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NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual meeting of stockholders of **AYALA LAND**, **INC**. will be conducted virtually through https://asm.ayala.com/ALI2020 and, if prevailing circumstances allow, at the Ballroom 2, Fairmont Makati, 1 Raffles Drive, Makati Avenue, Makati City, on **Wednesday**, **April 22**, **2020** at **9:00 o'clock in the morning** with the following

AGENDA²

- Call to Order
- Certification of Notice and Quorum
- 3. Approval of Minutes of Previous Meeting
- 4. Annual Report
- 5. Ratification of the Acts of the Board of Directors and Officers
- 6. Election of Directors (Including the Independent Directors)
- 7. Election of External Auditor and Fixing of its Remuneration
- 8. Consideration of Such Other Business as May Properly Come Before the Meeting
- 9. Adjournment

Only stockholders of record as of March 6, 2020 are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, this meeting.

Given the current circumstances, stockholders may only attend the meeting by remote communication, by voting *in absentia*, or by appointing the Chairman of the meeting as their proxy. The Company shall notify the stockholders if physical attendance will be allowed at the meeting by April 15, 2020 through a disclosure at the Philippine Stock Exchange or publication of a notice in the Manila Times.

Duly accomplished proxies shall be submitted on or before April 13, 2020 to the Office of the Corporate Secretary at 3/F Tower One and Exchange Plaza, Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue, Makati City or by email to corporatesecretary@ayalaland.com.ph. Validation of proxies is set for April 15, 2020 at 9:00 a.m.

Stockholders intending to participate by remote communication should notify the Corporation by email to corporatesecretary@ayalaland.com.ph on or before 13 April 2020.

¹ This supersedes the Notice of Stockholders' Meeting submitted to the Philippine Stock Exchange and the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 20, 2020.

² See next page for the explanation and rationale for each agenda item.

Stockholders may vote electronically in absentia, subject to validation procedures.

The procedures for participating in the meeting through remote communication and for casting of votes *in absentia* are set forth in the Information Statement.

Makati City, February 20, 2020.

SOLOMON M. HERMOSURA

Corporate Secretary and Group General Counsel

EXPLANATION AND RATIONALE OF AGENDA ITEMS

Call to Order

The Chairman will formally open the meeting at approximately 9:00 o' clock in the morning.

Certification of Notice and Quorum (and Rules of Conduct and Procedures)

The Corporate Secretary will certify that written notice for the meeting was duly sent to stockholders and that a quorum exists for the transaction of business.

Pursuant to Sections 57 and 23 of the Revised Corporation Code which allow voting *in absentia* by the stockholders, the Corporation has set up a designated online web address which may be accessed by the stockholders to register and vote *in absentia* on the matters presented for resolution at the meeting. A stockholder who votes *in absentia* as well as a stockholder participating by remote communication shall be deemed present for purposes of quorum.

The following are the rules of conduct and procedures for the meeting:

- (i) Stockholders may attend the meeting remotely through the online web address (URL) provided. Questions and comments may be sent prior to or during the meeting at corporatesecretary@ayalaland.com.ph and shall be limited to the items in the Agenda.
- (ii) In the event that physical attendance will be allowed at the meeting
 - a. Anyone who wishes to make a remark shall identify himself after being acknowledged by the Chairman and shall limit his remarks to the item in the Agenda under consideration;
 - b. Stockholders present at the meeting may opt for manual or electronic voting. For manual voting, each stockholder will be given, upon registration, a ballot where he can write his vote on every item in the Agenda or proposed resolution. For electronic voting, there will be computer stations near the registration table where stockholders may cast their votes electronically using a digital version of the ballot.
- (iii) Each of the proposed resolutions will be shown on the screen in the venue and during the livestreaming as the same is taken up at the meeting.
- (iv) Stockholders must notify the Company of their intention to participate in the meeting by remote communication to be included in determining quorum, together with the stockholders who voted *in absentia* and by proxy.
- (v) Voting shall only be allowed for stockholders registered in the Voting in Absentia and Shareholder (VIASH) System or through the Chairman of the meeting as proxy.
- (vi) Stockholders voting *in absentia*, who have previously registered through the online web address (URL) provided, may cast their votes electronically at any time using such online web address prior to or during the meeting.
- (vii) All items in the Agenda for the approval by the stockholders will need the affirmative vote of stockholders representing at least a majority of the issued and outstanding voting stock present at the meeting.
- (viii) Election of directors will be by plurality of votes and every stockholder will be entitled to cumulate his votes.
- (ix) The Inspectors of Proxies and Ballots Committee will tabulate all votes received and an independent third party will validate the results. The Corporate Secretary shall report the results of voting during the meeting.
- (x) The meeting proceedings shall be recorded in audio and video format.

Approval of Minutes of Previous Meeting

The minutes of the meeting held on April 24, 2019 are available at the Company website, <u>ir.ayalaland.com.ph</u> (https://ir.ayalaland.com.ph/wp-content/uploads/2019/04/ALI-Minutes-Annual-Stockholders-Mtg.-2019-24April2019.pdf). Copies of the minutes will also be distributed to the stockholders upon their registration for the meeting.

A resolution approving the minutes will be presented to the stockholders and approved by the vote of the stockholders representing at least a majority of the outstanding capital stock present at the meeting.

Annual Report

The Chairman will deliver the "Message From The Chairman", which provides the highlights of the performance of the Company for the year 2019 and the outlook of the Company for the year 2020 and beyond.

The President and Chief Executive Officer will deliver the "President's Report" which provides the significant operational and financial performance as well as the milestones and achievements of the Company for the year 2019. The report will also include significant events affecting the Company's performance for the year 2019.

The Company's annual report, titled the Integrated Report, will contain the "Message From The Chairman" and the "President's Report". The Integrated Report will be posted on the Company's website, <u>ir.ayalaland.com.ph.</u>

The Audited Financial Statements (AFS) as of December 31, 2019 will be presented to the stockholders for their approval. The AFS will be embodied in the Information Statement that may be accessed by the stockholders at the Company's website, <u>ir.ayalaland.com.ph.</u> and will also be set forth in the Integrated Report. The Audit Committee has recommended to the Board the approval of the AFS, and the Board has approved the AFS on February 20, 2020.

A resolution noting the report and approving the AFS will be presented to the stockholders for approval by the affirmative vote of the stockholders representing at least a majority of the outstanding capital stock present at the meeting.

Ratification of the Acts of the Board of Directors and Officers

The acts of the Board and its Committees were those adopted since the annual stockholders' meeting on April 24, 2019 until April 22, 2020. They include the approval of agreements, projects, investments, treasury-related matters and other matters covered by disclosures to the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Philippine Stock Exchange. The acts of the officers were those taken to implement the resolutions of the Board or its Committees or in the general conduct of business.

A resolution on this agenda item will be presented to the stockholders for approval by the vote of the stockholders representing at least a majority of the outstanding stock voting *in absentia* or voting through the Chairman of the meeting as proxy.

Election of Directors (Including the Independent Directors)

The Corporate Governance and Nomination Committee of the Board would have evaluated and determined that the nine (9) nominees for directors, including the nominees for independent directors, have all the qualifications and competence necessary for the effective performance of the Board's roles and responsibilities, and none of the disqualifications to serve as members of the Board.

The profiles of the candidates to the Board of Directors will be provided in the Information Statement.

Election of External Auditor and Fixing of its Remuneration

The Audit Committee of the Board will endorse to the stockholders the election of the external auditor for the ensuing year as well as its proposed remuneration. The external audit conducts an independent verification of the Company's financial statements and provides an objective assurance on the accuracy of its financial statements.

The profile of the external auditor will be provided in the Information Statement.

A resolution for the appointment of the external auditor and the fixing of its remuneration will be presented to the stockholders for adoption by the affirmative vote of stockholders representing a majority of the outstanding capital stock present at the meeting.

Consideration of Such Other Business as May Properly Come Before the Meeting

The Chairman will open the floor for comments and questions by the stockholders. Stockholders may raise other matters or issues that may be properly taken up at the meeting.

PROXY

The undersigned stockholder of **AYALA LAND**, **INC**. (the "Company") hereby appoints the Chairman of the meeting, as *attorney-in-fact* and *proxy*, to represent and vote all shares registered in his/her/its name at the annual meeting of stockholders of the Company on April 22, 2020 and at any of the adjournments thereof for the purpose of acting on the following matters:

1.	Approval of minutes of previous meeting For Against Abstain	5.	Election of SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. as the independent auditor and fixing of its remuneration For Against Rabstain
2.	Annual Report		☐ For ☐ Against ☐ Abstain
۷.	☐ For ☐ Against ☐ Abstain		
		6.	At his/her discretion, the proxy named
3.	Ratification of the acts of the Board of Directors and		above is authorized to vote upon such other matters as may properly come before the
٥.	Officers		meeting
	☐ For ☐ Against ☐ Abstain		☐ Yes ☐ No
4.	Election of Directors		
	No. of Votes		
	Fernando Zobel de Ayala		
	Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala		PRINTED NAME OF STOCKHOLDER
	Bernard Vincent O. Dy		
	Antonino T. Aquino		
	Arturo G. Corpuz		
	Independent Directors:		SIGNATURE OF STOCKHOLDER /
	Rizalina G. Mantaring		AUTHORIZED SIGNATORY
	Rex Ma. A. Mendoza		
	Sherisa P. Nuesa		
	Cesar V. Purisima		DATE

A SCANNED COPY OF THIS PROXY MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE CORPORATE SECRETARY AT <u>corporatesecretary@ayalaland.com.ph</u> ON OR BEFORE **APRIL 13, 2020**, THE DEADLINE FOR SUBMISSION OF PROXIES. FOR CORPORATE STOCKHOLDERS, PLEASE ATTACH TO THIS PROXY FORM THE SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE ON THE AUTHORITY OF THE SIGNATORY TO APPOINT THE PROXY AND SIGN THIS FORM.

THIS PROXY, WHEN PROPERLY EXECUTED, WILL BE VOTED IN THE MANNER AS DIRECTED HEREIN BY THE STOCKHOLDER(S). IF NO DIRECTION IS MADE, THIS PROXY WILL BE VOTED FOR THE ELECTION OF ALL NOMINEES AND FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE MATTERS STATED ABOVE AND FOR SUCH OTHER MATTERS AS MAY PROPERLY COME BEFORE THE MEETING IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THE INFORMATION STATEMENT AND/OR AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CHAIRMAN.

A STOCKHOLDER GIVING A PROXY HAS THE POWER TO REVOKE IT AT ANY TIME BEFORE THE RIGHT GRANTED IS EXERCISED. A PROXY IS ALSO CONSIDERED REVOKED IF THE STOCKHOLDER REGISTERS ON THE VOTING IN ABSENTIA & SHAREHOLDER (VIASH) SYSTEM.

NOTARIZATION OF THIS PROXY IS NOT REQUIRED.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 20-IS

INFORMATION STATEMENT OF AYALA LAND, INC. (the "Registrant", "Company" or "ALI") PURSUANT TO SECTION 20 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE

1.Check tl	ne appropriate box:
[] Preliminary Information Statement
[,	1 Definitive Information Statement

- 2. Name of Registrant as specified in its charter AYALA LAND, INC.
- 3.Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization **REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES**
- 4.SEC Identification Number 152747
- 5.BIR Tax Identification Code 000-153-790-000
- 6.Address of principal office 31st Floor, Tower One and Exchange Plaza Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue

Makati City 1226

- 7. Registrant's telephone number, including area code (632) 7908 3100
- 8.Date, time and place of the meeting of security holders

Date April 22, 2020 Time 9:00 am

Place Ballroom 2, Fairmont Makati

1 Raffles Drive, Makati Avenue, Makati City¹

Online web addresses/URLs (for participation by

remote communication) https://asm.ayala.com/ALI2020
(for voting in absentia) ayalagroupshareholders.com

 Approximate date on which the Information Statement is first to be sent or given to security holders

Date March 26, 2020

- 10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code or Sections 4 and 8 of the Revised Securities Act:
 - a. Shares of Stock as of January 31, 2020

Common Shares 14,734,962,101 Preferred Shares 13,066,494,759

b. Amount of Debt Outstanding as of January 31, 2020

P114,650,000,000.00

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¹ Please refer also to Item 20 of this DIS.

11. Are any or all of registrant's securities listed in a Stock Exchange?

✓ Yes No

14,553,525,540 common shares are listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange ("PSE")

INFORMATION REQUIRED IN INFORMATION STATEMENT

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Date, time and place of meeting of security holders (hereafter, the "annual stockholders' meeting")

Date April 22, 2020 Time 9:00 am

Place Ballroom 2, Fairmont Makati

1 Raffles Drive, Makati Avenue, Makati City²

Principal Office 31st Floor, Tower One and Exchange Plaza

Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue, Makati City 1226

The Information Statement may be accessed by the Company's stockholders beginning March 26, 2020 at the Company's website, <u>ir.ayalaland.com.ph</u>.

WE ARE NOT ASKING YOU FOR A PROXY AND YOU ARE REQUESTED NOT TO SEND US A PROXY

Item 2. Dissenters' Right of Appraisal

Under Sections 41 and 80, Title X of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines ("Revised Corporation Code"), a stockholder shall have the right to dissent and demand payment of the fair value of his shares in the following instances:

- (a) In case any amendment to the Articles of Incorporation has the effect of changing or restricting the rights of any stockholders or class of shares, or of authorizing preferences in any respect superior to those of outstanding shares of any class, or of extending or shortening the term of corporate existence;
- (b) In case of sale, lease, exchange, transfer, mortgage, pledge or other disposition of all or substantially all of the corporate property and assets as provided in the Revised Corporation Code;
- (c) In case of merger or consolidation; and
- (d) In case of investment of funds by the Company in any other corporation or business or for any purpose other than the primary purpose for which the Company was organized.

No matters or actions to be taken up at the meeting that may give rise to a possible exercise by stockholders of their appraisal rights.

² Please also refer to Item 20 of this DIS.

Item 3. Interest of Certain Persons in or Opposition to Matters to be Acted Upon

- (a) No current director or officer³, or nominee for election as director or any of his associate, has any substantial interest, direct or indirect, by security holdings or otherwise, in any matter to be acted upon other than election to office.
- (b) No director has informed the Company that he intends to oppose any action to be taken at the annual stockholders' meeting.

B. CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 4. Voting Securities and Principal Holders Thereof

(a) Number of Shares Outstanding as of January 31, 2020:

Common Shares 14,734,962,101 Preferred Shares 13,066,494,759

Number of Votes Entitled: one (1) vote per share

(b) All stockholders of record as of March 6, 2020 are entitled to receive notice and to vote at the annual stockholders' meeting.

(c) Manner of Voting

For common shares, Article III, Sections 7 and 8 of the By-Laws of the Company (the "By-Laws") provide:

"Section 7 - Each share of stock entitles the person in whose name it is registered in the books of the Corporation to one vote, provided the conditions as regards payment subject to which it was issued have been complied with.

Section 8 – The election of Directors shall be by ballot and each stockholder entitled to vote may cast the vote to which the number of shares he owns entitles him for as many persons as many votes as the number of Directors to be elected multiplied by the number of his shares shall equal, or he may distribute them on the same principle among as many candidates as he may see fit, provided that the whole number of votes cast by him shall not exceed the number of shares owned by him multiplied by the whole number of Directors to be elected. x x x"

On March 11, 2019, the Executive Committee of the Company, in the exercise of its authority under the By-Laws, approved and authorized voting through remote communication or *in absentia* during meetings of the stockholders of the Company in accordance with Sections 57 and 23 of the Revised Corporation Code. Stockholders may vote electronically *in absentia* using the online web address, <u>ayalagroupshareholders.com</u>, subject to validation procedures. Please refer to Annex A (I) for the detailed instruction on electronic voting. A stockholder voting electronically *in absentia* shall be deemed present for purposes of quorum.

References to directors, officers, Board or Committees are references to directors, officers, Board or Committees of the Company unless otherwise specified.

(d) Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners and Management

Security Ownership of Record and Beneficial Owners of more than 5% as of January 31, 2020:

Title of Class	Name, Address of Record Owner and Relationship with Issuer	Name of Beneficial Owner and Relationship with Record Owner	Citizenship	No. of Shares Held	Percent (of total outstanding shares)
Common Preferred	Ayala Corporation ⁴ 32/F to 35/F, Tower One and Exchange Plaza Ayala Triangle Ayala Ave., Makati City	Ayala Corporation ⁵	Filipino	6,545,946,579 12,163,180,640	23.55805% 43.77377%
Common	PCD Nominee Corporation (Non-Filipino) ⁶ G/F MSE Bldg. Ayala Ave., Makati City	PCD participants acting for themselves or for their customers ⁷	Various Non- Filipino	5,710,695,929	20.55208%
Common	PCD Nominee Corporation (Filipino) ⁴ G/F MSE Bldg. Ayala Ave., Makati City	PCD participants acting for themselves or for their customers ⁵	Filipino	2,176,341,294	7.83238%

Security Ownership of Directors and Management (Executive Officers) as of ii. January 31, 2020:

Title of Class	Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Citizenship	Percent (of total outstanding shares)
Directors		(— .	
Common	Fernando Zobel de Ayala	(direct) 183,000	Filipino	0.00124%
Common	Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala	(direct) 12,000	Filipino	0.00008%
Common	Bernard Vincent O. Dy	(direct & indirect) 15,185,473	Filipino	0.10316%
Common	Antonino T. Aquino	(direct & indirect) 20,305,226	Filipino	0.13794%
Common	Arturo G. Corpuz	(direct & indirect) 5,843,711	Filipino	0.03970%
Common	Jaime C. Laya	(direct) 10,000	Filipino	0.00007%
Common	Delfin L. Lazaro	(direct) 1	Filipino	0.00000%
Common	Rizalina G. Mantaring	(direct) 1	Filipino	0.00000%
Common	Cesar V. Purisima	(direct) 1	Filipino	0.00000%
CEO and I	Most Highly Compensated Exec	utive Officers		
Common	Bernard Vincent O. Dy	(direct & indirect) 15,185,473	Filipino	0.10316%
Common	Dante M. Abando	(direct & indirect) 5,104,023	Filipino	0.03467%
Common	Anna Ma. Margarita B. Dy	(indirect) 6,296,825	Filipino	0.04278%
Common	Jose Emmanuel H. Jalandoni	(direct & indirect) 6,860,562	Filipino	0.04661%
Common	Jaime E. Ysmael	(direct & indirect) 8,918,248	Filipino	0.06059%
Other Exe	cutive Officers			
Common	Augusto D. Bengzon	(indirect) 2,843,158	Filipino	0.01931%
Common	Robert S. Lao	(indirect) 1,602,909	Filipino	0.01089%
Common	Lyle A. Abadia	(indirect) 679,441	Filipino	0.00462%
Common	Aniceto V. Bisnar, Jr.	(indirect) 1,916,586	Filipino	0.01302%
Common	Manny A. Blas II	(direct & indirect) 2,226,405	Filipino	0.01513%
Common	Dindo R. Fernando	(indirect) 940,760	Filipino	0.00639%
Common	Rufino Hermann S. Gutierrez	(indirect) 510,778	Filipino	0.00347%

⁴ Ayala Corporation ("AC") is the parent of the Company.

⁵ Under the By-Laws of AC and the Revised Corporation Code, the AC Board has the power to decide how AC's shares are to

⁶ PCD is not related to the Company.

⁷ Each beneficial owner of shares through a PCD participant is the beneficial owner to the extent of the number of shares in his account with the PCD participant. The beneficial owner, with certification of ownership of shares from the PCD Participant, has the power to vote in absentia or through the Chairman of the meeting as proxy. Out of the 7,887,037,223 common shares registered in the name of PCD Nominee Corporation, 1,757,984,184 or 6.32677% of the voting stock is for the account of Deutsche Bank Manila (DB), 1,549,700,655 or 5.57718% of the voting stock is for the account of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation (HSBC). Based on the advice to the Company, none of HSBC, DB or any of its customers beneficially own more than 5% of the Company's common shares.

Common	Javier D. Hernandez	(in direct) 205 704	Filining	0.002600/
Common	*******	(indirect) 395,704	Filipino	0.00269%
Common	Joseph Carmichael Z. Jugo	(indirect) 731,025	Filipino	0.00497%
Common	Michael Alexis C. Legaspi	(indirect) 4,529,406	Filipino	0.03077%
Common	Christopher B. Maglanoc	(indirect) 861,910	Filipino	0.00586%
Common	Michael F. Magpusao	(indirect) 372,077	Filipino	0.00253%
Common	Ferdie M. Mangali	(indirect) 756,859	Filipino	0.00514%
Common	Romeo T. Menpin	(direct & indirect) 524,994	Filipino	0.00357%
Common	Carol T. Mills	(indirect) 830,092	Filipino	0.00564%
Common	Rodelito J. Ocampo	(direct & indirect) 2,737,150	Filipino	0.01859%
Common	Ginaflor C. Oris	(indirect) 785,882	Filipino	0.00534%
Common	Darwin L. Salipsip	(indirect) 676,487	Filipino	0.00460%
Common	Angelica L. Salvador	(direct & indirect) 1,210,910	Filipino	0.00823%
Common	Maria Rowena Victoria M. Tomeldan	(direct & indirect) 1,238,280	Filipino	0.00841%
Common	Jennylle S. Tupaz	(indirect) 847,574	Filipino	0.00576%
Common	Eliezer C. Tanlapco	(indirect) 288,254	Filipino	0.00196%
Common	Amelia Ann T. Alipao	(indirect) 1,508,137	Filipino	0.01025%
Common	Ma Divina Y. Lopez	(indirect) 639,776	Filipino	0.00435%
Common	Solomon M. Hermosura	(direct) 480	Filipino	0.00000%
Preferred	Solution w. Hermosura	(direct) 480	Filipino	0.00000%
All Directo	rs and Officers as a group	98,374,585		0.66831%

No director or member of the Company's management owns 2.0% or more of the outstanding capital stock of the Company.

iii. Voting Trust Holders of 5% or more

The Company knows of no persons holding more than 5% of common shares under a voting trust or similar agreement.

iv. Changes in Control

No change of control in the Company has occurred since the beginning of its last fiscal year.

(e) Foreign ownership level as of January 31, 2020:

Security	Total Outstanding Shares	Shares Owned By Foreigners	Percent of Ownership
Common Shares	14,719,962,101	5,717,814,677	
Voting Preferred Shares	13,066,494,759	607,264,635	
Total	27,786,456,860	6,325,079,312	22.76%

Item 5. Directors and Executive Officers

Article IV, Section 1 of the By-Laws provides in part:

"Section 1. xxx The Board of Directors shall have nine (9) members who shall be elected by the Corporation's stockholders entitled to vote at the annual meeting, and shall hold office for one year until their successors are elected and qualified in accordance with these By-laws."

The record of attendance of the directors at the meetings of the Board of Directors (the "Board") held in 2019 is as follows:

Directors	No. of Meetings Attended/Held ⁸	Percent Present
Fernando Zobel de Ayala	6/6	100%
Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala	6/6	100%
Bernard Vincent O. Dy	6/6	100%

⁸ In 2019 and during the incumbency of the director.

5

Antonino T. Aquino	6/6	100%
Delfin L. Lazaro	6/6	100%
Arturo G. Corpuz	6/6	100%
Jaime C. Laya	6/6	100%
Rizalina G. Mantaring	6/6	100%
Cesar V. Purisima	6/6	100%

The Management Committee members and other officers, unless removed by the Board, shall serve as such until their successors are elected or appointed.

(a) Information required of Directors and Executive Officers

i. Directors and Executive Officers

The following persons, who constitute the final list of candidates presented and approved by the Corporate Governance and Nomination Committee (which is composed of Cesar V. Purisima, Chairman, Jaime C. Laya and Rizalina G. Mantaring, members), have been nominated to the Board for the ensuing year and have accepted their nomination:

Fernando Zobel de Ayala Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala Bernard Vincent O. Dy Antonino T. Aquino Arturo G. Corpuz Rizalina G. Mantaring Rex Ma. A. Mendoza Sherisa P. Nuesa Cesar V. Purisima

The nominees were formally nominated by a shareholder of the Company, Ms. Asila R. Larizabal. Mesdames Rizalina G. Mantaring and Sherisa P. Nuesa, and Messrs. Rex Ma. A. Mendoza and Cesar V. Purisima are nominated as independent directors. Ms. Mantaring and Mr. Purisima are incumbent directors of the Company. Ms. Larizabal is not related to any of the nominees for independent directors. The Corporate Governance and Nomination Committee evaluated the qualifications of the nominees and prepared the final list of nominees in accordance with SRC Rule 38 (Requirements on Nomination and Election of Independent Directors) and the By-Laws of the Company.

Only nominees whose names appear in the final list of candidates are eligible for election as directors. No nominations will be entertained or allowed on the floor during the annual stockholders' meeting.

Mr. Mendoza and Ms. Nuesa are being nominated as independent directors of the Company for the first time. Ms. Mantaring and Mr. Purisima have served as directors of the Company for four years and two years, respectively. The other nominees for directors have served as such for more than five (5) years.

A summary of the qualifications of the incumbent directors, nominees for directors for election at the annual stockholders' meeting and incumbent officers is set forth in Annex "B". The certifications on the qualifications of independent directors are attached hereto as Annex "B-1".

ii. Significant employees

The Company considers its human resources working as a team as a key element for its continued success. But the Company has no employee who is not an executive officer and who is expected to make individually on his own a significant contribution to the business.

iii. Family Relationships

Fernando Zobel de Ayala, the Chairman, and Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala, the Vice Chairman, are brothers.

iv. Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

None of the directors or executive officers is involved in any material pending legal proceedings in any court or administrative agency.

As of December 31, 2019, ALI, its subsidiaries, and its affiliates, are not involved in any litigation regarding an event which occurred during the past five (5) years that they consider material.

However, there are certain litigations ALI is involved in which it considers material, and though the events giving rise to the said litigation occurred beyond the five (5) year period, the same are still unresolved, as follows:

Las Piñas Property

Certain individuals and entities have claimed an interest in ALI's properties located in Las Piñas, Metro Manila.

Prior to purchasing the aforesaid properties, ALI conducted an investigation of titles to the properties and had no notice of any title or claim that was superior to the titles purchased by ALI. ALI traced its titles to their original certificates of title and ALI believes that it has established its superior ownership position over said parcels of land. ALI has assessed these adverse claims and believes that its titles are in general superior to the purported titles or other evidence of alleged ownership of these claimants. On this basis, beginning October 1993, ALI filed petitions in the Regional Trial Court of Makati and Las Piñas for quieting of title to nullify the purported titles or claims of these adverse claimants. These cases are at various stages of trial and appeal. Some of these cases have been decided by the Supreme Court ("SC"). These include decisions affirming the title of ALI to some of these properties, which have been developed and offered for sale to the public as Sonera, Ayala Southvale. The SC issued a decision adverse to ALI's title over some of these properties dated 26 July 2017 and denied ALI's motions for reconsideration.

Ayala Property Management Corp.(APMC)

As a result of the explosion which occurred on October 19, 2007 at the basement of the Makati Supermarket Building, the Philippine National Police has filed a complaint with the Department of Justice ("DOJ") and recommended the prosecution of certain officers/employees of Makati Supermarket Corporation, the owner of the building, as well as some employees of ALI's subsidiary, APMC, among other individuals, for criminal negligence. In a Joint Resolution dated April 23, 2008, the DOJ special panel of prosecutors ruled that there was no probable cause to prosecute the APMC employees for criminal negligence. This was affirmed by the DOJ Secretary in a Resolution dated November 17, 2008. A Motion for Reconsideration was filed by the Philippine National Police which remains pending with the DOJ. To date, no civil case has been filed by any of the victims of the incident.

ALI has made no allowance in respect of such actual or threatened litigation expenses.

(b) Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), in their regular conduct of business, have entered into transactions with associates and other related parties principally consisting of advances and reimbursement of expenses, purchase and sale of real estate properties, construction contracts, and development, management, underwriting, marketing, leasing

and administrative service agreements. Sales and purchases of goods and services to and from related parties are made on an arm's length basis and at current market prices at the time of the transactions.

However, no other transaction, without proper disclosure, was undertaken by the Group in which any director or executive officer, any nominee for election as director, any beneficial owner of more than 5% of the Company's outstanding shares (direct or indirect) or any member of his immediate family was involved or had a direct or indirect material interest.

ALI employees are required to promptly disclose any business and family-related transactions with the Company to ensure that potential conflicts of interest are surfaced and brought to the attention of management.

(c) Ownership Structure and Parent Company

Ayala Corporation is the parent company of ALI which owns 67.33% of the total outstanding voting shares of the Company as of January 31, 2020.

(d) Resignation of Directors

To date, no director has resigned or declined to stand for re-election for the Board due to any disagreement with the Company relative to the Company's operations, policies and practices.

Item 6. Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers

(a) Executive Compensation

The Company adopts a performance-based compensation scheme. The total annual compensation of the President and top four highly compensated executives amounted to P235.25 million in 2018 and P238.72 million in 2019. The projected total annual compensation for the current year is P240.86million.

Total compensation paid to all senior personnel from Manager and up amounted to P1,125.52 million in 2018 and P1,076.91 million in 2019. The projected total annual compensation for the current year is P1,074.97 million.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Other Variable Pay
Bernard Vincent O. Dy* President & CEO			_
Dante M. Abando Senior Vice President			
Anna Ma. Margarita B. Dy Senior Vice President			
Jose Emmanuel H. Jalandoni Senior Vice President			
Jaime E. Ysmael Senior Vice President			
CEO & Most Highly	Actual 2018	₽122.95M	₽112.30M
Compensated	Actual 2019	₽135.03M	** P 103.69M
Executive Officers	Projected 2020	P 141.46M	** P 99.40M
All other officers***	Actual 2018	₽706.05M	P4 19.47M
as a group unnamed	Actual 2019	P 716.49M	** P 360.42M
	Projected 2020	₽750.59M	** P 324.38M

^{*} Compensation includes full year effect of CEO and market adjustments to selected officers for retention purposes.

The total annual compensation paid to all senior personnel from Manager and up was all paid in cash.

^{**} Exclusive of Stock Option exercise. *** Managers and up.

The total annual compensation includes the basic salary and other variable pay (guaranteed bonus and performance bonus).

(b) Compensation of Directors

Article IV, Section 17 of the By-Laws provides:

"Section 17 – Each director of the Corporation shall be entitled to receive from the Corporation, pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors, fees and other compensation for his services as director. The Board of Directors shall have the sole authority to determine the amount, form, and structure of the fees and other compensation of directors. In no case shall the total yearly compensation of directors exceed one percent (1%) of the net income before income tax of the Corporation during the preceding year.

The compensation and remuneration committee of the Board of Directors shall have the responsibility for recommending to the Board of Directors the fees and other compensation for directors. In discharging this duty, the committee shall be guided by the objective of ensuring that the level of compensation should fairly pay directors for work required in a company of the Corporation's size and scope." (As amended on April 13, 2011.)

i. Standard Arrangement (Current Compensation)

During the 2011 annual stockholders' meeting, the stockholders approved a resolution fixing the current remuneration of non-executive directors as follows:

Retainer Fee	₽ 1,000,000.00
Board Meeting Fee per meeting attended	P 200,000.00
Committee Meeting Fee per meeting attended	P 100,000.00

ii. Other Arrangement

None of the non-executive directors has been engaged and compensated by the Company for services other than those provided as a director.

The Company has no other arrangement with regard to the remuneration of its non-executive directors aside from the compensation received as herein stated.

(c) Employment Contracts and Termination of Employment and Change-in-Control Arrangements

The above-named executive officers are covered by letters of appointment stating their respective job functionalities, among others.

(d) Warrants and Options Outstanding: Repricing

Since 1998, the Company has offered its officers options to acquire common shares under its Executive Stock Option Plan (ESOP).

There has been no ESOP shares available since end-December 2015.

Item 7. Independent Public Accountants

- (a) The principal accountant and external auditor of the Company is SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. (SGV & Co.). The same accounting firm is being recommended for re-election at the annual stockholders' meeting.
- (b) Representatives of SGV & Co. for the current year and for the most recently completed fiscal year are expected to participate at the annual stockholders' meeting. They will have the opportunity to make a statement if they desire to do so and are expected to be available to respond to appropriate questions.

Pursuant to the General Requirements of SRC Rule 68, Par. 3 (Qualifications and Reports of Independent Auditors), the Company has engaged SGV & Co. as external auditor, and Mr. Michael C. Sabado is the Partner-in-charge for the audit years 2019 and 2018 while Ms. Lucy L. Chan served as such for the audit years 2016 to 2017.

(c) Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

The Company has engaged the services of SGV & Co. during the two most recent fiscal years. There were no disagreements with the SGV & Co. on any matter of accounting and financial disclosure.

(d) Audit and Audit-Related Fees

ALI and its subsidiaries paid its external auditor the following fees in the past two years: (in Php million; with VAT)

Year	Audit & Audit-related Fees	Tax Fees	Other Fees
2019	31.04*	-	10.74**
2018	31.96*	-	9.37**

^{*} Pertains to audit fees.

(e) Tax Fees

Tax consultancy services are secured from entities other than the external auditor.

Under paragraph 3.3 (a) of the ALI Audit Committee Charter, the Audit Committee (composed of Jaime C. Laya, Chairman, Rizalina G. Mantaring, and Antonino T. Aquino, members) recommends to the Board the appointment of the external auditor and the audit fees.

Item 8. Compensation Plans

No matters or actions with respect to any compensation plan pursuant to which cash or noncash compensation may be paid or distributed will be taken up during the meeting

C. ISSUANCE AND EXCHANGE OF SECURITIES

Item 9. Authorization or Issuance of Securities Other than for Exchange

No matters or actions concerning authorization or issuance of securities will be taken up during the meeting.

Item 10. Modification or Exchange of Securities

The Company will not be presenting any matter or act involving the modification of any class of the Company's securities or the issuance or authorization for issuance of one class of the Company's securities in exchange for outstanding securities of another class during the meeting.

Item 11. Financial and Other Information

The audited financial statements as of December 31, 2019, Management's Discussion and Analysis, Market Price of Shares and Dividends and other data related to the Company's financial information are attached hereto as Annex "C". The Schedules required under Part IV(c) of Rule 68 will be included in the Annual Report (SEC Form 17-A).

^{**}SGV fees for the validation of stockholders' votes during the annual stockholders' meeting and other assurance fees.

Item 12. Mergers, Consolidations, Acquisitions and Similar Matters

There is no proposed merger, consolidation, acquisition by sale, or liquidation of the Company that will be presented during the meeting.

Item 13. Acquisition or Disposition of Property

There are no matters or actions to be taken up in the annual stockholders' meeting with respect to acquisition or disposition of any property by the Company requiring stockholders' approval under the Revised Corporation Code.

Item 14. Restatement of Accounts

As used herein and in other sections of this Information Statement, unless the context otherwise requires, the Group refers to the Company and its subsidiaries where the Company has a control pursuant to SRC Rule 68, Par. 6s (Consolidated Financial Statements).

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the adoption of the new and amended Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) and the Philippine Interpretations of International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee (IFRIC) which became effective beginning January 1, 2019. The Group will also adopt several amended and revised standards and interpretations in 2020 and onwards.

Please refer to Note 2 of the attached Company's audited financial statements on the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the accounting of the new PFRS and IFRIC which became effective in 2019 and new PFRS and IFRIC that will be effective in 2020 and onwards.

D. OTHER MATTERS

Item 15. Action with Respect to Reports

- (a) Approval of the Minutes of the 2019 annual meeting of stockholders held on April 24, 2019 covering the following matters:
 - i. Annual report;
 - ii. Election of the members of the Board, including the Independent Directors, and
 - iii. Election of the external auditor and fixing of its remuneration.
- (b) Approval of the annual report of the Management for the year ending December 31, 2019, including the 2019 audited financial statements.

Item 16. Matters Not Required to be Submitted

There are no matters or actions to be taken up in the meeting that will not require the vote of the stockholders as of the record date.

Item 17. Amendment of Charter, Bylaws or Other Documents

There are no matters or actions to be submitted in the meeting that will not require the vote of common stockholders as of the record date.

Item 18. Other Proposed Action

(a) Ratification of the acts of the Board of Directors and officers

The acts of the Board of Directors and officers include -

- (i) Approval of project launches
- (ii) Updating of the lists of attorneys-in-fact of the Corporation for various transactions of the Company
- (iii) Updating of list of bank counterparty risk limits and bank signatories
- (iv) Acquisition of various parcels of land and properties
- (v) Declaration of cash dividends
- (vi) Renewal and establishment of credit facilities
- (vii) Corporation's funding plan
- (viii) 2020 budget and funding plan
- (ix) 2020 key result areas
- (x) Schedule of the 2020 stockholders' meeting
- (xi) 2019 annual financial statements
- (xii) Ratification and confirmation of the actions of the Board Committees
- (xiii) Election of officers
- (xiv) Appointment of chairmen and members of the Board Committees
- (xv) Setting up of a real estate investment (REIT) company, share offering through REIT and its revised execution plan
- (xvi) Authority to settle cases pertaining to the parcels of land located in Las Pinas through land partition
- (xvii)Participation in the bidding for various properties, and design and construction (for the Manila Water Company, Inc. project)
- (xviii)Updated costs of various projects
- (b) Election of the members of the Board, including the independent directors, for the ensuing year
- (c) Election of the external auditor and fixing of its remuneration

Item 19. Voting Procedures

- (a) Vote required: The affirmative vote of at least a majority of the issued and outstanding capital stock entitled to vote and represented at the annual stockholders' meeting is required for the approval of all matters presented to the stockholders for decision. The election of directors is by plurality of votes.
- (b) Method of Voting: Straight and Cumulative Voting

In all items for approval, each voting share of stock entitles its registered owner as of the Record Date to one vote. Stockholders may vote by proxy or *in absentia*.

In the case of the election of directors, each stockholder may vote such number of shares for as many persons as there are directors to be elected, or he may cumulate the aforesaid shares and give one nominee as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of his shares, or he may distribute them on the same principle among as many nominees as he shall see fit; provided that, the whole number of votes cast by him shall not exceed the number of shares owned by him multiplied by the total number of directors to be elected.

A stockholder may vote electronically *in absentia* using the online web address, <u>ayalagroupshareholders.com</u>, subject to validation procedures. A stockholder voting electronically *in absentia* shall be deemed present for purposes of quorum.

Proxies shall be in writing, signed and filed, by the stockholders, in the form provided in this DIS, and shall be received by the Corporate Secretary at corporatesecretary@ayalaland.com.ph on or before April 13, 2020.

All votes will be counted and tabulated by the Inspectors of Proxies and Ballots Committee and the results will be validated by an independent third party.

Item 20. Participation of Shareholders by Remote Communication

To comply with applicable regulations prohibiting mass gatherings, imposing on all households strict home quarantine, such that movement shall be limited to accessing basic necessities, and/or requiring social distancing to prevent the spread of COVID-19 (the "Regulations") and to ensure the safety and welfare of our stockholders, the Company will dispense with the physical attendance of stockholders at the meeting and will allow attendance only by remote communication, as set forth below, and by voting *in absentia*, as provided in Item 4(c) and Item 19 above, or voting through the Chairman of the meeting as proxy. If such Regulations are subsisting as of April 14, 2020 and are reasonably expected to subsist on the date of the meeting, the Company will notify the stockholders if physical attendance will be allowed at the meeting by April 15, 2020. If such will be the case, the guidelines therefor will be provided through a disclosure at the Philippine Stock Exchange or publication of a notice in Philippine Daily Inquirer. For the avoidance of doubt, in the absence of the foregoing notice from the Company by April 15, 2020, stockholders shall not be allowed to physically attend the meeting and may only participate through the means identified above.

The live webcast of the meeting shall be accessible through the following online web address: https://asm.ayala.com/ALI2020. To enable the Company to perform validation procedures, identify the shareholders participating by remote communication and record their presence for purposes of quorum, the shareholders shall inform the Company by email to corporatesecretary@ayalaland.com.ph on or before April 13, 2020, of their participation in the meeting by remote communication. Stockholders may email questions or comments prior to or during the meeting at the following email address: corporatesecretary@ayalaland.com.ph. The detailed instructions for participation through remote communication are attached as Annex A (II).

After reasonable inquiry and to the best of my knowledge and belief, I certify that the information set forth in this report is true, complete and correct. This report is signed in the City of Makati on the 25th day of March 2020.

AYALA LAND, INC.

SOLOMON M. HERMOSURA Corporate Secretary

and Group General Counsel

ANNEX "A"

2020 ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING OF AYALA LAND, INC. (THE "MEETING")

REQUIREMENTS AND PROCEDURE FOR ELECTRONIC VOTING IN ABSENTIA AND PARTICIPATION BY REMOTE COMMUNICATION

I. ELECTRONIC VOTING IN ABSENTIA

- 1. Stockholders as of March 6, 2020 ("Stockholders"), have the option of electronic voting *in absentia* on the matters in the Agenda, after complete registration and successful validation. To access the Voting *in Absentia* and Shareholder (VIASH) system, stockholders are required to provide their active, primary electronic mail (e-mail) addresses to the Corporation by informing (a) the Corporation, or (b) the brokerage firm, or (c) the stock transfer office.
- 2. The deadline for registration to vote *in absentia* is April 13, 2020. Beyond this date, Stockholders may no longer avail of the option to vote *in absentia*.
- To register for VIASH, simply follow the instructions sent to the e-mail address provided. Otherwise, Stockholders may access the link <u>ayalagroupshareholders.com</u>, and choose the respective Corporation. Stockholders should complete the online registration form and submit for validation.
- 4. The following are needed for registration:
 - 4.1 For individual Stockholders-
 - 4.1.1 A recent photo of the Stockholder, with the face fully visible (in JPG format). The file size should be no larger than 2MB;
 - 4.1.2 A scanned-copy of the front and back portions of the Stockholder's valid governmentissued ID, preferably with residential address (in JPG format). The file size should be no larger than 2MB;
 - 4.1.3 A valid and active e-mail address;
 - 4.1.4 A valid and active contact number;
 - 4.2 For Stockholders with joint accounts -

A scanned copy of an authorization letter signed by all Stockholders, identifying who among them is authorized to cast the vote for the account (in JPG format). The file size should be no larger than 2MB;

- 4.3 For Stockholders under Broker accounts -
 - 4.3.1 A broker's certification on the Stockholder's number of shareholdings (in JPG format). The file size should be no larger than 2MB;
 - 4.3.2 A recent photo of the Stockholder, with the face fully visible (in JPG format). The file size should be no larger than 2MB;

- 4.3.3 A scanned copy of the front and back portions of the Stockholder's valid governmentissued ID, preferably with residential address (in JPG format). The file size should be no larger than 2MB;
- 4.3.4 A valid and active e-mail address;
- 4.3.5 A valid and active contact number;

4.4 For Corporate Stockholders -

- 4.4.1 A secretary's certificate attesting to the authority of the representative to vote for, and on behalf of the Corporation (in JPG format). The file size should be no larger than 2MB:
- 4.4.2 A recent photo of the stockholder's representative, with the face fully visible (in JPG format). The file size should be no larger than 2MB;
- 4.4.3 A scanned copy of the front and back portions of the valid government-issued ID of the Stockholder's representative, preferably with residential address (in JPG format). The file-size should be no larger than 2MB;
- 4.4.4 A valid and active e-mail address of the Stockholder's representative;
- 4.4.5 A valid and active contact number of the Stockholder's representative.

Important Note: Incomplete or inconsistent information may result in an unsuccessful registration. As a result, Stockholders will not be allowed access to vote electronically *in absentia*, but may still vote through the Chairman of the meeting as proxy, by submitting a duly accomplished proxy form, on or before April 13, 2020.

Considering the extraordinary circumstances in relation to COVID-19, the Corporation shall allow electronic signature for the required documents, as applicable. Notarization requirement shall also be dispensed with at this time. However, the Corporation reserves the right to request additional information, and original signed and notarized copies of these documents at a later time.

The validation process will be completed by the Corporation no later than three (3) business days from the date of the Stockholder's receipt of an e-mail from the Corporation, acknowledging the registration.

Once validated, the Stockholder will receive an e-mail confirmation on their successful registration. Registered Stockholders have until the end of the Meeting to cast their votes *in absentia*.

- 6. All agenda items indicated in the Notice of the Meeting will be set out in the digital absentee ballot and the registered Stockholder may vote as follows:
 - 6.1 For items other than the Election of Directors, the registered Stockholder has the option to vote: For, Against, or Abstain. The vote is considered cast for all the registered Stockholder's shares.
 - 6.2 For the Election of Directors, the registered Stockholder may vote for all nominees, not vote for any of the nominees, or vote for some nominees only, in such number of shares as preferred by the Stockholder, provided that the total number of votes cast shall not exceed the number of shares owned, multiplied by the number of directors to be elected.

Once voting on the agenda items is finished, the registered Stockholder can proceed to submit the accomplished ballot by clicking the 'Submit' button.

VIASH will prompt the Stockholder to confirm the submission of the ballot. The votes cast *in absentia* will have equal effect as votes cast in person or by proxy.

After the ballot has been submitted, Stockholders may no longer change their votes.

7. The Inspectors of Proxies and Ballots Committee of the Corporation will count and tabulate the votes cast *in absentia* together with the votes cast in person or by proxy.

II. PARTICIPATION BY REMOTE COMMUNICATION

- Stockholders as of March 6, 2020 ("Stockholders") who are registered under the Voting in Absentia & Shareholder (VIASH) system can also participate in the Meeting on April 22, 2020 by remote communication by clicking the ASM live feed access in the VIASH system.
- 2. Stockholders as of March 6, 2020 who have not registered in the VIASH system may still attend the Meeting remotely by accessing the livestreaming link https://asm.ayala.com/ALI2020. Unregistered Stockholders are requested to notify the Company by email to corporatesecretary@ayalaland.com.ph by April 13, 2020 of their intention to participate in the Meeting by remote communication. For validation purposes, unregistered Stockholders shall also provide the Company the following information: (i) name; (ii) address; (iii) telephone number.
- 3. Only those Stockholders who have notified the Company of their intention to participate in the Meeting by remote communication will be include in determining quorum, together with the Stockholders who voted *in absentia* and by proxy.
- 4. Stockholders participating by remote communication will not be able to vote unless they register in the VIASH system or authorize the Chairman to vote as proxy, on or before April 13, 2020.
- 5. Stockholders may send their questions and/or comments prior to or during the meeting at corporatesecretary@ayalaland.com.ph.
- 6. A link to the recorded webcast of the Meeting will be made posted on the Company's website after the Meeting. Stockholders shall have two (2) weeks from posting to raise to the Company any issues, clarifications and concerns on the Meeting conducted.

For any clarifications, please contact the Company's Office of the Corporate Secretary at corporatesecretary@ayalaland.com.ph.

ANNEX "B"

DIRECTORS AND KEY OFFICERS (as of December 31, 2019)

The write-ups below include positions held as of December 31, 2019 and in the past five years, and personal data as of December 31, 2019 of directors and executive officers.

Board of Directors

Fernando Zobel de Ayala
Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala
Bernard Vincent O. Dy
Antonino T. Aquino
Arturo G. Corpuz
Jaime C. Laya
Delfin L. Lazaro
Rizalina G. Mantaring
Cesar V. Purisima

Fernando Zobel de Ayala, Filipino, 59, has served as Chairman of the Board of ALI since April 1999. He holds the following positions in publicly listed companies: President and Chief Operating Officer of Avala Corporation: Chairman of Manila Water Company, Inc. and AC Energy Philippines, Inc.: Director of Bank of The Philippine Islands, Globe Telecom, Inc. and Integrated Micro-Electronics, Inc.; and Independent Director of Pilipinas Shell Petroleum Corporation. He is the Chairman of AC International Finance Ltd., ALI Eton Property Development Corporation, Liontide Holdings, Inc., AC Energy, Inc., Ayala Healthcare Holdings, Inc., Automobile Central Enterprise, Inc., Alabang Commercial Corporation, Accendo Commercial Corp. and Hero Foundation, Inc.; Co-Chairman of Ayala Foundation, Inc. and Ayala Group Club, Inc.; Vice-Chairman of AC Industrial Technology Holdings, Inc., Ceci Realty Inc., Fort Bonifacio Development Corporation, Bonifacio Land Corporation, Emerging City Holdings, Inc., Columbus Holdings, Inc., Berkshires Holdings, Inc., AKL Properties Inc., AC Ventures Holding Corp. and Bonifacio Art Foundation, Inc.; Director of Livelt Investments Ltd., AG Holdings Ltd., AC Infrastructure Holdings Corporation, Asiacom Philippines, Inc., Ayala Retirement Fund Holdings, Inc., Honda Cars Philippines, Inc., Isuzu Philippines Corporation, and Manila Peninsula; Member of the Board for INSEAD Business School and Georgetown University; Member of the International Advisory Board of Tikehau Capital and of the Hispanic Society Museum and Library; Vice Chairman of the Philippine-Singapore Business Council; Member of World Presidents' Organization and Chief Executives Organization; Chairman of Habitat for Humanity International's Asia-Pacific Capital Campaign Steering Committee; and Member of the Board of Trustees of Caritas Manila, Pilipinas Shell Foundation, and the National Museum. He graduated with B.A. Liberal Arts at Harvard College in 1982 and holds a CIM from INSEAD, France.

Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala, Filipino, 60, Director of Ayala Corporation since May 1987. He is the Chairman and CEO of Ayala Corporation since April 2006. He holds the following positions in publicly listed companies: Chairman of Globe Telecom, Inc., Integrated Micro-Electronics, Inc. and Bank of the Philippine Islands; and Vice Chairman of Ayala Land, Inc., Manila Water Company, Inc. and AC Energy Philippines, Inc. He is also the Chairman of Ayala Retirement Fund Holdings, Inc., AC Industrial Technology Holdings, Inc., AC Ventures Holding Corp., AC Infrastructure Holdings Corporation and Asiacom Philippines, Inc.; Co-Chairman of Ayala Foundation, Inc. and Ayala Group Club, Inc.; Director of Alabang Commercial Corporation, Ayala International Pte. Ltd., AC Energy, Inc., Ayala Healthcare Holdings, Inc., Light Rail Manila Holdings, Inc. and AG Holdings Ltd. Outside the Ayala group, he is a member of various business and socio- civic organizations in the Philippines and abroad, including the JP Morgan International Council, JP Morgan Asia Pacific Council and Mitsubishi Corporation International Advisory Council. He sits on the board of the Singapore Management University and on various advisory boards of Harvard University, including the Global Advisory Council, HBS Board of Dean's Advisors, and HBS Asia-Pacific Advisory Board, which he chairs. He is Chairman Emeritus of the Asia Business Council, a member of the Global Board of Adviser of the Council on Foreign Relations,

and Co-Vice Chairman of the Makati Business Club, Chairman of Endeavor Philippines, and a board member of Eisenhower Fellowships. He was awarded the Presidential Medal of Merit in 2009, the Philippine Legion of Honor with rank of Grand Commander in 2010, and the Order of Mabini with rank of Commander in 2015 by the President of the Philippines in recognition of his outstanding public service. In 2017, he was recognized as a United Nations Sustainable Development Goals Pioneer by the UN Global Compact for his work in sustainable business strategy and operations. The first recipient of the award from the Philippines, he was one of 10 individuals recognized for championing sustainability and the pursuit of the 17 SDGs in business. He graduated with B.A. in Economics (Cum Laude) from Harvard College in 1981 and obtained an MBA from the Harvard Graduate School of Business in 1987.

Bernard Vincent O. Dy, Filipino, 56, has led Ayala Land, Inc. as President and Chief Executive Officer since April 7, 2014. Prior to this post, he was the Head of Residential Business, Commercial Business and Corporate Marketing and Sales. He is also the Chairman of Ayala Property Management Corporation; Makati Development Corporation; Alveo Land Corporation; Amaia Land Corporation; .; Bellavita Land Corporation; Ayagold Retailers, Inc.; Station Square East Commercial Corporation; Aviana Development Corp.; Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corp.; BGSouth Properties, Inc.; BGNorth Properties, Inc.; BGWest Properties, Inc.; Portico Land Corporation.; Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc.; Avencosouth Corp.; and Nuevocentro, Inc. Mr. Dy also serves as Vice Chairman of Ayala Greenfield Development Corporation and Alviera Country Club, Inc.He is also President of President of Bonifacio Land Corporation; Emerging City Holdings, Inc.; Columbus Holdings, Inc.; Berkshires Holdings, Inc.; Fort Bonifacio Development Corporation; Aurora Properties Incorporated; Vesta Property Holdings, Inc.; Ceci Realty Inc.; Alabang Commercial Corporation; and Accendo Commercial Corporation. Mr. Dy also serves as Director of AyalaLand Logistics Holdings Corp.; Cebu Holdings, Inc.; MCT Bhd of Malaysia; Avida Land Corporation; Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc.; Whiteknight Holdings, Inc.; AyalaLand Medical Facilities Leasing, Inc.; Serendra, Inc.; Alveo-Federal Land Communities, Inc.; ALI Eton Property Development Corporation; and AKL Properties, Inc. Mr. Dy is the President of Hero Foundation Inc. and Bonifacio Art Foundation. Inc. He is also a member of Avala Foundation, Inc. and Avala Group Club, Inc. He has also been a Director of the Junior Golf Foundation of the Philippines since 2010 and has served as Vice Chairman since 2017. He earned a Bachelor's Degree in Business Administration from the University of Notre Dame in 1985, He received his MBA in 1989 and MA International Relations in 1997, both at the University of Chicago.

Antonino T. Aquino, Filipino, 72, has served as Director of ALI since April 2009. He is also a Director of Manila Water Company, Inc. (MWC), another publicly listed company, since 1998. He was the President of ALI from April 2009 to April 2014, MWC from April 1999 to April 2009, and Ayala Property Management Corporation from 1989 to 1999. He has served the Ayala group in various capacities for 38 years. Currently, he is a Board member of Nuevocentro, Inc., Anvaya Beach & Nature Club and Mano Amiga Academy, Inc. He is also a private sector representative in the Multi Sectoral Advisory Board of the Philippine Army and the Multi Sector Governance Council of the Armed Forces of the Philippines. He was named "Co-Management Man of the Year 2009" by the Management Association of the Philippines for his leadership role in a very successful waterworks privatization and public-private sector partnership. In 2015, Mr. Aquino was elected as Director of The Philippine American Life and General Insurance Company (Philam). He earned a degree in BS Management and completed academic requirements for Masters in Business from the Ateneo de Manila University in 1968 and 1975, respectively.

Arturo G. Corpuz, Filipino, 64, has served as a Director of ALI since April 2016. He was a member of the Management Committee of ALI from 2008 to December 31, 2016. He is also a member of the Board of Ceci Realty, Inc. Aurora Properties, Inc., Vesta Properties Holdings, Inc., Nuevocentro, Inc., Next Urban Alliance Development Corp. and Alviera Country Club, Inc. He is a former President of the Philippine Economic Society and a Fellow of the Foundation for Economic Freedom and the Philippine Institute of Environmental Planning. Mr. Corpuz received his baccalaureate degree in Architecture from the University of the Philippines in 1977 and his masteral and doctoral degrees in urban and regional planning from Cornell University in 1984 and 1989.

Jaime C. Laya, Filipino, 80, has served as an Independent Director of ALI since April 2010 and as its Lead Independent Director since April 2017. He is member of the Board of Directors of publicly listed companies, being Independent Director of GMA Network, Inc., GMA Holdings, Inc. and Manila Water Company, Inc. and Regular Director of Philippine Trust Company (Philtrust Bank). His other significant positions are: President of Philtrust Bank, Independent Director of Philippine AXA Life Insurance Co., Inc. and of Charter Ping An Insurance Corporation; and Trustee of Cultural Center of the Philippines,

St. Paul's University - Quezon City, Ayala Foundation, Inc., Escuela Taller de Filipinas Foundation, Inc., Fundación Santiago, Makati Sports Club, and other non-profit, non-stock corporations. He graduated magna cum laude from University of the Philippines in 1957 with a degree in B.S.B.A. (Accounting) and completed his M.S. in Industrial Management at Georgia Institute of Technology in 1960 and his Ph.D. in Financial Management at Stanford University in1967. He has served as Minister of the Budget, Minister of Education, Culture and Sports, Governor of the Central Bank of the Philippines, Chairman of the National Commission for Culture and the Arts, and Professor and Dean of Business Administration of the University of the Philippines.

Delfin L. Lazaro, Filipino, 73, has served as a member of the Board of ALI since May 1996. He is a Director of publicly listed companies namely, Ayala Corporation, Integrated Micro-Electronics, Inc. Manila Water Company, Inc., Globe Telecom, Inc. His other significant positions are Chairman of Atlas Fertilizer & Chemicals, Inc.; Chairman and President of A.C.S.T. Business Holdings, Inc.; Vice Chairman and President of Asiacom Philippines, Inc.; and Director of AYC Holdings, Inc. Ltd., AC International Finance, Ltd., Purefoods International, Ltd., AC Industrial Technology Holdings. Inv., Probe Productions, Inc. He graduated with BS Metallurgical Engineering at the University of the Philippines in 1967 and took his MBA (with Distinction) at Harvard Graduate School of Business in 1971.

Rizalina G. Mantaring, Filipino, 60, has served as an Independent Director of ALI since April 2014. Concurrently, she also holds the following positions: Director, Sun Life Grepa Financial, Inc.; and Independent Director of First Philippine Holdings Corp. Inc., PHINMA Corp. inc., FEU Alabang, East Asia Computer Center Inc., Roosevelt College Inc., and Microventures Foundation Inc. She is also a member of the Boards of Trustees of the Makati Business Club, and Philippine Business for Education. A recipient of the Asia Talent Management Award in the Asia Business Leaders Award organized by the global business news network CNBC. She has also been recognized by the International Association of Business Communicators (Philippines) with the CEO Excel award. She was named by Moneysense Magazine as one of the 12 Most Influential in Personal Finance, was selected as one of the 100 Most Outstanding Alumni of the past century by the University of the Philippines College of Engineering, and was 2019 PAX awardee of St. Scholastica's College Manila, the highest award given by the school to outstanding alumni. She holds a BS Electrical Engineering degree from the University of the Philippines where she graduated with honors in 1982. She obtained her MS degree in Computer Science from the State University of New York at Albany in 1993.

Cesar V. Purisima. Filipino. 59 was appointed as an Independent Director of ALI, in April 18, 2018, He is an Asia Fellow at the Milken Institute, a global non-profit, non-partisan think tank. He is a founding partner at IKLAS Capital, a pan-ASEAN private equity platform. He is a member of the board of AIA Group Limited, Word Wildlife Fund-Philippines, Inc. and De La Salle University. He is an Independent Director of Universal Robina Corporation, a publicly listed company. He is a Member of the Global Advisory Council of Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation and of the International Advisory Council in the Philippines of Singapore Management University; He served the Philippine Government as a Secretary of Finance and the Chair of Economic Development Cluster of the President's Cabinet from July 2010 to June 2016. He briefly served as Finance Secretary in 2005 and Trade and Industry Secretary from 2004 to 2005. Additionally, he was a member of the Monetary Board of the Philippines Central Bank, and the Governor for the Philippines at the Asian Development Bank and the World Bank. He served as Alternate Governor for the Philippines at the International Monetary Fund and Chairman of the Land Bank of the Philippines. Under his leadership, the Philippines received its first investmentgrade ratings. He was named Finance Minister of the Year seven times in six consecutive years by a number of publications, a first for the Philippines. Prior to his stints in the government service, he was the Chairman & Country Managing Partner of the Philippines' largest professional services firm SGV & Co., and was a member of the Global Executive Board and Global Practice Council of Ernst & Young. He was conferred the Chevalier dans l'Ordre national de la Légion d'Honneur (Knight of the National Order of the Legion of Honour) by the President of the French Republic in 2017, the Order of Lakandula, Rank of Grand Cross (Bayani) by the President of the Philippines in 2016 and the Chevalier de l'Ordre national du Mérite (Knight of the National Order of Merit) by the President of the French Republic in 2001. He is a certified public accountant and has extensive experience in public accounting both in the Philippines and abroad. He obtained his Bachelor of Science degree in Commerce Major in Accounting and Financial Institutions from De La Salle University in 1979. He earned his Master of Business Administration degree from Kellogg School of Management, Northwestern University, Illinois in 1983 and Doctor of Humanities honoris causa degree from Angeles University Foundation of the Philippines in 2012.

Nominees to the Board of Directors for election at the stockholders' meeting:

Mr. Rex Ma. A. Mendoza, Ms. Sherisa P. Nuesa, and all the incumbent directors except Messrs. Delfin L. Lazaro and Jaime C. Laya.

Rex Ma. A. Mendoza, Filipino, 57, is the President and CEO of Rampver Financials, a financial services firm and the leading non-bank mutual funds distributor in the country. He currently serves as an Independent Director of Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp., Globe Telecom, Inc., and a Director of Esquire Financing, Inc., TechnoMarine Philippines, Seven Tall Trees Events, Inc., Cullinan Group and Mobile Group, Inc. He was previously the Senior Adviser to the AIA Group CEO for Marketing and Distribution. AIA Group Limited is the leading Pan-Asian insurance company and is the parent firm of the Philippine American Life and General Insurance Company (PhilamLife). Prior to this position, he was the President and Chief Executive Officer of Philam Life, Chairman of The Philam Foundation, Inc. and Vice Chairman of BPI Philam Life Assurance Company, Prior to reioining Philam Life, he was Senior Vice President and Chief Marketing and Sales Officer of Ayala Land, Inc. He was also Chairman of Ayala Land International Sales, Inc., President of Ayala Land Sales, Inc., and Avida Sales Corporation. He earned his Master's Degree in Business Management with distinction from the Asian Institute of Management in 1986 and was one of the 10 Outstanding Graduates of his batch at the University of the Philippines where he obtained a BSBA degree with a double major in marketing and finance in 1983. He was awarded Most Distinguished Alumnus of the University of the Philippines' Cesar E.A. Virata School of Business last December 2013. He is also a fellow with distinction at the Life Management Institute of Atlanta, Georgia, USA, a Registered Financial Planner and a four-time member of the Million Dollar Round Table, Mr. Mendoza was a professor of Marketing and Computational Finance at the De La Salle University Graduate School of Business. He taught strategic marketing, services marketing and services strategy. He has served as Chairman of the Marketing Department and was awarded as one of the University's most outstanding professors. He is the author of the books "Trailblazing Success" and "Firing on all Cylinders" which are certified national bestsellers.

Sherisa P. Nuesa, Filipino, 65, is the President and Director of the ALFM Mutual Funds Group. She is also an Independent Director of Integrated Micro-electronics, Inc., Manila Water Company, Inc., AC Energy Philippines, Inc. and Far Eastern University. She is also an Independent Director of FERN Realty Corporation. She is a Senior Adviser to the Boards of Metro Retail Stores Group, Inc. and Vicsal Development Corporation. She is a member of the Boards of Trustees of the Institute of Corporate Directors, the Judicial Reform Initiative, and the Financial Executives (FINEX) Foundation. In addition, she also held previous positions in management operations and has been active in speaking and lecturing engagements. She was the Chief Finance Officer and Chief Administration Officer of IMI from January 2009 to July 2010. She was then a Managing Director of Ayala Corporation and previously served in various capacities in Ayala Corporation, Ayala Land, Inc., and Manila Water Company, Inc. She was awarded the ING-FINEX CFO of the Year for 2008. She received a Master in Business Administration degree from the Ateneo Graduate School of Business in Manila. She also attended post-graduate courses in Harvard Business School and in Stanford University. She graduated summa cum laude with a degree of Bachelor of Science in Commerce from the Far Eastern University in 1974. She is a Certified Public Accountant.

Management Committee Members / Key Executive Officers

Bernard Vincent O. Dy* President and Chief Executive Officer

Dante M. Abando Senior Vice President

Augusto D. Bengzon Senior Vice President, Chief Finance Officer, Treasurer,

& Chief Compliance Officer

Anna Ma. Margarita B. Dy
Jose Emmanuel H. Jalandoni
Senior Vice President
Senior Vice President

Robert S. Lao
Senior Vice President

Lyle A. Abadia

Vice President
Aniceto V. Bisnar, Jr.

Vice President
Vice President
Vice President
Vice President
Vice President

Rufino Hermann S. Gutierrez** Vice President Javier D. Hernandez Vice President Joseph Carmichael Z. Jugo Vice President Michael Alexis C. Legaspi Vice President Christopher B. Maglanoc Vice President Michael F. Magpusao** Vice President Vice President Ferdie M. Mangali** Vice President Romeo T. Menpin, Jr. Carol T. Mills Vice President Rodelito J. Ocampo Vice President Vice President Ginaflor C. Oris Darwin L. Salipsip** Vice President Angelica L. Salvador Vice President Eliezer C. Tanlapco Vice President Maria Rowena Victoria M. Tomeldan Vice President Jennylle S. Tupaz Vice President

Amelia Ann T. Alipao Chief Information Officer and Data Protection Officer

Ma. Divina Y. Lopez Chief Audit Executive

Solomon M. Hermosura Group General Counsel & Corporate Secretary

*Member of the Board of Directors

Dante M. Abando, Filipino, 55, is a Senior Vice President and Member of the Management Committee of ALI. He is the President and CEO of Makati Development Corporation. He is also the Chairman of MDC BuildPlus, Inc., MDC Concrete, Inc., MDC Equipment Solutions, Inc. and MDBI Construction Corp., a joint venture of Makati Development Corporation and Bouygues Batiment International. He was the past President and now a Board Member of Alveo Land Corporation. He is currently a Board Member of Avida Land Corporation, Serendra, Inc., Ayala Property Management Corporation and Anvaya Cove Golf & Sports Club, Inc. He was the Chairman and President of the Philippine Constructors Association (PCA) in 2016-2017 and a member of the Board of Trustees of the University of the Philippines Alumni Engineers (UPAE) since 2015-2018. He graduated with a degree in Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering from the University of the Philippines in 1986 and earned his Master's degree in Business Administration in 1995 from the same university. In 2012, he completed the Executive Program on Real Estate Management at Harvard University Graduate School of Business.

Augusto D. Bengzon, Filipino, 57, joined ALI in December 2004 and currently serves as its Senior Vice President, Chief Finance Officer, Chief Compliance Officer & Treasurer, He is a Director & Treasurer of Cebu Holdings Inc. and Director of AyalaLand Logistics Holding Corp., the publicly listed subsidiaries of ALI. His other significant positions include: Chairman of Aprisa Business Process Solutions Inc.; Director, Treasurer & Compliance Officer of Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club Inc.; Director and Treasurer of ALI Eton Property Development Corp., Amaia Land Corp., Aurora Properties Inc., Avida Land Corp., Ayala Property Management Corp., AREIT, Inc., Bellavita Land Corp., BGNorth Properties Inc., BGSouth Properties Inc., BGWest Properties Inc., Ceci Realty Inc., Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions Inc., Serendra Inc. and Vesta Property Holdings Inc.; Director & Assistant Treasurer of Ayala Greenfield Development Corp.; Director of Ayala Group Legal, Alabang Commercial Corporation, Alviera Country Club Inc., Alveo Land Corp., Ecozone Power Management Inc., Makati Development Corp., Nuevocentro Inc., Northgate Hotel Ventures, Inc., Portico Land Corp., Station Square East Commercial Corp. and Southcrest Hotel Ventures, Inc.; Treasurer of AKL Properties, Inc. and Hero Foundation, Inc.; Assistant Treasurer of Ayala Greenfield Golf & Leisure Club, Inc. and Trustee of Fe del Mundo Medical Center Phil, Inc. and Philippine National Police Foundation, Inc. He received his Bachelor of Science degree in Business Management from the Ateneo de Manila University and is a graduate of the Philippine Trust Institute. He was granted the Andres K. Roxas scholarship at the Asian Institute of Management where he received his Masters in Business Management degree.

Anna Ma. Margarita B. Dy, Filipino, 51, is a Senior Vice President since January 1, 2015 and a member of the Management Committee of ALI since August 2008. She is the Head of the Strategic Landbank Management (SLMG) of ALI. She is also the Chairman of Cebu Holdings, Inc. one of the publicly listed subsidiaries of ALI. Her other significant positions are: Director and Executive Vice President of Fort Bonifacio Development Corporation; Director of AyalaLand Estates, Inc., Director and President of Nuevocentro, Inc., and Alviera Country Club, Inc; Director of Aurora Properties, Inc., Vesta Properties Holdings, Inc., CECI Realty, Inc., AyalaLand Medical Facilities Leasing, Inc., Director of Anvaya and

^{**}Appointed November 25, 2019 effective January 1, 2020

Next Urban Alliance Development Corp. Prior to joining ALI, she was a Vice President of Benpres Holdings Corporation. She graduated magna cum laude from Ateneo De Manila University with BS of Arts Degree in Economics Honors Program. She earned her Master's degree in Economics from London School of Economics and Political Science UK 1991 and MBA at Harvard Graduate School of Business Administration in Boston.

Jose Emmanuel H. Jalandoni, Filipino, 52, is a Senior Vice President and a member of the Management Committee of ALI. He is the Group Head of commercial businesses including malls, offices, hotels, resorts and Chairman of ALI Capital Corporation. He is Chairman of AyalaLand Logistics Holdings Corp. and Director of Cebu Holdings, Inc., publicly listed subsidiaries of ALI. His other significant positions are: Chairman of the Board of ALI Commercial Center, Inc., ALI Makati Hotel and Residences, Inc., ALI Makati Hotel Property, Inc., ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc., Arca South Hotel Ventures, Inc., Ayala Hotels, Inc., AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corporation, AyalaLand Medical Facilities Leasing, Inc., AyalaLand Offices, Inc., Bay Area Hotel Ventures, Inc., Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc., Capitol Central Hotel Ventures, Inc., Cebu Insular Hotel Company, Inc., Central Bloc hotel Ventures Inc., Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc., Direct Power Services, Inc., Econorth Resort Ventures, Inc., EcoSouth Hotel Ventures, Inc., Enjay Hotels, Inc., Greenhaven Property Ventures, Inc., Makati North Hotel Ventures, Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc., North Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc., Northgate Hotel Ventures, Inc., One Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc., Orion Land, Inc., Sentera Hotel Ventures, Inc., Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corporation, Soltea Commercial Corporation, Southcrest Hotel Ventures, Inc., Tutuban Properties, Inc., Whiteknight Holdings, Inc., One Makati Residential Ventures, Inc., He is also Chairman and President of ALINET.Com. Inc.. He is also Director of the following companies: Accendo Commercial Corporation, Alabang Commercial Corporation ALI Eton Property Development Corporation, Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc., Ayagold Retailers, Inc., Ayala Property Management Corporation, AvalaLand Commercial Reit, Inc., Bacuit Bay Development Corporation, Berkshires Holdings, Inc., Bonifacio Land Corporation Cagayan de Oro Gateway Corporation, Chirica Resorts Corporation, Columbus Holdings, Inc., Ecoholdings Company Inc., Emerging City Holdings, Inc., Fort Bonifacio Development Corporation, Integrated Eco-Resort, Inc., Lio Resort Ventures, Inc., Lio Tourism Estate Management Corporation, Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corporation, Makati Development Corporation, North Eastern Commercial Corporation, North Liberty Resort Ventures, Inc., Pangulasian Island Resort Corporation, Paragua Eco-Resort Ventures, Inc., Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc., Regent Horizons Conservation Company, Inc., Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc., Station Square East Commercial Corporation, Ten Knots Development Corporation, Ten Knots Philippines, Inc., and Chairman of AREIT, Inc. He joined ALI in 1996 and held various positions in the Company He graduated with a degree of Bachelor of Science in Legal Management from Ateneo de Manila University. He earned his Master's Degree in Business Administration from Asian Institute of Management. He is a Chartered Financial Analyst.

Robert S. Lao, Filipino, 46, has been Senior Vice President of ALI and a member of the Management Committee of Ayala Land, Inc. since April 19, 2017. He is also the Group Head of Ayala Land's Residential Business Group and the Group Head of the Central Land Acquisition Unit. He is concurrently the President of Alveo Land Corp and Amaia Land Corp., BellaVita Land Corporation, BGSouth Properties, Inc., and Portico Land Corp.; He is the Chairman of the Board of Avida Land Corp., . He is also the Chairman of the Board and President of Serendra, Inc. Prior to joining Ayala Land, Inc., he served as a Senior Process Engineer of Fujitsu Computer Products Corporation of the Philippines (FCPP) and Lead Process Engineer of PT. Quantum Electronics in Indonesia. He is a licensed Real Estate Broker. He studied at the University of Santo Tomas (UST) and graduated cum laude in Bachelor of Science in Industrial Engineering in 1995. He completed his Master's in Business Management (MBM) degree in 2001 from the Asian Institute of Management (AIM) and attended the International Student Exchange Program from University of Cologne in Germany.

Jaime E. Ysmael, Filipino, 59, is a Senior Vice President of ALI. Concurrently, he is a Managing Director of Ayala Corporation and Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer of Ortigas Land Corporation (formerly OCLP Holdings, Inc.) and Concrete Aggregates Corporation. His other significant positions include: Chairman of the Board of Directors of Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc. and Anvaya Golf and Sports Club, Inc. He is also a member of the Board of Directors of various Ayala Land subsidiaries and affiliates. Outside of the company, he is a Trustee of the Shareholders Association of the Philippines, FINEX Research and Development Foundation, Inc. and the CIBI Foundation. He is also a Trustee and President of the Alumni Tree Project. Mr. Ysmael holds a degree in Business Administration, Major in Accounting (Summa Cum Laude) at the University of the East, Manila, Philippines and is a Certified Public Accountant. He earned an MBA, Major in Finance, at The Wharton

School and an MA in International Studies at The School of Arts and Sciences of the University of Pennsylvania in Philadelphia, USA, as a fellow of The Joseph H. Lauder Institute of Management and International Studies.

Lyle A. Abadia, Filipino, 62, has served as Vice President of ALI since November 2016. Currently, he is the Head of Special Projects reporting to the Office of the President of ALI. Likewise, he is a Director of ALI's wholly-owned subsidiaries namely, Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc. and BellaVita Land Corporation. Prior to joining Ayala Land, Inc. in 2004, he held various executive positions in two (2) ALI's subsidiaries, commencing in 1982 under Ayala Theatres Management, Inc. and moved to join Laguna Technopark, Inc. in 1991 as one of the pioneering executive officers who crafted the successful transformation of the 650 hectares former sugarcane plantation into what is now known as one of the word- class industrial estates in the country. He likewise set up BellaVita Land Corporation and took the helm as President from 2011 to 2017.Mr. Abadia holds a degree in Bachelor of Science in Commerce, Major in Accounting at the Colegio De San Jose – Recoletos. He completed a Basic Management Program at the Asian Institute of Management and in-house program for Harvard Leadership Acceleration Program.

Aniceto V. Bisnar, Jr., Filipino, 56, serves as Vice President of ALI since January 2009 and the Chief Operating Officer of its Visayas-Mindanao Group. He is currently the President of Cebu Holdings, Inc., a publicly listed subsidiary of ALI. His other significant positions are: Chairman of Adauge Commercial Corp., Central Block Developers, Inc. and Amaia Southern Properties, Inc.; Chairman and President of North Point Estate Association, Inc., Asian I-Office Properties, Inc., Cebu Leisure Company, Inc., Cebu Business Park Association, Inc. and Asia Town I.T. Park Association, Inc.; and Vice Chairman of Avenco South Corporation. He is the President of Aviana Development Corporation and Lagdigan Land Corporation. He is also the Vice President of Solinea, Inc. He is a Director of Accendo Commercial Corporation, Cebu District Property Enterprise, Inc., Cagayan de Oro Gateway Corp., Taft Punta Engaño Property, Inc., and a Member of the Board of Trustee of Hero Foundation, Inc.

Manuel A. Blas II, Filipino, 65, serves as Vice President of Ayala Land Inc. and the Estate Head for Bonifacio Global City and Makati Projects of ALI. He also holds positions in Fort Bonifacio Development Corporation Subsidiaries such as President of Bonifacio Estate Services Corporation and Bonifacio Transport Corporation; Director of Bonifacio Global City Estate Association, Bonifacio Water Corporation, and Bonifacio Gas Corporation. He graduated from De La Salle University and has a master's degree in Religious Studies from Maryhill School of Theology.

Dindo R. Fernando, Filipino, 51, has been Vice President of ALI. since April 2017. He currently heads the company's External Affairs Division. Moreover, he is the Treasurer of Anvaya Beach and Nature Club, Corporate Secretary of Santa Rosa (Laguna) Business Club, Board Member of the Calamba City Business Club and Vice President of Avida Towers Makati West Condominium Corporation. Prior to joining ALI, he was Head of Political Research at the Makati Business Club where he oversaw congressional research, analysis and publication. He graduated with a degree in AB Political Science from the Lyceum of the Philippines in 1989.

Rufino Hermann S. Gutierrez, Filipino, 47, is a Vice President of ALI effective January 1, 2020, and is currently the Chief Operating Officer and Project Development Group Head of Alveo Land Corp. He is concurrently President of Alveo Federal Land Communities, Inc. and Solinea, Inc. Furthermore, he is currently the Vice Chairman of Ayala Land International Sales, Inc. and a Director of Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc. In his more than 16 years in the company, he has handled and led various functions in residential, commercial, office and leisure development, such as project development, business development, sales, marketing and human resources management. He graduated from the De La Salle University with a degree in BS Industrial Engineering with minor in Mechanical Engineering in 1994 and completed his MBA from the Asian Institute of Management in 2000. He completed the Advanced Management Program from the National University of Singapore in 2016. He is also a licensed Real Estate Broker.

Javier D. Hernandez, Filipino, 51, has been Vice President of ALI since April 2017. He is currently the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Ten Knots Group, responsible for the overall management of El Nido Resorts and LIO Estate in El Nido, Palawan. In addition, he serves as Vice Chairman of Pangulasian Island Resort Corporation; President and Treasurer of Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.; Director and Treasurer of El Nido Foundation; and Vice President for Operations of Alabang Commercial Corporation. He is a Director in South Innovative Theater Management, North Triangle

Depot Commercial Corporation, Primavera Towncentre, Inc., Ayalaland Malls Vismin, Inc., Ten Knots Philippines, Inc., Bacuit Bay Development Corporation, Ecoholdings Company, Inc., Regent Horizons Conservation Company, Inc., LIO Tourism Estate Management Corp., Chirica Resorts Corporation, Pangulasian Island Resort Corp., LIO Resort Ventures, Inc., North Liberty Resort Ventures, Inc. and Paragua Eco-Resort Ventures, Inc. He has worked for Ayala Land for more than 25 years, spending seven years with Mall Operations, four years with the Sales and Marketing Group, thereafter rejoining the Malls group for another 13 years before transferring to AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts mid-2016. He graduated with a Bachelors Degree in Business Administration from the San Francisco State University.

Joseph Carmichael Z. Jugo, Filipino, 45, is a Vice President of ALI. and is currently the Managing Director of Ayala Land Premier. He is concurrently Chairman & President of Ayalaland Premier, Inc., Roxas Land Corp., OLC Development Corp., Southportal Properties, Inc.; Vice Chairman & President of Ayala Hotels., Inc.; Chairman of Ayalaland Sales, Inc., Ayalaland Club Management, Inc., Verde Golf Development Corp.; President and Chief Executive Officer of Ayala Greenfield Development Corp., Ayala Greenfield Golf & Leisure Club, Inc.; President of BGWest Properties, Inc., Anvaya Cove Golf & Sports Club, Inc.; Director of Anvaya Cove Beach & Nature Club, Inc., Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc., Serendra, Inc. and Ayala Center Estate Association. In his more than 15 years in the company, he has been a part of and handled various business lines including business development for the retail and malls group, project development for the residential business group, project development for the leisure group and sales for the local and international markets. He graduated from the Ateneo de Manila with a degree in Management Economics in 1997 and completed his MBM from the Asian Institute of Management (with Distinction) in 2002. He attended the International Graduate Student Exchange Program at the Tuck School of Business, Dartmouth College in 2002 and completed the INSEAD Asian International Executive Programme (AIEP) in 2015.

Michael Alexis C. Legaspi, Filipino, 60, is a Vice President of ALI and is serving as President & CEO of AyalaLand Hotels & Resorts Corporation (AHRC), owner of a portfolio of global hotel brands, and also owner, developer and operator of its home grown Seda Hotels. AHRC currently has 26 hotels and resorts in its portfolio with 10 more under construction. He is concurrently the Chairman of Ten Knots Development Corporation, owner-operator of the world-renowned El Nido Resorts group in Palawan comprised of four eco-tourism island resorts namely, Miniloc Island Resort, Lagen Island Resort, Apulit Island Resort, Pangalusian Island Resort plus an assortment of various mainland resorts. Healso sits as President of the owning companies of the Fairmont and Raffles Hotels Makati, Holiday Inn & Suites Makati, and the various Seda Hotels in Bonifacio Global City, Nuvali, Davao, Cagayan de Oro, Iloilo, Quezon City and Bacolod, while serving as a director in other companies and corporations under the ALI Group He is also Vice President and Director of the Philippine Hotel Owners Association. He is a graduate of the Philippine Science High School and the University of the Philippines, Diliman.

Christopher B. Maglanoc, Filipino, 49, is a Vice President of ALI since April 2013 and is currently President of Avida Land Corporation. He was Chief Operating Officer and Head of Project and Strategic Management in Avida Land before he was elected as President of the Company on January 1, 2012. Prior to his stint in Avida in 2004, he occupied Management positions in various business units in ALI (i.e. Commercial Centers, Corporate Planning, and Alveo Land, Inc.). His other significant positions are Chairman of Avida Sales Corp.; President of Avencosouth Corp.; and Director of AmicaSSA Process Solutions, Inc., BellaVita, Blue Horizons Holdings Pte Ltd., and BGNorth Properties, Inc. He graduated from UP Los Baños with degrees in BA Sociology and BS Economics in 1990 and 1992, respectively. He finished his MBA from the Asian Institute of Management and attended the International Student Exchange Program in Copenhagen Business School in Denmark in 1997.

Michael F. Magpusao, Filipino, 46, is a Vice President of ALI effective January 1, 2020. He currently serves as the Chief Operating Officer and Corporate Chief Engineer of Ayala Property Management Corporation (APMC). He is also concurrently APMC's Corporate Safety Officer, Corporate Professional Mechanical Engineer, and Corporate Energy Manager, and the President of Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc. (PhilEnergy). He has over 20 years of industry experience. He served as Technical Support Group Manager and Project Manager of APMC from 1996 to 2004. Before joining ALI he was Executive Director and Head of Global Real Estate of JP Morgan Chase & Co.(Philippine Branch) from 2010 to 2016; Vice President and Corporate Realty Services Asset Manager of Citibank, N.A. (Manila Branch) from 2004 to 2010;; and Operation Engineer of Procter and Gamble Philippines from 1995 to 1996. He has served as a professor of the Mechanical Engineering Department at the Mapua Institute of Technology since 1996. He is a licensed Mechanical Engineer since 2001, a licensed

OSH Consultant as certified by the Department of Labor and Employment, and a Certified ASEAN Energy Manager by AEMAS. He earned his Bachelor of Science Degrees in Mechanical Engineering and Electrical Engineering both from the Mapua Institute of Technology in 1995 and 2001, respectively. He also has a Post Baccalaureate Diploma in Fire Safety Technology from the University of Makati in 2004.

Ferdie M. Mangali, 50, Filipino, is a Vice President of ALI effective January 1, 2020. He has headed the Corporate Resource and Services Group of Makati Development Corporation since May 2013 and concurrently acting as Head of Corporate Labor Relations for the Ayalaland Group. He is a member of the Board of MDC Equipment Solutions Inc. and a member of the Board Trustee of the Philippine Constructors Association. He is the former Head of the Corporate Human Resources, Customer Care and Product delivery Group of Avida Land Corporation, Business Group HR Head of the Ayala Land Commercial and Residential Group, HR Head of Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc., Amaia Land Corp., and BelaVita Land Corp. Prior to ALI, he was Labor Relations Manager of Pfizer Inc., HR Manager of Warner Lambert Inc., Business Group HR Officer of Intel Philippines and Manufacturing Plant HR Officer of Matsushita Electric Philippines Corporation (PANASONIC Philippines). He has a total 29 years of experience in Human Resource Management, Labor Relations and Organizational Development. He graduated from Polytechnic University of the Philippines with a degree in Bachelor in Human Behavior Technology major in Clinical Psychology and finished his Masters Degree in Labor and industrial Relations from the University of the Philippines, Diliman.

Romeo T. Menpin, Jr., Filipino, 50, is a Vice President of ALI since January 2014. He is currently the Head of the Construction Methods and Support Group of Makati Development Corporation (MDC). He is also currently the President of MDC Equipment Solutions, Inc. and MDC Congrete, Inc. He is also a Director of Philipipine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc. (PhilEnergy) Before joining MDC, he was a Director, President and Chief Operating Officer of Ayala Property Management Corporation (APMC) and also the President of PhilEnergy. He joined ALI in May 2008 from Kuok Group of Companies where he was a Vice President and Head of Mall Operations of Shangri-la Plaza Corporation. Prior to this, he also held various management positions from APMC and Laguna Technopark, Inc.. He graduated with a degree of Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering from Mapua Institute of Technology and completed units in Masters in Business Administration from De La Salle University in 2001.

Carol T. Mills, Filipino, 48, has served as Vice President of ALI since November 2016. She is the President of Ayala Land Offices, Inc. She is Chairman and President of various Ayala Land Offices subsidiaries namely UP North Property Holdings, Inc., First Gateway Real Estate Corp., ALO Prime Realty Corp., Glensworth Development Inc., Hillsford Property Corp., and Sunnyfield E-Office Corp.; President of North Eastern Commercial Corp. and Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp as well as Director of AREIT, Inc., North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp., ALI Capital Corp., DirectPower Services, Inc. and Central Block Developers Inc. She joined ALI in 1993 and prior to her current position, she was Deputy Head of Business Development for Ayala Malls from 2008 to 2013, General Manager for Alabang Town Center from 2004 to 2008, and Operations Manager for Glorietta from 2000 to 2004. She graduated Magna Cum Laude from the University of the Philippines in 1993 with a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration and earned her Masters in Business Administration from the Amos Tuck School of Business, Dartmouth College in New Hampshire, USA in 1998.

Rodelito J. Ocampo, Filipino, 57, is a Vice President of ALI since December 2010. He is currently Makati Development Corporation's (MDC's) Head of Construction Operations Group 1 and the President of MDC BuildPlus, Inc. Before his MDC assignment, he served as Technical Services Head of Avida Land Corp. and Alveo Land Corp., wholly owned subsidiaries of ALI, and Head of the Construction Management of ALI Residential Buildings. Prior to joining ALI, he was employed by a construction firm where he held various engineering and project management positions for a period of 10 years. He is a licensed Civil Engineer. He graduated from Mapua Institute of Technology with a degree in BS Civil Engineering in 1983.

Ginaflor C. Oris, Filipino, 52, is currently a Vice President of ALI and the Chief Finance Officer and Corporate Finance and Procurement Group Head of Makati Development Corporation (MDC). Prior to her assignment to MDC, she was the Managing Director for Corporate Finance and Asset Management of Ayala Corporation (AC). She was concurrently the CFO of Azalea Group, which held AC's various investments in information and communications technology (ICT), business process outsourcing (BPO), venture capital funds and emerging market funds. She brings with her more than 25 years of experience gained from AC and BPI Capital Corporation covering strategic financial management, execution of

mergers, acquisitions and divestment transactions, financial reporting, controls, risk management and oversight of some of AC's portfolio investments and other assets. She graduated Honorable Mention from the Ateneo de Manila University with a degree of B.S Mathematics major in Computer Science in 1987. She took up Master in Business Management at the Asian Institute of Management as an Asian Development Bank scholar and graduated in 1992.

Darwin L. Salipsip, Filipino, 47 is a Vice President of ALI and is currently the Head of Construction Operations Group 3 of Makati Development Corporation (MDC). He is concurrently a Vice President and member of the Management Committee of MDC. In his more than 20 years with the Company, he has been part of the various business lines of residential and commercial businesses as Construction Management Manager. Prior to his current role, he served as MDC's Construction Management Group Head and Commercial Group Head. He graduated with honors (cum laude) from the University of the Philippines with a Bachelor's degree in Civil Engineering in 1993 and completed his Masters of Engineering from Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1997. He is a licensed Civil Engineer, ranked Top 2 when he took the National Licensure Examination for Civil Engineers.

Angelica L. Salvador, Filipino, 57, is a Vice President of ALI, and is currently the Controller of the Company. Her other key functions are as President of Aprisa Business Process Solutions, Inc. and Director of Amaia Land Corp., AmicaSSa Process Solutions, Inc., and North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp. Prior to her current assignment, she was the Chief Finance Officer of the ALI Residential Business Group and of various ALI-owned subsidiaries including Alveo Land Corp., Ayala Property Management Corp., Ayala Land International Sales, Inc., and Laguna Technopark, Inc. Before joining ALI, she was part of the Internal Audit Team of Ayala Corporation. She graduated cum laude from the University of the Philippines Diliman with Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration and Accountancy, and obtained her Master in Business Management (MBM) degree from the Asian Institute of Management.

Eliezer C. Tanlapco, Filipino, 70, is the Group Head of Human Resources and Public Affairs and member of the Management Committee of ALI. Prior to this role, he was a Human Resources Consultant for Ayala Group Legal and Ayala Corporation from which he retired as Employee Relations and Services Director. He was ALI's Vice President for Human Resources; Vice Chair of Ayala Group HR Council, Ayala Group Corporate Security Council, and Champion of Ayala Group Labor Relations Network He is a member of the Board of Directors of Ayala Multi-Purpose Cooperative.. He has had extensive work experience as Senior Leader in Human Resources and Community Development for multinational companies locally and abroad. He practiced law with a law firm and with the Office of the President of the Philippines. He holds a Bachelor of Arts degree from the University of the Philippines and earned his Law Degree at Ateneo de Manila University. He completed his Management Development Program from the Asian Institute of Management, and Strategic Business Economics Program from the University of Asia and the Pacific, both with distinction.

Maria Rowena Victoria M. Tomeldan, Filipino, 58, is the Vice President and Head of the Real Estate Logistics and Special Investments of ALI. She is the President of AyalaLand Logistics Holdings Inc., a publicly listed subsidiary of ALI, which owns and manages Laguna Technopark, Cavite Technopark, Laguindingan Technopark, Tutuban Center and Southpark Mall. Her other significant positions include: Chairman of the Board of Laguna Technopark, Inc (LTI); Chairman and President of AMSI, Inc., Orion Property Development, Inc., LCI Commercial Ventures, Inc., FLT Prime Insurance Corporation and Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp. and, ESTA Galleria, a wholesale distributor of premium quality tiles; and Director of Ayalaland Commercial Reit, Inc. Presently, she is also a board member of the International Council of Shopping Centers (ICSC) - Asia Advisory Board. She is a 2015 ICSC Trustees Distinguished Service Awardee. She graduated as cum laude of Bachelor of Arts in Economics from the University of the Philippines in 1983 and earned her Masters in Business Administration degree from the same university in 1988. She finished the Executive Development Program at the Aresty Institute of Executive Education in Wharton University, Pennsylvania, USA in 2005.

Jennylle S. Tupaz, Filipino, 47, is Vice President of ALI and head of the AyalaMalls Group. Prior to joining the commercial business of ALI in 2018, she was involved in the residential development business for over 21 years. She was president of Alveo Land Corp., ALI's upscale residential brand, where she spent 11 years leading project development. She held earlier positions in Avida and the then Leisure & Lifestyle Communities Group of ALI. She holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Statistics from the University of the Philippines, and a Master's Degree in Business Administration from the University of Chicago Booth School of Business.

Amelia Ann T. Alipao, Filipino, 57 is currently Assistant Vice President and Chief Information Officer of ALI. She is also the Group Data Protection Officer for ALI Group of Companies and currently a member of the Data Privacy Council for Real Estate of the National Privacy Commission. She passed her Data Protection Officer ACE Level 1 Certification issued by the National Privacy Commission last August 23, 2019. She is also a member of the Board of APRISA Business Process Inc. Last year, she was appointed back as a member of the ALI Corporate Bidding Committee, a role she previously occupied in 2009-2011 and acted as Chairperson. Prior to joining ALI, she took on dual roles in SAP Philippines as Account Manager handling government accounts and as Project Manager for SAP Implementation. She also served as Assistant Vice President in Coca-Cola Bottlers Inc where she handled various IT systems implementation and delivery. Her IT career started as an IT Instructor in I/Act of SGV. Her experience combines agile exposure as an IT practitioner for over 2 decades. She holds a Bachelor in Arts in Biology and Bachelor of Science in Business Management from De La Salle University.

Ma. Divina Y. Lopez, Filipino, 48, is currently Assistant Vice President and Chief Audit Executive of ALI. She is a member of the Institute of Internal Auditors Philippines (IIAP). Prior to this post, she was President of Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc. and Chief Finance Officer of the Residential Business Group of ALI. She holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration and Accountancy from the University of the Philippines and placed 11th in the CPA Board Examinations in 1993. She obtained a Master of Science degree in Computational Finance from De La Salle University in 2002.

Solomon M. Hermosura, Filipino, 57, has served as the Corporate Secretary of the Company since April 2011 and the Group General Counsel of the Company since April 2014. He is a Managing Director of Ayala Corporation and a member of its Management Committee since 2009 and the Ayala Group Management Committee since 2010. He is the Group Head of Corporate Governance, Chief Legal Officer, Compliance Officer, Corporate Secretary and Data Protection Officer of Ayala Corporation. He is the CEO of Ayala Group Legal. He also serves as Corporate Secretary of Globe Telecom, Inc., Manila Water Company, Inc., Integrated Micro-Electronics, Inc., Ayala Foundation, Inc. and AC Energy Philippines, Inc. He also serves as a Corporate Secretary and a member of the Board of Directors of a number of companies in the Ayala group. He is currently a member of the faculty of the College of Law of San Beda University. He graduated valedictorian with Bachelor of Laws degree from San Beda College in 1986 and placed third in the 1986 Bar Examination.

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

- I, **REX MA. A. MENDOZA**, Filipino, of legal age and a resident of No. 10 San Antonio St., Magallanes Village, Makati City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law do hereby declare that:
- 1. I am a nominee for independent director of **AYALA LAND**, **INC.** for its Annual Stockholders' Meeting on April 22, 2020.
- 2. I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations:

Company/Organization	Position/Relationship	Period Of Service
Rampver Financials	Director	September 1993 - Present
Globe Telecom, Inc.	Independent Director	April 2014-Present
Esquire Financing, Inc.	Independent Director	April 2013-Present
The Cullinan Group	Director	April 2005-Present
TechnoMarine Enterprises	Director	April 2002-Present
Philippines, Inc.		
Seven Tall Trees Events	Director	September 2004-Present
Company, Inc.		
AyalaLand Logistics Holdings,	Independent Director	February 2016 – Present
Corp.*		
National Reinsurance	Independent Director	2019 - Present
Corporation of the Philippines*		
Seedbox Technologies, Inc.	Director	2019 – Present
Singapore Life Philippines, Inc.	Director	2019 – Present

^{*}publicly-listed company on the Philippine Stock Exchange

- 3. I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of **AYALA LAND, INC.**, as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code, its Implementing Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances.
- 4. I am not related to any of the directors/officers/substantial shareholders of Ayala Land, Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates other than the relationships provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Securities Regulation Code.
- 5. To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding.
- 6. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code and its implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance and other SEC Issuances.
- 7. I shall inform the Corporate Secretary of Ayala Land, Inc. of any changes in the abovementioned information within five days from its occurrence.

Done, this	at Makati City.		
		/	A

REX MA. M. MENDOZA

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this	day of February 2020 at
Makati City, affiant personally appeared before me and exhibited	to me his Passport No.
P6999664A issued at DFA Manila, Philippines on May 02, 2018.	•
Doc. No;	
Page No;	
Book No;	
Series of 2020.	

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

- I, Rizalina G. Mantaring, of legal age and a resident of 12 Vicente Lim St., Ayala Heights, Quezon City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law do hereby declare that:
 - 1. I am a nominee for independent director of Ayala Land, Inc. for its Annual Stockholders Meeting to be held on April 22, 2020 and have been its independent director since April 7, 2014.
 - 2. I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations

COMPANY/ORGANIZATION	POSITION/RELATIONSHIP	PERIOD OF SERVICE
Sun Life Grepa Financial, Inc.	Director	7 years 5 months
PHINMA Corp. Inc.	Independent Director	10 months
First Philippine Holdings, Inc.	Independent Director	3 years 10 months
Microventures Foundation, Inc.	Independent Director	6 years
Makati Business Club	Trustee/Treasurer	2 years 5 months/9 months
Philippine Business for Education	Trustee	2 years 10 months
East Asia Computer, Inc.	Independent Director	1 year 5 months
Roosevelt College	Independent Director	1 year 5 months
Far Eastern University (Alabang)	Independent Director	1 year
PPCRV	Trustee	3 months
Operation Smile Philippines	Trustee	3 months

- 3. I possess all the qualification and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of Ayala Land, Inc., as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code, its Implementing Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances.
- 4. I am related to the following director/officer/substantial shareholder of Ayala Land, Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Securities Regulation Code. (where applicable).

NAME OF DIRECTOR/ OFFICER/ SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDER	COMPANY	NATURE OF RELATIONSHIP
N/A		

- 5. To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding.
- 6. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code and its implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance and other SEC Issuances.
- 7. I shall inform the Corporate Secretary of Ayala Land, Inc. of any changes in the abovementioned information within five days from its occurrence.

Done, this	day of MAR 26 2020,	, at MAKATI CITY
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MAR 26 2020 at SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this of day MAKATI CITY , affiant personally appeared before me and exhibited to me /her PASSPORT NO. EC5964028 issued at DFA MANIA on NOVEMBER 13, 2015

Doc. No. 498 Page No. 101 Book No. XVI Series of 2020.

Notarial DST pursuant to Sec. 188 of the Tax Code affixed on Notary Public's copy.

MARIA PAULA G. ROMERO-BAUTISTA Notary Public – Makati City Appt. No. M-150 until December 31, 2021 Roll of Attorneys No. 58335 IBP No. 099040 - 12/16/2019 - Makati City PTR No. 8116905MG - 01/02/2020 - Makati City MCLE Compliance No. VI-0009490 - 06/20/2018 27th Floor Tower One and Exchange Plaza Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue Makati City, Philippines

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

I, SHERISA P. NUESA, Filipino, of legal age, and resident of 306 Lian Street, Ayala Alabang Village, Muntinlupa City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with the law, do hereby declare that:

1. I am a nominee of Ayala Land, Inc., for its Annual Stockholders Meeting to be held on April 22, 2020.

2. I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations:

Company/Organization	Position/Relationship	Period of Service
ALFM Mutual Funds Group *	President/Board Director	May 2012
AC Energy Philippines Inc.	Independent Director	April 2019
Integrated Micro-Electronics, Inc.	Independent Director	April 2018
Manila Water Company	Independent Director	April 2013
FEU Group: Far Eastern University, Inc.	Independent Trustee	August 2010
East Asia Computer Center Inc.	Independent Director	March 2014
Far Eastern College Silang, Inc.	Independent Director	June 2019
FERN Realty Corp.	Independent Director	August 2012
Vicsal Development Corporation	Board Adviser	March 2012
Metro Retail Stores, Group Inc. (MRSGI)	Senior Adviser to BoD	August 2015
Judicial Reform Initiative	Board Trustee/Chair	May 2017
Institute of Corporate Directors (ICD)	Board Trustee	May 2012
Financial Executives Institute of the Phils Foundation	Board Trustee	January 2020

^{*} ALFM: Board Director since 2012; President since 2013

I am not affiliated with any Government-Owned and Controlled Corporation.

- 3. I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of Ayala Land, Inc., as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code, its Implementing Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances.
- 4. To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding.
- 5. I am not related to any director/officer/substantial shareholder of Ayala Land, Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Securities Regulation Code. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code and its implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance and other SEC Issuances.
- 6. I shall inform the Corporate Secretary of Ayala Land, Inc. of any changes in the abovementioned information within five days from its occurrence.

MAR 11 2020 day of at Makati City.

> SHERISA P. NUESA **Affiant**

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this City, affiant exhibited to me her Passport No. P8595622A issued on 04 September 2018 in Manila.

Doc. No. <u>122</u>; Page No. 26 Book No. VIII

Series of 2020.

Notarial DST pursuant to Sec. 188 of the Tax Code affixed on Notary Public's copy.

Notary Public - Makati City Appt. No. M-187 until December 31, 2020 Roll of Attorneys No. 64676 Lifetime IBP No. 019509 - 01/04/18 - Bulacan

PTR No. 8 N 6896MG - 01/02/2020 - Makati City MCLE Compliance No. VI -0009493 - 06/20/2018 27th Floor Tower One and Exchange Plaza

Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue Makati City, Philippines

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

- I, Cesar V. Purisima, Filipino, of legal age and a resident of 1567 Cypress Street, Dasmarinas Village, Makati City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law do hereby declare that:
 - 1. I am a nominee for independent director of Ayala Land, Inc. for its Annual Stockholders' Meeting on April 22, 2020 and have been its independent director since April 18, 2018.
 - 2. I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations (including Government-Owned and Controlled Corporation):

COMPANY/ORGANIZATION	POSITION/RELATIONSHIP	PERIOD OF SERVICE
AIA Group Limited	Independent Non-Executive	September 2017 to
	Director	present
Milken Institute	Asia Fellow	August 2016 to
		present
Asian Institute of Management	Executive in-Residence	October 2016 to
		present
International Advisory Council	Member	June 2017 to
(Phils)		present
Singapore Management University		
De La Salle University	Member	December 2017 to
		present
International School Manila	Trustee	2017 to present
Universal Robina Corporation	Independent Director	May 2018 to
		present
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corp.	Global Advisory Council	July 2018 to
	Member	present
Ikhlas Capital Singapore Pte. Ltd	Founding Partner	March 2019 to
		present
Unistar Credit and Finance	Independent Non-Executive	April 2019 to
Corporation	Director	present
WWF-Philippines	Member Board of Trustees	October 2019 to
		present

I am not affiliated with any Government-Owned and Controlled Corporation.

- 3. I possess all the qualification and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of Ayala Land, Inc., as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code, its Implementing Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances.
- 4. I am not related to any director/officer/substantial shareholder of Ayala Land, Inc and its subsidiaries and affiliates other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Securities Regulation Code.
- 5. To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding.
- 6. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code and its implementing Rules and Regulations,

7. I shall inform the Corporate Secretary of Ayala Land, Inc. of any changes in the abovementioned information within five days from its occurrence.
Done, this day of, at
CESAR V. PURISIMA
Affiant
SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this day of at affiant personally appeared before me and exhibited to me his Passport No. <u>P1834993A</u> issued at Manila on <u>February 02, 2017</u> .
Doc. No; Page No; Book No; Series of 2020.

ANNEX "C"

I. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION

Review of 2019 operations vs 2018

In 2019, net income after tax (attributable to equity holders) of Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI or "the company") grew by 13% to PHP33.19 billion from PHP29.24 billion in 2018.

Total revenues (which includes real estate sales, interest income from real estate sales, equity in net earnings, and interest and investment income, and other income) increased by 2% to PHP168.79 billion from PHP166.25 billion the previous year, mainly driven by real estate revenues which grew by 1% to PHP157.85 billion from PHP155.95 billion in 2018. Revenues were also supported by office and commercial and industrial lot sales and higher contribution of new leasing assets.

The company introduced three new estates and successfully launched PHP158.96-billion worth of projects, surpassing its initial estimate of PHP130 billion. Its leasing portfolio continued to expand to 2.1 million and 1.2 million sq. meters of gross leasing area for malls and offices, respectively, and to 3,705 rooms for hotels and resorts.

Capital expenditure reached PHP108.72 billion to support the buildup of residential and leasing projects.

Business Segments

The details of the individual performance of each business segment are discussed as follows:

Property Development. This segment includes the sale of residential lots and units, office spaces, and commercial and industrial lots, and the operations of the Malaysia-based consolidated subsidiary MCT Bhd.

Property development revenues amounted to PHP109.69 billion, a 3% dip from 2018's PHP113.36 billion.

Residential. Revenues from the sale of residential lots and units and MCT Bhd's operations were lower by 9% at PHP86.09 billion from PHP94.63 billion in 2018. The decline was due to the lower contribution of AyalaLand Premier (13% drop from PHP28.00 billion in 2018 to PHP24.45 billion in 2019) and ALVEO (28% decrease from 26.28 billion in 2018 to PHP19.00 billion last year). Most of their vertical projects recognized in 2019 were booked in previous periods and are now nearing completion.

Contributions from new **AyalaLand Premier** (ALP) projects and higher completion progress of Park Central South Tower in Makati City, One Vertis Plaza in Vertis North, Quezon City and West Gallery Place in Bonifacio Global City (BGC) were offset by lower incremental percentage of completion (POC) from East Gallery Place and The Suites in BGC and Garden Towers in Makati City as they near completion.

ALVEO's revenues were primarily affected by lower incremental POC of Verve Residences 1 and 2 in BGC and Ardia Phase 3 in Vermosa, Cavite.

On the other hand, **Avida**'s revenues grew by 13% to PHP27.36 billion in 2019 from previous year's PHP24.22 billion, with completion progress of Avida Towers Sola 2 in Vertis North, Quezon City and new bookings and incremental POC of Avida Verra Settings Vermosa Phase 1 in Vermosa, Cavite and Avida Towers Vireo Tower 1 in Arca South, Taguig City.

Amaia's revenues remained flat, at PHP7.37 billion from previous year's PHP7.36 billion with lower bookings and higher incremental POC of Amaia Steps Alabang Delicia

in Muntinlupa City; Amaia Steps Capitol Central South in Bacolod City, Negros Occidental; and Amaia Steps Nuvali Parkway in Sta. Rosa, Laguna. Meanwhile, **BellaVita**'s revenues rose by 4% to PHP1.20 billion from PHP1.15 billion in 2018, due to bookings from projects in Alaminos and Pila, both in Laguna, and in Iloilo.

The average GP (gross profit) of vertical projects improved to 39% from 34% due to ALP's Park Central South Tower, Garden Towers 2, and East Gallery Place; ALVEO's Orean Place Tower 1, Celadon, and Travertine; and Avida Towers Sola Tower 2. The average GP of horizontal projects slightly rose to 45% from 44%.

MCT Bhd recognized revenues of PHP6.71 billion in 2019, 12% lower than previous year's PHP7.60 billion, due to the sellout of projects in CyberSouth in Klang Valley, Malaysia.

Office for Sale. Revenues from the sale of office spaces grew by 12% to PHP12.34 billion from PHP11.0 billion in 2018 due to completion progress and new bookings from ALVEO High Street South Corporate Plaza, Park Triangle Corporate Plaza, and ALVEO Financial Tower. Improved margins of ALVEO High Street South Corporate Plaza, ALVEO Park Triangle Towers, and ALVEO Financial Tower significantly improved the average GP of offices for sale to 43%.

Commercial and Industrial Lots. Revenues from the sale of commercial and industrial lots increased by 46% to PHP11.27 billion from PHP7.73 billion, due to lot sales from Altaraza, Vermosa, Nuvali, and Broadfield. GP margins of commercial and industrial lots substantially increased to 62% from 50%, due to higher margins of commercial lots sold in Nuvali, Arca South, Altaraza, and Broadfield.

Total sales reservations grew by 3% to PHP145.9 billion from PHP141.9 billion in 2018. ALVEO and Avida fueled the growth, even as ALP tempered the same with few launches during the period.

Sales reservations by Philippines-based Filipinos also grew by 3% and accounted for 71% (valued at PHP104.2 billion) of all reservations, while those by Filipinos based abroad grew by 24%, accounting for 13% (valued at PHP19.4 billion) of the total.

Sales to other nationals, accounting for 16%, dipped by 10% to PHP22.2 billion from previous year's PHP24.8 billion. Participation of mainland Chinese buyers, who dominate sales to non-Filipinos, declined by 22% to PHP8.3 billion from PHP10.7 billion in 2018, resulting in a drop in their share in sales to other nationals to 38% from previous year's 49%.

ALI launched PHP158.96-billion worth of property development projects in 2019, surpassing the initial estimate of PHP130 billion.

Commercial Leasing. Total revenues from commercial leasing, consisting of the operations of shopping centers, office buildings, and hotels and resorts, increased by 13% to PHP39.31 billion from P34.91 billion in 2018, driven by the higher contribution of new leasing assets.

Shopping Centers. Revenues from shopping centers grew by 11% to PHP22.02 billion from PHP19.91 billion, supported by same-mall revenue growth of 8%, with increased contribution of new malls such as Ayala Malls Feliz, Capitol Central, and Circuit Makati. EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization) margin was sustained at 66%. The average occupancy rate of all malls was 88%, with the occupancy rate of stable malls at 93%. The GLA of all malls now stands at 2.12 million sq. meters with the addition of 213,000 sq. meters from the opening of Ayala North Exchange Retail, Ayala Malls Manila Bay, and Ayala Malls Central Bloc Cebu.

Offices. Revenues from office leasing increased by 12% to PHP9.67 billion from previous year's PHP8.61 billion, with the new offices in Ayala North Exchange, Vertis North, and Circuit Makati improving the segment's performance. It registered a slightly lower EBITDA margin of 90% from 91% in 2018. The average occupancy rate of all offices was 96%, with the occupancy rate of stable offices at 97%. Total office leasing GLA is now 1.17 million sq. meters, with 70,000 sq. meters added by the completion of Ayala North Exchange BPO, Manila Bay BPO Tower, and Central Bloc Corporate Center Tower 1 in Cebu.

Hotels and Resorts. Revenues from this segment grew by 19% to PHP7.62 billion from PHP6.39 billion in 2018 on strong patronage of Seda Ayala Center Cebu and Seda Lio. Higher occupancy and revenues per available room (REVPAR) at these two hotels were also responsible for increasing the overall EBITDA margin of hotels and resorts by 32% from previous year's 29%.

The average occupancy rate remains at healthy levels—70% for all hotels, 63% for all resorts, 78% for stable hotels, and 63% for stable resorts. The addition of 129 rooms—57 from SEDA BGC and 72 from SEDA Residences Ayala North Exchange—brings the total to 3,705 rooms.

The hotels and resorts business manages 660 hotel rooms in its international brand segment—312 from Fairmont Hotel and Raffles Residences and 348 from Holiday Inn & Suites, both of which are in the Ayala Center, Makati CBD.

There are now have 11 Seda Hotels, operating 2,367 rooms—Atria, Iloilo (152 rooms); BGC, Taguig (468); Centrio, Cagayan de Oro (150); Abreeza, Davao (186); Nuvali, Santa Rosa, Laguna (150); Vertis North, Quezon City (438); Capitol Central, Bacolod (154); Lio, Palawan (153); Ayala Center Cebu (301); Seda Residences Ayala North Exchange (215); and Circuit Corporate Residences (255). El Nido Resorts operates 193 rooms from its four island resorts—Pangulasian, Lagen, Miniloc, and Apulit. The Lio Tourism Estate currently has 152 rooms under its Bed and Breakfast (B&B) and Dormitel offerings, while the Sicogon Tourism Estate in Iloilo currently has 78 B&B rooms.

Services. This segment consists of ALI's construction business through Makati Development Corporation (MDC); property management through Ayala Property Management Corporation (APMC); and other companies engaged in power services (Direct Power Services, Inc.; Ecozone Power Management, Inc.; and Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc.) and airline services for the hotels and resorts business (AirSWIFT). Total revenues from the services business amounted to PHP8.85 billion, 15% higher than previous year's PHP7.69 billion.

Net construction revenues reached PHP3.40 billion, 42% higher than previous year's PHP2.39 billion, gained from higher revenues from external contracts.

APMC and the power services companies posted revenues of P5.45 billion, 3% higher than previous year's PHP5.30 billion.

Blended EBITDA margins of the services business stayed relatively flat to 10% from 9% in 2018.

Equity in Net Earnings of Investees, Interest, Fees, Investment and Other Income

Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures totaled PHP965.79 million, 29% higher than the PHP749.92 million posted in 2018. FBDC companies more than doubled their revenues due to commercial lot sales and to leasing assets in BGC (One Bonifacio High Street and ALVEO High Street South Corporate Plaza Retail). Meanwhile, Ortigas Holdings grew its revenues from property sales and leasing by 29%.

Interest and investment income, consisting of interest income on real estate sales and accretion, amounted to P8.82 billion, 10% higher than previous year's PHP8.00 billion, despite lower interest income from short-term investments.

Other income, mostly from marketing and management fees from joint ventures, amounted to PHP1.16 billion, 25% lower than previous year's PHP1.54 billion which included the one-time sale transaction of assets by MCT Bhd.

Expenses

Total expenses were lower by 3% at PHP117.96 billion from previous year's PHP121.04 billion, as real estate expenses decreased by 6% to PHP94.75 billion from PHP101.08 billion in 2018.

General and administrative expenses (GAE) reached PHP9.37 billion, 3% higher than 2018's PHP9.10 billion as overhead costs rose in line with inflation. This resulted in a GAE ratio of 5.5% and improved EBIT margin of 34.25% from 30.37% the previous year.

Interest expense, financing, and other charges rose by 27% increase to PHP13.84 billion from PHP10.86 billion the previous year billion as a result of higher interest expense on a higher average daily loan balance.

Project and Capital Expenditure

ALI's capital expenditure amounted to PHP108.72 billion in 2019, mainly in support of the buildup of residential and leasing projects. Forty percent (40%) of the amount was spent on residential projects, 26% on commercial leasing, 17% on land acquisition, 14% on estate development, and 5% on other investments.

Financial Condition

As in previous years, the company's balance sheet is solidly positioned to support its growth plans.

Cash and cash equivalents, including short-term investments and UITF investments classified as FVPL, stood at PHP21.52 billion resulting in a current ratio of 1.30:1.

Total borrowings registered at PHP211.10 billion, translating to a debt-to-equity ratio of 0.87:1 and a net debt-to-equity ratio of 0.78:1.

Return on equity was at 16.66% as of December 31, 2019.

	End-December 2019	End-December 2018
Current ratio ¹	1.30:1	1.26:1
Debt-to-equity ratio ²	0.87:1	0.85:1
Net debt-to-equity ratio ³	0.78:1	0.72:1
Profitability Ratios:		
Return on assets ⁴	5.43%	5.35%
Return on equity 5	16.66%	16.52%
Asset to Equity ratio ⁶	2.94:1	3.04:1
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio ⁷	6.27	6.09

¹ Current assets / current liabilities

There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created in 2019.

² Total debt/ consolidated stockholders' equity (Total debt includes short-term debt, long-term debt and current portion of long-term debt)

³ Net debt/ consolidated stockholders' equity (Net debt is total debt less cash and cash equivalents, short term investments and financial assets through fvpl)

⁴ Total Net income / average total assets

⁵ Net income attributable to equity holders of ALI / average total stockholders' equity attributable to equity holders of ALI

⁶ Total Assets /Total stockholders' equity

⁷ EBITDA/Interest expense

Causes for any material changes (+/- 5% or more) in the financial statements

Income Statement items - December 2019 versus December 2018

Interest income from real estate sales and interest & investment income higher by 10% due to higher yield from residential business.

Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures grew by 29% mainly coming from increased performance of FBDC companies, OHI's property sales, malls and offices, partially offset by negative equity pick-up of Rize Ayala (RWIL).

Other Income lower by 25% due to recognition of Gain on sale of MCT Bhd's subsidiaries (One City Properties SDN BHD and Ecity Hotel SDN BHD) P237M and P265M respectively in 2018, partially offset by Gain on sale of Vertex One Bldg. amounted to P177M.

Interest and other financing charges and other charges grew by 27% mainly due to increase in interest expense due higher ADB and this year's recognition of Interest expense-PFRS 16.

Provision for income tax increased by 11% due to higher taxable income mainly coming from real estate.

Balance Sheet items - December 2019 versus December 2018

Cash and cash equivalents decreased by 15% due to capital expenditures from Residential, Leasing and Land acquisitions.

Short-term investments went down by 80% due to capital expenditures from Residential, Leasing and Land acquisitions.

Real estate Inventories increased by 15% mainly from new launches from residential projects.

Other current assets higher by 10% mostly due to presentation of Advances to Contractors from Accounts and Notes Receivable to Other current assets, and also due to the increase in CWT and Input VAT mainly from residential projects.

Non-current Accounts and Notes Receivable increased by 17% primarily due to higher bookings of AR.

Investments in associates and jointly controlled entities grew by 8% attributable to additional investments to AKL and ALI Eton.

Investment properties up by 8% due to completion of investment properties from leasing and resorts.

Property and equipment improved by 20% mainly coming from the increase in Hotel PPE and MCT Bhd.

Other noncurrent assets higher by 22% mainly due increase in bookings of leasehold rights and deposits.

Short-term debt grew by 25% due to increase in borrowing to support property development, mall operations and land acquisitions.

Account and other payables decreased by 5% due to capital expenditures from Residential, Leasing and Land acquisitions.

Current portion of long-term debt lower by 26% due to settlement of matured long-term loans.

Deposit and other current liabilities increased by 11% primarily due to the increase in deposits and reservation fees from various residential projects and offices group's one year advance rental income from tenants.

Long-term debt up by 18% mainly from availment of new long-term loans.

Deposit and other noncurrent liabilities lower by 14% primarily driven by leasing group's decrease in security deposits, reservations and advance rental deposits.

Review of 2018 operations vs 2017

2018 was another year of robust growth for Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI or "the Company"), posting total revenues of P166.25 billion and net income of P29.24 billion, for a solid top line and bottomline growth of 17% and 16%, respectively.

The strong performance of property development and commercial leasing, supported by the full consolidation of Malaysia-based subsidiary MCT Bhd, boosted revenues from Real Estate by 17% to P155.96 billion.

Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) margin improved by a quarter percentage point, to 30.37% from 30.11% in 2017.

BUSINESS SEGMENTS

Property Development. This segment includes the sale of residential lots and units, office spaces, commercial and industrial lots, and the operations of MCT Bhd. Total revenues from Property Development grew by 18%, to P113.36 billion from P96.39 billion previous year.

Residential. Driven by new bookings and project completions, revenues from the sale of Ayala Land residential lots and units and from MCT Bhd's operations reached P94.63 billion, an 18% growth from previous year's P79.90 billion.

Revenues generated by **AyalaLand Premier (ALP)** rose by 6% to £28.00 billion from £26.50 billion previous year, due to bookings from The Courtyards in Vermosa, Cavite and The Alcoves in Cebu Business Park and higher completion of The Suites at the Bonifacio Global City, Taguig, Metro Manila.

Alveo posted slightly higher revenues at ₽26.29 billion from previous year's ₽26.17 billion. The increase is attributed to bookings from Orean Place Tower 1 at Vertis North, Quezon City, Metro Manila and Travertine Tower at Portico, Pasig City, Metro Manila, and higher completion at The Residences at Evo City in Kawit, Cavite.

Bookings from Avida Towers Sola Tower 2 at Vertis North; Altura Tower 2 at South Park District, Muntinlupa City, Metro Manila; Asten Tower 3 at Makati City; and higher completion of Sola Tower 1 at Vertis North fueled **Avida**'s 16% revenue growth to P24.22 billion from previous year's P20.84 billion.

Amaia posted a 20% improvement in revenues, to \$\text{P7.36}\$ billion from \$\text{P5.74}\$ billion, as a result of bookings and higher completion from Amaia Skies Shaw Tower 1 in Mandaluyong City, Metro Manila; Amaia Skies Cubao Tower 2 in Quezon City; Amaia Scapes General Trias in Cavite; and Amaia Steps Nuvali, Laguna. Meanwhile, bookings from \$\text{BellaVita}\$'s projects in Pillila, Rizal; Cabanatuan East, Nueva Ecija; and Iloilo almost doubled its revenues to \$\text{P1.15}\$ billion from \$\text{P652}\$ million previous year.

Overall, the average GP (gross profit) of Ayala Land's vertical projects improved to 34% from 30% due to higher margins from Alveo's High Park Tower 2, Orean Place Tower 1 and Avida's Sola Tower 2 in Vertis North and Avida's project in Southpark District, Altura Tower 2. On the other hand, the average GP of horizontal projects decreased to 44% from 47% due to the lower contribution of higher margin projects.

MCT Bhd recognized revenues of P7.60 billion from sales and completion progress of its projects in Cybersouth, an integrated development in Southern Klang Valley, and Lakefront, a residential project in Cyberjaya.

Office for Sale. Higher bookings from One Vertis Plaza in Vertis North and The Stiles East Enterprise Plaza in Circuit Makati and higher completion progress of Park Triangle Corporate Plaza in BGC and the Alveo Financial Tower in Makati CBD hiked revenues from the sale of office spaces by 16%, to P11.00 billion from P9.45 billion previous year. However, the lack of higher margin inventory resulted in a lower GP margin of 33% from 37% the previous year.

Commercial and Industrial Lots. Revenues from the sale of commercial and industrial lots grew by 10% to P7.73 billion from P7.04 billion, driven by commercial lot sales in the Vis-Min estates and in Evo City, Cavite, and industrial lot sales in Alviera, Pampanga and in the Cavite Technopark. The sale of commercial lots in Arca South, Alviera, Evo City and Lio and of industrial lots in Alviera and Cavite Technopark moved the GP margin of this segment upwards to 50% from previous year's 40%.

Strong demand from both local and overseas Filipinos fueled a full-year 16% increase in sales reservations, reaching P141.9 billion from previous year's P121.96 billion. In the fourth quarter alone, reservation sales grew by 21% to PHP 33.8 billion. On the other hand, net booked sales reached P110.8 billion, a 14% increase from previous year's P96.9 billion, with the fourth quarter number growing by 9% to P32.7 billion.

In 2018, Ayala Land launched P139.4-billion worth of residential and office-for-sale projects.

Commercial Leasing. This segment covers the operation of shopping centers, office buildings, and hotels and resorts. Total revenues from commercial leasing amounted to P34.91 billion, 17% higher than P29.94 billion posted a year ago.

Shopping Centers. The contribution of Greenbelt and Glorietta in Makati City and the improved performance of newly opened malls in Quezon City, such as UP Town Center, Ayala Malls Cloverleaf and Vertis North, and in Pasig City, namely Ayala Malls Feliz and The 30th boosted the segment's revenues by 13% to P19.91 billion from P17.66 billion. EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization) margin was maintained at 66%.

The average monthly lease rate was at P1,073 per sq. meter, while same mall rental grew by 6%. The average occupancy rate for all malls was 89%, while the occupancy rate of stable malls was higher at 95%.

The Company opened three new malls in 2018—Circuit Mall in Makati with 52,000 sq. meters of gross leasable area (GLA), Capitol Central Mall in Bacolod with 67,000 sq. meters, and One Bonifacio High Street in Taguig with 23,000 sq. meters—bringing the shopping centers' yearend GLA to 1.90 million sq. meters.

Offices. Revenues from office leasing rose by 29% to P8.61 billion from P6.66 billion due to the stabilized occupancy of new offices such as Vertis Corporate Center in Quezon City, Circuit Corporate Center in Makati City, and The 30th Corporate Center in Pasig City. Office leasing EBITDA margin was sustained at 91%.

The monthly lease rate for offices averaged P755 per sq. meter. The average occupancy rate for all offices was 91%, while the occupancy rate of stable offices was 96%. The Company completed four new offices in 2018—Bacolod Capitol Corporate Center with 11,000-sq. meters GLA, Vertis North Corporate Center 3 with 38,000 sq. meters, Ayala North Exchange HQ Tower with 20,000 sq. meters and another 22,000 sq. meters in its BPO Tower—bringing the offices' year-end GLA to 1.11 million sq. meters.

Hotels and Resorts. Full-year operations of Seda Vertis North, Seda Capitol Central Bacolod and the recently renovated Apulit Island Resort in El Nido, Palawan coupled with the improved performance of our B&B's nudged revenues from our hotels and resorts higher by 14%, to reach P6.39 billion from previous year's P5.62 billion. Average revenue-per-available-room (REVPAR) of all hotels and resorts slightly decreased by 1% to P3,531 and P7,989 a night, respectively. Meanwhile, REVPAR of stable hotels increased by 6% to P4,369 a night; that of stable resorts increased by 12% to P10,896. EBITDA margin of this segment improved to 29% from 28% previous year.

The average room rate a night of all hotels was P5,020, while that of stable hotels was PHP 5,593. Meanwhile, the average room rate a night of all resorts was P12,593, while that of stable resorts was P17,035. The average occupancy rates of all hotels and resorts were at 70% and 63%, respectively, while those of stable hotels and stable resorts were at 78% and 64%, respectively.

A total of 390 rooms were added to the portfolio—Seda Capitol Central, 108; Seda Lio, 118; Circuit Residences, 80; Lio Dormitel, 42; Huni Sicogon, 19; Drift Hostel Sicogon, 16; and Sicogon Dormitel, 7—bringing the total number of rooms in operation to 2,973 by end-2018.

The hotels and resorts business operates 660 hotel rooms under its international brand segment—312 for Fairmont Hotel and Raffles Residences, and 348 for Holiday Inn & Suites, both locked in Ayala Center, Makati CBD. Our homegrown Seda Hotels operates 1,828 rooms—Atria, Iloilo, 152; BGC, Taguig, 179; Centrio, Cagayan de Oro, 150; Abreeza, Davao, 186; Nuvali, Santa Rosa, Laguna, 150; Vertis North, Quezon City, 438; Capitol Central, Bacolod, 154; Lio, Palawan, 118; and Ayala Center Cebu, 301. El Nido Resorts operates 193 rooms in its four island resorts (Pangulasian, Lagen, Miniloc and Apulit), and Lio Tourism Estate currently has 144 rooms under its Bed and Breakfast (B&B) category and Dormitel offerings. Lastly, the Sicogon Tourism Estate in Iloilo currently operates 68 B&B rooms.

Services. This segment is composed of the Company's construction business through Makati Development Corporation (MDC); property management, through Ayala Property Management Corporation (APMC), power services, through Direct Power Services, Inc. (DPSI), Ecozone Power Management, Inc. (EPMI), and Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc. (PhilEnergy); and airline services firm AirSWIFT, for the hotels and resorts business. Total revenues of this segment rose by 5% to P76.72 billion from P72.81 billion previous year.

Construction. The increased order book of projects from the Ayala Land group resulted in a corresponding increase in construction revenues, reaching \$\mathbb{P}\$71.42 billion, 6% more than previous year's \$\mathbb{P}\$67.40 billion.

Property Management and Others. APMC, the power services companies, and AirSWIFT together posted revenues of P5.30 billion, a slight 2% decrease from the year-ago figure of P5.41 billion due to decreasing external retail electricity supply contracts.

Blended EBITDA margins of the Services business slightly declined to 9% from 10%.

Equity in Net Earnings of Investees, Interest, Interest on Real Estate Sales, Fees, Investment, and Other Income

The full consolidation of MCT Bhd into Ayala Land resulted in a 13% decrease in equity in net earnings of associates and JVs, to P750 million from previous year's P866 million. Meanwhile, interest, interest from real estate sales and investment income increased by 31% to P8.00 billion from P6.09 billion previous year due to higher interest income from money market placements and accretion on installment sales. Other income reached P1.54 billion, 31% lower year-on-year.

Project and Capital Expenditures

Ayala Land spent ₽110.1 billion in capital expenditures to support the aggressive completion of new projects, 41% of which was spent on residential projects; 23% on commercial projects; 15%, land acquisition; 12%, development of estates; and 9%, on investments.

Financial Condition

Ayala Land's balance sheet solidly positions the Company to pursue its growth plans.

Cash and cash equivalents, including short-term investments and UITF investments classified as FVPL, stood at \$\infty\$27.56 billion, resulting in a current ratio of 1.26:1.

Total borrowings amounted to P187.10 billion, translating to a debt-to-equity ratio of 0.85:1 and a net debt-to-equity ratio of 0.72:1.

Return on equity as of December 31, 2018 was at 16.5%.

	End-December 2018	End-December 2017
Current ratio ¹	1.26:1	1.30:1
Debt-to-equity ratio ²	0.85:1	0.91:1
Net debt-to-equity ratio ³	0.72:1	0.77:1
Profitability Ratios:		
Return on assets ⁴	5.35%	5.07%
Return on equity 5	16.52%	16.09%
Asset to Equity ratio ⁶	3.04:1	2.99:1
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio ⁷	6.1	6.0

¹ Current assets / current liabilities

There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created in 2017.

Causes for any material changes (+/- 5% or more) in the financial statements

Real estate revenues increased by 17% due to the consistent growth of property development and commercial leasing. Property development grew by 18% driven by new bookings and project completions from residential projects and sales of office spaces, commercial and industrial lots. Commercial leasing was higher by 17% coming from improved performance of newly opened malls.

Interest income from real estate sales and interest & investment income higher by 31% mainly due to higher rate in 2018 from short-term investments.

Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures went down by 13% primarily due to the consolidation of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018 from equity pickup treatment in 2017.

Other Income lower by 31% mainly due to the impact of the reversal of Comtrust impairment in 2017.

Real estate costs increased by 15% primarily driven by higher sales and incremental project completions from residential and leasing businesses.

General and administrative expenses higher by 25% due to the consolidation of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018.

Interest and other financing charges and other charges grew by 19% due to the increase in interest expense on banks as a result of higher average loan balance and bank rate in 2018.

Provision for income tax increased by 22% due to higher taxable income driven by higher real estate revenues.

Non-controlling interests higher by 39% as a result of the consolidation of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018.

² Total debt/ consolidated stockholders' equity (Total debt includes short-term debt, long-term debt and current portion of long-term debt)

³ Net debt/ consolidated stockholders' equity (Net debt is total debt less cash and cash equivalents, short term investments and financial assets through fvpl)

⁴ Total Net income / average total assets

⁵ Net income attributable to equity holders of ALI / average total stockholders' equity attributable to equity holders of ALI

⁶ Total Assets /Total stockholders' equity

⁷ EBITDA/Interest expense

Balance Sheet items - December 2018 versus December 2017

Cash and cash equivalents up by 14% primarily due to the consolidation of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018.

Short-term investments went down by 35% mainly coming from matured money market placements of Ayala Hotels Inc., BG West Properties, Inc., and Roxas Land Corp.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss lower by 12% due to the maturity of some investments in ARCH Capital Funds.

Real estate Inventories higher by 15% primarily due to the impact of PIC Q&A No. 2018-11 on the classification of land by real estate developer.

Other current assets lower by 8% mainly due to the decrease in input VAT, partly offset by increase in CWT mostly from residential projects.

Non-current accounts and notes receivable went down by 92% due to reclass to Contract asset, impact of the PFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers implementation in 2018.

Investments in associates and joint ventures lower by 13% driven by the consolidation of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018 from equity pickup treatment in 2017.

Investment properties up by 12% primarily due to the impact of PIC Q&A No. 2018-11 on the classification of land by real estate developer.

Property and equipment increased by 25% mainly coming from inclusion of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018.

Deferred tax assets higher by 22% due to additional DTA from PAS Straight-line recognition of revenue (Accounting Standard vs BIR) of leasing group.

Other noncurrent assets grew by 36% due to the increase in bookings of pre-operating expenses, deferred input VAT and deferred charges.

Account and other payables up by 25% mostly due to the consolidation of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018.

Short-term debt dropped by 18% due to conversion to long term debt from short term debt.

Income tax payable up by 165% due to higher taxable income primarily from real estate revenues.

Current portion of long-term debt increased by 254% due to incremental debt (bonds and loans) of Ayala Land Inc., Amorsedia Development Corp., and Alveo Land Corp., and inclusion of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018.

Deposit and other current liabilities declined by 69% due to the decrease in customers' deposits from real estate customers who reached the 10% threshold for sales bookings.

Deferred tax liabilities higher by 66% primarily coming from the recognition of deferred tax liability for the uncollected receivables from residential development.

Total Equity attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc. grew by 12% due to the increase in equity reserve as a result of the consolidation of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018.

Non-controlling interests up by 29% largely due to NIAT share of subsidiaries and consolidation of ALI's investment in MCT Bhd in 2018.

Review of 2017 operations vs 2016

Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI or "the Company") posted a net income of P25.30 billion, a solid earnings growth of 21% in 2017. The Company sustained a healthy topline with P142.30 billion in total consolidated revenues, 14% higher than 2016. Real Estate revenues likewise increased 13% to P133.1 billion, driven by the resurgence of property sales and the strong growth of its leasing business. Meanwhile, earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) margin registered at 30.1% compared to 29.7% last year.

Business Segments

The details of the individual performance of each business segment are discussed as follows:

Property Development. This includes the sale of residential lots and units, office spaces, as well as commercial and industrial lots.

Total revenues from Property Development amounted to P96.39 billion, 24% higher than P77.73 billion last year.

Residential. Revenues from the sale of residential lots and units reached P79.90 billion, 25% higher than P64.08 billion last year, driven by bookings and project completion across all residential brands.

Ayala Land Premier (ALP) registered revenues of P26.50 billion, 7% higher than P24.86 billion last year given higher completion from its subdivision projects such as Cerilo in Nuvali and The Courtyards Phase 2 in Vermosa and its condominium projects such as Park Central North in Makati and Arbor Lanes 3 in Arca South.

Alveo meanwhile recorded revenues of P26.17 billion, a robust gain of 45% from P18.03 billion last year due to higher completion of its subdivision projects such as Ardia in Vermosa, Cavite and Montala in Alviera, Porac Pampanga and its condominium projects such as High Park Tower 2 in Vertis North, Quezon City, Verve Residences 2 and Veranda Phase 2.

Avida posted revenues of \$\mathbb{P}20.83\$ billion, a strong growth of 22% from \$\mathbb{P}17.07\$ billion last year on the account of combined higher bookings and incremental completion of its condominium projects such as Avida Towers Turf 1, The Montane and Avida Tower Verte in Bonifacio Global City, Avida Tower Sola 1 in Vertis North, Avida Towers Riala 3 in Cebu City, and Avida Towers One Union Place 1 and 2 in Arca South and its subdivision projects such as Hillcrest Estates, Woodhill Settings, and Southfield Settings in Nuvali.

Amaia generated revenues of P5.74 billion, a significant increase of 72% from P3.35 billion last year as a result of higher bookings and completion Skies Towers in Avenida, Shaw, Sta. Mesa and Cubao and Steps projects in Bicutan, Sucat, Nuvali Parkway and Capitol Central in Bacolod City. BellaVita meanwhile reached revenues of P652 million, 16% lower than P776 million last year.

The average gross profit margin of horizontal projects improved to 47% from 43% due to the higher contribution of The Courtyards and Ardia in Vermosa, Riomonte in Nuvali and Montala in Alviera while the average gross profit margin of vertical developments declined to 30% from 35% in recognition of higher project costs.

Office for Sale. Revenues from the sale of office spaces reached \$\text{P}9.45\$ billion, 15% higher than \$P8.20\$ billion last year driven by higher completion of Alveo's High Street South Corporate Plaza 2, Alveo Financial Tower in Makati CBD, and Avida's Capital House in BGC. Gross profit margin of offices for sale was maintained at 37%.

Commercial and Industrial Lots. Revenues from the sale of commercial and industrial lots reached P7.04 billion, 29% higher than P5.45 billion last year due to higher lot sales in Arca South, Taguig, Vermosa, Cavite and industrial lots in Cavite. Gross profit margin slightly declined to 40% from 41% due to the mix of projects sold.

A resurgence of property sales was seen in 2017 as reservation sales increased 13% to P121.96 billion from P108.05 billion in 2016 which only posted an annual growth of 3%. Total reservation sales in 2017

translated to an average of P10.2 billion in monthly sales. Net booked sales grew 16% to P96.86 billion from P83.33 billion in the previous year. In the fourth quarter of 2017, property sales also notably increased, sales take-up grew 17% to P27.78 billion and net booked sales grew 18% to P29.92 billion.

Commercial Leasing. This includes the Company's Shopping Centers and Office Leasing as well as Hotels and Resorts operations.

Total revenues from commercial leasing amounted to P29.94 billion, 7% higher than P28.07 billion last year.

Shopping Centers. Revenues from shopping centers reached P17.66 billion. 10% higher than P16.08 billion last year due to the improved performance of the new malls such as The 30th, Tutuban Center and UP Town Center.

Shopping Centers EBITDA margin slightly decreased to 66% from 67% due to early-stage operations of newly opened malls.

The average monthly lease rate registered at \$\mathbb{P}\$1,087 per square meter while same mall rental growth is at 5%. The average occupancy rate for all malls is at 92% while the occupancy rate of stable malls is at 97%. The Company opened 5 new malls in 2017, namely, The 30th in Pasig, Ayala Malls Vertis North and Ayala Malls Cloverleaf in Quezon City, Ayala Malls Marikina and Ayala Malls Feliz, Marikina. This brings the total gross leasable area (GLA) of Shopping Centers to 1.80 million square meters at the end of 2017.

Offices. Revenues from office leasing reached P6.66 billion, 12% higher than P5.94 billion last year due to the stabilized occupancy of the new offices namely, UP Town Center BPO, Cebu eBloc 4 and ATC BPO.

Office leasing EBITDA margin was maintained at 91% given the stabilized occupancy of new offices.

The average monthly lease rate registered at P739 per square meter. The average occupancy rate for all offices is at 86% while the occupancy rate of stable offices is at 97%. The Company completed 6 new offices in 2017, namely, Circuit BPO Tower 1 and 2 in Makati, The 30th Corporate Center in Pasig, One Bonifacio High Street in BGC, Tech Tower Cebu and Vertis North BPO 2 in Quezon City. This brings the total gross leasable area (GLA) of Office Leasing to 1.02 million square meters at the end of 2017.

Hotels and Resorts. Revenues from hotels and resorts reached ₽6.64 billion*, 10% higher than ₽6.05 billion last year, due to the higher occupancy and average room rate of El Nido resorts and the opening of Seda Vertis North. Revenue-per-available-room (REVPAR) of hotels decreased by 6% to ₽3,576 per night mainly due to the lower occupancy of its internationally-branded hotels in Makati. Meanwhile, the REVPAR of resorts barely declined, settling at ₽8,052 per night.

Hotels and resorts EBITDA margin was maintained at 28% given its sustained performance from last year.

The average room rate per night of hotels and resorts is \$\int_{5},050\$ and \$\int_{13},210\$ respectively. The occupancy of hotels registered at an average of 71% while the occupancy of resorts registered at an average of 61%.

The hotels and resorts segment operates 961 hotel rooms from its internationally branded segment; Cebu City Marriott, Fairmont Hotel and Raffles Residences Makati and Holliday Inn & Suites Makati, 1,301 rooms from Seda Hotels located in Atria in Iloilo, BGC in Taguig, Centrio in Cagayan de Oro, Abreeza in Davao, Nuvali in Santa Rosa Laguna, Vertis North in Quezon City and Seda Bacolod, 213 island resort rooms at El Nido Resorts in Lagen, Miniloc, Apulit and Pangulasian Islands and 82 rooms at Lio Tourism Estate, both in Palawan and 26 rooms at Siconon Island Resort in Iloilo. In 2017 The *2017 revenues of Hotels and Resorts restated to P5.62 billion to carve-out AirSWIFT's revenues of P1.02 billion

the total number of rooms to 2,583 at the end of 2017.

Services. This includes the Company's wholly-owned construction and property management companies; Makati Development Corporation and Ayala Property Management Corporation.

Total revenues from the services segment amounted to P71.80 billion, 5% higher than P68.49 billion last year.

Construction. Revenues reached P67.40 billion, 3% higher than P65.32 billion due to increased order book and higher completion of projects within the Ayala Land group.

Property Management. Revenues from property management registered at P4.39 billion, 38% higher than P3.17 billion in the previous year due to more managed properties from completed projects.

Blended EBITDA margins of the services segment registered at 10%, a slight decline from 11% in the previous year due to project mix.

Equity in Net Earnings of Investees, Interest, Interest on Real Estate Sales, Fees, Investment, and Other Income

Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures substantially increased by 56% to ₽865.57 million from P554.41 million last year due to the higher net income contribution of non-consolidated associates while interest, interest on real estate sales, investment and other income reached P8.33 billion, 31% higher than P6.37 billion last year. Interest, Interest on Real Estate Sales and Investment income grew due to higher interest income from money market placements and accretion income while other income increased due to higher marketing and management fees.

Expenses

Total expenses registered at P104.31 billion, 13% higher than P91.97 billion last year mainly due to higher real estate expenses which grew 15% to P87.92 billion from P76.57 billion last year.

General and administrative expenses (GAE) increased by only 3% to P7.28 billion from P7.03 billion last year. This resulted into further improvement in the GAE ratio to 5.1% from 5.6% in 2016.

Interest expense, financing and other charges meanwhile posted a 9% increase to P9.11 billion from P8.37 billion last year as a result of higher interest expense from the higher average daily loan balance. The average cost of debt registered at 4.6%, slightly higher than 4.5% in the previous year as a result of higher interest rates.

Project and Capital Expenditures

Ayala Land spent P91.4 billion in capital expenditures, higher than its estimated budget of P88.0 billion at the start of 2017, to support the aggressive completion of new projects in its pipeline. 48% was spent on residential projects, 29% on commercial projects, 17% for land acquisition and other investments and 6% for the development of the estates.

Financial Condition

The Company's balance sheet continues to be solidly positioned to support its growth plans.

Cash and cash equivalents, including short-term investments and UITF investments classified as FVPL, stood at P25.82 billion resulting in a current ratio of 1.30:1.

Total borrowings registered at P174.39 billion which translated to a debt-to-equity ratio of 0.91:1 and a net debt-to-equity ratio of 0.77:1.

Return on equity was at 16.1% as of December 31, 2017.

	End-December 2017	End-December 2016
Current ratio ¹	1.30:1	1.12:1
Debt-to-equity ratio ²	0.91:1	0.93:1
Net debt-to-equity ratio ³	0.77:1	0.79:1

Profitability Ratios:		
Return on assets ⁴	5.07%	4.99%
Return on equity 5	16.09%	14.86%
Asset to Equity ratio ⁶	2.99:1	3.11:1
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio 7	6.0	5.9

¹ Current assets / current liabilities

There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created in 2017.

Causes for any material changes (+/- 5% or more) in the financial statements

Income Statement items - 2017 versus 2016

Real estate and hotel revenues grew by 13% primarily due to higher sales bookings, incremental project completion from residential projects and strong performance of malls, leasing and hotels & resorts business groups.

Interest and investment income improved by 6% due to the increase in interest income from money market placements due to higher ADB of 16.6B vs. 11.4B, YoY and yield of 2.1% vs. 1.6%, YoY, and increase in accretion income.

Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures higher by 56% largely due to increase in NIAT contribution from FBDC companies.

Other Income increased by 241% due to higher marketing and management fees and the one-time take up of negative goodwill from purchase price allocation on ALI's investment in OCLP Holdings Inc.

Real estate and hotel costs up by 15% primarily due to higher sales and incremental project completion coming from residential, malls, leasing and hotels & resorts business segments.

Interest and other financing charges and other charges increased by 9% mainly due to higher borrowings to finance various capital expenditures.

Provision for income tax increased by 19% largely due to increase in taxable income primarily from real estate.

Non-controlling interests lower by 19% mainly due to decrease in NIAT contribution from non-consolidated companies.

Balance Sheet items - 2017 versus 2016

Short-term investments grew by P4.5B primarily due to money market placements of AHI, BGWest, Alveo, RLC and MDC.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss decreased by 72% mainly due to the maturity of BG West, POPI, ALI Capital and APMC's UITF investment placements.

² Total debt/ consolidated stockholders' equity (Total debt includes short-term debt, long-term debt and current portion of long-term debt)

³ Net debt/ consolidated stockholders' equity (Net debt is total debt less cash and cash equivalents, short term investments and financial assets through fvpl)

⁴ Total Net income / average total assets

⁵ Net income attributable to equity holders of ALI / average total stockholders' equity attributable to equity holders of ALI

⁶ Total Assets /Total stockholders' equity

⁷ EBITDA/Interest expense

Real estate Inventories lower by 7% primarily due to higher sales despite lesser launches of RBG projects. Ayala Land adopted PIC Q&A 2018-11, *Classification of Land by Real Estate Developer* starting January 1, 2018. The impact of adoption is applied retrospectively which resulted to the reclassifications of amounts from land and improvements to real estate inventories and investment properties in the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017. The comparative amounts as a result of the reclassification may not be comparable to the amounts presented as at December 31, 2016. Please refer to Note 2 of Ayala Land's audited consolidated financial statements, which are included as an Annex to this Prospectus, for the effect of the adoption of the PIC Q&A.

Other current assets up by 34% due to increase in input VAT and CWT mainly from residential projects and various prepayments (Taxes & Licenses, Ads and Promo, Marketing and Management fees, etc.).

Non-current accounts and notes receivable improved by 27% primarily due to higher bookings and increase in project POC.

Land and improvements declined by 7% mainly due to the transfer from unsubdivided land to investment properties. Ayala Land adopted PIC Q&A 2018-11, Classification of Land by Real Estate Developer starting January 1, 2018. The impact of adoption is applied retrospectively which resulted to the reclassifications of amounts from land and improvements to real estate inventories and investment properties in the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017. The comparative amounts as a result of the reclassification may not be comparable to the amounts presented as at December 31, 2016. Please refer to Note 2 of Ayala Land's audited consolidated financial statements, which are included as an Annex to this Prospectus, for the effect of the adoption of the PIC Q&A.

Investments in associates and joint ventures higher by 7% due to the new investment in ALI Eton and contribution from ALI's share in the equity in net earnings for full year 2017.

Investment properties grew by 25% primarily due to the additional project costs on new and existing malls and buildings for lease. Ayala Land adopted PIC Q&A 2018-11, *Classification of Land by Real Estate Developer* starting January 1, 2018. The impact of adoption is applied retrospectively which resulted to the reclassifications of amounts from land and improvements to real estate inventories and investment properties in the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017. The comparative amounts as a result of the reclassification may not be comparable to the amounts presented as at December 31, 2016. Please refer to Note 2 of Ayala Land's audited consolidated financial statements, which are included as an Annex to this Prospectus, for the effect of the adoption of the PIC Q&A.

Available-for-sale financial assets better by 7% mainly due to higher investments from ALI Capital and Ayalaland Malls Synergies Inc.

Property and equipment improved by 8% mainly coming from the increase in Hotel PPE and ALI Capital (Airswift).

Deferred tax assets higher by 8% due to leasing group's PAS Straight-line recognition of revenue (Accounting Standard vs BIR).

Other non-current assets lower by 20% due to transder of advances to other companies to investment properties.

Short-term debt down by 27% primarily due to Avida, ALI and Alveo's payment of short-term unsecured peso denominated bank loan availments.

Income tax payable decreased by 33% mainly due to payment of income taxes.

Deposit and other current liabilities up by 39% due to the increase in customers' deposits from real estate customers who reached the 10% threshold for sales bookings.

Current portion of long-term debt higher by 27% due to incremental debt of NTDCC, Phil. Energy, and Alveo.

Long-term debt – net of current portion grew by 15% largely due to ALI's additional long-term debt availments, P7B short-dated notes and P7B bond issuance on May 2017.

Pension liabilities increased by 14% due to additional provision based on actuarial valuation report.

Deposits and other non-current liabilities increased by 6% due to deposits from real estate customers and contribution from leasing group's advance rental and security deposits.

Net unrealized gain/loss on available for sale financial assets down by 7% mainly due to sale of SSI investment.

Risks

Ayala Land is subject to significant competition in each of its principal businesses of property development, commercial leasing and services. In property development, Ayala Land competes with other developers to attract condominium and house and lot buyers. In commercial leasing, it competes for shopping center and office space tenants, as well as customers of the retail outlets, restaurants, and hotels and resorts across the country.

However, Ayala Land believes that, at present, there is no single property company that has a significant presence in all sectors of the property market.

High-End, Middle-Income, Affordable Residential, and Economic and Socialized Housing Developments

With respect to high-end and middle-income land and condominium sales, Ayala Land competes for buyers primarily on the basis of reputation, reliability, price, quality, and the location of the community in which the relevant site is located. For the affordable, economic and socialized housing markets, Ayala Land competes for buyers based on quality of projects, affordability of units and availability of financing. Ayala Land is also actively tapping the overseas Filipino market. In addition, it has seen demand from foreign buyers both residing in the country and abroad.

Shopping Center, Office Space and Land Rental

For its shopping centers, Ayala Land competes for tenants primarily based on the ability of the shopping center to attract customers. This is typically hinged on the location and the tenant-mix of the retail center, the reputation of the retail center owner, as well as rental and other charges. The market for shopping centers has become competitive and with the growing number of pipeline and new shopping center openings across the country. Some competing shopping centers are located within relatively close proximity of Ayala Land's commercial centers.

With respect to its office rental properties, Ayala Land competes for tenants primarily based on the quality and location of the relevant building, reputation of the building's owner, quality of support services provided by the property manager, and rental and other charges. The Company is addressing the continuing demand from BPOs and corporate by providing fully integrated and well-maintained developments (high rise or campus facility) in key locations in the country.

Hotel and Resort Operations

The local hotel and resort sector is largely driven by foreign and local travel for leisure or business purposes. Any slowdown in tourism and business activity due to global financial and local political turmoil and security concerns could potentially limit growth of the Company's hotels and resorts. *Construction*

Ayala Land's construction business, Makati Development Corporation (MDC), is benefiting from the improved performance of the construction industry, particularly from an uptick in development activities mostly from the residential and retail sector. With booming construction across the country, Ayala Land must manage the risk of providing enough skilled workers to deploy to its various projects. Any slowdown in the construction business could potentially cap growth of the Company's construction arm.

Property Management

Ayala Land directly manages its properties as well as other third-party properties through Ayala Property Management Corporation (APMC). Its employees directly interface with customers and must ensure that Ayala Land's brand, quality and reputation are upheld in the regular upkeep of managed properties. Employees must continuously be trained to be able to provide high-quality service in order to preserve Ayala Land's brand equity.

Other risks that the company may be exposed to are the following:

- Changes in Philippine and international interest rates
- Changes in the value of the Peso versus other currencies
- Changes in construction material and labor costs, power rates and other costs
- Changes in laws and regulations that apply to the Philippine real estate industry
- Changes in the country's political and economic conditions
- Changes in the country's liquidity and credit exposures

To mitigate the above-mentioned risks, Ayala Land shall continue to adopt appropriate risk management tools as well as conservative financial and operational controls and policies to manage the various business risks it faces.

Upon the written request of a stockholder, the Company undertakes to furnish said stockholder with a copy of SEC Form 17-A, free of charge. Any written request for a copy of SEC Form 17-A shall be addressed to the following:

Ayala Land, Inc. 30/F Tower One and Exchange Plaza Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue, Makati City 1226

Attention: Mr. Augusto D. Bengzon

Senior Vice-President

Chief Finance Officer, Treasurer and Chief Compliance Officer

II. MARKET PRICE OF AND DIVIDENDS ON THE REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY

A) Principal Market where the Registrant's Common equity is traded.

Philippine Stock Exchange Prices (in PhP/share)

	<u>High</u>		<u>L</u>	<u>Low</u>		<u>Close</u>	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
First Quarter	45.75	47.50	40.60	39.75	44.90	41.10	
Second Quarter	52.50	43.35	44.40	36.05	50.80	37.90	
Third Quarter	53.85	45.00	46.30	36.55	49.45	40.05	
Fourth Quarter	49.90	43.20	42.55	38.00	45.50	40.60	

The market capitalization of ALI as of end-2019, based on the closing price of P45.50/share, was approximately P669.8 billion.

The price information as of the close of the latest practicable trading date March 24, 2020 is P29.10 per share.

B) Holders

The following are the top 20 registered holders of the common equity securities of the Company:

Common Stockholders: There are 8,998 registered holders of common shares of the Company as of January 31, 2020:

	Stockholder Name	No. of Common Shares	Percentage
			(of common shares)
1.	Ayala Corporation	6,545,946,579	44.4699%
2.	PCD Nominee Corporation (Non-Filipino)	5,710,695,929	38.7956%
3.	PCD Nominee Corporation (Filipino)	2,176,341,294	14.7850%
4.	ESOWN Administrator 2012	13,685,969	0.0930%
5.	ESOWN Administrator 2010	12,828,881	0.0872%
6.	ESOWN Administrator 2015	12,793,419	0.0869%
7.	ESOWN Administrator 2016	11,760,229	0.0799%
8.	ESOWN Administrator 2013	10,989,766	0.0747%
9.	ESOWN Administrator 2019	10,067,965	0.0684%
10.	ESOWN Administrator 2017	9,918,401	0.0674%
11.	ESOWN Administrator 2011	9,859,663	0.0670%
12.	ESOWN Administrator 2014	9,664,717	0.0657%
13.	Antonino T. Aquino	8,973,208	0.0610%
14.	ESOWN Administrator 2018	8,247,901	0.0560%
15.	Emilio Lolito J. Tumbocon	7,340,134	0.0499%
16.	Estrellita B. Yulo	5,732,823	0.0389%
17.	Jose Luis Gerardo Yulo	5,162,624	0.0351%
18.	Ma. Angela Y. La'o	3,728,620	0.0253%
19	ESOWN Administrator 2009	3,522,169	0.0239%
20	Lucio W. Yan	3,483,871	0.0237%

Voting Preferred Stockholders: There are approximately 2,853 registered holders of voting preferred shares of the Company as of January 31, 2020.

	Stockholder Name	No. of Voting Preferred Shares	Percentage (of voting preferred shares)
1.	Ayala Corporation	12,163,180,640	93.08679%
2.	HSBC Manila OBO A/C 000-171512-554	512,777,000	3.92437%
3.	Government Service Insurance System	156,350,871	1.19658%
4.	HSBC Manila OBO A/C 000-171512-571	15,051,000	0.11519%
5.	DB MLA OBO SSBTC Fund HG16	15,000,000	0.11480%
6.	Wealth Securities, Inc.	14,825,373	0.11346%

7.	Deutsche Bank AG Manila OBO SSBTC Fund OD67 AC 12087020417	13,670,744	0.10462%
8.	Samuel Villes Santos and/or Luzviminda Lat Santos	12,001,800	0.09185%
9.	DB MLA OBO SSBTC Fund C021	8,497,223	0.06503%
10.	Investors Securities, Inc.	6,251,770	0.04785%
11.	First Metro Securities Brokerage Corp.	5,103,853	0.03906%
12.	Deutsche Regis Partners Inc.	3,961,757	0.03032%
13.	DB MLA OBO SSBTC Fund FA20	3,951,800	0.03024%
14.	Papa Securities Corporation	3,536,538	0.02707%
15.	DB MLA OBO SSBTC Fund FA2N	3,534,608	0.02705%
16.	Ansaldo, Godinez & Co. Inc.	3,388,848	0.02594%
17.	HSBC Manila OBO A/C 000-171512-551	2,940,048	0.02250%
18.	Belson Securities, Inc.	2,800,874	0.02144%
19.	CBNA FAO 6002079572 CITIMNFOR c/o	2,725,700	0.02086%
	Carmelynna C. Malabanan		
20.	Maybank ATR Kim Eng Securities, Inc.	2,666,714	0.02041%

C) Dividends

STOCK DIVIDEND (Per Share)				
PERCENT DECLARATION DATE RECORD DATE PAYMENT DATE				
20% February 1, 2007 May 22, 2007 June 18, 2007				

CASH DIVIDEND (Per Common Share)					
PESO AMOUNT	DECLARATION DATE	RECORD DATE	PAYMENT DATE		
0.2400	Feb. 20, 2017	Mar. 06, 2017	Mar. 22, 2017		
0.2400	Aug. 18, 2017	Sept. 05, 2017	Sept. 15, 2017		
0.2520	Feb. 20, 2018	Mar. 12, 2018	April 3, 2018		
0.2520	Aug. 17, 2018	Sep. 6, 2018	Oct. 2, 2018		
0.2600	Feb. 27, 2019	Mar. 13, 2019	March 29, 2019		
0.2600	Oct. 31, 2019	Nov. 15, 2019	Nov. 29, 2019		
0.2680	Feb. 20, 2020	Mar. 06, 2020	March 20, 2020		

CASH DIVIDEND (Per Voting Preferred Share)					
PESO AMOUNT	DECLARATION DATE	RECORD DATE	PAYMENT DATE		
0.00474786	Feb. 20, 2017	June 15, 2017	June 29, 2017		
0.00474786	Feb. 20, 2018	June 15, 2018	June 29, 2018		
0.00474786	May 24, 2019	June 7, 2019	June 21, 2019		

Dividend policy

Dividends declared by the Company on its shares of stocks are payable in cash or in additional shares of stock. The payment of dividends in the future will depend upon the earnings, cash flow and financial condition of the Company and other factors.

Special cash dividends are declared depending on the availability of cash, taking into account the Company's CAPEX and project requirements and the progress of its ongoing asset rationalization program.

Cash dividends are subject to approval by the Company's Board but no stockholder approval is required. Property dividends which may come in the form of additional shares of stock are subject to approval by both the Company's Board of Directors and the Company's stockholders. In addition, the payment of stock dividends is likewise subject to the approval of the SEC and PSE.

D) Recent Sale of Securities

For the past three years, common shares were issued representing the exercise of stock options by the Company's executives under the Executive Stock Option Plan (ESOP) and the subscription to the common shares under the Executive Stock Ownership Plan (ESOWN) as follows:

<u>Year</u>	No. of	No. of Shares	
	ESOP*	ESOWN	
	(exercised)	(subscribed)	
2018	-	9.9 Million	
2019	-	10.5 million	
*not offere	ed starting 2015		

The aforesaid issuance of shares was covered by the Commission's approval of the Company's Stock Option Plan on July 1991 and subsequently on March 2006 and September 2017.

On January 12, 2015, Ayala Corporation executed the placement of, and subscription to the Company's 484,848,500 common shares at P33.00 per share or an aggregate of P16 billion. The placement price of P33.00 per share was at a 3.9% discount on the 5-day volume-weighted average price of the Company's stock and was the agreed clearing price among the purchasers of the shares and the placement agent, UBS AG.

The Company filed Notices of Exemption with the SEC for the issuance of the 399,528,229 and 484,848,500 common shares under the following provisions of the SRC:

SRC Subsection 10.1 (e), The sale of capital stock of a corporation to its own stockholders exclusively, where no commission or other remuneration is paid or given directly or indirectly in connection with the sale of such capital stock.

SRC Subsection 10.1 (h), "Broker's transaction, executed upon customer's orders, on any registered Exchange or other trading market."

SRC Subsection 10.1 (k), "The sale of securities by an issuer to fewer than twenty (20) persons in the Philippines during any twelve-month period."

SRC Subsection 10.1 (I), "The sale of securities to banks, insurance companies, and investment companies."

E) Corporate Governance

- i. The evaluation system which was established to measure or determine the level of compliance of the Board and top-level management with its Revised Manual of Corporate Governance consists of a Customer Satisfaction Survey which is filled up by the various functional groups indicating the compliance rating of certain institutional units and their activities. The evaluation process also includes a Board Performance Assessment which is accomplished by the Board indicating the compliance ratings. The above are submitted to the Compliance Officer who issues the Integrated Annual Corporate Governance Report to the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- ii. To ensure good governance, the Board establishes the vision, strategic objectives, key policies, and procedures for the management of the Company, as well as the mechanism for monitoring and evaluating Management's performance. The Board also ensures the presence and adequacy of internal control mechanisms for good governance.
- iii. There were no deviations from the Company's Revised Manual of Corporate Governance. The Company has adopted in the Manual of Corporate Governance the

leading practices and principles of good corporate governance, and full compliance therewith has been made since the adoption of the Revised Manual.

iv. The Company is taking further steps to enhance adherence to principles and practices of good corporate governance.

ANNEX "D"

NATURE AND SCOPE OF BUSINESS

Ayala Land is the largest property developer in the Philippines engaged in the planning and development of large scale, integrated estates having a mix of use for the sale of residential lots and buildings, office buildings and commercial and industrial lots, leasing of commercial and office spaces and the development, operation and management of hotels and resorts. The Company also develops commercial and industrial parks and is also engaged in property management, construction and other businesses like retail and healthcare.

To carry on its business in an organized and efficient manner, Ayala Land structured its operations into key strategic business lines such as Property Development, Commercial Leasing, Hotels and Resorts and Services.

Property Development

Property Development includes Strategic Land Bank Management, Visayas-Mindanao Group, Residential Business Group and MCT Bhd, Ayala Land's listed subsidiary in Malaysia.

Strategic Land Bank Management handles the acquisition, development and sale of large scale, mixed-use, master-planned communities, the sale of Ayala Land's share in properties made available to subsidiaries for development and the lease of gas station sites and carparks outside Ayala Center in Makati City. Visayas-Mindanao Group handles the development, sale and lease of the Company and its subsidiaries' product offerings in key cities in the Visayas and Mindanao regions.

The Residential Business Group handles the sale of high-end residential lots and units (including leisure community developments), office spaces, commercial and industrial lots, middle-income residential lots and units, affordable lot units and house and lot packages, economic housing units and house and lot packages, and socialized housing packages, and the lease of residential units and marketing of residential developments. The products developed and sold are further classified into the following brands: AyalaLand Premier ("ALP") for high-end village lots, condominium and office units, Alveo Land Corp. ("Alveo") for upscale village lots, condominium and office units, Avida Land Corp. ("Avida") for middle-income village lots, house and lot packages and condominium and office units, Amaia Land Corp. ("Amaia") for economic house and lot packages, and BellaVita Land Corp. ("BellaVita") for the socialized house and lot packages.

MCT Bhd. is Ayala Land's listed subsidiary in Malaysia which specializes in the affordable housing segment. MCT has a land bank of 415 acres spread across the areas of Subang Jaya, Cyberjaya and Petaling Jaya.

Commercial Leasing

Commercial Leasing includes the development and lease of Shopping Center and Office spaces and Hotels and Resorts operations. Shopping Centers include the development of shopping centers and lease to third parties of retail space and land, the operation of movie theaters, food courts, entertainment facilities and carparks in these shopping centers and the management and operations of malls which are co-owned with partners.

Office Leasing includes the development and lease of office buildings.

Hotels and Resorts include the development, operation and management of branded and owner-operated hotels, operation and management of eco-resorts.

Services

Services include Construction, Property Management and Air Transport.

Construction of Ayala Land and third-party projects and land development is done through Makati Development Corporation ("MDC").

Property Management which involves facilities management of Ayala Land and third-party projects, operation of water and sewage treatment facilities in some Ayala Land projects, distribution of district cooling systems and the bulk purchase and supply of electricity for energy solutions are done through Ayala Property Management Corporation ("APMC").

Airline service to Ayala Land's tourism estates in Lio, Palawan and Sicogon Island resort is provided by "AirSWIFT" through its fleet of four modern turbo-prop aircrafts.

Distribution Methods of Products

The Company's residential products are distributed to a wide range of clients through various sales groups.

Ayala Land has its own in-house sales team for ALP projects. In addition, it has a wholly-owned subsidiary, Ayala Land Sales, Inc. ("ALSI"), which employs commission-based sales people. Ayala Land uses a sales force of about 15,000 brokers and sales agents guided by a strict Code of Ethics. Separate sales groups have also been formed for Alveo, Avida, Amaia and BellaVita. Ayala Land and its subsidiaries also tap external brokers to complement these sales groups.

Marketing to the Overseas Filipino ("OF") market is handled by Ayala Land International Sales, Inc. ("ALISI"). Created in March 2005, ALISI leads the marketing, sales and channel development activities and marketing initiatives of the brands abroad through project websites, permanent sales offices or broker networks, and regular roadshows with strong follow-through marketing support in key cities abroad. ALISI has marketing offices in North America (Milpitas and San Francisco), Hong Kong, Singapore, Dubai, Rome, and London. ALISI likewise assumed operations of AyalaLand Int'l. Marketing in Italy and London, in 2014.

In addition, the Ayala Group also developed "One Ayala," a program which bundles the products and services of Ayala Land, BPI, and Globe Telecom, Inc. and gives access to potential Ayala Land clients overseas through BPI's 17 overseas offices and 81 tie-ups. An Ayala Land-BPI Dream Deals program was also created to generate additional sales from the local market.

Since 2008, all residential sales support transactions are undertaken by the shared services company Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc. ("APSI") while all transactional accounting processes across the Ayala Land Group are handled by Aprisa Business Solutions, Inc. ("APRISA") since 2010.



STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of Ayala Land, Inc. is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements including the schedules attached therein for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the consolidated financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders.

SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co., the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders, has audited the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the stockholders, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

FERNANDO ZOBEL DE AYALA
Chairman, Board of Directors

BERNARD VINCENT O. DY President & Chief Executive Officer AUGUSTO D. BENGZON Chief Finance Officer

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this

FEB 20 2020

at Makati City, affiants exhibiting to

me their respective Passports, to wit:

Name
Fernando Zobel de Ayala
Bernard Vincent O. Dy
Augusto D. Bengzon

Passport No. P0349883B EC8377126 Date & Place of Issue
January 22, 2019 – DFA Manila
July 23 2016 – DFA Manila
January 8, 2020 – DFA NCR East

Doc. No. 298
Page No. 49
Book No. XVI
Series of 2020.

Notarial DST pursuant to Sec. 188 of the Tax Code MARIA PAOLA G. ROMERO-BAUTISTA Notary Rublic – Makati City Appt. No. M-150 until December 31, 2021

Roll of Attorneys No. 58335 IBP No. 099040 - 12/16/2019 - Makati City PTR No. 8116905MG - 01/02/2020 - Makati City MCLE Compliance No. VI-0009490 - 06/20/2018

27th Floor Tower One and Exchange Plaza

Ayala Land, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019 and 2018 and Years Ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017

and

Independent Auditor's Report





SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Philippines

Tel: (632) 891 0307 Fax: (632) 819 0872 ey.com/ph BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, October 4, 2018, valid until August 24, 2021 SEC Accreditation No. 0012-FR-5 (Group A), November 6, 2018, valid until November 5, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Ayala Land, Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Ayala Land, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the consolidated statements of income, consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.





Real Estate Revenue Recognition

The Group's revenue recognition process, policies and procedures are significant to our audit because these involve application of significant judgment and estimation: (1) assessment of the probability that the entity will collect the consideration from the buyer; (2) application of the output method as the measure of progress in determining real estate revenue; (3) determination of the actual costs incurred as cost of sales; and (4) recognition of cost to obtain a contract.

In evaluating whether collectability of the amount of consideration is probable, the Group considers the significance of the buyer's initial payments (buyer's equity) in relation to the total contract price. Collectability is also assessed by considering factors such as past history with buyers, age of residential and office development receivables and pricing of the property. Management regularly evaluates the historical sales cancellations and back-outs if it would still support its current threshold of buyer's equity before commencing revenue recognition.

In measuring the progress of its performance obligation over time, the Group uses the output method. This method measures progress based on physical proportion of work done on the real estate project which requires technical determination by the Group's specialists (project engineers). This is based on the monthly project accomplishment report prepared by the third party surveyor as approved by the construction manager which integrates the surveys of performance to date of the construction activities for both sub-contracted and those that are fulfilled by the Group itself.

In determining the actual costs incurred to be recognized as cost of sales, the Group estimates costs incurred on materials, labor and overhead which have not yet been billed by the contractor.

The Group identifies sales commission after contract inception as the cost of obtaining the contract. For contracts which qualified for revenue recognition, the Group capitalizes the total sales commission due to sales agent as cost to obtain contract and recognizes the related commission payable. The Group uses percentage of completion (POC) method in amortizing sales commission consistent with the Group's revenue recognition policy.

The disclosures related to real estate revenue are included in Notes 2 and 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

Audit Response

We obtained an understanding of the Group's revenue recognition process.

For the buyers' equity, we evaluated management's basis of the buyer's equity by comparing this to the historical analysis of sales collections from buyers with accumulated payments above the collection threshold.

For the application of the output method, in determining real estate revenue, we obtained an understanding of the Group's processes for determining the POC, and performed tests of the relevant controls. We obtained the certified POC reports prepared by the project engineers and assessed their competence and objectivity by reference to their qualifications, experience and reporting responsibilities. For selected projects, we conducted ocular inspections, made relevant inquiries and obtained the supporting details of POC reports showing the completion of the major activities of project construction.

For the cost of sales, we obtained an understanding of the Group's cost accumulation process and performed tests of the relevant controls. For selected projects, we traced costs accumulated, including those incurred but not yet billed costs, to supporting documents such as invoices and accomplishment reports from the contractors and official receipts.





For the recognition of cost to obtain a contract, we obtained an understanding of the sales commission process. For selected contracts, we agreed the basis for calculating the sales commission capitalized and the portion recognized in profit or loss, particularly: (a) the percentage of commission due against contracts with sales agents, (b) the total commissionable amount (i.e., net contract price) against the related contract to sell, and, (c) the POC against the POC used in recognizing the related revenue from real estate sales.

Adoption of PFRS 16, Leases

Effective January 1, 2019, the Group adopted Philippine Financial Reporting Standard (PFRS) 16, *Leases*, under the modified retrospective approach which resulted in significant changes in the Group's accounting policy for leases specifically those formerly classified as operating lease arrangements where the Group is the lessee. The Group's adoption of PFRS 16 is significant to our audit because the Group has high volume of lease agreements; the recorded amounts are material to the consolidated financial statements; and the adoption involves application of significant judgment and estimation in determining the lease term, including evaluating whether the extension option is enforceable and whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option to extend or terminate the lease, and in determining the incremental borrowing rate. The adoption resulted in the recognition of right of use assets and lease liabilities amounting to ₱14,024.6 million and ₱16,985.9 million as of January 1, 2019, respectively, and the recognition of depreciation expense and interest expense of ₱619.5 million and ₱1,066.5 million, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2019.

The disclosures in relation to the adoption of PFRS 16 are included in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

Audit Response

We obtained an understanding of the Group's process in implementing the new standard on leases, including the determination of the population of the lease contracts covered by PFRS 16, the determination of the incremental borrowing rate and lease term, the application of the short-term and low-value assets exemption, the selection of the transition approach and any election of available practical expedients.

To test the completeness of the population of the lease contracts, we obtained the list of lease agreements in prior year where rent expense have been recognized. The list was reconciled to the current year list. On a test basis, we inspected lease agreements (i.e., lease agreements existing prior to the adoption of PFRS 16 and new lease agreements), identified their contractual terms and conditions, and traced these contractual terms and conditions to the lease calculation prepared by management, which covers the calculation of the financial impact of PFRS 16, including the transition adjustments.

For selected lease contracts with renewal and/or termination option, we reviewed the enforceability of the extension and/or termination option. We also reviewed the management's assessment of whether it is reasonably certain that the Group will exercise the option to renew or not exercise the option to terminate.

We tested the parameters used in the determination of the incremental borrowing rate by reference to market data. We test computed the lease calculation prepared by management on a sample basis, including the transition adjustments.

We reviewed the disclosures related to the transition adjustments based on the requirements of PFRS 16 and PAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.







Consolidation Process

The consolidated financial statements of the Group represents the consolidation of the financial statements of Ayala Land, Inc. and its various direct and indirect subsidiaries. We consider the Group's consolidation process as a key audit matter because of the complexity arising from the numerous component entities within the Group requiring layers of consolidation, voluminous intercompany transactions within the Group that require elimination, monitoring of fair value adjustments arising from business combinations, and adjustments to non-controlling interests. Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements provides the relevant information on the Group's subsidiaries.

Audit Response

We obtained an understanding of the Group's consolidation process and the Group's process for identifying related parties and related party transactions and the reconciliation of intercompany balances. We tested significant consolidation adjustments, including elimination, deferral and realization of profit or recoveries from intercompany transactions and balances, amortization/depreciation/reversal of fair value adjustments arising from business combinations, the currency translation adjustments, movements in non-controlling interests and other equity adjustments. We evaluated whether the accounting policies of the Group has been consistently applied.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2019, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2019 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.





Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements,
 whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
 We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.





From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Michael C. Sabado.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Michael C. Sabado

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 89336

SEC Accreditation No. 0664-AR-4 (Group A),

ichael Co Saboso

November 11, 2019, valid until November 10, 2022

Tax Identification No. 160-302-865

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-73-2018,

February 26, 2018, valid until February 25, 2021

PTR No. 8125294, January 7, 2020, Makati City

February 20, 2020



AYALA LAND, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Amounts in Thousands)

	December 31	
		2018
	0040	(As restated -
	2019	see Note 2)
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 29)	₽20,413,041	₽23,996,570
Short-term investments (Notes 5 and 29)	617,149	3,085,373
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	,	5,555,575
(Notes 6 and 29)	485,436	476,245
Accounts and notes receivable (Notes 2, 7 and 29)	105,039,306	126,718,877
Inventories (Note 8)	120,287,686	104,371,611
Other current assets (Note 9)	48,591,632	44,181,222
Total Current Assets	295,434,250	302,829,898
Noncurrent Assets		
Noncurrent accounts and notes receivable (Notes 2, 7 and 29)	45,563,869	38,804,937
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		
(FVOCI) (Notes 10 and 29)	1,529,179	1,495,795
Investments in associates and joint ventures (Note 11)	25,317,581	23,389,752
Right-of-use assets (Note 33)	13,564,472	
Investment properties (Note 12)	243,043,448	225,005,910
Property and equipment (Note 13)	43,062,357	35,749,200
Deferred tax assets - net (Note 23)	11,527,645	13,040,993
Other noncurrent assets (Notes 2, 14 and 26)	34,880,477	28,503,997
Total Noncurrent Assets	418,489,028	365,990,584
	₽713,923,278	₽668,820,482
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Short-term debt (Notes 16 and 29)	₱18,032,830	₽14,386,717
Accounts and other payables (Notes 2, 15 and 29)	162,979,169	171,999,422
Income tax payable	2,123,379	2,588,669
Current portion of lease liabilities (Note 33)	724,859	- 22 265 172
Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 16 and 29) Deposits and other current liabilities (Notes 2 and 17)	17,250,706	23,265,173
Total Current Liabilities (Notes 2 and 17)	25,472,581 226,583,524	28,544,546 240,784,527
	220,505,524	240,764,327
Noncurrent Liabilities	4== 646 64=	110 110 015
Long-term debt - net of current portion (Notes 16 and 29)	175,813,345	149,446,949
Pension liabilities (Note 26)	1,987,605	1,550,198
Lease liabilities - net of current portion (Note 33)	16,738,846	- 5 004 705
Deferred tax liabilities - net (Note 23) Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities (Notes 2, 18 and 29)	6,090,754 44,003,636	5,894,705 50,922,906
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	244,634,186	207,814,758
Total Liabilities Total Liabilities	471,217,710	448,599,285
I Oldi Lidviiilies	4/1,21/,/10	440,099,200

(Forward)



	December 31		
	2019	2018 (As restated - see Note 2)	
	20.0	200 11010 2)	
Equity (Note 19)			
Equity attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.			
Paid-in capital	₽ 62,772,446	₽ 62,350,964	
Retained earnings (Note 2)	156,940,236	132,090,020	
Stock options outstanding (Note 28)	42,279	65,462	
Remeasurement loss on defined benefit plans (Note 26)	(337,210)	(219,782)	
Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI (Note 10)	(457,358)	(454,138)	
Cumulative translation adjustments	250,440	868,271	
Equity reserves (Note 1)	(7,056,459)	(7,400,945)	
Treasury stock	(1,104,353)	·	
·	211,050,021	187,299,852	
Non-controlling interests (Note 19)	31,655,547	32,921,345	
Total Equity	242,705,568	220,221,197	
	₽713,923,278	₽668,820,482	



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Amounts in Thousands, Except Earnings Per Share Figures)

	Y	Years Ended December 31				
	2019	2018	2017			
REVENUE (Note 20)						
Real estate sales (Notes 20 and 30)	₽ 157,848,573	₽155,954,816	₽133,097,831			
Interest income from real estate sales (Notes 7 and 20)	7,890,972	7,042,078	5,409,944			
Equity in net earnings of associates and	.,000,01	.,,	0, 100,011			
joint ventures (Notes 11 and 20)	965,787	749,924	865,566			
	166,705,332	163,746,818	139,373,341			
Interest and investment income (Notes 6, 21 and 25)	930,445	958,236	675,051			
Other income (Notes 21 and 24)	1,157,935	1,540,717	2,248,559			
,	2,088,380	2,498,953	2,923,610			
	168,793,712	166,245,771	142,296,951			
COSTS AND EXPENSES	04 754 020	101 070 120	97 004 064			
Cost of real estate sales (Note 22) General and administrative expenses	94,751,939	101,079,130	87,921,064			
(Notes 22, 26 and 28)	9,367,359	9,101,328	7,274,845			
Interest and other financing charges (Note 22)	12,199,758	9,594,003	7,914,326			
Other expenses (Note 22)	1,644,982	1,270,281	1,196,076			
Curior Oxportions (Note 22)	117,964,038	121,044,742	104,306,311			
	, ,	,- ,	- ,,-			
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	50,829,674	45,201,029	37,990,640			
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX (Note 23)						
Current	12,455,010	13,390,637	11,959,895			
Deferred	859,633	(1,406,197)	(2,134,914)			
500000	13,314,643	11,984,440	9,824,981			
	, ,	, ,	, ,			
NET INCOME	₽37,515,031	₽33,216,589	₽28,165,659			
Net income attributable to:	B00 400 000	B00 040 000	DOE 204 205			
Equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc. (Note 27)	₱33,188,399	₽29,240,880	₽25,304,965			
Non-controlling interests	4,326,632	3,975,709	2,860,694			
	₽37,515,031	₽33,216,589	₽28,165,659			
Earnings Per Share (Note 27)						
Net income attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land,						
Inc.:						
Basic and diluted	₽2.25	₽1.98	₽1.71			



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Years Ended December 31				
	2019	2018	2017		
NET INCOME	₽37,515,031	₽33,216,589	₽28,165,659		
Other comprehensive income (loss)					
Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss in					
subsequent years:	/a/= aa /\				
Cumulative translation adjustment	(617,831)	451,195	1,001,986		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in					
subsequent years: Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI					
(Note 10)	(3,220)	71,938	(3,064)		
Remeasurement gain (loss) on pension liabilities	(0,220)	7 1,000	(0,004)		
(Note 26)	(167,754)	(85,381)	281,290		
Income tax effect	` 50,326 ´	`25,614 [′]	(84,387)		
	(738,479)	463,366	1,195,825		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	B26 776 EE2	₽33,679,955	B20 261 494		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	₱36,776,552	F33,079,933	₽29,361,484		
Total comprehensive income attributable to:					
Equity holders of of Ayala Land, Inc.	P 32,449,920	₽29,701,637	₽26,500,790		
Non-controlling interests	4,326,632	3,978,318	2,860,694		
	₽36,776,552	₽33,679,955	₽29,361,484		



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Amounts in Thousands)

	Attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc. Remeasurement Fair value													
						•	Gain (Loss)	reserve of						
		Additional		Appropriated I	Jnappropriated		on Defined	financial	Cumulative					
		Paid-in		Retained	Retained	Stock	Benefit	assets at	Translation	Equity	Treasury		Non-	
	Capital Stock	Capital	Subscriptions	Earnings	Earnings	Options	Plans	FVOCI	Adjustments	Reserves	Stocks		Controlling	
	(Note 19)	(Note 19)	Receivable	(Note 19)	(Note 19)	Outstanding	(Note 26)	(Note 10)	(Note 19)	(Note 19)	(Note 19)	Total	Interests	Total Equity
As of January 1, 2019, as previously reported	₽ 16,041,530	₽ 47,985,990	(₱1,676,556)	₽8,000,000	₽124,090,020	₽65,462	(₱219,782)	(₽454,138)	₽868,271	(₽7,400,945)	₽-	,	₽32,921,345	₽220,221,197
Effect of adoption of PFRS 16, Leases	_	_	-	-	(616,683)	-	-	-	-	-	_	(616,683)	(299,348)	(916,031)
Balances at January 1, 2019, as restated	16,041,530	47,985,990	(1,676,556)	8,000,000	123,473,337	65,462	(219,782)	(454,138)	868,271	(7,400,945)	_	186,683,169	32,621,997	219,305,166
Net income	-	-	-	-	33,188,399	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,188,399	4,326,632	37,515,031
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(117,428)	(3,220)	(617,831)	-	_	(738,479)	-	(738,479)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	33,188,399	_	(117,428)	(3,220)	(617,831)	-	-	32,449,920	4,326,632	36,776,552
Cost of stock options	-	166,039	_	_	_	(23,183)	` ′ –′	` -'	_	_	_	142,856	_	142,856
Collection of subscription receivable	-	_	255,443	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	255,443	-	255,443
Stock options exercised	10,454	446,612	(457,066)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition of treasury shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,104,353)	(1,104,353)	-	(1,104,353)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	344,486	-	344,486	(3,991,324)	(3,646,838)
Cash dividends declared	-	-	-	-	(7,721,500)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,721,500)	(1,301,758)	(9,023,258)
As of December 31, 2019	₱16,051,984	₽ 48,598,641	(₱1,878,179)	₽8,000,000	₱148,940,236	₽42,279	(₱337,210)	(₱457,358)	₽250,440	(₱7,056,459)	(₱1,104,353)	₱211,050,021	₽31,655,547	₽242,705,568
As of January 1, 2018, as previously reported	₽16,031,596	₽47,454,241	(₱1,537,126)	₽8,000,000	₽101,976,450	₽99,064	(₱160,015)	₽40,530	₽1,001,986	(₱6,152,115)	₽-	₽166,754,611	₽25,508,747	₽192,263,358
Effect of adoption of new accounting														
standards	-	_	-	-	358,605	_	-	(563,997)	-	_	_	(205,392)	205,392	
Balances at January 1, 2018, as restated	16,031,596	47,454,241	(1,537,126)	8,000,000	102,335,055	99,064	(160,015)	(523,467)	1,001,986	(6,152,115)		166,549,219	25,714,139	192,263,358
Net income	-	-	-	-	29,240,880	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,240,880	3,975,709	33,216,589
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(59,767)	69,329	451,195	_	_	460,757	2,609	463,366
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	29,240,880	_	(59,767)	69,329	451,195	-	-	29,701,637	3,978,318	33,679,955
Cost of stock options	_	132,121	_	-	-	(33,602)		_	-	_	-	98,519	_	98,519
Collection of subscription receivable	_	· -	270,132	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	270,132	_	270,132
Stock options exercised	9,934	399,628	(409,562)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	,	_	, <u> </u>
Acquisition of control on previously held interest	· -	· -	`′	_	_	_	_	_	(584,910)	_	_	(584,910)	4,773,524	4,188,614
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	` ' -'	(1,248,830)	-	(1,248,830)	(509,596)	(1,758,426)
Cash dividends declared	-	_	-	-	(7,485,915)	-	-	_	-		-	(7,485,915)	(1,035,040)	(8,520,955)
As of December 31, 2018	₽16,041,530	₽47,985,990	(₱1,676,556)	₽8,000,000	₽124,090,020	₽65,462	(₱219,782)	(₽454,138)	₽868,271	(₽7,400,945)	₽-	₽187,299,852	₽32,921,345	₽220,221,197



		Attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.						_					
			_			F	Remeasurement					-	
							Gain (Loss)	Fair value					
		Additional		Appropriated	Unappropriated		on Defined	reserve of	Cumulative				
		Paid-in		Retained	Retained	Stock	Benefit	financial assets	Translation	Equity			
	Capital Stock	Capital	Subscriptions	Earnings	Earnings	Options	Plans	at FVOCI	Adjustments	Reserves		Non-Controlling	
	(Note 19)	(Note 19)	Receivable	(Note 19)	(Note 19)	Outstanding	(Note 26)	(Note 10)	(Note 19)	(Note 19)	Total	Interests	Total Equity
As of January 1, 2017	₽16,019,331	₽46,928,521	(₱1,385,682)	₽8,000,000	₽83,798,555	₽89,697	(₽356,918)	₽43,594	₽-	(₱5,432,003)	₽147,705,095	₽24,978,092	₽172,683,187
Net income	_	-	-	-	25,304,965	-	-	-	-	-	25,304,965	2,860,694	28,165,659
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	-	-	-	-	-	196,903	(3,064)	1,001,986	-	1,195,825	-	1,195,825
Total comprehensive income	_	-	-	-	25,304,965	-	196,903	(3,064)	1,001,986	-	26,500,790	2,860,694	29,361,484
Cost of stock options	_	144,478	-	-	-	9,367	-	· -	-	-	153,845	-	153,845
Collection of subscription receivable	_	-	242,063	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	242,063	-	242,063
Stock options exercised	12,265	381,242	(393,507)	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Acquisition of non-controlling interest	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	(586,010)	(586,010)	(1,247,563)	(1,833,573)
Increase in non-controlling interest	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	(134,102)	(134,102)	408,138	274,036
Net change in non-controlling interest	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	(387,883)	(387,883)
Cash dividends declared	_	-	-	-	(7,127,070)	-	-	-	-	-	(7,127,070)	(1,102,731)	(8,229,801)
As of December 31, 2017	₽16,031,596	₽47,454,241	(₱1,537,126)	₽8,000,000	₽101,976,450	₽99,064	(₱160,015)	₽40,530	₽1,001,986	(₱6,152,115)	₽166,754,611	₽25,508,747	₽192,263,358



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Years Ended December 31				
	2019	2018	2017		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Income before income tax	₽ 50,829,674	₽45,201,029	₽37,990,640		
Adjustments for:	• •				
Interest and other financing charges (Note 22)	12,199,758	9,594,003	7,914,326		
Depreciation and amortization (Notes 12, 13, 14, 22					
and 33)	9,058,710	6,318,929	5,179,792		
Dividends received from investees (Note 11)	386,241	331,461	621,579		
Provision for impairment losses (Note 22)	568,775	146,974	572,001		
Cost of share-based payments (Note 28)	142,856	98,519	153,845		
Unrealized gain on financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss (Note 21)	1,965	(4,633)	(13,119)		
Realized gain on financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss (Note 21)	-	_	(15,860)		
Gain on sale of available-for-sale investments	-	_	(25,713)		
Gain on sale of investment in associates and jointly					
controlled entities	-	(588)	_		
Gain on sale of property and equipment (Note 21)	(40,870)	(46,570)	(69,566)		
Gain on business combination (Note 21)	-	(59,475)	-		
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint					
ventures (Note 11)	(965,787)	(749,924)	(865,566)		
Interest income	(8,780,320)	(7,952,628)	(5,987,681)		
Operating income before changes in working capital	63,401,002	52,877,097	45,454,678		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Decrease (increase) in:					
Accounts and notes receivable - trade	14,849,682	(83,557,042)	(10,671,714)		
Inventories (Note 8)	(5,315,783)	12,136,508	11,551,710		
Other current assets (Note 9)	(4,520,502)	3,629,678	(7,952,463)		
Increase (decrease) in:			<i>,</i>		
Accounts and other payables	(15,725,408)	25,998,377	(7,008,035)		
Deposits and other current liabilities (Note 17)	(3,071,965)	15,430,961	6,155,797		
Pension liabilities (Note 26)	319,979	(45,240)	233,734		
Cash generated from operations	49,937,005	26,470,339	37,763,707		
Interest received	8,768,302	7,940,610	5,963,687		
Income tax paid	(11,683,232)	(12,832,593)	(11,899,324)		
Interest paid	(11,009,836)	(9,810,439)	(7,594,485)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	36,012,239	11,767,917	24,233,585		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from:					
Sale/redemption of short-term investments	2,490,543	2,519,341	126,605		
Sale/redemption of financial assets at FVTPL	765,763	71,690	3,408,555		
Sale of investments in FVOCI (Note 10)	56,858	51,384	159,074		
Disposal of property and equipment (Note 13)	124,832	3,744,743	622,957		
Disposal of investment properties (Note 12)	3,669,275	1,722,933	165		
Disposal of investments in associates and jointly	•				
controlled entities	_	83,957	196,654		



Years Ended December 31 2019 2018 2017 Additions to: (₱865,006) (P4,658,694)Short-term investments (P22,293)Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (776,919)(2,696)(1.955,642)Financial assets at FVOCI (Note 10) (93,463)(226,494)Investments in associates and joint ventures (Note 11) (1,529,688)(3,724,958)(1,073,319)(29,215,224)(32,803,016)Investment properties (Note 12) (30,846,466)Property and equipment (Note 13) (10,519,576)(2,842,787)(2,326,115)Net decrease (increase) in: Accounts and notes receivable - nontrade (Note 7) (564,222)41,657,193 (718, 287)Other noncurrent assets (Note 14) (7,906,689)3,384,920 (6,957,950)(4,684,335) Net decrease in cash from business combination (Note 24) Net cash used in investing activities (42,572,063)(2,978,246)(33,906,087)CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from short and long-term debt (Note 16) 165,401,684 128,994,834 157,564,449 Payments of short and long-term debt (Note 16) (119,970,061)(142,980,030)(140,675,538)Payments of principal portion of lease liability (Note 33) (1,179,645)Increase (decrease) in deposits and other noncurrent liabilities (6,241,773) (5,584,237)5,217,509 Acquisition of non-controlling interest (Note 19) (3,646,838)(1,758,426)(1,559,537)Proceeds from capital stock subscriptions (Note 19) 255,443 270,132 242,063 Acquisition of treasury shares (Note 19) (1,104,353) Dividends paid to non-controlling interests (1,301,758)(1,035,040)(1,102,731)Dividends paid to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc. (7,193,183)(Note 19) (7,754,047) (7,181,498)Decrease in non-controlling interests (387,883)Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities 3,753,175 (6,264,296)9,800,657 **NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS** 2,525,375 (2,806,6479)128,155 **EFFECT OF CHANGES IN FOREIGN CURRENCY** 473,106 (776,880)(34,396)CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR 23,996,570 20,998,089 20,904,330 **CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR** (Note 4) **₽20,413,041** ₽23,996,570 ₽20,998,089



NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

Ayala Land, Inc. (the Parent Company or ALI) is domiciled and was incorporated on June 30, 1988 in the Republic of the Philippines with corporate life of fifty years. The Parent Company's parent is Ayala Corporation (AC). AC is a publicly listed company which is 47.33%-owned by Mermac, Inc. and the rest by the public as of December 31, 2019. The Parent Company's registered office and principal place of business is 31st Floor, Tower One and Exchange Plaza, Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue, Makati City.

The Parent Company and its Subsidiaries (the Group) are incorporated to hold, develop, manage, administer, sell, convey, encumber, purchase, acquire, rent or otherwise deal in and dispose of, for itself or for others, residential including, but not limited to, all kinds of housing projects, commercial, industrial, urban or other kinds of real property; to acquire, purchase, hold, manage, develop and sell subdivision lots, with or without buildings or improvements; to erect, construct, alter, manage, operate, lease, in whole or in part, buildings and tenements of the Group or of other persons; and to engage or act as real estate broker. The Group is also involved in hotels and resorts operations.

The consolidated financial statements of Ayala Land, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019 were endorsed for approval by the Audit Committee on February 11, 2020 and were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors (BOD) on February 20, 2020.

The consolidated financial statements represent the consolidation of the financial statements of the Parent Company and the following domestic and foreign subsidiaries:

	December 31		
	2019*	2018*	
Real Estate:			
Alveo Land Corporation (Alveo)	100%	100%	
Serendra, Inc.	39	39	
Solinea, Inc. (Solinea)	65	65	
BGSouth Properties, Inc. (BGS)	50	50	
Portico Land Corp. (Portico)	60	60	
Serendra, Inc.	28	28	
Amorsedia Development Corporation (ADC)	100	100	
OLC Development Corporation and Subsidiary	100	100	
HLC Development Corporation	100	100	
Allysonia International Ltd.	100	100	
Avida Land Corporation (Avida)	100	100	
Buklod Bahayan Realty and Development Corp.	100	100	
Avida Sales Corp. and Subsidiaries	100	100	
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc.	100	100	
Avencosouth Corp. (Avencosouth)	70	70	
BGNorth Properties, Inc. (BGN)	50	50	
Amaia Land Co. (Amaia)	100	100	
Amaia Southern Properties, Inc. (ASPI)	65	65	
AyalaLand Premier, Inc.	100	100	
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc. (ALISI)	100	100	
Ayala Land International Marketing, Inc. (AIMI)	100	100	
Ayala Land International (Singapore) Pte. Ltd	100	100	
Ayala Land International Marketing (Hong Kong) Ltd	100	100	
Ayala Land International Marketing, SRL (ALIM SRL)	100	100	

(Forward)



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<u> </u>	December	
Ayala Land International Marketing London	2019* 100%	2018* 100%
Ayala Land Sales, Inc.	100 %	100 %
Southportal Properties, Inc. (Southportal)	65	65
Buendia Landholdings, Inc.	100	100
Crans Montana Holdings, Inc.	100	100
Crimson Field Enterprises, Inc.	100	100
Ecoholdings Company, Inc. (ECI)	100	100
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation (NBCC)	100	100
Red Creek Properties, Inc.	100	100
Regent Time International, Limited (Regent Time) (British	100	100
Virgin Islands)		
North Eastern Commercial Corp. (NECC)	100	100
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp. (Westview)	100	100
North Ventures Commercial Corporation	100	100
Hillsford Property Corporation (Hillsford)	100	100
Primavera Towncentre, Inc. (PTI)	100	100
Summerhill E-Office Corporation (Summerhill)	100	100
Sunnyfield E-Office Corporation (Sunnyfield)	100	100
Subic Bay Town Centre, Inc. (SBTCI)	100	100
Regent Wise Investments Limited (Regent Wise)	100	100
(Hongkong company)		
AyalaLand Real Estate Investments Inc. (Canada)	100	100
AyalaLand Advisory Broadway Inc. (Canada)	100	100
AyalaLand Development (Canada) Inc.	100	100
AyalaLand OpenAsia Holdings PTE, Ltd (Singapore)	100	100
Blue Horizons Holdings PTE, Ltd (Singapore)	100	100
MCT, Bhd. (MCT) (Malaysia)	66	66
AyalaLand Commercial REIT, Inc. (ALCRI)	100	100
Arvo Commercial Corporation (Arvo)	100	100
BellaVita Land Corporation (BellaVita)	100	100
Nuevo Centro, Inc. (Nuevo Centro)	54	54
Alviera Country Club, Inc. (Alviera)	50	50
Cavite Commercial Town Center, Inc. (CCTCI)	100	100
AREIT, Inc. (formerly One Dela Rosa Property		
Development, Inc.)	90	90
AyalaLand Offices, Inc. (ALO)	100	100
First Gateway Real Estate Corp.	100	100
Glensworth Development, Inc. (Glensworth)	100	100
UP North Property Holdings, Inc.	100	100
AREIT, Inc. (formerly One Dela Rosa Property	4.0	4.0
Development, Inc.)	10	10
ALO Prime Realty Corporation	100	100
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp. (MCLC)	100	100
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	100	100
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp. Bay City Commercial Venture Corp. (BCCVC)	100	100
	100	100
Laguna Technopark, Inc. (LTI) and Subsidiary Aurora Properties Incorporated	- 81	20 81
Soltea Commercial Corp.	16	16
Vesta Property Holdings, Inc. (VPHI)	78	70
Altaraza Prime Realty Corporation (Altaraza)	100	100
Prow Holdings, Inc.	55	55
Station Square East Commercial Corporation (SSECC)	69	69
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	December	31
	2019*	2018*
Next Urban Alliance Development Corp.	100%	100%
Accendo Commercial Corp. (Accendo)	67	67
Avencosouth Corp.	20	20
Aviana Development Corporation	7	7
Aviana Development Corporation	50	50
Cagayan de Oro Gateway Corp. (CDOGC)	70	70
Ceci Realty, Inc. (Ceci)	60	60
Soltea Commercial Corp.	12	12
Soltea Commercial Corp.	60	60
CMPI Holdings, Inc.	60	60
CMPI Land, Inc.	36	36
ALI-CII Development Corporation (ALI-CII)	50	50
Roxas Land Corporation (RLC)	50	50
Adauge Commercial Corporation (Adauge)	60	60
AyalaLand Estates, Inc	100	100
Ayalaland MetroNorth, Inc. (AMNI)	100	100
Verde Golf Development Corp.	100	100
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corporation (NTDCC)	73 	73
BGWest Properties, Inc. (BGW)	50	50
Lagdigan Land Corp. (Lagdigan)	60	60 45
Central Block Developers, Inc. (CBDI)	45 74	45 70
Cebu Holdings, Inc. (CHI)	71 74	70 70
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	71 71	70 70
CBP Theatre Management Inc.	39	70 39
Taft Punta Engaño Property Inc. (TPEPI)	26	26
Cebu Insular Hotel Company, Inc. (CIHCI) Solinea, Inc.	26 25	25 25
Amaia Southern Properties, Inc. (ASPI)	25 25	25 25
Southportal Properties, Inc. (Southportal)	25 25	25
Central Block Developers, Inc. (CBDI)	39	39
Alabang Commercial Corporation (ACC)	50	50
South Innovative Theater Management (SITMI)	50 50	50
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	100	100
AMC Japan Concepts, Inc.	75	75
·		
AyalaLand Logistics Holdings Corp. (ALLHC) (formerly Prime Orion Philippines, Inc.)	71	67
Orion Solutions, Inc.	71	70
Orion I Holdings Philippines, Inc.	71	70
OE Holdings, Inc.	71	70
Orion Land, Inc.	71	70
Lepanto Ceramics, Inc.	71	70
Laguna Technopark, Inc. and Subsidiary	68	50
Unity Realty & Development Corp. (URDC)	71	_
FLT Prime Insurance Corporation	56	55
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	100	100
Ayalaland Malls, Inc. (formerly Solerte, Inc.)	100	100
Ayalaland Malls Vismin, Inc.	100	100
Ayalaland Malls NorthEast, Inc.	100	100



	December 31		
	2019*	2018*	
Construction:			
Makati Development Corporation (MDC)	100%	100%	
MDC Subic, Inc.	100	100	
MDC Build Plus, Inc.	100	100	
MDC Congrete, Inc. (MCI)	100	100	
MDC Equipment Solutions, Inc. (MESI)	100	100	
MDBI Construction Corp.	67	67	
Hotels and Resorts:			
Ayala Hotels, Inc. (AHI)	50	50	
AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corporation (AHRC)			
and Subsidiaries	100	100	
ALI Makati Hotel & Residences, Inc.	80	80	
ALI Makati Hotel Property, Inc.	80	80	
Regent Horizons Conservation Company, Inc.	100	100	
Enjay Hotels, Inc. (Enjay)	100	100	
Greenhaven Property Venture, Inc. (GPVI)	100	100	
Cebu Insular Hotel Company, Inc. (CIHCI)	63	63	
Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100	
Southcrest Hotel Ventures, Inc.	67 70	67	
Northgate Hotel Ventures, Inc.	70	70	
North Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100	
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100	
Sentera Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100 100	100	
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	100	100 100	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc. Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100	
Capitol Central Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100	
Arca South Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	100	100	
Bay Area Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100	
Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc. (MNHVI)	100	100	
One Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc. (OMHVI)	100	100	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. (SITE Corp.)	100	100	
Asiatown Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100	100	
One Makati Residential Ventures, Inc.	100	100	
ALI Makati Hotels & Residences, Inc.	20	20	
ALI Makati Hotel Property, Inc.	20	20	
Ten Knots Phils., Inc. (TKPI)	60	60	
Bacuit Bay Development Corporation	60	60	
Lio Resort Ventures, Inc.	60	60	
North Liberty Resort Ventures, Inc.	60	60	
Paragua Eco-Resort Ventures, Inc.	60	60	
Lio Tourism Estate Management Corporation	60	60	
Ten Knots Development, Corp. (TKDC)	60	60	
Chirica Resorts Corp.	60	60	
Kingfisher Capital Resources Corp.	60	60	
Pangulasian Island Resort Corporation	60	60	
Property Management:			
Ayala Property Management Corporation (APMC)	100	100	
Prime Support Services, Inc.	100	100	
Ayala Theatres Management, Inc. (ATMI) and Subsidiaries	100	100	
DirectPower Services, Inc. (DirectPower)	100	100	
Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc. (PhilEnergy)	100	100	



	December 31	
	2019*	2018*
Entertainment:		
Five Star Cinema, Inc.	100%	100%
Leisure and Allied Industries Philippines, Inc. (LAIP)	50	50
Others:		
ALInet.com, Inc. (ALInet)	100	100
First Longfield Investments Limited (First Longfield)	100	100
(Hongkong Company)		
Green Horizons Holdings Limited and Subsidiaries	100	100
Aprisa Business Process Solutions, Inc. (Aprisa)	100	100
AyalaLand Club Management, Inc.	100	100
ALI Capital Corp. (formerly Varejo Corp.) (ALICap)	100	100
Airswift Transport, Inc. (formerly Island Transvoyager,		
Inc.) (Airswift)	100	100
Integrated Eco-resort, Inc.	-	100
Integrated Eco-resort, Inc.	100	_
Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc.	100	100
Whiteknight Holdings, Inc.	100	100
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing, Inc.	100	100
Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc. (Anvaya Cove		
Beach)	73	73
Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club, Inc. (Anvaya Cove		
Golf)	76	76
*represents the Group's percentage and effective ownership		

The above companies are domiciled in the Philippines except for the foreign entities which are domiciled and incorporated in the country as mentioned above.

AC owns the other 50.0% of AHI. The Parent Company exercises control over AHI. Likewise, the Parent Company, through its 50.0% effective ownership and by virtue of a management contract or shareholders' agreement, exercises control over the operations and management of ACC, BGWest, BGNorth, BGSouth, RLC, ALI-CII and LAIP. Accordingly, the accounts of AHI, ACC, BGWest, BGNorth, BGSouth, RLC, ALI-CII and LAIP are consolidated to the accounts of the Parent Company (see Note 3).

The following were the changes in the group structure during 2019:

On April 30, 2018, ALI and ALLHC executed a Deed of Exchange where ALI will subscribe to 1,225,370,620 common shares of ALLHC for an aggregate subscription price of ₱3.0 billion in exchange for 30,186 common shares of LTI. The subscription and exchange shall be subject to and deemed effective only upon the issuance by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) of the confirmation of valuation of the shares. The SEC issued its approval on February 28, 2019. This increased ALI's ownership in ALLHC to 69.5%.

On February 4, 2019, The Executive Committee of ALI approved the purchase of a 20% equity interest owned by Mitsubishi Corporation in LTI, equivalent to 8,051 common shares, with a total value of P800.0 million. Subsequently on June 10, 2019, ALI exchanged the 20% equity interest in LTI for additional shares of stock in ALLHC, equivalent to 323,886,640 common shares for a consideration of P800.0 million, subject to conditions to be fulfilled by ALLHC. This resulted to an increase in ALI's ownership to 70.36%

On May 10, 2019, Prime Orion Philippines, Inc. changed its corporate name to Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. (ALLHC).

On July 19, 2019, ALLHC purchased 100% of common shares of URDC, which owns a property in Mabalacat Pampanga, a prime location for a new industrial park development with an area of 192 hectares. ALI owns 69.17% of ALLHC.



On September 9, 2019, OLI sold through a special block sale, 215,090,031 common shares of ALLHC to Avida Land Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of ALI, for a total consideration of ₱628.1 million. Subsequently, these shares were acquired by ALI through a special block sale for a total consideration of ₱628.1 million. This resulted to increasing ALI's effective ownership in ALLHC to 71.46%.

On April 17, 2019 ALI acquired additional 14,913,200 common shares of CHI through open market purchases using the trading facilities of the Philippine Stock Exchange totaling ₱88.7 million resulting in ALI's increase in ownership from 70.4% to 71.1%.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared using the historical cost basis, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) that have been measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso (P), which is also the Parent Company's functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (P000), except when otherwise indicated.

The consolidated financial statements provide comparative information in respect of the previous period.

Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs), which include the availment of the relief granted by the SEC under Memorandum Circular Nos. 14-2018 and 3-2019 as of 2018 for the following implementation issues of PFRS 15 affecting the real estate industry:

- Exclusion of land in the determination of percentage of completion (POC) discussed in PIC Q&A No. 2018-12-E
- b. Accounting for significant financing component discussed in PIC Q&A No. 2018-12-D
- c. Accounting to Common Usage Service Area (CUSA) Charges discussed in PIC Q&A No. 2018-12-H
- d. Adoption of PIC Q&A No. 2018-14: PFRS 15 Accounting for Cancellation of Real Estate Sales

PFRSs include Philippine Financial Reporting Standards, Philippine Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Philippine Interpretations Committee (PIC).

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019.

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect that return through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.



When the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included or excluded in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control or until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Parent Company, using consistent accounting policies. All intra-group balances, transactions, unrealized gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated in full. Non-controlling interests pertain to the equity in a subsidiary not attributable, directly or indirectly to the Parent Company. Any equity instruments issued by a subsidiary that are not owned by the Parent Company are non-controlling interests including preferred shares and options under share-based transactions. The portion of profit or loss and net assets in subsidiaries not wholly-owned are presented separately in the consolidated statement of income, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of financial position, separately from the Parent Company's equity. Non-controlling interests are net of any outstanding subscription receivable.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- Derecognizes the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity.
- Recognizes the fair value of the consideration received, the fair value of any investment retained and any surplus or deficit in profit or loss.
- Reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognized in other comprehensive income to profit or loss or retained earnings, as appropriate.

Reclassifications

On September 27, 2019, the Philippine Interpretations Committee (PIC) issued a letter to the various organizations in the real estate industry to clarify certain issues in relation to the PFRS 15 Implementation Issues and other accounting issues affecting real estate industry. The letter includes the clarification on the conclusion of PIC Q&A 2018-12D Step 3 on the recording of contract asset for the difference between the consideration received from the customer and the transferred goods or services to a customer. In the letter, the PIC would allow for the meantime, the recording of the difference between the consideration received from the customer and the transferred goods or services to a customer as either a contract asset or unbilled receivable. If presented as contract asset, the disclosures required under PFRS 15 should be complied with. Otherwise, the disclosures required under PFRS 9 should be followed.

As a result, the Group elected to record in 2019 the difference between the consideration received from the customer and the transferred goods or services to a customer as installment contracts receivable which differs from the 2018 presentation where the difference was recognized as a contract asset.



Accordingly, the affected assets and liabilities accounts as of December 31, 2018 have been reclassified to conform with the 2019 presentation of accounts. Details as follow:

	As previously reported December 31, 2018	Reclassification	As adjusted December 31, 2018
-	2010	(In Thousands)	2010
Current assets		,	
Accounts and notes receivable (Note 7)	₽78,245,866	₽48,473,011	₽126,718,877
Contract assets	48,473,011	(48,473,011)	=
Noncurrent assets			
Noncurrent accounts and notes receivable (Note 7)	3,367,890	35,437,047	38,804,937
Noncurrent contract assets	35,437,047	(35,437,047)	_
Current liabilities			
Deposits and other current liabilities (Note 17)	_	21,874,681	21,874,681
Contract liabilities	21,874,681	(21,874,681)	=
Noncurrent liabilities			
Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities (Note 18)	_	8,630,235	8,630,235
Contract liabilities - net of current portion	8,630,235	(8,630,235)	_
	₽196,028,730	₽-	₱196,028,730

As the restatements have no significant impact on the Group's total assets, total liabilities and total equity as of January 1, 2018, management believes that the presentation of the consolidated statements of financial position as at beginning of the earliest period presented is not necessary.

The reclassification did not impact the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Adoption of New and Amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the adoption of the following new accounting pronouncements which became effective January 1, 2019.

• Amendments to PFRS 9, Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation Under PFRS 9, a debt instrument can be measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, provided that the contractual cash flows are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding' (the SPPI criterion) and the instrument is held within the appropriate business model for that classification. The amendments to PFRS 9 clarify that a financial asset passes the SPPI criterion regardless of the event or circumstance that causes the early termination of the contract and irrespective of which party pays or receives reasonable compensation for the early termination of the contract. The amendments should be applied retrospectively and are effective from January 1, 2019, with earlier application permitted.

These amendments have no impact to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

PFRS 16, Leases

PFRS 16 supersedes PAS 17, Leases, Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 4, Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, Philippine Interpretation SIC-15, Operating Leases-Incentives and Philippine Interpretation SIC-27, Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to recognize most leases on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Lessor accounting under PFRS 16 is substantially unchanged from today's accounting under PAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify all leases using the same classification principle as in PAS 17 and distinguish between two types of leases: operating and finance leases. PFRS 16 did not have an impact for leases where the Group is the lessor. Unlike lessors, the Group as lessee is required to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities.



As lessee, the Group adopted PFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach upon adoption of PFRS 16 in 2019 and elected to apply the standard to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying PAS 17 and Philippine Interpretation IFRIC-4. Under the modified retrospective approach, the Group recognized right-of-use asset based on its carrying amount as if PFRS 16 had always been applied while the lease liability is recognized at date of adoption, January 1, 2019. The difference between the right-of-use asset and lease liability is recognized in the beginning Retained Earnings as at January 1, 2019.

The Group has lease contracts for various items of property and equipment. Before the adoption of PFRS 16, the Group classified each of its leases (as lessee) at the inception date as either a finance lease or an operating lease. Refer to the accounting policy for leases prior to January 1, 2019.

Except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets, upon adoption of PFRS 16, the Group applied a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases. Refer to the accounting policy for leases prior to January 1, 2019. The standard provides specific transition requirements and practical expedients, which has been applied by the Group.

Leases previously accounted for as operating leases

Except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets, the Group recognized right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for those leases previously classified as operating leases. The right-of-use assets for all leases were recognized based on the carrying amount as if the standard had always been applied, apart from the use of incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application. Lease liabilities were recognized based on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application.

The Group also applied the available practical expedients wherein it:

- Used a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics
- Applied the short-term leases exemptions to leases with lease term that ends within 12 months of the date of initial application,
- Excluded the initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application,
- Used hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

Based on the above, as at January 1, 2019:

- Right-of -use assets of ₱14,024.6 million were recognized and presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.
- Lease liabilities of ₱16,985.9 million were recognized.
- Other current assets of ₱110.1 million related to previous operating leases arising from straight lining under PAS 17 were derecognized.
- Leasehold rights under other noncurrent assets of ₱397.8 million was derecognized.
- Construction in progress under investment properties of ₽888.8 million was recognized.
- Accrued payables under accounts and other payables and deposits and other noncurrent liabilities of ₱275.9 million and ₱1,001.1 million, respectively, related to previous operating leases arising from straight lining under PAS 17 were derecognized.
- Deferred tax assets and liabilities increased by ₱3,319.7 million and ₱2,932.4 million, respectively, because of the deferred tax impact of the changes in assets and liabilities.
- The net effect of these adjustments had been adjusted to retained earnings (\$\mathbb{P}616.7\$ million) and noncontrolling interest (\$\mathbb{P}299.3\$ million).



In a tabular format, the effect of adoption PFRS 16 as at January 1, 2019 follows (in thousands):

	Increase
	(decrease)
Assets	
Right-of-use assets	₽14,024,594
Other current assets	(110,092)
Other noncurrent assets	(397,778)
Investment properties	888,774
Deferred tax assets	3,319,705
	₽17,725,203
Liabilities	
Lease liabilities	₽16,985,922
Accounts and other payables	(275,942)
Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities	(1,001,146)
Deferred tax liabilities	2,932,400
	18,641,234
Equity	
Retained earnings	(616,683)
Non-controlling interests	(299,348)
	(916,031)
	₽17,725,203

The lease liability as at January 1, 2019 as can be reconciled to the operating lease commitments as of December 31, 2018 as follows:

Operating lease commitments as at December 31, 2018 (Note 33)	₽ 43,158,571
Weighted average incremental borrowing rate at January 1, 2019	8.68%
Lease liabilities recognized at January 1, 2019	₽16,985,922

- Amendments to PAS 19, Employee Benefits, Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement
 The amendments to PAS 19 address the accounting when a plan amendment, curtailment or
 settlement occurs during a reporting period. The amendments specify that when a plan
 amendment, curtailment or settlement occurs during the annual reporting period, an entity is
 required to:
 - Determine current service cost for the remainder of the period after the plan amendment, curtailment or settlement, using the actuarial assumptions used to remeasure the net defined benefit liability (asset) reflecting the benefits offered under the plan and the plan assets after that event.
 - Determine net interest for the remainder of the period after the plan amendment, curtailment or settlement using: the net defined benefit liability (asset) reflecting the benefits offered under the plan and the plan assets after that event; and the discount rate used to remeasure that net defined benefit liability (asset).

The amendments also clarify that an entity first determines any past service cost, or a gain or loss on settlement, without considering the effect of the asset ceiling. This amount is recognized in profit or loss. An entity then determines the effect of the asset ceiling after the plan amendment, curtailment or settlement. Any change in that effect, excluding amounts included in the net interest, is recognized in other comprehensive income.



The amendments apply to plan amendments, curtailments, or settlements occurring on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period that begins on or after January 1, 2019, with early application permitted. These amendments will apply only to any future plan amendments, curtailments, or settlements of the Group.

Amendments to PAS 28, Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures

The amendments clarify that an entity applies PFRS 9 to long-term interests in an associate or joint venture to which the equity method is not applied but that, in substance, form part of the net investment in the associate or joint venture (long-term interests). This clarification is relevant because it implies that the expected credit loss model in PFRS 9 applies to such long-term interests.

The amendments also clarified that, in applying PFRS 9, an entity does not take account of any losses of the associate or joint venture, or any impairment losses on the net investment, recognized as adjustments to the net investment in the associate or joint venture that arise from applying PAS 28, *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures*.

The amendments should be applied retrospectively and are effective from January 1, 2019, with early application permitted.

Since the Group does not have such long-term interests in its associate and joint venture, the amendments will not have an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

• Philippine Interpretation IFRIC-23, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

The interpretation addresses the accounting for income taxes when tax treatments involve uncertainty that affects the application of PAS 12 and does not apply to taxes or levies outside the scope of PAS 12, nor does it specifically include requirements relating to interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax treatments.

The interpretation specifically addresses the following:

- Whether an entity considers uncertain tax treatments separately
- The assumptions an entity makes about the examination of tax treatments by taxation authorities
- How an entity determines taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates
- · How an entity considers changes in facts and circumstances

The entity is required to determine whether to consider each uncertain tax treatment separately or together with one or more other uncertain tax treatments and use the approach that better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty. The entity shall assume that the taxation authority will examine amounts that it has a right to examine and have full knowledge of all related information when making those examinations. If an entity concludes that it is not probable that the taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment, it shall reflect the effect of the uncertainty for each uncertain tax treatment using the method the entity expects to better predict the resolution of the uncertainty.

The Philippine Interpretation did not have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.



- Annual Improvements to PFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle
 - Amendments to PFRS 3, Business Combinations, and PFRS 11, Joint Arrangements, Previously Held Interest in a Joint Operation

The amendments clarify that, when an entity obtains control of a business that is a joint operation, it applies the requirements for a business combination achieved in stages, including remeasuring previously held interests in the assets and liabilities of the joint operation at fair value. In doing so, the acquirer remeasures its entire previously held interest in the joint operation.

A party that participates in, but does not have joint control of, a joint operation might obtain joint control of the joint operation in which the activity of the joint operation constitutes a business as defined in PFRS 3. The amendments clarify that the previously held interests in that joint operation are not remeasured.

An entity applies those amendments to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and to transactions in which it obtains joint control on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with early application permitted.

These amendments are currently not applicable to the Group but may apply to future transactions.

• Amendments to PAS 12, Income Tax Consequences of Payments on Financial Instruments Classified as Equity

The amendments clarify that the income tax consequences of dividends are linked more directly to past transactions or events that generated distributable profits than to distributions to owners. Therefore, an entity recognizes the income tax consequences of dividends in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity according to where the entity originally recognized those past transactions or events.

An entity applies those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with early application is permitted.

These amendments are not relevant to the Group because dividends declared by the Group do not give rise to tax obligations under the current tax laws.

• Amendments to PAS 23, Borrowing Costs, Borrowing Costs Eligible for Capitalization

The amendments clarify that an entity treats as part of general borrowings any borrowing originally made to develop a qualifying asset when substantially all of the activities necessary to prepare that asset for its intended use or sale are complete.

An entity applies those amendments to borrowing costs incurred on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies those amendments. An entity applies those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with early application permitted.

Upon adoption, the Group does not expect any effect on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRIC Agenda Decision on Over Time Transfer of Constructed Goods (PAS 23)

In March 2019, the Interpretations Committee of the IASB issued IFRIC Update summarizing the decisions reached by the Committee in its public meetings. The March 2019 IFRIC Update includes the Committee's Agenda Decision on the capitalization of borrowing cost on over time transfer of constructed goods. The IFRIC Agenda Decision clarified whether



borrowing costs may be capitalized in relation to the construction of a residential multi-unit real estate development (building) which are sold to customers prior to start of construction or completion of the development. Under the March 2019 IFRIC Update, the Committee clarified that the related assets that might be recognized in the Group's financial statements (i.e., installment contract receivable, contract asset, or inventory) will not qualify as a qualifying asset and the corresponding borrowing cost may no longer capitalized.

The Group does not expect any effect on its consolidated financial statements as they are already aligned with the provisions of PAS 23.

Standards Issued but not yet Effective

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Group does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements. The Group intends to adopt the following pronouncements when they become effective.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2020

• Amendments to PFRS 3, Definition of a Business

The amendments to PFRS 3 clarify the minimum requirements to be a business, remove the assessment of a market participant's ability to replace missing elements, and narrow the definition of outputs. The amendments also add guidance to assess whether an acquired process is substantive and add illustrative examples. An optional fair value concentration test is introduced which permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business.

An entity applies those amendments prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020, with earlier application permitted.

These amendments will apply on future business combinations of the Group.

• Amendments to PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, and PAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, Definition of Material

The amendments refine the definition of material in PAS 1 and align the definitions used across PFRSs and other pronouncements. They are intended to improve the understanding of the existing requirements rather than to significantly impact an entity's materiality judgments.

An entity applies those amendments prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020, with earlier application permitted.

These amendments are not expected to have a significant impact on the Group.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2021

PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

PFRS 17 is a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. Once effective, PFRS 17 will replace PFRS 4, *Insurance Contracts*. This new standard on insurance contracts applies to all types of insurance contracts (i.e., life, non-life, direct insurance and re-insurance), regardless of the type of entities that issue them, as well as to certain guarantees and financial instruments with discretionary participation features. A few scope exceptions will apply.

The overall objective of PFRS 17 is to provide an accounting model for insurance contracts that is more useful and consistent for insurers. In contrast to the requirements in PFRS 4, which are largely based on grandfathering previous local accounting policies, PFRS 17 provides a



comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects. The core of PFRS 17 is the general model, supplemented by:

- A specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (the variable fee approach)
- A simplified approach (the premium allocation approach) mainly for short-duration contracts PFRS 17 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2021, with comparative figures required. Early application is permitted.

The new standard is not applicable to the Group since none of the entities within the Group have activities that are predominantly connected with insurance or issue insurance contracts.

Deferred Effectivity

• Amendments to PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture
 The amendments address the conflict between PFRS 10 and PAS 28 in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture. The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in PFRS 3. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

On January 13, 2016, the Financial Reporting Standards Council deferred the original effective date of January 1, 2016 of the said amendments until the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) completes its broader review of the research project on equity accounting that may result in the simplification of accounting for such transactions and of other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

The Group is currently assessing the impact of adopting these amendments.

Current and Noncurrent Classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in consolidated statement of financial position based on current/noncurrent classification. An asset is current when:

- (a) Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- (b) Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (c) Expected to be realized within 12 months after reporting date; or
- (d) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after reporting date.

All other assets are classified as noncurrent.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within 12 months after reporting date; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after reporting date.

The Group classifies all other liabilities as noncurrent.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent assets and liabilities, respectively.



Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as investment properties. Involvement of external valuers is decided upon annually by corporate finance after discussion with and approval by the Parent Company's audit committee. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained.

The Group, in conjunction with the external valuers, also compares each of the changes in the fair value of each asset with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and in banks. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with original maturities of three (3) months or less from dates of placement and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.



Financial Instruments - initial recognition and subsequent measurement effective January 1, 2018

Financial Instruments

Date of recognition

The Group recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the consolidated statement of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognized on the settlement date.

a. Financial assets

Initial recognition of financial instruments

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. The Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables, except for residential, commercial and office development receivables, are measured at the transaction price determined under PFRS 15. Refer to the accounting policies on Revenue from contracts with customers.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at amortized cost

This category is the most relevant to the Group. The Group measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized, modified or impaired.

The Group's financial assets at amortized cost includes cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and accounts and notes receivables.



Financial assets at fair value through OCI (debt instruments)

The Group measures debt instruments at fair value through OCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely
 payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

For debt instruments at fair value through OCI, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognized in the consolidated statement of income and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortized cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognized in OCI. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognized in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

The Group does not have debt instruments at fair value through OCI.

Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI (equity instruments)
Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI when they meet the definition of equity under PAS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognized as other income in the consolidated statement of income when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

The Group's financial assets at fair value through OCI includes investments in quoted and unquoted equity instruments.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

This category includes investment in Unit Investment Trust Fund (UITF), investment in ARCH Capital Asian Partners L.P. (ARCH Capital Fund) and investment in bonds as held for trading and classified these as financial assets at FVPL.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

• The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or



• The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Group recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix for trade receivables and a vintage analysis for residential, commercial and office development receivables that is based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other financial assets such as accrued receivable, receivable from related parties and advances to other companies, ECLs are recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments, the Group applies the low credit risk simplification. The probability of default and loss given defaults are publicly available and are considered to be low credit risk investments. It is the Group's policy to measure ECLs on such instruments on a 12-month basis. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. The Group uses the ratings from Standard and Poor's (S&P), Moody's and Fitch to determine whether the debt instrument has significantly increased in credit risk and to estimate ECLs.

The Group considers a debt investment security to have low credit risk when its credit risk rating is equivalent to the globally understood definition of 'investment grade'.

The key inputs in the model include the Group's definition of default and historical data of three years for the origination, maturity date and default date. The Group considers trade receivables in default when contractual payment are 90 days past due, except for certain circumstances when the reason for being past due is due to reconciliation with customers of payment records which are administrative in nature which may extend the definition of default to 90 days and beyond. However, in certain



cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group.

Determining the stage for impairment

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk for financial assets since initial recognition by comparing the risk of default occurring over the expected life between the reporting date and the date of initial recognition. The Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort for this purpose. This includes quantitative and qualitative information and forward-looking analysis.

The Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 90 days past due.

An exposure will migrate through the ECL stages as asset quality deteriorates. If, in a subsequent period, asset quality improves and also reverses any previously assessed significant increase in credit risk since origination, then the loss allowance measurement reverts from lifetime ECL to 12-months ECL.

b. Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include "Accounts and other payables" (other than "Taxes payable" which is covered by another accounting standard), "Short-term and long-term debts" and "Lease liabilities".

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by PFRS 9. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in PFRS 9 are satisfied. The Group has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Group. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.



Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

This category generally applies to short term and long term debt.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

c. Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position, if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

<u>Financial Instruments – initial recognition and subsequent measurement prior to January 1, 2018</u> <u>Financial Instruments</u>

Date of recognition

The Group recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the consolidated statement of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognized on the settlement date.

Initial recognition of financial instruments

All financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value. Except for financial assets and financial liabilities at FVPL, the initial measurement of financial instruments includes transaction costs. The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: financial assets at FVPL, held-to-maturity (HTM) investments, AFS financial assets and loans and receivables. The Group classifies its financial liabilities into financial liabilities at FVPL and other financial liabilities. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired or liabilities incurred and whether they are quoted in an active market. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and, where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates such designation at every reporting date.

"Day 1" difference

Where the transaction price in a non-active market is different from the fair value from other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Group recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" difference) in the consolidated statement of income under "Interest and investment income" and "Interest and other financing charges" accounts unless it qualifies for recognition as some other type of asset or liability. In cases where fair value is determined using data which is not observable, the difference between the transaction price and model value is only recognized in the consolidated statement of income when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Group determines the appropriate method of recognizing the 'Day 1' difference amount.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVPL

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVPL include financial assets and financial liabilities held for trading and financial assets and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at FVPL.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling and repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded



derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments or a financial guarantee contract. Fair value gains or losses on investments held for trading, net of interest income accrued on these assets, are recognized in the consolidated statement of income under "Other income" or "Other charges".

Financial assets may be designated at initial recognition as FVPL if any of the following criteria are met:

- The designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would
 otherwise arise from measuring the assets or liabilities or recognizing gains or losses on them on
 a different basis; or
- The assets are part of a group of financial assets which are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy; or
- The financial instrument contains an embedded derivative that would need to be separately recorded

As of December 31, 2017, the Group holds its investment in Unit Investment Trust Fund (UITF) and investment in ARCH Capital Asian Partners L.P. (ARCH Capital Fund) as held for trading and classified these as financial assets at FVPL. Management takes the view that these are held for trading and such portfolios are managed by professional managers.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that are not quoted in an active market. They are not entered into with the intention of immediate or short-term resale and are not designated as AFS financial assets or financial assets at FVPL. This accounting policy relates to the consolidated statement of financial position captions "Short-term investments" and "Accounts and notes receivable".

After initial measurement, loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are integral parts of the effective interest rate. The amortization is included in the "Interest income from real estate sales" in the consolidated statement of income. The losses arising from impairment of such loans and receivables are recognized in the consolidated statement of income under the "Other expenses" account. Loans and receivables are included in current assets if maturity is within 12 months from the reporting date, otherwise these are classified as noncurrent assets.

AFS financial assets

AFS financial assets are those which are designated as such or do not qualify to be classified or designated as at FVPL, HTM, or loans and receivables.

Financial assets may be designated at initial recognition as AFS if they are purchased and held indefinitely, and may be sold in response to liquidity requirements or changes in market conditions.

After initial measurement, AFS financial assets are measured at fair value. The unrealized gains and losses arising from the fair valuation of AFS financial assets are excluded from reported earnings and are reported as "Net unrealized gain on available-for-sale financial assets" in the equity section of the consolidated statement of financial position.

When the security is disposed of, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in equity is recognized in the consolidated statement of income under "Other income" account or "Other charges" account. Where the Group holds more than one investment in the same security, these are deemed to be disposed on a weighted average basis. The losses arising from impairment of such investments are recognized in the consolidated statement of income under the "Other charges" account.



When the fair value of the AFS financial assets cannot be measured reliably because of lack of reliable estimation of future cash flows and discount rates necessary to calculate the fair value of computed equity instruments, these investments are carried at cost less allowance for impairment losses. AFS financial assets are classified as noncurrent assets unless the intention is to dispose such assets within 12 months from reporting date.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of financial assets) is derecognized when:

- a. the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- b. the Group retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; or
- c. the Group has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset and either: (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred the control of the asset.

Where the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a 'pass-through' arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor has transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Financial liability

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability has expired, or is discharged or is cancelled. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the borrower or a group of borrowers is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization and where observable data indicate that there is measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Loans and receivables

For loans and receivables carried at amortized cost, the Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses for impairment. Those characteristics are relevant to the estimation of future cash flows for groups of such assets by being indicative of the debtors' ability to pay all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the assets being evaluated. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be recognized, are not included in a collective assessment for impairment.



If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred). The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of loss is charged to the consolidated statement of income under "Other charges" account.

Interest income continues to be recognized based on the original effective interest rate of the asst. Receivable, together with the associated allowance accounts, are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realized. If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of income, to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortized cost at the reversal date.

For the purpose of a collective evaluation of impairment, financial assets are grouped on the basis of such credit risk characteristics such as customer type, payment history, past-due status and term.

Future cash flows in a group of financial assets that are collectively evaluated for impairment are estimated on the basis of historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to those in the group. Historical loss experience is adjusted on the basis of current observable data to reflect the effects of current conditions that did not affect the period on which the historical loss experience is based and to remove the effects of conditions in the historical period that do not exist currently. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating future cash flows are reviewed regularly by the Group to reduce any difference between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

Financial asset carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, or on a derivative asset that is linked to and must be settled by delivery of such an unquoted equity instrument has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset.

AFS financial assets

For AFS financial assets, the Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

In the case of equity investments classified as AFS financial assets, this would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the investments below its cost or where other objective evidence of impairment exists. The determination of what is 'significant' or 'prolonged' requires judgment. The Group treats 'significant' generally as 20% or more and 'prolonged' as greater than six (6) months for quoted equity securities. The Group evaluates other factors, including normal volatility in share price for quoted equities and the future cash flows and the discount factors for unquoted equities (see Note 10). Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized in the consolidated statement of income - is removed from equity and recognized in the consolidated statement of income in the "Other charges" account. Impairment losses on equity investments are not reversed through the consolidated statement of income. Increases in fair value after impairment are recognized directly in equity through the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

In the case of debt instruments classified as AFS financial assets, impairment is assessed based on the same criteria as financial assets carried at amortized cost. Future interest income is based on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount future cash flows for the purpose of measuring impairment loss and is recorded as part of "Interest and investment income" account in the consolidated statement of income. If, in subsequent year, the fair value of a



debt instrument increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized in the consolidated statement of income, the impairment loss is reversed through the consolidated statement of income.

Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position, if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deposits

Deposits are measured initially at fair value. After initial recognition, deposits are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

The difference between the cash received and its fair value is deferred and amortized using the straight-line method under the "Real estate revenue" account in the consolidated statement of income.

Concession Receivable

The Group accounts for its concession arrangement with the DOTr under the Financial Asset model as it has an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or other financial asset for its construction services from or at the direction of the grantor. Under the concession arrangement, the Group is awarded the right to build and operate an integrated transport terminal for Metro Manila and its adjacent provinces. The legal title to these assets shall be transferred to the government at the end of the concession period.

The "Concession Financial Receivable" pertains to the fair value of the Annual Grantor Payment related to the operating and maintenance services and recovery of construction costs of the terminal facility. These are amortized using the effective interest rate over the life of the related concession.

In addition, the Group recognizes and measures construction revenues and costs in accordance with 'percentage of completion method'. Contract revenue and costs from construction works are recognized as "Construction Revenue" and "Construction Costs" in profit or loss in the period in which the work is performed.

Inventories

Property acquired or being constructed for sale in the ordinary course of business, rather than to be held for rental or capital appreciation, is held as inventory and is measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV).

Cost includes:

- Land cost
- Land improvement cost
- Amounts paid to contractors for construction and development
- Planning and design costs, costs of site preparation, professional fees, property transfer taxes, construction overheads and other related costs.

NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of the business, based on market prices at the reporting date, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs of sale.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses are carried at cost less the amortized portion. These typically comprise prepayments for commissions, marketing fees, advertising and promotions, taxes and licenses, and insurance.



Input Value-Added Tax (VAT)

Input VAT arises from the purchase of goods and services. These are applied against output VAT. The remaining balance is recoverable in future periods. These are carried at cost less allowance for impairment loss, if any. Impairment loss is recognized when input VAT can no longer be recovered.

Deposits in Escrow

Deposits in escrow pertain to the proceeds from the sale of the Group's projects that have only been granted temporary License to Sell (LTS) as of reporting date. These proceeds are deposited in a local bank and earn interest at prevailing bank deposit rates.

Materials, Parts and Supplies

Materials, parts and supplies are valued at the lower of cost or NRV. Cost is determined using the moving average method. NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

An allowance for inventory losses is provided for slow-moving, obsolete and defective materials, parts and supplies based on management's physical inspection and evaluation. When inventories are sold, the cost and related allowance is removed from the account and the difference is charged against operations.

Advances to Other Companies and Advances to Contractors and Suppliers

Advances to other companies and advances to contractors and suppliers are carried at cost less impairment losses, if any.

Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

Investments in associates and joint ventures (investee companies) are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. A joint arrangement is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control, and a joint venture is a joint arrangement that involves the establishment of a separate entity in which each venturer has an interest.

An investment is accounted for using the equity method from the day it becomes an associate or joint venture. On acquisition of investment, the excess of the cost of investment over the investor's share in the net fair value of the investee's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities is accounted for as goodwill and included in the carrying amount of the investment and not amortized. Any excess of the investor's share of the net fair value of the investee's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of the investment is excluded from the carrying amount of the investment, and is instead included as income in the determination of the share in the earnings of the investees.

Under the equity method, the investments in the investee companies are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Group's share in the net assets of the investee companies, less any impairment in values. The consolidated statement of income reflects the share of the results of the operations of the investee companies. The Group's share of post-acquisition movements in the investee's equity reserves is recognized directly in equity. Profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the investee companies are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the investee companies and for unrealized losses to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment of the asset transferred. Dividends received are treated as a reduction of the carrying value of the investment.

The Group discontinues applying the equity method when their investments in investee companies are reduced to zero. Accordingly, additional losses are not recognized unless the Group has guaranteed certain obligations of the investee companies. When the investee companies subsequently report net income, the Group will resume applying the equity method but only after its share of that net income equals the share of net losses not recognized during the period the equity method was suspended.



The reporting dates of the investee companies and the Group are identical and the investee companies' accounting policies conform to those used by the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognizes any retaining investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retaining investment and proceeds from disposal is recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Interest in Joint Operation

Makati Development Corporation (MDC), a subsidiary of the Parent Company, has an interest in joint arrangement, whereby the parties have a contractual arrangement that establishes joint control. MDC recognizes its share of jointly held assets, liabilities, income and expenses of the joint operation with similar items, line by line, in its financial statements.

The financial statements of the joint operation are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. Adjustments are made where necessary to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

Investment Properties

Investment properties comprise completed property and property under construction or redevelopment that are held to earn rentals or capital appreciation or both and that are not occupied by the companies in the Group.

The Group uses the cost model in measuring investment properties since this represents the historical value of the properties subsequent to initial recognition. Investment properties, except for land, are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization and any impairment in residual value. Land is carried at cost less any impairment in value.

Expenditures incurred after the investment property has been put in operation, such as repairs and maintenance costs, are normally charged against income in the period in which the costs are incurred.

Constructions-in-progress are carried at cost (including borrowing cost) and transferred to the related investment property account when the construction and related activities to prepare the property for its intended use are complete, and the property is ready for occupation.

Depreciation of investment properties are computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The estimated useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the period and method of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of investment properties.

The estimated useful lives of investment properties which is comprised of buildings, ranges from 20-40 years.

Investment properties are derecognized when either they have been disposed of, or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss on the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognized in the consolidated statement of income in the year of retirement or disposal.

A transfer is made to investment property when there is a change in use, evidenced by ending of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or ending of construction or development. A transfer is made from investment property when and only when there is a change in use, evidenced by commencement of owner-occupation or commencement of development with a view to sale. A transfer between investment property, owner-occupied property and inventory does not change the carrying amount of the property transferred nor does it change the cost of that property for measurement or disclosure purposes.



The Group discloses the fair values of its investment properties in accordance with PAS 40. The Group engages independent valuation specialist to assess the fair values as at December 31, 2019 and 2018. The Group's investment properties consist of land and building pertaining to land properties, retail (malls) and office properties. These were valued by reference to market-based evidence using comparable prices adjusted for specific market factors such as nature, location and condition of the property.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, except for land, are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization and any impairment in value. Land is carried at cost less any impairment in value. The initial cost of property and equipment comprises its construction cost or purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use, including borrowing costs.

Major repairs are capitalized as part of property and equipment only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the items can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged against current operations as incurred.

Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment commences once the property and equipment are available for use and are computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the property and equipment as follows:

	Years
Buildings and improvements	20-40
Machinery and construction equipment	5
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3-10
Transportation equipment	3-5
Hotel property and equipment	20-50

The assets' residual values, estimated useful lives and depreciation and amortization method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the amounts, periods and method of depreciation and amortization are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property and equipment.

When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and the related accumulated depreciation and amortization and accumulated provision for impairment losses, if any, are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is credited to or charged against current operations.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is its fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in the consolidated statement of income in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

Leasehold rights with finite lives are amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of 20 to 23 years and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortization expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognized in the consolidated statement of income in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible assets.



Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the consolidated statement of income when the asset is derecognized.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018 intangible asset pertaining to leasehold right is included under "Other noncurrent assets".

Business Combinations and Goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. For each business combination, the acquirer measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree at fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition costs incurred are expensed and included in administrative expenses.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability will be recognized in accordance with PFRS 9 (effective January 1, 2018) either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it should not be remeasured until it is finally settled within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognized for non-controlling interest over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If this consideration is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognized in profit or loss as bargain purchase gain. The Group reassesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure amounts to be recognized at the acquisition date.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

If the initial accounting for a business combination can be determined only provisionally by the end of the period in which the combination is effected because either the fair values to be assigned to the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities or contingent liabilities or the cost of the combination can be determined only provisionally, the acquirer shall account for the combination using those provisional values. The acquirer shall recognize any adjustments to those provisional values as a result of completing the initial accounting within twelve months of the acquisition date as follows: (i) the carrying amount of the identifiable asset, liability or contingent liability that is recognized or adjusted



as a result of completing the initial accounting shall be calculated as if its fair value at the acquisition date had been recognized from that date; (ii) goodwill or any gain recognized shall be adjusted by an amount equal to the adjustment to the fair value at the acquisition date of the identifiable asset, liability or contingent liability being recognized or adjusted; and (iii) comparative information presented for the period before the initial accounting for the combination is complete shall be presented as if the initial accounting has been completed from the acquisition date.

Combinations of entities under common control

Business combinations of entities under common control are accounted for using the pooling of interests method. The pooling of interests method is generally considered to involve the following:

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected in the consolidated financial statements at their carrying amounts. No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize any new assets or liabilities, at the date of the combination. The only adjustments that are made are those adjustments to harmonize accounting policies.
- No new goodwill is recognized as a result of the combination. The only goodwill that is recognized is any existing goodwill relating to either of the combining entities. Any difference between the consideration paid or transferred and the equity acquired is reflected within equity.
- The consolidated statement of income reflects the results of the combining entities for the full year, irrespective of when the combination took place.
- Comparatives are presented as if the entities had always been combined.

The effects of intercompany transactions on current assets, current liabilities, revenues, and cost of sales for the current period presented and on retained earnings at the beginning of the current period presented are eliminated to the extent possible.

Asset Acquisitions

If the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in an acquisition transaction do not constitute a business as defined under PFRS 3, the transaction is accounted for as an asset acquisition. The Group identifies and recognizes the individual identifiable assets acquired (including those assets that meet the definition of, and recognition criteria for, intangible assets) and liabilities assumed. The acquisition cost is allocated to the individual identifiable assets and liabilities on the basis of their relative fair values at the date of purchase. Such transaction or event does not give rise to goodwill. Where the Group acquires a controlling interest in an entity that is not a business, but obtains less than 100% of the entity, after it has allocated the cost to the individual assets acquired, it notionally grosses up those assets and recognizes the difference as non-controlling interests.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired (e.g. investments in associates and joint ventures, investment properties, property and equipment and right-of-use assets). If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Impairment losses of continuing operations are recognized in the consolidated statement of income in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. If such is



the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the consolidated statement of income unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase. After such reversal, the depreciation and amortization charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

The following criteria are also applied in assessing impairment of specific assets:

Investments in associates and joint ventures

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognize any additional impairment loss with respect to the Group's net investment in the investee companies. The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in associates or joint ventures is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as being the difference between the recoverable amount and the carrying value of the investee company and recognizes the difference in the consolidated statement of income.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Group expects a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pretax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Pension Cost

Pension cost is actuarially determined using the projected unit credit method. This method reflects services rendered by employees up to the date of valuation and incorporates assumptions concerning employees' projected salaries. Actuarial valuations are conducted with sufficient regularity, with option to accelerate when significant changes to underlying assumptions occur. Pension cost includes: a) service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, b) gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements, and c) net interest cost on benefit obligation.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains or losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding net interest cost and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), are recognized immediately in the consolidated statement of financial position with a corresponding debit or credit to OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

The liability recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date less fair value of the plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by using risk-free interest rates of long-term government bonds that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related pension liabilities or applying a single weighted average discount rate that reflects the estimated timing and amount of benefit payments.



Share-based Payments

The Group has equity-settled, share-based compensation plans with its employees.

PFRS 2 Options

For options granted after November 7, 2002 that have not vested on or before January 1, 2005, the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date on which they are granted. The fair value is determined using the Black-Scholes model, further details of which are given in Note 28.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognized, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award (vesting date). The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instrument that will ultimately vest. The income or expense for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is conditional upon a market condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum, an expense is recognized as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognized for any increase in the value of the transaction as a result of the modification, as measured at the date of modification. Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognized for the award is recognized immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

Pre-PFRS 2 Options

For options granted before November 7, 2002 that has vested before January 1, 2005, the intrinsic value of stock options determined as of grant date is recognized as expense over the vesting period.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share (see Note 28).

Employee Stock Ownership Plan

The Parent Company has an employee stock ownership plan (ESOWN) which allows the grantees to purchase the Parent Company's shares. The Parent Company recognizes stock compensation expense over the holding period. The Parent Company treats its ESOWN plan as option exercisable within a given period. These are accounted for similar to the PFRS 2 options. Dividends paid on the awards that have vested are deducted from equity and those paid on awards that are unvested are charged to profit or loss. For the unsubscribed shares where the employees still have the option to subscribe in the future, these are accounted for as options.

Fauity

When the shares are sold at a premium, the difference between the proceeds and the par value is credited to "Additional paid-in capital" account. Direct costs incurred related to equity issuance are chargeable to "Additional paid-in capital" account. If additional paid-in capital is not sufficient, the excess is charged against retained earnings. When the Group issues more than one class of stock, a separate account is maintained for each class of stock and the number of shares issued. Subscriptions receivable pertains to the uncollected portion of the subscribed shares.

Retained earnings represent accumulated earnings of the Group less dividends declared.



Equity reserves pertain to the excess of the cost of business combinations over the net carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities of the acquired companies.

Own equity instruments which are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognized at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in the profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Parent Company's own equity instruments. Any difference between the carrying amount and the consideration, if reissued, is recognized in additional paid-in capital. Voting rights related to treasury shares are nullified for the Group and no dividends are allocated to them respectively. When the shares are retired, the capital stock account is reduced by its par value and the excess of cost over par value upon retirement is debited to additional paid-in capital when the shares were issued and to retained earnings for the remaining balance.

Revenue Recognition effective January 1, 2018

Revenue from Contract with Customers

The Group primarily derives its real estate revenue from the sale of vertical and horizontal real estate projects. Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Group has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements, except for the provisioning of water, electricity, airconditioning and common use service area in its mall retail spaces, wherein it is acting as agent.

The disclosures of significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions relating to revenue from contracts with customers are provided in Note 3.

Real estate sales

The Group derives its real estate revenue from sale of lots, house and lot and condominium units. Revenue from the sale of these real estate projects under pre-completion stage are recognized over time during the construction period (or percentage of completion) since based on the terms and conditions of its contract with the buyers, the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date

In measuring the progress of its performance obligation over time, the Group uses the output method. The Group recognizes revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value to customers of the goods or services transferred to date, relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract. Progress is measured using survey of performance completed to date. This is based on the monthly project accomplishment report prepared by the third party surveyor as approved by the construction manager which integrates the surveys of performance to date of the construction activities for both sub-contracted and those that are fulfilled by the developer itself.

Any excess of progress of work over the right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional, is recognized as trade receivables under residential and office development receivables account. Any excess of collections over the total of recognized trade receivables is included in the "customer's deposit" account in the liabilities section of the consolidated statement of financial position. The impact of the significant financing component on the transaction price has not been considered since the Group availed the relief granted by the SEC under Memorandum Circular Nos. 14-2018 as of 2018 for the implementation issues of PFRS 15 affecting the real estate industry.

Cost recognition

The Group recognizes costs relating to satisfied performance obligations as these are incurred taking into consideration the contract fulfillment assets such as connection fees. These include costs of land, land development costs, building costs, professional fees, depreciation, permits and licenses and capitalized borrowing costs. These costs are allocated to the saleable area, with the portion allocable to the sold area being recognized as costs of sales while the portion allocable to the unsold area being recognized as part of real estate inventories.



Contract costs include all direct materials and labor costs and those indirect costs related to contract performance. Expected losses on contracts are recognized immediately when it is probable that the total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue. Changes in contract performance, contract conditions and estimated profitability, including those arising from contract penalty provisions, and final contract settlements which may result in revisions to estimated costs and gross margins are recognized in the year in which the changes are determined.

Marketing fees, management fees from administration and property management are recognized when services are rendered.

Hotel and resorts revenue

The Group recognizes room accommodation services over time since the guest simultaneously receives and consumes the services provided by the Group. The Group considers whether there are other promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated. Revenue from banquets and other special events are recognized when the events take place.

Cost of hotel operations

Cost of hotel operations pertains to expenses incurred in relation to sale of goods and rendering of services. These are recognized when a decrease in future economic benefits related to a decrease in an asset or an increase of a liability has arisen than can be measured reliably. These are recognized when incurred and measured at the amount paid or payable.

Construction revenue and cost

Revenue from fixed price construction contracts are recognized overtime using the milestone-based revenue recognition which is in reference to the output method. The output method is determined based on the start and completion of a task of the contract work inclusive of uninstalled goods and materials delivered to the site.

Contract costs include all direct materials and labor costs and those indirect costs related to contract performance. Expected losses on contracts are recognized immediately when it is probable that the total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue. Changes in contract performance, contract conditions and estimated profitability, including those arising from contract penalty provisions, and final contract settlements which may result in revisions to estimated costs and gross margins are recognized in the year in which the changes are determined.

Interest income is recognized as it accrues using the effective interest method.

Dividend income is recognized when the Group's right to receive the payment is established.

Customers' deposit

Customers' deposit is a contract liability which is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Group transfers goods or services to the customer, a customers' deposit is recognized when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Customers' deposit are recognized as revenue when the Group performs under the contract.

Customers' deposit also include payments received by the Group from the customers for which revenue recognition has not yet commenced.

Costs to obtain contract

The incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer are recognized as an asset if the Group expects to recover them. The Group has determined that commissions paid to brokers and marketing agents on the sale of pre-completed real estate units are deferred when recovery is reasonably expected and are charged to expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognized as



earned. Commission expense is included in the "Real estate costs and expenses" account in the consolidated statement of income.

Costs incurred prior to obtaining contract with customer are not capitalized but are expensed as incurred.

Amortization, de-recognition and impairment of capitalized costs to obtain a contract
The Group amortizes capitalized costs to obtain a contract to cost of sales over the expected
construction period using percentage of completion following the pattern of real estate revenue
recognition. The amortization is included within cost of sales.

A capitalized cost to obtain a contract is derecognized either when it is disposed of or when no further economic benefits are expected to flow from its use or disposal.

At each reporting date, the Group determines whether there is an indication that cost to obtain a contract maybe impaired. If such indication exists, the Group makes an estimate by comparing the carrying amount of the assets to the remaining amount of consideration that the Group expects to receive less the costs that relate to providing services under the relevant contract. In determining the estimated amount of consideration, the Group uses the same principles as it does to determine the contract transaction price, except that any constraints used to reduce the transaction price will be removed for the impairment test.

Where the relevant costs or specific performance obligations are demonstrating marginal profitability or other indicators of impairment, judgement is required in ascertaining whether or not the future economic benefits from these contracts are sufficient to recover these assets. In performing this impairment assessment, management is required to make an assessment of the costs to complete the contract. The ability to accurately forecast such costs involves estimates around cost savings to be achieved over time, anticipated profitability of the contract, as well as future performance against any contract-specific performance indicators that could trigger variable consideration, or service credits. Where a contract is anticipated to make a loss, these judgements are also relevant in determining whether or not an onerous contract provision is required and how this is to be measured.

Rental income

Rental income under noncancellable and cancellable leases on investment properties is recognized in the consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis over the lease term and the terms of the lease, respectively, or based on a certain percentage of the gross revenue of the tenants, as provided under the terms of the lease contract.

Revenue Recognition prior to January 1, 2018

Revenue and Cost Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured.

For real estate sales, the Group assesses whether it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group when the sales prices are collectible. Collectibility of the sales price is demonstrated by the buyer's commitment to pay, which in turn is supported by substantial initial and continuing investments that give the buyer a stake in the property sufficient that the risk of loss through default motivates the buyer to honor its obligation to the seller. Collectibility is also assessed by considering factors such as the credit standing of the buyer, age and location of the property.

Revenue from sales of completed real estate projects is accounted for using the full accrual method. In accordance with PIC Q&A 2006-01, the percentage-of-completion method is used to recognize income from sales of projects where the Group has material obligations under the sales contract to complete the project after the property is sold, the equitable interest has been transferred to the buyer, construction is beyond preliminary stage (i.e., engineering, design work, construction contracts execution, site clearance and preparation, excavation and the building foundation are finished), and



the costs incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably. Under this method, revenue is recognized as the related obligations are fulfilled, measured principally on the basis of the physical proportion of contract work. The percentage of completion is determined by the Group's project engineers.

Any excess of collections over the recognized receivables are included in the "Deposits and other current liabilities" account in the liabilities section of the consolidated statement of financial position.

If any of the criteria under the full accrual or percentage-of-completion method is not met, the deposit method is applied until all the conditions for recording a sale are met. Pending recognition of sale, cash received from buyers are presented under the "Deposits and other current liabilities" account in the liabilities section of the consolidated statement of financial position.

Cost of real estate sales is recognized consistent with the revenue recognition method applied and is determined with reference to the specific, including estimated costs, on the property allocated to sold area. Cost of residential and commercial lots and units sold before the completion of the development is determined on the basis of the acquisition cost of the land plus its full development costs, which include estimated costs for future development works, as determined by the Group's inhouse technical staff.

Estimated development costs include direct land development, shared development cost, building cost, external development cost, professional fees, post construction, contingency, miscellaneous and socialized housing. Miscellaneous costs include payments such as permits and licenses, business permits, development charges and claims from third parties which are attributable to the project. Contingency includes fund reserved for unforeseen expenses and/ or cost adjustments. Revisions in estimated development costs brought about by increases in projected costs in excess of the original budgeted amounts are considered as special budget appropriations that are approved by management and are made to form part of total project costs on a prospective basis and allocated between costs of sales and real estate inventories.

Revenue from construction contracts included in the "Real estate" account in the consolidated statement of income is recognized using the percentage-of-completion method, based on the completion of a physical proportion of the contract work inclusive of the uninstalled goods and materials delivered to the site.

Contract costs include all direct materials and labor costs and those indirect costs related to contract performance. Expected losses on contracts are recognized immediately when it is probable that the total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue. Changes in contract performance, contract conditions and estimated profitability, including those arising from contract penalty provisions, and final contract settlements which may result in revisions to estimated costs and gross margins are recognized in the year in which the changes are determined.

Rental income under noncancellable and cancellable leases on investment properties is recognized in the consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis over the lease term and the terms of the lease, respectively, or based on a certain percentage of the gross revenue of the tenants, as provided under the terms of the lease contract.

Marketing fees, management fees from administration and property management are recognized when services are rendered.

Rooms revenue from hotel and resort operations is recognized when the services are rendered.

Revenue from banquets and other special events are recognized when the events take place.

Interest income is recognized as it accrues using the effective interest method.

Dividend income is recognized when the Group's right to receive the payment is established.



Commissions

Commissions paid to sales or marketing agents on the sale of pre-completed real estate units are deferred when recovery is reasonably expected and are charged to expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognized as earned. Accordingly, when the percentage of completion method is used, commissions are likewise charged to expense in the period the related revenue is recognized. Commission expense is included in the "Real estate costs and expenses" account in the consolidated statement of income.

Expense Recognition

Expenses are recognized in the consolidated statement of income when decrease in future economic benefit related to a decrease in an asset or an increase in a liability has arisen that can be measured reliably.

Expenses are recognized in the consolidated statement of income:

- On the basis of a direct association between the costs incurred and the earning of specific items of income;
- On the basis of systematic and rational allocation procedures when economic benefits are expected to arise over several accounting periods and the association can only be broadly or indirectly determined; or
- Immediately when expenditure produces no future economic benefits or when, and to the extent that, future economic benefits do not qualify or cease to qualify, for recognition in the consolidated statement of financial position as an asset.

Direct operating expenses and general and administrative expenses are recognized as they are incurred.

Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets (included in "Investment properties" and "Property and equipment" accounts in the consolidated statement of financial position). All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

The interest capitalized is calculated using the Group's weighted average cost of borrowings after adjusting for borrowings associated with specific developments. Where borrowings are associated with specific developments, the amounts capitalized is the gross interest incurred on those borrowings less any investment income arising on their temporary investment. Interest is capitalized from the commencement of the development work until the date of practical completion. The capitalization of borrowing costs is suspended if there are prolonged periods when development activity is interrupted. If the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recorded.

Leases effective January 1, 2019

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

Except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets, the Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

i) Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any



accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received and estimate of cost to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

	Years
Building	20-40
Aircraft	10
Others	5

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. Refer to the accounting policies in Impairment of nonfinancial assets section.

ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

iii) Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of office space (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Group as a lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income is accounted on a straight-line basis over the lease term and is included in revenue in the consolidated statement of income due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are earned.



Leases prior to January 1, 2019

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains, a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date whether the fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets or the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset. A reassessment is made after inception of the lease only if one of the following applies:

- (a) There is a change in contractual terms, other than a renewal or extension of the arrangement;
- (b) A renewal option is exercised or extension granted, unless the term of the renewal or extension was initially included in the lease term;
- (c) There is a change in the determination of whether fulfillment is dependent on a specified asset; or
- (d) There is substantial change to the asset.

Where a reassessment is made, lease accounting shall commence or cease from the date when the change in circumstances gave rise to the reassessment for scenarios (a), (c), or (d) and at the date of renewal or extension period for scenario (b).

Group as lessee

Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Fixed lease payments are recognized as an expense in the consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis while the variable rent is recognized as an expense based on terms of the lease contract.

Group as lessor

Leases where the Group does not transfer substantially all the risk and benefits of ownership of the assets are classified as operating leases. Lease payments received are recognized as an income in the consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating operating leases are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as the rental income. Contingent rents are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authority. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted as at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences, with certain exceptions, at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, with certain exceptions. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward benefits of unused tax credits from excess of minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) over the regular corporate income tax and unused net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of unused tax credits and NOLCO can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are not provided on nontaxable temporary differences associated with investments in domestic associates and interests in joint ventures.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable income will allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be recovered.



Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Movements in the deferred income tax assets and liabilities arising from changes in tax rates are charged against or credited to income for the period.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Foreign Currency Transactions

Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded using the exchange rate at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are restated using the closing exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Exchange gains or losses arising from foreign exchange transactions are credited to or charged against operations for the year.

As at reporting date, the assets and liabilities of subsidiaries whose functional currency is not the Philippines Peso are translated into the presentation currency of the Parent Company (the Philippine Peso) at the closing rate as at the reporting date, and the consolidated statement of income accounts are translated at monthly weighted average exchange rate. The exchange differences arising on the translation are taken directly to a separate component of equity under "Cumulative translation adjustments" account. Upon disposal of a foreign subsidiary, the deferred cumulative amount recognized in other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Investments in foreign associates are translated to Philippine Peso using the closing exchange rate prevailing at reporting date. The Group's share in the results of operations of the foreign investee is translated using the exchange rate at the dates of the transactions or, where practicable, the rate that approximates the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions, such as the average rate for the period. Any resulting exchange difference is recognized as a separate component of equity.

Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income for the year attributable to common equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year adjusted for any subsequent stock dividends declared. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income for the year attributable to common equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of common shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential common shares into common shares. Calculation of dilutive EPS considers the potential ordinary shares of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures that have dilutive effect on the basic EPS of the Parent Company. The calculation of diluted earnings per share does not assume conversion, exercise, or other issue of potential common shares that would have an antidilutive effect on earnings per share.

Segment Reporting

The Group's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of the products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets. Financial information on business segments is presented in Note 30 of the consolidated financial statements.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements. They are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.



Events after the Reporting Period

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Group's position at the reporting date (adjusting events) are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements when material.

3. Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements in conformity with PFRSs requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

Judgments

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

Existence of a contract

The Group's primary document for a contract with a customer is a signed contract to sell. It has determined, however, that in cases wherein contract to sell are not signed by both parties, the combination of its other signed documentation such as reservation agreement, official receipts, buyers' computation sheets and invoices, would contain all the criteria to qualify as contract with the customer under PFRS 15.

In addition, part of the assessment process of the Group before revenue recognition is to assess the probability that the Group will collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the real estate property that will be transferred to the customer. In evaluating whether collectability of an amount of consideration is probable, an entity considers the significance of the customer's initial payments in relation to the total contract price. Collectability is also assessed by considering factors such as past history with the customer, age and pricing of the property. Management regularly evaluates the historical cancellations and back-outs if it would still support its current threshold of customers' equity before commencing revenue recognition.

Revenue recognition method and measure of progress

The Group concluded that revenue for real estate sales is to be recognized over time because: (a) the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use and; (b) the Group has an enforceable right for performance completed to date. The promised property is specifically identified in the contract and the contractual restriction on the Group's ability to direct the promised property for another use is substantive. This is because the property promised to the customer is not interchangeable with other properties without breaching the contract and without incurring significant costs that otherwise would not have been incurred in relation to that contract. In addition, under the current legal framework, the customer is contractually obliged to make payments to the developer up to the performance completed to date. In addition, the Group requires a certain percentage of buyer's payments of total selling price (buyer's equity), to be collected as one of the criteria in order to initiate revenue recognition. Reaching this level of collection is an indication of buyer's continuing commitment and the probability that economic benefits will flow to the Group. The Group considers that the initial and continuing investments by the buyer of about 10% would demonstrate the buyer's commitment to pay.

The Group has determined that output method used in measuring the progress of the performance obligation faithfully depicts the Group's performance in transferring control of real estate development to the customers.



Distinction of land between real estate inventories and investment properties

The Group determines whether a property will be classified as real estate inventories or investment properties. In making this judgment, the Group considers whether the property will be sold in the normal operating cycle (real estate inventories). All other properties that are not yet determined to be sold in the normal operating cycle are classified as investment properties.

Property acquisitions and business combinations

The Group acquires subsidiaries that own real estate properties. At the time of acquisition, the Group considers whether the acquisition represents the acquisition of a business. The Group accounts for an acquisition as a business combination where an integrated set of activities is acquired in addition to the property. More specifically, consideration is made with regard to the extent to which significant processes are acquired and, in particular, the extent of ancillary services provided by the Group (e.g., maintenance, cleaning, security, bookkeeping, hotel services, etc.). The significance of any process is judged with reference to the guidance in PAS 40 on ancillary services.

When the acquisition of subsidiaries does not represent a business, it is accounted for as an acquisition of a group of assets and liabilities. The cost of the acquisition is allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based upon their relative fair values, and no goodwill or deferred tax is recognized.

Consolidation of entities in which the Group holds only 50% or less than majority of voting rights. The Group considers that it controls the following entities even though it owns 50% or less than majority of the voting rights.

ACC

For ACC, ALI holds 50% of the voting rights, and is also the single largest shareholder and the remaining 50% of the equity shares are held by several shareholders. The second largest stockholder of ACC holds 8.3% share while the other shareholders' equity interest ranges from 2.1% to 8.3%. In addition, ALI has an existing management services agreement with ACC which gives ALI the exclusive control and decision over the relevant activities of ACC.

BG Entities (BGWest, BGNorth and BGSouth)

For the BG entities, wherein ALI and the other shareholder each own 50% of the voting rights, ALI controls the investee through exercise of its exclusive project development and marketing agreement as well as the ability to decide on the financing, operating and strategic policies of the investees. This enabled ALI to conclude that it has control.

AHI, RLC, ALI-CII and LAIP

ALI has an existing management services agreement with AHI, RLC, ALI-CII and LAIP which gives ALI the exclusive control and decision over the relevant activities of AHI, RLC, ALI-CII and LAIP.

Significant influence on BLC and OHI

The Group considers that it has significant influence over investees when it has board representation which allows them to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions but is not control or joint control of those policies (see Note 11).

Service concession agreement

The Group has made a judgment that the concession agreement with DOTr qualifies under Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 12, Service Concession Arrangements. Management has assessed that DOTr controls and regulates the service, determines to whom this service will be provided and controls the price. In addition, management has also determined that the DOTr has the significant control over the residual interest of the Terminal at the end of the term. Management has also made a judgment that the Terminal and commercial assets (mall facilities) are physically separable and are capable of being operated independently.



Management has further assessed that said concession agreement qualifies under the Financial Asset model as it has an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or other financial assets (i.e. the Annual Grantor Payment) for its construction, operating and maintenance services directly from DOTr.

Contingencies

The Group is currently involved in various legal proceedings. The estimate of the probable costs for the resolution of these claims has been developed in consultation with outside counsel handling the defense of these matters and is based upon an analysis of potential results. The Group currently does not believe that these proceedings will have a material effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements (see Note 35).

Sale of real estate receivables

The Group has entered into arrangements with banks wherein it discounted its real estate receivables without recourse. The Group believes that the sales transactions are not more than infrequent and that the receivables discounted is insignificant in value both individually and in aggregate. The Group continue with the objective of collecting contractual cash flows until maturity.

Jugments effective January 1, 2018

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

The Group defines a financial instrument as in default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired, when it meets one or more of the following criteria:

Quantitative criteria – for residential, commercial and office development receivables, the customer receives a notice of cancellation and does not continue the payments.

Qualitative criteria

The customer meets unlikeliness to pay criteria, which indicates the customer is in significant financial difficulty. These are instances where:

- a. The customer is experiencing financial difficulty or is insolvent
- b. The customer is in breach of financial covenant(s)
- c. An active market for that financial assets has disappeared because of financial difficulties
- d. Concessions have been granted by the Group, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the customer's financial difficulty
- e. It is becoming probable that the customer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization

The criteria above have been applied to the financial instruments held by the Group and are consistent with the definition of default used for internal credit risk management purposes. The default definition has been applied consistently to model the Probability of Default (PD), Loss Given Default (LGD) and Exposure at Default (EAD) throughout the Group's expected loss calculation.

Incorporation of forward-looking information

The Group incorporates forward-looking information into both its assessment of whether the credit risk of an instrument has increased significantly since its initial recognition and its measurement of ECL.

To do this, the Group considers a range of relevant forward-looking macro-economic assumptions for the determination of unbiased general industry adjustments and any related specific industry adjustments that support the calculation of ECLs. Based on the Group's evaluation and assessment and after taking into consideration external actual and forecast information, the Group formulates a 'base case' view of the future direction of relevant economic variables as well as a representative range of other possible forecast scenarios. This process involves developing two or more additional economic scenarios and considering the relative probabilities of each outcome. External information includes economic data and forecasts published by governmental bodies, monetary authorities and selected private-sector and academic institutions.



The base case represents a most-likely outcome and is aligned with information used by the Group for other purposes such as strategic planning and budgeting. The other scenarios represent more optimistic and more pessimistic outcomes. Periodically, the Group carries out stress testing of more extreme shocks to calibrate its determination of these other representative scenarios.

The Group has identified and documented key drivers of credit risk and credit losses of each portfolio of financial instruments and, using an analysis of historical data, has estimated relationships between macro-economic variables and credit risk and credit losses.

Jugments effective January 1, 2019

Determination of lease term of contracts with renewal and termination options – Group as a lessee The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgment in evaluating whether the provisions to renew or terminate the lease is enforceable. For leases where the Group has the unilateral option to renew or terminate, it then applies judgment on whether it is reasonably certain or not to exercise the option. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation to the leased asset).

Judgements made in determining taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates applying paragraph 122 of PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements

Upon adoption of the Interpretation, the Group has assessed whether it has any uncertain tax position. The Group applies significant judgement in identifying uncertainties over its income tax treatments. The Group determined, based on its assessment, in consultation with its tax counsel, that it is probable that its uncertain income tax treatments (including those for the subsidiaries) will be accepted by the taxation authorities. Accordingly, the interpretation did not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Management's Use of Estimates

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Revenue recognition on real estate projects

The Group's revenue recognition policy require management to make use of estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts of revenues. The Group's revenue from real estate is recognized based on the percentage of completion are measured principally on the basis of the estimated completion of a physical proportion of the contract work. Apart from involving significant estimates in determining the quanitity of imports such as materials, labor and equipment needed, the assessment process for the POC is complex and the estimated project development costs requires technical determination by management's specialists (project engineers). The Group also includes land in the calculation of POC since the Group availed the relief granted by the SEC under Memorandum Circular Nos. 14-2018 as of 2018 for the implementation issues of PFRS 15 affecting the real estate industry. See Notes 20 and 22 for the related balances.

Similarly, the commission is determined using the percentage of completion.



Accounting for business combination

In 2018, the Group, through its wholly owned subsidiary, RWIL, has acquired additional 39.4% in MCT for a total consideration of ₱5.98 billion which brings its ownership to 72.3%. Management has measured the inventories, property and equipment and investment properties that were acquired using the appraisal report that was prepared by the external appraiser. These appraisals involve selecting the appropriate valuation methodology and making various assumptions such as price per sqm, adjustment factors, discount rate, location, size and time element factors. The properties were valued using the sales comparison approach. Significant assumptions used include comparable property prices adjusted for nature, location and condition of the land.

Evaluation of net realizable value of real estate inventories

The Group adjusts the cost of its real estate inventories to net realizable value based on its assessment of the recoverability of the inventories. NRV for completed real estate inventories is assessed with reference to market conditions and prices existing at the reporting date and is determined by the Group in the light of recent market transactions. NRV in respect of real estate inventories under construction is assessed with reference to market prices at the reporting date for similar completed property, less estimated costs to complete construction and less estimated costs to sell. The amount and timing of recorded expenses for any period would differ if different judgments were made or different estimates were utilized. See Note 8 for the related balances.

Share-based payments

The expected life of the options is based on the expected exercise behavior of the stock option holders and is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The volatility is based on the average historical price volatility which may be different from the expected volatility of the shares of stock of the Group. See Note 28 for the related balances.

Estimating pension liabilities and other retirement benefits

The determination of the Group's obligation and cost for pension and other retirement benefits is dependent on selection of certain assumptions used by actuaries in calculating such amounts. These include the determination of the discount rates, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Significant assumptions are disclosed in Note 26 and include among others, discount rate and salary increase rate.

In determining the appropriate discount rate, management considers the interest rates of government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, with extrapolated maturities corresponding to the expected duration of the defined benefit obligation.

The mortality rate is based on 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table and is modified accordingly with estimates of mortality improvements. Future salary increases and pension increases are based on expected future inflation rates.

While the Group believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in actual experience or significant changes in assumptions could materially affect retirement obligations. See Note 26 for the related balances.

Fair value of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded or disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using internal valuation techniques using generally accepted market valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimates are used in establishing fair values. These estimates may include considerations of liquidity, volatility and correlation. Certain financial assets and liabilities were initially recorded at their fair values by using the discounted cash flow methodology. See Note 29 for the related balances.



Estimates effective January 1, 2018

Provision for expected credit losses of trade receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables other than residential, commercial and office development receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns.

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information such as inflation and GDP growth rates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed.

The Group uses vintage analysis approach to calculate ECLs for residential, commercial and office development receivables. The vintage analysis accounts for expected losses by calculating the cumulative loss rates of a given loan pool. It derives the probability of default from the historical data of a homogenous portfolio that share the same origination period. The information on the number of defaults during fixed time intervals of the accounts is utilized to create the PD model. It allows the evaluation of the loan activity from its origination period until the end of the contract period.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions (inflation and interest rates) and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables is disclosed in Notes 7 and 29.

Estimates effective January 1, 2019

Estimating the incremental borrowing rate for leases

The Group uses its incremental borrowing rate (IBR) to measure lease liabilities because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group 'would have to pay', which requires estimation when no observable rates are available (such as for subsidiaries that do not enter into financing transactions) or when they need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease (for example, when leases are not in the subsidiary's functional currency). The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates (such as the subsidiary's stand-alone credit rating).

The Group's lease liabilities as of December 31, 2019 amounted to ₱17,463.7 million (see Note 33).

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

	2019	2018
	(In Thousands)
Cash on hand	₽73,215	₽56,862
Cash in banks	14,555,033	14,461,269
Cash equivalents	5,784,793	9,478,439
	₽20,413,041	₽23,996,570



Cash in banks earn interest at the respective bank deposit rates. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are made for varying periods of up to three (3) months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short-term rates.

The annual interest rates of the cash equivalents are as follows:

	2019	2018
Philippine Peso	2.8% to 4.0%	2.5% to 6.9%
US Dollar	1.1% to 1.8%	1.0% to 3.5%

There is no restriction on the Group's cash and cash equivalents balances as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

5. Short-term Investments

Short-term investments consist of money market placements made for varying periods of more than three (3) months and up to one (1) year and earn interest at the respective short-term investment rates.

The annual interest rates of the short-term investments are as follows:

	2019	2018
Philippine Peso	3.0%	1.8% to 2.9%
US Dollar	1.8% to 2.0%	2.2% to 3.3%

6. Financial Assets at FVTPL

This account consists of:

	2019	2018
	(In T	Thousands)
Investment in ARCH Capital Fund	₽389,031	₽390,521
Investment in Unit Investment Trust Funds (UITF)	96,405	85,724
	₽485,436	₽476,245

Investment in ARCH Capital Fund pertains to monetary interest in a fund in which the management takes the view that these are held for trading and it is a portfolio of identified property funds invested and managed by professional managers.

The Group invests in money market UITF which aims to generate liquidity and stable income by investing in a diversified portfolio of primarily short-term fixed income instruments and with no minimum holding period requirement.

As of December 31, 2019, the Group invested in BPI Money Market Fund (MMF) with a fair value of ₱80.9 million. The BPI MMF's Net Asset Value (NAV) was at ₱23,980.6 million with duration of 131 days.

As of December 31, 2018, the Group invested in BPI MMF with a fair value of ₱71.6 million. The BPI MMF's NAV was at ₱8,331.5 million with duration of 150 days.



The following table provides the fair value hierarchy of the Group's financial assets at FVTPL which are measured at fair value as of December 31, 2019 and 2018:

2019

			Fair value measu	rement using	_
	Date of Valuation	Total	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
			(In Thou	sands)	
Investment in Unit Investment Trust Fund (UITF) Investment in ARCH Capital Fund	December 31, 2019 December 31, 2019	₽96,405 389,031	P- -	₽96,405 -	₽ − 389,031
2018			Fair value measu	rement usina	
				J	Significant
			Quoted prices in active markets of	Significant servable inputs	unobservable inputs
	Date of Valuation	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
			(In Thou	sands)	
Investment in Unit Investment Trust Fund (UITF) Investment in ARCH Capital Fund	December 31, 2018 December 31, 2018	₽85,724 390,521	₽- -	₽85,724 -	₽ − 390,521

The fair value of the investment in UITF is based on net asset values as of reporting dates.

The fair value of the investment in ARCH Capital Fund is determined using the discounted cash flow (DCF) method. Under the DCF method in fund fair valuation, it is estimated using assumptions regarding the benefits and liabilities of ownership over the underlying asset's life including an exit or terminal value. This method involves the projection of a series of cash flows on a real property interest. To this projected cash flow series, a market-derived discount rate is applied to establish the present value of the income stream, associated with the underlying asset. The exit yield is normally separately determined and differs from the discount rate. Significant inputs considered were rental, growth and discount rates. The higher the rental and growth rates, the higher the fair value. The higher the discount rates, the lower the fair value.

Reconciliation of fair value measurement of Investment in ARCH Fund is shown below:

	2019	2018
	(In Thou	sands)
Balance at beginning of year	₽390,521	₽457,628
Redemptions	(24,387)	(69,803)
Additions	30,145	2,696
Unrealized loss	(7,248)	_
Balance at end of year	₽389,031	₽390,521

Reconciliation of fair value measurement of Investment in UITF is shown below:

	2019	2018
	(In Thous	ands)
Balance at beginning of year	₽85,724	₽82,978
Redemptions	(741,376)	(1,887)
Additions	746,774	
Unrealized gains included under "Other income"	5,283	4,633
Balance at end of year	₽96,405	₽85,724



7. Accounts and Notes Receivable

Accounts and notes receivable account consists of:

		2018
		(As restated -
	2019	see Note 2)
		(In Thousands)
Trade:		
Residential, commercial and office development	₽ 104,260,962	₽120,340,412
Corporate business	3,828,160	4,885,870
Shopping centers	3,684,650	2,686,281
Construction contracts	1,553,320	1,873,091
Management fees	99,263	86,047
Others	4,558,543	3,100,997
Advances to other companies	18,984,210	19,823,781
Accrued receivables	7,788,796	6,803,160
Receivables from related parties (Note 25)	6,130,303	5,683,236
Receivables from employees	901,261	1,113,207
	151,789,468	166,396,082
Less allowance for impairment losses	1,186,293	872,268
	150,603,175	165,523,814
Less noncurrent portion	45,563,869	38,804,937
	₱105,039,306	₽126,718,877

The classes of trade receivables of the Group are as follows:

- Residential, commercial and office development pertain to receivables from the sale of highend, upper middle-income and affordable residential lots and units; economic and socialized housing units and sale of commercial lots; sale of office units; and leisure community developments.
- Corporate business pertain to lease receivables from office and factory buildings and receivables from sale of industrial lots
- Shopping centers pertain to lease receivables from retail spaces
- Construction contracts pertain to receivables from third party construction projects
- Management fees pertain to receivables from facilities management services
- Others pertain to receivables from hotel operations and other support services

Residential, commercial and office development receivables are collectible in monthly installments over a period of one (1) to ten (10) years. These are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method with annual interest rates ranging from 6.3% to 13.5%. Titles to real estate properties are transferred to the buyers only once full payment has been made.

Corporate business receivables are collectible on a monthly or quarterly basis depending on the terms of the lease contracts.

Receivables from shopping centers, construction contracts and management fees are due within 30 days upon billing.

Receivables from hotel operations and other support services included under other trade receivables are normally due within 30 to 90 days upon billing.

Advances to other companies includes advances made to joint venture partners that have been made in consideration of project costs and purchases of land that are still subject to completion. The documentation for these advances provides that these will be payable over a fixed term or on demand in order to allow for repayment of the advances when closing does not occur.



2018

Advances to other companies also includes receivables from MRT Development Corporation (MRTDC) shareholders which pertains to interest-bearing advances made by NTDCC to MRTDC equivalent to the Pre-2006 Development Rights Payment (DRP) Payables and the Residual Depot DRP which is due more than one year, in relation to the funding and repayment agreement. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, receivables from MRTDC shareholders amounted to ₱422.3 million and ₱436.7 million, respectively.

On December 17, 2014, NTDCC and MRTDC shareholders executed a "funding and repayment agreement" wherein the latter agrees to repay NTDCC, for the account of MRTDC, its respective pro rata share in the Total Depot DRP Advances (the Pre-2006 DRP Payables and the Residual Depot DRP, including 15% interest rate accrued on such DRP payables).

Commencing on January 1, 2015, the MRTDC Shareholders shall effect the repayment of their respective pro rata share in the Total Depot DRP Payables, through a set-off against their respective share in the commercial center royalties to be received from the Group.

Set off shall be effective as of the beginning of every calendar month, commencing January 30, 2015 and shall result in the settlement of the portion of the Total DRP Payables to the extent of the amount of the commercial center royalties then the balance will fall due to the relevant MRTDC Shareholders.

Accrued receivables and receivables from related parties are due and demandable. Receivables from employees pertain to housing, car, salary and other loans granted to the Group's employees which are collectible through salary deduction, are interest-bearing (6.0% per annum) and payable on various maturity dates.

Receivables amounting to ₱1,186.3 million and ₱872.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, were impaired and fully provided for. Movements in the allowance for impairment losses follow:

2019

	Trade							
	Residential and office	Shopping C	Construction	Corporate M	anagement		Advances to Other	
	Development	Centers	Contracts	Business	Fees	Others	Companies	Total
		(In Thousands)						
Balance at beginning of year	₽13,555	₽558,059	₽26,547	₽86,663	₽5,948	₱175,596	₽5,900	₱872,268
Provisions during the year (Note 22)	-	269,619	11,231	128,692	730	12,310	253,341	675,923
Reversal (Note 22)	-	(13,599)	-	(16,192)	-	(76,319)	(1,038)	(107,148)
Accounts written off	-	(41,314)	-	(16,955)	-	(1,178)	(195,051)	(254,498)
Translation adjustment	-	(252)	-	-	-	-	-	(252)
Balance at end of year	₽13,555	₽772,513	₽37,778	₱182,208	₽6,678	₽110,409	₽63,152	₱1,186,293

2018

				Trade				
	Residential						Advances to	
	and office	Shopping	Construction	Corporate	Management		Other	
	Development	Centers	Contracts	Business	Fees	Others	Companies	Total
				(In Tho	usands)			
Balance at beginning of year	₽13,555	₽560,817	₽26,547	₽79,209	₽3,012	₽31,860	₽10,946	₽725,946
Provisions during the year(Note 22)	-	59,092	-	23,793	2,936	143,736	6,491	236,048
Reversal (Note 22)	-	(61,198)	-	(16,339)	-	-	(11,537)	(89,074)
Accounts written off	_	(652)	_	_	_	_	_	(652)
Translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of year	₽13,555	₽558,059	₽26,547	₽86,663	₽5,948	₽175,596	₽5,900	₽872,268



As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, nominal amounts of trade receivables from residential, commercial and office development totaling ₱122,258.0 million and ₱137,767.9 million, respectively, were recorded initially at fair value. The fair values of the receivables were obtained by discounting future cash flows using the applicable rates of similar types of instruments.

Movements in the unamortized discount of the Group's receivables as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 follow:

	2019	2018	
	(In Thousands)		
Balance at beginning of year	₽ 17,427,468	₽10,332,147	
Additions during the year	8,460,511	14,137,399	
Accretion for the year (Note 20)	(7,890,972)	(7,042,078)	
Balance at end of year	₽17,997,007	₽17,427,468	

The Group entered into agreements with BPI Asset Management and Trust Corporation in 2019 and 2018 for the assignment of interest-bearing employee receivables amounting to ₱108.9 million and ₱11.3 million, respectively. The transactions were without recourse and did not result to any gain or loss.

The Group sold residential receivables on a without recourse basis to partner mortgage banks, which include BPI Family Savings Bank, a related party, amounting to ₱9,976.3 million in 2019 and ₱12,867.2 million in 2018. These were sold at a discount with total proceeds of ₱9,281.2 million and ₱12,041.9 million, respectively. The Group recognized loss on sale (under "Other expenses") amounting to ₱775.2 million and ₱825.3 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively (see Note 22).

8. Inventories

This account consists of:

	2019	2018
Real estate - at cost	(II	n Thousands)
Residential and condominium units	₽65,659,786	₽49,675,074
Residential and commercial lots	52,363,671	52,116,837
Offices - at cost	2,264,229	2,579,700
	₽120,287,686	₽104,371,611

A summary of the movements in inventories is set out below:

<u>2019</u>

	Residential and		
Residential and	condominium		
commercial lots	units	Offices	Total
	(In Thou	sands)	
₽52,116,837	₽49,675,074	₽2,579,700	₽104,371,611
7,598,083	-	_	7,598,083
7,160,927	42,984,189	6,248,089	56,393,205
· -	122,682	- · · · -	122,682
(15,772,399)	(37,211,541)	(6,369,061)	(59,353,001)
1,260,223	10,089,382	(194,499)	11,155,106
₽52,363,671	₽65,659,786	₽2,264,229	₱120,287,686
	commercial lots P52,116,837 7,598,083 7,160,927 - (15,772,399) 1,260,223	Residential and commercial lots units \$\begin{align*} \text{Condominium} & \text{units} & \text{units} & \text{(In Thou} \\ \$\begin{align*} \text{F52,116,837} & \text{F49,675,074} & \\ 7,598,083 & - & \\ 7,160,927 & 42,984,189 & \\ - & 122,682 & \\ (15,772,399) & (37,211,541) & \\ 1,260,223 & 10,089,382 & \text{(In Thou} \\ \$\begin{align*} \text{Condominium} & \text{units} & \\ (1, \text{Thou} & \text{Condominium} & \text{Units} & \\ (1, \text{Thou} & \text{Condominium} & \text{Units} & \\ (1, \text{Thou} & \text{Units} & \text{Units} & \\ (1, \text{Thou} & \text{Units} & \text{Units} & \\ (1, \text{Thou} & \text{Units} & \text{Units} & \\ (1, \text{Units} & \text{Units} & \text{Units} & \\ (1,	commercial lots units Offices P52,116,837 P49,675,074 P2,579,700 7,598,083 - - 7,160,927 42,984,189 6,248,089 - 122,682 - (15,772,399) (37,211,541) (6,369,061) 1,260,223 10,089,382 (194,499)



2018

		Residential and		
	Residential and	condominium		
	commercial lots	units	Offices	Total
		(In Thou	sands)	
Balances at beginning of year	₽44,106,425	₽44,321,347	₽2,417,836	₽90,845,608
Land acquired during the year	6,694,113	73,850	466,474	7,234,437
Acquisition through business combination				
(Note 24)	_	13,620,873	_	13,620,873
Construction/development costs incurred	23,640,668	23,287,225	6,030,005	52,957,898
Borrowing costs capitalized	_	167,036	_	167,036
Disposals (recognized as cost of real estate				
sales) (Note 22)	(29,520,948)	(32,044,896)	(6,218,244)	(67,784,088)
Transfers from (to) investment properties				
(Notes 12 and 37)	7,196,579	249,639	(116,371)	7,329,847
Balances at end of year	₽52,116,837	₽49,675,074	₽2,579,700	₽104,371,611

The Group has no purchase commitments pertaining to its inventories as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

There are no liens and encumbrances on the Group's real estate inventories.

9. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	2019	2018
	(In Thousands)	
Value-added input tax	₽14,515,697	₽13,763,265
Prepaid expenses	14,355,646	12,574,213
Advances to contractors and suppliers	13,217,858	11,400,879
Creditable withholding taxes	4,710,840	3,586,572
Materials, parts and supplies - at cost	999,883	659,363
Others	791,708	2,196,930
	₽48,591,632	₽44,181,222

Value-added input tax is applied against value-added output tax. The remaining balance is recoverable in future periods.

Prepaid expenses consist of prepayments for commissions, marketing fees, advertising and promotions, taxes and licenses, rentals and insurance. The cost to obtain contracts which includes prepaid commissions and advances to brokers amounted to ₱2,876.2 million and ₱2,662.0 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively. In line with the Group's accounting policy, as set out in Note 2, if a contract or specific performance obligation exhibited marginal profitability or other indicators of impairment, judgment was applied to ascertain whether or not the future economic benefits from these contracts were sufficient to recover these assets. In performing this impairment assessment, management is required to make an assessment of the costs to complete the contract. The ability to accurately forecast such costs involves estimates around cost savings to be achieved over time, anticipated profitability of the contract, as well as future performance against any contract-specific key performance indicators that could trigger variable consideration, or service credits (Note 14).

Advances to contractors and suppliers represents prepayments for the construction of inventories.

Creditable withholding taxes are applied against income tax payable.

Materials, parts and supplies pertain to inventories to be used in the construction and maintenance of projects.



Others include deferred charges and letters of credit. Deferred charges pertain to project-related costs already paid but not yet consumed in the actual construction activities.

10. Financial Assets at Fair Value through OCI

This account consists of:

2019	2018
(in	Thousands)
₽1,478,444 505,484	₽1,425,412 521,912
1,983,928	1,947,324
(454,749) P1 529 179	(451,529) ₱1,495,795
	(in : ₱1,478,444 505,484 1,983,928

Investments in quoted shares of stock include shares held for clubs wherein the Group does not exercise control or demonstrate significant influence.

Investments in unquoted shares of stock include unlisted shares of public utility companies which the Group will continue to carry as part of the infrastructure that it provides to its real estate projects.

Movements in the reserves for financial assets at FVOCI as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	2019	2018
	(In Th	iousands)
Balance at beginning of year	(₽451,529)	(₱523,467)
Fair value changes during the year	(3,220)	71,938
Balance at end of year	(P 454,749)	(₱451,529)

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018 reserves for financial assets at FVOCI attributable to non-controlling interests amounted to ₱2.6 million.

The following table provides the fair value hierarchy of the Group's financial assets at fair value through OCI which are measured at fair value as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 (in thousands):

December 31, 2019

		ŀ	air value meası	urement using	
	•		Quoted		
			prices in	Significant	Significant
			active	observable	unobservable
			markets	inputs	inputs
	Date of Valuation	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Shares of stock:					
Quoted					
Real estate	December 31, 2019	₽525,541	₽525,541	₽-	P-
Tourism and leisure	December 31, 2019	282,927	282,927	_	_
Financial asset management	December 31, 2019	81,622	81,622	_	_
Retail	December 31, 2019	54,658	54,658	_	_
Utilities and energy	December 31, 2019	15,965	15,965	_	_
Telecommunication	December 31, 2019	2,816	2,816	_	_
Unquoted					
Tourism and leisure	Various	533,101	_	_	533,101
Utilities and energy	Various	19,787	_	_	19,787
Real estate	Various	11,888	_	_	11,888
Telecommunication	Various	874	_	_	874
		₽1,529,179	₽963,529	₽-	₽565,650



December 31, 2018

<u> </u>			Fair value measu	rement using	
	•		Quoted		
			prices in	Significant	Significant
			active	observable	unobservable
			markets	inputs	inputs
	Date of Valuation	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Shares of stock:					
Quoted					
Real estate	December 31, 2018	₽554,655	₽554,655	₽_	₽-
Tourism and leisure	December 31, 2018	182,300	182,300	_	_
Retail	December 31, 2018	109,079	109,079	_	_
Financial asset management	December 31, 2018	65,261	65,261	_	_
Utilities and energy	December 31, 2018	2,273	2,273	_	_
Telecommunication	December 31, 2018	149	149	_	_
Unquoted					
Tourism and leisure	Various	549,480	_	_	549,480
Utilities and energy	Various	19,833	_	_	19,833
Real estate	Various	11,888	_	-	11,888
Telecommunication	Various	877	_	_	877
		₽1,495,795	₽913,717	₽_	₽582,078

11. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

This account consists of:

	2019	2018
	(In	Thousands)
Investment in stocks - cost		
Balance at beginning of year	₽ 19,492,702	₽21,643,179
Additions	1,529,688	3,724,958
Disposals	· -	(83,369)
Acquisition of control on previously held interest	-	(5,792,066)
Balance at end of year	21,022,390	19,492,702
Accumulated equity in net earnings:		
Balance at beginning of year	₽ 3,787,105	₽4,462,790
Equity in net earnings	965,787	749,924
Dividends received	(386,241)	(331,461)
Acquisition of control on previously held interest		(1,094,148)
Balance at end of year	4,366,651	3,787,105
Subtotal	25,389,041	23,279,807
Equity share in cumulative translation adjustment	(71,460)	109,945
	₽25,317,581	₽23,389,752

The equity share in cumulative translation adjustments represents exchange differences arising from the translation of financial statements of the foreign operations, whose functional currency is other than Philippine Peso.



Details of the Group's investments in associates and joint ventures and the related percentages of ownership are shown below:

	Percenta	ges of		
	Ownership		Carrying Amounts	
_	2019	2018	2019	2018
		(In	Thousands)	
Joint ventures:				
Emerging City Holdings, Inc. (ECHI)	50%	50%	₽4,075,620	₽3,911,350
ALI-ETON Property Development Corporation	50	50	3,294,858	2,108,668
AKL Properties, Inc. (AKL)	50	50	2,274,254	1,942,622
Berkshires Holdings, Inc. (BHI)	50	50	2,002,726	1,933,313
Cebu District Property Enterprise, Inc. (CDPEI)	35	35	1,443,220	1,464,432
Alveo-Federal Land Communities, Inc.	50	50	904,452	789,078
AyaGold Retailers, Inc. (AyaGold)	50	50	160,429	160,485
BYMCW, Inc.	30	30	55,500	55,500
SIAL Specialty Retailers, Inc. (SIAL Specialty)	50	50	31,744	26,462
			14,242,803	12,391,910
Associates:				
OCLP Holdings, Inc.(OHI)	21	21	8,540,155	8,090,085
Bonifacio Land Corp. (BLC)	10	10	1,479,284	1,427,555
Rize-Ayalaland (Kingsway) GP, Inc. (Rize-Ayalaland)	49	49	448,613	793,945
Tianjin Eco-City Ayala Land Development Co., Ltd (Tianjin				
Eco-City)	40	40	474,486	470,118
Mercado General Hospital, Inc. (MGHI)	33	33	96,551	178,044
Lagoon Development Corporation	30	30	35,689	38,095
			11,074,778	10,997,842
	•	•	₽25,317,581	₽23,389,752

Financial information of the associate with material interest

BLC

The Group has a 10% interest in BLC, which is involved in the purchase, subscription or otherwise disposal of real and personal properties. BLC is a private company incorporated on October 20, 1994 and there is no quoted market price available for its shares. Its registered office and principal place of business is Taguig City, Philippines.

Set out below is the summarized financial information for BLC:

	2019	2018
	(In Thousar	nds)
Current assets	₽ 10,996,893	₽5,036,409
Noncurrent assets	32,437,784	37,539,401
Current liabilities	(3,066,467)	(3,798,971)
Noncurrent liabilities	(7,175,865)	(6,558,980)
Equity	33,192,345	32,217,859
Less: noncontrolling interest	14,896,099	14,491,952
Equity attributable to Parent Company	18,296,246	17,725,907
Proportion of Group's ownership	10.1%	10.1%
Group's share in identifiable net assets	1,847,921	1,790,317
Carrying amount of the investment	1,479,284	1,427,555
Negative goodwill	(₱368,637)	(₱362,762)
Dividends received	₽80,836	₽70,731



Net assets attributable to the equity holders of BLC amounted to ₱18,296.2 million and ₱17,725.9 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

	2019	2018
	(In Tho	usands)
Revenue	₽ 5,790,288	₽4,925,102
Cost and expenses	(3,150,446)	(2,906,515)
Net income (continuing operations)	2,639,842	2,018,587
Net loss attributable to minority interest	(1,242,515)	(944,922)
Net income attributable to parent	1,397,327	1,073,665
Group's share in net income for the year	141,130	108,440
Total comprehensive income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company	1,397,327	1,073,665
Group's share in total comprehensive income for the	, ,	, ,
year	141,130	108,440

Aggregate financial information on the associates with immaterial interest (OHI, Rize-Ayalaland, Tianjin Eco-City, LDC, MGHI and others) follows:

	2019	2018
	(In Thousa	nds)
Carrying amount	₽9,595,494	₽9,570,287
Share in net income from continuing operations	261,526	286,171
Share in total comprehensive income	261,526	286,171

Financial information of joint ventures

Aggregate financial information on joint ventures with immaterial interest (ECHI, BHI, CDPEI, Alveo-Federal, ALI-Eton, SIAL CVS, SIAL Specialty, AyaGold and BYMCW, Inc.) is as follows:

	2019	2018
	(In Thousands)	
Carrying amount	₽14,242,804	₽12,391,910
Share in net income from continuing operations	563,131	355,313
Share in total comprehensive income	563,131	355,313

The following are the significant transactions affecting the Group's investments in associates and joint ventures:

Investment in OH

In 2016, ALI acquired a 21.1% stake in OHI consistent with its thrust of expanding its operations to other areas within and outside of Metro Manila through partnerships. The acquisition was made possible via the purchase of shares from existing OHI shareholders, and this was recorded under "Investments in associates and joint ventures" account for ₱7,320.7 million. In 2017, the Group finalized the purchase price allocation of its acquisition of OHI through business combination in March 2016. The final purchase price allocation resulted in gain from bargain purchase of ₱148.0 million. OHI owns 99.5% interest in Ortigas & Company Limited Partnership (OCLP), an entity engaged in real estate development and leasing businesses.

Investments in ECHI, BHI and BLC

The Parent Company's 5.3% direct investment in BLC and 4.8% through Regent Time is accounted for using the equity method because the Parent Company has significant influence over BLC. As disclosed in Note 3, the Parent Company has significant influence over BLC because it has board representation which allows them to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions but is not control or joint control of those policies.



Investment in Rize-Ayalaland

Rize-Ayalaland (Kingsway) GP, Inc. was incorporated on January 25, 2013 under the laws of British Columbia, Canada. The Company's effective ownership is 49.0% through its Vancouver-based subsidiary, AyalaLand Real Estate Investments, Inc.

Investment in Cebu District Property Enterprise, Inc.

Cebu District Property Enterprise, Inc. (CDPEI) was incorporated on February 20, 2014 and is a 50:50 joint venture between the Company and Aboitiz Land, Inc. CDPEI's main purpose is to create a mixed-use commercial and residential district with the 15.4 hectare property in Subangdaku, Mandaue.

Investment in Alveo-Federal Land Communities, Inc.

Alveo Land Corp. signed a Joint Venture Agreement (JVA) with Federal Land, Inc. last April 29, 2015 for equal ownership over AFLCI. The JV is for the development of Treveia Nuvali located in Laguna near Nuvali.

Investment in ALI-ETON Property Development Corporation

ALI-ETON Property Development Corporation was incorporated on March 13, 2016. The company is a joint venture between Ayala Land, Inc. and LT Group, Inc. ALI and LT Group, Inc. entered into an agreement on January 21, 2016 to jointly develop a project along the C5 corridor. The project is envisioned to be a township development that spans portions of Pasig City and Quezon City.

In 2019 and 2018, the Parent Company made additional equity infusions to ALI-Eton to fund the development requirements of Parklinks amounting to P1,195.0 million and P1,534.0 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 respectively.

Investment in BYMCW, Inc.

On August 2, 2017, Bouygues Travaux Publics Philippines Inc. (BYTPPI) incorporated BYMCW Inc. (BYMCW) to engage in general building and contracting business. BYMCW's registered office address is at 2nd floor, Welfare Building, LRTA Compound, Aurora Blvd., Barangay 189, Pasay City, Metro Manila.

On December 6, 2017, MDC acquired 30% ownership over BYMCW after buying fifty one (51) million shares held by BYTPPI.

Investment in AyaGold Retailers, Inc.

AyaGold Retailers, Inc., a joint venture between Entenso Equities Incorporated (EEI, a wholly owned subsidiary of Puregold Price Club, Inc.) and ALI Capital Corp. (a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and the holding company for its retail-related initiatives), was incorporated on October 2, 2013. It is organized primarily to finance, build and operate mid-market supermarkets for some of Company's new integrated and mixed-use developments. The mid-market supermarkets will be carried under a new brand to be jointly developed by both ALI Capital Corp. and EEI. The partnership with EEI will enable the Company to support its mixed-use developments and, at the same time, grow its recurring income portfolio.

Investment in SIAL Specialty

SIAL Specialty was incorporated on September 27, 2012 as a joint venture between ALI Capital Corp. and Store Specialist, Inc. (SSI). ALICap is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent Company. SSI is one of the largest specialty retail companies in the Philippines with the exclusive distribution rights to a variety of brands from around the world.

The partnership, which combines the Company's expertise in developing mixed-use developments and SSI's proven track record in retail, is aimed at pursuing retail solutions to address the growing and changing lifestyle needs of the market.

SIAL Specialty was organized primarily for the investment and operation of mid-market department stores and to pursue other investment opportunities in the Philippine retail sector.



Investment in SIAL CVS

SIAL CVS is an equally owned joint venture between ALI Capital Corp., the Company's wholly owned subsidiary and SII, SSI's wholly owned subsidiary.

SIAL CVS shall be the vehicle for the investment in the operation of convenience stores in the Philippines. SIAL CVS capitalizes on the Company's expertise in mixed-use developments and SSI's experience in the Philippine retail market. The Parties agreed to incorporate a special purpose vehicle that shall form a partnership with FamilyMart Co. Ltd. and Itochu Corporation for the operation of FamilyMart convenience stores in the Philippines.

SIAL CVS Retailers, Inc., FamilyMart Co., Ltd., and ITOCHU Corporation have concluded the transaction to sell 100% of the outstanding shares of Philippine FamilyMart CVS, Inc. (PFM) to P-H-O-E-N-I-X Petroleum Philippines, Inc. (PNX), further to a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) entered into by the parties last October 30, 2017.

PFM is the official Area Franchisee of the Family Mart brand of convenience stores in the Philippines, with a current network of 67 company-owned and franchised stores all over the country. PNX is the leading independent and fastest-growing oil company in the Philippines, with a wide network of retail stations and commercial and industrial clients all over the Philippines.

The transaction was approved by the Philippine Competition Commission (PCC) last January 3, 2018. Accordingly, the Group no longer has any investment in SIAL CVS after the conclusion of the sale of outstanding shares of PFM.

Investment in MGHI

In July 2013, the Company entered into an agreement with the Mercado Family to acquire Whiteknight Holdings, Inc. (WHI), a 33% equity stockholder of MGHI. Its acquisition of WHI will allow the Company to build a strategic partnership with the Mercado Group and support MGHI's future growth. This partnership also enhances the potential of Ayala Land's development of mixed-use communities by offering the critical component of medical services to complement the residential, shopping centers, office and hotel developments therein.

Investment in AKL

In 2018, the Parent Company invested P1,959.7 million in AKL, which is a 50:50 joint venture between the Parent Company and Royal Asia Land, Inc., and is organized primarily for future mixed-use development in South Luzon area.

On June 26, 2019, the Parent Company approved the equity call to fund the advance payment to Manila Jockey Club, Inc. (MJCI) upon signing the Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) for the 60 ha. Property in Carmona, Cavite between AKL and MJCI. The Parent Company's share in the additional total capital requirement amounted to \$\mathbb{P}250.0\$ million.

On Sept. 12, 2019, the Parent Company approved the equity call for the minimum subscription to increase the Authorized Capital Stock (ACS) of AKL from ₱4,545.0 million to ₱7,250.0 million which was approved in the AKL board meeting on May 14, 2019. The increase in the ACS shall cover the land acquisition requirements in Carmona and Silang, Cavite for the next 3 years. The 50% share of the Parent Company in the minimum paid-up capital (25% of the minimum subscription) of the increase amounted to ₱84.7 million.



12. Investment Properties

The rollforward analysis of this account follows:

2019

			Construction	
	Land	Buildings	in Progress	Total
		(In Thous	sands)	
Cost				
Balance at beginning of year, as				
previously reported	₽ 83,523,538	₽ 117,553,349	₽55,359,319	₽ 256,436,206
Effect of adoption of PFRS 16 (Note 2)	-	-	888,774	888,774
Balance at beginning of year, as restated	83,523,538	117,553,349	56,248,093	257,324,980
Additions	16,965,958	10,567,896	9,484,719	37,018,573
Disposals	(1,341,800)	(2,502,913)	(3,146)	(3,847,859)
Cumulative translation difference	(93,531)	(135,484)	·	(229,015)
Transfers (Notes 8,13, 33 and 37)	(11,461,735)	1,649,546	(1,715,853)	(11,528,042)
Balance at end of year	87,592,430	127,132,394	64,013,813	278,738,637
Accumulated Depreciation				
Balance at beginning of year	_	31,327,471	_	31,327,471
Depreciation (Note 22)	_	4,404,491	_	4,404,491
Disposals	_	(178,584)	_	(178,584)
Cumulative translation difference	_	(406)	_	(406)
Transfers	_	39,392	_	39,392
Balance at end of year	-	35,592,364	-	35,592,364
Accumulated impairment losses				
Balance at beginning and end of year	102,825	-	-	102,825
Net Book Value	₽87,489,605	₽91,540,030	₽64,013,813	₱243,043,448

2018

			Construction	
	Land	Buildings	in Progress	Total
		(In Thous	ands)	
Cost				
Balance at beginning of year	₽84,893,792	₽93,046,926	₽49,660,702	₽227,601,420
Additions	6,336,730	16,789,386	13,725,237	36,851,353
Acquisition through business				
combination (Note 24)	1,223,498	4,489,137	-	5,712,635
Disposals	(1,642,908)	(83,917)	-	(1,726,825)
Foreign currency exchange differences	209,538	78,540	-	288,078
Transfers (Notes 8,13 and 37)	(7,497,112)	3,233,277	(8,026,620)	(12,290,455)
Balance at end of year	83,523,538	117,553,349	55,359,319	256,436,206
Accumulated Depreciation				
Balance at beginning of year	_	27,258,780	_	27,258,780
Depreciation (Note 22)	_	4,052,276	_	4,052,276
Disposals	-	(3,892)		(3,892)
Foreign currency exchange differences	-	20,307	_	20,307
Balance at end of year	_	31,327,471	_	31,327,471
Accumulated impairment losses				
Balance at beginning and end of year	102,825	-	-	102,825
Net Book Value	₽83,420,713	₽86,225,878	₽55,359,319	₽225,005,910

Certain parcels of land are leased to several individuals and corporations. Some of the lease contracts provide, among others, that within a certain period from the expiration of the contracts, the lessee will have to demolish and remove any and all improvements (such as buildings) introduced or built within the leased properties. Otherwise, the lessor will cause the demolition and removal thereof and charge the cost to the lessee unless the lessor occupies and appropriates the same for its use and benefit.

Construction in progress pertain to buildings under construction to be leased as retail and office spaces upon completion.



The aggregate fair value of the Group's investment properties amounted to ₱495,845.1 million and ₱328,057.2 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The fair values of the investment properties were determined by independent professionally qualified appraisers.

The following table provides the fair value hierarchy of the Group's investment properties as of December 31, 2019 and 2018:

2019

2019						
		Fair value measu	rement using			
		Quoted prices	Significant	Significant		
		in active	observable	unobservable		
		markets	inputs	inputs		
of Valuation	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
		(In Thous	ands)	_		
Various	₽278,165,996	₽_	₽_	₽278,165,996		
Various	109,835,314	-	-	109,835,314		
Various	106,628,343	-	-	106,628,343		
Various	1,215,483	-	-	1,215,483		
		Fair value measu	rement using			
		Quoted prices	Significant	Significant		
		in active	observable	unobservable		
		markets	inputs	inputs		
of Valuation	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
		(In Thous	ands)			
Various	₽152,670,030	₽_	₽_	₽152,670,030		
Various	73,034,911	_	_	73,034,911		
Various	101,208,761	_	_	101,208,761		
Various	1,143,511	_	_	1,143,511		
	Various Various Various Of Valuation Various Various Various Various	of Valuation Total Various \$\mathbb{P}278,165,996\$ Various 109,835,314 Various 106,628,343 Various 1,215,483 Total Various Various	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) Various P278,165,996 P- Various 109,835,314 - Various 106,628,343 - Various 1,215,483 - Quoted prices in active markets in active markets of Valuation Total (Level 1) Various P152,670,030 P- Various Various 73,034,911 - Various Various 101,208,761 -	Total In active markets (Level 1) In Thousands (Level 2)		

The values of the land were arrived using the Market Data Approach. Market Data Approach provides an indication of value by comparing the subject asset with identical or similar assets for which price information is available. This approach was used for the land as it is commonly used in the property market since inputs and data for this approach are available. For Market Data Approach, the higher the price per sqm., the higher the fair value.

The values of the buildings (retail, office, hospital) were arrived using the Income Approach. Income Approach provides an indication of value by converting future cash flow to a single current value. Under the income approach, the value of an asset is determined by reference to the value of income, cash flow or cost saving generated by the asset.

The significant unobservable inputs to valuation of investment properties ranges from ₱1,500-₱278,000 per sqm.

Interest capitalized amounted to ₱22.8 million, ₱19.0 million and ₱17.7 million in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The capitalization rates are 4.41%-7.00%, 2.00%-7.65% and 2.50%-4.75% in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively (see Note 16).

Consolidated rental income from investment properties amounted to ₱31,687.1 million, ₱28,522.4 million and ₱24,321.3 million in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively (see Note 20). Consolidated direct operating expenses arising from the investment properties in 2019, 2018 and 2017 amounted to ₱6,822.3 million, ₱5,906.2 million and ₱4,690.5 million, respectively (see Note 22).

Depreciation and amortization expense pertaining to investment properties amounted to \$\mathbb{P}4,404.5\$ million, \$\mathbb{P}4,052.3\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}3,483.0\$ million in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively (see Note 22).



13. Property and Equipment

The rollforward analysis of this account as of December 31 follow:

<u>2019</u>

Net Book Value

	Land,	Machinery and	Furniture,		Hotel	
	Buildings and	Construction	Fixtures and	Transportation	Property and	
	Improvements	Equipment	Equipment	Equipment	Equipment	Total
			(In Th	nousands)		
Cost						
Balance at beginning of year	₽11,822,391	₽14,042,526	₽6,657,181	₽3,331,104	₽18,927,960	₽54,781,162
Additions	2,880,599	948,850	1,999,517	165,395	4,525,214	10,519,575
Disposals	(16,107)	(502,089)	(7,578)	(31,885)	-	(557,659)
Foreign currency exchange						
difference	(46,248)	(54,065)	(3,990)	(1,623)	-	(105,926)
Transfers (Notes 12 and 37)	(124,646)	-	-	-	596,297	471,651
Balance at end of year	14,515,989	14,435,222	8,645,130	3,462,991	24,049,471	65,108,803
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization						
Balance at beginning of year Depreciation and amortization	3,546,838	7,741,047	4,174,491	1,206,464	2,363,122	19,031,962
(Note 22)	954,929	1,553,999	550,519	275,265	516,270	3,850,982
Disposals	(20,903)	(421,333)	(9,090)	(22,371)	-	(473,697)
Foreign currency exchange difference	(30,535)	896	9,247	4,873		(15,519)
Transfers	(39,392)	-	-	-	-	(39,392)
Others	(202,614)	(10,308)	(38,127)	(17,682)	(39,159)	(307,890)
Balance at end of year	4,208,323	8,864,301	4,687,040	1,446,549	2,840,233	22,046,446
Net Book Value	₱10,307,666	₽5,570,921	₽3,958,090	₽2,016,442	₽21,209,238	₱43,062,357
<u>2018</u>	Land, Buildings and Improvements	Machinery and Construction Equipment	Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Hotel Property and Equipment	Total
				nousands)		
Cost						
Balance at beginning of year	₽8,015,559	₽12,550,628	₽6,605,459	₽3,160,878	₽13,992,854	₽44,325,378
Additions	2,533,458	772,825	61,284	236,897	395,951	4,000,415
Additions through business						
combination (Note 24)	3,078,371	1,356,321	128,848	35,883	_	4,599,423
Disposals	(2,023,545)	(1,268,959)	(261,752)	(176,768)	(361,870)	(4,092,894)
Foreign currency exchange						
difference	218,548	631,664	123,806	74,214	_	1,048,232
Transfers (Notes 12 and 37)	_	47	(464)	_	4,901,026	4,900,609
Balance at end of year	11,822,391	14,042,526	6,657,181	3,331,104	18,927,961	54,781,163
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization						
Balance at beginning of year Depreciation and amortization	2,911,988	6,090,829	3,729,850	780,804	2,287,820	15,801,291
(Note 22)	526,797	360,317	272,763	247,094	475,648	1,882,619
Disposals	(71,176)	(191,780)	(68,765)	(52,802)	(343,028)	(727,551)
Foreign currency exchange			,			
difference	93,903	292,142	123,806	75,295	-	585,146
Others	85,326	1,189,540	116,837	156,074	(57,318)	1,490,459
Balance at end of year	3,546,838	7,741,048	4,174,491	1,206,465	2,363,122	19,031,964

The depreciation and amortization of property and equipment (included under various consolidated statements of income accounts) amounted to \$\mathbb{P}3,851.0\$ million, \$\mathbb{P}1,882.6\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}1,517.6\$ million in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. No interest was capitalized in 2019 and 2018 (see Note 16).

₽2,482,690

₽6,301,478

₽8,275,553



14. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	2019	2018
	(In Thousa	ands)
Advances to contractors and suppliers	₽13,664,137	₽9,355,940
Prepaid expenses	10,667,666	9,026,562
Leasehold rights	3,684,840	4,266,310
Deposits – others	2,452,299	2,134,677
Investment in bonds	2,309,867	_
Deferred input VAT	1,676,155	3,025,078
Net pension assets (Note 26)	74,332	62,065
Development rights	63,314	49,157
Others	287,867	584,208
	₽34,880,477	₽28,503,997

Advances to contractors and suppliers represents prepayments for the construction of investment properties and property and equipment.

Prepaid expenses consist of project costs incurred for unlaunched projects of the Group, advance rental payments and noncurrent prepaid management fees. This also includes the noncurrent portion of cost to obtain contracts (see Note 9) which includes prepaid commissions and advances to brokers, which amounted to P442.4 million and P261.0 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Leasehold rights consist of the following:

- Through the acquisition of ALLHC, ALI acquired leasehold rights arising from their lease agreement with Philippine National Railways (PNR) (see Note 33).
- TKPI's leasehold rights pertains to the right to use the property in Apulit Island located in Taytay, Palawan expiring on December 31, 2029.
- NTDCC's leasehold rights refer to development rights on an 8.3-hectare portion of the MRT Development Corporation, which is located on the North Triangle property, and enabled the Group to develop and construct a commercial center.

Movements of leasehold rights follow:

	2019	2018
	(In Th	nousands)
As of January 1, 2019, as previously reported	₽ 4,266,310	₽4,463,861
Effect of adoption of PFRS 16	(397,778)	_
As of January 1, 2019, as restated	3,868,532	4,463,861
Amortization	(183,692)	(197,551)
Balance at end of year	₽3,684,840	₽4,266,310

Deposits - others pertain to various utility deposits and security deposits for leases.

Investment in bonds pertain to non-interest bearing bonds with a term of 36-months. The Group recorded the investment as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss. The fair value of the investment in bonds is determined using the binomial lattice approach. The fair value of the investment is categorized under Level 3.

Deferred input VAT pertains to unamortized VAT portion from purchases of capital goods.

Development rights pertain to the saleable and non-saleable development rights acquired by the Parent Company. The non-saleable portion is allocated to the gross floor area of a structure in a



particular lot that can be developed in the future. The development rights are capitalized as additional cost of the structure once the development commences.

Others pertain to prepayments for expenses that is amortized for more than one year. The noncurrent portion of cost to obtain contracts which includes prepaid commissions and advances to brokers amounted to P442.4 million and P261.0 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

15. Accounts and Other Payables

This account consists of:

	2019	2018	
	(In Thousands)		
Accounts payable	₽ 84,659,801	₽101,055,160	
Taxes payable	22,488,327	20,101,227	
Accrued project costs	18,269,215	18,072,293	
Liability for purchased land	9,936,887	2,544,623	
Accrued salaries and employee benefits	5,792,122	6,025,804	
Retentions payable	4,094,175	4,372,925	
Accrued professional and management fees	3,837,477	4,666,896	
Accrued utilities	2,334,623	2,436,233	
Interest payable	2,156,213	1,887,310	
Accrued repairs and maintenance	1,902,797	2,667,501	
Accrued advertising and promotions	1,317,500	1,266,336	
Accrued rentals	1,082,496	870,599	
Payable to related parties (Note 25)	1,034,283	702,189	
Dividends payable	632,000	664,546	
Development rights payment (DRP) obligation	· <u>-</u>	236,362	
Other accrued expenses	3,441,253	4,429,418	
	₱162,979,169	₽171,999,422	

Accounts payable and accrued expenses are noninterest-bearing and are normally settled on 30- to 60-day terms.

Taxes payable pertains to the Group's output VAT, expanded withholding tax, capital gains tax and fringe benefit tax.

Accrued project costs are billings not yet received from suppliers for direct materials, and services from subcontractors. These are accruals of project costs such as equipment charges, materials, labor, overhead, and provision for repairs and maintenance.

Liability for purchased land pertains to the current portion of unpaid unsubdivided land acquired payable during the year. These are normally payable in quarterly or annual installment payments or upon demand.

Retentions payable pertains to the amount withheld by the Group on contractor's billings to be released after the guarantee period, usually one (1) year after the completion of the project or upon demand. The retention serves as a security from the contractor should there be defects in the project.

DRP obligation pertains to the current portion of the liability arising from the assignment agreement between the Group and MRTDC of the latter's development rights (Notes 7 and 14). In consideration of the lease, the Group will be charged an annual rent related to the original DRP obligation on the MRTDC and 5% of the rental income from the Group's commercial center business. Of the 5% variable amount due, 2.42% shall be directly paid by the Group to the minority shareholders of Monumento Rail Transit Corporation, 28.47% shall be paid directly to Metro Global Holdings Corporation and the remaining 69.11% shall be applied against receivables. This amount has been



reclassified in line with the adoption of PFRS 16 (Note 2).

Other accrued expenses consist mainly of accruals from commissions, royalty, transportation and travel, janitorial and security, postal and communication and other expenses.

16. Short-term and Long-term Debts

The short-term debt amounting to ₱18,032.8 million and ₱14,386.7 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, represents both peso and foreign currency-denominated bank loans. Peso-denominated short-term loans had a weighted average cost of 4.98% and 5.00% per annum in 2019 and 2018.

In compliance with BSP rules on directors, officers, stockholders and related interests, certain short-term and long-term debt with a carrying value of ₱24,416.9 million and ₱14,170.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 are secured by real estate mortgages dated September 2, 2014 and March 14, 2016 covering both land and building of the Greenbelt Mall. Net book value of the property amounted to ₱2,451.2 million and ₱2,618.9 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, which is accounted as part of the "Investment properties" account.

Long-term debt consists of:

	2019	2018	
	(In Thousands)		
Parent Company:			
Bonds:			
Due 2019	₽-	₽12,332,530	
Due 2020	4,000,000	4,000,000	
Due 2021	9,000,000	_	
Due 2022	12,650,000	12,650,000	
Due 2023	15,000,000	15,000,000	
Due 2024	18,000,000	15,000,000	
Due 2025	15,000,000	15,000,000	
Due 2026	16,000,000	8,000,000	
Due 2027	8,000,000	7,000,000	
Due 2028	10,000,000	10,000,000	
Due 2033	2,000,000	2,000,000	
Short-dated notes	-	7,100,000	
Fixed rate corporate notes (FXCNs)	5,710,000	5,770,000	
Php - denominated long-term loan	41,885,094	29,465,677	
US Dollar - denominated long-term loan	6,329,375		
	163,574,469	143,318,207	
Subsidiaries:			
Bonds	5,000,000	5,000,000	
Bank Ioans - Philippine Peso	24,046,410	20,350,585	
Bank Ioans - Malaysian Ringgit	4,875	3,385,586	
Fixed rate corporate notes	1,350,000	1,387,500	
	30,401,285	30,123,671	
	193,975,754	173,441,878	
Less unamortized transaction costs	911,703	729,756	
	193,064,051	172,712,122	
Less current portion	17,250,706	23,265,173	
	₽175,813,345	₽149,446,949	



<u>ALI Parent</u>
Below is the summary of the outstanding Peso bonds issued by the Parent Company:

			Principal	Carryin	g Value	
Year	Term	Interest	Amount	(In tho	usands)	Features
Issued	(Years)	rate	(In thousands)	2019	2018	
2012	7.0	5.6250%	₽9,350,000	₽-	₽9,341,196	Fixed rate bond due 2019
2012	10.0	6.0000%	5,650,000	5,645,304	5,644,680	Fixed rate bond due 2022
2013	7.0	4.6250%	4,000,000	3,995,321	3,989,546	Fixed rate bond due 2020
2013	20.0	6.0000%	2,000,000	1,985,276	1,984,613	Fixed rate bond due 2033
2013	10.5	5.0000%	15,000,000	14,936,647	14,923,051	Fixed rate bond due 2024
2014	11.0	5.6250%	8,000,000	7,952,880	7,945,703	Fixed rate bond due 2025
2015	7.0	4.5000%	7,000,000	6,968,807	6,960,744	Fixed rate bond due 2022
2016	9.5	4.7500%	7,000,000	6,955,765	6,949,421	Fixed rate bond due 2025
2016	10.0	4.8500%	8,000,000	7,946,612	7,939,468	Fixed rate bond due 2026
2016	3.0	3.0000%	2,982,530	-	2,971,976	Homestarter Bond due 2019
2016	7.0	3.8915%	7,000,000	6,961,631	6,952,613	Fixed rate bond due 2023
2017	10.0	5.2624%	7,000,000	6,972,611	6,969,630	Fixed rate bond due 2027
2018	10.0	5.9203%	10,000,000	9,896,154	9,886,828	Fixed rate bond due 2028
2018	5.0	7.0239%	8,000,000	7,925,898	7,909,305	Fixed rate bond due 2023
2019	7.0	6.3690%	8,000,000	7,909,802	-	Fixed rate bond due 2026
2019	5.0	4.7580%	3,000,000	2,979,164	-	Fixed rate bond due 2024
2019	2.0	4.2463%	9,000,000	8,937,450	-	Fixed rate bond due 2021
2019	7.25	4.9899%	1,000,000	952,029		Fixed rate bond due 2027
Total				₱108,921,351	₽100,368,774	·

Philippine Rating Services Corporation (PhilRatings) rated the Parent Company's 2019 bond issue "PRS Aaa" with a stable outlook, and maintained the "PRS Aaa" rating with a stable outlook for all other outstanding bonds. PRS Aaa is the highest rating assigned by PhilRatings, indicating that obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is extremely strong and that that it has the smallest degree of investment risk. On the other hand, an Outlook is an indication as to the possible direction of any rating change within a one year period and serves as a further refinement to the assigned credit rating for the guidance of investors, regulators, and the general public. A Stable Outlook indicates that the rating is likely to be maintained or to remain unchanged in the next twelve months.

Philippine Peso 7-Year and 10-year Bonds due 2019 and 2022

In April 2012, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱15,000.0 million bonds, broken down into a ₱9,350.0 million bond due 2019 at a fixed rate equivalent to 5.6% p.a. and a ₱5,650.0 million bond due 2022 at a fixed rate equivalent to 6.0% p.a. PhilRatings assigned a PRS Aaa rating on the bonds indicating that it has the smallest degree of investment risk. Interest payments are protected by a large or by an exceptionally stable margin and principal is assured. While the various protective elements are likely to change, such changes as can be visualized are most unlikely to impair the fundamentally strong position of such issues. PRS Aaa is the highest credit rating possible on PhilRatings' rating scales for long-term issuances. The Parent Company fully paid the ₱9,350.0 million bond in April 2019.

Philippine Peso 5-year and 10-year and 6-month Bonds due 2024

In July 2013, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱15,000.0 million bonds due 2024 at a fixed rate equivalent to 5.0% p.a. Credit Rating and Investors Services Philippines, Inc. (CRISP) assigned a "AAA" on the bonds indicating that it has a minimal credit risk owing to the Company's capacity to repay its debt obligations. AAA is the highest rating assigned by CRISP. In 2019, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱3,000.0 million bonds due 2024 at a fixed rate equivalent to 4.758% p.a. under its new shelf registration. PhilRatings assigned a PRS Aaa rating on the bonds.

Philippine Peso 7-Year and 20-year Bonds due 2020 and 2033

In October 2013, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱6,000.0 million bonds, broken down into a ₱4,000.0 million bond due 2020 at a fixed rate equivalent to 4.6% p.a. and a ₱2,000.0 million bond due 2033 at a fixed rate equivalent to 6.0% p.a. CRISP assigned a "AAA" rating on the bonds indicating that it has a minimal credit risk owing to the Parent Company's capacity to repay its debt obligations. AAA is the highest rating assigned by CRISP.



Philippine Peso 11-year Bonds due 2025

In April 2014, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱8,000.0 million bonds due 2025 at a fixed rate equivalent to 5.6% p.a. The Bonds were assigned an issue credit rating of PRS Aaa, with a Stable Outlook, by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 7.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2022

In April 2015, the Parent Company issued a total of \$\mathbb{P}7,000.0\$ million bonds due 2022 at a fixed rate equivalent to 4.5% p.a. The Bonds were assigned an issue credit rating of PRS Aaa, with a Stable Outlook, by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 9-year and 6-month Bonds due 2025

In April 2016, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱7,000.0 million bonds due 2025 at a fixed rate equivalent to 4.75% p.a. The Bonds is the second tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series under the Parent Company's ₱50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered in the SEC. The Bonds were assigned an issue credit rating of PRS Aaa, with a Stable Outlook, by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 7-year and 10-year Bonds due 2026

In March 2016, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱8,000.0 million bonds due 2026 at a fixed rate equivalent to 4.85% p.a. The Bonds is the first tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series under the Parent Company's ₱50,000 million Debt Securities Program registered in the SEC. The Bonds were assigned an issue credit rating of PRS Aaa, with a Stable Outlook, by PhilRatings. In May 2019, the Parent Company issued an ₱8,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2026 at a rate equivalent to 6.369% p.a. The Bonds represent the first tranche of debt securities issued under the Parent Company's new ₱50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC, and listed on the PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 3-Year Homestarter Bond due 2019 and 7-year Bonds due 2023

In October 2016, the Parent Company issued a total of ₱10,000.0 million bonds, broken down into a ₱3,000.0 million Homestarter bond due 2019 at a fixed rate of 3.0% p.a. and a ₱7,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2023 at a rate equivalent to 3.8915% p.a. The Bonds represent the first tranche of Homestarter Bonds series and the third tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series issued under the Parent Company's ₱50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC, and listed in the PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings. In 2017, the Parent Company paid ₱9.1 million as an early down payment of the outstanding 3-Year Homestarter Bond. In 2018, the Parent Company paid ₱8.4 million as an early down payment of the outstanding 3-Year Homestarter Bond. The Parent Company fully paid the remaining Homestarter Bond on October 21 and December 23, 2019.

Philippine Peso 7-year and 3-month and 10-year Bonds due 2027

In May 2017, the Parent Company issued a ₱7,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2027 at a rate equivalent to 5.2624% p.a. The Bonds represent the fourth tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series issued under the Parent Company's ₱50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC, and listed in PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings. In November 2019, the Parent Company issued a ₱1,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2027 at a rate equivalent to 4.9899 % p.a. This was the third tranche of bonds issued under the new ₱50,000.0 million shelf registration of the Parent Company. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 10-year Bonds due 2028

In April 2018, the Parent Company issued a ₱10,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2028 at a rate equivalent to 5.9203% p.a. and subject to repricing on 27 April 2023, the fifth anniversary of the Issue Date, at the higher of 5.9203% or the prevailing 5-year benchmark plus 75 bps. The Bonds represent the fifth tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series issued under the Parent Company's ₱50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC,and listed in the PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings.



Philippine Peso 5-year Bonds due 2023

In October 2018, the Parent Company issued a ₱8,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2023 at a rate equivalent to 7.0239% p.a. The Bonds represent the sixth and final tranche of the Fixed-rate Bonds Series issued under the Parent Company's ₱50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC, and listed on the PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 2-year Bonds due 2021

In November 2019, the Parent Company issued a ₱9,000.0 million fixed rate bond due 2021 at a rate equivalent to 4.2463% p.a. The Bonds form part of the third tranche of debt securities issued under the Parent Company's new ₱50,000.0 million Debt Securities Program registered with the SEC, and listed on the PDEx. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa with a Stable Outlook by PhilRatings.

Philippine Peso 21-month Note due 2019

In July 2017, the Parent Company issued and listed on the PDEx a ₱4,300.0 million Corporate Note. This Note issue is an SEC-registration exempt transaction under Section 10.1(I) of the Securities Regulation Code (SRC) and Section 10.1.3 of the 2015 Implementing Rules and Regulations of the SRC. Thus, the Note was offered on a limited basis to juridical persons or entities who, at the point of offer or sale, were Qualified Buyers. The Notes bear a fixed interest rate of 2.75% p.a. The Parent Company fully paid the matured Corporate Notes in April 2019.

Philippine Peso 15-month Note due 2019

In November 2017, the Parent Company issued and listed on the PDEx Corp. a ₱3,100.0 million Corporate Note. This Note issue is an SEC-registration exempt transaction under Section 10.1(I) of the Securities Regulation Code (SRC) and Section 10.1.3 of the 2015 Implementing Rules and Regulations of the SRC. Thus, the Note was offered on a limited basis to juridical persons or entities who, at the point of offer or sale, were Qualified Buyers. The Notes bear a fixed interest rate of 3.25% p.a. The Parent Company fully paid the matured Corporate Notes in February 2019.

Philippine Peso 5-, 10-, 15-Year FXCN due on 2016, 2021 and 2026

In January 2011, the Parent Company issued ₱10,000.0 million FXCNs to various financial institutions and retail investors. The notes will mature on various dates up to 2026. The FXCNs bear fixed interest rates ranging from 5.6% to 7.5% p.a. depending on the term of the notes. The Company prepaid ₱1,950.0 million of notes due in 2016 on January 19, 2013. In 2014, the Parent Company paid ₱43.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In January 2016, the Parent Company paid ₱3,750 million notes for the matured portion of the loan. In 2017, the Parent Company paid ₱43.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In 2018, the Company prepaid ₱3,234.0 million notes and paid ₱10.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. In 2019, the Parent Company paid ₱10.0 million for the matured portion of the loan. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the remaining balance of the FXCN amounted to ₱960.0 million and ₱970.0 million, respectively.

Philippine Peso 10-year Note due 2023

In December 2012, the Parent Company executed a ₱5,000.0 million committed Corporate Note facility with a local bank, of which an initial ₱3,500.0 million was drawn in 2012. The balance of ₱1,500.0 million was subsequently drawn in January 2013. Notes currently bear a fixed interest rate of 4.5%. The Corporate Notes will mature on the third month succeeding the tenth anniversary of the initial drawdown date. In 2015, ₱50.0 million was prepaid by the Company. In 2016, another ₱50.0 million worth of amortization was paid by the Parent Company. In 2017, the Parent Company paid another amortization in the amount of ₱50.0 million. In 2018, another ₱50.0 million worth of amortization was paid by the Company. In 2019, the Parent Company paid another amortization in the amount of ₱50.0 million. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the remaining balance of the note amounted to ₱4,750.0 million and ₱4,800.0 million, respectively.



Peso-denominated Long-term Loans

In August to September 2015, the Parent Company assumed an aggregate of ₱15,526.9 million various long-term facilities of some subsidiaries from various banks. The loans bear fixed interest rates ranging from 4.5% to 4.7% p.a. and terms ranging from 4.4 years to 10.5 years. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the remaining balance of the assumed long-term facilities amounted to ₱14,107.8 million and ₱14,503.2 million respectively.

In March 2017, the Company executed a ₱10,000.0 million long-term facility with a domestic bank, of which the Company had simultaneously drawn an initial ₱5,000.0 million. The loan carries a fixed interest rate of 4.949% p.a. and a term of 10 years. The balance of facility of ₱5,000.0 million was drawn in April 2017.

In March 2018, the Company executed a ₱5,000.0 million long-term facility with a domestic bank, of which the Company had simultaneously drawn the entire facility amount.

In March 2019, the Company executed a ₱13,000.0 million long-term facility with a domestic bank, of which the Company had simultaneously drawn an initial ₱6,500.0 million. The loan carries a fixed interest rate of 6.272% p.a. and a term of 10 years. The ₱6,500.0 million balance was drawn in April 2019 at an interest rate of 6.307% per annum.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, remaining aggregate balance of the Peso-denominated long-term loans amounted to ₱41,885.1 million and ₱29,465.7 million, respectively.

US Dollar-denominated Long-term Loans

In October 2012, the Parent Company executed and had fully drawn a US\$58.5 million long-term facility. The loan bears a floating interest rate based on a credit spread over the three-month US Dollar London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), repriceable quarterly. The loan will mature on the third month succeeding the tenth anniversary of the initial drawdown date. In January 2014 and October 2015, the Company made partial prepayments on the loan in the amount of US\$5.8 million and US\$12.8 million, respectively.

Subsequently in March 2016, a US\$30.0 million long-term facility was assigned by ALI Makati Hotel Property, Inc. to the Parent Company. The assigned loan bears a floating interest rate based on a credit spread over the three-month US Dollar London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), repriceable quarterly and had a remaining term of 3 years and 4 months from the time of assignment. The Parent Company fully paid the remaining dollar-denominated loans on December 20, 2018

In November 2019, the Parent Company executed and had simultaneously drawn a US\$125.0 million long-term facility. The loan bears a floating interest rate based on a credit spread over the three-month US Dollar London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), repriceable quarterly. The proceeds were onlent to MCT to refinance its existing loans. The loan will mature on the fifth anniversary of the initial drawdown date.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the remaining aggregate balance of US Dollar-denominated long term loans amounted to ₱6,329.4 million and nil, respectively.

Subsidiaries

The subsidiaries' loans will mature on various dates up to 2028. Peso-denominated loans bear various floating interest rates at 60 bps to 80 bps spread over the benchmark 91-day PDST-R2 or and fixed interest rates ranging from 3.89% to 3.92% p.a. Certain loans which are subject to floating interest rates are subject to floor floating interest rates equivalent to (i) 95.0% or par of the Overnight Reverse Repurchase Agreement Rate of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP Overnight Rate) or (ii) the BSP Overnight Rate plus a spread of 20 bps to 75 bps p.a. or (iii) the average of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas Overnight Deposit Rate and Term Deposit Facility with a term closed to the 90-day interest period. The total outstanding balance of the subsidiaries' loans as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 amounted to ₱25,401.29 million and ₱25,123.67 million loans, respectively.



Philippine Peso 5.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2021

In June 2014, Cebu Holdings, Inc. issued a total of ₱5,000.0 million bonds due 2021 at a fixed rate equivalent to 5.3% p.a. The Bonds have been rated PRS Aaa by PhilRatings, indicating that obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is extremely strong.

The loan agreements contain some or all of the following restrictions: material changes in nature of business; maintenance of debt-to-equity ratio; payment of dividends and additional loans maturing beyond a year which will result in a violation of the required debt-to-equity ratios; merger or consolidation where the Company/subsidiary is not the surviving corporation; guarantees or advances; encumbrance for borrowed money; and sale of substantially all assets. These restrictions and requirements were complied with by the Group as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Interest capitalized amounted to ₱145.5 million and ₱196.2 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively. The capitalization rates are 4.41%-7.01% in 2019 and 2%-7.65% in 2018 (see Notes 8 and 12).

Transaction costs capitalized amounted to ₱333.8 million and ₱251.4 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively. Amortization amounted to ₱151.9 million and ₱178.2 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively, and included under "Interest and other financing charges" (see Note 22).

17. Deposits and Other Current Liabilities

This account consists of:

		2018
		(As restated -
	2019	see Note 2)
	(In T	housands)
Current portion of customers' deposits	₽ 20,487,113	₽21,874,681
Security deposits	4,642,202	5,544,289
Others	343,266	1,125,576
	₽25,472,581	₽28,544,546

Customers' deposits consist of collections from real estate customers which have not reached the 10% threshold to qualify for revenue recognition and excess of collections over the recognized receivables based on percentage of completion.

The amount of revenue recognized from amounts included in customers' deposits at the beginning of the year amounted to ₱22,826.6 million and ₱11,479.4 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Security deposits are equivalent to three (3) to six (6) months' rent of tenants with cancellable lease contracts and whose lease term will end in the succeeding year. This will be refunded to the lessees at the end of the lease term or be applied to the last months' rentals on the related contracts.

Other current liabilities mostly pertain to estimated liability on property development and unearned income.



18. Deposits and Other Noncurrent Liabilities

This account consists of:

		2018
		(As restated -
	2019	see Note 2)
	(In T	housands)
Deposits	₽ 13,646,810	₽18,844,346
Customers' deposit - noncurrent portion	8,809,357	8,630,235
Retentions payable	6,752,120	5,722,577
Contractors payable	6,595,611	7,264,642
Liability for purchased land	5,341,766	6,019,262
Deferred output VAT	1,721,402	1,923,754
Subscriptions payable	498,175	498,175
DRP obligation	_	1,001,146
Other liabilities	638,395	1,018,769
	₽44,003,636	₽50,922,906

Deposits include security deposits from tenants of retail and office spaces and deferred credits arising from sale of real estate properties. Security deposits are equivalent to three (3) to six (6) months' rent of long-term tenants with noncancellable leases. This will be refunded to the lessees at the end of the lease term or be applied to the last months' rentals on the related contracts. Deferred credits pertain to advances from buyers of real estate properties to cover various processing fees including, but not limited to, fees related to transfer of title such as registration fees, documentary taxes and transfer taxes. Payments made by the Group for the processing of title are charged to this account.

Customers' deposits consist of excess of collections over the recognized receivables based on percentage of completion.

Retentions payable pertains to the amount withheld by the Group on contractor's billings to be released after the guarantee period, usually one (1) year after the completion of the project or upon demand. The retention serves as a security from the contractor when there are claims for defects in projects requiring rework.

Contractors payable represents accrued costs incurred for property development that are not yet billed.

Liability for purchased land pertains to the portion of unpaid unsubdivided land acquired during the year. These are normally payable in quarterly or annual installment payments within three (3) or five (5) years.

Deferred output VAT pertains to output VAT on receivables for which sales recognition has been deferred based on sales collection threshold for VAT recognition purposes.

The Group's subscription payable pertains to ALLHC's investment in Cyber Bay.

On April 25, 1995, Central Bay, a wholly owned subsidiary of Cyber Bay, entered into a Joint Venture Agreement with the Philippine Reclamation Authority (PRA; formerly Public Estates Authority) for the complete and entire reclamation and horizontal development of a portion of the Manila-Cavite Coastal Road and Reclamation Project (the Project) consisting of three partially reclaimed and substantially eroded islands (the Three Islands) along Emilio Aguinaldo Boulevard in Parañaque and Las Piñas, Metro Manila with a combined total area of 157.8 hectares, another area of 242.2 hectares contiguous to the Three Islands and, at Central Bay's option as approved by the PRA, an additional 350 hectares more or less to regularize the configuration of the reclaimed area.



On March 30, 1999, the PRA and Central Bay executed an Amended Joint Venture Agreement (AJVA) to enhance the Philippine Government's share and benefits from the Project which was approved by the Office of the President of the Philippines on May 28, 1999.

On July 9, 2002, the Supreme Court (SC) (in the case entitled "Francisco Chavez vs. Amari Coastal Bay and Reclamation Corp.") issued a ruling declaring the AJVA null and void. Accordingly, PRA and Central Bay were permanently enjoined from implementing the AJVA.

On July 26, 2002, Central Bay filed a Motion for Reconsideration (MR) of said SC decision. On May 6, 2003, the SC En Banc denied with finality Central Bay's MR. On May 15, 2003, Central Bay filed a Motion for Leave to Admit Second MR. In an En Banc Resolution of the SC dated July 8, 2003, the SC resolved to admit the Second MR of Central Bay.

On November 11, 2003, the SC rendered a 7-7 split decision on Central Bay's Second MR. Because of the new issues raised in the SC's latest resolution that were never tried or heard in the case, Central Bay was constrained to file on December 5, 2003 a Motion for Re-deliberation of the SC's latest resolution which motion was denied with finality by the SC.

With the nullification of the AJVA, Central Bay has suspended all Project operations. On August 10, 2007, in view of the failure by the PRA to comply with its obligations and representations under the AJVA, Cyber Bay and Central Bay have filed their claims for reimbursement of Project expenses in the amount of ₱10,200.0 million with the PRA. Cyber Bay and Central Bay provided the PRA with the summary and details of their claims on September 5, 2007. On July 15, 2008, Cyber Bay sent a follow-up letter to the PRA. The PRA, in its letter dated July 18, 2008, informed Cyber Bay that its claim is still being evaluated by the PRA.

As at December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Group has unpaid subscription in Cyber Bay amounting to P481.7 million. The investment in Cyber Bay under "financial assets through FVOCI" amounted to P513.6 million and P548.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively (see Note 10).

DRP obligation pertains to the liability arising from the assignment agreement between NTDCC and MRTDC of the latter's development rights (see Note 35). In consideration of the lease, NTDCC will be charged an annual rent related to the original DRP obligation on the MRTDC and 5% of the rental income from NTDCC's commercial center business. This amount has been reclassified in line with the adoption of PFRS 16 (Note 2)

Other liabilities include nontrade payables, accrued payables and warranty payables.

19. Equity

The details of the number of shares follow:

December 31, 2019

	Number of Shares		Amount	
	Preferred	Common	Preferred	Common
	(In Thousands)			
Authorized	15,000,000	20,000,000	₽ 1,500,000	₽20,000,000
Issued	13,066,495	14,632,062	₽1,306,649	₱14,632,062
Subscribed	· · · -	113,273	· -	113,273
Issued and outstanding	13,066,495	14,745,335	₽1,306,649	₽14,745,335



December 31, 2018

	Number of	Number of Shares		ount
	Preferred	Common	Preferred	Common
		(In Thousands)		
Authorized	15,000,000	20,000,000	₽1,500,000	₽20,000,000
Issued	13,066,495	14,614,387	₽1,306,649	₽14,614,387
Subscribed	-	120,494	_	120,494
Issued and outstanding	13,066,495	14,734,881	₽1,306,649	₽14,734,881

Preferred Shares (P0.10 par value per share)

The Parent Company's preferred shares prior to 2012 were subscribed and issued through a stock rights offer with the following features: (a) non-voting; (b) dividend rate of 4.6% p.a., payable annually, noncumulative; (c) nonparticipating; (d) convertible at the option of the holder at a ratio of one (1) preferred share to one (1) common share commencing on the 10th year from issue date at an exercise price equivalent to the higher of (i) the 30-day average closing price or (ii) closing price of common shares immediately preceding the exercise date, less the par value of the preferred shares; (e) no pre-emptive rights; (f) non-redeemable; (g) non-listed; and, (h) preferred in liquidation to the extent of par value.

The dividends for preferred shares are declared upon the sole discretion of the Parent Company's BOD.

On February 20, 2012, the BOD approved the following restructuring exercise in order to comply with the regulatory requirement on Filipino-ownership following the Supreme Court's ruling that nonvoting shares do not count as equity when computing for a Parent Company's Filipino-ownership level:

- a. Redemption and retirement of the 13.0 billion outstanding preferred shares with par value of \$\mathbb{P}0.10\$.
- b. Reclassification of the 1,970.0 million unissued preferred shares to voting preferred shares through an amendment of Article Seventh of the Articles of Incorporation.
- c. Increase in authorized capital stock by ₱1,300.0 million creating new voting preferred shares and a stock rights offer of 13,000 million voting preferred shares from the increase in the authorized capital stock.

On April 18, 2012, the stockholders ratified the BOD resolution on the capital restructuring. The voting preferred shares shall have the following features, rights, and privileges: (a) voting; (b) dividend rate of 4.7% per annum, equivalent to 90.0% of the 10-year PDST R2 (repriced every ten (10) years from issue date), payable annually, non-cumulative; (c) convertible at the option of the holder at a ratio of one (1) voting preferred share to one (1) common share commencing on the 10th year from issue date at an exercise price equivalent to the higher of (i) the 30-day average closing price or (ii) closing price of common shares immediately preceding the exercise date, less the par value of the preferred shares; (d) no pre-emptive rights; (e) redeemable at par at the sole option of the corporation; (f) non-listed; and, (g) preferred in liquidation to the extent of par value. The SEC approved on January 31, 2013 the following:

- a. The decrease in authorized capital stock by ₱1,303.5 million, the aggregate par value of the 13,034.6 million preferred shares which have been redeemed and retired, from ₱22,803.5 million to ₱21,500.0 million, and
- b. The amendments to Articles of Incorporation reflecting the decrease in capital stock.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Parent Company's authorized and outstanding preferred shares amounted to ₱1,500.0 million and ₱1,306.6 million, respectively.



Common Shares (₱1.00 par value per share)

On April 7, 2014, the stockholders resolved to approve the amendment of the Seventh Article of the Articles of Incorporation exempting from pre-emptive rights (1) the issuance of 1 billion common shares for properties or assets needed for the business of the Parent Company or for cash to acquire properties or assets needed for the business of the Parent Company or in payment of a debt contracted prior to the issuance of such shares, and (2) the issuance of common shares covered by the Parent Company's Stock Option Plans for members of the management committees of the Parent Company's subsidiaries or affiliates.

Likewise, the stockholders resolved to approve the amendment of the Stock Option Plan of the Parent Company to include the members of the Management Committees of the Parent Company's subsidiaries and affiliates as eligible grantees of stock options.

The rollforward analysis of the outstanding common shares follows:

	Number of Shares		Amo	ount
	2019	2018	2019	2018
		(In Thou	sands)	
Issued capital stock				
At beginning of year	14,614,387	14,606,355	₽14,614,387	₽14,606,355
Issued shares	17,675	8,032	17,675	8,032
At end of year	14,632,062	14,614,387	14,632,062	14,614,387
Subscribed capital stock				
At beginning of year	120,494	118,592	120,494	118,592
Issued shares	(17,675)	(8,032)	(17,675)	(8,032)
Additional subscriptions	10,454	9,934	10,454	9,934
At end of year	113,273	120,494	113,273	120,494
	14,745,335	14,734,881	₽14,745,335	₽14,734,881

No transfer of stock or interest which will reduce the ownership of Filipino citizens to less than the required percentage of the capital stock as provided by existing laws shall be allowed or permitted to be recorded in the books of the Parent Company.

On January 9, 2015, the Executive Committee of the Parent Company approved a top-up placement of 484,848,500 common shares of the Parent Company at a price of \$\mathbb{P}33.00\$ per share. The placement was conducted via an accelerated bookbuilt offering structured as a top-up placement, whereby AC sold 484,848,500 listed common shares of stock to qualified third party buyers and subscribe to the same number of new shares from the Parent Company. The Parent Company completed the placement on January 12, 2015, raising an aggregate of \$\mathbb{P}16,000.0\$ million in paid-up capital. The price was at 3.9% discount on the 5-day volume-weighted average price of ALI shares. Transaction cost charged to additional paid-in capital amounted to \$\mathbb{P}194.0\$ million.

On April 13, 2013, the stockholders resolved to approve the amendment of the Seventh Article of the Company's Articles of Incorporation for the purpose of excluding or exempting treasury shares from the pre-emptive rights of stockholders.

On March 6, 2013, the Parent Company's Board resolved to approve the placement made by AC of its existing 320,000,000 listed common shares of the Company to certain qualified third party buyers or investors at ₱30.50 per share. The Parent Company completed the top-up placement, raising an aggregate of ₱12,200.0 million in paid up capital. The price was at 3.6% discount on the 5-day volume-weighted average price of ALI shares. Transaction cost charged to additional paid-in capital amounted to ₱162.4 million.

On July 10, 2012, the Parent Company's executive committee approved the placement of 680 million listed common shares of stock with par value of \$\mathbb{P}1.00\$ per share, at a price of \$\mathbb{P}20.00\$ per share, and the issuance of equal number of new shares of the Parent Company, at the same price of \$\mathbb{P}20.00\$ per share, with AC as the seller of the placement tranche and subscriber of the subscription tranche. The



Parent Company completed the top-up placement, raising an aggregate of ₱13,600 million in paid up capital. The price was at 5.0% discount to the closing price. Transaction cost charged to additional paid-in capital amounted to ₱200.0 million.

On April 2, 2008, the Parent Company's stockholders approved the allotment and subsequent issuance of the shares for the above-mentioned purposes and for the further amendment of the Amended Articles of Incorporation of the Parent Company to exclude the issuance of shares from the pre-emptive rights of the stockholders pursuant to Section 39 of the Philippine Corporation Code.

On February 12, 2008, the BOD approved the allotment and subsequent issuance of up to 1 billion common shares of stock with an aggregate par value of \$\mathbb{P}\$1,000.0 million for the purpose of exchanging such shares for properties or assets and/or to raise funds to acquire properties or assets needed for the business of the Parent Company via issuance of equity or equity-linked instruments, the price and the terms and conditions of which shall be determined by the BOD based on prevailing market conditions or on agreements negotiated.

On July 5, 1991, the Parent Company launched its initial public offering where a total of 400 million common shares were offered at an offering price of \$\mathbb{P}26.00\$ per share. The registration statement was approved on July 20, 1992. The Parent Company has 9,009 and 9,102 existing shareholders as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Treasury Shares

On March 5, 2019, the Parent Company purchased a total of 10,372,746 of its common shares at P43.20 per share through open market purchases using the trading facilities of the Philippine Stock Exchange for a total purchase price of P448.10 million in relation to its share buyback program. On November 26, 2019, the Parent Company also acquired a total of 15,000,000 of its common shares at P43.75 per share for a total purchase price of P656.25 million.

The amendment of the Articles of Incorporation on April 17, 2013 allowed the re-selling of the 79,528,299 listed common shares as part of the top-up placement transaction completed in July 2013. Treasury common shares were sold at ₱30.50 per share resulting to additional paid-in capital of ₱1,601.6 million.

On July 16, 2012, the Parent Company redeemed the 13.0 billion outstanding non-voting preferred shares through payment of the redemption price of \$\mathbb{P}\$0.10 per share. As of December 31, 2012, the redeemed preferred shares were treated as treasury shares and were subsequently retired upon approval of the Parent Company's SEC application for the decrease in authorized capital stock on January 31, 2013.

On August 12, 2008, the BOD approved a share buyback program. It is part of the Parent Company's balance sheet management program and aims to (i) improve the Parent Company's balance sheet structure and capital efficiency and (ii) enhance shareholder value through the repurchase of shares whenever the stock is trading at a price discount perceived by the Parent Company as not reflective of its fair corporate value.

In 2008, the Parent Company repurchased a total of 79,528,228 of its common shares through open market purchases using the trading facilities of the Philippine Stock Exchange for a total purchase price of ₱823.9 million in relation to its share buyback program.

Retained Earnings

The BOD approved the declaration and payment from unappropriated retained earnings of cash dividends of ₱0.52, ₱0.51 and ₱0.48 per share in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively, to all issued and outstanding shares.

On February 27, 2019, the BOD approved the declaration of cash dividends amounting to ₱0.26 per outstanding common share and was paid on March 29, 2019 to the shareholders on record as of March 13, 2019.



On May 27, 2019, the BOD declared annual cash dividends of 4.7% per year or ₱0.0047 per share to all shareholders of the Parent Company's unlisted voting preferred shares. These were paid on June 21, 2019 to the shareholders on record as of June 7, 2019.

On October 31, 2019, the BOD approved the declaration of cash dividends amounting to ₱0.26 per outstanding common share and was paid on November 29, 2019 to the shareholders on record as of November 15, 2019.

On February 20, 2018, the BOD approved the declaration of cash dividends amounting to ₱0.252 per outstanding common share and was paid out on April 3, 2018 to the shareholders on record as of March 12, 2018. Further, on the same date, the BOD declared annual cash dividends of 4.8% per year or ₱0.0047 per share to all shareholders of the Parent Company's unlisted voting preferred shares. These were paid on June 29, 2018 to the shareholders on record as of June 15, 2018.

On August 17, 2018, the BOD approved the declaration and payment from unappropriated retained earnings of cash dividends of ₱0.252 per share. The cash dividend was paid out on October 2, 2018 to stockholders of common shares on record as of September 6, 2018.

On February 20, 2017, the BOD approved the declaration of cash dividends amounting to ₱0.24 per outstanding common share and was paid out on March 22, 2017 to the shareholders on record as of March 6, 2017. Further, on the same date, the BOD declared annual cash dividends of 4.8% per year or ₱0.0047 per share to all shareholders of the Parent Company's unlisted voting preferred shares. These were paid on June 29, 2017 to the shareholders on record as of June 15, 2017.

On August 18, 2017, the BOD approved the declaration and payment from unappropriated retained earnings of cash dividends of ₱0.24 per share. The cash dividend was paid out on September 15, 2017 to stockholders of common shares on record as of September 5, 2017.

Total dividends for common shares declared for 2019, 2018 and 2017 amounted to ₱7,659.5 million, ₱7,423.9 million and ₱7,065.0 million, respectively. Total dividends for preferred shares declared for 2019, 2018 and 2017 amounted to ₱62.0 million each year.

Retained earnings of \$\mathbb{P}8,000.0\$ million are appropriated for future expansion. The increase of \$\mathbb{P}2,000.0\$ million in 2016 represents a continuing appropriation for land banking activities and planned building construction projects. Each year, the Parent Company incurs capital expenditures for property development which include among others land banking and building construction projects. The appropriation is being fully utilized to cover part of the annual expenditure requirement of the Parent Company.

The Parent Company has earmarked additional funds for expansion projects in the residential, shopping centers, office and hotel business segments, as well as various infrastructure projects for the Parent Company's mixed-use developments.

The following are among the major capital expenditures of the Parent Company which were approved by the BOD:

- a) Ayala Triangle Garden 2 with product offering for a Triple A HQ Office Building, a 5-Star Hotel and 3-level Retail Podium with gardens and civic spaces which was approved by the Board on May 29, 2015. The project was launched in June 2015 and expected to be completed in 2020.
- b) Ayala Center Redevelopment which will offer intermodal transport facility, a 5-storey regional mall, 2 BPO towers, a SEDA hotel and a 300-units residential for lease was approved by the Board on November 27, 2015. The project was launched in January 2016 and expected to be completed in 2021.



Retained earnings also include undistributed net earnings amounting to \$\mathbb{P}72,669.7\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}46,486.7\$ million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, representing accumulated equity in the net earnings of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures. These are not available for dividend distribution unless declared by subsidiaries and other investees.

In accordance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 11 issued in December 2008, the Parent Company's retained earnings available for dividend declaration as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 amounted to ₱58.1 billion and ₱52.7 billion, respectively.

Retained earnings are further restricted for the payment of dividends to the extent of the cost of treasury shares.

Cumulative Translation Adjustment

The cumulative translation adjustments represents exchange differences arising from the translation of financial statements of the foreign operations, whose functional currency is other than Philippine Peso.

Equity Reserves

In September 2019, ALI purchased additional 648,177 shares of VPHI for ₱799.42 million increasing the Parent Company's ownership to 78.41%.

On April 17, 2019 ALI acquired additional 14,913,200 common shares of CHI through open market purchases using the trading facilities of the Philippine Stock Exchange totaling ₱88.7 million resulting in ALI's ownership from 70.4% to 71.1%.

On April 30, 2018, ALI and ALLHC executed a Deed of Exchange where ALI will subscribe to 1,225,370,620 common shares of ALLHC for an aggregate subscription price of ₱3.0 billion in exchange for 30,186 common shares of LTI. The subscription and exchange shall be subject to and deemed effective only upon the issuance by the SEC of the confirmation of valuation of the shares. The SEC issued its approval on February 28, 2019. This increased ALI's ownership to 69.50%. This resulted in an decrease in equity reserve amounting to ₱664.9 million.

On February 4, 2019, The Executive Committee of Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) approved the purchase of a 20% equity interest owned by Mitsubishi Corporation in Laguna Technopark, Inc. (LTI), equivalent to 8,051 common shares, with a total value of P800 million. Subsequently, ALI will exchange the 20% equity interest in LTI for additional shares of stock in Prime Orion Philippines, Inc. (POPI), equivalent to 323,886,640 common shares, subject to conditions to be fulfilled by POPI. On May 10, 2019, Prime Orion Philippines, Inc., changed its corporate name to Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. (ALLHC). On June 10, 2019, ALI sold its 20% equity interest or 8,051 common shares in LTI to ALLHC for a consideration of P800 million resulting to increase in ALI's ownership from 69.5% to 70.36%.

On September 9, 2019, OLI sold through a special block sale, 215,090,031 common shares of ALLHC to Avida Land Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of ALI, for a total consideration of ₱628.1 million. Subsequently, these shares were acquired by ALI through a special block sale for a total consideration of ₱628.1 million. This resulted to ALI's effective ownership in ALLHC from 70.36% to 71.46%.



The transactions were accounted for as an equity transaction since there were no changes in control. The movements within equity are accounted for as follows:

		2019	
			Difference
		Carrying value of	recognized within
		Non-controlling	Equity as Equity
	Consideration paid	interests acquired	Reserve
		(In Thousands)	
8.41% in VPHI	₽799,420	₽68,916	₽730,504
0.69% in CHI	88,734	73,977	14,757
0.86% in ALLHC	800,000	825,447	(25,447)
1.10% in ALLHC	628,100	1,033,335	(405,235)
	₽2,316,254	₽2,001,675	₽314,579

In January 2018, ALI purchased additional 202,774,547 shares of ALLHC from Genez Investment Corporation for ₱497.7 million increasing the Parent Company's ownership from 62.9% to 67%.

In December 2018, ALI acquired 8,051 common shares of LTI for ₱800.0 million increasing its ownership from 75% to 95%.

In 2018, ALI acquired additional 59,631,200 common shares of CHI totaling to ₱352.8 million. Further, an additional 77,742,516 shares was acquired as a result of swap of CPVDC shares for a total consideration of ₱229.3 million which brings Parent Company's ownership to 70.4%.

In March 2018, the Irredeemable Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock of Dato Sri Tong and Tan Sri Barry Go, founders of MCT, were converted into 122,218,357 shares. This resulted in a 6.07% dilution of ALI's stake in MCT as of date of share issuance. As such, the current ownership stake of ALI in MCT is 66.25%. This resulted in an increase in Equity reserve amounting to ₱1,044.5 million.

The transactions were accounted for as an equity transaction since there were no changes in control. The movements within equity are accounted for as follows:

		2018	
			Difference
		Carrying value of	recognized within
		Non-controlling	Equity as Equity
	Consideration paid	interests acquired	Reserve
		(In Thousands)	
4.14% in ALLHC	₽497,652	₽315,951	₽181,701
20.00% in LTI	800,000	528,295	271,705
1.53% net reduction in CHI	582,106	826,752	(244,646)
	₽1,879,758	₽1,670,998	₽208,760

In 2017, ALI purchased additional 97,763,900 common shares of CHI from BPI Securities Corporation totaling ₱575.0 million which increased the Company's ownership to 72% of the total outstanding capital stock of CHI.

In February 2017, ALI purchased additional 631,000 common shares of ALLHC from BPI Securities Corporation for ₱1.26 million. ALI's interest remains at 51% of the total ALLHC's outstanding capital stock.

In June 2017, Orion Land, Inc. (OLI), a subsidiary of ALLHC, acquired 512,480,671 common shares equivalent to 11.69% ownership at ₱2.45 share amounting to ₱1,255.58 million. The acquisition of ALLHC shares by OLI was treated as an acquisition of non-controlling interest resulting to a debit to equity reserve of ₱405.18 million. This increased ALI's effective ownership from 51.36% to 63.05%.



The transactions were accounted for as an equity transaction since there were no change in control. The movements within equity are accounted for as follows:

			Difference
		Carrying value of	recognized within
		Non-controlling	Equity as Equity
	Consideration paid	interests acquired	Reserve
		(In Thousands)	
5.09% in CHI	₽574,994	₽394,907	₽180,087
11.69% in ALLHC	1,258,579	852,656	405,923
	₽1,833,573	₽1,247,563	₽586,010

In August 2017, AHRC entered into a memorandum of agreement with Sicogon Development Corporation (SIDECO) and an individual to develop Sicogon Island into a new leisure destination. The investment of SIDECO and an individual to SITEC changed the ownership interest of AHRC in SITEC from 100% to 77% without a loss of control. The difference between the amount by which non-controlling interest of 23% are adjusted and the fair value of consideration paid is recognized directly to equity amounting to ₱134.1 million.

Below are several acquisitions of shares in existing subsdiaries in 2013 up to 2016 that resulted to equity reserves. Details follow:

		Carrying value of Non-	· ·
		controlling interests	within Equity as Equity
	Consideration paid	acquired	Reserve
		(In Thousands)	
2016			
10.5% in CHI	₽1,209,784	₽748,746	₽461,038
2015			
6.7% in CHI	₽649.927	₽434.074	₽215.853
9.4% in NTDCC	778.356	174,770	603,586
1.9% in API	58,157	45,540	12,617
	₽1,486,440	₽654,384	₽832,056
2013			
6.7% in CHI	₽3,520,000	₽797,411	₽2,722,589
9.4% in NTDCC	2,000,000	1,413,960	586,040
	₽5,520,000	₽2,211,371	₽3,308,629

Non-controlling interests

The Parent Company considers a subsidiary as a subsidiary with material NCI, an associate and a joint venture with material interest if its net assets exceed 5% of its total consolidated net assets of the Group as of reporting period and considers the relevance of the nature of activities of the subsidiary compared to other operations of the Group. There are no significant restrictions on the Parent Company's ability to use assets and settle liabilities of the Group. The financial information on the Company's significant subsidiaries with material NCI follows:

CHI and Subsidiaries

CHI, a publicly-listed company, was incorporated in the Republic of the Philippines. It is engaged in real estate development, sale of subdivided land, residential and office condominium units, sports club shares, and lease of commercial spaces. The registered office address of CHI is at 20F ACC Tower, Bohol St., Cebu Business Park, Cebu City, Philippines.

	2019	2018
	(In Thousands, ex	cept for %)
Proportion of equity interests held by non-controlling		
interests	28.9%	29.6%
Accumulated balances of material non-controlling interests	₽2,315,716	₽3,543,749
Net income allocated to material non-controlling interests Comprehensive income allocated to material non-	478,743	291,009
controlling interests	478,743	302,984



The summarized financial information of CHI is provided below. This information is based on amounts before inter-company eliminations.

	2019	2018
	(In Thousands)	
Statements of financial position		
Current assets	P 4,295,804	₽3,598,044
Noncurrent assets	24,946,742	22,743,784
Current liabilities	(10,240,011)	(9,455,296)
Noncurrent liabilities	(6,877,676)	(6,816,128)
Total equity	12,124,859	10,070,404
Attributable to:		
Equity holders of CHI	9,401,730	8,073,365
Non-controlling interests	2,723,129	1,997,039
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	-	_
	For the years ended	
	2019	2018
	(In Tho	usands)
Statements of comprehensive income		
Revenue	₽4,797,053	₽3,721,840
Cost and expenses	(2,631,960)	(2,479,081)
Income before income tax	2,165,093	1,242,759
Provision for income tax	(495,612)	(272,729)
Income from operations	1,669,481	970,030
Other comprehensive income	5,266	39,917
Total comprehensive income Attributable to:	1,674,747	1,009,947
Equity holders of CHI	₽1,662,834	₽897,028
Non-controlling interests	11,913	112,919
	For the years ended	l December 31
	2019	2018
	(In Tho	usands)
Statements of cash flows	_	
Operating activities	₽2,559,418	₽5,661,910
Investing activities	(2,800,650)	(5,231,452)
Financing activities	329,653	(382,782)
Effect of exchange rate changes	207	59
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	₽88,628	₽47,735

The fair value of the investment in CHI amounted to ₱9,971.1 million and ₱9,722.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

ALLHC and Subsidiaries

ALLHC was incorporated in the Republic of the Philippines. It is engaged in real estate and property development, manufacturing and retailing/distribution, non-life insurance and other allied services, organized under a number of intermediate holding companies. The Company wholly owns Tutuban Properties, Inc., which holds the lease and development rights over Tutuban Center in downtown Divisoria.



	2019	2018
	(In Thousands, ex	cept for %)
Proportion of equity interests held by non-controlling interests	29.1%	33%
Accumulated balances of material non-controlling interests	₽3,924,400	₽3,970,448
Net income allocated to material non-controlling interests	215,944	182,279
Comprehensive income allocated to material non- controlling interests	215,944	182,279

The summarized financial information of ALLHC is provided below. This information is based on amounts before inter-company eliminations (In Thousands).

	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Statements of financial position		
Current assets	₽6,661,508	₽5,219,448
Noncurrent assets	12,684,534	7,738,121
Current liabilities	(5,542,833)	(2,045,059)
Noncurrent liabilities	(2,625,391)	(1,038,260)
Total equity	11,177,818	9,874,250
Attributable to:		
Equity holders of ALLHC	₽11,056,221	₽9,245,493
Non-controlling interests	121,597	628,757
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		_
	For the years ende	d December 31
	2019	2018

	For the years ended December 3	
Statements of comprehensive income	2019	2018
Revenue	₽5,345,981	₽3,480,091
Cost and expenses	(4,584,689)	(2,773,181)
Income before income tax	761,292	706,910
Provision for income tax	(119,873)	(152,195)
Income from operations	641,419	554,715
Other comprehensive income	· -	_
Total comprehensive income	641,419	554,715
Attributable to:		
Equity holders of ALLHC	₽595,838	₽441,907
Non-controlling interests	45,581	112,808
Statements of cash flows		
Operating activities	₽546,946	₽538,031
Investing activities	(2,919,486)	(746,879)
Financing activities	`2,311,988	217,512
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(₱60,552)	(₽8,664)

The fair value of the investment in ALLHC amounted to ₱13,135.2 million and ₱6,407.1 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management policy is to ensure that debt and equity capital are mobilized efficiently to support business objectives and maximize shareholder value. The Group establishes the appropriate capital structure for each business line that properly reflects its premier credit rating and allows it the financial flexibility, while providing it sufficient cushion to absorb cyclical industry risks.



The Group considers debt as a stable source of funding. The Group lengthened the maturity profile of its debt portfolio and makes it a point to spread out its debt maturities by not having a significant percentage of its total debt maturing in a single year.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in the light of changes in economic conditions. It monitors capital using leverage ratios on both a gross debt and net debt basis. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Group had the following ratios:

	2019	2018
Debt to equity	0.87:1	0.85:1
Net debt to equity	0.78:1	0.72:1

Debt consists of short-term and long-term debts. Net debt includes short-term and long-term debt less cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and financial assets at FVPL. Equity, which the Group considers as capital, pertains to the total equity. The Group excludes the "Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI" attributable to the equity holders of the Company in computing the debt to equity ratio.

The Group is subject to externally imposed capital requirements due to loan covenants (see Note 16). No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Financial risk assessment

The Group's financial condition and operating results would not be materially affected by the current changes in interest, currency, credit, liquidity and market conditions.

Exposure to changes in interest rates is reduced by a debt portfolio mix of both fixed and floating interest rates. The Group's ratio of fixed to floating rate debt stood at 90:10 and 89:11 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. As a result, any adverse movement in interest rates is mitigated.

Exposure to foreign currency holdings is at MYR278.4 million and US\$8.3 million as of December 31, 2019, and MYR130.8 million and US\$96.5 million as of December 31, 2018, respectively.

Credit risks continue to be managed through defined credit policies and continuing monitoring of exposure to credit risks. The Group's base of counterparties remains diverse. As such, it is not exposed to large concentration of credit risk.

Liquidity risk is addressed with long term funding already locked in, while funds are placed on cash equivalents, short term investment and financial assets at FVTPL.

20. Revenue

This account consists of:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousand)	
Revenue from contracts with customers			
Residential development	₽ 117,580,972	₱120,396,794	₽101,797,865
Hotels and resorts	7,624,159	6,386,896	5,621,164
Construction	3,394,744	2,393,683	1,559,430
Other	5,452,595	5,297,101	5,208,000
Rental income (Note 12)	31,687,075	28,522,420	24,321,316
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint			
venture	965,787	749,924	865,566
Total Revenue	₽166,705,332	₽163,746,818	₽139,373,341



The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in different product types. The Group's disaggregation of each sources of revenue from contracts with customers are presented below:

Residential development

	2019	2018
	(In thous	sands)
Type of Product	•	•
Middle income housing	₽36,023,183	₽33,401,701
Coremid	34,813,550	33,694,884
Condominium	29,326,334	35,046,620
Lot only	17,417,905	18,253,589
	₽117,580,972	₱120,396,794

All of the Group's real estate sales from residential development are revenue from contracts with customers recognized over time.

Hotels and resorts

	2019	2018
		(In thousands)
Type of Product		,
Rooms	₽4,447,172	₽3,909,395
Food and beverage	2,090,953	2,116,548
Others	324,322	64,904
Other operated department	761,712	296,049
	₽7,624,159	₽6,386,896

The Group's construction revenue pertains to transactions with related parties such as joint ventures and associates.

Set-out below is the reconciliation of contracts with customers with the amounts disclosed in segment information (in millions):

			2	019		
	Residential Development	International	Construction	Hotels and Resorts	Property Management and Others	Total
Sales to external customer	₽102,981	₽6,709	₽3,395	₽7,624	₽5,453	₽126,162
Interest	7,891	-	-	-	-	7,891
Total revenue from contracts	B440.070	Do 700	D0 005	B7.004	DE 450	D404.050
with customers	₽110,872	₽6,709	₽3,395	₽7,624	₽5,453	₽134,053
			2	018		
	Residential Development	International	Construction	Hotels and Reosrts	Property Management and Others	Total
Sales to external customer	₽105,752	₽7,602	₽2,394	₽6,387	₽5,297	₽127,432
Interest	7,042	_	-	-	_	7,042
Total revenue from contracts						
with customers	₽112,794	₽7,602	₽2,394	₽6,387	₽5,297	₽134,474



21. Interest and Investment Income and Other Income

Interest and investment income consists of:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
Interest income from banks	₽724,817	₽ 657,920	₽476,737
Interest income from advances to			
officers/employees and other			
companies	164,531	252,630	101,000
Gain on sale of equipment and other	•	,	,
properties	40,870	46,570	69,566
Gain on sale of investments	· -	588	25,713
Others	227	528	2,035
	₽930,445	₽958,236	₽675,051

Other income consists of:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	_
Marketing and management fees	₽482,427	₽254,483	₽402,238
Others - net (Note 24)	675,508	1,286,234	1,846,321
	₽1,157,935	₽1,540,717	₽2,248,559

Other income mainly consists of gain on business combination, realized and unrealized gain on financial asset at FVTPL, financial impact of net foreign exchange transactions and gain from disposal of subsidiary. It also includes reversal of impairment losses amounting to P1,298.44 million in 2017. In 2017, the Group reversed its allowance for impairment in inventories due to higher fair value than its carrying amount.

22. Costs and Expenses and Other Charges

Real estate costs and expenses consist of:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
Cost of real estate sales (Note 8)	₽ 59,353,001	₽67,784,088	₽59,864,430
Depreciation and amortization	7,419,920	4,858,275	4,113,833
Marketing and management fees	4,678,323	5,165,668	4,492,983
Hotels and resorts operations	3,001,616	3,030,787	5,435,408
Manpower costs	2,046,960	1,800,424	1,212,904
Materials and overhead	999,999	1,341,224	531,180
Rental (Note 2)	483,645	3,960,419	2,105,239
Direct operating expenses:			
Commission	3,946,907	2,124,226	1,459,921
Light and water	3,934,328	4,440,156	2,830,100
Taxes and licenses	3,665,445	2,873,125	2,726,850
Repairs and maintenance	2,213,593	1,582,239	1,082,041
Insurance	204,256	271,700	125,526
Professional fees	199,848	172,226	183,563
Transportation and travel	161,113	170,781	118,059
Entertainment, amusement and			
recreation	25,971	28,243	27,539
Others	2,417,014	1,475,549	1,611,488
	₽94,751,939	₽101,079,130	₽87,921,064



General and administrative expenses consist of:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
Manpower costs (Notes 26 and 28)	₽4,719,739	₽4,685,180	₽3,756,307
Taxes and licenses	1,115,766	818,797	595,027
Depreciation and amortization	825,766	640,608	484,707
Security and Janitorial	691,011	603,404	431,002
Professional fees	386,146	744,679	672,843
Utilities	340,805	324,402	274,623
Repairs and maintenance	324,277	304,003	246,796
Rent	100,295	195,669	135,569
Transport and travel	96,894	106,366	113,229
Dues and fees	90,733	61,447	63,693
Supplies	70,795	64,550	50,674
Advertising	69,163	103,423	59,381
Donations and contribution	53,482	76,059	42,667
Training and seminars	46,776	79,023	88,439
Entertainment, amusement and			
recreation	38,203	41,970	50,587
Insurance	23,917	74,139	39,510
Others	373,591	177,609	169,791
	₽9,367,359	₽9,101,328	₽7,274,845

Manpower costs included in the consolidated statements of income follows:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	_
Real estate costs and expenses			
Cost of real estate	₽ 1,784,450	₽1,534,290	₽1,203,777
Hotels and resorts operations	262,510	266,134	9,127
General and administrative expenses	4,719,739	4,685,180	3,756,307
	6,766,699	₽6,485,604	₽4,969,211

Depreciation and amortization expense included in the consolidated statements of income follows:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
Real estate costs and expenses:			
Cost of real estate	₽ 7,419,920	₽4,858,275	₽4,113,833
Hotels and resorts operations	813,024	633,563	581,252
General and administrative expenses	825,766	640,608	484,707
	₽9,058,710	₽6,132,446	₽5,179,792

Other expenses consist of:

	2019	2018	2017
Write-offs and other charges Net provision for (reversals of)	₽1,076,207	(In Thousands) ₽1,123,307	₽1,040,218
impairment losses on: Receivables (Note 7)	568,775	146,974	(416,143)
Inventories	-	-	523,001
Investment properties	_	_	49,000
	₽1,644,982	₽1,270,281	₽1,196,076



Interest and other financing charges consist of:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	_
Interest expense on:			
Long-term debt	₽9,153,067	₽7,259,118	₽7,393,070
Short-term debt	1,206,577	1,668,340	337,384
Lease liabilities (Note 33)	1,066,543	_	_
Other financing charges	773,571	666,545	183,872
	₽12,199,758	₽9,594,003	₽7,914,326

23. Income Tax

Net deferred tax assets:

	2019	2018		
	(In	(In Thousands)		
Deferred tax assets on:				
Difference between tax and book basis of				
accounting for real estate transactions	₽9,148,055	₽10,197,204		
Lease liability	3,681,191	_		
Allowance for probable losses	667,194	649,222		
Accrued expenses	524,891	396,403		
Retirement benefits	505,768	365,488		
NOLCO	14,853	489,446		
Unrealized foreign exchange losses	´ -	789,217		
Advanced rentals	_	58,464		
Others	385,883	515,196		
	14,927,835	13,460,640		
Deferred tax liabilities on:				
Right-of-use assets	(2,862,294)	_		
Capitalized interest and other expenses	(485,077)	(434,023)		
Unrealized foreign exchange gains	(45,027)			
Others	(7,792)	14,376		
	(3,400,190)	(419,647)		
	₽11,527,645	₽13,040,993		

Net deferred tax liabilities:

2019	2018
(In T	nousands)
₽555,071	₽-
184,672	55,935
·	
92,021	43,621
51,820	84,617
11,664	179
3,871	40,994
192,762	53,901
1,091,881	279,247
	92,021 51,820 11,664 3,871 192,762

(Forward)



	2019	2018
	(In	Thousands)
Deferred tax liabilities on:		
Fair value adjustment arising from business		
combination	(₽3,904,145)	(₱3,912,586)
Difference between tax and book basis of		,
accounting for real estate transactions	(2,018,940)	(1,662,926)
Right-of-use assets	(462,684)	
Capitalized interest and other expenses	(297,873)	(144,668)
Insurance recovery	(98,244)	
Retirement benefits	(27,480)	119,229
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	(3,047)	(6,124)
Prepaid expenses	_	(38,435)
Others	(370,222)	(528,442)
	(7,182,635)	(6,173,952)
	(₱6,090,754)	(₱5,894,705)

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018 deferred tax liabilities have not been recognized on the undistributed earnings and cumulative translation adjustment of foreign subsidiaries since the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled by the Group and management does not expect the reversal of the temporary differences in the foreseeable future.

Certain subsidiaries of the Parent Company have NOLCO amounting to \$\mathbb{P}2,244.6\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}2,109.2\$ million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and MCIT amounting to \$\mathbb{P}152.0\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}427.1\$ million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that taxable income will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be used. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, total unrecognized NOLCO amounted to \$\mathbb{P}2,182.2\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}341.1\$ million, respectively. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, total unrecognized MCIT amounted to \$\mathbb{P}148.1\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}18.6\$ million, respectively. The subsidiaries will recognize a previously unrecognized deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable income will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

The carryover NOLCO and MCIT that can be claimed as deduction from future taxable income or used as deductions against income tax liabilities are as follows:

NOLCO:

Year Incurred	Amount	Used/Expired	Balance	Expiry Year
		(In Thousands)		
2016	₽452,178	₽452,178	₽-	2019
2017	666,258	_	666,258	2020
2018	990,792	_	990,792	2021
2019	587,561	_	587,561	2022
	₽2.696.789	₽452.178	₽2.244.611	

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IVI	U	Ι.

Year Incurred	Amount	Used/Expired	Balance	Expiry Year
		(In Thousands)		
2016	₽2,371	₽2,371	₽-	2019
2017	16,332	_	16,332	2020
2018	130,127	_	130,127	2021
2019	5,576	_	5,576	2022
	₽154,406	₽2,371	₽152,035	



Reconciliation between the statutory and the effective income tax rates follows:

	2019	2018	2017
Statutory income tax rate	30.00%	30.00%	30.00%
Tax effect of:			
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint			
ventures	(1.90)	(1.66)	(2.28)
Income under tax holiday and other nontaxable			
income	(0.96)	(0.92)	(0.57)
Interest income and capital gains taxed at lower			
rates	(0.53)	(0.30)	(0.91)
Others - net	(0.42)	(0.60)	(0.38)
Effective income tax rate	26.19%	26.51%	25.86%

Deferred tax related to remeasurement gain on defined benefit plans recognized in OCI amounted to \$\mathbb{P}\$50.3 million and \$\mathbb{P}\$25.6 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Republic Act (RA) No.10963 or the Tax Reform for Acceleration and Inclusion Act (TRAIN) was signed into law on December 19, 2017 and took effect January 1, 2018, making the new tax law enacted as of the reporting date. Although the TRAIN changes existing tax law and includes several provisions that will generally affect businesses on a prospective basis, the management assessed that the same will not have any significant impact on the financial statement balances as of the reporting date.

Board of Investments (BOI) Incentives

The Board of Investments issued certificates of registrations to the following companies in accordance with the existing Omnibus Investment Code. The projects have been granted an Income Tax Holiday (ITH) for a fixed period from the date of registration or actual start of operations, whichever is earlier.

	Registration Date	Project Location	ITH Start	ITH Period
Econorth Resort Ventures Inc.	November 21, 2017	Seda Lio	March 2018	4 years
Capitol Central Hotel	September 08, 2017	Seda Capitol Central	January 2018	4 years
Ventures, Inc.	•	•	•	•
Sentera Hotel Ventures, Inc.	September 11, 2015	Seda Nuvali	December 2015	4 years
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures, Inc.	June 09, 2014	Seda Nuvali Hotel	June 2014	4 years
Greenhaven Properrty Ventures, Inc.	December 06, 2011	Holiday Inn & Makati Suites	April 2013	6 years
Bonifaco Hotel Ventures, Inc.	January 11, 2012	Seda BGC	June 2018	6 years
Bonifaco Hotel Ventures, Inc.	May 22, 2019	Seda BGC Expansion	May 2019	3 years
Northgate Hotel Ventures Inc.	February 09, 2012	Seda Centrio	February 2012	6 years
Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc.	August 16, 2019	Seda Residences Makati	August 2019	4 years
MDC Conqrete, Inc.	November 10, 2015	Modular Housing	November 2015	4 years
BellaVita Land Corporation	September 17, 2015	San Pablo, Laguna	September 2015	4 years
BellaVita Land Corporation	May 05, 2015	Porac, Pampanga	May 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp	July 18, 2018	Amaia Scapes Bulacan Sector 3B	July 2018	3 years
Amaia Land Corp.	April 26, 2017	Amaia Steps Alabang - Delicia	April 2017	3 years
Amaia Land Corp.	April 20, 2017	Amaia Steps Capitol Central	April 2017	3 years
Amaia Land Corp.	April 20, 2017	Amaia Steps Sucat - Isabela	April 2017	3 years
Amaia Land Corp.	December 15, 2016	Novaliches, QC	December 2016	3 years
Amaia Land Corp.	September 29, 2016	Amaia Scapes Iloilo	September 2016	4 years
Amaia Land Corp	November 24, 2015	Amaia Cabuyao S2	November 2015	3 years
Amaia Land Corp	September 29, 2015	Amaia Steps Capitol Central	September 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp	August 24, 2015	Amaia Scapes CDO S1	August 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp	August 19, 2015	Amaia Nuvali Parkway	August 2015	3 years
Amaia Land Corp	August 10, 2015	Amaia Scapes San Pablo	August 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp	July 24, 2015	Amaia Steps Altaraza B-A	July 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp	July 23, 2015	Amaia Gen. Trias S2	July 2015	3 years
Amaia Land Corp	July 21, 2015	Amaia Novaliches	July 2015	3 years
Amaia Land Corp	July 20, 2015	Amaia Steps Pasig 1B	July 2015	3 years
Amaia Land Corp	June 18, 2015	Amaia Scapes Bauan S1	June 2015	4 years
(5)				

(Forward)



	Registration Date	Project Location	ITH Start	ITH Period
Amaia Land Corp.	June 4, 2015	Amaia Scapes Camsur S1	June 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp.	March 24, 2015	Amaia Steps Mandaue	March 2015	3 years
Amaia Land Corp.	May 21, 2015	Amaia Scapes Batangas	May 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp.	May 21, 2015	Amaia Cabuyao S1	May 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp.	March 11, 2015	Amaia Scapes Pampanga	March 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp.	March 11, 2015	Amaia Scapes Trese S1	March 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp.	March 11, 2015	Amaia Shaw T1	March 2015	3 years
Amaia Land Corp.	February 11, 2015	Urdaneta Pangasinan	February 2015	4 years
Amaia Land Corp.	February 11, 2015	Amaia Steps Nuvali	February 2015	4 years
Avida Land Corp.	September 4, 2015	Avida Prime Taft Tower 3	September 2015	3 years
Avida Land Corp.	June 16, 2015	Avida Atria Tower 2	July 2015	3 years
Avida Land Corp.	June 16, 2015	Avida Serin East Tower 1	July 2015	3 years
Avida Land Corp.	April 30, 2015	Avida Altura Tower 2	May 2015	3 years
Avida Land Corp.	April 30, 2015	Avida Asten Tower 2	May 2015	3 years

24. Business Combinations and Acquisition of Non-controlling Interests

Business Combinations

MCT Berhad

On January 2, 2018, Ayala Land, Inc., (ALI) through its wholly owned subsidiary, Regent Wise Investments Limited (RWIL), signed a share purchase agreement to acquire an additional 17.24% share in MCT Berhad (MCT), subject to completion of certain conditions.

On January 5, 2018, the transfer of shares was completed and it increased RWIL's shareholding in MCT to 50.19% from 32.95%. RWIL also issued a notice of an unconditional mandatory take-over offer to the BOD of MCT, to acquire all remaining shares of the Company that are not already held by RWIL, following the completion of certain conditions to the share purchase agreement. The mandatory take-over offer made in connection to the acquisition of additional shares in MCT closed as of 5:00 p.m. on February 19, 2018. Owners of 295,277,682 shares accepted the offer, equivalent to 22.12% of MCT's total outstanding shares. As a result of the offer, ALI's shareholdings in MCT increased from 50.19% to 72.31%. Total consideration paid is \triangleright 5.98 billion (see Note 11).

Subsequently, the Group remeasured its previously held interest in MCT based on its acquisition-date fair value which resulted to a remeasurement loss of P1.79 billion.

The Group finalized the purchase price allocation of its acquisition of MCT through business combination in December 2018. The final purchase price allocation resulted in gain from bargain purchase of \$\mathbb{P}\$1.85 billion.

The net gain of P60 million from the acquisition is presented under 'Other income' account in the 2018 consolidated statements of income.

The following are the fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities assumed (in thousands):

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	₽1,078,224
Trade and other receivables	2,833,560
Inventories	13,620,873
Investment properties	5,712,635
Property, plant and equipment	4,599,423
Other noncurrent assets	69,222
	27,913,937

(Forward)



Liabilities

Accounts and other payables	₽5,506,336
Borrowings	2,752,114
Income tax payable	128,551
Deferred tax liabilities	2,287,772
	10,674,773
Net assets	17,239,164
Total net assets acquired	12,465,640
Acquisition cost	(10,611,567)
Negative goodwill	₽1,854,073

The fair value of the trade and other receivables approximate their carrying amounts since these are short-term in nature. None of the trade receivables have been impaired and it is expected that the full contractual amounts can be collected.

From January 8 to December 31, 2018, the Group's share in MCT's revenue and net income amounted to \$\mathbb{P}7.6\$ billion and \$\mathbb{P}1.3\$ billion.

Acquisition of Non-controlling Interests

Ayala Land Logistics Holdings Corp. (ALLHC)

On April 30, 2018, ALI and ALLHC executed a Deed of Exchange where ALI will subscribe to 1,225,370,620 common shares of ALLHC for an aggregate subscription price of ₱3.0 billion in exchange for 30,186 common shares of LTI. The subscription and exchange shall be subject to and deemed effective only upon the issuance by the SEC of the confirmation of valuation of the shares. The SEC issued its approval on February 28, 2019. This increased ALI's ownership to 69.50%.

On February 4, 2019, The Executive Committee of ALI approved the purchase of a 20% equity interest owned by Mitsubishi Corporation in LTI, equivalent to 8,051 common shares, with a total value of ₱800.0 million. Subsequently, ALI will exchange the 20% equity interest in LTI for additional shares of stock in ALLHC, equivalent to 323,886,640 common shares, subject to conditions to be fulfilled by ALLHC.

On June 10, 2019, ALI sold its 20% equity interest or 8,051 common shares in LTI to ALLHC for a consideration of ₱800.0 million. This increased ALI's ownership to 70.36%.

On September 9, 2019, OLI sold through a special block sale, 215,090,031 common shares of ALLHC to Avida Land Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of ALI, for a total consideration of ₱ 628.1 million. Subsequently, these shares were acquired by ALI through a special block sale for a total consideration of ₱628.1 million. This increased ALI's effective ownership in ALLHC from 70.36% to 71.46%.

In January 2018, ALI purchased additional 202,774,547 shares of ALLHC from Genez Investment Corporation for ₱497.7 million which increased the Company's ownership from 62.9% to 67%.

In February 2017, ALI purchased additional 631,000 common shares of ALLHC from BPI Securities Corporation for P1.26 million. ALI's interest remains at 51% of the total ALLHC's outstanding capital stock.

In June 2017, Orion Land, Inc. (OLI), a subsidiary of ALLHC, acquired 512,480,671 common shares equivalent to 11.69% ownership at ₱2.45 share amounting to ₱1,255.58 million. The acquisition of ALLHC shares by OLI was treated as an acquisition of non-controlling interest which resulted to a debit to equity reserve of ₱405.18 million. This increased ALI's effective ownership to 63.05%.



Cebu Holdings, Inc. (CHI)

On April 17, 2019 ALI acquired additional 14,913,200 common shares of CHI through open market purchases using the trading facilities of the Philippine Stock Exchange totaling P88.7 million resulting in ALI's ownership from 70.4% to 71.1%.

In 2018, ALI acquired additional 59,631,200 common shares of CHI totaling to ₱352.8 million. Further, an additional 77,742,516 shares was acquired as a result of swap of CPVDC shares for a total consideration of ₱229.3 million which brings Parent Company's ownership to 70.4%.

On various dates in 2017, ALI acquired a total of 5.1% additional ownership interest in CHI for a total consideration of ₱574.99 million. This brought ALI's ownership from 66.9% to 72.0% of the outstanding capital stock of CHI and there was no change in control.

Laguna Technology, Inc. (LTI)

In December 2018, ALI acquired 8,051 common shares of LTI for ₱800.0 million increasing its ownership to 95%.

25. Related Party Transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence which include affiliates.

In its regular conduct of business, the Group has entered into transactions with its parent company, associates and other related parties principally consisting of advances and reimbursement of expenses, purchase and sale of real estate properties, construction contracts, development, management, underwriting, marketing, leasing and administrative service agreements.

Terms and Conditions of Transactions with Related Parties

Transactions with related parties are made at normal market prices. Outstanding balances at year end are unsecured, interest free and settlement occurs generally in cash, except otherwise indicated. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. The Group does not provide any allowance relating to receivable from related parties.

This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related parties and the markets in which the related parties operate.

The following tables provide the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant financial year (in thousands):

a. Transactions with Bank of the Philippine Islands (BPI), an associate of Ayala Corporation (AC)

Cash and cash equivalents earn interest from 2.5% to 6.0% per annum for Philippine Pesodenominated and 1.0% to 3.0% per annum for USD-denominated investments. Investment in FVPL are UITF which earns interest depending on the duration of time invested in the fund. Interest earned with investments in BPI for the year amounted to ₱125.5 million, ₱129.3 million, and ₱123.0 million in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Short-term debts are secured peso denominated bank loans with interest rate ranging from 5.5% to 5.6% while long-term debts bear fixed rates ranging from 4.5% to 6.9% and floating rates ranging from 5.4% to 6.5% per annum with remaining terms ranging from less than a year to 9.9 years. Interest expense incurred on borrowings from BPI amounted to ₱740.8 million, ₱1,460.0 million, and ₱458.17 million for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively.



As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Group maintains current and savings account, money market placements and short-term and long-term debt payable with BPI broken down as follows:

	2019	2018
	(In Thousa	nds)
Cash in bank	₽3,942,497	₽4,105,565
Cash equivalents	906,296	3,312,150
Marketable securities	80,000	1,615,568
Short term debt	9,399,330	4,476,000
Long-term debt	14,315,498	9,696,981

b. Outstanding balances with parent company, associates and other related party

Receivables from/payables to other related parties pertain mostly to advances and reimbursement of operating expenses related to development cost and land acquisitions. Payables to related parties consist of expenses incurred on utilities, professional services and other miscellaneous services as well as purchases of vehicles. These are generally trade-related, noninterest-bearing and settled within one year.

Outstanding balances from/to related parties follow (amounts in thousands):

2019

	Receivab	ole from related p	arties	Payable to related parties			
-	Current	Noncurrent	Total	Current	Noncurrent	Total	
AC	₽143,781	P -	₽143,781	₽286,718	P -	₽286,718	
Associates	5,108,188	-	5,108,188	244,619	-	244,619	
Other related parties:							
Globe Telecom (Globe)	145,593	-	145,593	6,164	_	6,164	
Bank of the Philippine Islands	176,014	-	176,014	59,800	_	59,800	
Columbus	· -	-	-	267,355	_	267,355	
Manila Water Philippine							
Ventures Inc.	258,169	-	258,169	80,810	_	80,810	
Michigan Holdings, Inc.	110,103	-	110,103	· -	_	_	
Manila Water Company Inc.	57,402	_	57,402	18,221	-	18,221	
Others	131,053	-	131,053	70,596	-	70,596	
	878,334	-	878,334	502,946	-	502,946	
	₽6,130,303	P-	₽6,130,303	₽1,034,283	P-	₱1,034,283	

<u>2018</u>

	Receiv	able from related pa	Payable to related parties				
-	Current	Noncurrent	Total	Current	Noncurrent	Total	
AC	₽140,137 ₽–		₽140,137	₽135,872	₽-	₽135,872	
Associates	5,049,084	_	5,049,084	212,766	_	212,766	
Other related parties:							
Globe Telecom (Globe)	149,638	_	149,638	2,878	_	2,878	
Bank of the Philippine Islands	131,803	_	131,803	44,170	_	44,170	
Columbus	1	_	1	267,355	_	267,355	
Others	212,573	_	212,573	39,148	-	39,148	
	494,015		494,015	353,551	_	353,551	
	₽5,683,236	₽-	₽5,683,236	₽702,189	₽_	₽702,189	

c. Revenue and expenses from related parties

The revenue from parent company, associates and other related parties pertains mostly to income from leasing and development projects while expenses composed of management fees and training expenses. These are usually non-interest bearing and not impaired. Transactions are settled within one year.



Revenue and expenses from related parties follow:

Revenue from related parties:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
AC	₽25,450	₽28,081	₽5,114
Associates	4,128,193	4,703,524	1,564,343
Other Related Parties			
Bank of the Philippine Islands	414,609	330,519	192,803
Manila Water Philippine Ventures, Inc.	272,709	218,127	1,118
Globe Telecom, Inc.	185,063	193,899	113,889
Innove Communications	7,295	6,909	271
Manila Water Company, Inc. (MWCI)	53,882	2,653	2,384
Laguna AAA Waterworks Corp.			
(LAWC)	1,500	1,500	1,500
Michigan Holdings, Inc.	179,739	1,101	1,198
Psi Technologies	-	_	82,164
Panay Medical Ventures, Inc.	_	_	57,356
Others	1,153	868	2,522
	1,115,950	755,576	455,205
Total	₽ 5,269,593	₽5,487,181	₽2,024,662

Expenses from related parties:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
AC	₽4,216	₽1,035	₽16,489
Associates	322,114	3,153,547	206,050
Other Related Parties			
Manila Water Company, Inc.	398,648	385,925	222,386
Bank of the Philippine Islands	213,257	296,002	195,143
Innove Communications, Inc.	92,003	68,805	52,129
AG Counselors Corp.	199,222	60,718	172,799
Globe Telecom, Inc.	88,188	53,920	50,131
Manila Water Philippine Ventures, Inc.	108,765	53,038	117,078
LAWC	10,184	6,202	5,564
Others	422,681	371,342	77,406
	1,532,948	1,295,952	892,636
Total	₽1,859,278	₽4,450,534	₽1,115,175

The following describe the nature of the material transactions of the Group with related parties as of December 31, 2019 and 2018:

- On January 12, 2016, the Parent Company has entered into a partnership with Manila Water Philippine Ventures, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Manila Water Company, Inc., for the waterworks of ALl's projects nationwide. The MOA was signed by ALI and its subsidiaries and affiliates, Cebu Holdings, Inc. and Cebu Property Ventures and Development Corp. Revenue and expense in 2019 amounted to ₱272.7 million and ₱108.8 million, respectively, and ₱218.1 million and ₱53 million amounted in 2018, respectively.
- Certain credit facilities with BPI with a total carrying value of ₱24,416.9 million and ₱14,170.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, are secured by a real estate mortgage. This is in compliance with BSP ruling on directors, officers, stockholders and related interests.



- In October 2012, BG South, a subsidiary of Alveo, entered into a contract with FBDC for the purchase of land in Bonifacio Global City. The Deed of Absolute Sale related to the contract was executed in 2012 for which the purchase price amounted to ₱806.4 million, plus VAT. As of 2018, ₱859.4 million, inclusive of VAT, were paid by BG South. Outstanding payable amounted to nil and ₱43.8 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- In November 2012, BG South, subsequently entered into a contract with FBDC for the purchase of land in Bonifacio Global City. The Deed of Absolute Sale related to the contract was executed in 2012 for which the purchase price amounted to 727.8 million, plus VAT. As of 2018, P811.9 million, inclusive of VAT, were paid by BG South. As of December 31, 2018, the contract has been fully paid.
- In July 2013, BG South, subsequently entered into a contract with FBDC for the purchase of land in Bonifacio Global City. The Deed of Absolute Sale related to the contract was executed in 2013 for which the purchase price amounted to ₱1,424 million, plus VAT. As of 2018, ₱1,595 million, inclusive of VAT, were paid by BG South. Outstanding payable amounted to nil and nil as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- On May 20, 2013, DirectPower and its customers, which are all within the Ayala Group, entered
 into a Retail Electricity Supply contract wherein DirectPower agreed to supply electricity at a
 specific rate pursuant to the provisions and implementing rules and regulations of R.A. No. 9136
 or the Electric Power Industry Reform Acts of 2001. Among the customers of Direct Power are
 FBDC, LDC, BPI, San Lazaro BPO Complex and 6750 Ayala Ave.
- The Group sold residential receivables on a without recourse basis to BPI Family Savings Bank, Inc., a related party, amounting to ₱9,976.3 million and ₱10,070.0 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively. Proceeds of receivables sold to BPI amounted to ₱9,281.2 million in 2019 and ₱9,520.0 million in 2018. The Group recognized loss on sale (under "Other charges") amounting to ₱775.2 million and ₱550.1 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Revenue from Globe pertains to development management fee and for lease of spaces.
- As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the funds include investment in securities of its related parties with carrying value of ₱1.7 billion and ₱1.5 billion, respectively (see Note 26).
- d. Remuneration of Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Key management personnel of the Group include all officers with position of vice president and up. Compensation of key management personnel amounted to ₱197.2 million and ₱172.2 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Compensation of key management personnel by benefit type follows:

	2019	201 8		
	(In Thousands)			
Short-term employee benefits	₽185,540	₽156,678		
Post-employment benefits (Note 26)	11,622	15,497		
	₽197,162	₽172,175		

26. Retirement Plan

The Group has funded, noncontributory tax-qualified defined benefit type of retirement plans (the Plan) covering substantially all of their employees. The benefits are based on a defined benefit formula.

The Plan aims to maintain a full funding, i.e., the Plan's assets fully covered the Plan's liabilities, as measured through generally accepted actuarial methodologies. Such will provide a higher level of assurance that all promised benefits can be paid from existing assets and expected investment returns. The target funded status is within the range of 80% to 100%.



The Group's fund is in the form of a trust fund being maintained by the trustee banks such as BPI Asset Management and Trust Corporation (collectively the "Retirement Fund"). The primary objective of the Retirement Fund is to achieve the highest total rate of return possible, consistent with a prudent level of risk. The investment strategy articulated in the asset allocation policy has been developed in the context of long-term capital market expectations, as well as multi-year projections of actuarial liabilities. Accordingly, the investment objectives and strategies emphasize a long-term outlook, and interim performance fluctuations will be viewed with the corresponding perspective.

The components of expense (included in manpower costs under "General and administrative expenses") in the consolidated statements of income follows:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
Current service cost	₽443,364	₽310,759	₽372,590
Past service cost	-	10,563	_
Net interest cost on benefit obligation	117,607	77,418	149,523
Total pension expense	₽560,971	₽398,740	₽522,113

The remeasurement effects recognized in other comprehensive income (included in Equity under "Remeasurement loss on defined benefit plans") in the consolidated statements of financial position follow:

	2019	2018	2017
		(In Thousands)	
Return on plan assets (excluding amount included in net interest)	₽75,922	₽184,923	₽22,169
Remeasurement loss (gain) due to liability experience	1,544	101,979	(55,893)
Remeasurement loss (gain) due to liability assumption changes - demographic	145	(2,476)	(14,319)
Remeasurement gain due to liability assumption changes - economic	(245,365)	(369,807)	329,333
Remeasurements in other comprehensive			_
income	(₱167,754)	(₽85,381)	₽281,290

The funded status and amounts recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position for the retirement plan as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, are as follows:

	2019	2018
	(lı	n Thousands)
Benefit obligations	₽4,365,274	₽3,676,584
Plan assets	(2,452,003)	(2,188,451)
Net pension liability position	₽1,913,271	₽1,488,133

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018 pension assets (included under "Other noncurrent assets") amounted to P74.3 million and P62.1 million, respectively, and pension liabilities amounted to P1,987.6 million and P1,550.2 million, respectively.



Changes in net defined benefit liability of funded plans in 2019 are as follows (in thousands):

		Net benefit cost in consolidated statement of income					Remeasurements in other comprehensive income							
	_								Remeasuremer	t Remeasurement	t			
		gain loss												
								Remeasurement	due to	due to				
								gain	liability	liability				
							Return	due to	assumption	assumption	Net			
	January 1,	Current Pa	st service	Net		Benefits	on plan	liability	changes -	changes -	remeasure- (Contribution	Transfer Dec	cember 31,
	2019	service cost	cost	interest	Subtotal	paid	Assets*	experience	demographic	economic	ment loss l	y employer	in /(out)	2019
Present value of defined benefit														
obligation	₽3,676,584	₽ 443,364	₽_	₽279,339	₽722,703	(₽ 277,699)	₽_	(₽1,544)	(₽145)	₽245,365	₽243,676	₽_	₽10	₽4,365,274
Fair value of plan assets	(2,188,451)	-	-	(161,732)	(161,732)	335,918	(75,922)	_	_	_	(75,922)	(361,816)	_	(2,452,003)
Net defined benefit liability														
(asset)	P1,488,133	₽ 443,364	₽_	₽ 117,607	₽560,971	₽58,219	(P75,922)	(₽1,544)	(₽145)	₽245,365	₽167,754	(P361,816)	₽10	₽1,913,271

*excluding amount included in net interest

Changes in net defined benefit liability of funded plans in 2018 are as follows (in thousands):

		Net benefit cost in consolidated statement of income					Remeasuremen	ts in other compre	nensive income					
	-									Remeasurement				
							F	Remeasurement	(gain) due to	(gain) due to				
							Return	loss	liability	liability	Not			
	January 1,	Current	Past service	Net		Benefits	on plan	due to liability	assumption changes -	assumption changes -	Net remeasure-	Contribution	Transfer D	December 31,
	2018	service cost	cost	interest	Subtotal	paid	Assets*	experience	demographic	economic	ment loss	by employer	in /(out)	2018
Present value of defined benefit														
obligation	₽ 3,560,752	₽ 310,759	₽ 10,563	₽ 194,009	₽515,331	(P120,720)	₽-	₽101,979	(₽2,476)	(P 369,807)	(P270,304)	₽_	(₽8,475)	₽ 3,676,584
Fair value of plan assets	(2,101,603)		_	(116,591)	(116,591)	27,876	184,923	_	`	`'	184,923	(232,588)	49,532	(2,188,451)
Net defined benefit liability (asset)	₽1,459,149	₽310,759	₽10,563	₽77,418	₽398,740	(₱92,844)	₽ 184,923	₽101,979	(₽2,476)	(P369,807)	(₽85,381)	(P232,588)	₽41,057	₽1,488,133

*excluding amount included in net interest



All equity and debt instruments held have quoted prices in an active market. The remaining plan assets do not have quoted market prices in an active market.

The plan assets have diverse investments and do not have any concentration risk.

The fair value of plan assets by each class as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	Dec	December 31		
	2019	2018		
	(In Tho	usands)		
Cash and cash equivalents	₽27,197	₽25,316		
Equity investments				
Unit Investment Trust Funds	363,357	168,235		
Mutual Funds	158,991	1,699		
Holding Firms	1,688	145,042		
Financials	18,435	56,256		
Property	95,074	60,689		
Industrials	111,622	14,229		
Services	20,696	4,422		
	769,863	450,572		
Debt investments				
Government securities	537,483	513,434		
AAA rated debt securities	545,950	549,416		
Unit Investment Trust Funds	66,128	_		
Mutual Funds	6,146	_		
Not rated debt securities	499,236	649,140		
	1,654,943	1,711,990		
Other assets	· -	573		
	₽2,452,003	₽2,188,451		

The Retirement Fund's investments will be appropriately diversified to control overall risk and will exhibit portfolio characteristics similar to the set benchmark for each asset class. In case of securities, the aggregate holdings of any security may not exceed 10% of the Plan assets. The criteria for including an asset class in the strategic policy include: (a) wide recognition and acceptance among institutional investors; (b) low correlation with other accepted asset classes; and (c) a meaningful performance history. The Group expects to make contributions of ₱527.82 million to its retirement fund in 2020.

The allocation of the fair value of plan assets follows:

	2019	2018
Investments in debt securities	67.49%	78.23%
Investments in equity securities	31.40%	20.59%
Others	1.11%	1.18%

Funds invested in debt securities include government securities, corporate notes and bonds and money market placements. Investments in equity securities consist of investments in PSE listed stocks and unit investment trust funds. Others were in the form of cash and cash equivalents.

The Group's transactions with the funds mainly pertain to contributions, benefit payments and settlements.



As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the funds include investment in securities of its related parties (see Note 25). Details of the investment per type of security are as follows:

				December 31,
	D	2018		
	Carrying	Fair	Unrealized	Fair
	Value	Value	(Gain) Loss	Value
Investments in debt securities	₽1,126,228	₽1,142,062	(₱15,834)	₽1,100,365
Investments in equity securities	603,164	603,857	(693)	334,123
Others	13,319	13,393	(74)	31,539
	₽1,742,711	₽1,759,312	(₱16,601)	₽1,466,027

The plan assets include shares of stock of the Parent Company with fair value amounting to ₱38.56 million and ₱27.7 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The Parent Company gives the trustee bank the discretion to exercise voting rights over the shares. The plan assets include debt securities of the Parent Company amounting to ₱66.8 million and ₱62.9 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The loss of the fund arising from investment in debt and equity securities of the Parent Company is nil.

The cost of defined benefit pension plans and other post-employment medical benefits as well as the present value of the pension liabilities are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions. The principal assumptions used in determining pension and post-employment medical benefit obligations for the defined benefit plans are shown below:

	2019	2018
Discount rates	4.74 to 5.50%	5.50 to 8.48%
Future salary increases	4.00 to 8.00%	3.0 to 8.0%

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on reasonably possible changes of each significant assumption on the defined benefit obligation as of the end of the reporting period, assuming all other assumptions were held constant:

<u>2019</u>

	Effect on income before income tax Increase (decrease)				
	+ 100 basis	- 100 basis			
Change in basis points	points	points			
	(In Tho	ousands)			
Discount rate	(₽348,241)	₽382,527			
Salary increase rate	363,629	(387,094)			
2018					
	Effect on income befo	ore income tax			
	Increase (dec	rease)			
	+ 100 basis	- 100 basis			
Change in basis points	points	points			
<u></u>	(In Tho	ousands)			
Discount rate	(₽174,364)	₽205,983			
Salary increase rate	205,103	(176,441)			



Shown below is the maturity analysis of the undiscounted benefit payments:

Year ending:	2019	2018
	(In Tho	usands)
1 year and less	₽666,659	₽457,984
more than 1 years to 5 years	1,837,060	1,847,382
more than 5 years to 10 years	2,580,119	1,965,131
more than 10 years to 15 years	14,122,637	4,614,824
more than 15 years to 20 years	2,696,046	1,469,983
more than 20 years	26,270,099	11,679,381

The average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 11.0 to 24.0 years and 5.3 to 24.0 years in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

27. Earnings Per Share

The following tables present information necessary to compute EPS (amounts in thousands except EPS):

EPS on net income attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc. are as follows:

	2019	2018	2017
	(In Th	ousands)	·
Net income attributable to equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.	₽ 33,188,399	₽29,240,880	₽25,304,965
Less: dividends on preferred stock	(62,038)	(62,038)	(62,038)
Net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent			
Company for basic and diluted earnings per share	₽33,126,361	₽29,178,842	₽25,242,927
Weighted average number of common shares for basic EPS	14,742,690	14,730,049	14,721,881
Add: dilutive shares arising from stock options	3,783	966	66,997
Adjusted weighted average number of common shares for			
diluted EPS	14,746,473	14,731,015	14,788,878
Basic and diluted EPS	₽2.25	₽1.98	₽1.71

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income for the year attributable to common equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year adjusted for any subsequent stock dividends declared.

Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income for the year attributable to common equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of common shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential common shares into common shares. The calculation of diluted earnings per share does not assume conversion, exercise, or other issue of potential common shares that would have an antidilutive effect on earnings per share.

The convertibility of the preferred shares will start on the 10th year from the issue date which was in 2012. This has an antidilutive effect on the computation of diluted EPS.

28. Stock Options and Ownership Plans

The Parent Company has stock option plans for key employees covering 2.5% of the Parent Company's authorized capital stock. The grantee is selected based on certain criteria like outstanding performance over a three-year period.



ESOP

The ESOP grantees may exercise in whole or in part the vested allocation in accordance with the vesting percentage and vesting schedule stated in the ESOP. Also, the grantee must be an employee of the Parent Company or any of its subsidiaries during the 10-year option period. In case the grantee retires, he is given 3 years to exercise his vested and unvested options. In case the grantee resigns, he is given 90 days to exercise his vested options.

The Parent Company has no ESOP grant and availment during 2019, 2018 and 2017.

ESOWN

In November 2001, the Parent Company offered all its ESOWN subscribers with outstanding ESOWN subscriptions the option to cancel the subscriptions within the 5-year holding period. In December 2001, the program for ESOWN was indefinitely suspended.

In 2005, the Parent Company introduced a revised ESOWN Plan (the Plan) wherein grantees may subscribe in whole or in part to the shares awarded to them based on a discounted market price that was determined by the Compensation Committee as the offer price set at grant date. The grantees paid for the shares subscribed through installments over a maximum period of ten (10) years. The subscription is subject to a holding period stated in the plan. To subscribe, the grantee must be an employee of the Parent Company or any of its subsidiaries during the ten (10)-year payment period. In case the grantee resigns, unsubscribed shares are cancelled, while the subscription may be paid up to the percent of holding period completed and payments may be converted into the equivalent number of shares. In case the grantee is separated, not for cause, but through retrenchment and redundancy, subscribed shares may be paid in full, unsubscribed shares may be subscribed, or payments may be converted into the equivalent number of shares. In case the grantee retires, the grantee may subscribe to the unsubscribed shares anytime within the ten (10)-year period. The plan does not allow sale or assignment of the shares. All shares acquired through the Plan are subject to the Parent Company's right to repurchase.

The subscribed shares are effectively treated as options exercisable within a given period which is the same time as the grantee's payment schedule. The fair values of stock options granted are estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes Merton (BSM) Formula and Binomial Tree Model (BTM), taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The BSM Formula and BTM Model requires six inputs to produce an option stock value namely; market value of the share, book value of the share, time to maturity, volatility rate, dividend yield, and risk free rate. The expected volatility was determined based on an independent valuation.

Movements in the number of options outstanding and weighted average exercise prices (WAEP) under ESOWN follow:

	2019	WAEP	2018	WAEP
At January 1	5,601,470	₽32.71	5,150,628	₽19.31
Granted	11,610,720		10,384,365	
Subscribed	(10,453,766)	43.70	(9,933,523)	41.14
Availment	487,585		96,516	
Cancelled	(6,940,594)		(96,516)	
At December 31	305,415	35.94	5,601,470	₽32.71



The fair value of stock options granted under ESOWN at grant date and the assumptions used to determine the fair value of the stock options follow:

		Grant Date								
	March 21,	March 28,	March 01,	April 05,	March 20,	March 20,	March 18,	March 13,		
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012		
Number of unsubscribed										
shares	_	_	_	181,304	_	1,369,887	1,713,868	3,967,302		
Fair value of each option										
(BTM)	₽-	₽-	₽8.48	₽13.61	₽16.03	₽12.60	₽16.05	₽9.48		
Fair value of each option										
(BSM)	₽17.13	₽12.71	₽-	₽18.21	₽20.63	₽12.16	₽11.85	₽6.23		
Weighted average share price	₽44.70	₽41.02	₽39.72	₽35.58	₽36.53	₽31.46	₽30.00	₽21.98		
Exercise price	₽44.49	₽45.07	₽35.81	₽26.27	₽29.58	₽22.55	₽21.45	₽14.69		
Expected volatility	31.48%	34.04%	30.95%	32.03%	31.99%	33.50%	36.25%	33.00%		
Dividend yield	1.16%	1.22%	1.34%	1.27%	1.02%	1.42%	1.93%	0.9%		
Interest rate	5.57%	4.14%	4.41%	4.75%	4.11%	3.13%	2.78%	5.70%		

Total expense (included under "General and administrative expenses") recognized in 2019, 2018 and 2017 in the consolidated statements of income arising from share-based payments amounted to ₱142.86, ₱98.52 million, and ₱153.8 million, respectively (see Note 22).

ALLHC

ALLHC introduced the ESOWN Plan (the Plan) wherein grantees (employees within ALLHC Group) may subscribe in whole or in part to the shares awarded to them based on a discounted market price, but in no case lower than the par value, that was determined at grant date. The grantees paid for the shares subscribed through installments over a maximum period of ten (10) years. To subscribe, the grantee must be an employee, officer or director of ALLHC as of June 30, 2015. In case the grantee resigns, unsubscribed shares are cancelled and returned to the plan pool, while the subscription payments may be converted into the equivalent number of shares. In case the grantee is separated, not for cause, but through retrenchment and redundancy, subscribed shares may be paid in full, unsubscribed shares may be subscribed, or payments may be converted into the equivalent number of shares. In case the grantee retires, the grantee may subscribe to the unsubscribed shares anytime within the ten (10)-year period. The plan does not allow sale or assignment of the shares.

The BOD of ALLHC approved the allocation of 32 million shares (first tranche) for ESOWN plan which will be taken from the remaining unissued shares (with grant date in 2016) and the increase in authorized of stock of ALLHC, which was approved by the SEC in July 2016. In 2017, notice of grant for the 218 million shares (second tranche of ESOWN plan) was issued to employees for the right to subscribe to the common shares of ALLHC at ₱1.68 per share which were fully availed as of December 31, 2018. In 2019 and 2018, ALLHC has no ESOWN grant.

The fair values of these options are estimated on the date of grant using the Cox-Ross-Rubenstein option pricing model. The assumptions used to determine the fair value of the stock options are as follows:

	December 31, 2017
Share price at the date of grant	₽2.12
Risk free interest rate	5.6818%
Annualized volatility	49.68%
Annual dividend yield	-
Exit rates	-
Termination for cause	-
Voluntary resignation	-
Involuntary separation	7.29%

The resulting personnel expense recognized for the periods ended December 31, 2017 amounted to ₱33.34 million (nil for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018).



29. Financial Assets and Liabilities

Fair Value Information

The following tables set forth the carrying values and estimated fair values of the Group's financial assets and liabilities recognized as of December 31, 2019 and 2018:

	December 3	1, 2019	December 31, 2018		
_	Carrying		Carrying		
	Value	Fair Value	Value	Fair Value	
		(In Thousar	nds)		
Financial Assets at FVPL*	₽2,795,303	₽2,795,303	₽476,245	₽476,245	
Financial Assets at FVOCI					
Unquoted equity securities	565,650	565,650	582,078	582,078	
Quoted equity securities	963,529	963,529	913,717	913,717	
	1,529,179	1,529,179	1,495,795	1,495,795	
	₽4,324,482	₽4,324,482	₽1,972,040	₽1,972,040	
Financial assets at amortized cost					
Noncurrent trade residential and office					
development	₽42,994,112	₽42,581,016	₽35,437,047	₽33,829,603	
Receivable from employees	901,261	903,299	1,113,207	1,119,854	
	₽43,895,373	₽43,484,315	₽36,550,254	₽34,949,457	
Other financial liabilities					
Long-term debt	₽193,064,051	₽196,618,780	₽172,712,122	₽155,719,341	
Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities	42,282,233	36,225,888	39,607,119	38,193,626	
•	₽235,346,284	₽232,844,668	₽212,319,241	₽193,912,967	

^{*}In 2019, the Group acquired investment in bonds measured at fair value through profit or loss included under "Other noncurrent assets" in the consolidated statement of financial position (Note 14)

The methods and assumptions used by the Group in estimating the fair value of the financial instruments are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and current receivables, accounts and other payables, current payables and short term debt - Carrying amounts approximate fair values due to the relatively short-term maturities of these financial instruments.

Financial assets at FVPL - These are investments in fund and investment in bonds. Fair value of the funds is based on net asset values as of reporting dates while fair value of the bonds is based on binomial lattice approach.

Noncurrent accounts and notes receivables - The fair values of residential accounts and notes receivable, and receivable from employees, are based on the discounted value of future cash flows using the applicable rates for similar types of instruments. The discount rates used ranged from 6.25% to 13.50% and 2.90% to 6.37% as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Financial assets at FVOCI quoted equity securities - fair values are based on quoted prices published in markets.

Financial assets at FVOCI unquoted equity securities – fair values are based on the latest selling price available.

Liabilities - The fair value of noncurrent unquoted instruments (long-term debt and deposits) are estimated using the discounted cash flow methodology using the Group's current incremental borrowing rates for similar borrowings with maturities consistent with those remaining for the liability being valued. The discount rates used ranged 3.18% to 7.02% and 7.28% to 8.79% as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The fair value of noncurrent unquoted debt instruments with floating rates are estimated using discounted cash flow - last repricing method.



Fair Value Hierarchy

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of the financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted prices) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data

The Group categorizes trade receivable, receivable from employees, long-term debt and deposits and other noncurrent liabilities under Level 3. The fair value of these financial instruments is determined by discounting future cash flows using the applicable rates of similar types of instruments plus a certain spread. This spread is the unobservable input and the effect of changes to this is that the higher the spread, the lower the fair value.

Quoted FVOCI financial assets amounting to ₱963.5 million and ₱913.7 million as of December 31, 2019, and 2018, respectively, were classified under Level 1 (see Note 10).

Unquoted FVOCI financial assets amounting to ₱565.7 million and ₱582.1 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, were classified under Level 3 (see Note 10).

Investment in Arch Capital Fund amounting to ₱389.0 million and ₱390.5 million as of December 31, 2019, and 2018, respectively, were classified under Level 3 (see Note 6).

Investment in Unit Investment Trust Fund (UITF) amounting to ₱96.4 million and ₱85.7 million as of December 31, 2019, and 2018, respectively, were classified under Level 2 (see Note 6).

Investment in bonds amounting to ₱2,309.9 million as of December 31, 2019 was classified under Level 3 (see Note 14).

There have been no reclassifications from Level 1 to Level 2 categories in 2019 and 2018.

Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investment, financial assets at FVPL, AFS quoted and unquoted equity securities, investments in bonds, bank loans, corporate notes and bonds. The financial debt instruments were issued primarily to raise financing for the Group's operations. The Group has various financial assets such as trade receivables and trade payables which arise directly from the conduct of its operations.

Exposure to liquidity, credit, interest rate, currency and equity risks arise in the normal course of the Group's business activities. The main objectives of the Group's financial risk management are as follows:

- to identify and monitor such risks on an ongoing basis;
- to minimize and mitigate such risks; and
- to provide a degree of certainty about costs.

The use of derivative financial instruments, if any, is solely for management of the Group's financial risk exposures. It is the Group's policy not to enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes.

The Group's financing and treasury function operates as a centralized service for managing financial risks and activities as well as providing optimum investment yield and cost-efficient funding for the Group.



There were no changes in the Group's financial risk management objectives and policies in 2019 and 2018.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined by the Group as the risk of losses arising from funding difficulties due to deterioration in market conditions and/or the financial position of the Group that make it difficult for the Group to raise the necessary funds or that forces the Group to raise funds at significantly higher interest rates than usual.

This is also the possibility of experiencing losses due to the inability to sell or convert marketable securities into cash immediately or in instances where conversion to cash is possible but at a loss due to wider than normal bid-offer spreads.

The Group employs scenario analysis and contingency planning to actively manage its liquidity position and guarantee that all operating, investing and financing needs are met. The Group has come up with a three-layered approach to liquidity through the prudent management of sufficient cash and cash equivalents, the potential sale of accounts receivables and the maintenance of short-term revolving credit facilities.

Cash and cash equivalents are maintained at a level that will enable it to fund its general and administrative expenses as well as to have additional funds as buffer for any opportunities or emergencies that may arise. Management develops viable funding alternatives through a continuous program for the sale of its receivables and ensures the availability of ample unused short-term revolving credit facilities from both local and foreign banks as back-up liquidity.

The Group ascertains that its cash is invested in short-term bank placements and special deposit accounts, as well as in high-quality and marketable government and corporate securities.

The table summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at December 31, 2019 and 2018 based on contractual undiscounted payments:

December 31, 2019

	< 1 year	>1 to < 5 years	> 5 years	Total
		(In Thou	sands)	
Accounts and other payables	₽138,334,629	` P _	´ P _	₽138,334,629
Short-term debt	18,032,830	_	_	18,032,830
Long-term debt	17,250,706	85,827,970	89,985,375	193,064,051
Deposits and other current liabilities	25,129,315	, , <u> </u>	, , <u> </u>	25,129,315
Deposits and other noncurrent	-, -,-			-, -,-
liabilities	-	34,002,066	1,684,557	35,686,623
Interest payable*	₽8,136,242	₽34,485,567	₽7,151,134	P-

*includes future interest payment

December 31, 2018

	< 1 year >	1 to < 5 years	> 5 years	Total
		(In Thou	ısands)	
Accounts and other payables	₽150,010,885	` P _	· P_	₽150,010,885
Short-term debt	14,386,717	_	_	14,386,717
Long-term debt	23,239,191	83,586,294	65,886,637	172,712,122
Deposits and other current liabilities	5,544,289	<u> </u>	- · · · -	5,544,289
Deposits and other noncurrent				
liabilities	_	32,437,911	5,502	32,443,413
	193,181,082	116,024,205	65,892,139	375,097,426
Interest payable*	₽6,801,028	₽23,189,458	₽8,041,909	₹38,032,395

*includes future interest payment



Cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and financial assets at FVPL are used for the Group's liquidity requirements. Please refer to the terms and maturity profiles of these financial assets shown on the maturity profile of the interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities disclosed in the interest rate risk section. There are no undrawn loan commitments from long-term credit facilities as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Credit risk

Credit risk is a risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligation under its financial instrument or customer contract leading to a financial loss.

The Group's credit risks are primarily attributable to installments receivable, rental receivables and other financial assets. To manage credit risks, the Group maintains defined credit policies and monitors its exposure to credit risks on a continuous basis.

In respect of installments receivable from the sale of properties, credit risk is managed primarily through credit reviews and an analysis of receivables on a continuous basis. The Group also undertakes supplemental credit review procedures for certain installment payment structures. The Group's stringent customer requirements and policies in place contribute to lower customer default than its competitors. Customer payments are facilitated through various collection modes including the use of postdated checks and auto-debit arrangements. Exposure to bad debts is not significant as title to real estate properties are not transferred to the buyers until full payment has been made and the requirement for remedial procedures is minimal given the profile of buyers.

Credit risk arising from rental income from leasing properties is primarily managed through a tenant selection process. Prospective tenants are evaluated on the basis of payment track record and other credit information. In accordance with the provisions of the lease contracts, the lessees are required to deposit with the Group security deposits and advance rentals which helps reduce the Group's credit risk exposure in case of defaults by the tenants. For existing tenants, the Group has put in place a monitoring and follow-up system. Receivables are aged and analyzed on a continuous basis to minimize credit risk associated with these receivables. Regular meetings with tenants are also undertaken to provide opportunities for counseling and further assessment of paying capacity.

Other financial assets are comprised of cash and cash equivalents excluding cash on hand, short-term investments, financial assets at FVPTL and financial assets at FVOCI. The Group adheres to fixed limits and guidelines in its dealings with counterparty banks and its investment in financial instruments. Bank limits are established on the basis of an internal rating system that principally covers the areas of liquidity, capital adequacy and financial stability. The rating system likewise makes use of available international credit ratings. Given the high credit standing of its accredited counterparty banks, management does not expect any of these financial institutions to fail in meeting their obligations. Nevertheless, the Group closely monitors developments over counterparty banks and adjusts its exposure accordingly while adhering to pre-set limits.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 is equal to the carrying values of its financial assets.

Given the Group's diverse base of counterparties, it is not exposed to large concentrations of credit risk.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rate based on days past due of all customers as they have similar loss patterns. Generally, trade receivables are written off if past due for more than one year and are not subject to enforcement activity. The security deposits and advance rental are considered in the calculation of impairment as recoveries. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the exposure at default amounts to ₱14,354.9 million and ₱9,849.9 million, respectively. The expected credit loss rate is 5.3% and 3.5% that resulted in the ECL of ₱1,186.3 million and ₱872.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.



As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the aging analysis of past due but not impaired trade receivables presented per class follow:

December 31, 2019

	Neither								
	Past Due nor	Past Due but not Impaired							
	Impaired _	<30 days	30-60 days	61-90 days	91-120 days	>120 days	Total	Impaired	Total
					(In Thousands)				
Trade:									
Residential, commercial and office development	₽93,504,125	₽4,304,075	₽911,803	₽589,709	₽670,084	₽4,267,611	₱10,743,282	₽13,555	₽ 104,260,962
Shopping centers	1,041,277	700,200	244,308	224,441	210,370	491,541	1,870,860	772,513	3,684,650
Construction contracts	582,635	24,010	10,479	42,662	186	855,570	932,907	37,778	1,553,320
Corporate business	3,174,308	21,857	65,603	20,766	52,067	311,351	471,644	182,208	3,828,160
Management fees	42,060	· -	13,630	11,729	6,727	18,439	50,525	6,678	99,263
Others	4,237,501	63,107	9,499	12,496	25,981	99,550	210,633	110,409	4,558,543
Advances to other companies	12,017,162	217,231	847,194	72,611	160,274	5,606,586	6,903,896	63,152	18,984,210
Accrued receivables	6,087,195	124,387	97,970	11,424	90,977	1,376,843	1,701,601	· -	7,788,796
Related parties	6,106,390	19,152	2,452	1,030	348	931	23,913	_	6,130,303
Receivables from employees	780,533	6,086	3,725	1,501	1,318	108,098	120,728	_	901,261
	₱127,573,186	₽5,480,105	₽2,206,663	₽988,369	₽1,218,332	₽13,136,520	₽23,029,989	₽1,186,293	₽151,789,468

December 31, 2018

	Neither Past Due nor			Past Due but	not Impaired			Individually	
	Impaired	<30 days	30-60 days	61-90 days	91-120 days	>120 days	Total	Impaired	Total
					(In Thousands)				
Trade:									
Residential, commercial and office development	₽115,046,477	₽1,365,932	₽840,946	₽481,320	₽328,043	₽2,264,139	₽5,280,380	₽13,555	₽120,340,412
Shopping centers	940,598	404,359	293,804	278,678	57,862	152,921	1,187,624	558,059	2,686,281
Construction contracts	1,343,275	418,124	9,746	8,789	4,738	61,872	503,269	26,547	1,873,091
Corporate business	3,824,382	333,030	97,304	73,108	93,023	378,360	974,825	86,663	4,885,870
Management fees	49,203	_	8,896	4,690	5,699	11,611	30,896	5,948	86,047
Others	2,504,430	32,641	152,302	9,112	11,201	215,715	420,971	175,596	3,100,997
Advances to other companies	14,159,361	4,043	510,092	24,994	102,893	5,016,498	5,658,520	5,900	19,823,781
Accrued receivables	5,285,913	394,184	103,466	100,677	210,836	708,084	1,517,247	_	6,803,160
Related parties	5,677,422	2,961	944	140	_	1,769	5,814	_	5,683,236
Receivables from employees	841,056	26,343	9,860	11,352	13,596	211,000	272,151	_	1,113,207
	₽149,672,117	₽2,981,617	₽2,027,360	₽992,860	₽827,891	₽9,021,969	₽15,851,697	₽872,268	₽166,396,082



The table below shows the credit quality of the Company's financial assets as of December 31, 2019 and 2018:

December 31, 2019

		Neither Past Due nor Impaired				Past Due but		
	High Grade	Medium Grade	Low Grade	Unrated	Total	not Impaired	Impaired	Total
				ousands)		-		
Cash and cash equivalents (excluding								
cash on hand)	P 20,339,826	₽-	₽-	₽-	P 20,339,826	P -	₽-	P 20,339,826
Short-term investments	617,149	-	_	_	617,149	_	-	617,149
Financial assets at FVPL	485,436	-	-	_	485,436	-	-	485,436
Accounts and notes receivables:								
Trade:								
Residential, commercial and office								
development	81,411,415	8,158,202	3,934,508	_	93,504,125	10,743,282	13,555	104,260,962
Shopping centers	1,041,277	-	_	_	1,041,277	1,870,860	772,513	3,684,650
Construction contracts	582,635	-	-	_	582,635	932,907	37,778	1,553,320
Corporate business	3,155,230	5,539	13,539	_	3,174,308	471,644	182,208	3,828,160
Management fees	23,478	8,762	9,820	_	42,060	50,525	6,678	99,263
Others	4,237,501	-	-	_	4,237,501	210,633	110,409	4,558,543
Advances to other companies	10,341,028	1,128,079	548,055	_	12,017,162	6,903,896	63,152	18,984,210
Accrued receivables	6,087,195	-	-	_	6,087,195	1,701,601	-	7,788,796
Related parties	6,106,390	-	_	_	6,106,390	23,913	-	6,130,303
Receivable from employees	780,533	-	-	_	780,533	120,728	-	901,261
Financial Assets at FVOCI:								
Unquoted	-	-	-	565,650	565,650	-	-	565,650
Quoted	963,529	-	-	-	963,529	-	-	963,529
	₽136,172,622	₽9,300,582	₽4,505,922	₽565,650	₱150,544,776	₱23,029,989	₱1,186,293	₱174,761,058



December 31, 2018

		Neither Past Due nor Impaired				Past Due but		
	High Grade	Medium Grade	Low Grade	Unrated	Total	not Impaired	Impaired	Total
				(In Thou	usands)			
Cash and cash equivalents (excluding								
cash on hand)	₽23,939,708	₽-	₽_	₽-	₽23,939,708	₽_	₽-	₽23,939,708
Short-term investments	3,085,373	_	_	_	3,085,373	_	_	3,085,373
Financial assets at FVPL	476,245	_	_	_	476,245	_	_	476,245
Accounts and notes receivables:								
Trade:								
Residential, commercial and office								
development	109,009,649	3,217,699	2,819,129	_	115,046,477	5,280,380	13,555	120,340,412
Shopping centers	940,598	_	_	_	940,598	1,187,624	558,059	2,686,281
Construction contracts	1,343,275	_	_	_	1,343,275	503,269	26,547	1,873,091
Corporate business	3,697,448	104,806	22,128	_	3,824,382	974,825	86,663	4,885,870
Management fees	28,496	6,102	14,605	_	49,203	30,896	5,948	86,047
Others	2,504,430	-	_	_	2,504,430	420,971	175,596	3,100,997
Advances to other companies	13,537,359	288,451	333,551	_	14,159,361	5,658,520	5,900	19,823,781
Accrued receivables	5,285,913	_	_	_	5,285,913	1,517,247	_	6,803,160
Related parties	5,677,422	_	_	_	5,677,422	5,814	_	5,683,236
Receivable from employees	841,056	_	_	_	841,056	272,151	_	1,113,207
Financial Assets at FVOCI:								
Unquoted	_	_	_	582,078	582,078	_	_	582,078
Quoted	913,717	_	_	_	913,717	_	_	913,717
	₽171,280,689	₽3,617,058	₽3,189,413	₽582,078	₱178,669,238	₽15,851,697	₽872,268	₽195,393,203



The credit quality of the financial assets was determined as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets at FVOCI quoted securities - based on the nature of the counterparty and the Group's internal rating system;

Receivables - high grade pertains to receivables with no default in payment; medium grade pertains to receivables with up to 3 defaults in payment; and low grade pertains to receivables with more than 3 defaults in payment;

The unquoted financial assets at FVOCI are unrated.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest rate risk management policy centers on reducing the overall interest expense and exposure to changes in interest rates. Changes in market interest rates relate primarily to the Group's interest-bearing debt obligations with floating interest rate as it can cause a change in the amount of interest payments.

The Group manages its interest rate risk by leveraging on its premier credit rating and increasing the fixed interest component of its debt portfolio. The Company's ratio of fixed to floating rate debt stood at around 90:10 and 89:11 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the Group's profit before tax and equity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on December 31, 2019 and 2018, with all variables held constant, (through the impact on floating rate borrowings):

December 31, 2019

December 31, 2019					
	Effect on income before income tax Increase (decrease)				
Change in basis points	+ 100 basis points	- 100 basis points			
	(In Thousands)				
Floating rate borrowings	(P209,993)	₽209,993			
<u>December 31, 2018</u>					
	Effect on income bef	ore income tax			
	Increase (de	crease)			
	+ 100 basis	- 100 basis			
Change in basis points	points	points			
	(In Th	nousands)			
Floating rate borrowings	(₱210,576)	₽210,576			

The assumed change in rate is based on the currently observable market environment. There is no other impact on the Group's equity other than those already affecting the net income.



The terms and maturity profile of the interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities, together with their corresponding nominal amounts and carrying values are shown in the following table (in thousands):

December 31, 2019

	Interest terms (p.a.)	Rate Fixing Period	Nominal Amount	< 1 year	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Carrying Value
Group							
Cash and cash equivalents							
(excluding cash on hand)	Fixed at the date of investment	Various	₽ 20,339,826	₽20,339,826	₽-	₽-	₽20,339,826
Short-term investments	Fixed at the date of investment or revaluation cut-off	Various	617,149	617,149	-	-	617,149
Accounts and notes receivable	Fixed at the date of sale	Date of sale	901,263	597,391	303,872	-	901,263
			₽21,858,238	₽21,554,366	₽303,872	₽-	₽21,858,238
Parent Company							
Short-term debt							
Floating-Peso	Variable	Monthly	₽ 15,708,000	₽15,708,000	P-	₽-	₽15,708,000
Long-term debt							
Fixed							
Peso	Fixed at 6.0000%	10 years	5,650,000	-	5,645,304	-	5,645,304
Peso	Fixed at 4.6250% to 6.0000%	7,10 and 20 years	21,000,000	4,000,000	14,931,968	1,985,276	20,917,244
Peso	Fixed at 5.6250%	11 years	8,000,000	-	-	7,952,880	7,952,880
Peso	Fixed at 4.5000%	7 years	7,000,000	-	6,968,807	-	6,968,807
Peso	Fixed at 5.6250% to 7.5%	5, 10 and 15 years	960,000	10,000	39,764	905,696	955,460
Peso	Fixed at 4.50 to 6.307%	Up to 10.5 years	46,635,094	3,178,255	11,098,312	32,196,332	46,472,899
Peso	Fixed at 3.8915 to 4.85%	7, 9.5 and 10 years	22,000,000	-	6,961,631	14,902,377	21,864,008
Peso	Fixed at 5.2624%	10 years	7,000,000	-	-	6,972,611	6,972,611
Peso	Fixed at 5.9203%	10 years	10,000,000	-	_	9,896,154	9,896,154
Peso	Fixed at 7.0239%	5 years	8,000,000	-	7,925,898	-	7,925,898
Peso	Fixed at 3.1764% to 3.187%	5 years	6,329,375	-	6,329,375	-	6,329,375
Peso	Fixed at 4.2463% to 6.369%	2, 5, 7 and 7.25 years	21,000,000	-	11,840,995	8,937,450	20,778,445
<u>Subsidiaries</u>							
Short-term debt							
Floating							
Peso	Variable	Monthly	2,324,830	2,324,830	-	-	2,324,830
Long-term debt							
Fixed							
Peso	Fixed at 4.5% to 5.265%	5 to 10 years	27,434,787	9,901,317	12,274,151	5,246,600	27,422,068
Floating							
Peso	Variable	3 months	2,966,498	161,134	1,811,764	990,000	2,962,898
			₽212,008,584	₽35,283,536	₽85,827,969	₽89,985,376	₱211,096,881



December 31, 2018

	Interest terms (p.a.)	Rate Fixing Period	Nominal Amount	< 1 year	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Carrying Value
<u>Group</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents							
(excluding cash on hand)	Fixed at the date of investment	Various	₽23,939,708	₽23,939,708	₽-	₽-	₽23,939,708
Short-term investments	Fixed at the date of investment or revaluation cut-off	Various	3,085,373	3,085,373	_	-	3,085,373
Accounts and notes receivable	Fixed at the date of sale	Date of sale	1,113,205	220,227	892,978		1,113,205
			₽28,138,286	₽27,245,308	₽892,978	₽_	₽28,138,286
Parent Company							
Short-term debt							
Floating-Peso	Variable	Monthly	₽13,500,900	₽13,500,900	₽-	₽-	₽13,500,900
Long-term debt							
Fixed							
Peso	Fixed at 5.6250% to 6.0000%	7 and 10 years	15,000,000	9,341,196	5,644,680	_	14,985,876
Peso	Fixed at 4.6250% to 6.0000%	7,10.5 and 20 years	21,000,000	-	18,989,546	1,907,664	20,897,210
Peso	Fixed at 5.6250%	11 years	8,000,000	-	-	7,945,703	7,945,703
Peso	Fixed at 4.5000%	7 years	7,000,000	_	6,960,744	_	6,960,744
Peso	Fixed at 3.8915% to 4.85%	7, 9.5 and 10 years	22,000,000	-	6,952,613	14,888,889	21,841,502
Peso	Fixed at 3.00%	3 years	2,982,530	2,971,976	_	_	2,971,976
Peso	Fixed at 5.2624%	10 years	7,000,000	_	_	6,969,630	6,969,630
Peso	Fixed at 2.7500%	1.75 years	18,000,000	-	7,909,305	9,886,828	17,796,133
Peso	Fixed at 3.2500%	1.25 years	4,000,000	3,995,630	_	_	3,995,630
Peso	Fixed at 4.5000% to 7.8750%	5, 10 and 15 years	3,100,000	3,097,745	-	_	3,097,745
Peso	Fixed at 4.50% to 4.949%	Up to 10.5 years	5,770,000	60,000	4,800,000	904,859	5,764,859
Floating			29,465,677	488,719	8,113,458	20,785,262	29,387,439
USD	Variable	3.4 and 10.3 years					
<u>Subsidiaries</u>		•	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term debt							
Floating							
Peso	Variable	Monthly					
Long-term debt		-	885,817	885,817	-	-	885,817
Fixed							
Peso	Fixed at 3.627% to 5.75%	5 to 10 years	23,465,452	2,556,770	19,274,884	1,607,802	23,439,456
Floating		•					
MYR	Variable	Monthly	6,658,219	727,155	4,941,064	990,000	6,658,219
			₽187,828,595	₽37,625,908	₽83,586,294	₽65,886,637	₽187,098,839



Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Financial assets and credit facilities of the Group, as well as major contracts entered into for the purchase of raw materials, are mainly denominated in Philippine Peso. The Group's placements in foreign currencies amounted \$162.6 million and MYR658.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and \$158.4 million and MYR685.9 million as of December 31, 2018. The amount of the Group's foreign currency-denominated debt amounting to \$154.3 million and MYR936.7 million as of December 31, 2019 and \$61.9 million and MYR816.7 million as of December 31, 2018. As such, the Group's foreign currency risk is minimal.

The following table shows the Group's consolidated foreign currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities and their peso equivalents as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	December 31							
		2018						
	US Dollar	MYR ringgit	Php Equivalent	US Dollar	MYR ringgit	Php Equivalent		
Financial Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$22,910	MYR450,225	₽6,688,920	\$41,201	MYR333,726	₽6,377,767		
Short-term investments	8,483	· -	429,573	62,466	230,661	6,211,741		
Accounts and notes receivable - net	88,724	169,418	6,573,423	47,722	82,505	3,561,610		
Other current assets	42,116	35,376	2,567,158	6,532	_	340,619		
Other noncurrent assets	380	3,324	60,064	484	39,001	516,739		
Total	162,613	658,343	16,319,138	158,405	685,893	17,008,476		
Financial Liabilities								
Accounts and other payables	21,757	935,811	12,593,561	11,915	479,143	6,676,292		
Other current liabilities	5,115	-	259,013	217	-	10,594		
Short-term debt	-	-	-	46,675	70,000	3,339,988		
Long-term debt	125,000	397	6,334,870	_	267,540	3,385,587		
Other noncurrent liabilities	2,419	501	128,645	3,053	_	160,698		
Total	154,291	936,709	19,316,089	61,860	816,683	13,573,159		
Net foreign currency denominated								
financial instruments	\$8,322	(MYR278,366)	(₱2,996,951)	\$96,545	(MYR130,790)	₽3,435,317		

In translating the foreign currency-denominated monetary assets in peso amounts, the exchange rates used were ₱50.64 to US\$1.00 and ₱52.58 to US\$1.00, the Philippine Peso - US dollar exchange rates as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The Philippine Peso- MY ringgit exchange rate as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 used was ₱12.28 to MYR1.00 and ₱12.66 to MYR1.00, respectively.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the Philippine peso-US dollar exchange rate, with all variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities) and the Group's equity.

	Increase (decrease)			
Change in exchange rate	2019	2018		
USD				
₽1.00	₽8,322	₽96,545		
(₽1.00)	(8,322)	(96,545)		
MYR				
₽1.00	(₽278,366)	(₱130,790)		
(₽1.00)	278,366	130,790		

There is no other impact on the Group's equity other than those already affecting the net income.



Equity price risk

Quoted financial assets at FVOCI are acquired at a certain price in the market. Such investment securities are subject to price risk due to changes in market values of instruments arising either from factors specific to individual instruments or their issuers or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market. Depending on several factors such as interest rate movements, country's economic performance, political stability, domestic inflation rates, these prices change, reflecting how market participants view the developments.

The Group's market risk policy requires it to manage such risks by setting and monitoring objectives and constraints on investments; diversification plan; limits on investment in each country, sector and market.

The analysis below demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change of market index with all other variables held constant, of the Group's equity.

	Effect on equity		
	Increase (dec	rease)	
Change in PSEi index	2019	2018	
	(In Thousands)		
+5%	₽31,466	₽34,690	
-5%	(31,466)	(34,690)	

Quoted financial assets at FVPL pertain to investment in UITF (Fund). The Fund, which is structured as a money market UITF, aims to generate liquidity and stable income by investing in a diversified portfolio of primarily short-term fixed income instruments.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Group's investment in the Fund where all other variables held constant, the fair value, net income and equity will increase or decrease by: (i) BPI UITF ₱0.3 million with a duration of 0.36 year and ₱0.4 million with a duration of 0.41 year, respectively, for a 100 basis points decrease or increase, in interest rates.

30. Segment Information

The industry segments where the Group and its associates and joint ventures operate follows:

- Property developments sale of high-end and upper middle-income residential lots and units, affordable housing units and lots, economic housing and leisure community developments; lease of residential developments under joint venture; acquisition, development and sale of large-scale, mixed-use, master-planned communities; sale of override units or the Company's share in properties made available to subsidiaries for development
- International development and sale of residential lots and units in MCT Berhad
- Shopping centers development of shopping centers and lease to third parties of retail space and land therein; operation of movie theaters, food courts, entertainment facilities, gas stations and carparks in these shopping centers; management and operation of malls which are co-owned with partners
- Offices development and lease or sale of office buildings; sale of industrial lots and lease of factory building
- Hotels and Resorts development and management of hotels and resorts/serviced apartments and lease of land to hotel tenants
- Construction land development and construction of the Group and third-party projects
- Property management and others facilities management of the Group and third-party projects



Assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the Strategic Landbank Management and Visayas-Mindanao segment were reallocated to other business segments namely, shopping centers, corporate businesses and residential developments according to the nature of the products and services provided.

The Company and its subsidiaries generally account for inter-segment sales and transfers as if the sales and transfers were to third parties at current market prices.

Management committee monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment.

For the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, there were no revenue transactions with a single external customer which accounted for 10% or more of the consolidated revenue from external customers.



Business segments

The following tables regarding business segments present assets and liabilities as of December 31 and revenue and profit information for each of the two years in the period ended December 31 (in millions):

<u>2019</u>

	Property Development	International	Shopping Centers	Offices	Hotels and Resorts	Construction	Property Management and Others	Corporate	Intersegment Adjustments	Consolidated
Revenue	D400 004	D0 700	_	_	D= 004	D0 005	DE 450	_	_	D400 400
Revenues from contracts with customers	₱102,981	₽6,709	P-	₽-	₽7,624	₽3,395	₽5,453	P -	P -	₽126,162
Interest income from real estate sales	7,891		-	0.000	_	-	-	_		7,891
Rental revenue	-	_	22,019	9,668	-	- 64 FE7	-	-		31,687
Intersegments sales	698	-	14	_	_	61,557	-	254	(61,557)	
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures					-			254		966
Total revenue	111,570	6,709	22,033	9,668	7,624	64,952	5,453	254	(61,557)	
Real estate costs and expenses	75,986	4,665	8,921	3,197	5,667	60,423	5,778	976	(61,494)	
Gross margin	35,584	2,044	13,112	6,471	1,957	4,529	(325)	(722)	(63)	- /
Interest and investment income										930
Other charges										(1,645)
Interest and other financing charges										(12,200)
Other income										1,158
Provision for income tax										(13,315)
Net income										₽37,515
Net income attributable to: Equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc. Non-controlling interests										33,188 4,327 ₽37,515
Other Information										
Segment assets	₽556,914	₽-	₽204,115	₽105,863	₽81,288	₽55,349	₽6,731	₽63,481	(₱396,663)	₽677,078
Investment in associates and joint ventures	24,938	-	36	· -	· -	55	192	97	` <u>-</u>	25,318
•	581,852	_	204,151	105,863	81,288	55,404	6,923	63,578	(396,663)	702,396
Deferred tax assets	1,890	_	811	170	333	85	60	1,351	6,828	
Total assets	₽583,742	₽-	₱204,962	₱106,033	₽81,621	₽55,489	₽6,983	₽64,929	(₱389,835)	₽713,924
Segment liabilities	₽242,826	P-	₽135,933	₽55,563	₽64,617	₽46,101	₽3,274	₽52,870	(P136,057)	₽465,127
Deferred tax liabilities	1,902	-	189	125	9	_	_	24	3,842	6,091
Total liabilities	₽244,728	₽-	₽136,122	₽55,688	₽64,626	₽46,101	₽3,274	₽52,894	(₱132,215)	₽471,218
Segment additions to:										
Property and equipment	₽254	₽1,891	₽1,652	₽41	₽4,151	₽1,752	₽131	₽648	P-	₽10,520
Investment properties	₽4,970	₽8,733	₽19,446	₽3,012	₽201	₽163	₽262	₽232	₽-	₽37,019
Depreciation and amortization	₽1,391	₽120	₽2,128	₽909	₽744	₽1,477	₽395	₽1,276	(₽1,477)	₽6,963
Non-cash expenses other than depreciation and amortization	P-	P-	P-	₽-	₽-	P-	P-	₽-	P-	₽-
Impairment losses	P-	P-	₽256	P-	P-	₽11	₽189	₽113	P-	₽569



2018

2010	Property Development	International	Shopping Centers	Offices	Hotels and Resorts	Construction	Property Management and Others	Corporate	Intersegment Adjustments	Consolidated
Revenue Revenues from contracts with customers	₽105.753	₽7.602	₽-	₽-	₽6.387	7 ₽2.394	₽5.297	₽-	. ₽–	₽127,433
Interest income from real estate sales	7,042	F1,002	F-	F-	F0,307	F2,394	F3,291	F	F-	7,042
Rental revenue	7,042	_	19,908	8,614	_	_	_	_	_	28,522
Intersegments sales	_	_	13,300	0,014	_	69,027	_	_	(69,027)	
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures	451	_	10	_	_	,	_	289		750
Total revenue	113.246	7,602	19.918	8.614	6,387	71.421	5,297	289		
Real estate costs and expenses	81,662	5,528	9,001	3,204	4,994		5,919	1,302		
Gross margin	31,584	2,074	10,917	5,410	1,393	5,310	(622)	(1,013)) (1,486)	53,567
Interest and investment income										958
Other charges										(1,271)
Interest and other financing charges										(9,594)
Other income										1,541
Provision for income tax										(11,984)
Net income										₽33,217
Net income attributable to: Equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc. Non-controlling interests										₽29,241 3,976 ₽33,217
Other Information										
Segment assets	₽274,128	₽21,774	₽69,488	₽46,013	₽34,190			₽460,890		
Investment in associates and joint ventures	21,667		38	40.040		- 56		1,629		23,390
Deferred toy coasts	295,795 3,164	21,774	69,526 333	46,013 137	34,190		6,590 44	462,519 2,615		
Deferred tax assets Total assets	3,104 ₽298.959	<u>-</u> ₽21,774	 ₽69.859	P46,150	339 ₽34.529		<u>44</u> ₽6.634	2,615 ₽465,134		13,041 ₽668,820
	,	,	,		- ,	,	-,	,		
Segment liabilities	₽170,872	₽10,348	₽27,659	₽16,855	₽13,631			₽264,436		
Deferred tax liabilities	1,721		271	40	10		. 8	18		-,
Total liabilities	₽172,593	₽10,348	₽27,930	₽16,895	₽13,641	₽47,359	₽3,184	₽264,454	(₽107,805)	₽448,599
Segment additions to:										
Property and equipment	(₽1,008)	₽4,570	(₽426)	₽833	₽524		₽833	(₱658)		
Investment properties	₽4,289	₽7,683	₽6,143	₽3,883	₽3,337	7 ₽787	\ /	₽16,881	(₽438)	₽42,564
Depreciation and amortization	₽707	₽618	₽2,724	₽1,555	₽207	7 ₽1,475	₽242	₽266	(₽1,475)	₽6,319
Non-cash expenses other than depreciation and amortization	₽_	₽_	₽_	₽-	₽-	- ₽-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	₽-	- ₽-	
Impairment losses	₽-	₽_	(₽2)	₽_	₽-	- ₽-	₽142	₽7	7 ₽-	₽147



<u>2017</u>

	Property	Shopping		Hotels and		Property Management		Intersegment	
	Development	Centers	Offices	Resorts	Construction	and Others	Corporate	Adjustments	Consolidated
Revenue									
Sales to external customers	₽96,387	₽17,657	₽6,664	₽5,621	₽1,559	₽5,408	₽_	(₽198)	₽133,098
Interest income from real estate sales	5,410	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	5,410
Intersegments sales	_	_	-	_	65,841	-	_	(65,841)	_
Equity in net earnings of associates and joint ventures	529	(113)		_			450		866
Total revenue	102,326	17,544	6,664	5,621	67,400	5,408	450	(66,039)	139,374
Real estate costs and expenses	75,322	8,415	2,622	4,619	62,921	4,779	1,114	(64,596)	95,196
Gross margin	27,004	9,129	4,042	1,002	4,479	629	(664)	(1,443)	44,178
Interest and investment income									675
Other charges									(1,196)
Interest and other financing charges									(7,914)
Other income									2,248
Provision for income tax									(9,825)
Net income									₽28,166
Net income attributable to:									
Equity holders of Ayala Land, Inc.									₽25,305
Non-controlling interests									2,861
-									₽28,166
Other Information									
Segment assets	₽474.286	₽135.479	₽96,243	₽44,494	₽50.014	₽7,696	₽20,026	(₽291,695)	₽536.543
Investment in associates and joint ventures	9,964	7,897	-	_	51	-	8.889	(= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	26,801
	484,250	143,376	96,243	44,494	50,065	7,696	28,915	(291,695)	563,344
Deferred tax assets	2,465	367	154	267	31	23	2,260	5,081	10,648
Total assets	₽486,715	₽143,743	₽96,397	₽44,761	₽50,096	₽7,719	₽31,175	(₱286,614)	₽573,992
Segment liabilities	₽227,905	₽113,880	₽54,234	₽37,194	₽42,381	₽3,303	₽12,769	(P113,481)	₽378,185
Deferred tax liabilities	1,612	244	26	40	_	13	14	1,595	3,544
Total liabilities	₽229,517	₽114,124	₽54,260	₽37,234	₽42,381	₽3,316	₽12,783	(₽ 111,886)	₽381,729
Segment additions to:								· · ·	
Property and equipment	₽359	₽119	₽304	₽1,058	₽1,122	₽655	₽279	(₽1,570)	₽2,326
Investment properties	₽1,774	₽20,967	₽12,971	₽2,998	₽_	₽6	₽17,220	(₱25,943)	₽29,993
Depreciation and amortization	₽267	₽2,151	₽927	₽586	₽1,570	₽258	₽990	(₽1,569)	₽5,180
Non-cash expenses other than depreciation and amortization	₽-	P_	₽_	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽_
Impairment losses	₽_	₽39	₽21	₽_	₽_	₽-	₽96	₽-	₽156



31. Performance Obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations are summarized below:

Real estate sales

The Group entered into contracts to sell with one identified performance obligation which is the sale of the real estate unit together with the services to transfer the title to the buyer upon full payment of contract price. The amount of consideration indicated in the contract to sell is fixed and has no variable consideration.

The sale of real estate unit may cover the contract for either the (i) serviced lot; (ii) service lot and house, and (ii) condominium unit and the Group concluded that there is one performance obligation in each of these contracts. The Group recognizes revenue from the sale of these real estate projects under pre-completed contract over time during the course of the construction.

Payment commences upon signing of the contract to sell and the consideration is payable in cash or under various financing schemes entered with the customer. The financing scheme would include payment of 10% of the contract price spread over a certain period (e.g., one to two years) at a fixed monthly payment with the remaining balance payable (a) in full at the end of the period either through cash or external financing; or (b) through in-house financing which ranges from two (2) to ten (10) years with fixed monthly payment. The amount due for collection under the amortization schedule for each of the customer does not necessarily coincide with the progress of construction, which results to either an unbilled receivable or customers' deposit.

After the delivery of the completed real estate unit, the Group provides one year warranty to repair minor defects on the delivered serviced lot and house and condominium unit. This is assessed by the Group as a quality assurance warranty and not treated as a separate performance obligation.

Hotels and resorts

Rooms revenue from hotel and resort operations is recognized when the services are rendered. Revenue from banquets and other special events are recognized when the events take place.

Construction

Revenue from fixed price construction contracts are recognized overtime using the milestone-based revenue recognition which is in reference to output method. The output method is determined based on the start and completion of a task of the contract work inclusive of uninstalled goods and materials delivered to the site.

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially satisfied) as at December 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	2019	2018
	(In Thousands)	
Within one year	₽191,472,340	₽47,937,926
More than one year	56,363,261	55,328,212
	₽247,835,601	₽103,266,138

The remaining performance obligations expected to be recognized within one year and in more than one year relate to the continuous development of the Group's real estate projects. The Group's condominium units are completed within three to five years, from start of construction while serviced lots and serviced lots and house are expected to be completed within two to three years from start of development.



32. Registration with Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA)

Ayala Land Inc., the Parent Company, was registered with PEZA last December 13, 2017 as a Developer/Operator of the Southpark Corporate Center.

North Eastern Commercial Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary, was registered with PEZA last November 28, 2017 as a Developer/Operator of the 30th Coporate Center.

Ayala Land Inc., the Parent Company, was registered with PEZA last November 6, 2017 as a Developer/Operator of the Vertis North IT Park.

Central Block Developers, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary, was registered with PEZA last June 22, 2017 as a Developer/Operator of the Central Bloc 1 & 2.

Ayalaland Metro North, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary, was registered with PEZA last December 29, 2016 as a Developer/Operator of the UP Town Corporate Center.

Pangulasian Island Resort Corporation (PIRC), a subsidiary of Ten Knots Development Corporation which is a subsidiary of Ayala Land, Inc., is registered with the Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA) under the Certificate of Registration number 16-055 and Registration Agreement dated March 21, 2016. The registration shall entitle PIRC to conduct activities limited to resort operations, travel/tours/leisure and recreation-related activities, and the importation of raw materials, machinery, equipment, tools, goods, wares, articles, or merhandise directly used in its registered operations inside the Green Tourism Ecozone - Pangulasian.

Nuevo Centro, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Land, Inc., is registered with PEZA with Certificate of Registration number EZ 16-30 under Registration Agreement dated July 19, 2016. The registration as a Special Economic Zone Developer/Operator shall entitle Nuevo Centro, Inc. to establish, develop, administer, manage, and operate a Special Economic Zone to be known as Alviera Industrial Park. It has been designated a 311,954-square meter area located at Barangays Dolores and Banaba, Porac, Pampanga. The Company shall be exempt from payment of all national and local taxes, except real property taxes on land and shall pay a 5% final tax on gross income.

33. Leases

Operating Leases - Group as Lessor

The Group entered into lease agreements with third parties covering its investment property portfolio. These leases generally provide for either (a) fixed monthly rent, or (b) minimum rent or a certain percentage of gross revenue, whichever is higher.

Future minimum rentals receivable under noncancellable operating leases of the Group follows:

	2019	2018		
	(Ir	(In Thousands)		
Within one year	₽8,815,419	₽8,300,061		
After one year but not more than five years	28,960,892	27,223,203		
More than five years	23,871,373	18,204,281		
	₽61,647,684	₽53,727,545		

Group as Lessee

The Group entered into lease agreements with third parties. These leases generally provide for either (a) fixed monthly rent, or (b) minimum rent or a certain percentage of gross revenue, whichever is higher.



Future minimum rentals payable under noncancellable operating leases of the Group follows:

	2019	2018
	(Ir	n Thousands)
Within one year	₽1,126,912	₽969,402
After one year but not more than five years	4,598,276	3,214,368
More than five years	56,765,009	38,974,801
	₽ 62,490,197	₽43,158,571

Set out below are the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognized and the movements in 2019:

			2019		
	Land	Building	Aircraft	Others	Total
			(in thousands)		
Cost					
At January 1, as previously					
reported	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽-
Effect of adoption of standard	14,482,586	187,042	1,595,614	219,920	16,485,162
At January 1, as restated	14,482,586	187,042	1,595,614	219,920	16,485,162
Additions	228,344	29,794	_	-	258,138
At December 31	14,710,930	216,836	1,595,614	219,920	16,743,300
Accumulated Depreciation and					
Amortization					
At January 1	-	-	_	-	_
Effect of adoption of standard	2,265,749	89,223	86,047	19,549	2,460,568
At January 1, as restated	2,265,749	89,223	86,047	19,549	2,460,568
Depreciation	408,306	50,380	159,561	1,298	619,545
Capitalized as investment					
property	95,129	_	-	3,586	98,715
At December 31	2,769,184	139,603	245,608	24,433	3,178,828
Net Book Value	₽11,941,746	₽77,233	₽1,350,006	₽195,487	₽13,564,472

The rollforward analysis of lease liabilities follows:

	2019
As at January 1, 2019, as previously reported	₽-
Effect of adoption of standard	16,985,922
At January 1, 2019, as restated	16,985,922
Additions	251,419
Accretion of interest expense (Note 22)	1,066,543
Capitalized interest	388,242
Foreign exchange gain	(48,776)
Payments	(1,179,645)
As at December 31, 2019	₽17,463,705
Current lease liabilities	724,859
Noncurrent lease liabilities	₽16,738,846

The following are the amounts recognized in the consolidated statement of income:

	2019
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	₽619,545
Accretion of interest expense on lease liabilities (Note 22)	1,066,543
Rent expense - short-term leases	7,031
Rent expense - variable lease payments	323,093
Foreign exchange gain	(48,776)
Total amounts recognized in the consolidated statement of income	₽1,967,436



The Group has lease contracts for land that contains variable payments based on a certain percentage of gross rental income of the commercial centers. These terms are negotiated by management for certain commercial spaces without steady customer demand. Management's objective is to align the lease expense with the revenue earned. The following provides information on the Group's variable lease payments, including the magnitude in relation to fixed payments:

		Variable	
	Fixed Payments	Payments	Total
Fixed	₽1,098,425	₽-	₽1,098,425
Variable rent with minimum payment	151,221	159,229	310,450
Variable rent only	_	170,895	170,895
At December 31	₽1,249,646	₽330,124	₽1,579,770

The significant leases entered into by the Group are as follows:

Parent Company

On January 2017, the Parent Company signed a Lease Agreement with Philippine Racing Club, Inc. for the lease of land located in Circuit Makati, Brgy. Carmona, Makati City with an aggregate area of 12,793 sqm. The term of the lease shall be twenty-three years and three months commencing from Delivery Date. The Lessee shall have the option to renew the lease under the same terms and conditions for another period of five years, provided that renewal period shall be mutually agreed by the Parties. For the period commencing from delivery date until sixty-three (63) months thereafter, the Lessee shall pay the Lessor the rent amounting to ₱100.00 million. Commencing on the sixty fourth month from execution of the contract until the end of the lease term, the Lessee shall pay the Lessor the rent equal to fifty percent (50%) of the Gross Income of the Lessee.

On September 2018, the Parent Company signed a Lease Agreement with Manila Seedling Bank Foundation, Inc. (MSBFI) for the lease of a 4.5-hectare portion of land located at the corner of EDSA and Quezon Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City. The term of the lease shall be coterminous with the Lessor's usufruct over the Leased Premises, or until September 20, 2027.

Bay City

On September 2, 2014, Parent Company signed a Lease Agreement with D.M. Wenceslao & Associates Inc. for the lease of several parcels of land along Asean Avenue and Macapagal Boulevard, Aseana City, Paranaque City with an aggregate area of 92,317 sqm. Parent Company signed a 45-year lease contract with an option to renew for another 45 years subject to such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed upon by the lessor and the Parent Company. The Parent Company assigned the parcels of land to Bay City in December 2017.

ALI also signed the Air Rights and Basement Rights over the leased property with an aggregate area of 1,686.48 sqm and 8,294 sqm, respectively, subject to the same terms and conditions as the contract of lease dated September 2, 2014.

AMN

On January 28, 2011, the Board of Regents of the University of the Philippines awarded to the Parent Company the P4.0 billion development of a 7.4-hectare lot at the University of the Philippines' Diliman East Campus, also known as the UP Integrated School, along Katipunan Avenue, Quezon City. The Parent Company signed a 25-year lease contract for the property last June 22, 2011, with an option to renew for another 25 years subject to mutual agreement of the parties. The lease payments shall commence as soon as sales are registered by the merchants. The rights were subsequently assigned by ALI to the Company in 2015.

A retail establishment with about 63,000 sqm of gross leasable area and an office/BPO building about 8,000 sqm of gross leasable area have been constructed on the property.



NTDCC

The Company entered into an assignment agreement with MRTDC wherein the latter has assigned its development rights to the Company in exchange for the Company's assumption of DRP obligation beginning January 1, 2006. The DRP obligation is payable annually for 42 years from the date of assumption, renewable upon expiration with escalation rate of 3% annually starting inception.

On October 29, 2015, the Company entered into a non-cancellable land lease agreement with GERI for the lease of an aggregate of 10,994.86 square meters undivided portions of the North Avenue Lot Pad A and North Avenue Lot Pad B to which the latter is entitled to development rights. The agreement shall be effective until August 8, 2047, subject to the extension of the development rights period.

During 2016, the Company entered into non-cancellable land lease agreement with Anglo, DBH and Allante which shall be effective until August 8, 2047.

ALICAP

In December 2017, the Company entered into 120-month lease agreement with NAC Aviation for a brand new ATR72-600 with MSN 1440 which will commence at the date of delivery. Commitment fee or refundable deposit required for the lease amounted to US\$0.42 million. The ATR72-600 with MSN 1440 was delivered to the Company in February 2018 and has started flight operations in March 2018. The Company, per lease contract, has the option to purchase the ATR72-600 with MSN 1440 at the end of lease term for US\$14.16 million.

In June 2018, the Company entered into another 120-month lease agreement with NAC Aviation for a brand new ATR72-600 with MSN 1492 which will commence at the date of delivery. Commitment fee or refundable deposit required for the lease amounted to US\$0.42 million. The ATR72-600 with MSN 1492 was delivered to the Company on the same month and has started flight operations in August 2018. The Company, per lease contract, has the option to purchase the ATR72-600 with MSN 1440 at the end of lease term amounting to US\$14.16 million.

AHRC

On January 30, 2018, the Company signed a Lease Agreement with Dunes & Eagle Land Development Corporation for the lease of ten parcels of land located at Barangay Mactan, Lapu-Lapu City, Mactan Island, Cebu with an aggregate area of 144,087 sqm. The term of the lease shall be for a period of fifty (50) years commencing from the date of execution of the agreement. Rent payment should be as follows: (a) \$\mathbb{P}70\$ million per annum for the first 5 years (b) 5% of Gross Revenues or \$\mathbb{P}70\$ million per annum whichever is higher for the 30th year, and (c) 5.5% of Gross Revenues or \$\mathbb{P}70\$ million per annum whichever is higher for the 31st year to the 50th year.

On July 26, 2012, ALI entered into a renewable contract of lease with Province of Negros Occidental for 40,481 square meters area of land with a monthly lease of \$\mathbb{P}73.00\$ per square meter which shall be escalated every five years by ten percent (10%) of the current rate of rent. The term of the lease shall be for a period of fifty (50) years commencing from the date of delivery subject to renewal by mutual agreement of the parties under such terms and conditions as may be mutually acceptable. The Company has assessed that the lease agreement is a non-cancellable lease. On December 23, 2014, ALI assigned its rights and obligations to Capitol Central Hotel Ventures, Inc. under the Contract of Lease Assignment over a portion on which Seda Capitol Central was constructed equivalent to an area of 3,714.80 square meters. The agreement on lease assignment transfers and conveys the Company to take over the lease of the assigned portion subject to the same terms and conditions contained in the contract of lease.

Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc. entered into a non-cancellable and renewable contract of lease with Fort Bonifacio Development Corporation for the land on which Seda BGC Tower 1 was constructed with initial term of twenty-five (25) years commencing from the date that the Hotel first commences business or start of commercial operation. The lease agreement provides for the payment of rent based on 3% of the Hotel's gross income for its 1st year of operation, 4% of the Hotel's gross income for its 2nd year of operation, and 5% of the Hotel's gross income for the succeeding years or \$\mathbb{P}350\$



per square meter for the 1st year, \$\mathbb{P}375\$ per square meter for the 2nd year and \$\mathbb{P}400\$ per square meter for the 3rd year, whichever is higher, and starting on the 4th year of operations, rent shall be escalated at a rate of 3% per year until the end of the lease period. The Company entered into another non-cancellable and renewable contract of lease with Fort Bonifacio Development Corporation for the land on which the Seda BGC Tower 2 was constructed with initial term of twenty-five (25) years commencing from the date that the Hotel first commences business or start of commercial operation. The lease agreement provides for the payment of rent based on 3% of the Hotel's gross income for its 1st year of operation, 4% of the Hotel's gross income for its 2nd year of operation, and 5% of the Hotel's gross income for the succeeding years or \$\mathbb{P}575\$ per square meter for the 1st year, \$\mathbb{P}616.06\$ per square meter for the 2nd year and \$\mathbb{P}657.15\$ per square meter for the 3rd year, whichever is higher, and starting on the 4th year of operations, rent shall be escalated at a rate of 3% per year until the end of the lease period.

ALLHC

On August 28, 1990, the Company, through a Deed of Assignment, acquired all the rights, titles, interests and obligations of Gotesco Investment, Inc. in a contract of lease of the land owned by PNR for the Tutuban Terminal. The contract provided for a payment of a guaranteed minimum annual rental plus a certain percentage of gross sales. The lease covers a period of 25 years until 2014 and is automatically renewable for another 25 years, subject to compliance with the terms and conditions of the lease agreement. On December 22, 2009, ALLHC entered into an agreement with PNR for the renewal of its lease contract for another 25 years beginning September 5, 2014.

SSECC

The Company has an existing contract with Bases Conversion and Development Authority (BCDA) to develop, under a lease agreement signed on July 2000, a mall with an estimated gross leasable area of 152,000 sqm on a 9.8-hectare lot inside Fort Bonifacio. Subsequently, the Company transferred its rights and obligations granted to or imposed under the lease agreement to SSECC, a subsidiary, in exchange for equity. The lease agreement covers 25 years, renewable for another 25 years subject to reappraisal of the lot at market value. The annual fixed lease rental amounts to ₱106.5 million while the variable rent ranges from 5% to 20% of gross revenues.

Capitol

On April 26, 2012 Parent Company signed a Lease Agreement with the Province of Negros Occidental for the lease of a parcel of land with an aggregate area of 40,481 sq. m. located along Gatuslao cor. North and South Capitol Roads, Bacolod City, registered in the name of the Province of Negros Occidental. The Parent Company signed a 50-year lease contract with an option to renew as may be mutually agreed upon by the lessor and the Company. The Parent Company assigned the parcels of land to Capitol in December 2017.

<u>Arvo</u>

On October 15, 2014, Arvo entered into a property lease agreement with Rotonda Development Corporation for the construction, development and operation of a commercial and mall center. The terms of the lease shall be 42 years, with an option to renew for another 40 years subject to mutual agreement of the parties. The lease agreement provided rent-free period of 2 years and lease payments shall commence thereafter. Lease payments shall be paid annually at ₱60.00 per sqm, subject to an annual escalation of 4%.

34. Interest in Joint Operation

MDC has a 51.0% interest in Makati Development Corporation - First Balfour, Inc. Joint Venture (the Joint Venture), a joint operation whose purpose is to design and build St. Luke's Medical Center (the Project) in Fort Bonifacio Global City, Taguig. The application of PFRS 11 does not have significant impact on the Group's accounting of its interest in joint operation since it already reported its share in interest in joint operation using proportionate consolidation.



The Project, which started on January 31, 2007, is a world-class medical facility comprising, more or less, of a 611-bed hospital and a 378-unit medical office building, with an approximate gross floor area of 154,000 sqm, which meets international standards, and all standards and guidelines of applicable regulatory codes of the Philippines and complies with the criteria of the Environment of Care of the Joint Commission International Accreditation. The project was completed on October 30, 2009. Activities in 2011 to 2019 mainly pertain to winding down operations.

The share of MDC in the net assets and liabilities of the Joint Venture at December 31, 2019 and 2018 which are included in the consolidated financial statements follow:

	2019	2018	
	(In Thousands)		
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	₽7,100	₽7,643	
Other current assets	37,368	37,376	
Total assets	P 44,468	₽45,019	
Total liabilities	P-	₽6,727	

The following is the share of the MDC on the net income of the Joint Venture:

	2019	2018	
	(In Thousands)		
Construction costs	(₱125)	(₽29)	
Interest and other income	6,315	137	
Income before income tax	6,190	108	
Provision for income tax	(14)	(23)	
Net income	₽6,176	₽85	

There were no dividends declared in 2019 and 2018. Provision for income tax pertains to the final tax on interest income.

35. Long-term Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

- a. On December 8, 2017, ALI assigned to NTDCC development rights on certain portions of the North Triangle lot pads covered by a Deed of Assignment and Encroachment Settlement Agreement amounting to P631.2 million.
- b. ALI and LT Group, Inc. (LTG) entered into an agreement on January 21, 2016 to jointly develop a project along the C5 corridor. The project is envisioned to be an estate development that spans portions of Pasig City and Quezon City. A new company named, ALI-ETON Property Development Corporation, was incorporated on March 13, 2016.

On January 15, 2018, the estate, named Parklinks was launched and is the greenest urban estate of Ayala Land in partnership with Eton Properties Inc. The first residential project of Ayala Land Premier, Parklinks North Tower was launched on the same year, while the Parklinks lifestyle mall broke ground as well, expected to provide a new destination for residents and office workers within the area when it opens in 2023. With the brisk residential sales of ALP's first project, the Parklinks South tower was launched in 2019, together with Alveo's first residential development "The Lattice".

Also set to rise within the estate will be an iconic bridge that will conveniently connect the QC and Pasig parcels, offering a new route that can help ease vehicular traffic in the north eastern and eastern portions of Metro Manila. The bridge is expected to be completed by early 2021.



- c. On August 11, 2015, the Group won the bid for the Integrated Transport System Project South Terminal ("ITS South Project"). The Company was awarded by the Department of Transportation and Communications ("DOTC") with a 35-year concession agreement to build and operate the ITS South Project and will likewise have the right to develop and operate commercial leasing facilities on the same 5.57 hectare former Food Terminal Inc. property on which the future transport terminal will be built. The site of the ITS South Project is right next to ARCA South, where the Company is developing an integrated mixed-use estate. It is estimated that up to 4,000 buses and 160,000 passengers will feed into ITS South from SLEX every day. Full blast construction of the terminal to start by 2H 2018 and targeted to be operational by 1H 2020.
- d. On June 30, 2015, the Parent Company, through SM-ALI Group Consortium (the Consortium), participated and won in the bidding for Lot No. 8-B-1, containing an area of 263,384 sqm, which is portion of Cebu City-owned lot located at the South Road Properties, Cebu City covered by Transfer Certificate of Title No. 107-2011000963. The Consortium is a consortium among SMPHI, the Company and CHI (together with the Company collectively referred to as the "ALI Group"). Consistent with the agreed payment schedule in the Deed of Absolute Sale, as of August 1, 2018 the ALI Group has fully paid Php 4.56 billion, excluding taxes. The SM-ALI Group has finished with the joint masterplan and has secured the development permit last November 2019 from the Cebu City Council.
- e. On August 8, 1997, an "Assignment Agreement" was executed between Department of Transportation and Communications (DOTC), Metro Rail and MRTDC whereby MRTDC agreed to be bound by all obligations in respect of the Development Rights and make payments to DOTC.
- f. On February 21, 2002, MRTDC and NTDCC entered into an assignment agreement wherein the development rights of MRTDC over an 8.3 hectare portion of the MRT Depot (inclusive of project development costs incurred in relation thereto) was assigned to NTDCC in exchange for 32,600,000 shares of stock to be issued out of the increase in the authorized capital stock of NTDCC, each share with a par value of ₱10, or an aggregate par value of ₱326.00 million. The amount of development rights in excess of the aggregate par value of the shares subscribed was credited to additional paid-in capital.

On January 13, 2006, the deed of assignment between MRTDC and NTDCC was acknowledged by DOTC making MRTDC and NTDCC jointly and severally liable for the DRP and all other obligations attached thereto. NTDCC has been paying rent to DOTC in behalf of MRTDC since January 1, 2006. The DRP obligation is payable annually for 42 years from the date of assumption, renewable upon expiration. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the DRP obligation amounted to \$\mathbb{P}3,778.2\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}1,001.1\$ million, respectively (see Notes 16 and 19). Total DRP obligation paid amounted to \$\mathbb{P}236.4\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}229.8\$ million in 2019 and 2018, respectively. Total rent expense recognized in the statements of comprehensive income under the "Real estate costs and expenses" account included in direct operating expenses amounted to nil and \$\mathbb{P}318.0\$ million in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

On March 21, 2007, DOTC, National Housing Authority (NHA), MRTDC, and NTDCC entered into a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) whereby DOTC assigns, transfers and conveys to NHA, its successors or assigns, the right to demand and collect the Depot DRP Payable and Depot DRP. In the MOA, DOTC authorizes MRTDC/ NTDCC to remit the Depot DRP Payable and the Depot DRP to NHA directly which shall be credited by DOTC in favour of MRTDC/ NTDCC as payment for the DRP.

On December 17, 2014, NTDCC, MRTDC and MRTDC shareholders executed a "Funding and Repayment Agreement" wherein the latter agrees to repay NTDCC, for the account of MRTDC, its respective pro rata share in the Total Depot DRP Advances (the Pre-2006 DRP Payables and the Residual Depot DRP, including 15% interest rate accrued on such DRP payables).



- g. On June 4, 2014, AHRC, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent Company has signed a long-term management agreement with the Mandarin Oriental Hotel Group to develop and operate luxury hotel in Makati City. Set to open its doors by 2021, the new Mandarin Oriental Manila will be featuring 276 spacious rooms complemented by an extensive range of modern amenities including premium selection of restaurants and a signature spa. AHRC is committed to pay \$5 million (P223.6 million) to Manila Mandarin Hotel, Inc. upon the opening of the New Hotel or June 30, 2017, whichever is earlier. In 2017, the Group fully paid the said amount.
- h. On May 12, 2014, ALI has signed the terms of reference with Sureste Properties, Inc. (SPI), a wholly owned subsidiary of Bloomberry Resorts Corp. (BLOOM) for the retail area to be opened in the new Phase 1-A of Solaire Resort & Casino. The Company will be the leasing and marketing agent of the said area with gross leasable area of more than 5,000 sqm.

Contingencies

The Group has various contingent liabilities arising in the ordinary conduct of business including a case related to property restriction violation. The estimate of the probable cost for the resolution of this claim has been developed in consultation with outside counsel handling the defense in this matter and is based upon an analysis of potential results. In the opinion of management and its legal counsel the eventual liability under these lawsuits or claims, if any, will not have a material or adverse effect on the Group's financial position and results of operations. Accordingly, no provision for any liability has been made in the consolidated financial statements.

Disclosures required by PAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, were not provided as it may prejudice the Group's position in ongoing claims and it can jeopardize the outcome of the claims and contingencies.

36. Concession Agreement with Department of Transportation (DOTr)

On January 26, 2016, the Group through ASITI entered into a Concession Agreement (CA) with the Department of Transportation (DOTr). The CA sets forth the rights and obligations of ASITI as concessionaire, including the construction and operation of the South Integrated Transport System Project (the Project) of DOTr. During the concession period, DOTr will monitor and review the performance of the concessionaire.

The concession will run for a period of 35 years from the start of the construction of the Project. Under the terms of the concession agreement, ASITI will design, engineer, construct, operate and maintain a mass transportation intermodal terminal at the outskirts of Metro Manila. The operation of the Project includes the collection and remittance of terminal fees to DOTr of the concessionaire during the concession period. In addition, ASITI will be permitted to develop and operate commercial leasing facilities.

Upon the start of the construction of the Project, DOTr will give ASITI the full, exclusive and uninterrupted use and possession of a 5.57 hectare property known as the Project Land. Ownership of the Project Land shall remain with DOTr at all times while the possession, custody and risk of loss or deterioration of the Project and commercial assets shall vest in the concessionaire during the concession period. ASITI shall transfer the Project and the related assets, free from any liens or encumbrances, to DOTr at the end of the concession period. ASITI will be entitled to annual payments from DOTr amounting to ₱277.9 million during the 35-year concession period, subject to meeting benchmarks set for certain key performance indicators enumerated in the CA.

As of December 31, 2019, construction of the Project has not yet commenced.



37. Notes to Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Disclosed below is the rollforward of liabilities under financing activities:

2019

	January 1, 2019	Cash flows	Non-cash changes n Thousands)	Foreign exchange movement	December 31, 2019
Short-term debt	₽14,386,717	₽3,646,113	P -	₽-	₽18,032,830
Current long-term debt	23,265,173	(23,265,173)	17,250,706	_	17,250,706
Non-current long-term debt	149,446,949	44,345,206	(17,250,706)	(728,103)	175,813,346
Dividends payable (Note 16)	664,546	(7,754,046)	7,721,500	`	632,000
Lease liabilities	16,985,922	(1,179,645)	1,706,204	(48,776)	17,463,705
Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities	50,922,906	(6,241,774)	(677,496)	· -	44,003,636
Total liabilities from financing activities	₽255,672,213	₽9,550,681	₽8,750,208	(₱776,879)	₽273,196,223

2018

				Foreign	
			Non-cash	exchange	December 31,
	January 1, 2018	Cash flows	changes	movement	2018
			(In Thousands)		
Short-term debt	₽17,644,350	(₱3,257,633)	₽-	₽-	₽14,386,717
Current long-term debt	6,572,775	(6,598,176)	23,265,173	25,401	23,265,173
Non-current long-term debt	150,168,631	18,880,582	(20,513,059)	910,795	149,446,949
Dividends payable (Note 16)	360,130	(7,181,498)	7,485,914	_	664,546
Deposits and other noncurrent liabilities	41,857,646	(5,584,237)	6,019,262	_	42,292,671
Total liabilities from financing activities	₽216,603,532	(₱3,740,962)	₽16,257,290	₽936,196	₽230,056,056

The noncash activities of the Group pertain the following:

2019

- transfer from investment properties to inventories amounting to ₱11,830.0 million
- transfer from inventories to investment properties amounting to ₱674.9 million
- transfer from investment properties to property and equipment amounting to ₱644.1 million
- transfer from property and equipment to investment properties to amounting to ₱133.1 million
- transfer from right-of-use assets to investment properties amounting to ₱98.7 million
- unpaid acquisition of investment properties amounting to ₱7,392.2 million

2018

- transfer from investment properties to inventories amounting to ₱7,446.2 million
- transfer from inventories to investment properties amounting to ₱116.4 million
- transfer from investment properties to property and equipment amounting to ₱4,900.6 million
- transfer from investment properties to other noncurrent assets amounting to ₱60.0 million, respectively
- unpaid acquisition of investment properties amounting to ₱4,029.4 million

2017

- transfer from inventories to investment properties amounting to ₱2,454.9 million
- transfer from investment properties to property and equipment amounting to ₱1,764.6 million
- transfer from investment properties to other current and noncurrent assets amounting to ₽86.3 million and ₱62.1 million, respectively

38. Events After Reporting Date

On February 20, 2020, the BOD approved the declaration of cash dividends amounting to ₱0.268 per outstanding common share. This reflects a 3% increase from the cash dividends declared in the first



half of 2019 amounting to ₱0.26 per share. These will be paid on March 20, 2020 to shareholders on record as of March 6, 2020.

On the same date, the BOD approved the raising of up to ₱10 billion through the issuance of retail bonds under its current Shelf Registration program and will be listed on the Philippine Dealing and Exchange Corporation (PDEx) to partially finance general corporate requirements and to refinance maturing loans.

The BOD also approved the increase of additional ₱25 billion to the Parent Company's current share buyback program bringing the available balance to ₱26.1 billion. The program will be implemented through open market purchases executed via the trading facilities of the Philippine Stock Exchange.





SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Philippines

Tel: (632) 891 0307 Fax: (632) 819 0872 ey.com/ph BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, October 4, 2018, valid until August 24, 2021 SEC Accreditation No. 0012-FR-5 (Group A), November 6, 2018, valid until November 5, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors Ayala Land, Inc. 31st Floor, Tower One and Exchange Plaza, Ayala Triangle Ayala Avenue, Makati City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the consolidated financial statements of Ayala Land, Inc. and its subsidiaries as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019, included in this Form 17-A and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2020. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. The schedules listed in the Index to the Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Schedules are the responsibility of the Group's management. These schedules are presented for purposes of complying with the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68, and are not part of the basic consolidated financial statements. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly state, in all material respects, the financial information required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Michael C. Sabado

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 89336

SEC Accreditation No. 0664-AR-4 (Group A),

November 11, 2019, valid until November 10, 2022

Tax Identification No. 160-302-865

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-73-2018,

February 26, 2018, valid until February 25, 2021

PTR No. 8125294, January 7, 2020, Makati City

February 20, 2020



SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. Tel: (632) 891 0307 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City **Philippines**

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BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, October 4, 2018, valid until August 24, 2021 SEC Accreditation No. 0012-FR-5 (Group A), November 6, 2018, valid until November 5, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPONENTS OF FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors Ayala Land, Inc. 31st Floor, Tower One and Exchange Plaza, Ayala Triangle Ayala Avenue, Makati City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the consolidated financial statements of Ayala Land, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the Group) as at December 31, 2019 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2020. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. The Supplementary Schedule on Financial Soundness Indicators, including their definitions, formulas, calculation, and their appropriateness or usefulness to the intended users, are the responsibility of the Group's management. These financial soundness indicators are not measures of operating performance defined by Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies. This schedule is presented for the purpose of complying with the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission, and is not a required part of the basic consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with PFRS. The components of these financial soundness indicators have been traced to the Group's consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2019 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019 and no material exceptions were noted.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Michael C. Sabado

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 89336

SEC Accreditation No. 0664-AR-4 (Group A),

November 11, 2019, valid until November 10, 2022

Co Sabash

Tax Identification No. 160-302-865

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February 26, 2018, valid until February 25, 2021

PTR No. 8125294, January 7, 2020, Makati City

February 20, 2020



AYALA LAND, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

As of December 31, 2019

- A Financial Assets
- **B** Accounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)
- C Accounts Receivable from Related Parties which are eliminated during Consolidation of Financial Statements
- **D** Long-Term Debt
- E Indebtedness to Related Parties
- F Guarantee of Securities of Other Issuers
- G Capital Stock

Other Supporting Schedules

Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration Financial Soundness Indicators
Corporate Organizational Chart

	Amount Owed by Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries to ALI PARENT			
	Receivable Balance per ALI- PARENT	Payable Balance per ALI Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
yala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:	PAREINI	Substataties		
ccendo Commercial Corp	1,157,392,570	1,157,392,570	1,157,392,570	
dauge Commercial Corp.	3,037,839	3,037,839	3,037,839	
labang Commercial Corporation (Conso)	25,652,987	25,652,987	25,652,987	
ALI Capital Corp. (Conso)	68,044,733	68,044,733	68,044,733	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc. (Conso)	124,796,360	124,796,360	124,796,360	
ALI-CII Development Corporation	4,571,382	4,571,382	4,571,382	
ALO Prime Realty Corporation	6,975,566	6,975,566	6,975,566	
Alveo Land Corporation (Conso)	3,693,053,842	3,693,053,842	3,693,053,842	
Amaia Land Corporation (Conso)	1,207,952,162	1,207,952,162	1,207,952,162	
Amorsedia Development Corporation (Conso)	528,473,358	528,473,358	528,473,358	
Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club Inc	236,798	236,798	236,798	
Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club Inc.	77,496,026	77,496,026	77,496,026	
APRISA Business Process Solutions, Inc	2,189,907	2,189,907	2,189,907	
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	947,461,539	947,461,539	947,461,539	
Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc	13,369,464	13,369,464	13,369,464	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	95,658,114	95,658,114	95,658,114	
Aurora Properties, Inc. Aviana Development Corporation	71,652,403 67,023,359	71,652,403 67,023,359	71,652,403 67,023,359	
Avida Land Corporation (Conso)	5,624,966,773	5,624,966,773	5,624,966,773	
Ayala Hotels Inc.	1,312,853,701	1,312,853,701	1,312,853,701	
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc.(Conso)	1,312,833,701	1,312,833,701	135,308,665	
Avala Land Sales Inc.	57,003,405	57,003,405	57,003,405	
Ayala Property Management Corporation (Conso)	11,544,638	11,544,638	11,544,638	
Ayala Theaters Management, Inc.	34,104	34,104	34,104	
AyalaLand Club Management, Inc.	24,955,901	24,955,901	24,955,901	
AyalaLand Commercial REIT, Inc.	7,685,692	7,685,692	7,685,692	
Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	3,072,281,084	3,072,281,084	3,072,281,084	
AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corp. (Conso)	851,457,338	851,457,338	851,457,338	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. (Conso)	270,807,751	270,807,751	270,807,751	
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	38,480,937	38,480,937	38,480,937	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc. (Conso)	28,895,290	28,895,290	28,895,290	
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	13,945,720	13,945,720	13,945,720	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	1,784,567	1,784,567	1,784,567	
AyalaLand Offices, Inc. (Conso)	106,451,236	106,451,236	106,451,236	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	5,718,952,022	5,718,952,022	5,718,952,022	
BellaVita Land Corp.	981,454,597	981,454,597	981,454,597	
BG West Properties, Inc	645,282,158	645,282,158	645,282,158	
Buendia Landholdings, Inc.	140,716	140,716	140,716	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	47,353,798	47,353,798	47,353,798	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	1,545,529,541	1,545,529,541	1,545,529,541	
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	47,393,804	47,393,804	47,393,804	
Cebu Holdings, Inc. (Conso)	993,291,675	993,291,675	993,291,675	
CECI Realty Corp.	252,871,103	252,871,103	252,871,103	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation Crimson Field Enterprises, Inc.	1,484,756 195,539,134	1,484,756	1,484,756 195,539,134	
Direct Power Services Inc.	6,503,873	195,539,134 6,503,873	6,503,873	
Ecoholdings Company, Inc.	702,706	702,706	702,706	
First Longfield Investments Ltd. (Conso)	702,706	717,741	717,741	
IVE STAR Cinema Inc.	351,885	351,885	351,885	
Hillsford Property Corporation	229,267	229,267	229,267	
ntegrated Eco-Resort Inc.	67,862	67,862	67,862	
agdigan Land Corporation	334,845	334,845	334,845	
eisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	772,819	772,819	772,819	
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	10,632,511,568	10,632,511,568	10,632,511,568	
Makati Development Corporation (Conso)	279,308,438	279,308,438	279,308,438	
Next Urban Alliance Development Corp.	306,294	306,294	306,294	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	716,759,037	716,759,037	716,759,037	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	891,651,805	891,651,805	891,651,805	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	49,965,962	49,965,962	49,965,962	
IorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	7,358,932	7,358,932	7,358,932	
luevocentro, Inc. (Conso)	2,402,412,431	2,402,412,431	2,402,412,431	
One Dela Rosa Property Development, Inc.	187,030,114	187,030,114	187,030,114	
hilippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc.	5,553,496	5,553,496	5,553,496	
rimavera Towncentre, Inc.	29,895,291	29,895,291	29,895,291	
Red Creek Properties, Inc.	236,596,172	236,596,172	236,596,172	

Regent Time International Ltd.	417,166	417,166	417,166	
Regent Time International, Limited	97,668,809	97,668,809	97,668,809	
Regent Wise Investments Limited(Conso)	6,480,791,605	6,480,791,605	6,480,791,605	
Roxas Land Corp.	17,236,844	17,236,844	17,236,844	
Serendra Inc.	165,819,409	165,819,409	165,819,409	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	13,622,959	13,622,959	13,622,959	
Southportal Properties, Inc.	389,494,468	389,494,468	389,494,468	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	1,184,730,454	1,184,730,454	1,184,730,454	
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	2,062,110	2,062,110	2,062,110	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	38,688,012	38,688,012	38,688,012	
Sunnyfield E-Office Corp	10,712,401	10,712,401	10,712,401	
Ten Knots Development Corporation(Conso)	58,767,453	58,767,453	58,767,453	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.(Conso)	9,737,996	9,737,996	9,737,996	
Verde Golf Development Corporation	94,484,534	94,484,534	94,484,534	
Vesta Property Holdings Inc.	30,764,534	30,764,534	30,764,534	
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	8,690,929	8,690,929	8,690,929	
Whiteknight Holdings, Inc.	33,150,024	33,150,024	33,150,024	
Ayalaland Premier, Inc.	379,309	379,309	379,309	
Sub-Total	54,169,038,071	54,169,038,071	54,169,038,071	-

	Amount Owed by ALI PARENT to ALI SUBSIDIARIES					
	Receivable Balance per ALI	Payable Balance per ALI				
	Subsidiaries	Parent	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:						
Accendo Commercial Corp	14,257,338	14,257,338	14,257,338			
Adauge Commercial Corp.	25,034,315	25,034,315	25,034,315			
Alabang Commercial Corporation (Conso)	159,328,727	159,328,727	159,328,727			
ALI Capital Corp. (Conso)	206,362,962	206,362,962	206,362,962			
ALI Commercial Center, Inc. (Conso)	182,485,527	182,485,527	182,485,527			
ALI-CII Development Corporation	31,214,088	31,214,088	31,214,088			
ALO Prime Realty Corporation	7,268	7,268	7,268			
Alveo Land Corporation (Conso)	1,586,505,918	1,586,505,918	1,586,505,918			
Amaia Land Corporation (Conso)	2,611,255	2,611,255	2,611,255			
Amorsedia Development Corporation (Conso)	183,865,474	183,865,474	183,865,474			
Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club Inc	94,430,126	94,430,126	94,430,126			
Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club Inc.	20,050,417	20,050,417	20,050,417			
APRISA Business Process Solutions, Inc	104,489,639	104,489,639	104,489,639			
Arvo Commercial Corporation	978,410,844	978,410,844	978,410,844			
Aurora Properties, Inc.	145,870,063	145,870,063	145,870,063			
Avida Land Corporation (Conso)	2,460,861,694	2,460,861,694	2,460,861,694			
Ayala Hotels Inc.	3,345,239,811	3,345,239,811	3,345,239,811			
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc.(Conso)	17,184,476	17,184,476	17,184,476			
Ayala Land Memational Sales, mc.(conso) Ayala Land Sales Inc.	79,555,853	79,555,853	79,555,853			
Ayala Property Management Corporation (Conso)	15,095,642	15,095,642	15,095,642			
AyalaLand Club Management, Inc.	133,860	133,860	133,860			
AyalaLand Commercial REIT, Inc.	149,817,950	149,817,950	149,817,950			
Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	188,286,844	188,286,844	188,286,844			
1	 		215,388,630			
AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corp. (Conso) Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. (Conso)	215,388,630 567,328,281	215,388,630 567,328,281	567,328,281			
	+					
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	8,016,500 10,924,445	8,016,500	8,016,500			
Ayalaland Malls, Inc. (Conso)		10,924,445	10,924,445			
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	78,062,057	78,062,057	78,062,057			
AyalaLand Offices, Inc. (Conso)	958,344,014	958,344,014	958,344,014			
BellaVita Land Corp.	1,730,970	1,730,970	1,730,970			
BG West Properties, Inc	2,926,004	2,926,004	2,926,004			
Buendia Landholdings, Inc.	709,316	709,316	709,316			
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	5,117,937	5,117,937	5,117,937			
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	23,926	23,926	23,926			
Cebu Holdings, Inc. (Conso)	264,213,281	264,213,281	264,213,281			
CECI Realty Corp.	357,931,069	357,931,069	357,931,069			
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	92,728,430	92,728,430	92,728,430			
Crimson Field Enterprises, Inc.	10,050,000	10,050,000	10,050,000			
Direct Power Services Inc.	111,894,474	111,894,474	111,894,474			
First Longfield Investments Ltd. (Conso)	15,362,571	15,362,571	15,362,571			
FIVE STAR Cinema Inc.	8,320	8,320	8,320			
ntegrated Eco-Resort Inc.	496,781,449	496,781,449	496,781,449			
Lagdigan Land Corporation	19,526,813	19,526,813	19,526,813			
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	184,361,354	184,361,354	184,361,354			
Makati Development Corporation (Conso)	7,047,501,367	7,047,501,367	7,047,501,367			
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	200,123,809	200,123,809	200,123,809			
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	297,076,650	297,076,650	297,076,650			
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	45,369,567	45,369,567	45,369,567			
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	86,759,748	86,759,748	86,759,748			

Ayalaland Premier, Inc. Sub-Total	9,289,835 23,560,731,469	9,289,835 23,560,731,469	9,289,835 23,560,731,469	
Whiteknight Holdings, Inc.	10,020,625	10,020,625	10,020,625	
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	121,144	121,144	121,144	
Vesta Property Holdings Inc.	12,281,834	12,281,834	12,281,834	
Verde Golf Development Corporation	142,445	142,445	142,445	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.(Conso)	7,755,083	7,755,083	7,755,083	
Ten Knots Development Corporation(Conso)	68,254,593	68,254,593	68,254,593	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	189,524,457	189,524,457	189,524,457	
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	223,386,191	223,386,191	223,386,191	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	160,468,671	160,468,671	160,468,671	
Southportal Properties, Inc.	357,530,282	357,530,282	357,530,282	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	532,681	532,681	532,681	
Serendra Inc.	143,832,241	143,832,241	143,832,241	
Regent Time International, Limited	465,431,207	465,431,207	465,431,207	
Red Creek Properties, Inc.	18,000,592	18,000,592	18,000,592	
Primavera Towncentre, Inc.	1,407,328	1,407,328	1,407,328	
Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc.	177,694,989	177,694,989	177,694,989	
One Dela Rosa Property Development, Inc.	514,752,540	514,752,540	514,752,540	
Nuevocentro, Inc. (Conso)	130,943,656	130,943,656	130,943,656	

	Amount Owed by	ALI SUBSIDIARIES TO MAKATI DE	VELOPMENT CORP. AND SU	BSIDIARIES
	Receivable Balance per MDC	Payable Balance per ALI		
	& Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:				
Accendo Commercial Corp	147,650,118	147,650,118	147,650,118	
Adauge Commercial Corp.	234,500	234,500	234,500	
Airswift Transport, Inc.	16,745,386	16,745,386	16,745,386	
ALI Capital Corp.	684,332	684,332	684,332	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	1,006,156,094	1,006,156,094	1,006,156,094	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	602,048,912	602,048,912	602,048,912	
Alveo Land Corporation	1,986,397,021	1,986,397,021	1,986,397,021	
Amaia Land Corp.	922,155,956	922,155,956	922,155,956	
Amaia Southern Properties, Inc.	6,310,315	6,310,315	6,310,315	
Amicassa Process Solution	244,903	244,903	244,903	
AMSI, Inc.	1,469,109	1,469,109	1,469,109	
Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club Inc.	8,441,505	8,441,505	8,441,505	
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	91,068,684	91,068,684	91,068,684	
Arca South Integrated	25,841,928	25,841,928	25,841,928	
Arcasouth Hotel Ventures, Inc.	48,954,014	48,954,014	48,954,014	
Arvo Commercial Corp	94,785,890	94,785,890	94,785,890	
Asian I-Office Properties, Inc.	1,936,047	1,936,047	1,936,047	
Aurora Properties, Inc.	7,317,937	7,317,937	7,317,937	
Avencosouth Corp.	13,608,158	13,608,158	13,608,158	
Aviana Development Corporation	354,419,548	354,419,548	354,419,548	
Avida Land Corp.	2,228,943,499	2,228,943,499	2,228,943,499	
Ayala Greenfield Devt Cor	227,723,015	227,723,015	227,723,015	
Ayala Hotels, Inc.	1,147,891,668	1,147,891,668	1,147,891,668	
Ayala Land Intl Sales,Inc	59,998	59,998	59,998	
Ayala Land Sales Inc.	14,000	14,000	14,000	
AYALALAND HOTELS AND RES	7,465,267	7,465,267	7,465,267	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	243,006,342	243,006,342	243,006,342	
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	273,039,611	273,039,611	273,039,611	
Ayalaland Metro North Inc	1,805,408	1,805,408	1,805,408	
AyalaLand Offices, Inc.	11,251,504	11,251,504	11,251,504	
Bay Area Hotel Ventures, Inc.	635,852,561	635,852,561	635,852,561	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	2,285,233,209	2,285,233,209	2,285,233,209	
BellaVita Land Corp.	34,653,982	34,653,982	34,653,982	
BG North Properties Inc.	380,432,298	380,432,298	380,432,298	
BG West Properties, Inc	2,537,902,288	2,537,902,288	2,537,902,288	
BGSouth Properties, Inc.	1,297,278,677	1,297,278,677	1,297,278,677	
Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc.	185,160,837	185,160,837	185,160,837	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	251,408,051	251,408,051	251,408,051	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	187,685,092	187,685,092	187,685,092	
Capitol Central Hotel Ven	940,604	940,604	940,604	
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	572,424,612	572,424,612	572,424,612	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	263,298,856	263,298,856	263,298,856	
Cebu Insular Hotel Company, Inc.	6,673,423	6,673,423	6,673,423	
CECI Realty Corp.	22,420,456	22,420,456	22,420,456	
Central Block Dev., Inc.	1,091,494,556	1,091,494,556	1,091,494,556	
Chirica Resorts Corporation	106,944	106,944	106,944	
Circuit Makati Hotel	71,156,103	71,156,103	71,156,103	
Crans Montana Prop Hold	135,412,852	135,412,852	135,412,852	

Direct Power Services Inc.	22,782	22,782	22,782	
Eco North Resort Ventures	22,621,163	22,621,163	22,621,163	
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures Inc.	389,021,335	389,021,335	389,021,335	
HLC Development Corporation	92,606,334	92,606,334	92,606,334	
Lagdigan Land Corp.	15,141,375	15,141,375	15,141,375	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	90,363,444	90,363,444	90,363,444	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	148,950,564	148,950,564	148,950,564	
Lepanto Ceramics, Inc.	54,408,724	54,408,724	54,408,724	
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	2,815,566	2,815,566	2,815,566	
Makati Cornerstone Leasin	45,970,983	45,970,983	45,970,983	
North Eastern Comm Corp	29,990,496	29,990,496	29,990,496	
North Triangle Depot	332,863,815	332,863,815	332,863,815	
North Triangle Hotel Vent	4,091,326	4,091,326	4,091,326	
North Ventures Com Corp	3,111,587	3,111,587	3,111,587	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	2,330,282	2,330,282	2,330,282	
Nuevocentro, Inc.	471,697,567	471,697,567	471,697,567	
One Dela Rosa Property	2,019,459	2,019,459	2,019,459	
Phil Integ Energy Sol,Inc	19,677,997	19,677,997	19,677,997	
Portico Land Corp.	325,233,335	325,233,335	325,233,335	
Primavera Towncentre, Inc	137,659,810	137,659,810	137,659,810	
Roxas Land Corp.	169,182,913	169,182,913	169,182,913	
Serendra Inc.	71,735,337	71,735,337	71,735,337	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	368,672,687	368,672,687	368,672,687	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	12,187,943	12,187,943	12,187,943	
Solinea Inc.	156,388,946	156,388,946	156,388,946	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	148,597,418	148,597,418	148,597,418	
Southgateway Dev. Corp	394,177,945	394,177,945	394,177,945	
Southportal Properties, Inc.	491,164,386	491,164,386	491,164,386	
Station Square East	25,617,187	25,617,187	25,617,187	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	68,874,505	68,874,505	68,874,505	
Sunnyfield E-Office Corp.	3,700,750	3,700,750	3,700,750	
Taft Punta Engaño Property, Inc.	76,645,189	76,645,189	76,645,189	
Ten Knots Development Corporation	6,097,830	6,097,830	6,097,830	
Ten Knots Philippines, In	141,735,923	141,735,923	141,735,923	
Verde Golf Development Corporation	3,341,550	3,341,550	3,341,550	
Vesta Prop. Holdings, Inc	57,269,676	57,269,676	57,269,676	
Sub-Total	23,823,194,198	23,823,194,198	23,823,194,198	

	Amoun	t Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AC	CENDO COMMERCIAL CORP	
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		
	ACCENDO	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Adauge Commercial Corp.	21,688	21,688	21,688	
Airswift Transport, Inc.	31,397	31,397	31,397	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	90,227	90,227	90,227	
Alveo Land Corporation	9,673,599	9,673,599	9,673,599	
Amaia Land Corporation	53,531	53,531	53,531	
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	833,654	833,654	833,654	
Avencosouth Corp.	3,107,975	3,107,975	3,107,975	
Aviana Development Corporation	3,583,816	3,583,816	3,583,816	
Avida Land Corporation	2,843,158	2,843,158	2,843,158	
Ayala Property Management Corporation	395,257	395,257	395,257	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	230,654	230,654	230,654	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	135,162	135,162	135,162	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	800	800	800	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	276,172	276,172	276,172	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	905,441	905,441	905,441	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	443,632	443,632	443,632	
Capitol Central Hotel Ventures, Inc.	24,140	24,140	24,140	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	375,614	375,614	375,614	
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	5,080	5,080	5,080	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	180,232	180,232	180,232	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	134,139	134,139	134,139	
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	2,818	2,818	2,818	
Makati Development Corporation	179,854	179,854	179,854	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	300	300	300	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	37,985	37,985	37,985	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	300	300	300	
Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc.	361	361	361	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	6,865	6,865	6,865	
Southcrest Hotel Ventures, Inc.	1,209,277	1,209,277	1,209,277	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	6,050	6,050	6,050	
Ten Knots Development Corporation	1,820	1,820	1,820	

Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	28,067	28,067	28,067	
Sub-Total	24,819,064	24,819,064	24,819,064	-

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ADAUGE COMMERCIAL CORP.					
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI				
	ADAUGE	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
Airswift Transport, Inc.	504,975	504,975	504,975			
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	138,797	138,797	138,797			
Arvo Commercial Corporation	205,521	205,521	205,521			
Avida Land Corporation	1,432,125	1,432,125	1,432,125	•		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	1,305	1,305	1,305			
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	5,044,506	5,044,506	5,044,506			
Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc.	4,098,370	4,098,370	4,098,370			
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	1,011,082	1,011,082	1,011,082			
Central Block Developers, Inc.	13,028,302	13,028,302	13,028,302			
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	6,149,107	6,149,107	6,149,107			
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	10,063,633	10,063,633	10,063,633			
aguna Technopark Inc.	3,017,460	3,017,460	3,017,460			
Sentera Hotel Ventures, Inc.	1,172,882	1,172,882	1,172,882	•		
Sunnyfield E-Office Corp	483,392	483,392	483,392			
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	25,190	25,190	25,190			
Sub-Total	46,376,648	46,376,648	46,376,648			

	Amount Owed	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ALABANG COMMERCIAL CORP. & SUBSIDIARIES					
	Receivable Balance per ACC	Payable Balance per ALI					
	& Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current			
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:							
Accendo Commercial Corp	20,409	20,409	20,409				
ALI Commercial Center,Inc	1,900,269	1,900,269	1,900,269				
Alveo Land Corporation	373,958	373,958	373,958				
Amaia Land Corp.	112,988	112,988	112,988				
Arvo Commercial Corp	140,869	140,869	140,869				
Avida Land Corp.	955,514	955,514	955,514				
Ayala Land Sales, Inc.	571,187	571,187	571,187				
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	5,800	5,800	5,800				
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	5,113	5,113	5,113				
CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp	900	900	900				
Cavite Comml Town Center	1,932	1,932	1,932				
Cebu Leisure Co. Inc.	21,005	21,005	21,005				
First Gateway Real Estate Corp	5,213,926	5,213,926	5,213,926				
FIVE STAR Cinema Inc.	5,273,430	5,273,430	5,273,430				
HLC Development Corporation	92,639	92,639	92,639				
Laguna Technopark Inc.	204,436	204,436	204,436				
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	13,377,387	13,377,387	13,377,387				
North Eastern Comm Corp	6,720	6,720	6,720				
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	339,355	339,355	339,355				
North Ventures Com Corp	3,400	3,400	3,400				
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	41,800	41,800	41,800				
Orion Land Inc.	913	913	913				
Serendra Inc.	160,294	160,294	160,294				
Soltea Commercial Corp.	56,580	56,580	56,580				
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	1	1	1				
Station Square East Commercial Corp	87,147	87,147	87,147				
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	600	600	600				
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	288	288	288				
Sub-Total	28,968,859	28,968,859	28,968,859				

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ALI CAPITAL CORP.			
	Receivable Balance per ALI CAPITAL CORP. & Subsidiaries	Payable Balance per ALI Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Amaia Land Corp.	22,953,634	22,953,634	22,953,634	
Arvo Commercial Corp	116,413	116,413	116,413	
AYALALAND HOTELS AND RES	2,092,064	2,092,064	2,092,064	
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	5,489	5,489	5,489	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	12,030,250	12,030,250	12,030,250	
Chirica Resorts Corporation	3,508,128	3,508,128	3,508,128	
Eco North Resort Ventures	382,138	382,138	382,138	
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	7,464,131	7,464,131	7,464,131	
Pangulasian Isl Rsrt Corp	1,061,858	1,061,858	1,061,858	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	824,119	824,119	824,119	

Ten Knots Dev., Corp.	26,623,893	26,623,893	26,623,893	
Ten Knots Philippines, In	7,664,373	7,664,373	7,664,373	
WhiteKnight Holdings, Inc	21,199,317	21,199,317	21,199,317	
Avida Land Corp.	21,100,000	21,100,000	21,100,000	
Sub-Total	127,025,807	127,025,807	127,025,807	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ALI COMMERCIAL CENTER INC.				
	Receivable Balance per ACCI	Payable Balance per ALI	ALL COMMENCE CENTER		
	& Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	1,932,514	1,932,514	1,932,514		
Airswift Transport, Inc.	96,076	96,076	96,076		
Airswift Transport, Inc.	1,361,567	1,361,567	1,361,567		
Alabang Commercial Corp.	1,886,830	1,886,830	1,886,830		
ALI Commercial Center,Inc ALI Makati Hotel and Residences, Inc.	(3,342,112)	(3,342,112)	(3,342,112) (488,875)		
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	926,987	926,987	926,987		
ALI-CII Development Corporation	22,225	22,225	22,225		
Alveo Land Corporation	736,058	736,058	736,058		
Amaia Land Corp.	1,418,088	1,418,088	1,418,088		
AMC Japan Concepts Inc.	3,351,768	3,351,768	3,351,768		
APRISA Business Soln.,Inc	10,400	10,400	10,400		
Arca South Comm.Vent.Corp	204,480,340	204,480,340	204,480,340		
AREIT, Inc	22,766	22,766	22,766		
Arvo Commercial Corp	2,763,698	2,763,698	2,763,698		
Asian I-Office Properties, Inc.	2,280	2,280	2,280		
Aurora Properties, Inc.	1,169	1,169	1,169		
Avida Salas Corp.	3,489,022	3,489,022	3,489,022		
Avala Hotels, Inc.	45,360 4,050	45,360 4,050	45,360 4,050		
Ayala Hotels, Inc. Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp	29,260,908	29,260,908	29,260,908		
Ayala Theaters Mgt, Inc.	1,304,555	1,304,555	1,304,555		
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	251,231	251,231	251,231		
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	5,791,546	5,791,546	5,791,546		
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	1,388,481	1,388,481	1,388,481		
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	98,502	98,502	98,502		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	76,467	76,467	76,467		
Ayalaland Premier, Inc.	422,922	422,922	422,922		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	2,513,940	2,513,940	2,513,940		
BellaVita Land Corp.	24,600	24,600	24,600		
CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp	5,615,624	5,615,624	5,615,624		
Captl Cntrl Com Vent Corp	739,575	739,575	739,575		
Cavite Comml Town Center	14,398	14,398	14,398		
Cebu Holdings, Inc. Cebu Insular Hotel	24,982,559 350	24,982,559 350	24,982,559 350		
Cebu Leisure Co. Inc.	391,765	391,765	391,765		
CECI Realty Corp.	4,466	4,466	4,466		
Central Block Dev., Inc.	679,104	679,104	679,104		
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	205,992	205,992	205,992		
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	752,863	752,863	752,863		
DirectPower Services, Inc	2,896	2,896	2,896		
Eco North Resort Ventures	610,244	610,244	610,244		
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures Inc.	19,600	19,600	19,600		
Ecozone Power Management, Inc.	2,280	2,280	2,280		
FIVE STAR Cinema Inc.	5,510	5,510	5,510		
HLC Development Corporation	10,066,023	10,066,023	10,066,023		
Laguna Technopark Inc.	928,294	928,294	928,294		
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	2,116,643	2,116,643	2,116,643		
Lio Resort Ventures Inc Makati Cornerstone Leasin	97,385 213,352	97,385 213,352	97,385 213,352		
Makati Development Corp.	147,564	213,352 147,564	147,564		
Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc.	19,600	19,600	19,600		
North Eastern Comm Corp	1,426,356	1,426,356	1,426,356		
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	5,533,006	5,533,006	5,533,006		
North Ventures Com Corp	451,755	451,755	451,755		
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	78,424	78,424	78,424		
Orion Land Inc.	40,027	40,027	40,027		
Primavera Towncentre, Inc.	7,085,690	7,085,690	7,085,690		
Serendra Inc.	56,420	56,420	56,420		
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	20,428,666	20,428,666	20,428,666		
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	964,543	964,543	964,543		
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	18,823,977	18,823,977	18,823,977		
Soltea Commercial Corp.	601,309	601,309	601,309		

South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	359,841	359,841	359,841	
Southcrest Hotel Ventures	19,600	19,600	19,600	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	1,747,016	1,747,016	1,747,016	
Subic Bay Town Centre Inc	306,954	306,954	306,954	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	8,841,517	8,841,517	8,841,517	
Ten Knots Dev., Corp.	3,458	3,458	3,458	
Ten Knots Development Corporation	963,750	963,750	963,750	
Ten Knots Philippines, In	23,541,693	23,541,693	23,541,693	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	121,532	121,532	121,532	
Tutuban Properties, Inc.	5,046	5,046	5,046	
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	49,286	49,286	49,286	
Sub-Total	398,919,316	398,919,316	398,919,316	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ALI-CII DEVELOPMENT CORP			
	Receivable Balance per ALI-	Payable Balance per ALI		
	CII	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	93,129	93,129	93,129	
Amaia Land Corporation	3,019,430	3,019,430	3,019,430	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	2,149,667	2,149,667	2,149,667	
Avida Land Corporation	92,811	92,811	92,811	
Avida Sales Corp	671,304	671,304	671,304	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	7,565,471	7,565,471	7,565,471	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	29,218,264	29,218,264	29,218,264	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	9,020,281	9,020,281	9,020,281	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	5,096,759	5,096,759	5,096,759	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	18,490,719	18,490,719	18,490,719	
Sub-Total	75,417,835	75,417,835	75,417,835	-

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ALVEO LAND CORP. & SUBSIDIARIES				
	Receivable Balance per	,			
	ALVEO LAND CORP. &	Payable Balance per ALI			
	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	399,785,726	399,785,726	399,785,726		
Airswift Transport, Inc.	120,272,438	120,272,438	120,272,438		
ALI Commercial Center,Inc	1,725	1,725	1,725		
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	162,172	162,172	162,172		
Alviera Country Club, Inc	81,537	81,537	81,537		
Amaia Land Corp.	246,075,573	246,075,573	246,075,573		
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	3,743,290	3,743,290	3,743,290		
Arca South Comm.Vent.Corp	301,459,248	301,459,248	301,459,248		
Arca South Integrated	20,075,067	20,075,067	20,075,067		
Arvo Commercial Corp	159,334,036	159,334,036	159,334,036		
Aurora Properties, Inc.	104,086,789	104,086,789	104,086,789		
Avida Land Corp.	1,686,583	1,686,583	1,686,583		
Ayala Greenfield Devt Cor	2,094,260	2,094,260	2,094,260		
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc	6,002,307	6,002,307	6,002,307		
Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp	2,486,937	2,486,937	2,486,937		
Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	77,019	77,019	77,019		
AYALALAND HOTELS AND RES	876,007	876,007	876,007		
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	8,635,335	8,635,335	8,635,335		
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	454,086	454,086	454,086		
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	54,613	54,613	54,613		
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	2,241,767	2,241,767	2,241,767		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	336,721,730	336,721,730	336,721,730		
BellaVita Land Corp.	824,072,593	824,072,593	824,072,593		
BGSouth Properties, Inc.	(1,668,936,549)	(1,668,936,549)	(1,668,936,549)		
CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp	16,374	16,374	16,374		
Captl Cntrl Com Vent Corp	56,286,420	56,286,420	56,286,420		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	134,217,243	134,217,243	134,217,243		
Central Block Dev., Inc.	209,917,752	209,917,752	209,917,752		
Chirica Resorts Corporation	10,084	10,084	10,084		
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	4,000	4,000	4,000		
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	10,517,785	10,517,785	10,517,785		
DirectPower Services, Inc	12,742	12,742	12,742		
HLC Development Corporation	27,069,828	27,069,828	27,069,828		
aguna Technopark Inc.	34,135,226	34,135,226	34,135,226		
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	399,476	399,476	399,476		
Makati Development Corp.	10,611,206	10,611,206	10,611,206		
MDC Build Plus, Inc.	2,754,454	2,754,454	2,754,454		
North Eastern Comm Corp	5,967	5,967	5,967		
North Triangle Hotel Vent	21,187	21,187	21,187		

Nuevocentro Inc.	256,133,220	256,133,220	256,133,220	
Primavera Towncentre, Inc.	10,314,784	10,314,784	10,314,784	
Serendra Inc.	45,623,451	45,623,451	45,623,451	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	14,201,380	14,201,380	14,201,380	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	(41,706,955)	(41,706,955)	(41,706,955)	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	1,003,866	1,003,866	1,003,866	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	25,584	25,584	25,584	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	12,436,524	12,436,524	12,436,524	
Ten Knots Philippines, In	25,971	25,971	25,971	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000	
Vesta Prop. Holdings, Inc	356,164,896	356,164,896	356,164,896	
Sub-Total	2.031.746.752	2.031.746.752	2.031.746.752	-

	Amount	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AMAIA LAND, INC. & SUBSIDIARIES			
	Receivable Balance per				
	AMAIA LAND, INC. &	Payable Balance per ALI			
	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Alveo Land Corporation	150,000	150,000	150,000		
Amaia Land Corp.	447,876	447,876	447,876		
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	555,338	555,338	555,338		
Avida Land Corp.	9,663,785	9,663,785	9,663,785		
Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp	37,946	37,946	37,946		
BellaVita Land Corp.	94,942,975	94,942,975	94,942,975		
Buklod Bahayan Realty Devt Corp	232,848	232,848	232,848		
Makati Development Corp.	177,389	177,389	177,389		
MDC Build Plus, Inc.	2,807,726	2,807,726	2,807,726		
Sub-Total	109,015,884	109,015,884	109,015,884	-	

	Amount Owe	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AMORSEDIA DEVPT. CORP. & SUBSIDIARIES					
	Receivable Balance per	eceivable Balance per					
	AMORSEDIA DEVPT. CORP. &	Payable Balance per ALI					
	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current			
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:							
BellaVita Land Corp.	20,384,000	20,384,000	20,384,000				
Ten Knots Dev., Corp.	5,205	5,205	5,205				
Sub-Total	20,389,205	20,389,205	20,389,205	-			

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ANVAYA COVE BEACH & NATURE CLUB, INC.			
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		
	ANVAYA COVE BEACH	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club, Inc.	14,214,070	14,214,070	14,214,070	
Ayala Property Management Corporation	159,055	159,055	159,055	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	10,096,349	10,096,349	10,096,349	
Sub-Total	24,469,475	24,469,475	24,469,475	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ANVAYA COVE GOLF & NATURE CLUB, INC.						
	Receivable Balance per	Receivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI					
	ANVAYA COVE GOLF	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current			
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:							
Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc	2,639,721	2,639,721	2,639,721				
Makati Development Corporation	2,083	2,083	2,083				
Sub-Total	2,641,804	2,641,804	2,641,804				

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to APRISA BUSINESS SOLUTIONS, INC.			
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		
	APRISA	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Accendo Commercial Corp	239,691	239,691	239,691	
Adauge Commercial Corp.	8,411	8,411	8,411	
Alabang Commercial Corporation	872,794	872,794	872,794	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	836,100	836,100	836,100	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	100,479	100,479	100,479	
ALI-CII Development Corporation	276,080	276,080	276,080	
ALO Prime Realty Corporation	155,445	155,445	155,445	
Alveo Land Corporation	694,386	694,386	694,386	
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	156,800	156,800	156,800	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	495,090	495,090	495,090	
Aurora Properties, Inc.	349,196	349,196	349,196	
Aviana Development Corporation	10,304	10,304	10,304	•
Avida Land Corporation	7,248,365	7,248,365	7,248,365	•
Ayala Property Management Corporation	275,901	275,901	275,901	

Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	86,786	86.786	86.786	
AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corp.	168,582	168,582	168,582	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	16,374	16,374	16,374	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	306,354	306,354	306,354	
BellaVita Land Corp.	79,072	79,072	79,072	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	114,677	114,677	114,677	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	217,056	217,056	217,056	
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	132,989	132,989	132,989	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	1,202,098	1,202,098	1,202,098	
CECI Realty Corp.	140,907	140,907	140,907	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	10,311,974	10,311,974	10,311,974	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	961,682	961,682	961,682	
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	98,200	98,200	98,200	
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	659,261	659,261	659,261	
Makati Development Corporation	1,000	1,000	1,000	
MDBI Construction Corp.	440,933	440,933	440,933	
MDC Congrete, Inc.	447,765	447,765	447,765	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	1,313,516	1,313,516	1,313,516	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	473,501	473,501	473,501	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	343,370	343,370	343,370	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	199,976	199,976	199,976	
Nuevocentro, Inc.	395,136	395,136	395,136	
Orion Land, Inc.	188,992	188,992	188,992	
Roxas Land Corp.	141,400	141,400	141,400	
Serendra Inc.	696,350	696,350	696,350	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	304,035	304,035	304,035	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	963,209	963,209	963,209	
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	92,140	92,140	92,140	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	1,114,385	1,114,385	1,114,385	
Tutuban Properties, Inc.	283,763	283,763	283,763	
Vesta Property Holdings Inc.	260,893	260,893	260,893	
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	20,418	20,418	20,418	
Sub-Total	33,895,836	33,895,836	33,895,836	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ARVO COMMERCIAL CORP.			
	Receivable Balance per ARVO	Payable Balance per ALI		
	COMMERCIAL CORP.	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	27,270	27,270	27,270	
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	168,114	168,114	168,114	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	232,036	232,036	232,036	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	6,290	6,290	6,290	
Primavera Towncentre, Inc.	308,275	308,275	308,275	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	13,450	13,450	13,450	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	1,860	1,860	1,860	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	1,670	1,670	1,670	
Sub-Total	758,964	758,964	758,964	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AURORA PROPERTIES, INC.			
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		
	AURORA PROPERTIES, INC.	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Airswift Transport, Inc.	559,161	559,161	559,161	
Alveo Land Corporation	1,003,294	1,003,294	1,003,294	
Amaia Land Corporation	25,000	25,000	25,000	
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	8,511,156	8,511,156	8,511,156	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	31,300,657	31,300,657	31,300,657	
Avida Land Corporation	192,272,029	192,272,029	192,272,029	
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc	90,976	90,976	90,976	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	871	871	871	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	5,078,576	5,078,576	5,078,576	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	18,165,396	18,165,396	18,165,396	
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	25,032,813	25,032,813	25,032,813	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	10,029,856	10,029,856	10,029,856	
CECI Realty Corp.	167,851	167,851	167,851	
Chirica Resorts Corporation	726	726	726	
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	1,086,535	1,086,535	1,086,535	
HLC Development Corporation	129,744,280	129,744,280	129,744,280	
Makati Development Corporation	7,680	7,680	7,680	
North Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	150,470	150,470	150,470	
Nuevocentro, Inc.	55,359	55,359	55,359	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	1,501,969	1,501,969	1,501,969	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	30,996,047	30,996,047	30,996,047	

Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	5,300,456	5,300,456	5,300,456	
Vesta Property Holdings Inc.	27,739	27,739	27,739	
Sub-Total	461,108,894	461,108,894	461,108,894	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AVIDA LAND CORP. & SUBSIDIARIES				
	Receivable Balance per				
	AVIDA LAND CORP. &	Payable Balance per ALI			
	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	41,288,841	41,288,841	41,288,841		
Airswift Transport, Inc.	1,491,212	1,491,212	1,491,212		
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	30,314,297	30,314,297	30,314,297		
ALI-CII Development Corporation	75,000	75,000	75,000		
Alveo Land Corporation	26,473,269	26,473,269	26,473,269		
Amaia Land Corp.	122,389,405	122,389,405	122,389,405		
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	(37,785,777)	(37,785,777)	(37,785,777)		
Arvo Commercial Corp	23,933,288	23,933,288	23,933,288		
Asian I-Office Properties, Inc.	33,699,238	33,699,238	33,699,238		
Aurora Properties, Inc.	39,711,466	39,711,466	39,711,466		
Avencosouth Corp.	62,885,811	62,885,811	62,885,811		
Avida Land Corp.	(2,716,965,428)	(2,716,965,428)	(2,716,965,428)		
Avida Sales Corp.	(76,578,789)	(76,578,789)	(76,578,789)		
Ayala Greenfield Devt Cor	566,617,788	566,617,788	566,617,788		
Ayala Hotels, Inc.	25,702	25,702	25,702		
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc	12,517,676	12,517,676	12,517,676		
Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp	8,427,240	8,427,240	8,427,240		
Ayala Theaters Mgt, Inc.	69,503	69,503	69,503		
Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	241,224,601	241,224,601	241,224,601		
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	242,413	242,413	242,413		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	59,755	59,755	59,755		
BellaVita Land Corp.	354,788,719	354,788,719	354,788,719		
BG North Properties Inc.	2,744,696,927	2,744,696,927	2,744,696,927		
BG West Properties, Inc	43,618	43,618	43,618		
Buklod Bahayan Realty Devt Corp	21,511,337	21,511,337	21,511,337		
CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp	385,412,045	385,412,045	385,412,045		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	495,288	495,288	495,288		
CECI Realty Corp.	33,843	33,843	33,843		
Central Block Dev., Inc.	10,024,063	10,024,063	10,024,063		
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	3,025,573	3,025,573	3,025,573		
HLC Development Corporation	17,118,531	17,118,531	17,118,531		
Laguna Technopark Inc.	20,311,081	20,311,081	20,311,081		
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	2,134	2,134	2,134		
Makati Development Corp.	1,470,550	1,470,550	1,470,550		
MDC Build Plus, Inc.	93,747	93,747	93,747		
Nuevocentro Inc.	444,759,011	444,759,011	444,759,011		
Orion Land Inc.	154,493,000	154,493,000	154,493,000		
Roxas Land Corp.	533,019	533,019	533,019		
Serendra Inc.	2,498,773	2,498,773	2,498,773		
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	3,051,585	3,051,585	3,051,585		
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	1,138	1,138	1,138		
Station Square East Commercial Corp	420,337	420,337	420,337		
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	2,566,619	2,566,619	2,566,619		
Ten Knots Philippines, In	236,014	236,014	236,014		
Vesta Prop. Holdings, Inc	18,367	18,367	18,367		
Sub-Total	2,547,721,831	2,547,721,831	2,547,721,831	-	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALA HOTELS, INC.			
		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per AHI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Airswift Transport, Inc.	2,897,946	2,897,946	2,897,946	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	760,051	760,051	760,051	
Amaia Land Corporation	400,675,799	400,675,799	400,675,799	
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	55,646,747	55,646,747	55,646,747	
Arcasouth Hotel Ventures, Inc.	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	64,907,523	64,907,523	64,907,523	
Avida Land Corporation	2,152,829	2,152,829	2,152,829	
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc	4,500,000	4,500,000	4,500,000	
AyalaLand Hotels and Resorts Corp.	755,532	755,532	755,532	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	10,135,049	10,135,049	10,135,049	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	198,822	198,822	198,822	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	653,488,565	653,488,565	653,488,565	
BellaVita Land Corp.	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	

Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	253,734,484	253,734,484	253,734,484	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	299,027,256	299,027,256	299,027,256	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	163,929,000	163,929,000	163,929,000	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	673,883,241	673,883,241	673,883,241	
Chirica Resorts Corporation	16,117	16,117	16,117	
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	105,330,786	105,330,786	105,330,786	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	59,273,546	59,273,546	59,273,546	
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	5,413,955	5,413,955	5,413,955	
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures Inc.	42,947,370	42,947,370	42,947,370	
HLC Development Corporation	7,486,387	7,486,387	7,486,387	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	189,110,277	189,110,277	189,110,277	
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	427	427	427	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	107,052,201	107,052,201	107,052,201	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	689,464	689,464	689,464	
Solinea Inc.	18,258	18,258	18,258	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	28,875,807	28,875,807	28,875,807	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	7,348,017	7,348,017	7,348,017	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	13,172,759	13,172,759	13,172,759	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	14,017	14,017	14,017	
	(357,822)	(357,822)	(357,822)	
ALI Capital Corp.	118,170	118,170	118,170	
Sub-Total Sub-Total	3,160,202,579	3,160,202,579	3,160,202,579	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALA LAND INTERNATIONAL SALES, INC. & SUBS.				
	Receivable Balance per ALISI	Payable Balance per ALI			
	& Subs	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Alveo Land Corporation	64,315,596	64,315,596	64,315,596		
Amaia Land Corp.	10,866,041	10,866,041	10,866,041		
Aviana Development Corp.	389,500	389,500	389,500		
Avida Land Corp.	135,721,217	135,721,217	135,721,217		
Ayala Greenfield Devt Cor	316,989	316,989	316,989		
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc	(14,972,639)	(14,972,639)	(14,972,639)		
Ayala Land Intl Mktg. SRL	7,663,370	7,663,370	7,663,370		
Ayala Land Int'l Mktg.inc	5,116,947	5,116,947	5,116,947		
AyalaLand International (Hong Kong) Limited	2,192,321	2,192,321	2,192,321		
BellaVita Land Corp.	1,611,185	1,611,185	1,611,185	•	
Nuevocentro Inc.	31,568	31,568	31,568		
Sub-Total	213,252,095	213,252,095	213,252,095	·	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALA LAND SALES, INC.				
		Payable Balance per ALI			
	Receivable Balance per ALSI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Amaia Land Corporation	4,218,534	4,218,534	4,218,534		
Aviana Development Corporation	268,806	268,806	268,806		
Avida Land Corporation	77,188	77,188	77,188		
Ayala Greenfield Development Corp	9,629,958	9,629,958	9,629,958		
BellaVita Land Corp.	52,832	52,832	52,832		
HLC Development Corporation	9,721,118	9,721,118	9,721,118		
Nuevocentro, Inc.	473,510	473,510	473,510		
Soltea Commercial Corp.	30,453,096	30,453,096	30,453,096		
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	47,395	47,395	47,395		
Sub-Total	54,942,436	54,942,436	54,942,436		

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALA PROPERTY MANAGEMENT CORP. & Subsidiaries				
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI			
	APMC & Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	835,660	835,660	835,660		
Alabang Commercial Corp.	105,396	105,396	105,396		
ALI Commercial Center,Inc	4,263,833	4,263,833	4,263,833		
Alveo Land Corporation	9,498,490	9,498,490	9,498,490		
Alviera Country Club, Inc	12,400	12,400	12,400		
Amaia Land Corp.	90,748,065	90,748,065	90,748,065		
Amaia Southern Properties, Inc.	1,032,644	1,032,644	1,032,644		
Arca South Comm.Vent.Corp	23,398,862	23,398,862	23,398,862		
Arca South Integrated	1,211,693	1,211,693	1,211,693		
AREIT, Inc	9,140,078	9,140,078	9,140,078		
Arvo Commercial Corp	51,941,702	51,941,702	51,941,702		
Aurora Properties, Inc.	255,405	255,405	255,405		
Avida Land Corp.	10,882,756	10,882,756	10,882,756		
Ayala Greenfield Devt Cor	328,747	328,747	328,747		

Ayala Hotels, Inc.	1,430,717	1,430,717	1,430,717	
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc	144,000	144,000	144,000	
Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	1,090,367	1,090,367	1,090,367	
AYALALAND HOTELS AND RES	45,609	45,609	45,609	
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	448,000	448,000	448,000	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	1448,000	448,000	1448,000	
AyalaLand Offices, Inc.	290,950	290,950	290,950	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	642,567,623	642,567,623	642,567,623	
BG North Properties Inc.	791,736	791,736	791,736	
BG West Properties, Inc	5,997,326	5,997,326	5,997,326	
BGSouth Properties, Inc.	979,831	979,831	979,831	
Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc.	189,974	189,974	189,974	
CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp	848,008	848,008	848,008	
Capitol Central Hotel Ventures, Inc.	756,040	756,040	756,040	
Captl Cntrl Com Vent Corp	60,230,258	60,230,258	60,230,258	
Cavite Comml Town Center	128,480	128,480	128,480	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	6,687,665	6,687,665	6,687,665	
Cebu Insular Hotel	134,400	134,400	134,400	
Cebu Property Ventures	123,480	123,480	123,480	
CECI Realty Corp.	476,462	476,462	476,462	
Central Block Dev., Inc.	6,013,063	6,013,063	6,013,063	
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	1,291,817	1,291,817	1,291,817	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	126,270,262	126,270,262	126,270,262	
Eco North Resort Ventures	134,400	134,400	134,400	
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures Inc.	134,400	134,400	134,400	
First Gateway Real Estate Corp	461,014	461,014	461,014	
Glensworth Development, Inc.	144,669	144,669	144,669	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	10,025,208	10,025,208	10,025,208	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	10,031,004	10,031,004	10,031,004	
Makati Cornerstone Leasin	5,997,297	5,997,297	5,997,297	
Makati Development Corp.	929,600	929,600	929,600	
North Eastern Comm Corp	1,753,123	1,753,123	1,753,123	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	432,180	432,180	432,180	
North Triangle Hotel Vent	160,918	160,918	160,918	
North Ventures Com Corp	229,012	229,012	229,012	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	255,696	255,696	255,696	
Nuevocentro Inc.	4,440,493	4,440,493	4,440,493	
Portico Land Corp.	3,272,985	3,272,985	3,272,985	
Roxas Land Corp.	2,941,120	2,941,120	2,941,120	
Sentera Hotel Ventures Inc.	134,400	134,400	134,400	
Serendra Inc.	17,621,018	17,621,018	17,621,018	
Solinea Inc.	9,161,240	9,161,240	9,161,240	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	432,180	432,180	432,180	
Southcrest Hotel Ventures	134,400	134,400	134,400	
Subic Bay Town Centre Inc	308,700	308,700	308,700	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	673,517	673,517	673,517	
Sunnyfield E-Office Corp.	340,197	340,197	340,197	
Ten Knots Philippines, In	4,869	4,869	4,869	
Tutuban Properties, Inc.	1,841,980	1,841,980	1,841,980	
Vesta Prop. Holdings, Inc	717,014	717,014	717,014	
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	4,168,998	4,168,998	4,168,998	
Sub-Total	1,137,473,432	1,137,473,432	1,137,473,432	-

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALA THEATERS MANAGEMENT, INC.			
		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per ATMI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Accendo Commercial Corp	127	127	127	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	1,000	1,000	1,000	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	60,066	60,066	60,066	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	2,999	2,999	2,999	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	68,112	68,112	68,112	
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	675	675	675	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	147,423	147,423	147,423	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	115,512	115,512	115,512	
Sub-Total	395,914	395,914	395,914	=

	Amount O	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALALAND CLUB MANAGEMENT, INC.				
		Payable Balance per ALI				
	Receivable Balance per ACMI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc	5,309,510	5,309,510	5,309,510			
Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club, Inc.	2,817,241	2,817,241	2,817,241			

APRISA Business Process Solutions, Inc	4,500	4,500	4,500	
Ayala Land Sales Inc.	112,000	112,000	112,000	
Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	73,500	73,500	73,500	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	500	500	500	
AyalaLand Offices, Inc.	1,500	1,500	1,500	
Ayalaland Premier, Inc.	362,500	362,500	362,500	
Nuevocentro, Inc.	1,461,000	1,461,000	1,461,000	
Verde Golf Development Corporation	2,697,002	2,697,002	2,697,002	
Sub-Total	12.839.252	12.839.252	12.839.252	-

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALALAND COMMERCIAL REIT, INC.			
		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per ALCRI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Amaia Land Corporation	22,279,203	22,279,203	22,279,203	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	1,952,559	1,952,559	1,952,559	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	15,019,688	15,019,688	15,019,688	
HLC Development Corporation	25,054,427	25,054,427	25,054,427	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	35,045,938	35,045,938	35,045,938	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	25,060,156	25,060,156	25,060,156	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	53,564,367	53,564,367	53,564,367	_
Amaia Land Corporation	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	
Sub-Total	182 976 338	182 976 338	182 976 338	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALALAND ESTATES, INC.			
		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per AEI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Airswift Transport, Inc.	15,024,609	15,024,609	15,024,609	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	726,143	726,143	726,143	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	29,479,193	29,479,193	29,479,193	
Avida Land Corporation	14,035	14,035	14,035	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	10,215,437	10,215,437	10,215,437	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	41,631	41,631	41,631	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	21,287,188	21,287,188	21,287,188	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	56,573,879	56,573,879	56,573,879	
CECI Realty Corp.	8,092	8,092	8,092	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	72,148,771	72,148,771	72,148,771	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	27,157,919	27,157,919	27,157,919	
HLC Development Corporation	34,074,021	34,074,021	34,074,021	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	16,827,563	16,827,563	16,827,563	
Makati Development Corporation	25,000	25,000	25,000	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	38,429,110	38,429,110	38,429,110	
Nuevocentro, Inc.	29,952	29,952	29,952	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	19,333,425	19,333,425	19,333,425	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	134,529,003	134,529,003	134,529,003	
Vesta Property Holdings Inc.	7,416	7,416	7,416	
Sub-Total	475,932,386	475,932,386	475,932,386	

	Amount 0	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALA HOTELS & RESORTS GROUP			
	Receivable Balance per AHRC	Payable Balance per ALI			
	& Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	45,040	45,040	45,040		
ALI Makati Hotel and Residences, Inc.	2,784,307,704	2,784,307,704	2,784,307,704		
ALI Makati Hotel Property, Inc.	(2,355,131,287)	(2,355,131,287)	(2,355,131,287)		
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	985,624,476	985,624,476	985,624,476		
ArcaSouth Hotel Ventures	70,834	70,834	70,834		
Asiatown Hotel Ventures, Inc.	267,617,564	267,617,564	267,617,564		
Ayala Hotels, Inc.	362	362	362		
Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp	370,404	370,404	370,404		
AYALALAND HOTELS AND RES	(2,274,377,913)	(2,274,377,913)	(2,274,377,913)		
AyalaLand Offices, Inc.	3,030	3,030	3,030		
Bay Area Hotel Ventures, Inc.	(8,799,070)	(8,799,070)	(8,799,070)		
BellaVita Land Corp.	427	427	427		
Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc.	(24,304,107)	(24,304,107)	(24,304,107)		
Capitol Central Hotel Ventures, Inc.	52,027,084	52,027,084	52,027,084		
Cebu Insular Hotel	(6,909,201)	(6,909,201)	(6,909,201)		
Central Block Dev., Inc.	1,057,108	1,057,108	1,057,108		
Chirica Resorts Corporation	6,750	6,750	6,750		
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	142,610,601	142,610,601	142,610,601		
Eco North Resort Ventures	386,502,713	386,502,713	386,502,713		
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures Inc.	96,184,720	96,184,720	96,184,720		

Enjay Hotels, Inc.	(373,841,366)	(373,841,366)	(373,841,366)	
Greenhaven Property Venture, Inc.	(284,923,256)	(284,923,256)	(284,923,256)	
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	2,463,553	2,463,553	2,463,553	
Makati Development Corp.	4,553	4,553	4,553	
Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc.	158,883,456	158,883,456	158,883,456	
North Triangle Hotel Vent	508,455,890	508,455,890	508,455,890	
Northgate Hotel Ventures, Inc.	3,892,175	3,892,175	3,892,175	
One Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	(18,628,257)	(18,628,257)	(18,628,257)	
One Makati Residential Ventures, Inc.	(22,860,700)	(22,860,700)	(22,860,700)	
Pangulasian Isl Rsrt Corp	6,750	6,750	6,750	
Sentera Hotel Ventures Inc.	(45,542,537)	(45,542,537)	(45,542,537)	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	(799,230)	(799,230)	(799,230)	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	27,359,723	27,359,723	27,359,723	
Southcrest Hotel Ventures	2,579,983	2,579,983	2,579,983	
Ten Knots Dev., Corp.	4,767,940	4,767,940	4,767,940	
Ten Knots Philippines, In	672	672	672	
Sub-Total	8,726,589	8,726,589	8,726,589	-

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALALAND LOGISTICS HOLDINGS CORP. (Conso)			
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		
	ALLHC & Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Airswift Transport, Inc.	285,731	285,731	285,731	
Airswift Transport, Inc.	24,064,597	24,064,597	24,064,597	
ALI Commercial Center,Inc	1,353,359	1,353,359	1,353,359	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	185,333	185,333	185,333	
Amaia Land Corp.	23,828,402	23,828,402	23,828,402	
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	5,770,114	5,770,114	5,770,114	
Arvo Commercial Corp	23,504,611	23,504,611	23,504,611	
Avida Land Corp.	3,648,896	3,648,896	3,648,896	
Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp	1,233	1,233	1,233	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	(577,158,044)	(577,158,044)	(577,158,044)	
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	1,321,755	1,321,755	1,321,755	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	(97,009)	(97,009)	(97,009)	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	20,136,261	20,136,261	20,136,261	
CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp	1,088,664	1,088,664	1,088,664	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	26,177,403	26,177,403	26,177,403	
Central Block Dev., Inc.	39,888,031	39,888,031	39,888,031	
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	4,429,223	4,429,223	4,429,223	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	6,013,063	6,013,063	6,013,063	
Eco North Resort Ventures	37,840	37,840	37,840	
Ecozone Power Management, Inc.	184,287	184,287	184,287	
Esta Galleria, Inc.	10,173,252	10,173,252	10,173,252	
FLT Prime Insurance Corp.	164,825	164,825	164,825	
HLC Development Corporation	58,624	58,624	58,624	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	147,241,351	147,241,351	147,241,351	
LCI Commercial Ventures Inc.	428,498,809	428,498,809	428,498,809	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	(50,600)	(50,600)	(50,600)	
Makati Development Corp.	62,727	62,727	62,727	
North Eastern Comm Corp	3,223,174	3,223,174	3,223,174	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	21,290	21,290	21,290	
North Triangle Hotel Vent	86,483	86,483	86,483	
North Ventures Com Corp	580	580	580	
Nuevocentro Inc.	1,189,629	1,189,629	1,189,629	
Orion I Holdings Philippines, Inc.	(229,344,415)	(229,344,415)	(229,344,415)	
Orion Land Inc.	(142,803,577)	(142,803,577)	(142,803,577)	
Orion Property Development, Inc.	157,126,682	157,126,682	157,126,682	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	8,010,500	8,010,500	8,010,500	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	10,798,035	10,798,035	10,798,035	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	6,340	6,340	6,340	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	1,400,211	1,400,211	1,400,211	
Ten Knots Philippines, In	36,227	36,227	36,227	
TPI Holdings Corporation	(210,820,026)	(210,820,026)	(210,820,026)	
Tutuban Properties, Inc.	296,809,543	296,809,543	296,809,543	
Unity Realty & Development Corporation	130,100,566	130,100,566	130,100,566	
Sub-Total	216,653,982	216,653,982	216,653,982	

	Amount	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALALAND MALLS SYNERGIES, INC.				
		Payable Balance per ALI				
	Receivable Balance per AMSI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
AyalaLand Commercial REIT, Inc.	345	345	345			
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	619,047	619,047	619,047			

Esta Galleria, Inc.	1,167,407	1,167,407	1,167,407	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	151,198	151,198	151,198	
LCI Commercial Ventures Inc.	88,482	88,482	88,482	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	29,864	29,864	29,864	
Orion Land, Inc.	176,076	176,076	176,076	
Orion Property Development, Inc.	150	150	150	
Tutuban Properties, Inc.	376,619	376,619	376,619	
Sub-Total	2,609,189	2,609,189	2,609,189	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALALAND MALLS, INC. (Conso)			
	Receivable Balance per ALMI	Payable Balance per ALI		
	& Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Accendo Commercial Corp	4,168,521	4,168,521	4,168,521	
Adauge Commercial Corp.	525,251	525,251	525,251	
Alabang Commercial Corp.	1,050,259	1,050,259	1,050,259	
ALI Commercial Center,Inc	100,239	100,239	100,239	
Arvo Commercial Corp	3,101,298	3,101,298	3,101,298	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	856,258	856,258	856,258	
Ayalaland Malls Northeast, Inc.	1	1	1	
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	239,473	239,473	239,473	
Ayalaland Malls Vismin, Inc.	166,361	166,361	166,361	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	300,000	300,000	300,000	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	47,356	47,356	47,356	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	4,994,369	4,994,369	4,994,369	
CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp	19,026	19,026	19,026	
Captl Cntrl Com Vent Corp	2,596,261	2,596,261	2,596,261	
Cavite Comml Town Center	1,792,996	1,792,996	1,792,996	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	2,416,318	2,416,318	2,416,318	
Central Block Dev., Inc.	3,297,440	3,297,440	3,297,440	
Esta Galleria, Inc.	217,728	217,728	217,728	
Makati Cornerstone Leasin	32,617	32,617	32,617	
North Eastern Comm Corp	5,210,437	5,210,437	5,210,437	
North Ventures Com Corp	32,626	32,626	32,626	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	621,355	621,355	621,355	
Nuevocentro Inc.	2,415	2,415	2,415	
Orion Land Inc.	1,561,017	1,561,017	1,561,017	
Orion Land, Inc.	646,844	646,844	646,844	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	264,872	264,872	264,872	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	4,662,444	4,662,444	4,662,444	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	1,049,077	1,049,077	1,049,077	
Subic Bay Town Centre Inc	3,601,614	3,601,614	3,601,614	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	812,899	812,899	812,899	
Sub-Total	44,387,370	44,387,370	44,387,370	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALALAND MEDICAL FACILITIES LEASING, INC.					
	Receivable Balance per	Receivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI				
	AMFLI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
Whiteknight Holdings, Inc.	291	291	291			
Sub-Total	291	291	291			

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALAND METRO NORTH, INC.				
		Payable Balance per ALI			
	Receivable Balance per AMNI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	990	990	990		
Alabang Commercial Corporation	99,550	99,550	99,550		
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	279,963	279,963	279,963		
Alveo Land Corporation	273,336	273,336	273,336		
Amaia Land Corporation	1,273,780	1,273,780	1,273,780		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	3,039,594	3,039,594	3,039,594		
Avida Land Corporation	5,570	5,570	5,570		
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	9,949,661	9,949,661	9,949,661		
AyalaLand Offices, Inc.	2,114	2,114	2,114		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	248,547	248,547	248,547		
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	4,049,941	4,049,941	4,049,941		
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	230,892	230,892	230,892		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	12,579,322	12,579,322	12,579,322		
Central Block Developers, Inc.	16,616	16,616	16,616		
HLC Development Corporation	11,224,383	11,224,383	11,224,383		
Laguna Technopark Inc.	436,971	436,971	436,971		
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	42,653	42,653	42,653		

North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	46,627	46,627	46,627	
		,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	9,300	9,300	9,300	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	8,461	8,461	8,461	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	3,046,290	3,046,290	3,046,290	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	100	100	100	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	500	500	500	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	1,350	1,350	1,350	
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	5,500	5,500	5,500	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	9,994	9,994	9,994	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	33,461	33,461	33,461	
UP North Property Holdings, Inc.	5,314	5,314	5,314	
Sub-Total	46,920,780	46,920,780	46,920,780	-

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to AYALALAND OFFICES, INC. (Conso)			
	Receivable Balance per ALO	Payable Balance per ALI		
	& Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Airswift Transport, Inc.	38,054,031	38,054,031	38,054,031	
Alabang Commercial Corp.	79,262	79,262	79,262	
ALI Commercial Center,Inc	7,840	7,840	7,840	
ALO Prime Realty Corporation	561,210,604	561,210,604	561,210,604	
Amaia Land Corp.	201,234,300	201,234,300	201,234,300	
AREIT, Inc	2,996,547	2,996,547	2,996,547	
Arvo Commercial Corp	214,641,329	214,641,329	214,641,329	
Avida Land Corp.	2,023,425	2,023,425	2,023,425	
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc	40,320	40,320	40,320	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	79,032,458	79,032,458	79,032,458	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	231,717	231,717	231,717	
AyalaLand Offices, Inc.	3,752,278	3,752,278	3,752,278	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	105,112,762	105,112,762	105,112,762	
CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp	70,500,100	70,500,100	70,500,100	
Captl Cntrl Com Vent Corp	22,710,923	22,710,923	22,710,923	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	20,087,620	20,087,620	20,087,620	
CECI Realty Corp.	3,651,748	3,651,748	3,651,748	
Central Block Dev., Inc.	1,342,454,354	1,342,454,354	1,342,454,354	
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	9,192,513	9,192,513	9,192,513	
Eco North Resort Ventures	524,054	524,054	524,054	
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures Inc.	3,767,165	3,767,165	3,767,165	
First Gateway Real Estate Corp	1,614,104	1,614,104	1,614,104	
Glensworth Development, Inc.	809,766	809,766	809,766	
Hillsford Property Corporation	803,326	803,326	803,326	
HLC Development Corporation	77,587,995	77,587,995	77,587,995	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	3,678,609	3,678,609	3,678,609	
Makati Cornerstone Leasin	1,878,498	1,878,498	1,878,498	
Makati Development Corp.	560,464	560,464	560,464	
North Eastern Comm Corp	2,176,235	2,176,235	2,176,235	
North Ventures Com Corp	50,330	50,330	50,330	
Nuevocentro Inc.	141,120	141,120	141,120	
Orion Land Inc.	29,420	29,420	29,420	<u> </u>
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	42,673,121	42,673,121	42,673,121	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	18,619,976	18,619,976	18,619,976	
Sunnyfield E-Office Corp.	50,083,477	50,083,477	50,083,477	
Ten Knots Philippines, In	40,832,620	40,832,620	40,832,620	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	331,763	331,763	331,763	
UP North Prop Holdings	3,400,192	3,400,192	3,400,192	
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	463,844,310	463,844,310	463,844,310	
Sub-Total	3,390,420,677	3,390,420,677	3,390,420,677	=

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to BAY CITY COMMERCIAL VENTURES CORP.			
	Receivable Balance per BAY	Payable Balance per ALI		
	CITY	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	37,820	37,820	37,820	
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	3,743,053	3,743,053	3,743,053	
Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc	9,181	9,181	9,181	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	145,869	145,869	145,869	
Avida Land Corporation	562,155	562,155	562,155	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	17,889	17,889	17,889	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	2,431	2,431	2,431	
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	146,394	146,394	146,394	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	3,710	3,710	3,710	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	71,955	71,955	71,955	

South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	500	500	500	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	3,730	3,730	3,730	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	7,480,909	7,480,909	7,480,909	
Sub-Total	22,225,594	22,225,594	22,225,594	-

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to BELLAVITA LAND CORP.			
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		
	BELLAVITA	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Amaia Land Corporation	19,451	19,451	19,451	
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	175,825	175,825	175,825	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	128,800	128,800	128,800	
Avida Land Corporation	556,515	556,515	556,515	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	10,090,740	10,090,740	10,090,740	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	112,827	112,827	112,827	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	27,310	27,310	27,310	
Makati Development Corporation	111,255	111,255	111,255	
MDC Build Plus, Inc.	1,165,938	1,165,938	1,165,938	
Primavera Towncentre, Inc.	1,486,693	1,486,693	1,486,693	
Red Creek Properties, Inc.	1,899,778	1,899,778	1,899,778	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	558,599	558,599	558,599	
Sub-Total	16,333,732	16,333,732	16,333,732	

	Amo	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to BG WEST PROPERTIES, INC.					
	Receivable Balance per BG	eivable Balance per BG Payable Balance per ALI					
	WEST	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current			
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:							
Ayala Greenfield Development Corp	325,208	325,208	325,208				
BG West Properties, Inc	194,500	194,500	194,500				
Makati Development Corporation	9,427,708	9,427,708	9,427,708				
Sub-Total	9,947,416	9,947,416	9,947,416				

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to CAGAYAN DE ORO GATEWAY CORP.			
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		
	CDOGC	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Accendo Commercial Corp	47,897	47,897	47,897	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	41,285	41,285	41,285	
Alveo Land Corporation	595,668	595,668	595,668	
Amaia Land Corporation	2,000	2,000	2,000	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	180	180	180	
Avida Land Corporation	10,000	10,000	10,000	
Ayala Property Management Corporation	6,000	6,000	6,000	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	18,142	18,142	18,142	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	200	200	200	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	11,500	11,500	11,500	
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	69,018	69,018	69,018	
Lagdigan Land Corporation	158,782	158,782	158,782	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	(44,734)	(44,734)	(44,734)	
Makati Development Corporation	4,000	4,000	4,000	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	600	600	600	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	11,290	11,290	11,290	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	50	50	50	
Northgate Hotel Ventures, Inc.	4,981,614	4,981,614	4,981,614	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	200	200	200	
Sub-Total	5,913,691	5,913,691	5,913,691	•

	Amount Owed b	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to CAPITOL CENTRAL COMMERCIAL VENTURES CORP.			
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI			
	CAPITOL CENTRAL	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Adauge Commercial Corp.	5,258	5,258	5,258		
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	6,490	6,490	6,490		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	22,489	22,489	22,489		
Avida Land Corporation	148,542	148,542	148,542		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	15,230	15,230	15,230		
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	5,500	5,500	5,500		
Station Square East Commercial Corp	870	870	870		
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	519,403	519,403	519,403		
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	37,388	37,388	37,388		
Sub-Total	761,169	761,169	761,169		

Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to CAVITE COMMERCIAL TOWNCENTER INC.

		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per CCTCI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Alveo Land Corporation	5,753	5,753	5,753	
Amaia Land Corporation	285,455	285,455	285,455	
Avida Land Corporation	131,494	131,494	131,494	
Ayala Property Management Corporation	564,520	564,520	564,520	
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	247,609	247,609	247,609	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	4,000	4,000	4,000	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	1,199	1,199	1,199	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	28,644	28,644	28,644	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	4	4	4	
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	6,116	6,116	6,116	
Makati Development Corporation	39,280	39,280	39,280	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	28,960	28,960	28,960	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	137,276	137,276	137,276	
Sub-Total	1,480,311	1,480,311	1,480,311	

		Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to CEBU HOLDINGS, INC. (Conso)			
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:		Receivable Balance per CHI	Payable Balance per ALI		
Accendo Commercial Corp		(Conso)	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Madage Commercial Corp. 136,282 136,282 136,282 136,282 Airswift Transport, Inc. 11,016	Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Airswift Transport, Inc. 11,016 11,016 11,016 Airswift Transport, Inc. 25,954,428 25,954,428 25,954,428 All Commercial Center, Inc 536,842 536,842 536,842 Alveo Land Corporation 460,193 460,193 460,193 Amaia Land Corp. 22,290,171 22,290,171 22,290,171 Amaia Southern Properties, Inc. 484,620 484,620 484,620 Aricassa Process Solutions, Inc 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 Arvo Commercial Corp 55,386,805 55,386,805 55,386,805 Avaina Development Corp. 900 900 900 Aviana Development Corp. 900 900 900 Avala Evan Christor 1,075,079,322 1,075,079,322 1,075,079,322 Ayala Land Sales, Inc. 2,95,87 29,587 29,587 Ayala Evan Might Corp 3,1191 31,191 31,191 Ayala Frop Might Corp 3,191 3,1191 31,191 Ayala Frop Might Corp 31,191 3,191 3,191	Accendo Commercial Corp	476,216	476,216	476,216	
Airswift Transport, Inc. 25,954,428 25,954,428 25,954,428 All Commercial Center, Inc 336,842 536,842 536,842 All Commercial Center, Inc 460,193 460,193 460,193 Amaia Comporter Properties, Inc. 484,620 484,620 484,620 Amia Souther Properties, Inc. 484,620 484,620 484,620 Amicass Process Solutions, Inc 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 Arvo Commercial Corp 55,386,805 55,386,805 55,386,805 Asian I-Office Properties, Inc. 141,437,566 141,437,566 141,437,566 Avian an Development Corp. 900 900 900 900 Avial Land International Sales, Inc. 29,587 29,587 29,587 29,587 Ayala Land International Sales, Inc. 2,303,726 2,303,726 2,303,726 2,303,726 Ayala Prop. Mngt. Corp 31,191 31,191 31,191 31,191 Ayala Prop. Mngt. Corp 31,191 31,191 31,191 Ayala Prop. Mngt. Corp 165,651,029 65,651,029	Adauge Commercial Corp.	136,282	136,282	136,282	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc. \$36,842 \$36,842 \$36,842 \$36,842 \$36,842 \$36,842 \$460,193	Airswift Transport, Inc.	11,016	11,016	11,016	
Aveo Land Corporation 460,193 460,193 460,193 460,193 Amaia Land Corp. 22,290,171 22,290,170 22,290 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	Airswift Transport, Inc.	25,954,428	25,954,428	25,954,428	
Amaia Land Corp. 22,290,171 22,290,171 22,290,171 Amaia Southern Properties, Inc. 484,620 484,620 484,620 Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 Arvo Commercial Corp 55,386,805 55,386,805 55,386,805 Asian Hoffice Properties, Inc. 141,437,566 141,437,566 141,437,566 Avian Development Corp. 900 900 900 Avida Land Corp. 1,075,079,322 1,075,079,322 1,075,079,322 Ayala Land International Sales, Inc 29,587 29,587 29,587 Ayala Land Sales, Inc. 2,303,726 2,303,726 2,303,726 Ayala Prop. Mingt. Corp 31,191 31,191 31,191 Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. 65,651,029 65,651,029 65,651,029 Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. 162,600 162,600 162,600 Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp. 149,734,229 149,734,229 149,734,229 Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp. 11,763,947 11,763,947 11,763,947	ALI Commercial Center,Inc	536,842	536,842	536,842	
Amaia Southern Properties, Inc. 484,620 484,620 484,620 Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 Arvo Commercial Corp 55,386,805 55,386,805 55,386,805 Asian Loffice Properties, Inc. 141,437,566 141,437,566 141,437,566 Aviana Development Corp. 900 900 900 Avida Land Corp. 1,075,079,322 1,075,079,322 1,075,079,322 Ayala Land International Sales, Inc 29,587 29,587 29,587 Ayala Land Sales, Inc. 2,303,726 2,303,726 2,303,726 Ayala Land Sales, Inc. 31,191 31,191 31,191 Ayala Land Sales, Inc. 65,651,029 65,651,029 65,651,029 Ayalalar Oligistics Holdings Corp. 65,651,029 65,651,029 65,651,029 Ayalalard Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. 162,600 162,600 162,600 Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp. 149,734,229 149,734,229 149,734,229 CagyanheOro Gateway Corp 11,763,947 11,763,947 11,763,947 <	Alveo Land Corporation	460,193	460,193	460,193	
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,072,708 1,073,073,06 1,073,073,06 1,073,073,07 1,075,073,322 1,075,073,32 1,075,073,322 1,075,073,322 1,075,073,322 1,075,073,322 1,075,07	Amaia Land Corp.	22,290,171	22,290,171	22,290,171	
Arvo Commercial Corp	Amaia Southern Properties, Inc.	484,620	484,620	484,620	
Asian I-Office Properties, Inc. 141,437,566 141,437,566 141,437,566 Aviana Development Corp. 900 900 900 Avida Land Corp. 1,075,079,322 1,075,079,322 1,075,079,322 Ayala Land International Sales, Inc. 29,587 29,587 29,587 Ayala Land Sales, Inc. 2,303,726 2,303,726 2,303,726 Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp 31,191 31,191 31,191 Ayala Frop. Mngt.Corp 65,651,029 65,651,029 65,651,029 Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. 162,600 162,600 162,600 Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp. 149,734,229 149,734,229 149,734,229 149,734,229 149,734,229 149,734,229 129,734,229	Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	1,072,708	1,072,708	1,072,708	
Aviana Development Corp. 900 900 900 900 Avida Land Corp. 1,075,079,322 1,075,079,322 1,075,079,322 1,075,079,322 2 1,075,079,322 1,075,079,322 1,075,079,322 2 1,075,079,322 1,075,079,322 2 1,075,079,322 2 1,075,079,322 2 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,075,079,322 3 1,071,079,372 3 1,071,079,372 3 1,071,079,372 3 1,079,372 3	Arvo Commercial Corp	55,386,805	55,386,805	55,386,805	
Avida Land Corp. 1,075,079,322	Asian I-Office Properties, Inc.	141,437,566	141,437,566	141,437,566	
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc. 29,587 29,587 29,587 Ayala Land Sales, Inc. 2,303,726 2,303,726 2,303,726 2,303,726 Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp 31,191 31,191 31,191 Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. 65,651,029 65,651,029 65,651,029 Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. 162,600 162,600 162,600 Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp. 149,734,229 149,734,229 149,734,229 CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp 11,763,947 11,763,947 11,763,947 11,763,947 Capt Chril Com Vent Corp 12,517,981 12,517,981 12,517,981 12,517,981 Cebu Heisure Co. Inc. (166,018,874) (166,018,874) (166,018,874) (166,018,874) Central Block Dev., Inc. 79,847,999 79,847,999 79,847,999 79,847,999 Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation 40,439,111 40,439,111 40,439,111 LC Development Corporation 10,021,771 10,021,771 10,021,771 Laguna Technopark Inc. 26,558,674 26,558,674 26,558	Aviana Development Corp.	900	900	900	
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc. 29,587 29,587 29,587 Ayala Land Sales, Inc. 2,303,726 2,303,726 2,303,726 2,303,726 Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp 31,191 31,191 31,191 Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. 65,651,029 65,651,029 65,651,029 Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. 162,600 162,600 162,600 Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp. 149,734,229 149,734,229 149,734,229 CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp 11,763,947 11,763,947 11,763,947 11,763,947 Capt Chtrl Com Vent Corp 12,517,981 12,517,981 12,517,981 12,517,981 Cebu Heisure Co. Inc. (166,018,874) (166,018,874) (166,018,874) (166,018,874) Central Block Dev., Inc. 79,847,999 79,847,999 79,847,999 79,847,999 Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation 40,439,111 40,439,111 40,439,111 40,439,111 Le Overlopment Corporation 10,021,771 10,021,771 10,021,771 10,021,771 Laguan Technopark Inc. 26,558	Avida Land Corp.	1,075,079,322	1,075,079,322	1,075,079,322	
Ayala Land Sales, Inc. 2,303,726 2,303,726 2,303,726 Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp 31,191 31,191 31,191 Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. 65,651,029 65,651,029 Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. 162,600 162,600 Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp. 149,734,229 149,734,229 CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp 11,763,947 11,763,947 Capt Chrl Com Vent Corp 12,517,981 12,517,981 Cebu Holdings, Inc. 28,855,172 28,855,172 Cebu Holdings, Inc. (166,018,874) (166,018,874) Central Block Dev., Inc. (166,018,874) (166,018,874) Central Block Dev., Inc. 79,847,999 79,847,999 79,847,999 Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation 40,439,111 40,439,111 40,439,111 Eco North Resort Ventures 77,632 77,632 77,632 HLC Development Corporation 10,021,771 10,021,771 10,021,771 Lagiura Technopark Inc. 26,558,674 26,558,674 26,558,674 Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	Ayala Land International Sales, Inc				
Ayala Prop. Mngt.Corp 31,191 31,191 31,191 Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. 65,651,029 65,651,029 65,651,029 Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. 162,600 162,600 162,600 Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp. 149,734,229 149,734,229 149,734,229 CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp 11,763,947 11,763,947 11,763,947 Captl Chtrl Com Vent Corp 12,517,981 12,517,981 12,517,981 Cebu Holdings, Inc. 28,855,172 28,855,172 28,855,172 Cebu Leisure Co. Inc. (166,018,874) (166,018,874) (166,018,874) Central Block Dev., Inc. 79,847,999 79,847,999 79,847,999 Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation 40,439,111 40,439,111 40,439,111 Eco North Resort Ventures 77,632 77,632 77,632 HLC Development Corporation 10,021,771 10,021,771 10,021,771 Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc. 30,186 30,186 30,186 Makati Development Corp. 2,560,201 2,560,201 2,560,2	•		· · ·	-	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp. 65,651,029 65,651,029 65,651,029 Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. 162,600 162,600 162,600 Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp. 149,734,229 149,734,229 149,734,229 CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp 11,763,947 11,763,947 11,763,947 Captl Cntrl Com Vent Corp 12,517,981 12,517,981 12,517,981 Cebu Holdings, Inc. 28,855,172 28,855,172 28,855,172 Cebu Leisure Co. Inc. (166,018,874) (166,018,874) (166,018,874) Central Block Dev., Inc. 79,847,999 79,847,999 79,847,999 79,847,999 Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation 40,439,111 </td <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc. 162,600 162,600 162,600 Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp. 149,734,229 149,734,229 149,734,229 CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp 11,763,947 11,763,947 11,763,947 Capt Cntrl Com Vent Corp 12,517,981 12,517,981 12,517,981 Cebu Holdings, Inc. 28,855,172 28,855,172 28,855,172 Cebu Leisure Co. Inc. (166,018,874) (166,018,874) (166,018,874) Central Block Dev., Inc. 79,847,999 79,847,999 79,847,999 Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation 40,439,111 40,439,111 40,439,111 Eco North Resort Ventures 77,632 77,632 77,632 HLC Development Corporation 10,021,771 10,021,771 10,021,771 Laguna Technopark Inc. 26,558,674 26,558,674 26,558,674 Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc. 30,186 30,186 30,186 Makati Development Corp. 2,560,201 2,560,201 2,560,201 North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp 853,516 853,516		65.651.029	65.651.029		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp. 149,734,229 149,734,229 149,734,229 CagayanDeOro Gateway Corp 11,763,947 11,763,947 11,763,947 Captl Cntrl Com Vent Corp 12,517,981 12,517,981 12,517,981 Cebu Holdings, Inc. 28,855,172 28,855,172 28,855,172 Cebu Leisure Co. Inc. (166,018,874) (166,018,874) (166,018,874) Central Block Dev., Inc. 79,847,999 79,847,999 79,847,999 Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation 40,439,111 40,439,111 40,439,111 Eco North Resort Ventures 77,632 77,632 77,632 HLC Development Corporation 10,021,771 10,021,771 10,021,771 Laguna Technopark Inc. 26,558,674 26,558,674 26,558,674 Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc. 30,186 30,186 30,186 Makati Development Corp. 2,560,201 2,560,201 2,560,201 North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp 853,516 853,516 853,516 North Triangle Hotel Vent 18,783 18,783 18,783 <					
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Capt Cntrl Com Vent Corp 12,517,981 12,517,981 12,517,981 Cebu Holdings, Inc. 28,855,172 28,855,172 28,855,172 Cebu Leisure Co. Inc. (166,018,874) (166,018,874) (166,018,874) Central Block Dev., Inc. 79,847,999 79,847,999 79,847,999 79,847,999 Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation 40,439,111 40,439,111 40,439,111 Eco North Resort Ventures 77,632 77,632 77,632 HLC Development Corporation 10,021,771 10,021,771 10,021,771 Laguar Technopark Inc. 26,558,674 26,558,674 26,558,674 Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc. 30,186 30,186 30,186 Makati Development Corp. 2,560,201 2,560,201 2,560,201 North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp 853,516 853,516 853,516 North Triangle Hotel Vent 18,783 18,783 18,783 North Ventures Com Corp 200 200 200 NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation 19,354 19,354 19,354 <t< td=""><td>, ,</td><td></td><td></td><td>·</td><td></td></t<>	, ,			·	
Cebu Holdings, Inc. 28,855,172 28,855,172 28,855,172 Cebu Leisure Co. Inc. (166,018,874) (166,018,874) (166,018,874) Central Block Dev., Inc. 79,847,999 79,847,999 79,847,999 Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation 40,439,111 40,439,111 40,439,111 Eco North Resort Ventures 77,632 77,632 77,632 HLC Development Corporation 10,021,771 10,021,771 10,021,771 Laguna Technopark Inc. 26,558,674 26,558,674 26,558,674 Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc. 30,186 30,186 30,186 Makati Development Corp. 2,560,201 2,560,201 2,560,201 North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp 853,516 853,516 853,516 North Triangle Hotel Vent 18,783 18,783 18,783 North Ventures Com Corp 200 200 200 North Beacon Commercial Corporation 19,354 19,354 19,354 Nuevocentro Inc. 35,633 35,633 35,633 Serendra Inc. 1					
Cebu Leisure Co. Inc. (166,018,874) (166,018,874) (166,018,874) Central Block Dev., Inc. 79,847,999 79,847,999 79,847,999 Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation 40,439,111 40,439,111 40,439,111 Eco North Resort Ventures 77,632 77,632 77,632 HLC Development Corporation 10,021,771 10,021,771 10,021,771 Laguna Technopark Inc. 26,558,674 26,558,674 26,558,674 Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc. 30,186 30,186 30,186 Makati Development Corp. 2,560,201 2,560,201 2,560,201 North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp 853,516 853,516 853,516 North Triangle Hotel Vent 18,783 18,783 18,783 North Ventures Com Corp 200 200 200 North Beacon Commercial Corporation 19,354 19,354 19,354 Nuevocentro Inc. 35,633 35,633 35,633 Serendra Inc. 18,854 18,854 18,854 Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. <			1		
Central Block Dev., Inc. 79,847,999 79,847,999 79,847,999 Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation 40,439,111 40,439,111 40,439,111 Eco North Resort Ventures 77,632 77,632 77,632 HLC Development Corporation 10,021,771 10,021,771 10,021,771 Laguna Technopark Inc. 26,558,674 26,558,674 26,558,674 Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc. 30,186 30,186 30,186 Makati Development Corp. 2,560,201 2,560,201 2,560,201 North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp 853,516 853,516 853,516 North Triangle Hotel Vent 18,783 18,783 18,783 North Ventures Com Corp 200 200 200 North Reacon Commercial Corporation 19,354 19,354 19,354 Nuevocentro Inc. 35,633 35,633 35,633 Serendra Inc. 18,854 18,854 18,854 Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. 5,618,837 5,618,837 5,618,837 Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc. 1,525,					
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation 40,439,111 40,439,111 40,439,111 Eco North Resort Ventures 77,632 77,632 77,632 HLC Development Corporation 10,021,771 10,021,771 10,021,771 Laguna Technopark Inc. 26,558,674 26,558,674 26,558,674 Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc. 30,186 30,186 30,186 Makati Development Corp. 2,560,201 2,560,201 2,560,201 North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp 853,516 853,516 853,516 North Triangle Hotel Vent 18,783 18,783 18,783 North Ventures Com Corp 200 200 200 NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation 19,354 19,354 19,354 Nuevocentro Inc. 35,633 35,633 35,633 Serendra Inc. 18,854 18,854 18,854 Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. 5,618,837 5,618,837 5,618,837 Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc. 1,525,962 1,525,962 1,525,962			, , , ,	, , , ,	
Eco North Resort Ventures 77,632 77,632 77,632 HLC Development Corporation 10,021,771 10,021,771 10,021,771 Laguna Technopark Inc. 26,558,674 26,558,674 26,558,674 Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc. 30,186 30,186 30,186 Makati Development Corp. 2,560,201 2,560,201 2,560,201 North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp 853,516 853,516 853,516 North Triangle Hotel Vent 18,783 18,783 18,783 North Ventures Com Corp 200 200 200 NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation 19,354 19,354 19,354 Nuevocentro Inc. 35,633 35,633 35,633 Serendra Inc. 18,854 18,854 18,854 Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. 5,618,837 5,618,837 5,618,837 Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc. 1,525,962 1,525,962 1,525,962	·				
HLC Development Corporation 10,021,771 10,021,771 10,021,771 Laguna Technopark Inc. 26,558,674 26,558,674 26,558,674 Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc. 30,186 30,186 30,186 Makati Development Corp. 2,560,201 2,560,201 2,560,201 North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp 853,516 853,516 853,516 North Triangle Hotel Vent 18,783 18,783 18,783 North Ventures Com Corp 200 200 200 NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation 19,354 19,354 19,354 Nuevocentro Inc. 35,633 35,633 35,633 Serendra Inc. 18,854 18,854 18,854 Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. 5,618,837 5,618,837 5,618,837 Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc. 1,525,962 1,525,962 1,525,962	, , , ,				
Laguna Technopark Inc. 26,558,674 26,558,674 26,558,674 Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc. 30,186 30,186 30,186 Makati Development Corp. 2,560,201 2,560,201 2,560,201 North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp 853,516 853,516 853,516 North Triangle Hotel Vent 18,783 18,783 18,783 North Ventures Com Corp 200 200 200 NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation 19,354 19,354 19,354 Nuevocentro Inc. 35,633 35,633 35,633 Serendra Inc. 18,854 18,854 18,854 Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. 5,618,837 5,618,837 5,618,837 Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc. 1,525,962 1,525,962 1,525,962			· ·		
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Makati Development Corp. 2,560,201 2,560,201 2,560,201 North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp 853,516 853,516 853,516 North Triangle Hotel Vent 18,783 18,783 18,783 North Ventures Com Corp 200 200 200 NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation 19,354 19,354 19,354 Nuevocentro Inc. 35,633 35,633 35,633 Serendra Inc. 18,854 18,854 18,854 Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. 5,618,837 5,618,837 5,618,837 Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc. 1,525,962 1,525,962 1,525,962	·				
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp 853,516 853,516 853,516 North Triangle Hotel Vent 18,783 18,783 18,783 North Ventures Com Corp 200 200 200 NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation 19,354 19,354 19,354 Nuevocentro Inc. 35,633 35,633 35,633 Serendra Inc. 18,854 18,854 18,854 Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. 5,618,837 5,618,837 5,618,837 Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc. 1,525,962 1,525,962 1,525,962			·	·	
North Triangle Hotel Vent 18,783 18,783 18,783 North Ventures Com Corp 200 200 200 NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation 19,354 19,354 19,354 Nuevocentro Inc. 35,633 35,633 35,633 Serendra Inc. 18,854 18,854 18,854 Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. 5,618,837 5,618,837 5,618,837 Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc. 1,525,962 1,525,962 1,525,962	·				
North Ventures Com Corp 200 200 200 NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation 19,354 19,354 19,354 Nuevocentro Inc. 35,633 35,633 35,633 Serendra Inc. 18,854 18,854 18,854 Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. 5,618,837 5,618,837 5,618,837 Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc. 1,525,962 1,525,962 1,525,962			·	·	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation 19,354 19,354 19,354 Nuevocentro Inc. 35,633 35,633 35,633 Serendra Inc. 18,854 18,854 18,854 Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. 5,618,837 5,618,837 5,618,837 Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc. 1,525,962 1,525,962 1,525,962	Š		·	·	
Nuevocentro Inc. 35,633 35,633 35,633 Serendra Inc. 18,854 18,854 18,854 Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. 5,618,837 5,618,837 5,618,837 Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc. 1,525,962 1,525,962 1,525,962	•				
Serendra Inc. 18,854 18,854 18,854 Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. 5,618,837 5,618,837 5,618,837 Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc. 1,525,962 1,525,962 1,525,962			· ·		
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp. 5,618,837 5,618,837 5,618,837 Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc. 1,525,962 1,525,962 1,525,962					
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc. 1,525,962 1,525,962 1,525,962		-			
	,				
Soltea Commercial Corp. 5,247 5,247 5,247					
South Innovative Theater Management Inc. 5,560 5,560 5,560			·	·	
Southportal Properties, Inc. 92,651,095 92,651,095 92,651,095					
Station Square East Commercial Corp 6,480 6,480 6,480	, ,				
Subic Bay Town Centre Inc 943 943 943			·		
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp. 8,612,869 8,612,869 8,612,869	,				
Taft Punta Engaño (47,160,056) (47,160,056) (47,160,056)	•				
Ten Knots Philippines, In 74,694,608 74,694,608 74,694,608			1		
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc. 149,530 149,530 149,530	11 '				
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp. 5,866 5,866 5,866					
Sub-Total 1,977,535,519 1,977,535,519 1,977,535,519					

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to CECI REALTY, INC.			
		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per CECI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:	·			
Airswift Transport, Inc.	122,953,830	122,953,830	122,953,830	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	24,441,431	24,441,431	24,441,431	
Alveo Land Corporation	965	965	965	
Amaia Land Corporation	56,977,620	56,977,620	56,977,620	
Aurora Properties, Inc.	14,882,016	14,882,016	14,882,016	
Avida Land Corporation	5,517,161	5,517,161	5,517,161	
Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	352	352	352	
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	333,973	333,973	333,973	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	73,328,744	73,328,744	73,328,744	
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	55,453,859	55,453,859	55,453,859	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	2,405,225	2,405,225	2,405,225	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	73,708,574	73,708,574	73,708,574	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	193,852,068	193,852,068	193,852,068	
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	31,360	31,360	31,360	
Ecosouth Hotel Ventures Inc.	273,330	273,330	273,330	
Glensworth Development, Inc.	1,002,469	1,002,469	1,002,469	
HLC Development Corporation	12,982,952	12,982,952	12,982,952	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	30,277,094	30,277,094	30,277,094	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	108,300	108,300	108,300	
Makati Development Corporation	4,073,349	4,073,349	4,073,349	
MDC Congrete, Inc.	387,832	387,832	387,832	
Nuevocentro, Inc.	249,901	249,901	249,901	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	3,009,990	3,009,990	3,009,990	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	2,006,660	2,006,660	2,006,660	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	88,477,052	88,477,052	88,477,052	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	15,230,482	15,230,482	15,230,482	
Vesta Property Holdings Inc.	17,998,919	17,998,919	17,998,919	
ALI Capital Corp.	542,926	542,926	542,926	
Sub-Total	800,508,435	800,508,435	800,508,435	-

	Amount Owed	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to CRANS MONTANA PROPERTY HOLDINGS CORP.					
	Receivable Balance per	Receivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI					
	CRANS MONTANA	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current			
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:							
Ayala Property Management Corporation	45,648	45,648	45,648				
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	153,655	153,655	153,655				
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	100	100	100				
Sub-Total	199.403	199,403	199,403	·			

	Amount	Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to D	DIRECT POWER SERVICES, IN	C.
		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per DPSI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Alabang Commercial Corporation	7,287,045	7,287,045	7,287,045	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	22,103,869	22,103,869	22,103,869	
ALI-CII Development Corporation	1,863,419	1,863,419	1,863,419	
Alveo Land Corporation	6,146,094	6,146,094	6,146,094	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	2,282,851	2,282,851	2,282,851	
Asian I-Office Properties, Inc.	5,029,948	5,029,948	5,029,948	
Avida Land Corporation	184,435	184,435	184,435	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	22,525	22,525	22,525	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	92,886	92,886	92,886	
Bonifacio Hotel Ventures, Inc.	16,615	16,615	16,615	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	30,070	30,070	30,070	
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	1,439,216	1,439,216	1,439,216	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	10,410,115	10,410,115	10,410,115	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	33,732	33,732	33,732	
First Gateway Real Estate Corp	4,675,130	4,675,130	4,675,130	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	40,118,125	40,118,125	40,118,125	
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	3,801,551	3,801,551	3,801,551	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	4,678,612	4,678,612	4,678,612	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	13,862,553	13,862,553	13,862,553	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	5,809,254	5,809,254	5,809,254	
One Dela Rosa Property Development, Inc.	4,338,319	4,338,319	4,338,319	
Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions, Inc.	16,174,733	16,174,733	16,174,733	
Primavera Towncentre, Inc.	34,787	34,787	34,787	
erendra Inc.	8,041,836	8,041,836	8,041,836	
icogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	2,697,202	2,697,202	2,697,202	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	12,786,036	12,786,036	12,786,036	

Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	3,468,999	3,468,999	3,468,999	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	7,868,467	7,868,467	7,868,467	
UP North Property Holdings, Inc.	21,300,975	21,300,975	21,300,975	
ALI Capital Corp.	26,738	26,738	26,738	
Sub-Total	206,626,138	206,626,138	206,626,138	-

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ECOHOLDINGS COMPANY, INC.					
		Payable Balance per ALI				
	Receivable Balance per ECI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	94,668,752	94,668,752	94,668,752			
Sub-Total	94,668,752	94,668,752	94,668,752	-		

	Amount (Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to FIRST LONGFIELD INVESTMENTS LTD.				
		Payable Balance per ALI				
	Receivable Balance per FLIL	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
Airswift Transport, Inc.	81,881,250	81,881,250	81,881,250			
ALI Capital Corp.	224,806,297	224,806,297	224,806,297			
Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc.	10,798,555	10,798,555	10,798,555			
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	2,210,503	2,210,503	2,210,503			
Sub-Total	319,696,605	319,696,605	319,696,605	-		

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to HILLSFORD PROPERTY CORP.					
	Receivable Balance per	Receivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI				
	Hillsford	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	1,550	1,550	1,550			
Sub-Total	1,550	1,550	1,550	-		

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to FIVE STAR CINEMA, INC.				
		Payable Balance per ALI			
	Receivable Balance per FSCI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	17,040,906	17,040,906	17,040,906		
Soltea Commercial Corp.	2,790	2,790	2,790		
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	1,470,459	1,470,459	1,470,459		
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	(49,420)	(49,420)	(49,420)		
Sub-Total	18,464,735	18,464,735	18,464,735	-	

	Amou	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to INTEGRATED ECO-RESORT, INC.				
	Receivable Balance per	Receivable Balance per				
	INTEGRATED ECO-RESORT,	Payable Balance per ALI				
	INC.	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	6,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000			
Sub-Total	6,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000	-		

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to LAGDIGAN LAND CORP.					
	Receivable Balance per	Receivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI				
	LAGDIGAN	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:						
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	60,118,805	60,118,805	60,118,805			
Sub-Total	60,118,805	60,118,805	60,118,805	-		

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to MAKATI CORNERSTONE LEASING CORP.				
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI			
	MAKATI CORNERSTONE	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Airswift Transport, Inc.	1,877,530	1,877,530	1,877,530		
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	870,830	870,830	870,830		
Amaia Land Corporation	102,860	102,860	102,860		
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	(7,363,198)	(7,363,198)	(7,363,198)		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	158,047	158,047	158,047		
Avida Land Corporation	54,461	54,461	54,461		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	(2,530)	(2,530)	(2,530)		
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	31,188	31,188	31,188		
BellaVita Land Corp.	110,071	110,071	110,071	•	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	33,416	33,416	33,416	•	
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	4,700	4,700	4,700	•	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	9,739,679	9,739,679	9,739,679		
aguna Technopark Inc.	50,521	50,521	50,521		
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	500	500	500		

Sub-Total	6,579,336	6,579,336	6,579,336	
ALI Capital Corp.	501,077	501,077	501,077	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	151,206	151,206	151,206	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	9,830	9,830	9,830	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	2,300	2,300	2,300	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	197,638	197,638	197,638	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	6,800	6,800	6,800	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	42,410	42,410	42,410	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to NORTH EASTERN COMMERCIAL CORP.			
		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per NECC	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Accendo Commercial Corp	400	400	400	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	2,589,425	2,589,425	2,589,425	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	60,359,538	60,359,538	60,359,538	
ALI-CII Development Corporation	470	470	470	
Alveo Land Corporation	1,936,775	1,936,775	1,936,775	
Amaia Land Corporation	96,275,549	96,275,549	96,275,549	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	56,908,139	56,908,139	56,908,139	
Avida Land Corporation	(1,520,945)	(1,520,945)	(1,520,945)	
Ayala Property Management Corporation	162,172	162,172	162,172	
Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	1,298,698	1,298,698	1,298,698	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	114,690,758	114,690,758	114,690,758	
Ayalaland Malls Northeast, Inc.	3,000	3,000	3,000	
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	2,210,276	2,210,276	2,210,276	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	1,005	1,005	1,005	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	29,679	29,679	29,679	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	93,298,946	93,298,946	93,298,946	
BellaVita Land Corp.	3,342	3,342	3,342	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	6,267,688	6,267,688	6,267,688	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	5,200,393	5,200,393	5,200,393	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	46,217,894	46,217,894	46,217,894	
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	2,673	2,673	2,673	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	77,273,650	77,273,650	77,273,650	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	5,076,067	5,076,067	5,076,067	
Hillsford Property Corporation	55,129,820	55,129,820	55,129,820	
HLC Development Corporation	5,039,861	5,039,861	5,039,861	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	96,243,358	96,243,358	96,243,358	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	25,215	25,215	25,215	
Makati Development Corporation	50,060,307	50,060,307	50,060,307	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	197,051	197,051	197,051	
North Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	39,072,986	39,072,986	39,072,986	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	9,396	9,396	9,396	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	3,251	3,251	3,251	
Portico Land Corp.	93	93	93	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	5,810	5,810	5,810	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	10,550	10,550	10,550	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	6,760	6,760	6,760	
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	10,067	10,067	10,067	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	11,648,168	11,648,168	11,648,168	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	155,701,626	155,701,626	155,701,626	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	1,892,381	1,892,381	1,892,381	
Sub-Total	983,342,291	983,342,291	983,342,291	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to NORTH TRIANGLE DEPOT COMMERCIAL CORP.				
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI			
	NTDCC	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	8,067	8,067	8,067		
Airswift Transport, Inc.	875,769	875,769	875,769		
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	5,941,937	5,941,937	5,941,937		
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	142,531	142,531	142,531		
Alveo Land Corporation	501,592	501,592	501,592		
Amaia Land Corporation	58,529,565	58,529,565	58,529,565		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	41,194,058	41,194,058	41,194,058		
Avida Land Corporation	179,294	179,294	179,294		
Avida Sales Corp	46,112	46,112	46,112		
Ayala Theaters Management, Inc.	67,200	67,200	67,200		
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	5,072,510	5,072,510	5,072,510		
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	29,770	29,770	29,770		
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	119,340	119,340	119,340		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	87,430	87,430	87,430		

Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	51,245	51,245	51,245	
BG South Properties, Inc.	(383,949)	(383,949)	(383,949)	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	6,623,350	6,623,350	6,623,350	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	75,003,513	75,003,513	75,003,513	
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	30,981	30,981	30,981	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	20,203,129	20,203,129	20,203,129	
Chirica Resorts Corporation	19,019	19,019	19,019	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	22,802,305	22,802,305	22,802,305	
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	129,004	129,004	129,004	
HLC Development Corporation	11,776,725	11,776,725	11,776,725	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	37,039,950	37,039,950	37,039,950	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	17,815	17,815	17,815	
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	195,660	195,660	195,660	
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	28,620	28,620	28,620	
Makati Development Corporation	838,832	838,832	838,832	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	379,557	379,557	379,557	
North Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	78,470	78,470	78,470	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	138,206	138,206	138,206	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	2,072	2,072	2,072	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	62,079,460	62,079,460	62,079,460	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	131,780	131,780	131,780	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	8,117,281	8,117,281	8,117,281	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	24,827,509	24,827,509	24,827,509	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	115,760	115,760	115,760	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	103,652	103,652	103,652	
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	23,844	23,844	23,844	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	1,471	1,471	1,471	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	42,745,283	42,745,283	42,745,283	
Sub-Total	425,915,719	425,915,719	425,915,719	

	Amount Ow	red by ALI Subsidiaries to NOR	TH VENTURES COMMERCIA	L CORP.
		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per NVCC	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Accendo Commercial Corp	1,420	1,420	1,420	
Airswift Transport, Inc.	34,902,555	34,902,555	34,902,555	
Alabang Commercial Corporation	4,170	4,170	4,170	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	1,146,763	1,146,763	1,146,763	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	465,014	465,014	465,014	
Amaia Land Corporation	8,742,014	8,742,014	8,742,014	
Arca South Integrated Terminal, Inc	5,182,501	5,182,501	5,182,501	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	18,673,245	18,673,245	18,673,245	
Avida Land Corporation	(1,014,198)	(1,014,198)	(1,014,198)	
Avida Sales Corp	2,240	2,240	2,240	
Ayala Property Management Corporation	1,792,451	1,792,451	1,792,451	
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	1,944	1,944	1,944	
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	53,030	53,030	53,030	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	1,150	1,150	1,150	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	35,183,306	35,183,306	35,183,306	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	5,200	5,200	5,200	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	82,227,441	82,227,441	82,227,441	
Capitol Central Hotel Ventures, Inc.	76,995	76,995	76,995	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	647,519	647,519	647,519	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	49,423,672	49,423,672	49,423,672	
Chirica Resorts Corporation	38,816	38,816	38,816	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	4,368,656	4,368,656	4,368,656	
HLC Development Corporation	8,102,155	8,102,155	8,102,155	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	66,607,457	66,607,457	66,607,457	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	5,364,850	5,364,850	5,364,850	
Makati Development Corporation	2,742,315	2,742,315	2,742,315	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	10,379	10,379	10,379	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	294,126	294,126	294,126	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	1,600	1,600	1,600	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	10,119,172	10,119,172	10,119,172	
Solinea Inc.	2,734	2,734	2,734	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	4,089,041	4,089,041	4,089,041	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	10,520	10,520	10,520	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	19,080	19,080	19,080	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	8,019	8,019	8,019	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	97,033,339	97,033,339	97,033,339	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	425,566	425,566	425,566	
Sub-Total	436,756,257	436,756,257	436,756,257	-

	Amount Ow	ed by ALI Subsidiaries to NOR	TH BEACON COMMERCIAL O	ORP.
		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per NBCC	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Accendo Commercial Corp	11,252	11,252	11,252	
Airswift Transport, Inc.	15,724,629	15,724,629	15,724,629	
Alabang Commercial Corporation	6,512	6,512	6,512	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	164,079	164,079	164,079	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	177,557	177,557	177,557	
Alveo Land Corporation	370,262	370,262	370,262	
Amaia Land Corporation	3,693,722	3,693,722	3,693,722	
APRISA Business Process Solutions, Inc	1,200	1,200	1,200	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	18,545,673	18,545,673	18,545,673	
Avida Land Corporation	(0)	(0)	(0)	
Avida Sales Corp	26,596	26,596	26,596	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	97,601,486	97,601,486	97,601,486	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	1,822	1,822	1,822	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	19,743	19,743	19,743	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	11,252	11,252	11,252	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	7,141,050	7,141,050	7,141,050	
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	64,340,419	64,340,419	64,340,419	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	15,163,313	15,163,313	15,163,313	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	19,074,219	19,074,219	19,074,219	
Hillsford Property Corporation	5,898	5,898	5,898	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	345,996	345,996	345,996	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	(103,451)	(103,451)	(103,451)	
Makati Cornerstone Leasing Corp.	106,486	106,486	106,486	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	67,721	67,721	67,721	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	102,089	102,089	102,089	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	1,334	1,334	1,334	
Nuevocentro, Inc.	2,986,714	2,986,714	2,986,714	
Orion Land, Inc.	600	600	600	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	5,071,961	5,071,961	5,071,961	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	86,196	86,196	86,196	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	23,825,407	23,825,407	23,825,407	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	2,860	2,860	2,860	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	17,048	17,048	17,048	
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	(4,773)	(4,773)	(4,773)	
Tutuban Properties, Inc.	5,977	5,977	5,977	
ALI Capital	123,790	123,790	123,790	
Sub-Total	274,716,638	274,716,638	274,716,638	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to NUEVOCENTRO INC., (Conso)			
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		
	NUEVOCENTRO	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Airswift Transport, Inc.	8,534	8,534	8,534	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	60,814	60,814	60,814	
Alveo Land Corporation	9,000	9,000	9,000	
Alviera Country Club, Inc	37,394,363	37,394,363	37,394,363	
Amaia Land Corp.	2,552,388	2,552,388	2,552,388	
Arvo Commercial Corp	157,510	157,510	157,510	
Aurora Properties, Inc.	100	100	100	
Avida Land Corp.	15,634	15,634	15,634	
Ayalaland Estates, Inc.	1,100	1,100	1,100	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	22,240,469	22,240,469	22,240,469	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	8,029,912	8,029,912	8,029,912	
CECI Realty Corp.	139,150	139,150	139,150	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	26,563,502	26,563,502	26,563,502	
Eco North Resort Ventures	435,321	435,321	435,321	
HLC Development Corporation	433,695,911	433,695,911	433,695,911	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	2,674,841	2,674,841	2,674,841	-
Nuevocentro Inc.	(37,394,363)	(37,394,363)	(37,394,363)	•
Prow Holdings, Inc.	199,255,639	199,255,639	199,255,639	•
Vesta Prop. Holdings, Inc	26,154	26,154	26,154	
Sub-Total	695,865,981	695,865,981	695,865,981	

	Amount Ow	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to ONE DELA PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT, INC.					
		Payable Balance per ALI					
	Receivable Balance per ODR	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current			
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:							
Accendo Commercial Corp	121,551	121,551	121,551				
Airswift Transport, Inc.	13,582,349	13,582,349	13,582,349				

ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	41,189,478	41,189,478	41,189,478	
Alveo Land Corporation	33,114	33,114	33,114	
Amaia Land Corporation	170,643,021	170,643,021	170,643,021	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	80,539,895	80,539,895	80,539,895	
Ayala Property Management Corporation	248,738	248,738	248,738	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	5,688,274	5,688,274	5,688,274	
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	1,988,235	1,988,235	1,988,235	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	386,891,522	386,891,522	386,891,522	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	100,921	100,921	100,921	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	31,340,560	31,340,560	31,340,560	
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	100,217,708	100,217,708	100,217,708	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	42,018,238	42,018,238	42,018,238	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	115,609,899	115,609,899	115,609,899	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	48,594,653	48,594,653	48,594,653	
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	119,225	119,225	119,225	
First Gateway Real Estate Corp	7,491,933	7,491,933	7,491,933	
HLC Development Corporation	119,644,900	119,644,900	119,644,900	
Makati North Hotel Ventures, Inc.	54,208,000	54,208,000	54,208,000	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	37,788,693	37,788,693	37,788,693	
Sunnyfield E-Office Corp	25,371,674	25,371,674	25,371,674	
Westview Commercial Ventures Corp.	21,722,132	21,722,132	21,722,132	
Sub-Total	1,305,154,715	1,305,154,715	1,305,154,715	

	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to PHILIPPINE INTEGRATED ENERGY SOLUTIONS, INC.			
	Receivable Balance per PHIL.	Payable Balance per ALI		
	ENERGY	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:				
Accendo Commercial Corp	(1,150,767)	(1,150,767)	(1,150,767)	
Airswift Transport, Inc.	20,093,849	20,093,849	20,093,849	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	10,091,057	10,091,057	10,091,057	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	14,365,458	14,365,458	14,365,458	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	15,735,979	15,735,979	15,735,979	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	59,105,519	59,105,519	59,105,519	
Greenhaven Property Venture, Inc.	10,147,826	10,147,826	10,147,826	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	5,953,532	5,953,532	5,953,532	
Northgate Hotel Ventures, Inc.	122,641	122,641	122,641	
Southcrest Hotel Ventures, Inc.	349,564	349,564	349,564	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	281,478	281,478	281,478	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	162,244	162,244	162,244	
	162,590	162,590	162,590	
Sub-Total	135,420,970	135,420,970	135,420,970	-

	Amoun	Amount Owed by ALI Subsidiaries to PRIMAVER TOWNCENTRE, INC.			
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI			
	PRIMAVERA	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiries:					
Amaia Land Corporation	127,183	127,183	127,183		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	401,906	401,906	401,906		
Avida Land Corporation	93,317	93,317	93,317		
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	5,705	5,705	5,705		
First Gateway Real Estate Corp	837,584	837,584	837,584		
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	3,749	3,749	3,749		
Sub-Total	1,469,444	1,469,444	1,469,444	_	

	Amou	Amount Owed by ALI-Subsidiaries to RED CREEK PROPERTIES, INC.				
		Payable Balance per ALI				
	Receivable Balance per RCPI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:						
BellaVita Land Corp.	57,098,165	57,098,165	57,098,165			
Sub-Total	57,098,165	57,098,165	57,098,165	-		

	Amount Owed by ALI, ALI-Subsidiaries to REGENT WISE INVESTMENTS, LTD. (Conso)					
	Receivable Balance per RWIL	ceivable Balance per RWIL Payable Balance per ALI				
	(Conso)	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:						
AyalaLand Real Estate Investments, Inc.	580,015,018	580,015,018	580,015,018			
Sub-Total	580,015,018	580,015,018	580,015,018	-		

		Amount Owed by ALI, ALI-Subsidiaries to SERENDRA			
	Receivable Balance per	Receivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI			
	SOLTEA	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:					
Alveo Land Corporation	2,243,214	2,243,214	2,243,214		

Sub-Total	1,742,046,371	1,742,046,371	1,742,046,371	-
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	173,463	173,463	173,463	
Makati Development Corporation	183,195	183,195	183,195	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	127,360,688	127,360,688	127,360,688	
HLC Development Corporation	2,524,703	2,524,703	2,524,703	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	59,450,512	59,450,512	59,450,512	
BG West Properties, Inc	17,001,618	17,001,618	17,001,618	
BellaVita Land Corp.	958	958	958	
Ayala Property Management Corporation	333,119	333,119	333,119	
Avida Land Corporation	748,700	748,700	748,700	
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	2,818,809	2,818,809	2,818,809	
Amaia Land Corporation	1,529,207,392	1,529,207,392	1,529,207,392	

	Amount Owed by ALI-Subsidiaries to SOLTEA COMMERCIAL CORP.			
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		
	SOLTEA	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:				
Alabang Commercial Corporation	3,800	3,800	3,800	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	974,906	974,906	974,906	
Alveo Land Corporation	(1,059,307)	(1,059,307)	(1,059,307)	
Amaia Land Corporation	107,736	107,736	107,736	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	5,066	5,066	5,066	
Avida Land Corporation	1,269,449	1,269,449	1,269,449	
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	1,020,049	1,020,049	1,020,049	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	20,509	20,509	20,509	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	2,430	2,430	2,430	
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	35,847	35,847	35,847	
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	14,000	14,000	14,000	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	6,500	6,500	6,500	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	75,510	75,510	75,510	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	1,000	1,000	1,000	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	8,030	8,030	8,030	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	8,695	8,695	8,695	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	4,400	4,400	4,400	
Sub-Total	2,498,620	2,498,620	2,498,620	-

		Amount Owed by SOUTHPOR	TAL PROPERTIES, INC.	
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI		
	SOUTHPORTAL	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:				
Amaia Land Corporation	40,433,952	40,433,952	40,433,952	
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	16,433,413	16,433,413	16,433,413	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	523,367	523,367	523,367	
Avida Land Corporation	146,675	146,675	146,675	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	5,075,785	5,075,785	5,075,785	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	3,452	3,452	3,452	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	66,755,667	66,755,667	66,755,667	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	9,243,169	9,243,169	9,243,169	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	315,356	315,356	315,356	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	6,027,451	6,027,451	6,027,451	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	33,079,406	33,079,406	33,079,406	
HLC Development Corporation	1,102,535	1,102,535	1,102,535	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	199,868	199,868	199,868	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	6,169,501	6,169,501	6,169,501	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	2,030,546	2,030,546	2,030,546	
Solinea Inc.	304	304	304	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	543,740	543,740	543,740	
Ten Knots Development Corporation	90,346	90,346	90,346	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	55,154,042	55,154,042	55,154,042	
	167,653	167,653	167,653	
Sub-Total	243,496,226	243,496,226	243,496,226	

	Amount Owed by STATION SQUARE EAST COMMERCIAL CORP.				
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI			
	SSECC	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	760	760	760		
Airswift Transport, Inc.	110,138	110,138	110,138		
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	2,958,715	2,958,715	2,958,715		
Alveo Land Corporation	1,707,539	1,707,539	1,707,539		
Amaia Land Corporation	884,568	884,568	884,568		
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	3,281,799	3,281,799	3,281,799		
APRISA Business Process Solutions, Inc	8,506,207	8.506.207	8.506.207		

Arvo Commercial Corporation	3,622,785	3,622,785	3,622,785	
Avida Land Corporation	1,094,244	1,094,244	1,094,244	
Avida Sales Corp	2,000	2,000	2,000	
AyalaLand Malls, Inc.	19,118	19,118	19,118	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	9,540	9,540	9,540	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	115,896,862	115,896,862	115,896,862	
BellaVita Land Corp.	16,092	16,092	16.092	
BG North Properties Inc.	1,521,855	1,521,855	1,521,855	
BG South Properties, Inc.	716,435	716,435	716,435	
Cagayan De Oro Gateway Corporation	39,202	39,202	39,202	
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	15,940,552	15,940,552	15,940,552	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	859,884	859,884	859,884	
Cebu Leisure Company, Inc.	18,375	18,375	18,375	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	17,907,028	17,907,028	17,907,028	
Circuit Makati Hotel Ventures, Inc.	5,728,333	5,728,333	5,728,333	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	36,942,560	36,942,560	36,942,560	
HLC Development Corporation	13,282,953	13,282,953	13,282,953	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	176,896	176,896	176,896	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	709,015	709,015	709,015	
Makati Development Corporation	322,000	322,000	322,000	
MDC Build Plus, Inc.	226,000	226,000	226,000	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	38,563	38,563	38,563	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	268,267	268,267	268,267	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	1,400	1,400	1,400	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	3,390	3,390	3,390	
Serendra Inc.	841,900	841,900	841,900	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	12,195,680	12,195,680	12,195,680	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	144,925	144,925	144,925	
Solinea Inc.	199,653	199,653	199,653	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	14,979,896	14,979,896	14,979,896	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	7,630	7,630	7,630	
Ten Knots Development Corporation	1,446	1,446	1,446	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	36,896,944	36,896,944	36,896,944	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	457,828	457,828	457,828	
ALI Capital Corp.	26,821	26,821	26,821	
Sub-Total	298,565,798	298,565,798	298,565,798	-

	Amoun	t Owed by ALI-Subsidiaries to	SUBIC BAY TOWN CENTER,	INC.
		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per SBTCI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:				
Accendo Commercial Corp	3,090	3,090	3,090	
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	73,200	73,200	73,200	
Amaia Land Corporation	47,200,392	47,200,392	47,200,392	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	3,010,032	3,010,032	3,010,032	
Avida Land Corporation	84,089	84,089	84,089	
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	740	740	740	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	3,323,575	3,323,575	3,323,575	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	50,292,691	50,292,691	50,292,691	
Crans Montana Property Holdings Corporation	32,902,093	32,902,093	32,902,093	
Econorth Resorts Ventures, Inc.	140,583	140,583	140,583	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	214,449	214,449	214,449	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	34,885	34,885	34,885	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	1,500	1,500	1,500	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	5,599,732	5,599,732	5,599,732	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	1,740	1,740	1,740	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	1,000	1,000	1,000	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	42,083	42,083	42,083	
Sub-Total	142,925,873	142,925,873	142,925,873	-

	Amount Owed by ALI to SUMMERHILL COMMERCIAL VENTURES CORP.				
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI			
	SUMMERHILL	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI) Subsidiaries:					
Accendo Commercial Corp	870	870	870		
Alabang Commercial Corporation	1,760	1,760	1,760		
ALI Capital Corp.	145,258	145,258	145,258		
ALI Commercial Center, Inc.	1,398,122	1,398,122	1,398,122		
Arca South Commercial Ventures Corp.	6,111,656	6,111,656	6,111,656		
Arvo Commercial Corporation	25,025	25,025	25,025		
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	15,229,074	15,229,074	15,229,074		
Ayalaland Malls Synergies, Inc.	40,519	40,519	40,519		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	18,853	18,853	18,853		

AyalaLand Offices, Inc.	1,394	1,394	1,394	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	289,554,654	289,554,654	289,554,654	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	740	740	740	
Direct Power Services Inc.	153,013	153,013	153,013	
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	(433,211)	(433,211)	(433,211)	
Makati Development Corporation	589,064	589,064	589,064	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	7,536	7,536	7,536	
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	261,403	261,403	261,403	
North Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	17,248	17,248	17,248	
North Ventures Commercial Corp.	5,323	5,323	5,323	
NorthBeacon Commercial Corporation	1,993	1,993	1,993	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	250	250	250	
South Innovative Theater Management Inc.	10,390	10,390	10,390	
Station Square East Commercial Corp	36,200	36,200	36,200	
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	1,776	1,776	1,776	
Sub-Total	313,178,910	313,178,910	313,178,910	-

		Amount Owed by ALI to SUNI	NYFIELD E-OFFICE CORP.		
	Receivable Balance per	eivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI			
	SUNNYFIELD	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI)					
Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc	262,080	262,080	262,080		
Sub-Total	262.080	262.080	262.080	-	

	Amount Owed by ALI to TEN KNOTS DEVELOPMENT CORP.			
		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per TKDC	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI)				
Airswift Transport, Inc.	21,695,858	21,695,858	21,695,858	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	48,652	48,652	48,652	
Arca South Comm.Vent.Corp	168,944	168,944	168,944	
Arvo Commercial Corp	7,178	7,178	7,178	
Avida Land Corp.	256,908	256,908	256,908	
AYALALAND HOTELS AND RES	208,433	208,433	208,433	
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	15,891	15,891	15,891	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	6,212,628	6,212,628	6,212,628	
Chirica Resorts Corporation	7,981,154	7,981,154	7,981,154	
DirectPower Services, Inc	9,458	9,458	9,458	
Eco North Resort Ventures	53,585	53,585	53,585	
Ecoholdings Company, Inc.	500	500	500	
Kingfisher Capital Resources Corporation	364,658	364,658	364,658	
Lio Resort Ventures Inc	116,155,741	116,155,741	116,155,741	
Pangulasian Isl Rsrt Corp	7,807,427	7,807,427	7,807,427	
Regent Horizons Conservation Company, Inc.	529,087	529,087	529,087	
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	20,641,686	20,641,686	20,641,686	
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	1,465,257	1,465,257	1,465,257	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	94,511	94,511	94,511	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	2,710,744	2,710,744	2,710,744	
Ten Knots Dev., Corp.	(12,713,220)	(12,713,220)	(12,713,220)	
Ten Knots Philippines, In	565,316,440	565,316,440	565,316,440	
Sub-Total	739,031,519	739,031,519	739,031,519	-

		Amount Owed by ALI to TEN KNOTS PHILIPPINES, INC.			
		Payable Balance per ALI			
	Receivable Balance per TKPI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current	
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI)					
Airswift Transport, Inc.	35,492,696	35,492,696	35,492,696		
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventur	4,054,867	4,054,867	4,054,867		
AYALALAND HOTELS AND RES	1,750	1,750	1,750		
Ayalaland Metro North, Inc.	2,004,354	2,004,354	2,004,354		
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	7,050,788	7,050,788	7,050,788		
Chirica Resorts Corporation	19,601,218	19,601,218	19,601,218		
Eco North Resort Ventures	15,211,246	15,211,246	15,211,246		
Ecoholdings Company, Inc.	1,122,657	1,122,657	1,122,657		
Green Coast Property Ventures, Inc.	18,000	18,000	18,000		
Integrated Eco-Resort Inc	362,415	362,415	362,415		
Pangulasian Isl Rsrt Corp	22,370,736	22,370,736	22,370,736		
Phil Integ Energy Sol,Inc	2,350	2,350	2,350		
Regent Horizons Conservation Company, Inc.	1,560,946	1,560,946	1,560,946		
Sicogon Island Tourism Estate Corp.	916,686	916,686	916,686		
Sicogon Town Hotel, Inc.	612,271	612,271	612,271		
Ten Knots Dev., Corp.	45,057,664	45,057,664	45,057,664		
Sub-Total	155,440,644	155,440,644	155,440,644	-	

	Amount Owed by ALI to VESTA PROPERTY HOLDINGS, INC.			
		Payable Balance per ALI		
	Receivable Balance per VPHI	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI)				
Airswift Transport, Inc.	50,585,312	50,585,312	50,585,312	
ALI Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	5,068,497	5,068,497	5,068,497	
Alveo Land Corporation	34,841,018	34,841,018	34,841,018	
Amaia Land Corporation	9,000	9,000	9,000	
Arvo Commercial Corporation	195,630,958	195,630,958	195,630,958	
Aurora Properties, Inc.	150	150	150	
Avida Land Corporation	12,441,854	12,441,854	12,441,854	
Ayala Land International Sales, Inc	181,061	181,061	181,061	
Ayalaland Logistics Holdings Corp.	312,076,593	312,076,593	312,076,593	
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	2,795,983	2,795,983	2,795,983	
Bay City Commercial Ventures Corp.	379,988,453	379,988,453	379,988,453	
Cavite Commercial Towncenter Inc.	66,479,982	66,479,982	66,479,982	
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	113,508,586	113,508,586	113,508,586	
Central Block Developers, Inc.	93,363,595	93,363,595	93,363,595	
HLC Development Corporation	67,088,308	67,088,308	67,088,308	
Laguna Technopark Inc.	10,120,396	10,120,396	10,120,396	
North Eastern Commercial Corp.	35,150	35,150	35,150	
North Triangle Hotel Ventures, Inc.	790,219	790,219	790,219	
Nuevocentro, Inc.	1,535,095	1,535,095	1,535,095	
Soltea Commercial Corp.	201,819,054	201,819,054	201,819,054	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	21,089,036	21,089,036	21,089,036	
Ten Knots Philippines, Inc.	425,205,922	425,205,922	425,205,922	
ALI Capital Corp.	387,877	387,877	387,877	
Sub-Total	1,995,042,102	1,995,042,102	1,995,042,102	=

	Amour	Amount Owed by ALI to WESTVIEW COMMERCIAL VENTURES CORP.				
	Receivable Balance per	Payable Balance per ALI				
	WESTVIEW	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current		
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI)						
Adauge Commercial Corp.	2,900	2,900	2,900			
Amaia Land Corporation	577,624	577,624	577,624			
Avida Land Corporation	326,282	326,282	326,282			
Capitol Central Commercial Ventures Corp.	135,524	135,524	135,524			
Cebu Holdings, Inc.	5,210	5,210	5,210			
Leisure and Allied Industries Phils. Inc.	(902,757)	(902,757)	(902,757)			
North Triangle Depot Commercial Corp	5,210	5,210	5,210			
Subic Bay Town Center Inc.	9,983	9,983	9,983			
Sub-Total	159,976	159,976	159,976	-		

	Amount Owed by ALI to WHITEKNIGHT HOLDINGS, INC.			
	Receivable Balance per	Receivable Balance per Payable Balance per ALI		
	WHITEKNIGHT	Subsidiaries	Current	Non-Current
Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI)				
Ayalaland Medical Facilities Leasing Inc.	2,928,214	2,928,214	2,928,214	
Summerhill Commercial Ventures Corp.	556,880	556,880	556,880	
Sub-Total	3,485,094	3,485,094	3,485,094	-

TOTAL ELIMINATED RECEIVABLES	130,512,922,822	130,512,922,822	130,512,922,822	-
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AYALA LAND, INC.

RECONCILIATION OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION

December 31, 2019

Reconciliation Of Retained Earnings Available For Dividend Declaration

Items		Amount
Unappropriated Retained Earnings, beginning	Php	56,244,722,057
Less adjustments:		
Treasury shares		
Deferred tax assets		(2,996,391,774)
Fair Value adjustment		(593,852,588)
Unappropriated Retained Earnings, as adjusted, beginning		52,654,477,695
Net Income based on the face of AFS	Php	13,225,107,412
Less: Non-actual/unrealized income net of tax		
Amount of provision for deferred tax during the year		1,178,492,077
Unrealized foreign exchange gain - net (except those		
attributable to Cash and Cash Equivalents)		
Unrealized actuarial gain		
Fair value adjustment (M2M gains)		
Fair value adjustment of Investment Property resulting to gain		
adjustment due to deviation from PFRS/GAAP-gain		
Other unrealized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a		
result of certain transactions accounted for under the PFRS		
Add: Non-actual losses		
Depreciation on revaluation increment (after tax)		
Adjustment due to deviation from PFRS/GAAP – loss		
Loss on fair value adjustment of investment property (after tax)		
Net Income Actual/Realized	Php	14,403,599,489
Less: Other adjustments		
Dividend declarations during the period		(7,721,500,201)
Effects of changes in accounting standard		(84,597,959)
Treasury shares		(1,104,352,627)
		5,493,148,702
Unappropriated Retained Earnings, as adjusted, ending		58,147,626,397

AYALA LAND, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS

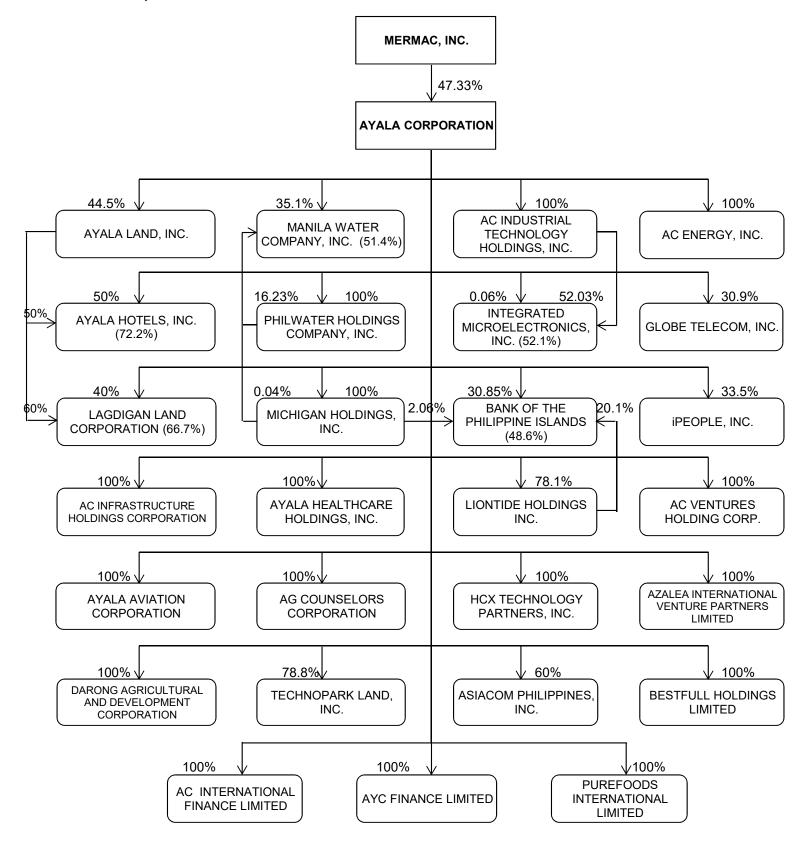
December 31, 2019

Ratio	Formula	Current Year	Prior Year
Current ratio	Current sssets / Current liabilities	1.30	1.26
Acid test ratio	Quick sssets / Current liabilities (Quick assets includes current assets and inventory)	0.77	0.82
Solvency ratio	EBITDA / Total debt (Total debt includes short-term debt, long-term debt and current portion of long-term debt)	0.31	0.29
Debt-to-equity ratio	Total debt / Consolidated stockholders' equity	0.87	0.85
Asset-to-equity ratio	Total assets / Consolidated stockholders' equity	2.94	3.04
Interest rate coverage ratio	EBITDA / Interest expense	6.27	6.09
Return on equity	Net income attributable to equity holders of the company / Average total stockholders' equity	0.17	0.17
Return on assets	Net income after tax / Average total assets	0.05	0.05
Net profit margin	Net income attributable to equity holders of the company / Total consolidated revenue	0.20	0.18

AYALA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CORPORATE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

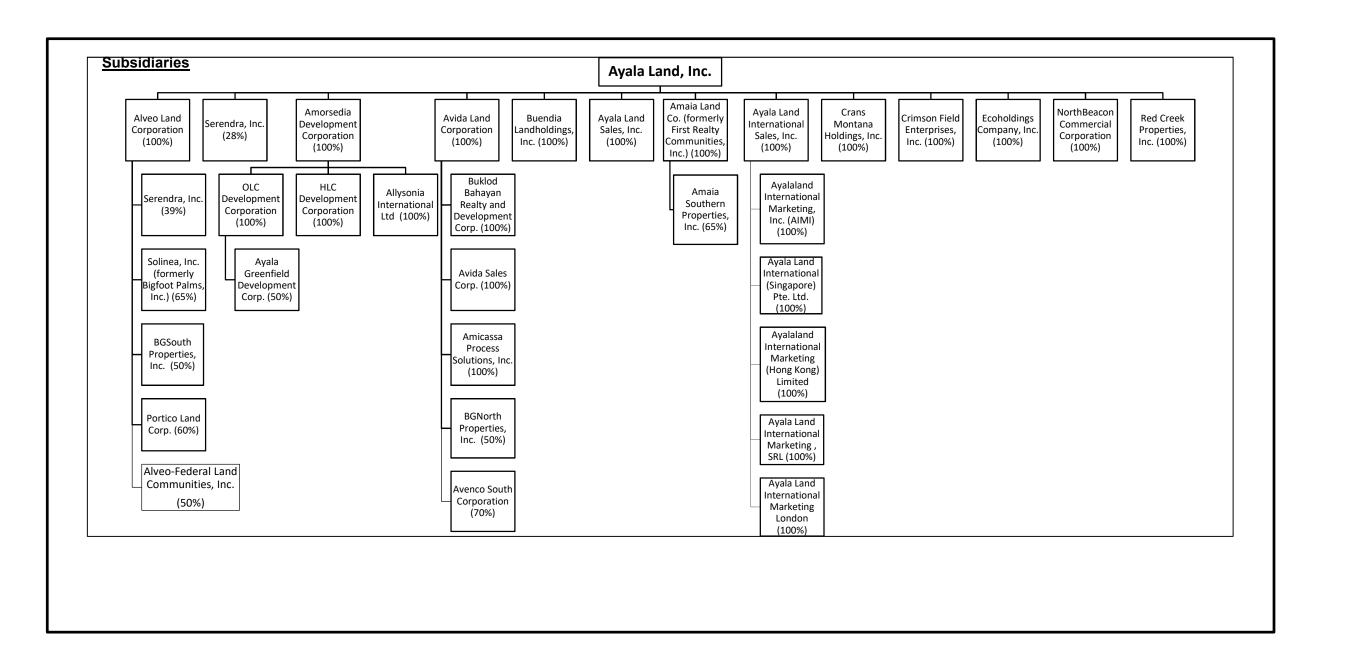
As of December 31, 2019

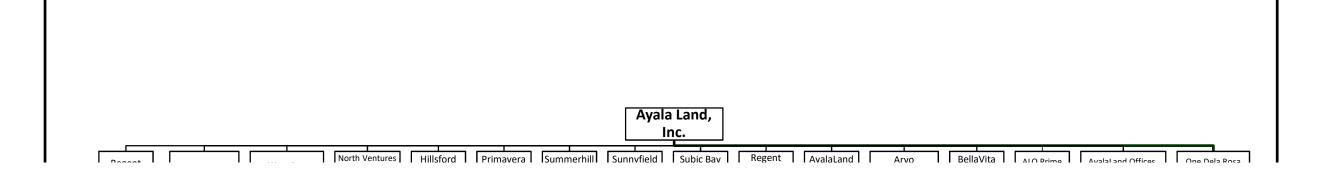


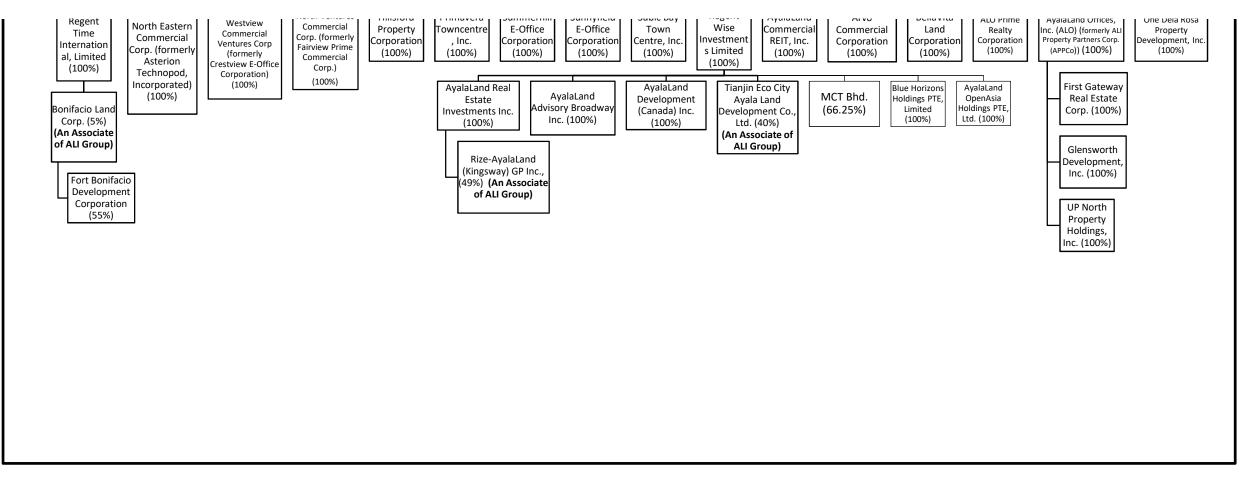
Legend

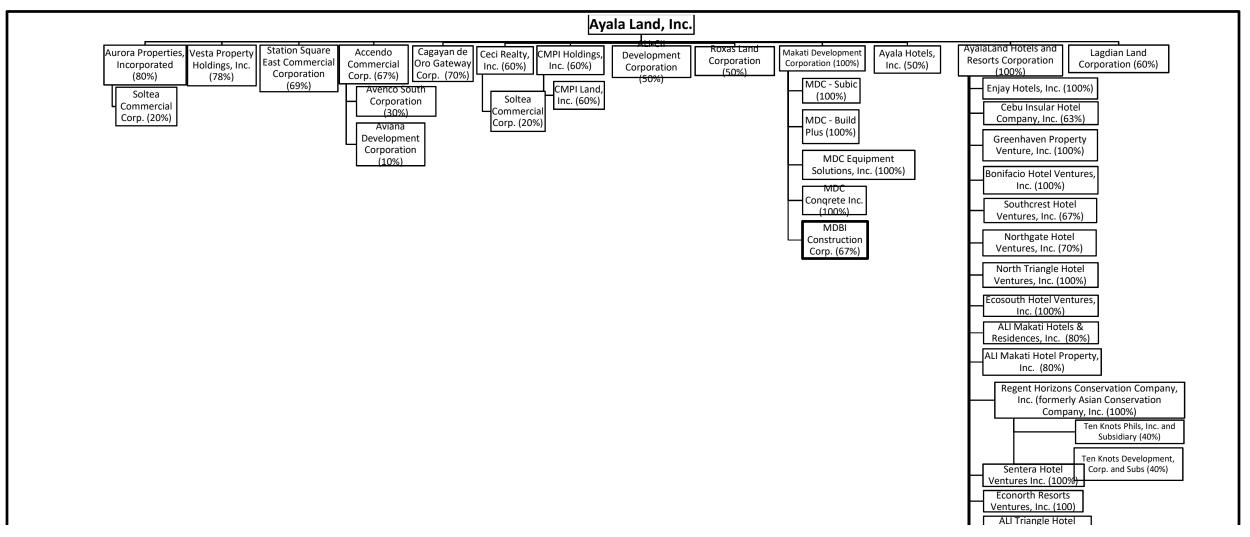
[%] of ownership appearing outside the box - direct % of economic ownership

[%] of ownership appearing inside the box - effective % of economic ownership

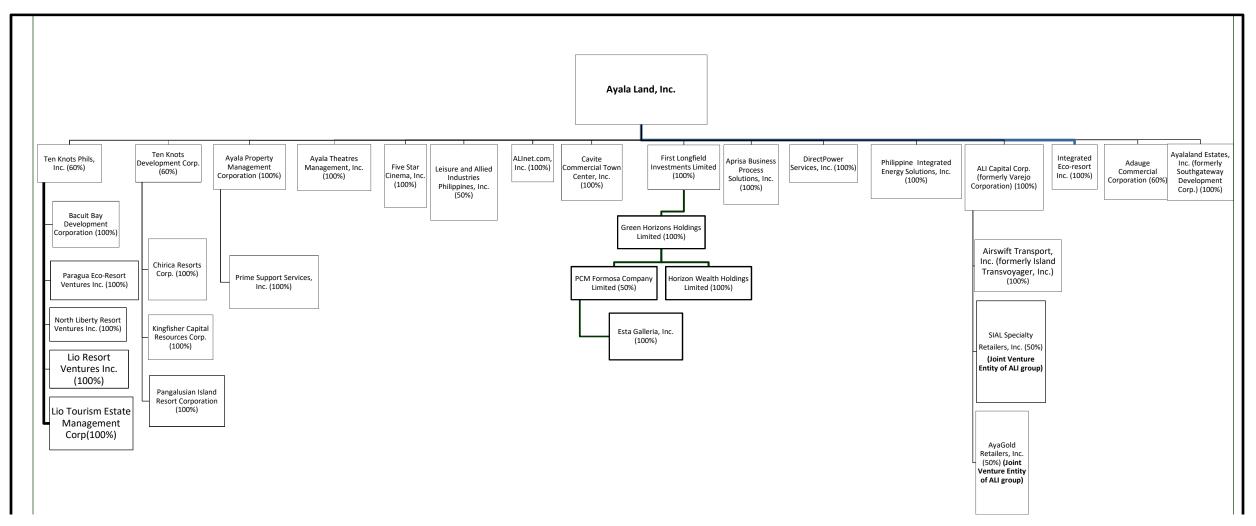


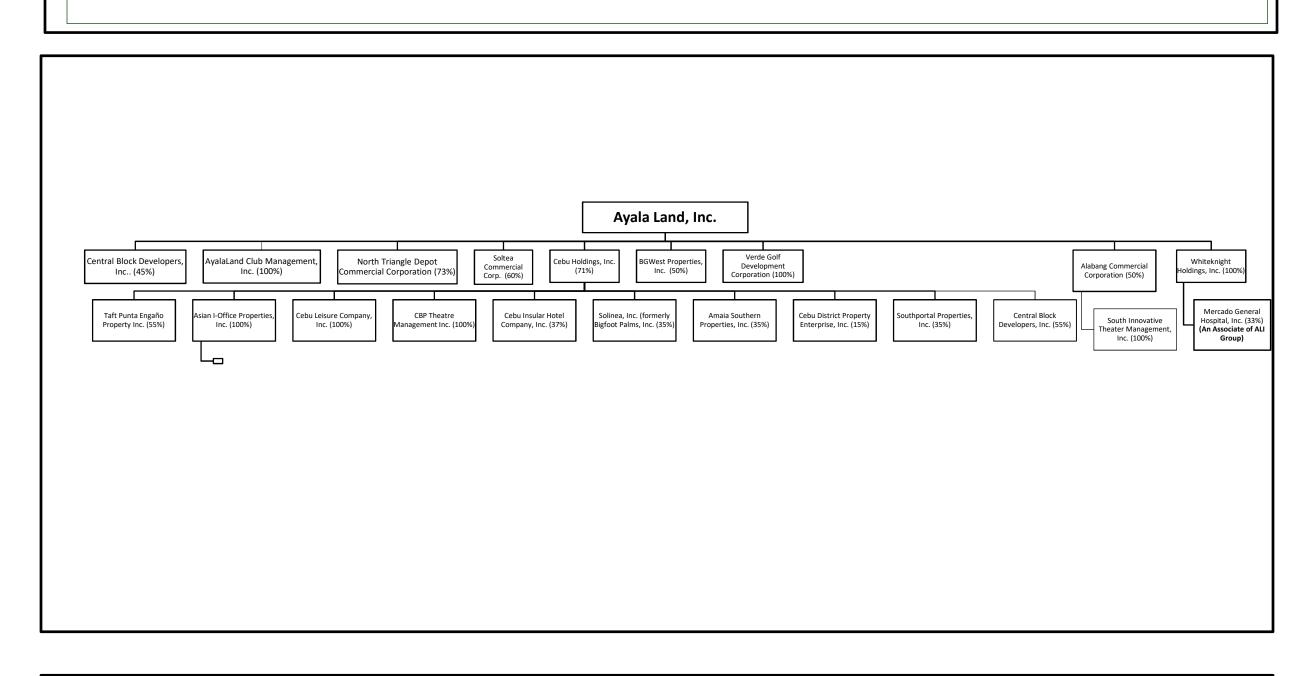


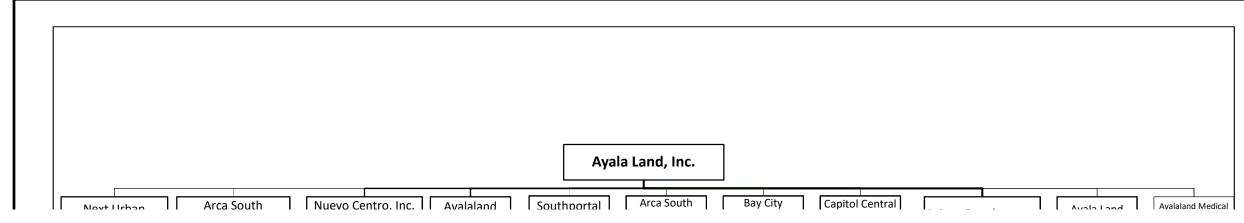


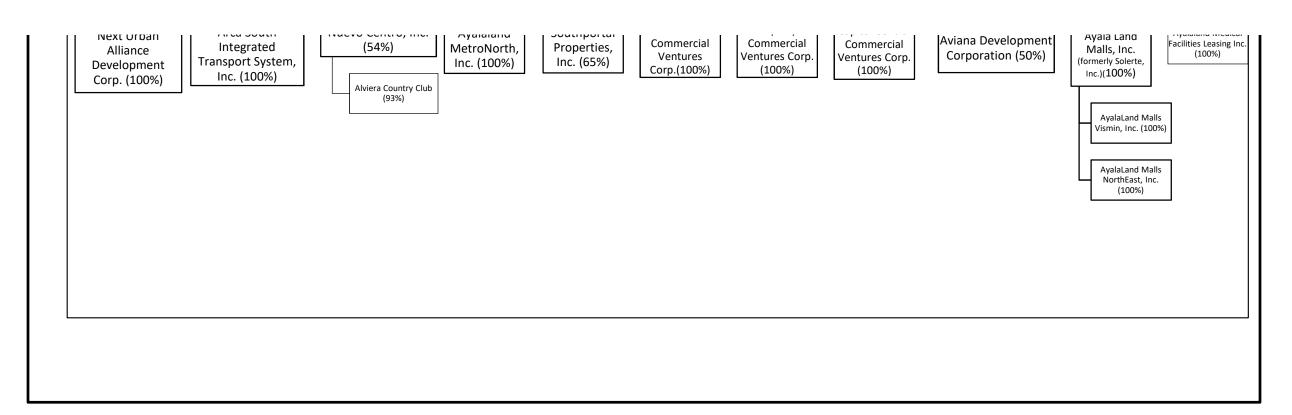


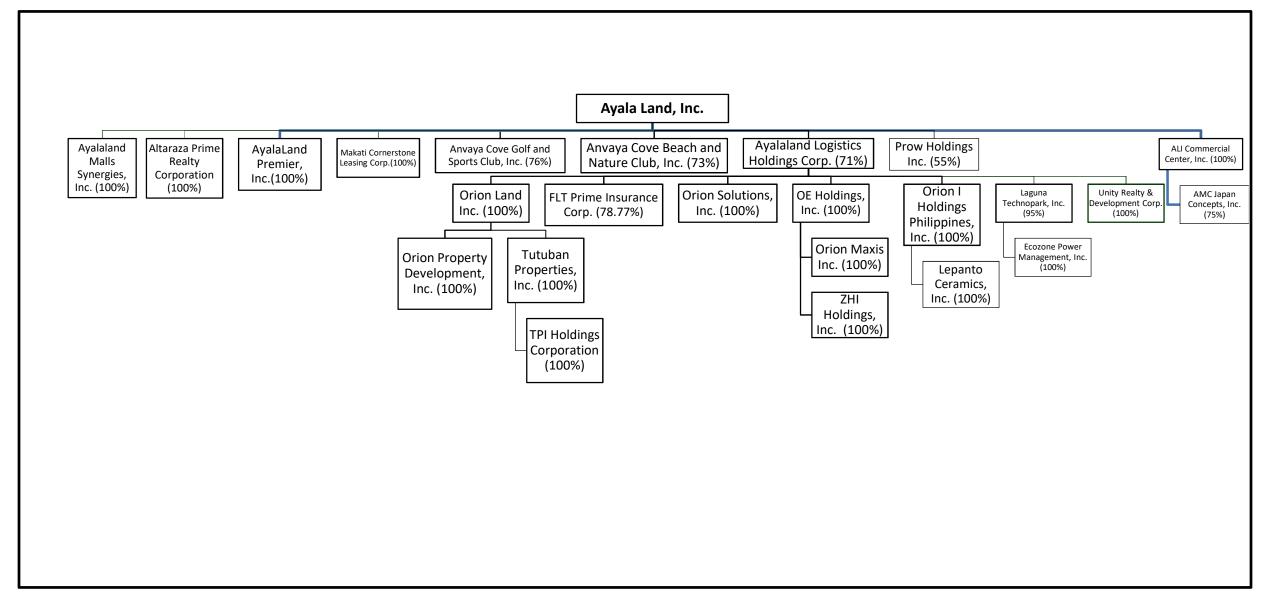


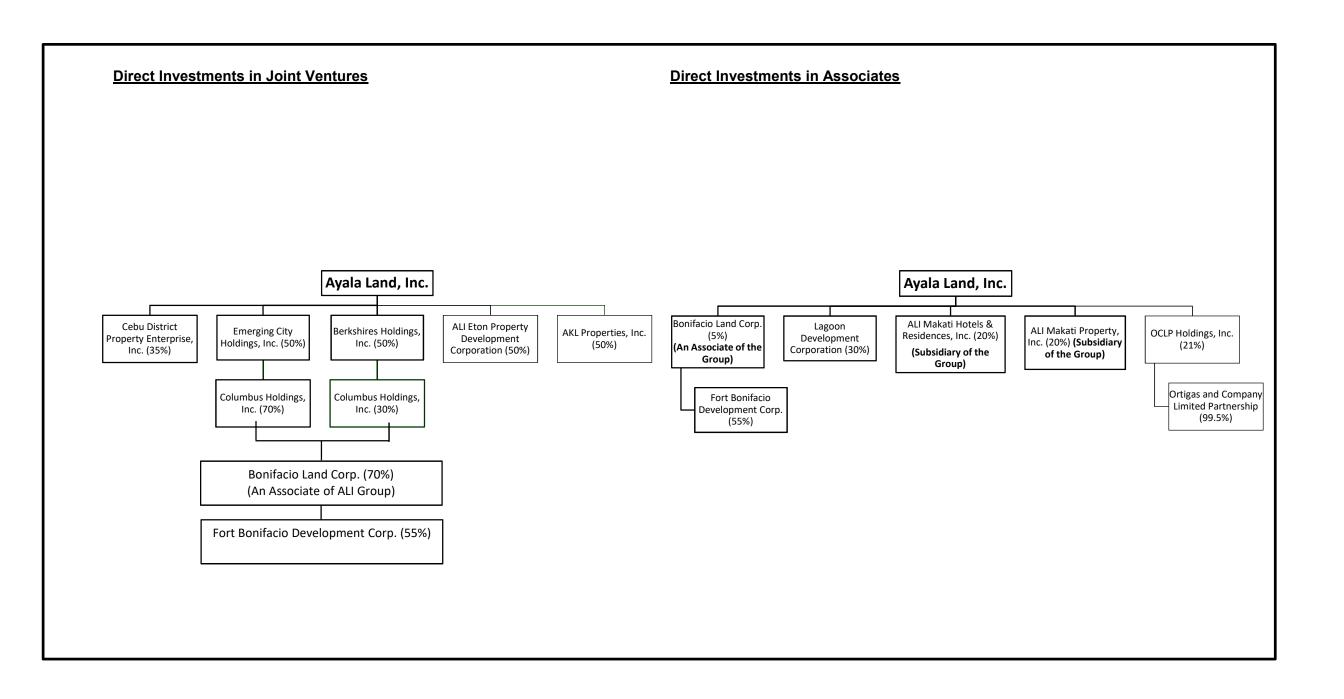












Schedule M - Bond Proceeds

P9.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2021 and P1.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2027

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	10,000,000,000.00	10,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	3,093,125.00	3,093,125.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	75,000,000.00	75,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	37,500,000.00	37,500,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	9,000,000.00	4,206,571.43
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	1,000,000.00	118,285.00
Listing Fee	150,000.00	253,611.12
Total Expenses	125,743,125.00	124,378,163.98
Net Proceeds	9,874,256,875.00	9,875,621,836.02

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P10.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P9.88 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.

P3.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2024

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	3,000,000,000.00	3,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	757,500.00	757,500.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	22,500,000.00	22,500,000.00
Underwriting Fee	11,250,000.00	11,025,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	9,000,000.00	3,965,234.71
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	1,000,000.00	69,300.00
Listing Fee	150,000.00	151,708.34
Total Expenses	44,657,500.00	42,433,977.76
Net Proceeds	2,955,342,500.00	2,957,566,022.24

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P3.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P2.96 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.

P8.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2026

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	8,000,000,000.00	8,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	2,588,125.00	2,588,125.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	60,000,000.00	60,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	30,000,000.00	30,000,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	9,000,000.00	6,066,185.05
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	5,000,000.00	338,659.20
Listing Fee	150,000.00	218,166.66
Total Expenses	106,738,125.00	99,211,135.91
Net Proceeds	7,893,261,875.00	7,900,788,864.09

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P8.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P7.90 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.

P8.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2023

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	8,000,000,000.00	8,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	2,020,000.00	2,020,000.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	60,000,000.00	60,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	30,000,000.00	30,000,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	9,000,000.00	4,044,234.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	5,000,000.00	49,875.00
Listing Fee	100,000.00	100,000.00
Total Expenses	106,120,000.00	96,214,109.00
Net Proceeds	7,893,880,000.00	7,903,785,891.00

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P8.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P7.90 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.

P10.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2028

(In masse)	ESTIMATED DEPONDENT US	ACTUAL
(In pesos)	PER PROSPECTUS	
Issue Amount	10,000,000,000.00	10,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	2,525,000.00	2,525,000.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	75,000,000.00	75,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	37,500,000.00	37,500,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	9,000,000.00	4,901,842.56
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	5,000,000.00	622,938.20
Listing Fee	200,000.00	200,000.00
Total Expenses	129,225,000.00	120,749,780.76
Net Proceeds	9,870,775,000.00	9,879,250,219.24

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P10.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P9.88 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.

P7.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2027

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	7,000,000,000.00	7,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	1,767,500.00	1,767,500.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	35,000,000.00	35,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	26,250,000.00	26,250,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	9,000,000.00	3,161,187.20
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	5,000,000.00	990,430.17
Listing Fee	100,000.00	100,000.00
Total Expenses	74,617,500.00	67,269,117.37
Net Proceeds	6,925,382,500.00	6,932,730,882.63

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P10.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P6.92 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.

P7.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2023 and P3.0 Billion Homestarter Bonds due 2019

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	10,000,000,000.00	10,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	2,525,000.00	2,525,000.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	50,000,000.00	50,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	44,250,000.00	26,250,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	9,000,000.00	2,960,000.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	5,000,000.00	201,849.33
Listing Fee	200,000.00	200,000.00
Total Expenses	110,975,000.00	82,136,849.33
Net Proceeds	9,889,025,000.00	9,917,863,150.67

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P10.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P9.9 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.

P7.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2025

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	7,000,000,000.00	8,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	1,767,500.00	1,767,500.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	35,000,000.00	35,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	26,250,000.00	26,250,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	7,500,000.00	2,301,963.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	2,500,000.00	248,847.18
Listing Fee	100,000.00	100,000.00
Total Expenses	73,117,500.00	65,668,310.18
Net Proceeds	6,926,882,500.00	6,934,331,689.82

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P7.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P6.9 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.

P8.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2026

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	8,000,000,000.00	8,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	2,588,125.00	2,588,125.00
Documentary Stamp Tax	40,000,000.00	40,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	30,000,000.00	30,000,000.00
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	7,500,000.00	3,651,246.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	2,500,000.00	398,937.60
Listing Fee	100,000.00	100,000.00
Total Expenses	82,688,125.00	76,738,308.60
Net Proceeds	7,917,311,875.00	7,923,261,691.40

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P8.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P7.9 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.

P7.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2022

(In pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	7,000,000,000.00	7,000,000,000.00
Less: Estimated Upfront Expenses		
SEC Registration & Legal Research Fee	-	-
Documentary Stamp Tax	35,000,000.00	35,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	26,250,000.00	25,724,999.99
Estimated Professional Expenses & Agency fees	5,740,000.00	3,058,763.32
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	2,500,000.00	19,307.59
Listing Fee	100,000.00	100,000.00
Total Expenses	69,590,000.00	63,903,070.90
Net Proceeds	6,930,410,000.00	6,936,096,929.10

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P7.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P6.9 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.

P5.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2021

	ESTIMATED	ACTUAL
(In pesos)	PER PROSPECTUS	
Issue Amount	5,000,000,000.00	5,000,000,000.00
Expenses		
Documentary Stamp Tax	25,000,000.00	25,000,000.00
SEC Registration	1,812,500.00	1,812,500.00
Legal Research Fee	18,125.00	18,125.00
Upfront Fees	-	-
Underwriting Fee	18,750,000.00	18,750,000.00
Professional Expenses and Agency Fees	3,828,500.00	4,051,801.20
Out of Pocket Expenses (publication, printing etc.)	2,500,000.00	275,128.39
Total Expenses	52.051.125.00	49,907,554.59
Net Proceeds	4,947,978,875.00	4,950,092,445.41

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Cebu Holdings, Inc. raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P5.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P4.95 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.

P8 Billion Fixed Rate Callable Bonds due 2025

(in pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	8,000,000,000.00	8,000,000,000.00
Expenses		
Documentary Stamp Tax	40,000,000.00	40,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	30,000,000.00	30,000,000.00
SEC Registration		
SEC Registration Fee	4,312,500.00	4,312,500.00
SEC Legal Research Fee	43,125.00	43,125.00
Professional Expenses	7,748,500.00	7,178,064.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	2,500,000.00	126,279.00
Listing Fee	168,000.00	100,000.00
Total Expenses	84,772,125.00	81,759,968.00
Net Proceeds	7,915,227,875.00	7,918,240,032.00

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P8.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P7.9 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.

P4.0 Billion in Fixed Rate Bonds due 2020 and P2.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2033

(in pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	6,000,000,000.00	6,000,000,000.00
Expenses	, , ,	, , ,
Documentary Stamp Tax	30,000,000.00	30,000,000.00
Upfront Fees		
Underwriting Fee (375 bps + GRT)	22,500,000.00	22,500,000.00
Professional Expenses	1,457,500.00	2,517,808.07
Listing Fee	100,000.00	100,000.00
Out of Pocket Expenses (publication, printing etc.)	1,000,000.00	5,530.00
Total Expenses	55,057,500.00	55,123,338.07
Net Proceeds	5,944,942,500.00	5,944,876,661.93

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P6.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P5.9 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.

P15.0 Billion Fixed Rate Bonds due 2024

(in pesos)	ESTIMATED PER PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	15,000,000,000.00	15,000,000,000.00
Expenses	, , ,	
Documentary Stamp Tax	75,000,000.00	75,000,000.00
SEC Registration	5,812,500.00	5,812,500.00
Legal Research Fee	58,125.00	58,125.00
Upfront Fees		
Underwriting Fee	56,250,000.00	56,250,000.00
Professional Expenses	7,336,000.00	401,082.05
Trustee	20,000.00	20,000.00
Registry Account Opening Fee	150,000.00	150,000.00
Listing Fee	100,000.00	100,000.00
Out of Pocket Expenses (publication, printing etc.)	2,500,000.00	97,807.91
Total Expenses	147,226,625.00	137,889,514.96
Net Proceeds	14 852 773 375 00	14 862 110 485 04

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P15.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P14.9 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.

P9.35 Billion Fixed Rate Callable Bonds due 2019 and P5.65 Billion Fixed Rate Callable Bonds due 2022

	ESTIMATED	ACTUAL
(in pesos)	PER PROSPECTUS	
Issue Amount	15,000,000,000.00	15,000,000,000.00
Expenses		
Documentary Stamp Tax	75,000,000.00	75,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	54,035,000.00	54,035,000.00
Rating Fee	5,040,000.00	4,125,000.00
SEC Registration		
SEC Registration Fee	4,312,500.00	4,312,500.00
SEC Legal Research Fee	43,125.00	43,125.00
Professional Expenses	1,960,000.00	3,064,146.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	500,000.00	383,755.82
Registry and Paying Agency Fee	337,500.00	1,056,314.87
Trustee Fees	112,500.00	20,000.00
Listing Fee	100,000.00	443,666.68
Total Expenses	141,440,625.00	142,483,508.37
Net Proceeds	14,858,559,375.00	14,857,516,491.63

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P15.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P14.9 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.

HOMESTARTER BONDS 6

(in pesos)	PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	2,000,000,000.00	2,000,000,000.00
Expenses		
Underwriting and Other Professional Fees	15,000,000.00	15,060,000.00
Issue Management Fee	2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00
Underwriting Fee	12,500,000.00	12,500,000.00
Legal Fee – Joint Underwriters	500,000.00	560,000.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	2,200,000.00	1,486,780.27
Documentary Stamp Tax	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00
Total Expenses	27,200,000.00	26,546,789.27
Net Proceeds	1,972,800,000.00	1,973,453,210.73

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P2.0 billion. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to approximately P1.97 billion. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.

HOMESTARTER BONDS 5

(in pesos)	PROSPECTUS	ACTUAL
Issue Amount	1,000,000,000.00	1,000,000,000.00
Expenses		
SEC Registration	1,325,625.00	1,325,625.00
Underwriting and Other Professional Fees	8,000,000.00	9,421,000.00
Marketing/Printing/Photocopying Costs and OPEs	2,200,000.00	1,587,085,83
Registry and Paying Agency Fees	200,000.00	154,090.30
Documentary Stamp Tax	10,000,000.00	5,000,000.00
Total Expenses	21,725,625.00	17,487,801.13
Net Proceeds	978,274,375.00	982,512,198.87

Balance of Proceeds as of 12.31.2019

NIL

Ayala Land raised from the Bonds gross proceeds of P1.0Bn. After issue-related expenses, actual net proceeds amounted to P982.5 million. Net proceeds were used to partially finance various projects.