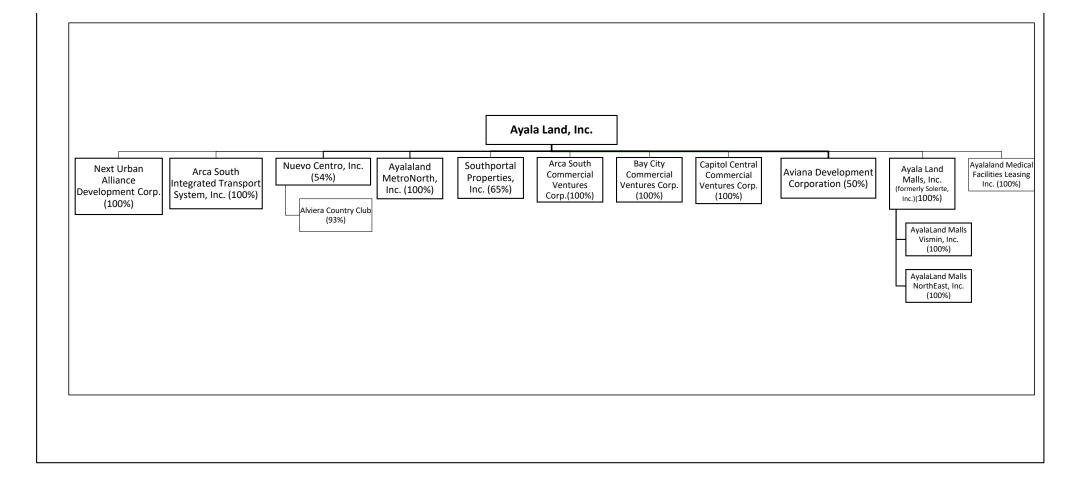


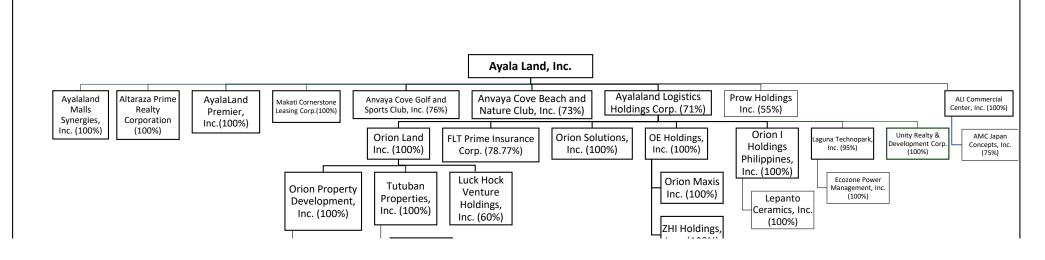


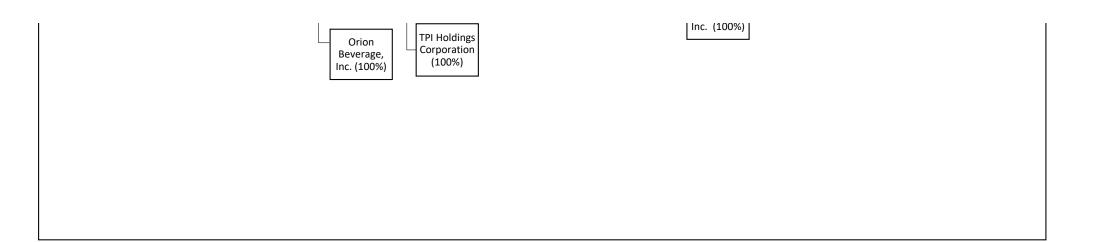


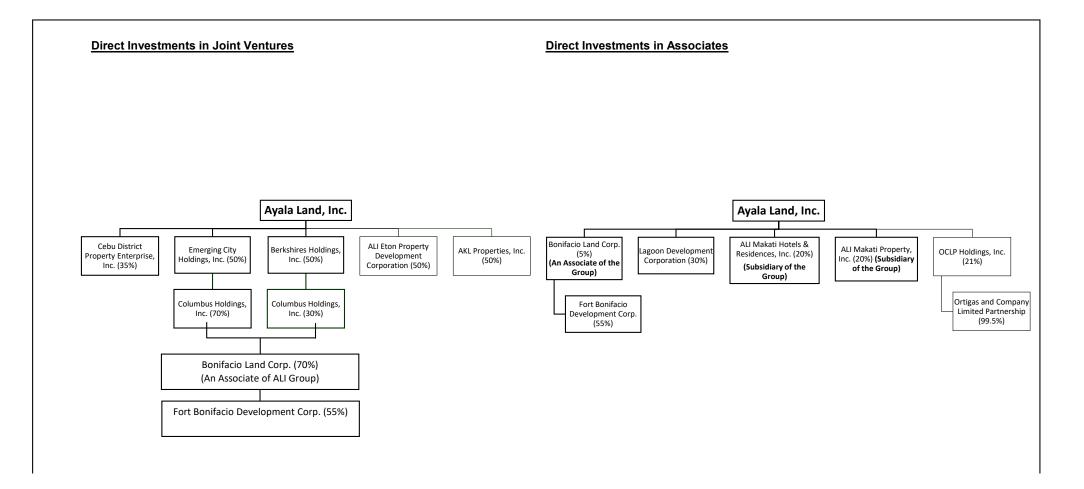












(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	10,000,000,000.00	10,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	3,093,125.00	3,093,125.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	75,000,000.00	75,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	37,500,000.00	37,500,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	9,000,000.00	4,206,571.43
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	1,000,000.00	118,285.00
Listing Fee	150,000.00	253,611.12
Total Expenses	125,743,125.00	124,378,163.98
Net Proceeds	9,874,256,875.00	9,875,621,836.02

P9.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2021 and P1.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2027

(P0.9B) and (iv) the acquisition of several properties in Laguna and Batangas (P1.6B).

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P10.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P9.88 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects including, but not limited to, (i) the development of One Ayala Avenue Makati (P3.6B), (ii) development of Ayala Triangle Garden 2 (P1.1B), (iii) the redevelopment of Greenbelt, Glorietta and Cavite malls (P2.7B), (iii) expansion of Seda Nuvali

P3.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2024

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	3,000,000,000.00	3,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	757,500.00	757,500.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	22,500,000.00	22,500,000.00
Underwriting Fee	11,250,000.00	11,025,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	9,000,000.00	3,965,234.71
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	1,000,000.00	69,300.00
Listing Fee	150,000.00	151,708.34
Total Expenses	44,657,500.00	42,433,977.76
Net Proceeds	2,955,342,500.00	2,957,566,022.24

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P3.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P2.96 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects including, but not limited to, (i) the development of retail, BPO and hotels in Manila Bay (P2.8B) and (ii) construction of headquarter office in Ayala Triangle Garden 2 (P0.1B).

P8.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2026

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	8,000,000,000.00	8,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	2,588,125.00	2,588,125.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	60,000,000.00	60,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	30,000,000.00	30,000,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	9,000,000.00	6,066,185.05
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	5,000,000.00	338,659.20
Listing Fee	150,000.00	218,166.66
Total Expenses	106,738,125.00	99,211,135.91
Net Proceeds	7,893,261,875.00	7,900,788,864.09

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P8.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P7.90 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects

including, but not limited to, (i) the construction of a hotel in Manila Bay (P0.9B), (ii) development of Cebu IT Park (P2.9B), (iii) expansion of Seda hotel in BGC (P1.7B) and (iv) development of Arca South in Taguig (P2.5B).

P8.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2023

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	8,000,000,000.00	8,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	2,020,000.00	2,020,000.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	60,000,000.00	60,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	30,000,000.00	30,000,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	9,000,000.00	4,044,234.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	5,000,000.00	49,875.00
Listing Fee	100,000.00	100,000.00
Total Expenses	106,120,000.00	96,214,109.00
Net Proceeds	7,893,880,000.00	7,903,785,891.00

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P8.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P7.90 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects including, but not limited to, (i) the construction of a hotel in Manila Bay (P0.2B), (ii) development of Capitol Central Mall (P1.3B), (iii) Cebu Central Bloc (P1.9B), (iv) Seda BGC expansion (P0.7B), (iv) development of Arca South in Taguig (P3.4B) and (v) construction of offices in Bacolod and Vertis (P0.4B).

P10.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2028

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	10,000,000,000.00	10,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	2,525,000.00	2,525,000.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	75,000,000.00	75,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	37,500,000.00	37,500,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	9,000,000.00	4,901,842.56
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	5,000,000.00	622,938.20
Listing Fee	200,000.00	200,000.00
Total Expenses	129,225,000.00	120,749,780.76
Net Proceeds	9,870,775,000.00	9,879,250,219.24

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P10.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P9.88 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects including, but not limited to, (i) the construction of retail, BPO, hotels and transport hub in One Ayala Makati (P2.6B), (ii) development of Ayala Triangle Garden 2 headquarter office and retail (P1.6B), (iii) development of retail mall in Manila Bay (P4.6B) and (iv) construction of City Gate Corp. Center (P1.3B).

P7.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2027

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	7,000,000,000.00	7,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	1,767,500.00	1,767,500.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	35,000,000.00	35,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	26,250,000.00	26,250,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	9,000,000.00	3,161,187.20
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	5,000,000.00	990,430.17
Listing Fee	100,000.00	100,000.00
Total Expenses	74,617,500.00	67,269,117.37
Net Proceeds	6,925,382,500.00	6,932,730,882.63

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P10.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P6.92 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects including, but not limited to, (i) the construction of retail, BPO, hotels and transport hub in One Ayala Makati (P0.9B), (ii) development of Ayala Triangle Garden 2 (P1.1B), (iii) development of retail mall in Manila Bay and Cloverleaf (P2.8B) and (iv) construction of City Gate Corp. Center and Vertis Mall (P2.2B).

P7.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2023 and P3.0 Billion Homestarter Bonds due 2019

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	10,000,000,000.00	10,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	2,525,000.00	2,525,000.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	50,000,000.00	50,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	44,250,000.00	26,250,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	9,000,000.00	2,960,000.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	5,000,000.00	201,849.33
Listing Fee	200,000.00	200,000.00
Total Expenses	110,975,000.00	82,136,849.33
Net Proceeds	9,889,025,000.00	9,917,863,150.67

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P10.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P9.9 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects including, but not limited to the development of Manila Bay (P1.1B) and City Gate Corp. Center (P1.8B) as well as the construction of the 30th Mall (P1.1B), acquisition of properties in Makati and Alabang (P4.1 B) and development of Nuvali (P1.8B).

P7.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2025

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	7,000,000,000.00	8,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	1,767,500.00	1,767,500.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	35,000,000.00	35,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	26,250,000.00	26,250,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	7,500,000.00	2,301,963.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	2,500,000.00	248,847.18
Listing Fee	100,000.00	100,000.00
Total Expenses	73,117,500.00	65,668,310.18
Net Proceeds	6,926,882,500.00	6,934,331,689.82

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P7.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P6.9 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects including, but not limited to the development of One Ayala Makati (P0.2B), Ayala Triangle 2 (P0.3B) and Cloverleaf Mall (P0.7B) as well as development of HSS Corp Plaza, East Gallery, High Park, Roxas Triangle and Verdana (P3.4B) and investment in offices such as Summerhill, Circuit and UPTC redevelopment (P2.3B).

P8.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2026

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	8,000,000,000.00	8,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	2,588,125.00	2,588,125.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	40,000,000.00	40,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	30,000,000.00	30,000,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	7,500,000.00	3,651,246.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	2,500,000.00	398,937.60
Listing Fee	100,000.00	100,000.00
Total Expenses	82,688,125.00	76,738,308.60
Net Proceeds	7,917,311,875.00	7,923,261,691.40

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P8.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P7.9 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects including, but not limited to the development of One Ayala Makati (P0.3B), Ayala Triangle 2 (P0.3B) and Cloverleaf Mall (P0.8B) as well as to the development of Vermosa and Serendra (P1.2B) and other investments in Malaysia, Cebu and acquisition of ITI aircraft (P5.3B).

P7.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2022

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	7,000,000,000.00	7,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	-	-
Documentary Stamp Tax	35,000,000.00	35,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	26,250,000.00	25,724,999.99
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	5,740,000.00	3,058,763.32
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	2,500,000.00	19,307.59
Listing Fee	100,000.00	100,000.00
Total Expenses	69,590,000.00	63,903,070.90
Net Proceeds	6,930,410,000.00	6,936,096,929.10

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P7.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P6.9 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects including, but not limited to the development of Vertis (P5.3B), Circuit (P4.4B) and Southpark (P5.2B).

P5.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2021

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	5,000,000,000.00	5,000,000,000.00
Expenses		
Documentary Stamp Tax	25,000,000.00	25,000,000.00
SEC Registration	1,812,500.00	1,812,500.00
Legal Research Fee	18,125.00	18,125.00
Upfront Fees	-	-
Underwriting Fee	18,750,000.00	18,750,000.00
Professional Expenses and Agency Fees	3,828,500.00	4,051,801.20
Out of Pocket Expenses (publication, printing etc.)	2,500,000.00	275,128.39
Total Expenses	52.051.125.00	49,907,554.59
Net Proceeds	4,947,978,875.00	4,950,092,445.41

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Cebu Holdings, Inc. raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P5.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P4.95 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects including, but not limited to the (i) residential development of 1016 residences, Park Point residences, Amara and Sedona Park (P1.1B), (ii) redevelopment and construction of Ayala Center Cebu and Cebu IT Park (P2.7B) and (iii) acquisition of properties (P1.2B).

P8 Billion Fixed Rate Callable Bonds due 2025

(in pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	8,000,000,000.00	8,000,000,000.00
Expenses		
Documentary Stamp Tax	40,000,000.00	40,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	30,000,000.00	30,000,000.00
SEC Registration		
SEC Registration Fee	4,312,500.00	4,312,500.00
SEC Legal Research Fee	43,125.00	43,125.00
Professional Expenses	7,748,500.00	7,178,064.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	2,500,000.00	126,279.00
Listing Fee	168,000.00	100,000.00
Total Expenses	84,772,125.00	81,759,968.00
Net Proceeds	7,915,227,875.00	7,918,240,032.00

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P8.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P7.9 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects including, but not limited to the development of Vertis (P5.3B), Circuit (P4.4B) and Southpark (P5.2B).

P4.0 Billion in Fixed Rate Bonds due 2020 and P2.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2033

(in pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	6,000,000,000.00	6,000,000,000.00
Expenses		
Documentary Stamp Tax	30,000,000.00	30,000,000.00
Upfront Fees		
Underwriting Fee (375 bps + GRT)	22,500,000.00	22,500,000.00
Professional Expenses	1,457,500.00	2,517,808.07
Listing Fee	100,000.00	100,000.00
Out of Pocket Expenses (publication, printing etc.)	1,000,000.00	5,530.00
Total Expenses	55,057,500.00	55,123,338.07
Net Proceeds	5,944,942,500.00	5,944,876,661.93

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P6.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P5.9 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects including, but not limited to, (i) the construction of various leasing assets including an additional BPO building in Cebu IT Park and the construction of Fairview Terraces Mall (P0.9 billion), (ii) infusion to Avida Land Corp. (a subsidiary) to fund various residential development projects and acquisitions (P1.0 billion) and (iii) the acquisition of several properties in strategic areas around the country (P4.0 billion).

P15.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2024

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(in pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	15,000,000,000.00	15,000,000,000.00
Expenses		
Documentary Stamp Tax	75,000,000.00	75,000,000.00
SEC Registration	5,812,500.00	5,812,500.00
Legal Research Fee	58,125.00	58,125.00
Upfront Fees		
Underwriting Fee	56,250,000.00	56,250,000.00
Professional Expenses	7,336,000.00	401,082.05
Trustee	20,000.00	20,000.00
Registry Account Opening Fee	150,000.00	150,000.00
Listing Fee	100,000.00	100,000.00
Out of Pocket Expenses (publication, printing etc.)	2,500,000.00	97,807.91
Total Expenses	147,226,625.00	137,889,514.96
Net Proceeds	14,852,773,375.00	14,862,110,485.04

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P15.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P14.9 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects including, but not limited to, (i) the pump-priming development activities for new townships like Vertis North in Quezon City, Arca South, formerly FTI, in Taguig, Alvierra in Pampanga, and Altaraza in Bulacan (P4.0B), (ii) development of various residential projects such as Park Terraces, Garden Towers and subdivision projects in Nuvali (e.g. Santierra, Elaro and Luscara) (P4.0B), (iii) the construction of various leasing assets including an additional BPO buildings in UP – Ayalaland Technohub, the construction of the UP Town Center, expansion of Ayala Center Cebu and Abreeza (P1.2B), (iii) new Seda Hotel in Nuvali (P0.3B) and (iv) the acquisition of several properties in strategic areas around the country (P5.4B).

P9.35 Billion Fixed Rate Callable Bonds due 2019 and P5.65 Billion Fixed Rate Callable Bonds due 2022

(in pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	15,000,000,000.00	15,000,000,000.00
Expenses		
Documentary Stamp Tax	75,000,000.00	75,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	54,035,000.00	54,035,000.00
Rating Fee	5,040,000.00	4,125,000.00
SEC Registration		
SEC Registration Fee	4,312,500.00	4,312,500.00
SEC Legal Research Fee	43,125.00	43,125.00
Professional Expenses	1,960,000.00	3,064,146.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	500,000.00	383,755.82
Registry and Paying Agency Fee	337,500.00	1,056,314.87
Trustee Fees	112,500.00	20,000.00
Listing Fee	100,000.00	443,666.68
Total Expenses	141,440,625.00	142,483,508.37
Net Proceeds	14,858,559,375.00	14,857,516,491.63

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P15.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P14.9 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects including, but not limited to the (i) residential developments of Park Terraces, West Super Block, Ayala Westgrove Heights; Nuvali projects and other Makati projects (P8.5B), (ii) corporate business developments which include UP North Science and Technology Park Expansion, UPIS Office, Glorietta 1 & 2, Abreeza and Baguio (P0.6B), (iii) Ayala Center Redevelopment, UPIS Mall, Solenad, The District Cavite, Northpoint Mall, Harbour Point Mall, Fairview Mall, Abreeza Mall and Centrio Mall (P1.9B), (iv) landbank management which also includes Visayas and Mindanao expansion (P2.1B) and (v) development of hotels and resorts businesses which include Kukun Hotels, Holiday Inn, El Nido Resorts (P1.8B).

HOMESTARTER BONDS 6

(in pesos)	PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	2,000,000,000.00	2,000,000,000.00
Expenses		
Underwriting and Other Professional Fees	15,000,000.00	15,060,000.00
Issue Management Fee	2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	12,500,000.00	12,500,000.00
Legal Fee – Joint Underwriters	500,000.00	560,000.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	2,200,000.00	1,486,780.27
Documentary Stamp Tax	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00
Total Expenses	27,200,000.00	26,546,789.27
Net Proceeds	1,972,800,000.00	1,973,453,210.73

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P2.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P1.97 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects including, but not limited to the (i) residential developments which include the ongoing and new residential projects such as Park Terraces, Garden Towers, ParkPoint Residences Ayala Westgrove Heights; Nuvali projects (Luscara, Elaro, Santierra, Mirala, Avida Parkway Settings, Avida Settings, Avida Village and Avida Estates,); other Makati projects (Kroma and Lerato), Marquee Residences; and Leisure projects namely Kasa Luntian and Anvaya (P0.8B), (ii) corporate business developments which include UP North Science and Technology Park Expansion, UPIS Office, Makati BPO and Fairview BPO and Ayala Center Redevelopment, UPIS Mall, Solenad, Fairview Mall, Sta. Ana Mall, community malls and Fiesta Mall (P0.3B), (iv) landbank management which also includes Visayas and Mindanao expansion (P0.7B) and (v) development of hotels and

resorts businesses which include Seda Hotels and resort expansion (P0.1B) and support services which include the district cooling system and energy services for various ALI projects (P0.1B).

HOMESTARTER BONDS 5

(in pesos)	PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	1,000,000,000.00	1,000,000,000.00
Expenses		
SEC Registration	1,325,625.00	1,325,625.00
Underwriting and Other Professional Fees	8,000,000.00	9,421,000.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	2,200,000.00	1,587,085,83
Registry and Paying Agency Fees	200,000.00	154,090.30
Documentary Stamp Tax	10,000,000.00	5,000,000.00
Total Expenses	21,725,625.00	17,487,801.13
Net Proceeds	978,274,375.00	982,512,198.87

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P1.0Bn. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to P982.5 million. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects including, but not limited to the (i) residential developments which include the ongoing and new residential projects such as Park Terraces, , West Super Block, Ayala Westgrove Heights; Nuvali projects; other Makati projects (Senta and Lerato), Marquee Residences; and Leisure projects namely Kasa Luntian and Anvaya (P0.3B), (ii) corporate business and shopping center developments (P0.1B), (iv) landbank management which also includes Visayas and Mindanao expansion (P0.4B) and (v) development of hotels and resorts businesses which include Kukun Hotels, Holiday Inn, El Nido Resorts (P0.2B).

SEC Number: 152-747 File Number: _____

AYALA LAND, INC.

(Company's Full Name)

31F, Tower One, Ayala Triangle Ayala Avenue, Makati City 1226

(Company Address)

(632) 7908-3111

(Telephone Number)

March 31, 2020

(Quarter Ending)

SEC Form 17-Q Quarterly Report

(Form Type)

-

(Amendments)

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

- 1. For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2020
- 2. Commission Identification Number 152747
- 3. BIR Tax Identification No. 000-153-790-000
- 4. Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter: AYALA LAND, INC.
- 5. Province, Country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization: <u>Makati City, Philippines</u>
- 6. Industry Classification Code: _____ (SEC Use Only)
- 7. Address of issuer's principal office and postal code: <u>31F, Tower One, Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue, Makati City 1226</u>
- 8. Issuer's telephone number, including area code: (632) 7908-3111
- 9. Former name, former address, former fiscal year: Not applicable
- 10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

As of March 31, 2020

Title of each class	Number of shares issued and outstanding
Common shares	14,745,334,847
Preferred shares	13,066,494,759

Amount of Debt Outstanding **P114,650,000,000.00**

11. Are any or all of the securities listed on a Stock Exchange? Yes [x] No []

Stock Exchange: <u>Philippine Stock Exchange</u> Securities listed: <u>Common shares</u>

- 12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:
 - (a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports): Yes [x] No [1]
 - (b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days: Yes [x] No []

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

AYALA LAND, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Amounts in Millions)

	March 2020 Unaudited	December 2019 Audited
ASSETS	Ghaddhed	Addited
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 4)	₽21,734	₱20,413
Short-term investments (note 5)	1,018	617
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 6)	470	485
Accounts and notes receivable (note 7)	104,056	105,039
Inventories (note 8)	118,763	120,288
Other current assets (note 9)	52,415	48,592
Total Current Assets	298,456	295,434
Noncurrent Assets		
Noncurrent accounts and notes receivable	45,949	45,564
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,522	1,529
Investments in associates and joint ventures (note 10)	25,581	25,318
Right of use assets	13,476	13,564
Investment properties – net	247,325	243,043
Property and equipment – net	43,090	43,062
Deferred tax assets - net	11,213	11,528
Other noncurrent assets (note 11)	27,904	34,880
Total Noncurrent Assets	418,222	418,489
Total Assets	₱716,678	₱713,923
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Short-term debt (note 12)	₱34,680	₱18,033
Accounts and other payables (note 13)	150,222	162,979
Income tax payable	2,647	2,123
Current portion of lease liabilities	725	725
Current portion of long-term debt (note 12)	17,403	17,251
Deposits and other current liabilities (note 14)	11,767	25,473
Total Current Liabilities	217,444	226,584
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Long-term debt - net of current portion (note 12)	178,620	175,813
Pension liabilities	2,300	1,988
Lease liabilities - net	16,655	16,739
Deferred tax liabilities - net	6,660	6,091
Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities (note 15)	52,082	44,004
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	256,317	244,634
Total Liabilities	473,761	471,218
Equity		
Equity attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.		
Paid-up capital	62,799	62,772
Retained earnings	157,327	156,940
Stock options outstanding	42	42
Remeasurement loss on defined benefit plans	(644)	(337)
Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI	(705)	(457)
Cumulative translations adjustments	(221)	250
Equity reserves (note 16)	(7,103)	(7,056)
Treasury Stock	(1,261)	(1,104)
	210,234	211,050
Non-controlling interests	32,683	31,656
Total Equity	242,917	242,706
Total Liabilities and Equity	₱716,678	₱713,923

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Amounts in Millions, Except Earnings Per Share Figures)

	2020 Unaudited	2019 Unaudited
	January 1 to	January 1 to
	March 31	March 31
REVENUE		
Real estate	₽26,199	₱37,438
Interest and Investment Income	1,824	1,890
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures	272	263
Other income	108	89
	28,403	39,680
COSTS AND EXPENSES Real estate	16 020	22,480
	16,030	23,489
General and administrative expenses	2,097	1,991
Interest and other financing charges Other charges	3,234 156	2,605 382
Other charges	21,520	28,467
	21,520	20,407
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	6,883	11,213
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX		
Current	1,478	2,948
Deferred	365	(32)
	1,843	2,916
NET INCOME	₽5,040	₱8,297
Net income attributable to:	- /	57.000
Equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.	₽4,322	₱7,322
Non-controlling interests	718	975
	₱5,040	₱8,297
Earnings Per Share		
Basic	₱0.29	₽0.50
Diluted	0.29	0.50

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Amounts in Millions)

	2020 Unaudited January 1 to March 31	2019 Unaudited January 1 to March 31
NET INCOME	₱5,040	₱8,297
Other comprehensive income/loss		
Net unrealized gain (loss)		
on available-for-sale financial assets	(555)	134
Total comprehensive income for the period	₱4,485	₱8,431
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.	₽3.767	₱7,456
Non-controlling interests	718	975
	₽4,485	₱8,431

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Amounts in Millions)

							Attributable to ed	uity holders of Ayala	Land. Inc.					
								Net Unrealized						
							Remeasurement	Gain (Loss)						
							Gain (Loss)	on Availablefor-						
		Additional		Appropriated	Unappropriated	Stock	on Defined	Sale	Cumulative					
		Paid-in	Subscriptions	Retained	Retained	Options	Benefit	Financial	Translation	Equity		Non-Controlling		
	Capital Stock	Capital	Receivable	Earnings	Earnings	Outstanding	Plans	Assets	Adjustments	Reserves	Total	Interests	Treasury Shares	Total Equity
As of January 1, 2020	16,052	48,599	(1,878)	8,000		42	(337)	(457)		(7,056)	212,154	31,656	(1,104)	242,706
Net income					4,321						4,321		-	4,321
IFRS 16 - Leases					10						10			10
Other comprehensive income (loss)					-		(308)	(248)	(472)		(1,027)			(1,027)
Total comprehensive income	16,052	48,599	(1,878)	8,000	153,272	42	(645)	(705)		(7,056)	215,459	31,656	(1,104)	246,010
Cost of stock options			,				. ,	. ,	. ,	,			,	-
Collection of subscription receivable											-			-
Stock options exercised											-			-
Reacquisition of shares											-		(156)	(156)
Acquisition of control on previously held interest											-		(,	
Acquisition of non-controlling interest										(47)	(47)			(47)
Increase in non-controlling interest										()	-	718		718
Net change in non-controlling interest												310		310
IFRS 2 - Adjustment on share-based payment		27									27	0.0		27
Cash dividends declared					(3,945)						(3,945)			(3,945)
As of March 31, 2020	16,052	48,625	(1,878)	8.000	149.327	42	(645)	(705)	(221)	(7,103)	211,495	32,683	(1,261)	242,917
As of January 1, 2019	16,042	47,986	(1,677)	8,000	124,090	65	(220)	(454)	868	(7,401)	187,300	32,921	-	220,221
Net income					7,322						7,322	975	-	8,297
Other comprehensive income (loss)							9	125	(50)		84		-	84
Total comprehensive income	16,042	47,986	(1,677)	8,000	131,412	65	(211)	(329)	818	(7,401)	194,706	33,896		228,602
Cost of stock options											-			-
Collection of subscription receivable			58								58			58
Stock options exercised											-			-
Reacquisition of shares													(448)	(448)
Acquisition of previously held interest													· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Acquisition of non-controlling interest											-			-
Increase in non-controlling interest											-	(288)		(288)
Net change in non-controlling interest										(65)	(65)			(65)
IFRS 2 - Adjustment on share-based payment		18								()	18			18
Cash dividends declared					(3,828)						(3,828)			(3,828)
As of March 31, 2019														

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Amounts in Millions)

	March 2020 Unaudited	March 2019 Unaudited
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	₽6,883	₱11,213
Adjustments for:	-,	, -
Depreciation and amortization	2,360	2,024
Interest and other charges - net of amount capitalized	3,390	2,987
Equity in net earnings of investees	(272)	(263)
Interest and other income	(1,824)	(1,890)
Unrealized gain on financial assets	(247)	125
Provision for doubtful accounts	3	-
Operating income before changes in working capital	10,293	14,196
Decrease (increase) in:	(222)	
Accounts and notes receivable – trade	(996)	20,672
Real estate inventories Other current assets	1,769 (4,067)	9,473 (2,986)
Increase (decrease) in:	(4,087)	(2,900)
Accounts and other payables	(12,498)	(17,046)
Pension liabilities	(12,498)	(17,040)
Other current liabilities	(13,706)	(12,528)
Cash generated from operations	(19,200)	11,783
Interest received	1,822	1,884
Income tax paid	(1,610)	(2,536)
Interest paid - net of amount capitalized	(3,360)	(1,869)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	₱(22,348)	₱9,262
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Disposals of (additions to): Investments Property and equipment Short term investments	₱(5,183) (1,343) (385)	₱(16,538) (676) 217
Decrease (increase) in:	(303)	217
Noncurrent accounts and notes receivable - non trade	1,592	4,265
Other assets	5,045	(5,960)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	₽(274)	₱(18,692)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from short-term / long-term loans	₽21,037	₱18,209
Payments of short-term / long-term loans	(1,431)	(15,342)
Increase (decrease) in :		
Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities	8,563	6,983
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiaries	310	(288)
Proceeds from capital stock subscriptions	27	76
Movements due to IFRS 16 - Leases Purchase of treasury shares	10 (156)	(448)
Other Comprehensive Income	(130) (472)	(448) (50)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interest	(+12)	(00)
Dividends paid to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.	(3,945)	(3,828)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	₽23,943	₱5,312
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	₽1,321	₱(4,118)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	20,413	23,997
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	₽21,734	₱19,879

AYALA LAND, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

Ayala Land, Inc. (the Company) is domiciled and was incorporated on June 30, 1988 in the Republic of the Philippines. The Company's parent is Ayala Corporation (AC). AC is a publicly-listed company, 47.41%-owned by Mermac, Inc., 6.04%-owned by Mitsubishi Corporation (MC) and the rest by the public. The Company's registered office and principal place of business is 31st Floor, Tower One and Exchange Plaza, Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue, Makati City.

The Company and its Subsidiaries (the Group) are incorporated to hold, develop, manage, administer, sell, convey, encumber, purchase, acquire, rent or otherwise deal in and dispose of, for itself or for others, residential including, but not limited to, all kinds of housing projects, commercial, industrial, urban or other kinds of real property; to acquire, purchase, hold, manage, develop and sell subdivision lots, with or without buildings or improvements; to erect, construct, alter, manage, operate, lease, in whole or in part, buildings and tenements of the Group or of other persons; and to engage or act as real estate broker. The Group is also involved in hotels and resorts operations.

The consolidated financial statements represent the consolidation of the financial statements of Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) and the following domestic and foreign owned subsidiaries:

	Mar 2020*	Dec 2019*
Real Estate:		
Alveo Land Corporation (Alveo)	100%	100%
Serendra, Inc.	39	39
Solinea, Inc. (Solinea)	65	65
BGSouth Properties, Inc. (BGS)	50	50
Portico Land Corp. (Portico)	60	60
Serendra, Inc.	28	28
Amorsedia Development Corporation	100	100
OLC Development Corporation and Subsidiary	100	100
HLC Development Corporation	100	100
Allysonia International Ltd.	100	100
Avida Land Corporation (Avida)	100	100
Buklod Bahayan Realty and Development Corp.	100	100
Avida Sales Corp. and Subsidiaries	100	100
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc.	100	100
Avencosouth Corp. (Avencosouth)	70	70
BGNorth Properties, Inc. (BGN)	50	50
Amaia Land Co. (Amaia)	100	100
Amaia Southern Properties, Inc. (ASPI)	65	65
AyalaLand Premier, Inc.	100	100
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc. (ALISI)	100	100
Ayalaland International Marketing, Inc. (AIMI)	100	100
Ayala Land International (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Ayalaland International Marketing (Hong Kong) Limited (ALIM HK)	100	100
Ayala Land International Marketing SRL (ALIM SRL)	100	100
Ayala Land International Marketing London	100	100
Ayala Land Sales, Inc.	100	100
Southportal Properties, Inc.	65	65
Buendia Landholdings, Inc.	100	100
Crans Montana Holdings, Inc.	100	100
Crimson Field Enterprises, Inc.	100	100
Ecoholdings Company, Inc. (ECI)	100	100
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation NBCC)	100	100
Red Creek Properties, Inc.	100	100
Regent Time International, Limited (Regent Time) (British Virgin Islands)	100	100
North Eastern Commercial Corp. (formerly Asterion Technopod, Incorporated)	100	100

Westview Commercial Ventures Corp. (Westview)	100	100
(formerly Crestview E-Office Corporation)		
North Ventures Commercial Corp. (formerly Fairview Prime Commercial Corp.	400	100
(formerly Gisborne Property Holdings, Inc.)	100	100
Hillsford Property Corporation (HPC)	100	100
Primavera Towncentre, Inc. (PTI)	100	100
Summerhill E-Office Corporation (Summerhill)	100	100
Sunnyfield E-Office Corporation (Sunnyfield)	100	100
Subic Bay Town Centre, Inc.	100	100
Regent Wise Investments Limited (Regent Wise) (Hongkong company)	100	100
AyalaLand Real Estate Investments Inc.	100	100
AyalaLand Advisory Broadway Inc.	100 100	100 100
AyalaLand Development (Canada) Inc. AyalaLand OpenAsia Holdings PTE, Limited	100	100
Blue Horizons Holdings PTE, Limited	100	100
Modular Construction Technology (MCT) Bhd.	66	66
AyalaLand Commercial REIT, Inc. (ALCRI)	100	100
Arvo Commercial Corporation (Arvo)	100	100
BellaVita Land Corporation (BellaVita)	100	100
Nuevo Centro, Inc. (Nuevo Centro)	54	54
Alviera Country Club, Inc.**	50	50
Cavite Commercial Town Center, Inc.	100	100
One Dela Rosa Property Development, Inc.	100	100
AyalaLand Offices, Inc. (ALO) (formerly ALI Property Partners Corp. (APPCo))	100	100
First Gateway Real Estate Corp.	100	100
Glensworth Development, Inc. (Glensworth)	100	100
UP North Property Holdings, Inc.	100	100
ALO Prime Realty Corporation	100	100
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	100	100
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	100 100	100
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp. Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	100	100 100
Aurora Properties Incorporated	81	81
Soltea Commercial Corp.	16	16
Vesta Property Holdings, Inc.	78	78
Altaraza Prime Realty Corporation	100	100
Prow Holdings Inc	55	55
Station Square East Commercial Corporation (SSECC)	69	69
Next Urban Alliance Development Corp.	100	100
Accendo Commercial Corp. (Accendo)	67	67
Avencosouth Corp.	20	20
Aviana Development Corporation	7	7
Aviana Development Corporation	50	50
Cagayan de Oro Gateway Corp. (CDOGC)	70	70
Ceci Realty, Inc. (Ceci)	60	60 12
Soltea Commercial Corp. Soltea Commercial Corp.	12 60	12 60
CMPI Holdings, Inc.	60	60
CMPI Land, Inc.	36	36
ALI-CII Development Corporation (ALI-CII)	50	50
Roxas Land Corporation (RLC)	50	50
Adauge Commercial Corporation (Adauge)	60	60
Ayalaland Estates, Inc. (formerly Southgateway Development Corp.)	100	100
Ayalaland MetroNorth, Inc. (AMNI)	100	100
Verde Golf Development Corporation	100	100
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corporation (NTDCC)	73	73
BGWest Properties, Inc. (BGW)	50	50
Lagdigan Land Corporation	60	60
Central Block Developers, Inc.	45	45
Cebu Holdings, Inc. (CHI)	71	70
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	71 71	70 70
CBP Theatre Management Inc.	(1	
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Taft Punta Engaño Property Inc. (TPEPI)	39	39
Cebu Insular Hotel Company, Inc. (CIHCI)	26	26
Solinea, Inc.	25	25
Amaia Southern Properties, Inc. (ASPI)	25 25	25 25
Southportal Properties, Inc. Central Block Developers, Inc***	39	25 39
Asian I-Office Properties, Inc. (AIOPI)	55 71	39 70
Alabang Commercial Corporation (ACC)	50	50
South Innovative Theater Management (SITMI)	50	50
ALI Commercial Center Inc.	100	100
AMC Japan Concepts, Inc.	75	75
AyalaLand Logistics Holdings Corp. (formerly Prime Orion Philippines Inc.)	71	71
FLT Prime Insurance Corp.	56	56
Orion Solutions, Inc	71	71
Orion I Holdings Philippines, Inc.	71	71
OE Holdings, Inc.	71	71
Orion Land Inc.	71	71
Lepanto Ceramics, Inc.	71	71
Laguna Technopark, Inc. (LTI)	68	68
Ecozone Power Management, Inc.	68	68
Unity Realty & Development Corp.	71	71
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	100	100
Ayala Land Malls, Inc. (formerly Solerte, Inc.)	100	100
AyalaLand Malls Vismin, Inc.	100	100
AyalaLand Malls NorthEast, Inc.	100	100
Construction:	400	100
Makati Development Corporation (MDC)	100	100
MDC Subic, Inc. MDC Build Plus, Inc.	100	100
MDC Build Plus, Inc. MDC Congrete, Inc. (MCI)	100 100	100 100
MDC Equipment Solutions, Inc. (MESI)	100	100
MDBI Construction Corp. (formerly MDC Triangle)	67	67
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Hotels and Resorts:		
Ayala Hotels, Inc. (AHI)	50	50
AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corporation (AHRC) and Subsidiaries	100	100
ALI Makati Hotel & Residences, Inc. (formerly KHI-ALI Manila, Inc.)	80	80
ALI Makati Hotel Property, Inc. (formerly KHI Manila Property, Inc.)	80	80
Asian Conservation Company Limited and Subsidiary	100	100
Enjay Hotels, Inc. (Enjay)	100	100
Greenhaven Property Venture, Inc. (GPVI)	100	100
Cebu Insular Hotel Company, Inc. (CIHCI)	63	63
Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Southcrest Hotel Ventures, Inc.	67	67
Northgate Hotel Ventures, Inc.	70	70
North Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Sentera Hotel Ventures Inc. Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	100 100	100 100
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Capitol Centre Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Arca South Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	100	100
Bay Area Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
One Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate, Corp.	100	100
Asiatown Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100
One Makati Residential Ventures, Inc.	100	100
ALI Makati Hotel & Residences, Inc. (formerly KHI-ALI Manila, Inc.)	20	20
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Ten Knots Phils, Inc. (TKPI) 60 60 Bacuit Bay Development Corporation 60 60 Lio Resort Ventures Inc. 60 60 North Liberty Resort Ventures Inc. 60 60 Lio Tourism Estate Management Corp. 60 60 Chrica Resorts Corp. 60 60 Chrica Resorts Corp. 60 60 Property Management Corporation 60 60 Property Management Corporation (APMC) 100 100 Prime Support Services, Inc. 100 100 Prime Support Services, Inc. 100 100 DiractPower Services, Inc. (DirectPower) 100 100 Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc. (PhilEnergy) 100 100 Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc. (LAIP) 50 50 Others: 70 100 100 Protorus Company Limited 50 50 Pool Court Company, Inc. (MZM) - - Prever Strices, Inc. (MZM) - - Previde Company, Inc. (ALIP) 100	ALL Makati Hatal Branarty, Ing. (formarky KHI Manila Branarty, Ing.)	20	20
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Aprisa Business Process Solutions, Inc. (Aprisa)100100Studio Ventures, Inc. (SVI)AyalaLand Club Management, Inc.100100ALI Capital Corp. (formerly Varejo Corp.)100100Integrated Eco-resort Inc.100100Island Transvoyager, Inc.100100Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc.100100Whiteknight Holdings, Inc. (WHI)100100Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. (Ayala Land Healthcare Leasing Inc.)100100Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc.**737373	Horizon Wealth Holding, Ltd.	100	100
Studio Ventures, Inc. (SVI)AyalaLand Club Management, Inc.100100ALI Capital Corp. (formerly Varejo Corp.)100100Integrated Eco-resort Inc.100100Island Transvoyager, Inc.100100Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc.100100Whiteknight Holdings, Inc. (WHI)100100Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. (Ayala Land Healthcare Leasing Inc.)100100Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc.**7373	Food Court Company, Inc. (FCCI)	-	-
AyalaLand Club Management, Inc.100100ALI Capital Corp. (formerly Varejo Corp.)100100Integrated Eco-resort Inc.100100Island Transvoyager, Inc.100100Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc.100100Whiteknight Holdings, Inc. (WHI)100100Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. (Ayala Land Healthcare Leasing Inc.)100100Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc.**7373	Aprisa Business Process Solutions, Inc. (Aprisa)	100	100
ALI Capital Corp. (formerly Varejo Corp.)100100Integrated Eco-resort Inc.100100Island Transvoyager, Inc.100100Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc.100100Whiteknight Holdings, Inc. (WHI)100100Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. (Ayala Land Healthcare Leasing Inc.)100100Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc.**7373	Studio Ventures, Inc. (SVI)	-	-
Integrated Eco-resort Inc.100100Island Transvoyager, Inc.100100Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc.100100Whiteknight Holdings, Inc. (WHI)100100Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. (Ayala Land Healthcare Leasing Inc.)100100Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc.**7373	AyalaLand Club Management, Inc.	100	100
Island Transvoyager, Inc.100100Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc.100100Whiteknight Holdings, Inc. (WHI)100100Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. (Ayala Land Healthcare Leasing Inc.)100100Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc.**7373	ALI Capital Corp. (formerly Varejo Corp.)	100	100
Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc.100100Whiteknight Holdings, Inc. (WHI)100100Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. (Ayala Land Healthcare Leasing Inc.)100100Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc.**7373	Integrated Eco-resort Inc.	100	100
Whiteknight Holdings, Inc. (WHI)100100Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. (Ayala Land Healthcare Leasing Inc.)100100Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc.**7373	Island Transvoyager, Inc.	100	100
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. (Ayala Land Healthcare Leasing Inc.)100100Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc.**7373	Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc.	100	100
Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc.**7373	Whiteknight Holdings, Inc. (WHI)	100	100
Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc.**7373	Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. (Ayala Land Healthcare Leasing Inc.)	100	100
		73	73
Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club, Inc.** 76 76 76	Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club, Inc.**	76	76

*Includes the Ayala Land group's percentage and effective ownership ** Consolidated in compliance with Philippine Interpretations Committee (PIC) Q&A 2016-02 PAS 32 and PAS 38 - Accounting Treatment of Club Shares Held by an Entity

*** includes CPVD interest in CBDI

AC owns the other 50.0% of AHI. The Company exercises control over AHI. Likewise, the Company, through its 50.0% effective ownership and by virtue of a management contract or shareholders' agreement, exercises control over the operations and management of ACC, BGWest, BGNorth, BGSouth, RLC, ALI-CII and LAIP. Accordingly, the accounts of AHI, ACC, BGWest, BGNorth, BGSouth, RLC, ALI-CII and LAIP are consolidated to the accounts of the Company.

Changes in the group structure in 2020

There were no changes in the group structure as of March 31, 2020.

The following are the changes in group structure in 2019:

<u>AyalaLand Logistics Holdings, Corp (formerly Prime Orion Philippines, Inc.) and Laguna Technopark,</u> Inc.

On February 4, 2019, The Executive Committee of Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) approved the purchase of a 20% equity interest owned by Mitsubishi Corporation in Laguna Technopark, Inc. (LTI), equivalent to 8,051 common shares, with a total value of P800 million. Subsequently, ALI will exchange the 20% equity interest in LTI for additional shares of stock in AyalaLand Logistics Holdings, Corp. (ALLHC), equivalent to 323,886,640 common shares, subject to conditions to be fulfilled by ALLHC.

On May 10, 2019, Prime Orion Philippines, Inc., changed its corporate name to Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. (ALLHC).

On June 10, 2019, ALI sold its 20% equity interest or 8,051 common shares in LTI to ALLHC for a consideration of P800 million.

On September 9, 2019, Orion Land, Inc. sold through a special block sale, 215,090,031 common shares of ALLHC to its affiliate, Avida Land Corporation for a total consideration of P628,062,891.00. On September 27, 2019, ALI acquired the 215,090,031 common shares of ALLHC from Avida Land Corp. through a special block sale at P2.92/share for a total consideration of P628,062,891.00. As a result of the transaction, ALI's effective ownership in ALLHC increased to 71.68%.

Increased stake in Cebu Holdings, Inc.

On April 17, 2019, ALI acquired additional 14,913,200 common shares of Cebu Holdings, Inc. through the Philippine Stock Exchange totaling P88.7 million. This transaction increased ALI's ownership from 70.4% to 71.1%.

San Lazaro BPO Complex Joint Venture

On September 24, 2019, ALI sold to Manila Jockey Club, Inc. (MJC) its rights, titles and interest in Vertex One Building, located at Felix Huertas Road, Sta. Cruz, Manila, consisting of office units with an aggregate area of 13,517 sqm and 206 appurtenant parking spaces, resulting in MJC owning 100% of Vertex One for a total consideration of P511,653,100.00.

2. Basis of Financial Statement Preparation

The accompanying unaudited, condensed, and consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standard (PAS) 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. Accordingly, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and disclosures required in the December 31, 2019 annual audited consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements, as of, and for the year ended December 31, 2019.

The preparation of the financial statements in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are based upon management's

evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Ayala Land, Inc. (herein referred to as "the Company) and its subsidiaries collectively referred to as "Group."

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine peso (Php), the Group's functional currency, and rounded to the nearest thousands (₱000) except when otherwise indicated.

On May 4, 2020, the Audit Committee approved and authorized the release of the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Ayala Land, Inc. and subsidiaries.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements represent the consolidation of the financial statements of the Group as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvements with the investee and has the ability to affect the return through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- Exposure or rights, to variable return from the involvement with the investee, and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee,
- Rights arising from the other contractual arrangements, and
- The Groups' voting rights and potential voting rights.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included or excluded in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control or until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. All intra-group balances, transactions, unrealized gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated in full.

Non-controlling interests pertain to the equity in a subsidiary not attributable, directly or indirectly to the Parent Company. Any equity instruments issued by a subsidiary that are not owned by the Parent Company are non-controlling interests including preferred shares and options under share-based transactions. The portion of profit or loss and net assets in subsidiaries not wholly-owned are presented separately in the consolidated statement of income, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of financial position, separately from the Parent Company's equity. Non-controlling interests are net of any outstanding subscription receivable.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- Derecognizes the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity,
- Recognizes the fair value of the consideration received, the fair value of any investment retained and any surplus or deficit in profit or loss, and
- Reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognized in other comprehensive income to profit or loss or retained earnings, as appropriate.

Adoption of New and Amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the adoption of the following new accounting pronouncements which became effective January 1, 2020.

• Amendments to PFRS 3, *Definition of a Business*

The amendments to PFRS 3 clarify the minimum requirements to be a business, remove the assessment of a market participant's ability to replace missing elements, and narrow the definition of outputs. The amendments also add guidance to assess whether an acquired process is substantive and add illustrative examples. An optional fair value concentration test is introduced which permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business.

An entity applies those amendments prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020, with earlier application permitted.

These amendments will apply on future business combinations of the Group.

• Amendments to PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, and PAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, Definition of Material

The amendments refine the definition of material in PAS 1 and align the definitions used across PFRSs and other pronouncements. They are intended to improve the understanding of the existing requirements rather than to significantly impact an entity's materiality judgments.

An entity applies those amendments prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020, with earlier application permitted.

These amendments are not expected to have a significant impact on the Group.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2021

• PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

PFRS 17 is a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. Once effective, PFRS 17 will replace PFRS 4, *Insurance Contracts*. This new standard on insurance contracts applies to all types of insurance contracts (i.e., life, non-life, direct insurance and re-insurance), regardless of the type of entities that issue them, as well as to certain guarantees and financial instruments with discretionary participation features. A few scope exceptions will apply.

The overall objective of PFRS 17 is to provide an accounting model for insurance contracts that is more useful and consistent for insurers. In contrast to the requirements in PFRS 4, which are largely based on grandfathering previous local accounting policies, PFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects. The core of PFRS 17 is the general model, supplemented by:

- A specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (the variable fee approach)
- A simplified approach (the premium allocation approach) mainly for short-duration contracts PFRS 17 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2021, with comparative figures required. Early application is permitted.

The new standard is not applicable to the Group since none of the entities within the Group have activities that are predominantly connected with insurance or issue insurance contracts.

Deferred effectivity

• Amendments to PFRS 10 and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments address the conflict between PFRS 10 and PAS 28 in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture. The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in PFRS 3. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

On January 13, 2016, the Financial Reporting Standards Council deferred the original effective date of January 1, 2016 of the said amendments until the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) completes its broader review of the research project on equity accounting that may result in the simplification of accounting for such transactions and of other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

The Group is currently assessing the impact of adopting these amendments.

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of the following:

	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
(in million pesos)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Cash on Hand	₱62	₱73
Cash in Banks	14,185	14,555
Cash Equivalents	7,487	5,785
TOTAL	₽ 21,734	₱20,413

Cash in banks earn interest based on the respective bank deposit rates. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are made for varying periods of up to three (3) months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest based on the respective short-term investment rates.

5. Short-term Investments

Short-term investments consist of money market placements made for varying periods of more than three (3) months and up to one (1) year and earn interest at the respective short-term investment rates.

The annual interest rates of the short-term investments are as follows:

	March 31, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019 (Audited)
Philippine Peso	2.63% to 2.75%	3.0%
US Dollar	1.0% to 1.8%	1.8% to 2.0%

6. Financial Assets at FVPL

This account consists of the following:

(in million pesos)	March 31, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019 (Audited)
Investment in Arch Capital Fund	₱369	₱389
Investment in Unit Investment Trust Fund (UITF)	101	96
TOTAL	₽470	₱485

Investment in ARCH Capital Fund pertains to monetary interest in a fund in which the management takes the view that these are held for trading and it is a portfolio of identified property funds invested and managed by professional managers.

The Group invests in money market Unit Investment Trust Funds (UITF) which aims to generate liquidity and stable income by investing in a diversified portfolio of primarily short-term fixed income instruments and with no minimum holding period requirement.

7. Accounts and Notes Receivables

The account consists of:

(in million pesos)	March 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019 (Audited)
Trade:	(Onaddited)	(Addited)
Residential	₱105,695	₱104,261
Corporate business	3,873	3,828
Shopping centers	5,102	3,685
Construction contracts	1,783	1,553
Management fees	203	99
Others	5,227	4,559
Advances to other companies	18,227	18,984
Accrued receivables	4,941	7,789
Receivables from related parties (Note 18)	5,249	6,130
Receivables from employees	938	901
	151,238	151,789
Less allowance for impairment losses	1,233	1,186
	150,005	150,603
Less noncurrent portion	45,949	45,564
	₱104,056	₱105,039

The classes of trade receivables of the Group are as follows:

- Residential and office development pertain to receivables from the sale of high-end, upper middle-income and affordable residential lots and units; economic and socialized housing units and sale of commercial lots; sale of office units; and leisure community developments
- Construction contracts pertain to receivables from third party construction projects
- Corporate business pertain to lease receivables from office and factory buildings; and receivables from the sale of office buildings and industrial lots
- Shopping centers pertain to lease receivables from retail spaces
- Management fees pertain to receivables from facilities management services
- Others pertain to receivables from hotel operations and other support services

Residential, commercial, and office development receivables are collectible in monthly installments over a period of one (1) to ten (10) years. These are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method with annual interest rates ranging from 6.3% to 13.5%. Titles to real estate properties are transferred to the buyers only until the full payment has been made. Residential, commercial, and office development receivables are collectible in monthly installments over a period of one (1) to ten (10) years. These are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rates rates rates rates rates are been made. Residential, commercial, and office development receivables are collectible in monthly installments over a period of one (1) to ten (10) years. These are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method with annual interest

rates ranging from 6.3% to 13.5%. Titles to real estate properties are transferred to the buyers only once full payment has been made.

Corporate business receivables are collectible on a monthly or quarterly basis depending on the terms of the lease contracts.

Receivables from shopping centers, construction contracts and management fees are due within 30 days upon billing.

Receivables from hotel operations and other support services included under other trade receivables are normally due within 30 to 90 days upon billing.

Advances to other companies includes advances made to joint venture partners that have been made in consideration of project costs and purchases of land that are still subject to completion. The Group does not intend that these advances will be repaid, but will instead be recorded as part of the project costs upon development or as part of consideration for purchases of land. The documentation for these advances provides that these will be payable over a fixed term or on demand in order to allow for repayment of the advances when closing does not occur.

Advances to other companies also includes Receivables from MRT Development Corporation (MRTDC) shareholders which pertains to interest-bearing advances to MRTDC equivalent to the Pre-2006 Development Rights Payment (DRP) Payables and the Residual Depot DRP which is due more than one year, in relation to the funding and repayment agreement.

Set off shall be effective as of the beginning of every calendar month, commencing January 30, 2015 and shall result in the settlement of the portion of the Total DRP Payables to the extent of the amount of the commercial center royalties then the balance will fall due to the relevant MRTDC Shareholders.

Accrued receivables and receivables from related parties are due and demandable. Receivables from employees pertain to housing, car, salary and other loans granted to the Group's employees which are collectible through salary deduction, are interest-bearing and payable on various maturity dates.

The Group entered into agreements with BPI Asset Management and Trust Corporation in 2019 for the assignment of interest-bearing employee receivables amounting to ₱11.3 million. The transactions were without recourse and did not result to any gain or loss.

The Group sold real estate receivables on a without recourse basis to partner mortgage banks, which include BPI Family Savings Bank, a related party, totaling to ₱9,976 in 2019. These were sold at discount with total proceeds of ₱9,281 million. The Group recognized loss on sale, under "Other Charges" amounting to ₱775 million in 2019. No sale of receivables was made in 1Q 2020.

As of March 31, 2020, (unaudited) aging analysis of past due but not impaired trade receivables presented per class, follow:

			P	ast Due but	not impair	ed			
March 31, 2020 (in millions)	Neither Past Due nor Impaired	<30 days	30-60 days	61-90 days	91-120 days	>120 days	Total	Individually Impaired	/ Total
Trade	₱105,281	₽6,655	₽1,751	₱1,463	₽1,277	₽4,840	₱15,986	₱616	₱121,883
Residential	92,615	6,052	1,153	1,233	1,022	3,620	13,080	-	105,695
Corporate business	3,141	192	79	28	50	267	616	116	3,873
Shopping centers	3,057	351	333	141	163	658	1,646	399	5,102
Construction contracts	1,437	30	115	34	9	120	308	38	1,783
Management Fees	61	11	41	21	-	33	106	36	203
Others	4,970	19	30	6	33	142	230	27	5,227
Advances to other companies	11,256	800	64	-	249	5,858	6,971	-	18,227
Accrued Receivables	3,525	241	14	211	167	783	1,416	-	4,941
Related Parties	3,670	513	364	163	124	415	1,579	-	5,249
Receivables from employees	852	22	1	2	4	57	86	-	938
Total	₱124,584	₽8,231	₱2,194	₱1,839	₽1,821	₱11,953	₱26,038	₱616	₱151,238

8. Inventories

Property acquired or being constructed for sale in the ordinary course of business, rather than to be held for rental or capital appreciation, is held as inventory and is measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV).

NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business based on market prices at the reporting date less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs of sale.

9. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	As of	As of
(in thousand pesos)	Mar 31, 2020	Dec 31, 2019
Value-added input tax	P14,942,313	₽14,515,697
Prepaid expenses	17,459,311	14,355,646
Advances to contractors	12,786,491	13,217,858
Creditable withholding taxes	5,292,075	4,710,840
Materials, parts and supplies – at cost	616,191	999,883
Others	1,318,807	791,708
Total	₽ 52,415,189	₽48,591,632

Value-added input tax is applied against value-added output tax. The remaining balance is recoverable in future periods.

Prepaid expenses consist of prepayments for commissions, marketing fees, advertising and promotions, taxes and licenses, rentals and insurance.

Advances to contractors represents prepayments for the construction of inventories.

Creditable withholding taxes are applied against income tax payable.

Materials, parts and supplies pertain to inventories to be used in the construction and maintenance of projects.

Others include deferred charges and letters of credit. Deferred charges pertain to project-related costs already paid but not yet consumed in the actual construction activities.

10. Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures

Details of the group's investments in associates and joint ventures and the related percentages of ownership are shown below:

	Percentage of	Percentage of Ownership		ving Amounts
	As of	As of	As of	As of
	Mar 31	Dec 31	Mar 31	Dec 31
(in thousand pesos)	2020	2019	2020	2019
Joint Ventures:				
Emerging City Holdings, Inc. (ECHI)	50%	50%	4,154,938	4,075,620
Berkshires Holdings, Inc. (BHI)	50%	50%	2,036,719	2,002,726
Cebu District Property Enterprise, Inc. (CDPEI)	35%	35%	1,437,892	1,443,220
Alveo-Federal Land Communities, Inc.	50%	50%	920,497	904,452
ALI-ETON Property Development Corporation	50%	50%	3,296,722	3,294,858
AyaGold Retailers, Inc. (AyaGold)	50%	50%	159,717	160,429
BYMCW, Inc.	31%	31%	55,500	55,500
SIAL Specialty Retailers, Inc. (SIAL Specialty)	50%	50%	31,744	31,744
AKL Properties, Inc.	50%	50%	2,272,393	2,274,254
			14,366,122	14,242,803
Associates:				
Ortigas Land Corporation (OLC)				
Bonifacio Land Corp. (BLC)	21%	21%	8,667,451	8,540,155
Rize-Ayalaland (Kingsway) GP, Inc. (Rize-Ayalaland)	10%	10%	1,510,256	1,479,284
Tianjin Eco-City Ayala Land Development Co., Ltd				
(Tianjin Eco-City)	49%	49%	448,613	448,613
Mercado General Hospital, Inc. (MGHI)	40%	40%	477,899	474,486
Lagoon Development Corporation	40%	40%	70,823	96,551
	30%	30%	39,921	35,689
Total			25,581,085	25,317,581

Financial information of the associates with material interest:

Ortigas Land Corporation (OLC) Formerly OCLP Holdings, Inc. (OHI)

OLC owns 99.5% interest in Ortigas & Company Limited Partners (OCLP), an entity engaged in real estate development and leasing businesses. In 2016, ALI acquired a 21.1% stake in OLC consistent with its thrust of expanding its operations to other areas within and outside of Metro Manila through partnerships. The acquisition was made possible via the purchase of shares from existing OLC shareholders and this was recorded under "Investments in associates and joint ventures" account.

Below is the summarized financial information for OLC:

(in thousand pesos)	As of	As of
Ortigas Land Corporation	Mar 31, 2020	Dec 31, 2019
Current assets	19,158,647	20,459,694
Noncurrent assets	21,411,141	19,563,645
Current liabilities	13,913,553	13,360,788
Noncurrent liabilities	16,711,348	17,374,206
Equity	9,944,888	9,288,344
Proportion of Group's ownership	21.0%	21.0%
Group's share in identifiable net assets	2,088,426	1,950,552
Carrying amount of the investment	8,667,451	8,540,155
Fair value adjustments	6,579,024	6,589,603
Negative Goodwill	=	-
Dividends received	=	-
Revenue	3,478,540	12,214,233
Cost and expenses	(2,828,287)	(9,877,006)
Net income (continuing operations)	650,254	2,337,227
Group's share in net income for the year	136,553	490,818
Total comprehensive income	650,254	2,337,227
Group's share in total comprehensive income for the year	136,553	490,818

Bonifacio Land Corporation (BLC)

The Group has 10% interest in BLC, which is involved in the purchase, subscription or otherwise disposal of real and personal properties. Bonifacio Land Corp. is a private company incorporated on October 20, 1994 and there is no quoted market price available for its shares. Its registered office and principal place of business is Taguig, Philippines.

Below is the summarized financial information of BLC:

(in thousand pesos)	As of	As of
Bonifacio Land Corporation	Mar 31, 2020	Dec 31, 2019
Current assets	11,098,615	10,996,893
Noncurrent assets	32,851,436	32,437,784
Current liabilities	2,885,795	3,066,467
Noncurrent liabilities	7,175,489	7,175,865
Equity	33,888,768	33,192,345
Less: noncontrolling interest	15,207,312	14,896,099
Equity attributable to Parent Company	18,681,457	18,296,246
Proportion of Group's ownership	10.1%	10.1%
Group's share in identifiable net assets	1,886,827	1,847,921
Carrying amount of the investment	1,510,256	1,479,284
Negative Goodwill	376,571	368,737
Dividends received	-	80,836

Revenue	1,328,055	5,790,288
Cost and expenses	(724,827)	(3,150,446)
Net income (continuing operations)	603,228	2,639,842
Net income attributable to minority interest	(280,519)	(1,242,515)
Net income attributable to parent	322,709	1,397,327
Group's share in net income for the year	32,594	141,130
Total comprehensive income attributable to parent	322,709	1,397,327
Group's share in total comprehensive income for the year	32,594	141,130

Aggregate financial information on associates with immaterial interest:

Rize-Ayalaland, Tianjin Eco-City, LDC, MGHI and others

(in thousand pesos) Rize-Ayalaland, Tianjin Eco-City, LDC, MGHI, others	As of Mar 31, 2020	As of Dec 31, 2019
Carrying amount	1,037,257	1,055,339
Share in net income (loss) from continuing operations	(18,082)	(216,534)
Share in total comprehensive income (loss)	(18,082)	(216,534)

Emerging City Holdings, Inc. (ECHI)

The Group has 50% interest in ECHI, which serves as The Group's corporate vehicle in the acquisition of a controlling stake in Bonifacio Land Corp./ Fort Bonifacio Development Corp. (FBDC) through Columbus Holdings, Inc. in 2003. FBDC continues to sell commercial lots and condominium units and leases out retail and office spaces in Bonifacio Global City. Below is the summarized financial information of ECHI:

(in thousand pesos)	As of	As of
Emerging City Holdings, Inc.	Mar 31, 2020	Dec 31, 2019
Current assets	11,319,394	11,219,613
Noncurrent assets	32,851,616	32,437,964
Current liabilities	3,214,290	3,395,804
Noncurrent liabilities	7,175,489	7,175,865
Equity	33,781,231	33,085,909
Less: minority interest	24,759,863	24,244,695
Equity	9,021,368	8,841,213
Proportion of Group's ownership	50.0%	50.0%

Group's share in identifiable net assets	4,510,684	4,420,607
Carrying amount of the investment	4,154,938	4,075,620
Fair value adjustments	355,746	344,987
Dividends received	-	175,000

Revenue	1,328,348	5,795,508
Cost and expenses	(726,885)	(3,158,836)
Net income (continuing operations)	601,463	2,636,671
Net income attributable to minority interest	(435,945)	(1,916,480)
Net income attributable to parent	165,519	720,191
Group's share in net income for the year	82,759	360,096
Total comprehensive income attributable to parent	166,805	722,037
Group's share in total comprehensive income for the year	83,402	361,019

AKL Properties, Inc.

AKL Properties, Inc. is a 50:50 joint venture between Ayala Land, Inc. and Royal Asia Land, Inc., and is organized primarily for future mixed-use development in South Luzon area. Below is the summarized financial information for AKL:

(in thousand pesos) AKL Properties, Inc.	As of Mar 31, 2020	As of Dec 31, 2019
Current assets	789,527	803,666
Noncurrent assets	3,750,314	3,748,654
Current liabilities	1,102	8,811
Noncurrent liabilities	0	0
Equity	4,539,786	4,543,508
Proportion of Group's ownership	50.0%	50.0%
Group's share in identifiable net assets	2,269,893	2,271,754
Carrying amount of the investment	2,272,393	2,274,254
Fair value adjustments	2,500	2,500
Negative Goodwill	-	-
Dividends received	-	-
Revenue	149	336
Cost and expenses	(3,871)	(6,446)
Net income (continuing operations)	(3,722)	(6,110)
Group's share in net income for the year	(1,861)	(3,055)
Total comprehensive income attributable to parent	(3,722)	(6,110)
Group's share in total comprehensive income for the year	(1,861)	(3,055)

BHI, CDPEI, Alveo-Federal, ALI-Eton, SIAL Specialty, AyaGold and BYMCW, Inc

(in thousand pesos)	As of	As of
BHI, CDPEI, Alveo-Federal, ALI-Eton, SIAL Specialty,	Mar 31	Dec 31
AyaGold and BYMCW, Inc	2020	2019
Carrying amount	7,938,791	7,892,929
Share in net income (loss) from continuing operations	91,109	421,773
Share in total comprehensive income (loss)	91,109	421,773

11. Other noncurrent assets

This account consists of:

	As of	As of
(in thousand pesos)	Mar 31, 2020	Dec 31, 2019
Advances to contractors	₽9,834,796	₽13,664,137
Prepaid expenses	10,547,165	10,667,666
Leasehold rights	3,634,867	3,684,840
Deferred input VAT	985,014	1,676,155
Deposits - others	2,542,537	2,452,299
Investment in bonds	2,161,565	2,309,867
Net pension assets	53,575	74,332
Development rights	63,314	63,314
Others	243,643	287,867
Total	₽30,066,475	₽34,880,477

Advances to contractors represents prepayments for the construction of investment properties and property and equipment.

Prepaid expenses consist of project costs incurred for unlaunched projects of the Group, advance rental payments, noncurrent prepaid management fees, commissions and advertising and promotions.

Leasehold rights consist of the following:

- Through the acquisition of ALLHC, ALI acquired leasehold rights arising from their lease agreement with Philippine National Railways (PNR).
- TKPI's leasehold rights pertains to the right to use the property in Apulit Island located in Taytay, Palawan expiring on December 31, 2029.
- NTDCC's leasehold rights refer to development rights on an 8.3-hectare portion of the MRT Development Corporation, which is located on the North Triangle property, and enabled the Group to develop and construct a commercial center.

Movements during the period are as follows:

(in thousand pesos)	Mar 31, 2020	Dec 31, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	₽3,648,840	₽3,868,532
Amortization	(49,973)	(183,692)
Balance at the end of the period	₽3,634,867	₽3,684,840

Deferred input VAT pertains to unamortized VAT portion from purchases of capital goods

Deposits - others pertain to various utility deposits and security deposits for leases.

Development rights pertain to the saleable and non-saleable development rights acquired by the parent company. The non-saleable portion is allocated to the gross floor area of a structure in a particular lot that can be developed in the future. The development rights are capitalized as additional cost of the structure once the development commences.

Others pertain to prepayments for expenses that is amortized for more than one year.

12. Short-Term and Long-Term Debt

The short-term debt of the Company ended at P34,680 million and P18,033 million as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

In compliance with BSP rules on directors, officers, stockholders and related interests, certain shortterm and long-term debt with a carrying value of P19,107.4 million and P24,416.9 million as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 are secured by real estate mortgages dated September 2, 2014 and March 14, 2016 covering both land and building of the Greenbelt Mall. Peso-denominated short-term loans had a weighted average cost of 5.00% and 4.98% per annum for the first quarter period ending March 31, 2020 and for the year ending December 31, 2019, respectively.

(in thousand pesos)	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Company:		
Bonds:		
Due 2020	₽ 4,000,000	₽ 4,000,000
Due 2021	9,000,000	9,000,000
Due 2022	12,650,000	12,650,000
Due 2023	15,000,000	15,000,000
Due 2024	18,000,000	18,000,000
Due 2025	15,000,000	15,000,000
Due 2026	16,000,000	16,000,000
Due 2027	8,000,000	8,000,000
Due 2028	10,000,000	10,000,000
Due 2033	2,000,000	2,000,000
Fixed Rate Corporate Notes (FXCNs)	5,687,500	5,710,000
PHP-denominated long-term loan	46,274,759	41,885,094
USD-denominated long-term loan	6,335,000	6,329,375
	167,947,259	163,574,469
Subsidiaries:		
Bonds		
Due 2021	₽5,000,000	₽5,0000,000
Bank Loans – Philippine Peso	22,651,973	24,046,410
Bank Loans – Malaysian Ringgit	3,530	4,875
FXCNs	1,340,600	1,350,000
	28,996,103	30,401,285
	196,943,362	193,975,754
Less: Unamortized Transaction Costs	920,276	911,703
	196,023,086	193,064,051
Less: Current Portion	17,403,234	17,250,706
	178,619,852	175,813,345

Long-term debt consists of:

Philippine Peso 7-Year and 10-year Bonds due 2019 and 2022

In April 2012, the Parent Company issued a total of P15,000.0 million bonds, broken down into a P9,350.0 million bond due 2019 at a fixed rate equivalent to 5.6% p.a. and a P5,650.0 million bond due 2022 at a fixed rate equivalent to 6.0% p.a. PhilRatings assigned a PRS Aaa rating on the bonds indicating that it has the smallest degree of investment risk. Interest payments are protected by a large or by an exceptionally stable margin and principal is assured. While the various protective elements are likely to change, such changes as can be visualized are most unlikely to impair the fundamentally strong position of such issues. PRS Aaa is the highest credit rating possible on PhilRatings' rating scales for long-term issuances. The Parent Company fully paid the P9,350.0-million bond in April 2019.

Philippine Peso 5-year and 10-year and 6-month Bonds due 2024

In July 2013, the Parent Company issued a total of P15,000.0 million bonds due 2024 at a fixed rate equivalent to 5.0% p.a. Credit Rating and Investors Services Philippines, Inc. (CRISP) assigned a "AAA" on the bonds indicating that it has a minimal credit risk owing to the Company's capacity to repay

its debt obligations. AAA is the highest rating assigned by CRISP. In 2019, the Parent Company issued a total of P3,000.0 million bonds due 2024 at a fixed rate equivalent to 4.758% p.a. under its new shelf registration. PhilRatings assigned a PRS Aaa rating on the bonds.

Philippine Peso 7-Year and 20-year Bonds due 2020 and 2033

In October 2013, the Parent Company issued a total of P6,000.0 million bonds, broken down into a P4,000.0 million bond due 2020 at a fixed rate equivalent to 4.6% p.a. and a P2,000.0 million bond due 2033 at a fixed rate equivalent to 6.0% p.a. CRISP assigned a "AAA" rating on the bonds indicating that it has a minimal credit risk owing to the Parent Company's capacity to repay its debt obligations. AAA is the highest rating assigned by CRISP.

Philippine Peso 11-year Bonds due 2025

In April 2014, the Parent Company issued a total of P8,000.0 million bonds due 2025 at a fixed rate equivalent to 5.6% p.a. The Bonds were assigned an issue credit rating of PRS Aaa, with a Stable Outlook, by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 7.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2022

In April 2015, the Parent Company issued a total of P7,000.0 million bonds due 2022 at a fixed rate equivalent to 4.5% p.a. The Bonds were assigned an issue credit rating of PRS Aaa, with a Stable Outlook, by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 9-year and 6-month Bonds due 2025

In April 2016, the Parent Company issued a total of P7,000.0 million bonds due 2025 at a fixed rate equivalent to 4.75% p.a. The Bonds is the second tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series under the Parent Company's P50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered in the SEC. The Bonds were assigned an issue credit rating of PRS Aaa, with a Stable Outlook, by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 7-year and 10-year Bonds due 2026

In March 2016, the Parent Company issued a total of P8,000.0 million bonds due 2026 at a fixed rate equivalent to 4.85% p.a. The Bonds is the first tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series under the Parent Company's P50,000 million Debt Securities Program registered in the SEC. The Bonds were assigned an issue credit rating of PRS Aaa, with a Stable Outlook, by PhilRatings. In May 2019, the Parent Company issued an P8,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2026 at a rate equivalent to 6.369% p.a. The Bonds represent the first tranche of debt securities issued under the Parent Company's new P50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC, and listed on the PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 3-Year Homestarter Bond due 2019 and 7-year Bonds due 2023

In October 2016, the Parent Company issued a total of P10,000.0 million bonds, broken down into a P3,000.0 million Homestarter bond due 2019 at a fixed rate of 3.0% p.a. and a P7,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2023 at a rate equivalent to 3.8915% p.a. The Bonds represent the first tranche of Homestarter Bonds series and the third tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series issued under the Parent Company's P50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC, and listed in the PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings. In 2017, the Parent Company paid P9.1 million as an early down payment of the outstanding 3-Year Homestarter Bond. In 2018, the Parent Company paid P8.4 million as an early down payment of the outstanding 3-Year Homestarter Bond. The Parent Company fully paid the remaining Homestarter Bond on October 21 and December 23, 2019.

Philippine Peso 7-year and 3-month and 10-year Bonds due 2027

In May 2017, the Parent Company issued a P7,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2027 at a rate equivalent to 5.2624% p.a. The Bonds represent the fourth tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series issued under the Parent Company's P50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC, and listed in PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings. In November 2019, the Parent Company issued a P1,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2027 at a rate equivalent to 4.9899 % p.a. This was the third tranche of bonds issued under the new P50,000.0 million

shelf registration of the Parent Company. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 10-year Bonds due 2028

In April 2018, the Parent Company issued a P10,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2028 at a rate equivalent to 5.9203% p.a. and subject to repricing on 27 April 2023, the fifth anniversary of the Issue Date, at the higher of 5.9203% or the prevailing 5-year benchmark plus 75 bps. The Bonds represent the fifth tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series issued under the Parent Company's P50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC, and listed in the PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 5-year Bonds due 2023

In October 2018, the Parent Company issued a P8,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2023 at a rate equivalent to 7.0239% p.a. The Bonds represent the sixth and final tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series issued under the Parent Company's P50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC, and listed on the PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 2-year Bonds due 2021

In November 2019, the Parent Company issued a P9,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2021 at a rate equivalent to 4.2463% p.a. The Bonds form part of the third tranche of debt securities issued under the Parent Company's new P50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC, and listed on the PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 5-, 10-, 15-Year FXCN due on 2016, 2021 and 2026

In January 2011, the Parent Company issued P10,000.0 million FXCNs to various financial institutions and retail investors. The notes will mature on various dates up to 2026. The FXCNs bear fixed interest rates ranging from 5.6% to 7.5% p.a. depending on the term of the notes. The Company prepaid P1,950.0 million of notes due in 2016 on January 19, 2013. In 2014, the Parent Company paid P43.0 million for the matured portion of the Ioan. In January 2016, the Parent Company paid P3,750 million notes for the matured portion of the Ioan. In 2017, the Parent Company paid P43.0 million for the matured portion of the Ioan. In 2017, the Parent Company paid P43.0 million for the matured portion of the Ioan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid P10.0 million for the matured portion of the Ioan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid P10.0 million for the matured portion of the Ioan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid P10.0 million for the matured portion of the Ioan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid P10.0 million for the matured portion of the Ioan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid P10.0 million for the matured portion of the Ioan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid P10.0 million for the matured portion of the Ioan. In 2019, and 2018, the remaining balance of the FXCN amounted to P960.0 million and P970.0 million, respectively.

Philippine Peso 10-year Note due 2023

In December 2012, the Parent Company executed a P5,000.0 million committed Corporate Note facility with a local bank, of which an initial P3,500.0 million was drawn in 2012. The balance of P1,500.0 million was subsequently drawn in January 2013. Notes currently bear a fixed interest rate of 4.5%. The Corporate Notes will mature on the third month succeeding the tenth anniversary of the initial drawdown date. In 2015, P50.0 million was prepaid by the Company. In 2016, another P50.0 million worth of amortization was paid by the Parent Company. In 2017, the Parent Company paid another amortization in the amount of P50.0 million. In 2018, another P50.0 million worth of amortization was paid by the Parent Company paid another amortization in the amount of P50.0 million. In 2018, another amortization in the amount of P50.0 million and P4,800.0 million, respectively.

Peso-denominated Long-term Loans

In March and April 2019, the Company executed and drew in two tranches a P13,000.0 million longterm facility. The loan which was drawn at P6,500.0 each, carries a fixed interest rate of 6.2720% and 6.3070%, respectively.

In March 2018, the Company executed and drew in one lump sum a P5,000.0 million long-term facility. The loan has a fixed interest rate of 6.9062% for 10 years inclusive of Gross Receipt Tax (GRT).

In March 2017, the Company executed a P10,000.0 million long-term facility and had an initial drawdown of P5,000.0 billion. The loan has a fixed interest rate of 4.949% for 10 years inclusive of GRT. The balance of P5,000.0 billion was drawn in April 2017.

In August to September 2015, the Company assumed an aggregate of P15,442.3 million various longterm facilities of some Subsidiaries from various banks. The loans bear fixed interest rates ranging from 4.5% to 4.725% p.a. and terms ranging from 4.4 years to 10.5 years. In March 2016, the Company additionally assumed from ALI Makati Hotel Property, Inc. US\$30.0 million in long-term loans from the Bank of the Philippine Islands. The loan carried a floating interest rate based on a credit spread over the three-month US Dollar London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) and is repriceable quarterly. The loan was prepaid in December 2018.

As of March 31, 2020, and December 31, 2019, remaining aggregate balance of the Peso-denominated long-term loans amounted to P46,079.5 million and P41,885.1 million, respectively.

US Dollar-denominated Long-term Loans

In November 2019, the Parent Company executed and had simultaneously drawn a US\$125.0 million long-term facility. The loan bears a floating interest rate based on a credit spread over the three-month US Dollar London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), repriceable quarterly. The proceeds were on lent to MCT to refinance its existing loans. The loan will mature on the fifth anniversary of the initial drawdown date.

As of March 31, 2020, and December 31, 2019, the remaining aggregate balance of US Dollar denominated long term loans amounted to P6,335.0 million and P6,329.4 million, respectively.

Subsidiaries

The subsidiaries' loans will mature on various dates up to 2028. Peso-denominated loans bear various floating interest rates at 50 bps to 80 bps spread over the benchmark 90-day PDST-R2/PHP BVAL Reference Rates or and fixed interest rates ranging from 3.55000% to 5.32% p.a. Certain loans which are subject to floating interest rates are subject to floor floating interest rates equivalent to (i) 95.0% or at par of the Overnight Reverse Repurchase Agreement Rate of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP Overnight Rate) or (ii) the BSP Overnight Rate plus a spread of 20 bps to 75 bps p.a or (iii) the average of the BSP Overnight Deposit Rate and Term Deposit Facility Rate with a term closed to the 90-day interest period. The total outstanding balance of the subsidiaries' loans as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 amounted to P28,981.7 million and P25,401.3 million, respectively.

Philippine Peso 5.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2021

In September 2014, Cebu Holdings, Inc. issued a total of P5,000.0 million bonds due 2021 at a fixed rate equivalent to 5.32% p.a. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa by PhilRatings, indicating that obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is extremely strong.

The loan agreements contain some or all of the following restrictions: material changes in nature of business; maintenance of debt-to-equity ratio; payment of dividends and additional loans maturing beyond a year which will result in a violation of the required debt-to-equity ratios; merger or consolidation where the Company/subsidiary is not the surviving corporation; guarantees or advances; encumbrance for borrowed money; and sale of substantially all assets. These restrictions and requirements were complied with by the Group as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

13. Accounts and Other Payables

The accounts and other payables as of March 31, 2020 is broken down as follows:

Accounts and other payables (in million pesos)	As of March 31, 2020	As of December 31, 2019
Accounts payable	₽70,734	₱84,660
Taxes payable	23,005	22,488
Accrued project costs	16,842	18,269
Liability for purchased land	11,392	9,937
Accrued salaries & employee benefits	5,649	5,792
Retention payable	4,741	4,094
Accrued professional & management fees	4,667	3,837
Accrued repairs and maintenance	2,988	1,903
Interest payable	2,186	2,156
Accrued utilities	1,471	2,335
Accrued advertising and promotions	1,268	1,318
Accrued rentals	1,090	1,082
Payable to related parties	881	1,034
Dividends payable	764	632
Other accrued expenses	2,544	3,441
Total	₱150,222	₱162,979

14. Deposits and other current liabilities

This account consists of:

2020	Dec 31, 2019
,102	₱25,129,315
,942	343,266
,044	₱25,472,581
<u> </u>	77,044

Security deposits are equivalent to three (3) to six (6) months' rent of tenants with cancellable lease contracts and whose lease term will end in the succeeding year. This will be refunded to the lessees at the end of the lease term or be applied to the last months' rentals on the related contracts.

Customers' deposits consist of collections from real estate customers which have not reached the 10% threshold to qualify for revenue recognition.

Other current liabilities mostly pertain to estimated liability on property development and unearned income.

15. Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities

This consists of:

(in thousand pesos)	Mar 31, 2020	Dec 31, 2019
Deposits and contractors payable	₱40,859,383	₱29,051,778
Liability for purchased land	2,178,725	5,341,766
Retentions payable	6,576,042	6,752,120
Deferred Output VAT	1,590,921	1,721,402
Subscriptions payable	498,116	498,175
Others liabilities	378,417	638,395
Total	₱52,081,604	₱44,003,636

Deposits include security deposits from tenants of retail and office spaces and deferred credits arising from sale of real estate properties. Security deposits are equivalent to three (3) to six (6) months' rent of long-term tenants with non-cancellable leases. This will be refunded to the lessees at the end of the lease term or be applied to the last months' rentals on the related contracts. Deferred credits pertain to advances from buyers of real estate properties to cover various processing fees including, but not

limited to, fees related to transfer of title such as registration fees, documentary taxes and transfer taxes. Payments made by the Group for the processing of title are charged to this account.

Contractors payable represents estimated liability on property development.

Retentions payable pertains to the amount withheld by the Group on contractor's billings to be released after the guarantee period, usually one (1) year after the completion of the project or upon demand. The retention serves as a security from the contractor should there be defects in the project.

Liability for purchased land pertains to the portion of unpaid unsubdivided land acquired during the year. These are normally payable in quarterly or annual installment payments within three (3) or five (5) years.

DRP obligation pertains to the liability arising from the assignment agreement between NTDCC and MRTDC of the latter's development rights (see Note 36). In consideration of the lease, the Company will be charged an annual rent related to the original DRP obligation on the MRTDC and 5% of the rental income from the Company's commercial center business.

The Group's subscription payable pertains to ALLHC's investment in Cyber Bay.

Other liabilities include nontrade payables, accrued payables and warranty payables.

16. Equity

Treasury Shares

On February 28, March 11, March 12, and March 16, 2020, Ayala Land, Inc. purchased a total of 4,412,000 common shares at an average price of P35.67/share for a total consideration of P156.4 million, pursuant to its share buyback program.

On February 21, 2020, the Board of Directors of Ayala Land, Inc. at its regular meeting approved the increase of an additional P25 billion to the Company's current share buyback program bringing the available balance to P26.1 billion. The program will be implemented through open market purchases executed via the trading facilities of the Philippine Stock Exchange.

On March 5, 2019, pursuant to its share buyback program as disclosed last August 12, 2008, Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) purchased 10,372,746 common shares at a price of P43.20/share for a total consideration of P448.1 million. As a result of the transaction, total outstanding shares decreased to 14,724,508,335. On November 26, 2019, ALI also acquired a total of 15,000,000 of its common shares at P43.75/share for a total purchase price of P656.3 million.

Declaration of Cash Dividends

On February 20, 2020, the Board of Directors during its meeting approved the declaration of cash dividends of P0.268 per outstanding common share. The cash dividend was paid on March 20, 2020 to stockholders of common shares as of record date March 6, 2020.

On February 27, 2019, the Board of Directors during its meeting approved the declaration of cash dividends of P0.26 per outstanding common share. The cash dividend was paid on March 29, 2019 to stockholders of common shares as of record date March 13, 2019.

On May 24, 2019, the Board of Directors during its meeting approved the declaration of cash dividends of P0.00474786 per outstanding preferred share. The cash dividend was paid on June 21, 2019 to stockholders of preferred shares as of record date June 7, 2019.

On October 31, 2019, the Board of Directors during its meeting approved the declaration of cash dividends of P0.26 per outstanding common share. The second-half regular cash dividends, together with the first-half cash dividends is equivalent to an annual dividend payout ratio of 26% of prior years' earnings. The cash dividend will be paid on November 29, 2019 to stockholders of common shares as of record date November 15, 2019.

Employee Stock Ownership Plan

On February 27, 2019, the Board of Directors approved the grant to qualified executives, stock options pursuant to the company's Employee Stock Ownership Plan (the "Plan"), covering up to 14,430,750 common shares at a subscription price of P44.49 per share equivalent to the average closing price of ALI common shares at the Philippine Stock Exchange for 30 consecutive trading days ending February 26, 2019.

On April 30, 2019, 152 stock option grantees subscribed to 10,073,389 common shares at P44.49 per share and became effective on the same day. As a result of the subscription of the 152 stock option grantees, the number of ALI outstanding common shares increased to 14,734,581,724.

AyalaLand Logistics Holdings, Corp. formerly Prime Orion Philippines, Inc.

On February 4, 2019, The Executive Committee of Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) approved the purchase of a 20% equity interest owned by Mitsubishi Corporation in Laguna Technopark, Inc. (LTI), equivalent to 8,051 common shares, with a total value of P800 million. Subsequently, ALI will exchange the 20% equity interest in LTI for additional shares of stock in Prime Orion Philippines, Inc. (POPI), equivalent to 323,886,640 common shares, subject to conditions to be fulfilled by POPI.

On May 10, 2019, Prime Orion Philippines, Inc., changed its corporate name to Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. (ALLHC).

On June 10, 2019, ALI sold its 20% equity interest or 8,051 common shares in LTI to ALLHC for a consideration of P800 million.

On September 9, 2019, Orion Land, Inc. sold through a special block sale, 215,090,031 common shares of ALLHC to its affiliate, Avida Land Corporation for a total consideration of P628,062,891.00. On September 27, 2019, ALI acquired the 215,090,031 common shares of ALLHC from Avida Land Corp. through a special block sale at P2.92/share for a total consideration of P628,062,891.00. As a result of the transaction, ALI's effective ownership in ALLHC increased to 71.68%.

17. Business Combinations and Acquisition of Non-Controlling Interests

Acquisition of Non-Controlling Interest

AyalaLand Logistics Holdings, Corp. (ALLHC) formerly Prime Orion Philippines, Inc. (POPI) and Laguna Technopark, Inc. (LTI)

In January 2018, ALI purchased additional 202,774,547 shares of POPI from Genez Investment Corporation for P497.7 million increasing the Company's ownership to 67%.

In February 2017, ALI purchased additional 631,000 common shares of POPI from BPI Securities Corporation for P1.26 million. ALI's interest remains at 51% of the total POPI's outstanding capital stock.

In June 2017, Orion Land, Inc. (OLI), a subsidiary of POPI, acquired 512,480,671 common shares equivalent to 11.69% ownership at P2.45 share amounting to P1,255.58 million. The acquisition of

shares by OLI was treated as an acquisition of non-controlling interest resulting to a debit-to-equity reserves of P405.18 million.

On February 4, 2019, The Executive Committee of Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) approved the purchase of a 20% equity interest owned by Mitsubishi Corporation in Laguna Technopark, Inc. (LTI), equivalent to 8,051 common shares, with a total value of P800 million. Subsequently, ALI will exchange the 20% equity interest in LTI for additional shares of stock in Prime Orion Philippines, Inc. (POPI), equivalent to 323,886,640 common shares, subject to conditions to be fulfilled by POPI.

On May 10, 2019, Prime Orion Philippines, Inc., changed its corporate name to Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. (ALLHC).

On June 10, 2019, ALI sold its 20% equity interest or 8,051 common shares in LTI to ALLHC for a consideration of P800 million.

On September 9, 2019, Orion Land, Inc. sold through a special block sale, 215,090,031 common shares of ALLHC to its affiliate, Avida Land Corporation for a total consideration of P628,062,891.00. On September 27, 2019, ALI acquired the 215,090,031 common shares of ALLHC from Avida Land Corp. through a special block sale at P2.92/share for a total consideration of P628,062,891.00. As a result of the transaction, ALI's effective ownership in ALLHC increased to 71.68%.

Business Combination

MCT Bhd

On January 2, 2018, Ayala Land, Inc., (ALI) through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Regent Wise Investments Limited (RWIL), signed a share purchase agreement to acquire an additional 17.24% share in MCT Bhd (MCT), subject to completion of certain conditions.

On January 5, 2018, the transfer of shares was completed, increasing the Company's shareholding in MCT to 50.19% from 32.95%. RWIL also issued a notice of an unconditional mandatory take-over offer to the Board of Directors of MCT, to acquire all remaining shares of the company that are not already held by RWIL, following the completion of certain conditions to the share purchase agreement.

The mandatory take-over offer made in connection to the acquisition of additional shares in MCT closed as of 5:00 p.m. (Malaysian time) 19 February 2018. Owners of 295,277,682 shares accepted the offer, equivalent to 22.12% of MCT's total outstanding shares. As a result of the offer, ALI's shareholdings in MCT increased from 50.19% to 72.31%. Total consideration paid is P5.98 billion

On March 23, 2018, the Irredeemable Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock of Dato Sri Tong and Tan Sri Barry Go, founders of MCT, were converted into 122,218,357 MCT shares. This resulted in a 6.07% dilution of ALI's stake in MCT as of date of share issuance. As such, the current ownership stake of ALI in MCT is 66.25%.

Subsequently, the Group remeasured its previously held interest in MCT based on its acquisition-date fair value which resulted to a remeasurement loss of P1.79 billion.

The Group finalized the purchase price allocation of its acquisition of MCT through business combination in December 2018. The final purchase price allocation resulted in gain from bargain purchase of P1.85 billion.

The net gain of P60 million from the acquisition is presented under 'Other income' account in the consolidated statements of income.

The following are the fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities assumed.

ASSETS	in Php thousands
Cash	P1,078,224
Trade and other receivables	2,833,560
Inventories	13,620,873
Investment properties	5,712,635
Property, plant and equipment	4,599,423
Other noncurrent assets	69,222
Total Assets	P27,913,937
LIABILITIES	
Accounts and other payables	P5,506,336
Borrowings	2,752,114
Tax liabilities	128,551
Other payables	2,287,772
Total Liabilities	P10,674,773
Net Assets	17,239,175
Total net assets acquired to date	12,465,640
Carrying cost	(10,611,567)
Net negative goodwill	₽1,854,073

The fair value of the trade and other receivables approximate their carrying amounts since these are short-term in nature. None of the trade receivables have been impaired and it is expected that the full contractual amounts can be collected.

From January 8 to December 31, 2018, the Group's share in MCT's revenue and net income amounted to P7.6 billion and P1.3 billion.

18. Related Party Transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence which include affiliates.

Terms and Conditions of Transactions with Related Parties

In its regular conduct of business, the Group has entered into transactions with associates and other related parties principally consisting of advances and reimbursement of expenses, purchase and sale of real estate properties, construction contracts, development, management, underwriting, marketing, leasing and administrative service agreements.

Transactions with related parties are made at normal market prices. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. The Group does not provide any allowance relating to receivable from related parties. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related parties and the markets in which the related parties operate.

The following provide the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related party for the relevant financial year:

a. Transactions with BPI, an associate of AC

As of March 31, 2020, and December 31, 2019, the Group maintains current and savings account, money market placements and short/long-term debt payable with BPI broken down as follows:

	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019 Audited	
(in million pesos)	Unaudited		
Cash in bank	₱6,531	₱3,942	
Cash equivalents	526	906	
Marketable Securities	78	80	
Short-term debt	6,532	9,399	
Long-term debt	15,544	14,315	

b. Outstanding balances from/to related parties

In million pesos	Receivables fro	Receivables from Related Parties		Payables to Related Parties	
	March 2020	December 2019	March 2020	December 2019	
Ayala Corp. & Other Related Parties					
Ayala Corporation	₱140	₱144	₱236	₱287	
Globe Telecom, Inc.	153	146	9	6	
Bank of the Philippine Islands	194	176	89	60	
Columbus	-	-	267	267	
Others	825	556	145	169	
	₱1,312	₽1,022	₱746	₽789	
ALI – Associates	· · · · ·				
AKL Properties	₱3	₽-	₽-	₽-	
ALI ETON Property Development Corp.	₱3,269	₱3,267	4	4	
Fort Bonifacio Development Corp.	358	1,515	2	2	
Alveo-Federal Land Communities, Inc.	1	155	-	-	
Cebu District Property Enterprise, Inc.	278	136	1	-	
Lagoon Development Corporation	3	10	21	26	
Bonifacio Land Corp.	1	1	103	213	
Berkshires Holdings Inc.	-	-	-	-	
Emerging City Holdings, Inc.	-	-	-	-	
Esta Galleria, Inc.	-	-	4	-	
Ortigas & Co. Ltd. Partnership	-	-	-	-	
Tianjin Eco City Ayala	24	24	-	-	
	₽3,937	₱5,108	₱135	₽245	
Total	₽5,249	₱6,130	₱881	₱1,034	

c. Revenues and expenses from/to related parties

	Revenues from Related Parties		Expenses to Related Parties	
In million pesos	March 2020	March 2019	March 2020	March 2019
Ayala Corp. & Other Related Parties				
Ayala Corporation	₽1	₽1	₽3	₽2
Bank of the Philippine Islands	108	93	-	20
Globe Telecom, Inc.	38	51	17	12
Manila Water Philippines Ventures, Inc.	70	43	38	20
Manila Water Company, Inc.	-	1	81	103
Innove Communications	2	2	16	17
Laguna AAA Waterworks Corp.	-	-	2	
Avala Group Counselors Corporation	-	-	12	66
BPI Family Savings Bank	-	-	-	12
HCX Technology Partners, Inc.	-	-	6	1
G-Exchange, Inc.	-	-	18	9
ISUZU Automotive Dealership, Inc.	-	-	1	
BPI MS Insurance Corp.	-	-	160	
Manila Water Total Solutions Corp	-	-	2	:
	₱219	₱191	₱356	₽39
ALI - Associates				
Fort Bonifacio Development Corp.	₱267	₱555	₱70	₱57
ALI ETON Property Development Corp.	115	124	-	
Alveo-Federal Land Communities, Inc.	63	41	11	
Lagoon Development Corporation	4	9	-	
Cebu District Property Enterprise, Inc.	3	7	-	
Esta Galleria, Inc.			8	
	₽452	₽736	₽89	₽57
Total	₱671	₽927	₱445	₽450

19. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investment, financial assets at FVPL, AFS quoted and unquoted equity securities, investments in bonds, bank loans, corporate notes and bonds. The financial debt instruments were issued primarily to raise financing for the Group's operations. The Group has various financial assets such as trade receivables and trade payables which arise directly from the conduct of its operations.

Exposure to liquidity, credit, interest rate, currency and equity risks arise in the normal course of the Group's business activities. The main objectives of the Group's financial risk management are as follows:

- to identify and monitor such risks on an ongoing basis;
- to minimize and mitigate such risks; and
- to provide a degree of certainty about costs.

The use of derivative financial instruments, if any, is solely for management of the Group's financial risk exposures. It is the Group's policy not to enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes.

The Group's financing and treasury function operates as a centralized service for managing financial risks and activities as well as providing optimum investment yield and cost-efficient funding for the Group.

There were no changes in the Group's financial risk management objectives and policies as of March 31, 2020.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined by the Group as the risk of losses arising from funding difficulties due to deterioration in market conditions and/or the financial position of the Group that make it difficult for the Group to raise the necessary funds or that forces the Group to raise funds at significantly higher interest rates than usual.

This is also the possibility of experiencing losses due to the inability to sell or convert marketable securities into cash immediately or in instances where conversion to cash is possible but at loss due to wider than normal bid-offer spreads.

The Group employs scenario analysis and contingency planning to actively manage its liquidity position and guarantee that all operating, investing and financing needs are met. The Group has come up with a three-layered approach to liquidity through the prudent management of sufficient cash and cash equivalents, the potential sale of accounts receivables and the maintenance of short-term revolving credit facilities.

Cash and cash equivalents are maintained at a level that will enable it to fund its general and administrative expenses as well as to have additional funds as buffer for any opportunities or emergencies that may arise. Management develops viable funding alternatives through a continuous program for the sale of its receivables and ensures the availability of ample unused short-term revolving credit facilities from both local and foreign banks as back-up liquidity.

The Group ascertains that its cash is invested in short-term bank placements and special deposit accounts, as well as in high-quality and marketable government and corporate securities.

Credit risk

The Group's credit risks are primarily attributable to installments receivable, rental receivables and other financial assets. To manage credit risks, the Group maintains defined credit policies and monitors its exposure to credit risks on a continuous basis.

In respect of installments receivable from the sale of properties, credit risk is managed primarily through credit reviews and an analysis of receivables on a continuous basis. The Group also undertakes supplemental credit review procedures for certain installment payment structures.

The Group's stringent customer requirements and policies in place contribute to lower customer default than its competitors. Customer payments are facilitated through various collection modes including the use of postdated checks and auto-debit arrangements. Exposure to bad debts is not significant as title to real estate properties are not transferred to the buyers until full payment has been made and the requirement for remedial procedures is minimal given the profile of buyers.

Credit risk arising from rental income from leasing properties is primarily managed through a tenant selection process. Prospective tenants are evaluated on the basis of payment track record and other credit information. In accordance with the provisions of the lease contracts, the lessees are required to deposit with the Group security deposits and advance rentals which helps reduce the Group's credit risk exposure in case of defaults by the tenants. For existing tenants, the Group has put in place a monitoring and follow-up system. Receivables are aged and analyzed on a continuous basis to minimize credit risk associated with these receivables. Regular meetings with tenants are also undertaken to provide opportunities for counseling and further assessment of paying capacity.

Other financial assets are comprised of cash and cash equivalents excluding cash on hand, short-term investments, financial assets at FVPL and AFS financial assets. The Group adheres to fixed limits and guidelines in its dealings with counterparty banks and its investment in financial instruments. Bank limits are established on the basis of an internal rating system that principally covers the areas of liquidity, capital adequacy and financial stability. The rating system likewise makes use of available international credit ratings. Given the high credit standing of its accredited counterparty banks, management does not expect any of these financial institutions to fail in meeting their obligations. Nevertheless, the Group closely monitors developments over counterparty banks and adjusts its exposure accordingly while adhering to pre-set limits.

Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk management policy centers on reducing the overall interest expense and exposure to changes in interest rates. Changes in market interest rates relate primarily to the Group's interest-bearing debt obligations with floating interest rate as it can cause a change in the amount of interest payments.

The Group manages its interest rate risk by leveraging on its premier credit rating and increasing the fixed interest component of its debt portfolio.

Foreign currency risk

Financial assets and credit facilities of the Group, as well as major contracts entered into for the purchase of raw materials, are mainly denominated in Philippine Peso. The Group's placements in foreign currencies is more than the amount of foreign currency-denominated debt.

Equity price risk

Quoted AFS financial assets are acquired at a certain price in the market. Such investment securities are subject to price risk due to changes in market values of instruments arising either from factors specific to individual instruments or their issuers or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market. Depending on several factors such as interest rate movements, country's economic performance,

political stability, domestic inflation rates, these prices change, reflecting how market participants view the developments.

Risks related to COVID-19

During the preparation of this report, the Philippines is experiencing the COVID-19 global pandemic. While this is not part of the 10 key risks identified, Ayala Land has acknowledged this as a prominent risk which will affect its business in 2020 with possible spillover effects to 2021. The Company, as early as January 2020, has monitored the situation in Wuhan, China and flagged the virus as a potential emerging risk. With the escalation of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Company mobilized the business units to revisit their respective business continuity plans (BCP) to mitigate the risk impact to operations. Ayala Land observes national and local government advisories and directives as well as the best practices conveyed by the World Health Organization (WHO) and the Philippine Department of Health (DOH). The Company strictly follows the guidelines set by the national and local government agencies to support its endeavor to stem the spread of the COVID-19 virus.

Pandemic events usually have a long gestation and pose a greater risk of exposing personnel and negatively impacting business operations. Each business unit reviewed loss scenarios under their BCPs such as:

- 1. Loss of premises or day-to-day workplace;
- 2. Loss of critical people; and
- 3. Loss of critical third-party service providers for an extended period of time

Learnings from this pandemic will be used to improve BCPs moving forward.

Fair Value Information

The following tables set forth the carrying values and estimated fair values of the Groups financial assets and liabilities recognized as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019. The methods and assumptions used by the Group is estimating the fair value of the financial instruments are as follows:

Cash & Cash equivalents, short term investments and current receivables, accounts and other payables, current payables and short-term debt- Carrying amounts approximate fair values due to relatively short-term maturities of these financial instruments.

Financial assets at FVPL- UITF - These are investments in fund. Fair value is based on the net asset value as of reporting dates.

Noncurrent accounts and notes receivables- The fair values of residential accounts and notes receivable from employees, are based on the discounted value of future cash flow using the applicable rates for similar types of instruments. The discount rates used ranged from 3.15% to 4.92% as of March 31, 2020 and 2.88% to 5.10% as of December 31, 2019.

AFS quoted equity securities- Fair values are based on the quoted prices published in markets.

AFS unquoted equity securities - These are carried at cost less allowance for impairment losses because fair values cannot be measured reliably due to lack of reliable estimates of future cash flows and discount rates necessary to calculate the fair value.

Liabilities - the fair value of noncurrent unquoted instruments (long term debt and deposits) are estimated using the discounted cash flow methodology using the Group's current incremental borrowing rates for similar borrowings with maturities consistent with those remaining for the liability being valued. The discount rates used ranged from 0.66% to 5.25% and 4.42% to 6.09% as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 respectively. The fair value of noncurrent unquoted debt instruments with floating rates as estimated using the discounted cash flow- last pricing method.

20. Fair Value Hierarchy

The group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of the financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1. Quoted (unadjusted prices) in actives markets for identical assets and liabilities

Level 2. Other techniques for which all inputs which have significant effect of the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3. Techniques which use inputs which have significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The company categorizes trade receivable, investment in bonds classified as loans and receivables, receivables from employees, long term debt and deposits and other noncurrent liabilities under level 3. The fair value of these financial instruments is determined by discounting future cash flows using the applicable rates of similar types of instruments plus a certain spread. This spread is the un-observable input and the effect of changes to this is that the higher spread, the lower the fair value.

There have been no reclassifications from level 1 to Level 2 categories in March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

		March 31, 2020	Dec	ember 31, 2019
(in millions)	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial Asset at FVPL	₱470	₱470	₱485	₱485
Financial Asset at FVOCI				
Unquoted equity securities	121	124	566	566
Quoted equity securities	1,401	1,436	963	963
Total	₱1,992	₱2,030	₱2,014	₽2,014
Loans and Receivables				
Trade residential and office development	₱120,418	₱121,041	₱116,574	₱116,574
Receivables from employees	938	938	901	901
Total	₱121,355	₱121,979	₱117,475	₱117,475
Other Financial Liabilities				
Long-term debt	₱196,023	₱196,396	₱193,064	₱196,619
Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities	21,271	21,271	42,282	36,226
Total	₽217,294	₽217,668	₱235,346	₱232,845

The following table provides the fair value hierarchy of the Group's financial assets which are measured at fair value as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

(in millions) March 31, 2020	Date of valuation	Total	Quoted prices in Active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant observable inputs (Level 3)
Financial assets at fair value			()	(()
through profit and loss					
Investment in Unit Investment Trust Fund	Mar 31, 2020	₱58	₽-	₱58	₽-
Investment in Arch Capital Fund	Mar 31, 2020	412	-	-	412
·		₱470	₽-	₱58	₱412
Financial assets at fair value					
through other comprehensive income					
Quoted	Mar 31, 2020	₱1,401	₱1,401	₽-	₽-
Unquoted	Mar 31, 2020	121	-	-	121
		1,522	1,401	-	121
Total		₱1,992	₽1,401	₽58	₽533

(in millions) December 31, 2019	Date of valuation	Total	Quoted prices in Active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant observable inputs (Level 3)
Financial assets at fair value					
through profit and loss					
Investment in Unit Investment Trust Fund	Dec 31, 2019	₱96	₽-	₱96	₽-
Investment in Arch Capital Fund	Dec 31, 2019	389	-	-	389
		₱485	₽-	₱96	₱389
Financial assets at fair value					
through other comprehensive income					
Quoted	Dec 31, 2019	₱963	₱963	₽-	₽-
Unquoted	Dec 31, 2019	566	-	-	566
		1,529	974	-	566
Total		₽2,014	₱963	₱96	₽955

A reconciliation of the beginning and closing balances of Level 3 financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are summarized below.

(in millions)	Mar 2020	December 2019
At the beginning of period	₱566	₱582
Additions	-	-
Disposals/redemptions	(445)	(16)
Recognized in statement of income	-	-
At end of the period	₱121	₱566

21. Statement of Cash Flows

Disclosed below is the roll forward of liabilities under financing activities:

				Non-Cash Chang	es	
(in millions)		Cash		FOREX	Fair value	
	2019	Flows	Acquisition	Movement	Changes	2020
Long-term debt-net of current portion	₱175,813	2,807	-	-	-	178,620
Current Portion of Long-term debt	17,251	153	-	-	-	17,403
Short-term debt	18,033	16,647	-	-	-	34,680
Dividends Payable	632	132	-	-	-	764
Deposits & Other noncurrent liabilities	39,899	(7,669)	-	-	-	32,230
Total liabilities from financing activities	₱251,628	12,069	-	-	-	₱263,697

22. Segment information

The industry segments where the Group and its associates and joint ventures operate are as follows:

- Property Development sale of high-end and upper middle-income residential lots and units, affordable housing units and lots, economic housing and leisure community developments; lease of residential developments under joint venture and the sale of office condominiums, and commercial and industrial lots
- International Business
 – operations of MCT Bhd, Ayala Land's consolidated subsidiary in Malaysia; also included under Property Development revenues in the Management's Discussion and Analysis Section
- Shopping Centers development of shopping centers and lease to third parties of retail space and land therein; operation of movie theaters, food courts, entertainment facilities and carparks in these shopping centers; management and operation of malls which are co-owned with partners

- Offices development and lease of office buildings and the development and lease of factory building
- Hotels and Resorts development and management of hotels and resorts, lease of land to hotel tenants
- Construction land development and construction of the Group and third-party projects
- Property management facilities management of the Group and third-party projects including its power service companies Direct Power Services, Inc. (DPSI), Ecozone Power Management, Inc. (EPMI), Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc. (PhilEnergy), and air transport company AirSWIFT which serves the requirements of ALI's resorts business.
- Others other income from investment activities and sale of noncore assets.

The Company and its subsidiaries generally account for inter-segment sales and transfers as if the sales and transfers were to third parties at current market prices.

							Property			
	Property	International	Shopping		Hotels and		Management		Intersegment	
YTD March 2020	Development	Business	Centers	Offices	Resorts	Construction	and Others	Corporate	Adjustment	Consolidated
(in million pesos)										
Revenues										
Sales to external customers	14,619	939	4,649	2,474	1,590	645	1,284	-	-	26,200
Intersegment sales	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity in net earnings of Investees	155	-	4	-	-	-	-	112	-	271
Total Revenues	14,774	939	4,653	2,474	1,590	645	1,284	112	-	26,471
Operating Expenses	10,880	764	2,636	1,118	1,439	(112)	1,260	142	-	18,127
Operating Profit	3,894	175	2,017	1,356	151	757	24	(30)	-	8,344
Interest income	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,824
Interest expense	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,234)
Other income (expense)	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	108
Other charges	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(159)
Provision for income tax	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,843)
Net Income	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,040
Net Income attributable to:										
Equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,322
Minority interests	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	718
										5,040
Other information										
Segment assets	532,330	22,215	208,330	110,224	83,659	53,635	6,876	68,907	(406,292)	679,884
Investment in associates and jointly										
controlled entities	25,223	-	40	-	-	56	191	71	-	25,581
Deferred tax assets	1,794	-	877	173	360	83	60	866	7,000	11,213
Total assets	559,347	22,215	209,247	110,397	84,019	53,774	7,127	69,844	(399,292)	716,678
Segment liabilities	220,106	11,327	138,761	61,764	69,505	43,889	3,285	60,126	(141,662)	467,101
Deferred tax liabilities	1,959	-	195	102	9	-	-	24	4,371	6,660
Total liabilities	222,065	11,327	138,956	61,866	69,514	43,889	3,285	60,150	(137,291)	473,761
Segment additions to										
Property & Equipment	39	-	52	2	566	179	36	1	-	875
Investment properties	2,652	-	3,765	134	247	72	-	-	-	6,870
Depreciation and amortization	132	-	898	412	304	260	44	310	-	2,360

							Property			
	Property	International	Shopping		Hotels and		Management		Intersegment	
YTD March 2019	Development	Business	Centers	Offices	Resorts	Construction	and Others	Corporate	Adjustmemt	Consolidated
(in million pesos)										
Revenues										
Sales to external customers	24,951	1,116	5,097	2,151	1,914	792	1,416	-		37,437
Intersegment sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity in net earnings of Investees	150	-	3	-	-	-	-	111	-	264
Total Revenues	25,101	1,116	5,100	2,151	1,914	792	1,416	111	-	37,701
Operating Expenses	18,819	780	2,189	663	1,431	246	1,339	13	-	25,480
Operating Profit	6,282	336	2,911	1,488	483	546	77	98	-	12,221
Interest income	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	1,890
Interest expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,605)
Other income (expense)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89
Other charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(382)
Provision for income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,916)
Net Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,297
Net Income attributable to:										
Equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,322
Minority interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	975
										8,297
Other information										
Segment assets	480,405	22,418	171,562	96,269	58,141	52,523	6,508	88,812	(358,807)	617,831
Investment in associates and jointly										
controlled entities	21,941	-	41	-	-	55	188	1,306	-	23,531
Deferred tax assets	3,056	-	348	111	359	61	44	2,681	6,394	13,054
Total assets	505,402	22,418	171,951	96,380	58,500	52,639	6,740	92,799	(352,413)	654,416
Segment liabilities	238,901	10,663	101,502	47,269	43,826	44,379	3,168	58,892	(124,236)	424,364
Deferred tax liabilities	1,734	-	279	59	-	4	8	16	3,903	6,003
Total liabilities	240,635	10,663	101,781	47,328	43,826	44,383	3,176	58,908	(120,333)	430,368
Segment additions to										
Property & Equipment	130	-	151	7	1,389	72	12	23	-	1,784
Investment properties	9,163	700	6,691	398	438	78	-	-	-	17,468
Depreciation and amortization	71	20	816	464	224	363	41	25	-	2,024

23. Long-term Commitments and Contingencies

Contingencies

The Group has various contingent liabilities arising in the ordinary conduct of business including a case related to property restriction violation. The estimate of the probable cost for the resolution of this claim has been developed in consultation with outside counsel handling the defense in this matter and is based upon an analysis of potential results. In the opinion of management and its legal counsel the eventual liability under these lawsuits or claims, if any, will not have a material or adverse effect on the Group's financial position and results of operations. Accordingly, no provision for any liability has been made in the consolidated financial statements.

Disclosures required by PAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, were not provided as it may prejudice the Group's position in ongoing claims and it can jeopardize the outcome of the claims and contingencies.

24. Events after the Reporting Date

Results of the 2020 Annual Stockholders' Meeting and Organizational Board Meeting

On April 22, 2020, during its Annual Stockholders' Meeting, stockholders approved the following matters:

- 1. Minutes of the 2019 Annual Stockholders' Meeting
- 2. 2019 Annual Report and the consolidated 2019 Audited Financial Statements
- 3. Ratification of the acts and resolutions of the Board of Directors and Management during the preceding year
- 4. Election of Directors
- 5. Election of SGV & Co. as external auditor

At its Organizational Board Meeting held immediately after the ASM, the Board of Directors approved the following:

- 1. Election of Chairpersons and Members of the Board Committees
- 2. Designation of Ms. Rizalina G. Mantaring as Lead Independent Director
- 3. Appointment of Ms. Mercedita S. Nolledo and Mr. Delfin L. Lazaro as Independent Advisers to the Board
- 4. Election of Officers

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis on the Results of Operation and Financial Condition

Review of 1Q 2020 operations vs 1Q 2019

Ayala Land recorded consolidated revenues of P28.40 billion and net income of P4.32 billion, a 28% and 41% decline, from P39.68 billion and P7.32 billion, respectively, reflecting the impact of the COVID-19 Enhanced Community Quarantine (ECQ).

Real Estate revenues, composed of Property Development, Commercial Leasing, and Services revenues, registered at P26.20 billion, a 30% decline from P37.44 billion due to lower bookings, the impact of the Taal volcano eruption, halted construction activities, limited mall operations and the closure of resorts during the ECQ.

Capital expenditures amounted to P21.59 billion, the full year estimate is reduced to P69.82 billion from originally P110.00 billion.

Business Segments

The details of the individual performance of each business segment are discussed as follows:

Property Development. This includes the sale of residential lots and units, office spaces, and commercial and industrial lots, and operations of MCT Bhd, Ayala Land's consolidated subsidiary based in Malaysia. Revenues from Property Development contracted by 40% to P15.56 billion from P26.07 billion, mainly due to lower project bookings and the impact of the Taal volcano eruption, aggravated by lower incremental completion as construction activity halted.

Residential. Revenues from the sale of residential lots and units and MCT BHd's operations declined 42% to P12.12 billion from P20.88 billion.

AyalaLand Premier (ALP) posted revenues of P2.06 billion, 63% lower than P5.58 billion, due to lower bookings of The Suites Residences, Alcoves, Cerilo, and Courtyards Ph3 and lower incremental POC of West Gallery Place, East Gallery Place, and Garden Towers 2.

ALVEO recorded revenues of P2.74 billion, a decline of 45% from P4.98 billion owing to the completion of High Park Tower 1, lower incremental POC of High Park Tower 2 and Park Triangle Residences, and combined lower bookings and incremental POC of Orean Place Tower 1.

Avida meanwhile registered revenues of P4.71 billon, a 33% decrease from P7.00 billion, attributed to the combination of lower bookings and incremental POC of Avida Northdale Settings Alviera, The Montane, and Avida Towers Turf, and lower bookings of Avida Towers Intima T1 and Avida Towers One Union Place T3.

Amaia reached P1.51 billion in revenues, a 24% reduction from P2.00 billion relating to the lower bookings of Skies Cubao T2, Skies Shaw T1, and lower incremental POC of Steps Nuvali Parkway. **BellaVita** meanwhile recognized revenues of P165 million, 22% less than P211 million because of the lower bookings from projects in Cagayan de Oro and Iloilo.

The average gross profit (GP) margin of horizontal residential projects improved to 45% from 42%, lifted by higher selling prices from ALVEO's The Greenways, Ardia, and The Residences at Evo City Phase 2, and Avida's Southfield Settings Nuvali. Meanwhile, the average GP margin for vertical projects improved to 41% from 37% due to higher selling prices of Avida's Sola Tower 2, Turf Tower 2, and Asten Tower 3, and higher margins from ALVEO's High Park Tower 2 and Solinea Tower 4.

MCT Bhd recorded a contribution of P938.71 million, 16% lower than P1,116.31 million, due to lack of inventory from its Lakefront and Market Homes projects, and experienced booking cancellations during the period.

Office for Sale. Revenues from the sale of office units dropped by 68% to P921.68 million from P2.85 billion, attributed to the completion of Alveo Financial Tower and Stiles West, and the lower incremental completion of Park Triangle Corporate Plaza. The average GP margin improved slightly to 39% from 38% given the higher selling price of ALP's One Vertis Plaza.

Commercial and Industrial Lots. Revenues from the sale of commercial and industrial went up 8% to P2.52 billion from P2.34 billion as these are mainly from existing developments such as Arca South, Seagrove, and Laguna Technopark. The average GP margin substantially increased to 67% from 48%, due to higher selling prices of commercial lots sold in Arca South and Alviera.

Sales Reservations. It registered at P24.72 billion, 27% lower, recognizing the impact of the Taal Volcano eruption and the ECQ. Local and overseas Filipinos accounted for 85% of total sales with the balance of 15% accounted for by other nationalities. Sales from local Filipinos which comprise 69% amounted to P17.0 billion, 30% lower than the same period last year while sales from overseas Filipinos which represented 16%, amounted to P4.0 billion, a decline of only 3% year-on-year. Meanwhile, sales to other nationalities amounted to P3.7 billion, a 36% drop, primarily as mainland Chinese buyers, which comprise 41% at P1.5 billion, decreased by 49%.

Project Launches. In the first quarter of 2020, Ayala Land was able to launch four (4) projects with a total value of P4.98 billion. These are Avida Greendale Settings at Alviera in Pampanga, Amaia Steps The Junction Place Aria in Quezon City, Amaia Scapes Cabuyao Series 3 area 2, and Bellavita Alaminos 2, both in Laguna. For the rest of year, the company will not launch any new projects and will utilize the projects launched in 2019 as inventory for sale once the situation normalizes.

Commercial Leasing. This includes the operation of Shopping Centers, Office Buildings and Hotels and Resorts. Total revenues from commercial leasing declined 5% to 8.71 billion from P9.16 billion.

Shopping Centers. Revenues from shopping centers dropped 9% to P4.65 billion from P5.10 billion on the account of a limited operations. EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization) margin ended 7 percentage points lower to 59% from 66% due to lower mall revenues and occupancy of newly opened malls. The average occupancy rate for all malls is 88% and 93% for stable malls. Total Malls GLA stands at 2.12 million square meters.

Offices. Revenues from office leasing increased 15% to P2.47 billion from P2.15 billion given the sustained operations of BPO and HQ buildings. Office leasing EBITDA margin registered at 89%, a slight dip from 90%. The average occupancy rate for all offices is 94% and 96% for stable offices. Total office leasing GLA is at 1.17 million square meters.

Hotels and Resorts. Revenues from hotels and resorts ended 17% lower to P1.59 billion from P1.91 billion with the closure of resorts and lower average occupancy of hotels due to travel bans. As a result, the overall EBITDA margin of hotels and resorts declined 11 percentage points to 23% from 34%. The average occupancy for all hotels was 53% and 60% for stable hotels. Meanwhile, the average occupancy for all resorts stood at 54% and 53% for stable resorts. Occupancy has declined at the onset of the 2020 given the imposition of travels bans due to COVID-19. Hotels and resorts have a total of 3,979 room, with the addition of 274 new rooms; 143 from Seda Central Bloc, 78 from Seda Residences Ayala North Exchange and 53 from the expansion of Seda BGC.

The hotels and resorts business manages 660 hotel rooms in its international brand segment—312 from Fairmont Hotel and Raffles Residences and 348 from Holiday Inn & Suites, both of which are in the Ayala Center, Makati CBD.

There are now have 11 Seda Hotels, operating 2,641 rooms—Atria, Iloilo (152 rooms); BGC, Taguig (521); Centrio, Cagayan de Oro (150); Abreeza, Davao (186); Nuvali, Santa Rosa, Laguna (150); Vertis North, Quezon City (438); Capitol Central, Bacolod (154); Lio, Palawan (153); Ayala Center Cebu (301); Seda Residences Ayala North Exchange (293) and Seda Central Bloc (143); and Circuit Corporate Residences (255).

El Nido Resorts operates 193 rooms from its four island resorts—Pangulasian, Lagen, Miniloc, and Apulit. The Lio Tourism Estate currently has 152 rooms under its Bed and Breakfast (B&B) and Dormitel offerings, while the Sicogon Tourism Estate in Iloilo currently has 78 B&B rooms.

Services. This is composed mainly of the Company's construction business through Makati Development Corporation (MDC), property management, through Ayala Property Management Corporation (APMC), and other companies engaged in power services such as Direct Power Services, Inc. (DPSI), Ecozone Power Management, Inc. (EPMI), and Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc. (PhilEnergy) and airline for the hotels and resorts business, AirSWIFT. Total revenues amounted to P1.93 billion, 13% lower than P2.21 billion as construction activity halted since the start of the ECQ, coupled with the decreased passengers and flight cancellations of AirSWIFT due to the travel ban and the COVID-19 pandemic.

Construction. Net construction revenues totaled P644.57 million, 19% lower than P792.20 million.

Property Management and Others. APMC, power services companies and AirSWIFT registered revenues of P1.28 billion, 9% less than P1.42 billion.

Blended EBITDA margins of the Services segment slightly declined to 8% from 9%.

Equity in Net Earnings of Investees, Interest, Fees, Investment and Other Income

Equity in net earnings of associates and JVs totaled P271.68 million, 3% higher than P263.18 million as FBDC companies posted a 3% growth in revenues to P144.28 million from P135.59 million, due to higher leasing revenues from One Bonifacio High Street and ALVEO High Street South Corporate Plaza Retail.

Meanwhile, interest and investment income amounted to P1.82 billion, 4% lower than P1.89 billion, owing to lower balances and lower yields from short term investments.

Other income (composed mainly of marketing and management fees from joint ventures, among others) amounted to P108.22 million, 22% more than P88.61 million, driven mainly by higher management fees from FBDC companies which amounted to P46.96 million.

Expenses

Total expenses stood at P21.52 billion, 24% lower than P28.47 billion, on the account of real estate expenses which decreased by 32% to P16.03 billion from P23.49 billion as a result of limited operations.

General and administrative expenses totaled P2.10 billion, a 5% increase from P1.99 billion in overhead costs. This resulted to a GAE ratio of 7.4% and an EBIT margin of 31.8%.

Interest expense, financing and other charges totaled P3.39 billion, a 14% increase from P2.99 billion due to higher interest expense attributed to a higher loan balance. The average cost of debt registered at 5.0%, lower than 5.2% at the end of 2019. Of the total debt, 82% is locked-in with fixed rates, while 85% is contracted on a long-term basis.

Capital Expenditures

Capital expenditures reached P21.59 billion in the first quarter of 2020, mainly for residential developments, followed by commercial leasing assets. 45% was spent on residential projects, 23% on commercial projects, 14% for land acquisition, 14% for the development of estates and 4% for other purposes. The full year capex estimate was reduced to P69.82 billion from our original estimate of P110 billion.

Financial Condition

The Company's balance sheet is solidly positioned to ensure financial sustainability during the crisis.

Cash and cash equivalents, including short-term investments and UITF investments classified as FVPL, stood at P23.22 billion resulting in a current ratio of 1.37:1.

Total borrowings registered at P230.70 billion which translated to a debt-to-equity ratio of 0.95:1 and a net debt-to-equity ratio of 0.85:1.

Return on equity was at 8.21% as of March 31, 2020.

	End-March 2020	End-December 2019
Current ratio ¹	1.37:1	1.30:1
Debt-to-equity ratio ²	0.95:1	0.87:1
Net debt-to-equity ratio ³	0.85:1	0.78:1
Profitability Ratios:		
Return on assets ⁴	2.82%	5.43%
Return on equity ⁵	8.21%	16.66%
Asset to Equity ratio ⁶	2.95:1	2.94:1
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio 7	3.82	6.27

1 Current assets / current liabilities

2 Total debt/ consolidated stockholders' equity

3 Net debt/ consolidated stockholders' equity (Net debt is total debt less cash and cash equivalents, short term investments and financial assets through fvpl)

4 Annualized Net income / average total assets

5 Annualized Net income attributable to equity holders of ALI / average total stockholders' equity attributable to equity holders of ALI 6 Total Assets /Total stockholders' equity

7 EBITDA/Interest expense

There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligations that are material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created in 1Q 2020.

Causes for any material changes (+/- 5% or more) in the financial statements

Income Statement items - March 2020 versus March 2019

Real estate and hotel revenues lower by 30% as a result of lower sales bookings and lower construction completion from residential projects.

Other Income grew by 22% owing to higher management fee from FBDC.

Interest and other financing charges and other charges increased by 13% attributable to recognition of interest expense from Lease Liabilities and increase in interest expense from bank loans.

Provision for income tax decreased by 37% due to lower taxable income coming from real estate.

Balance Sheet items - March 2020 versus December 2019

Cash and cash equivalents increased by 6% owing to excess loan availments partially offset by payments for treasury shares and cash dividends, and lower customer collections.

Short-term investments up by 65% as a result of additional money market placements of RLC, partially offset by matured MMPs from MCT Bhd.

Other current assets higher by 8% mainly due to reclassification of advances to contractors & suppliers from noncurrent to current.

Other noncurrent assets decreased by 15% mainly due to recoupment of advances to suppliers and contractors from their progress billings.

Short-term debt grew by 92% as a result of additional loan availments for the three months period partially offset by loan repayments.

Account and other payables decreased by 7% mainly from payments to suppliers and contractors for the period.

Income tax payable increased by 25% due lower taxable income primarily from real estate.

Deposit and other current liabilities lower by 54% due to booking of reservation sales and income recognition from project completion.

Pension Liabilities up by 16% derived from remeasurement changes in net defined benefit liability.

Deposit and other noncurrent liabilities higher by 18% due increase of deferred credits from new sales bookings and security deposits from new tenants.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 3. Developments as of March 31, 2020

- A. New project or investments in None another line of business or corporation
- B. Composition of Board of Directors (as of March 31, 2020)

Fernando Zobel de Ayala

Bernard Vincent O. Dy

Rizalina G. Mantaring

Rex Ma. A. Mendoza**

Antonino T. Aquino

Delfin L. Lazaro*

Arturo G. Corpuz

Cesar V. Purisima

Sherisa P. Nuesa**

Jaime C. Lava*

Chairman

Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala Vice Chairman President & CEO Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Lead Independent Director Independent Director Independent Director Incoming Independent Director Incoming Independent Director

*Director until April 22, 2020 *Elected on April 22, 2020

- Please see unaudited consolidated financial statements and C. Performance of the corporation or result/progress of operations management's discussion on results of operations.
- D. Declaration of dividends
- E. Contracts of merger, consolidation or joint venture; contract of management, licensing, marketing, distributorship, technical assistance or similar agreements
- F. Offering of rights, granting of Stock Options and corresponding plans therefore

P0.268 cash dividend per outstanding common share

Declaration date: February 20, 2020 Record date: March 6, 2020 Payment date: March 20, 2020

Please refer to the discussion in the changes in group structure in 2020.

ALI has stock option plans for key officers (Executive Stock Option Plan - ESOP) and employees (Employee Stock Option Plan (ESOWN) covering 2.5% of the company's authorized capital stock. In 2005, the company introduced a revised ESOWN granted to qualified officers. As of March 31, 2020, stock options outstanding* are as follows:

ESOP None ESOWN 107,901,879 shares

*outstanding shares pertain to shares subscribed by officers and employees which are not yet fully paid and not yet issued

G.	Acquisition of additional mining claims or other capital assets or patents, formula, real estate	None
H.	Other information, material events or happenings that may have affected or may affect market price of security	None
I.	Transferring of assets, except in normal course of business	None
lte	m 4. Other Notes to 1Q 2020 Operation	ons and Financials
J.	Nature and amount of items affecting assets, liabilities, equity, or net income that are unusual because of their nature, size, or incidents	Please see Item 2: Management's Discussion on Results of Operations and Analysis.
K.	Nature and amount of changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior periods and their material effect in the current period	None
L.	New financing through loans / Issuances, repurchases, and repayments of debt and equity securities	Please see Notes to Financial Statements (note 10).
M.	Material events subsequent to the end of the interim period that have not been reflected in the financial statements for the interim period	 <u>Results of the 2020 Annual Stockholders' Meeting and Organizational Board Meeting</u> On April 22, 2020, during its Annual Stockholders' Meeting, stockholders approved the following matters: Minutes of the 2019 Annual Stockholders' Meeting 2019 Annual Report and the consolidated 2019 Audited Financial Statements Ratification of the acts and resolutions of the Board of Directors and Management during the preceding year Election of SGV & Co. as external auditor At its Organizational Board Meeting held immediately after the ASM, the Board of Directors and Members of the Board Committees Designation of Ms. Rizalina G. Mantaring as

- Lead Independent Director
 Appointment of Ms. Mercedita S. Nolledo and Mr. Delfin L. Lazaro as Independent Advisers to the Board
- 4. Election of Officers

None

- N. The effect of changes in the composition of the issuer during the interim period including business combinations, acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and longterm investments, restructurings, and discontinuing operations
- O. Changes in contingent liabilities or contingent assets since the last annual balance sheet date
- P. Other material events or transactions during the interim period

None

Clarification of UP Technohub Article

On January 21, 2020, Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) clarified news about the U.P.-Ayala Land Technohub development lease arrangement with the University of the Philippines (UP). UP will receive a total value of P171 per square meter, per month. This was derived from P4.23 billion in lease payments and a P6 billion investment for 16 commercial buildings, for a total amount of P10.23 billion, over the life of the 25-year contract. After 2033, UP as owner, will receive 100% of the buildings' rent. UP also continues to own the land which has appreciated in value since the start of the partnership.

AREIT, Inc. listing application

On February 7, 2020, Ayala Land, Inc.'s (ALI) Subsidiary, AREIT, Inc., filed its application for a REIT offering to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), following the release of the Revised Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) of Republic Act (RA) No. 9856, or the Real Estate Investment Trust Act of 2009 last January 20, 2020.

Results of the February 20, 2020 Board Meeting

On February 21, 2020, The Board of Directors of Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI), at its regular meeting approved the following items:

1. The declaration of cash dividends of P0.268 per outstanding common share. This reflects a 3% increase from the cash dividends declared in the first half of 2019 amounting to P0.26 per share. The cash dividends will be payable on 20 March 2020, to stockholders of common shares as of record date 6 March 2020.

2. The raising of up to P10 billion through the issuance of retail bonds to partially finance general corporate requirements and to refinance maturing loans. This is under the Company's current shelf registration program and will be listed on the Philippine Dealing and Exchange Corporation.

3. The increase of an additional P25 billion to the Company's current share buyback program bringing the available balance to P26.1 billion. The program will be implemented through open market purchases executed via the trading facilities of the Philippine Stock Exchange.

COVID-19 Measures

On March 16, 2020, in compliance with the notice of the Securities and Exchange Commission dated March 12, 2020, Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) disclosed to the public the measures it has undertaken to manage the risk of COVD-19.

It shared that it has an existing crisis management plan and primary operating measures established in the areas of: (1) Employee Health and Safety, (2) Public Health and Safety, and (3) Business Continuity.

- Q. Existence of material contingencies during the interim period; events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation
- R. Material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period
- S. Material commitments for capital expenditures, general purpose and expected sources of funds

- T. Known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have impact on sales/revenues/ income from continuing operations
- U. Significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from continuing operations

None

None

For the year 2020, Ayala Land revised its initial consolidated budget for project and capital expenditures from P110 billion to P69.8 billion, taking into consideration the current operating environment. Of the total amount, P21.6 billion has been disbursed as of March 31, 2020.

The Company will use the capital expenditure for the construction completion of launched residential projects and investment properties as well as land acquisition.

Ayala Land's performance will remain parallel to the country's overall economic standing. Interest rate fluctuations may likewise affect the real estate industry, including the Company.

None

- V. Causes for any material change/s from period to period, in one, or more line items of the financial statements
- W. Seasonal aspects that had material effect on the financial condition or results of operations

Please see Notes to Financial Statements (Item 2: Management's Discussion on Results of Operations and Analysis).

ALI's leasing portfolio generates a fairly stable stream of revenues throughout the year, with higher sales experienced in the fourth quarter of every year from shopping centers due to holiday spending.

The Company's development operations are dependent on Market conditions and the timing of project launches depending on several factors such as completion of plans and permits and appropriate timing in terms of market conditions and strategy. Development and construction work follow target completion dates committed at the time of project launch.

None.

X. Disclosures not made under SEC Form 17-C

Item 5. **Performance Indicators**

The table below sets forth the comparative performance indicators of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries:

	End-March 2020	End-December 2019
Current ratio ¹	1.37:1	1.30:1
Debt-to-equity ratio ²	0.95:1	0.87:1
Net debt-to-equity ratio ³	0.85:1	0.78:1
Profitability Ratios:		
Return on assets ⁴	2.82%	5.43%
Return on equity ^₅	8.21%	16.66%
Asset to Equity ratio 6	2.95:1	2.94:1
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio 7	3.82	6.27

1 Current assets / current liabilities 2 Total debt' consolidated stockholders' equity 3 Net debt' consolidated stockholders' equity (Net debt is total debt less cash and cash equivalents, short term investments and financial assets through fvpl) 4 Annualized Net income / average total assets 5 Annualized Net income attributable to equity holders of ALI / average total stockholders' equity attributable to equity holders of ALI 6 Total Assets /Total stockholders' equity 7 EBITDA/Interest expense

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the Issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Issuer: AYALA LAND, INC.

By:

AUGUSTO D. BENGZON Senior Vice-President CFO, Treasurer and Chief Compliance Officer

Date: May 11, 2020